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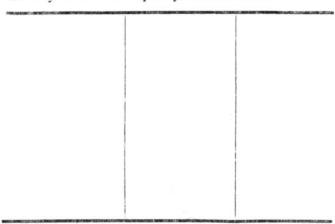
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## DICTIONARY

IN

## HINDEE AND ENGLISH:

COMPILED FROM

## APPROVED AUTHORITIES.

BY

#### J. T. THOMPSON.

#### SECOND EDITION.

CORRECTED AND REVISED, WITH THE ADDITION OF A SUPPLEMENTAL DICTIONARY IN ENGLISH AND HINDER.

PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE

#### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

FOR THE USE OF THE JUNIOR MEMBERS OF HER MAJESTY'S INDIAN CIVIL AND MELITARY SERVICES.

BY

CAPTAIN W. NASSAU LEES, L.L.D.

5/25

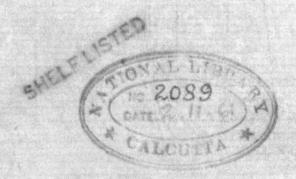
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# RARE BOOK

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### PREFACE.

So far back as the year 1785, Proposals had been set forth in England, by Capt. William Kirkpatrick, of the Hon. Comyany's Military Service, and Persian Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief in India, to publish a Hindee Vocabulary, of which the materials were all ready, but a delay in proparing the Naguree types, prevented its publication at the time when a Vocabulary of Persian, Arabic, and English, by that eminent Linguist, was offered to the public, in the course of the same year. Since that period, however, the proposed work appears never to have been published, either in England, where the Proposals had been issued, or in India, where numerous other works, to aid the Oriental student, have successively appeared in print. A Hindee Dictionary, therefore, remained a Desideratum still, as the other works adverted to, only afford assistance to the Oriental Student, in the Arabic, Persian, Oordoo, Sunskrit, Bengalee, and Marhatta languages respectively, and not in Hindee; with the exception of a slender Glossary affixed to an edition of the Prem Sagur. To enable the student, then, to acquire this language, spoken by the generality of Hindoos, and over a vast extent of country he was left, for a series of years, with the above scanty exception, to Oordoo Dictionaries. embodying a necessarily limited portion of Hindee vocables, and to the Selections from Hindee works, prepared for the use of the junior branches of the Military Service, by the Hindee Professor of the College of Fort William. The portion of Hindee words found in Oordoo Dictionaries, could alone have been directly useful to the student in . his researches into the language, as the English meanings were all provided therein. But the vocables in the Selections, though numerous, and embracing six Hindee works. yet possessed not the facility of acquisition, which the former collection afforded, from not one of the selected works being accompanied by a Glossary, or even a free translation. So that, when the student has, with creditable labour, read through 268 quarto pages of Hindee composition, selected from native authors, he has only, unless he possess some other mode of acquiring the meaning of the words, had the benefit of so many natives speaking in his hearing, or making him repeat their language without any explanatory medium. The disadvantages of such a plan of instruction, are, however, sufficiently counterbalanced by the labours of the Professor of Hindee, in his edition of the Prem Sagur above adverted to, to which is affixed a Vocabulary of the principal terms occurring in that work. This vocabulary, though a very limited one, is justly appreciated by every student of Hinder; and not a few of those who have had the privilege of consulting it, have wished to see, based on it, a larger work of the kind, aiding not only in the perusal and due understanding of the Prem Sagur, but of such other Hindee works iv PREFACE.

also, which are studied in order to pass an examination, or with a view to a more extensive acquaintance with the language.

A few years after the publication of Capt. Price's Vocabulary of the principal terms occuring in the Prem Sagur, just alluded to, the Rev. M. T. Adam of Benares, published his most acceptable Vocabulary of the Hindee language, containing upwards of 20,000 words; but with the meanings in Hindee, instead of English. This was certainly a great benefit conferred on the students of Hindee, both native and European; yet it must be allowed, that the meanings not having been given in English, is a considerable drawback on the advantages which the European student may hope to derive from consulting the work.

Seventeen years have now elapsed since the publication of the last mentioned Hindee Vocabulary, and no attempt, it would appear, has been made to offer to the students of Hindee, and the Patorns of Hindee literature, a work formed on the plan of Adam's Hindee Vocabulary, but with the significations in English. A work of the kind has often been mentioned as desirable, and the Compiler of the following sheets. in common with others, has frequently felt the want of such a publication, or a Hindee and English Dictionary on an enlarged scale ; and he moreover ventured to solicit two eminent Oriental scholars, of considerable attainments, the one in Sunskrit, and the other in Hindee, to undertake such a work, for the benefit of European Students of Hindee in general, and of the junior branches of the Military Service in particular; but he regrets to say, his application was not successful; the Sunskrit scholar not deeming the language sufficiently defined, and the Hindee scholar possessing no leisure from professional duties. The Compiler indeed possessed the nucleus of such a work, commenced some thirty years ago, but on his becoming acquainted with the above eminent scholars, he for a time forbore to resume his contemplated work; however, on being disappointed in his application to them, of whom one has quitted India, and the other, will not, it is likely, stay long in it, the Compiler once more proposed the subject to a third gentleman, who was likely, with benefit to Indian Literature, to have undertaken the work : but he too has left India.

In the meantime, a communication was made to the Compiler on the part of a gentleman who is a great proficient in Hindee, and a liberal patron of useful undertakings; requesting he would undertake a work based on Price's and Adam's Vocabulaties, and amplified by all the additional terms to be found in the works of Wilson, Hunter and Shakespear, and in the Hindee portion of the Compiler's own Oordoo and English Dictionary. After due consideration, the compiler entered on the preparation of the work required, and availing himself of the materials in his possession, prosecuted, and through the help of a gracious Providence, finished the Compilation now offered to the reading portion of the Community in general, and to Students of Hindee, and the Patrons of its Literature in particular; and which, as it is the largest collection of Hindee words yet published, with the meanings in English, he has thought proper to designate, A Hindee and English Dictionary. The collection con-

- PREFACE,

sists of about 30,000 words, which, with their significations, have been derived from, or collated with the best authorities.

There is no department of study, the compiler conceives, which the present work will not be found to be helpful in advancing; and terms are to be met with in it, both simple and abstract. The Hindee, as generally spoken, does certainly not offer the requisite terms; but Hindee works do, and the parent language of nearly Twenty cognate languages, does possess the required facility of expression. It will surely, therefore, not be considered a fault in the present compilation, that it embraces, and even abounds wth terms purely Sunskrit; since in our ordinary conversation with natives, we never he sitate to make use of words, both of Sunskrit, Persian, and Arabic origin; and such derivations must necessarily serve to enrich the language, whether spoken or written. Besides, have Colleges and other Seminaries of learning in India, all the standard works they require, to advance the studies of their students and pupils? and as it must be confessed they have not, it may be further asked, Whence are the technical and abstract terms required for Hindee composition or translation, to be obtained? Not surely from the Oordoo, to any considerable extent, as admissions from it, would be thought to mar the purity of the language. Nor yet from the spoken Hindee of the generality of Hindoos, who it is known mainly use the language, as its colloquial standard can hardly be said to be yet fixed. But to the Parent Sunskrit we may very properly look for such terms, suited as it is for composition in every department of science, and affording, as it does, the greatest facilities for the readiest expression of ideas. This leaning towards, and dependance on the Sunskrit, are the more justifiable, as such poculiarity is not claimed for the Hindee alone; for about Twenty other languages possess it, and languages too, which are spoken within or on the borders of the British territories, such as the Bengalee, the Assam, the Ooriya, Nepalese, Mugudh. Bhugelkhund, Marhatta, Bundelkhund, Cashmere, Punjabee, Sindh, Bilochee, Kutch, Goojratee, Kunkun, Bikanere, Oodypore, Marwar, and Bruj languages; all of which may be said, to abound more or less with Sunskrit terms. Dr. Carey indeed thought, that there were scarcely any words to be found in the languages of the north, which were not of Sunskrit origin; and what that eminent scholar and late distinguished Professor of Sunskrit, Bengalee, and Marhatta, in the College of Fort William, asserted of the Bengalee language, is equally applicable to the Hindee, that it is almost entirely derived from the Sunsarit; that considerably more than three-fourths of the words are pure Sunskrit; and that those composing the greatest part of the remainder are so little corrupted, that their origin may be traced without difficulty. It was also Dr. Carey's opinion, that "most of the above cognate languages, are copious, and were they duly cultivated, would be found capable of being employed in every kind of composition with advantage. Most of the elegancies of style, and delicate shades of meaning, may in their present state, be expressed by them with great facility; and should literature become an object of more general pursuit in India. and the colloquial languages be more employed in different species of style and composition, the capacities of these languages would be developed, and the languages themselves carried to a degree of refinement, of which we have now but a faint idea."

If then, as Dr. Carey states, the greater part of the words in the above languages: be derived from the Sunskrit, the Hindee, as being one of them, would certainly be enriched, and its capacities improved by drawing from that original source. The compiler therefore hopes that he will be pardoned for having added to his compilation so largely from the parent language, terms, familiar, it may be, only to the learned part of the population, but hardly in use among the other classes of natives. But who is there, that does not desire to speak, and write, and discourse, in a style above that of rustics or unlettered men, if he wishes to express himself with accuracy, aptitude, and an elegance that should charm, or command admiration f since the model of the dialect, observes Dr. Carey, which is spoken by ploughmen, menial servants, or labouring mechanics, is not that, on which the learned in any country form their language. Let then the European scholar not hesitate, in his conversation and composition, to adopt a style that shall shew his attainments to be on a par with those of the learned men of the country, at the same time that his judicious selection of universally-understood terms, shall render his communication level with the capacities of all classes of people.

In the work now offered to the Public, the Compiler has endeavoured to give the commonest words in use in Hindee, selected from various publications, or known to be in general use; but fearing he may have overlooked some of the easiest terms, he begs the indulgent consideration of such as may be disposed to censure him for his seeming neglect, which, however, he assures them, was not intentional. While on the other hand, the Compiler taxes this opportunity of stating, that certain terms, not at all calculated to promote the study of any science, and admitted into their works, without a due degree of discrimination, by others in the same field of labour, though never to be met with in the usual English Dictionaries, have by him been studiously omitted.

Having now noticed what appears to be an early attempt, if it be not indeed the earliest, to publish a Hindee Dictionary; and shown what helps have since been provided to promote the study of Hindee, directly and indirectly; together with the want that still exists for such a work; it only remains for the compiler to acknowledge with deep gratitude to his Maker, that his life has been mercifully spared, and his health continued, to enable him to finish THE HINDEE AND ENGLISH DICTIONARY, which he has now much pleasure in offering to a Liberal Public; from whom, for a period of Fourteen years, he has experienced the most unexampled support in his Oordoo publications; and the compiler therefore trusts, that should the present work be found likely to be useful to the Student, or of assistance in composition or translation, the wonted Patronage of that Public will not be withheld, but kindly extended to it.

J. T. THOMPSON.

Delhi, the 6th Oct. 1846.

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## THE DEVU-NAGREE ALPHABET.

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## DICTIONARY.

#### HINDEE AND ENGLISH.

S

w uh, The first letter of the Nagree alphabet, and inherent shart vowel; an inseparable particle signifying negation or privation, as अध्यो; as a negative prefix to words beginning with a vowel. आ is changed to आस, as आ and आत, form असंत; an interjection of pity.

आह्या ध-rin-ee, adj. Free from debt, or obligation.

win unk, s. m. A mark or spot, a cypher a numerical figure, number, letter of the alphabet, mark on cloth to shew the price; the flank or part above the hip; embrace.

क्षा unk-uk, s. m. An accountant, an arithmetician.

बंब ही unk-ree, s. f. The barb of an arrow, a book, tenter, catch, ; a circle.

कंतना unk-na, v. a. To mark, page a book, distinguish a thing by some mark. v. n. To be valued, prized, examined, approved of.

ज्ञार unk-war, s. f. An embrace, the bosom. Unk-war bhurna, v. a. To embrace.

श्रंत्रस् unk-us, े s. m. The iron hook with श्रंत्रस् unk-oos, े which elephants are guided or driven, a goad. Unkoos marna, To

reduce to submission, to reduce to obediene e. चंत्राचा unk ana, v. a. To cause to value, prize, examine (as cloth), to approve of. [mont.

बंकाव unk-áo, s. m. Valuation, appraise-बंकित unk-it, adj. Marked, spotted, stained, paged.

अंतर ún-koor, अंतरा ún-koora, े s. m. A sprout or shoot.

चंत्रभी un-koosee, s. f. A hook, a tenter. चंत्री unk-ree, s. f. A kind of vetch (Vicia

sativa); wet grain; a young sprout.

including unkh-ree, s. f. An eye or glance of the eye.

अंखाना unkh-ana, v. n. To be angry or displemed, to be prevish or fretful.

sifezi unkh-iyan, s. f. pl. The eyes.

अंगरखा ung-ur-khá, s. m. A coat, gown, jacket, doublet.

a promise, acquiescence. Ungeckar kurna, v. a. To accept, receive, agree to.

संगोकत ung-ee-krit, adj. Agreed, promised, acceded to.

कंगोडी ung-ée-thee, s. f. A chafingdish, brasier.

wisself ungoo-ree, s. f. A finger, a finger's breadth.

होगठा ungóotha, s. m. The thumb. Ungoor tha dikhana, An attitude adopted by women in blandishment as a token of prohibition; to brave, defy. (the finger.

बंगूडी un-góo-thee, s. f. A ring worn on बंगाहा un-góchha, s. m. A cloth which Hindoos fasten round the waist when bathing, and afterwards wipe themselves with; a towel, a handkerchief.

eig unt, s. m. End, completion; perdition, destruction; mind, heart; a boundary, limit; intelligence, news, account of adj. Final, ultimate. adv. After all, at last; in, within; elsewhere, somewhere else.

amongst; without, except. s m. Interval, intermediate space, intermission; period, term, difference; opportune time; midst, the midst; the heart, the supreme soul. adj. Other, similar.

sint of a untur-guti, s. f. The emotions of the heart, inward sensations.

wint with untur-jamee, adj. Pervading the inward parts, acquainted with the heart (an epithet of the Deity).

चतर ध्यान unturdhyan, adj. Out of sight, vanished, disappeared, concealed. s. m. disappearance. Unturdhyan hona, v. n. To vanish, disappear, be concealed.

बंतरपट unturpút, s.m. A curtain, a screen. अंतरिया unturiya, s.m. Intermittent, an intermitting lever.

अंतरीच unturéeksh, s. m. The sky or atmosphere. adv. In the sir, out of sight.

Tity undha, adj. Blind, dark. Undha dhoond, Blind, blindly. Undha dhoond rona, To weep excessively. Undha dhoond lootana, To squander, spend extravagantly.

calamity, injustice, violence, tumult, tyranny, oppression, outrage. Undher kurna, v. a, Touet unjustly, tyrannize, oppress.

will undhere, adj. Dark. s.m. Darkness.

iii undheree, adj. f. Dark. Undheree
rat, A dark night. Undheree kothree, s. f. A
dark room; the belly, the womb.

चंद्र umb, s. m. A mangoe, a mangoe tree. अंदर umbur, s.m. The sky or atmosphere; clothes, apparel.

चेत्रारी umbarec, s. f. A canopy, a litter used on an elephant or camel. [goe.

संदिया úmbiya, s. f. A small unripe man-संस uns, s. m. Part, division, portion, share; right, possession; essence; a degree of a circle, of latitude or longitude, &c. (im arithmetic) a fraction; the numerator of a fraction.

संशिक tinsik, s.m. A partner, a proprietor. संशो tinsee, adj. A partner, sharer, coheir. स्कार uoot, s.m. One who has no offspring (met.) An unmarried man; a stupid person, blockhead, dunce.

airs. Ukurbaz, An affected person, a lop, a swaggerer. Ukurbaze, s. f. Swaggering, strutting, airs.

चक्दा akurna, v. n. To writhe, ache, be cramped, become stiff or rigid, to stiffen; to strut affectedly, to give one's self airs.

अकड़बाई ukurbáce, s. f. The cramp.

TATT ülera, part. pass. Stiff, affected.

वकड़त ukryt, adj. An affected person, a swaggerer, a fop.

sanga ukuntuk, adj. Free from thorns, literally or metaphorically.

ed, beyond description, unspeakable, unutterable; untit to be spoken, obscene.

अविभिन्न ukumpit, adj. Firm, unshaken. अवरा ukra, adj. Dear, costly. s. f. A kind of vetch.

Tagu ukurkkus, adj. Soft, not hard.

अकर्जी aktirnee, adj. Inconsistent, indecent, ansuftable, not to be done.

अवर्क úkurm, s. m. Bad action, sin, vice,

अवर्भ क ukúrmuk, adj. Intransitive (averb). अवर्भ क्य ukurmunyáh, adj. Useless, un-

profitable, good for nothing. [out work. अवर्ग úkurma, adj. Idle, unoccupied, with-

अकारी ukurmee, adj. Wretch, sinner.

सक्तिपत tikulpit, adj. Not artificial, not made.

अवस्थान tikulyan, adj. Ominous, portentous, of bad omen, unlucky, inauspicious.

कारमात् ukusmát, afv. Immediately, accidentally, without a cause, unexpectedly, suddenly, instantly, presently, unawares, absuptly. अकाज ukáj, s. m. Hurt, injury, loss, de-

triment, prejudice; uselessness.

अनाजी ukajée,adj. Useless(animal, thing, or person); a retarder.

चकाम úkam, । adj. Unprofitable, चकारच ukáruth, } fruitless, yielding no return, vain.

ञ्जार्या tikarun, s. m. Absence or nonexistence of a cause adv. Causelessly.

which ukal, s. m. Unseasonableness, famine, scarcity, extremity, pinch adj. Unseasonable, premature, untimely. Ukal-phul, s. m. A fruit produced out of season.

व्यक्तित्वन tikinchun, adj. Poor, wretched miserable, destitute, needy, indigent.

अकीर्ति úkcertti, s. f. Infamy, disgrace.

अञ्चलना ukoolana, v. n. To be agitated, distracted, confused, confounded, out of order; to tire, weary; to be astonished.

खारोग ukooleena, adj. Not noble, plebeian, low, mean, ignoble, of mean extraction, of low origin or race.

अनुसीनी ukooléenee, adj. f. Not of good family, ignoble, base (woman).

अनुगन्त ákooshul, adj. Unlucky, inauspi-

खनार ukór, s. f. A bribe.

खकारी ukóree, adj. One who receives a bribe.

স্কাভ ukól, s.m. A plant, the oil of which is used in enchantments (Alangium hexapetalum). স্কান্ত úkwund, s. m. Swallow-wort.

अकृतिम ükritrim, adj. Inartificial, not

अखड़ ukhúr, adj. Undisciplined (soldier), barbarous.

द्भावर Ukhund, adj. Unbroken, whole,entire, all,

अविद्शु ukhúndit, adj. Unbroken; continuous; unrefuted.

অন্তর ukhút, s. m. Fried grain, whole grain used in religious ceremonies.

बाद्य úkhuy, adj. Everlasting, not liable to decay, durable, permanent. Ukhuy bur, Name of a tree; an undecayable tree.

च्रवराट ukhrót, s. m. A walnut; the fruit of the Aleurites triloba, also, is so called.

अवन ukhúl, adj. All, the whole, every, entire.

क्राइन ukhára, s. m. A palæstra or place for vrestling, a scene, any place of assembly, a court or circus. [entire.

व्यक्ति ukhfi, adj. All, the whole, every, अस्थात ukhyát, adj. Unknown, obscure, not famous.

इगड्डगड् úgur-búgur, s. m. Trifling employment or talk, trifles, trash, trumpery. adj. Promiscuous, composed of odds and ends.

सगित úgunit, adj. Innumerable, not counted, not reckoned.

स्मित ugúti, adj. Without character, dishonoured, disgraced; one whose funeral ceremonies have not been performed. s. f. Disgrace, distress, inconvenience; damnation, condemnation.

चगन úgum, adj. Impassable, inac-चगन्य ugúmyuh, cessive, impervious, deep unfathomable, unfordable, bottomless; unaccomplishable, incomprehensible; difficult of acquirement, unattainable.

अगर agur, s. m. Wood of aloes.

chants of the Vys tribe from Ugraha, west of Delhi.

च्चारी ugarée, adj. Of the colour of Ugur, i. e. wood of aloes.

জ্বাজা figla, adj. Prior, preceding, first, foremost, former, chief, principal; ancestor; ancient; other, next.

হাৰে úgwa, adj. Foremost, s. m. A guide, a forerunner, harbinger; one who adjusts a marriage.

ज्यादाचे ugwaée, & f. Guidance

AMATET ugwara, s.m. The front, the forepart; the space in the front of a house.

खगवानी ugwänee, s.m. A guide, harbinger. अगवानी ugwähee, s. f. Conflagration. आहित ugusti, s. m. A sage celebrated in Hindoo mythology: he is represented of short stature, and to have been born in a water jar: he is famed for having swallowed the ocean when it had given him offence: at his command also the Vindhya range of mountains prostrated itself, and so remains.

चगहन ughm, s. m. The eighth Hindoo month (during which the sun is in Scorpio, and the moon is full near Orion's head); Nov. Dec.

अशास ugabo, adv. Before, in front. Ugaoa jana, v. n. To advance, to meet a person.

ward, further on, onward. s. f. The ropes with which a horse's forefeet are tied; the front, forepart. Ugaree pichharee lugana, To confine (especially a horse). Ugaree marna, v. a. To attack in front, to defeat a hostile army in a pitched battle.

आगाभ ugadh, adj. Unfathomable, very deep, bottomless.

अभाधता ugadhtá, s. f. Depth.

अगामी ughsee, s.m. A turband; a terrace in front of an upper room.

ज्ञानिन úgin, s. m. A bird, a sort of lark

अधिनवाव uginbao, s. m. The farcy in horses, an cruptive disease in men.

अगिया úgiya, s.m. A bird(Alauda aggiya).

आह्रा úgooa, s. m. A guide, a harbinger. आह्रा úgoon, adj. Unskilful, without merit, ineffectual, void of good qualities, bad. s. m. A defect, a fault.

sann ugoopt, adj. Unhidden, unconcealed.

wood, or agaliochum (Aquillaria agallocha); another tree which produces Bdellium (Amyris agallocha; the Sisoo tree (Dalbergia Sisoo), adj. Light, not heavy.

dent. Ugoorh bhao, adj. Open, honest, candid.

द्याचर úgochur, adj. Unperceived, imperceptible, invisible, covert, unseen, unwit-

अभार ugóree, adv. In advance, before-

असारना ugórna, v. a. To watch.

अभारिया ugóriya, s. m. A watchman.

ख्यालना ugólna, v. a. To watch.

ing forward, to meet and receive a visitant with honor. Ugounce kurna, v. u. To advance and meet the brahegroom, to go to meet a visitant on the road.

the regent of the south-cust quarter; one of the poorums; the fire of the stemach, the digestive faculty, appelite.

colour, the lady-bird.

eriann ugni-gurbh, s. m. The sun-stone or a fabulous gem, supposed to contain and impart solar heat.

orded, by a heated iron or boiling oil, or passing through fire.

विनम्सार úgni-prústur, s. m. Fire-stone, flint, or any stone producing fire.

अधिनवान ugni-bán, s. m. Arrow of fire, a

चारिक में चा úgui-múni, s. m. The sun-stone. चारिक संस्कार úgui-sunskár, s. m. Funeral ceremonies, as burning a dead body, or any ceremony performed with consecrated fire.

and ugr, s. m. The forepart of a thing, adj. Prior, first.

खरामी ugr-gamee, adj. Preceding, going before. s m. Forerunner.

अपदान ugr-gras, s. m. The first morsel.

अवसर ugr-súr, s. m. A guide, adj. Preceding, going before, a leader.

vidence, precaution.

अयहोची ugr-sochee, adj. Provident, endued with foresight.

अधार ugrás, s. m. Victuals offered in oblations, sacrifices, &c. to the gods.

₹qu ngh, s. m. Sin, guilt, wickedness.

व्यवस्थान ugh-náshuk, adj. Purifying, freeing from sin.

अध्याय ugh-műy, adj. Sinful.

अवार्ड ugháce, s. f. Satiety, surfeiting.

REINT ughána, v. a. To surfeit, satiate. z. n. To surfeit, to be satiated. adj. Satiated, rich, affluent.

Formidable, terrible.

च्चार वेच ughór-punth, s. m. A particular religious order among Hindoos.

अवार्षंत्री ughbr-panthee, adj. (used अवारी nghbree, substantively)

An order of religious mendicants professing the unitarpunth: they eat every thing, however filthy, even human carcases; hence, a gross or filthy feeder.

ber, letter of the alphabet; flank or part above the hip; the body; erabrace; mark on cloth to shew the price.

জন্ধ unkuk, s. m. An accountant, arithmetican.

examined, approved of.

unkree, s. f. A kind of vetch (Vicia satisa); wet grain; a young sprout.

बहु विद्या unk-vidya, s. f. Arithmetic.

examine (as cloth), to approve of.

ware unkão, s. m. Valuation.

अहित unkit, adj. Marked, paged, examined, valued.

s. m. A plantlet, a seedsect unkoora, bud, a shoot or sprout, a germ.

which elephants are guided or driven.

TET unkfor, s. m. A sprout, a germin.

way ung, s. m. A limb or member, the body.

আকু हाई ungrace, s. f. Stretching the limbs, s yawning.

To yawn, stretch the limbs, oscitate.

अङ्गा ungna, ) s. m. A yard, area, अङ्गार ungnace, ) court, inclosed space adjoining to a house.

यहराई ungraee, s. f. Stretching of the limbs, a yawning.

a groft unglee, s. f. A finger. Pyr kee unglee, A toe. Kulum kee unglee, Fore-finger. Beech kee unglee, Middle finger. Kun unglee, Little finger. unglee ka nok, Tip of the finger.

war unga, s. f. A maid whose business it is to hold, watch, and amuse a child; a kind of nurse s. m. A coat.

were ungara, s.m. A firebrand, embers, sparks remaining in ashes. Unydron pur lotna, To be agitated or tormented (p-rticularly from jealousy).

अङ्गरि ungári, s.f. A small portable firepan.

विश्वा ungiya, s. f. m. Bodice, stays.

खड़ी ungée, adj. Corporeal, bodily.

sprint ungeekar, s. m. An agreement, a promise, avowal, conceding to, acceptance of a proposal. Ungeekar karna, c. a. To accept, receive, agree to.

अङ्गुल úngool, s. m. The thumb, a finger. अङ्गुली úngoolee, ) s. f. A finger, a finger's

अङ्गरी úngooree, breadth.

was ungooshth, s. m. The thumb.

अङ्ग्रहा ungéotha, s. m. The thumb, Un-

and ingoothee, s. f. A ring worn on the finger.

खड़ेट unget, s. f. Appearance, person. चाक्रीर ungót,

आडे ठी ungéthee, s. f. A chafing-dish.

वाकार्य ungochha, s. m. A cloth which Hindoos fasten round the waist when bathing, and afterwards wipe themselves with; a towel, a handkerchief.

अक्रारा ungóra, s. m. A midge, a gnat. अचंचल úchunchul, adj. Fixed, unmoved, firm, inactive.

अबंड tichund, adj. Gentle, not passionate. अवंभा uchúmbha, s.m. Wonder, a wonderluf thing astonishment; cause of astonishment. अचकरी uchkuree, s. f. Lusciviousness,

wantonness, wickedness.

अच्छ úchukshoo, adj. Blind. s. f. Spectacles

अवतानापचताना uchtána-puchtána, v. n. To repent, lament some neglect, grieve, be sorry. अचतुर úchutoor, adj. Stupid, inactive.

ख्यप्स úchpul, m. adj. Restless, incon-अचपना úchpula, f. stant, playful, अवपनी úchpulee, f. wanton; brisk. अचपसाइट uchpulahut, ) s. f. Restless-व्यवपनी uchpulee, ness, inconstancy, wantonness; playfulness, vivacity.

जुबर úchur, adj. Immovable; inanimate. अवर्च uchruch, ) s. m. Wonder, admira-अवरज úchruj, ) tion, astonishment. adj. Astonishing.

खुच्छ úchul, adj. Immovable, fixed, incapable of motion. s. m. A mountain, an aged person. Neel uchul, The blue mountain near Balasore.

अचना úchula, s. f. The earth.

अवानक uchánuk. adv. Suddenly, ख्यानचक uchánchuk unawares, unexpectedly.

अचाना uchána, v. a. To wash or rinse the mouth after eating; to drink.

वाचार uchár, s.m. Conduct, common practice, usage, a rule of conduct.

श्राचाय ucháruj, s. m. A spiritual guide or teacher, a learned pundit.

वाच्छन úchikkun, adj. Rough, unpolish-

अविन ichint, adj. Thoughtless.

was fam úchinta, s. f. Disregard, absence of thought or consideration,

खाचीता úcheeta, adj. Unwished for ; hot painted (paper, &c.)

अच्च úchook, ad). Unerring, sure ; (hence) a good marksman.

ख्येत úchet, adj. Out of mind or senses, senseless, thoughtless, stupid. Ucket hona, v. n. To be insensible, to be thoughtless.

कर्चन úchyn, adj. Uneasy, uncomfortable. war uchyoot, adj. Fixed, permanent, imperishable, eternal. s. m. A name of Vishnoo

अक्ट a tichchhut, adj. Infallible, indelible. s. m. pres. part. Remaining, existing, continuing; whole grain, whole rice used in religious ceremonies, fried grain. Uchchhut tiluk, s. f. The ceremony of putting a few grains of rice on the forehead of an image when addressed, or of a brahmun when invited to an entertainment.

अक्ष्यबक्क úchchhy-brichh, s.m. An undecayable tree.

was úchchhur, as m. A letter of the alphabet. बाचर ukshur,

ब्रह्मी úchchhuree, adj. Scientific, lettered, writing an elegant hand.

war úchchha, adj. Good, excellent, pleasant, righteous, healthy, well, sound; lucky. Uchchha hona, v.n. To recover. Uchchha kurna, v. a. To cure, recover. Uchchha lugna, v. n. To become, beseem, be pleasing, be agreeable.

अकोरन uchchhódun, s. m. The chase, hunting.

अक्टोडियो uchchhouhinee, s. f. A complete army consisting of 109, 350 foot, 65, 610 horse, 21, 870 chariots, and 21,870 elephants.

ज्ञुक्त úchhuy, adj. Imperishable.

अखरीटी uchhroutee, s. f. Orthography ; a mode of playing on a stringed instrument so was to express the words of a song.

अक्रवानी uchhwanee, s. f. Caudle.

अल् ता uchhóota, ady. Intangible (victuals dressed for religious persons, &c.), inviolable. अज uj, adv. To-day, now, s.m. A he-goat.

अजगर újgur, s. m. A large serpent, the Boa constrictor.

अजगुत ajgoot, adj. Wonderful, astonishing. अजन्म újunm, adj. Unborn and unbegotten.

खजम्द ujmood, ) s.m. Parsley (Apium

अजमादा ujmóda ) involucratum), common carraway (Varum Carui), a kind of lovage (Ligusticum Ajowan).

आजय újy, adj, Not victorious, unsuccessful, subdued, s. m. Defeat.

युक्तर बींधा, adj. Free from decay, ever young, not subject to decrepitude, or the infirmities of age, undecayable, imperishing.

vanatan ujwayun, s. f. The seed of a plant of the dill kind (Ligusticum Ajowan).

चाम } újush, adj. Infamous.

আন্ত্র tijhoo, adv. To-day also, even আনত্র tijhoon, now, just now, yet, immediately.

चना पांच, s. f. A she-goat, illusion, the unreality of the universe.

चनाड़ ujár, s. m. Canvas (cloth made of hemp).

अञात uját, adj. Expelled from his caste

ख्वाती ujátec, s. m. A man who has lost his caste.

खनाम uján, adv. Ignorant, simple, innocent, indifferent, caroless.

खजानी ujánee, s.f. Ignorance, simplicity. चित्र újit,adj. Unconquered; unexcelled, unsurpassed.

स्तिन újin, s. m. A hide, used as a seat, bed, &c. by the religious student; generally the hide of an antelops.

बाजिर ujir, s. m. An area, court, yard. बाजी ujée, An interjection to call or bespeak attention: in Bengal, it is used to an inferior, or in cases of great intimacy only; but in the western provinces, it is often addressed to a superior as a term of respect.

बर्जीत ujéet, adj. Invincible, unsubdued, impregnable.

अजी तबर्शी ujéet-burn, s. m. Leprosy (of a bad kind).

अजी पा ujeern, s. m. Indigestion; surfeit, flatulence. adj. Undecayed, unimpaired.

अजीव ujéev, adj. Lifeless, dead.

अनुत ujóokt, ) adj. Unfit. s. f. Vio-अनुगत ujóogut, lence, oppression, compulsion.

অনুত্র ujóotha, adj. Untouched, untasted (victuals).

wait tijon, adv. Hitherto, to this day.

ब्राइट ujór, adj. Without joining ; peerless, scarce.

चनात ujót, adj. Without splendour, dull. चनाल ujód, adj. Of steady pace (an elephont).

जा ugyu, adj. Idiot, stupid, ignorant.

অরা úgya, s. f. Command, order, permisson.

अज्ञानारी úgya-káree, adj. Acting according to orders, obedient.

बनात ugyat, adj. Ignorant, simple, innocent; unknown. অনাৰ ugyán, adj. Ignorant, witless, unknowing, a simpleton, stupid, unwise. s. m. Ignorance,

चन्ना ugyánta, s. f. Ignorance, stupidity, simplicity.

अञ्चलपन ugyanpun, s. m. Ignorance, foolishness, stupidity, simplicity.

बद्धानी ugyanee, adj. Ignorant, unwise.

আছুল unchul, ) s. m. The end or border আছিল anchul, ) of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c.; the breast (of a woman or lactescent animal).

a cloth, veil, shawl, &c.; a sheet used among Jögees.

ৰম্ভন únjun, s. m. A collyrium or application to the eye lashes to darken and improve them, a universal article of the eastern toilet; particular applications, as lamp black, antimony, and another kind called rusanjun.

अञ्चलसार unjunsár, s. m. Collyrium.

अञ्चनहारी unjunharee, s. f. A stye or stithe on the cyclids.

चहुना únjna, v. n. To have the eyes tinged with únjum.

बहुना únjna, s. f. The mother of Hunoomán; a lizard. [or lizard.

अञ्चानिका únjunika, s. f. A kind of newt अञ्चानी únjunee, s. f. A woman, perfumed with sandal, &c.; a medicinal plant used as a sedative and laxative.

अञ्चा unjula, s. m. The cavity formed अञ्चल unjuli, by putting the hands together and holding the palms as if to receive water; a measure, as much as can be held in both hands so disposed.

tion, bar, obstacle; name of a river, the Atock.

अटकमा útukna, v. n. To be stopped, to be prevented, to adhere, cease, rest, stick, stop.

pidgment, opinion, quantity, size. Ulkullaz, adj. Adroit at guessing; an appraiser. Ulkullaz, a. a. To guess, conjecture, judge, estimate, think. Ulkul pāchchoo, s. m. One who guesses at a venture, or without grounds on which to judge. adv. At random.

अटक्डना útkulna, v. a. To guess, to conjecture, to judge, to think.

NZERT útka, s. m. The pot in which victuals are dressed for the public at the door of the temple at jugunnath, part. past. Aground, stopped, hindered.

श्रद्धाना utkana, v. a. To stop, to hinder, to prevent, restrain, detain, coerce. चटकाव utkáo, s. m. Stop, prevention, hinderance, restraint, detention.

खट खेल utkhel, adj. Wanton.

चाटखेली utkhélee, s. f. Wantonness, an affected (also a graceful ) pace or mode of walking. WZZ útut, adj. Coarse, strong (cloth).

खटन dtun, s. m. A balcony, an upper room.

अटना útna, v. n. To be contained ; to be filled; to wander, perambulate, walk about. Kooa ut gya, The well is filled up.

अटनी útnee, s. f. The notched extremity or horn of a bow.

adj. Inconsider-चारपरी útputee, अटंपटांगी utputangee, } ate, irregular, unstudied, thoughtless. Utputee bat, s. f. Confused or inconsistent speech, prevarication.

खटन útum, s. m. A heap.

ब्रटन útul, adj, Immovable, permanent, fixed, of determined resolution, incontrovertible, unchangeable, irrevocable, irrefragable. Utultă, s. f. Incontroverfibility, immovableness.

अटबाट लटबाट utwát-khutwát, s. f. The state of a person who in great affliction, remains bed-rid. Utwánse Khutwánse lena, To be confined to bed in great trouble or affliction,

अटिव útvi, s. f. Forest, grove, wilderness. बारा úta, s. f. An upper room or story, a balcony.

warre utaree, s. f. A thatched upper

अटाल utal. s. f. A stack, rick (of grass, corn, &c. ), a heap of baggage, &c.

बहाला utála, s. m. A heap ; furniture. ब्रह्ट utóot, adj. Not liable to be broken; inexhaustible.

अटेक uték, adj. Without support.

अटेर uter, s. f. Name of a town.

बाटरन utérun, s. m. A skein er bundle of thread, a reel; the lounge (in the manage).

चटेरना utérna, v. α. To make up thread into skeins, to reel; lounge a horse.

अटाक utók, adj. Unquestioned, uninterrupted, unrestrained, without hinderance.

आदेशन utól, adj. Unpolished (stones or jewels; and hence of persons), rude, unmannerly. ब्रहान uttal, s. m. An upper room or

pavilion. अट्टानिका uttalika, s. f. A thatched upper

बारी fittee, s. f. A hank or bundle of thread; a cant word for a turban.

अह खुडी uthkhelee, s. f. Playfulness, wantonness.

अडतालीस uthtalees, adj. Forty-eight. अउतीस uthtées, adj. Thirty-eight.

चुटल úthul, s. m. Bathing of the bride and bridegroom together, the third day after marriage.

चुडवादीखदवादी uthwatee-khutwatee, s. f. The state of being confined to bed through sickness, &c.

ब्रह्मारा uthwara, s. m. The eighth day

after any other; a week. अठस्ट úthsuth, adj. Sixty-eight.

ब्रहत्तर uthhúttur, adi. Seventy-eight.

अठाईस utháces, adj. Twenty-eight.

अठानव्य uthanweh, adj. Ninety- eight.

3317 with arch, adj. Eighteen, Utharuhbhar, Various, of different kinds.

अठावन uthawun, adj. Fifty-eight.

च्छासी uthasee, adj. Eighty-eight.

अदेश uthel, adj. Not capable of being pushed out of its place, unanswerable, irrefrag-

बड़ ur, s. f. Contention, contrariety, ob-

अइंग úrung, s. f. A manufacturing town. अहंगा urunga, s. m. a mode of wrestling with the feet; an obstacle.

अड़तना úrtula, s. m. Defence, protection. अइना úrna, v. n. To stop, hesitate. Ur kurna, To stop, be obstinate (as a horse).

अड्डबंगा urbúnga, adj. Crooked, uneven.

बाइबहंग urburáng, s. m. Foolish actions.

ग्रहण्डंगी urburúngee, adj. Inconsiderate.

अइवड úrbur, s. m. Words without meaning. adj. Uneven, rugged. Urbur bukna, v. a. To speak inconsiderately or without meaning, to rave, talk absurdly, babble.

अडवन्द urbund, s. m. A cloth worn by Hindoos, passing from the waist between the thighs and fastening behind.

अड्यन úryul, adj. Obstinate, perverse, mulish.

अइस्त úrhut, s. f. Agency, commission, sale by commission.

बाह्यहर urára, s. m. High steep banks of a river or tank.

अडाना urána, v. a. To make to stop ; to fasten one thing to another. s. m. Name of a tune.

अहानी uranee, s.f. A large fan or parasol. बह जा urooa, adj. Obstinate, perverse, mulish, restiff.

अइ. स७ uróosa, s. m. A medicinal plant (Justicia adhenatoda and ganderussa).

अहेजाना úreyána, v. n. To protect, to become a protection.

बाहेंच urynch, s.f. Enmity.

अहान udól, adr. Not capable of being shaken or moved; immovable, fixed, unshaken.

अहेरसपड़ास óros-purós, s. m. Neighbour-

when used with a noun of number, twice and a half the aggregate number s. f. A full gallop.

with the edge or point of a sharp weapon.

अधितन unimun, s.m. A superhuman faculty; the subtle and invisible state assumable by austere devotion and the performance of magical rites, or as possessed by a deity.

sharp instrument, (as, of an arrow, spear, &c.)

small, minute.

स्वाहमा úntna, v. n. To be contained, to be tightened, to be filled up, (a well, tank, de.) स्वाहराना untwana, v. a. To make contain,

to cram into.

The state of the

अवटाकाड़ी unta-koree, s. f. A cord with which cattle are tied neck and heels.

अवटाचित untachit, adj. Unlucky.

सार जाना unthluna, v. a. To twist, writhe. v. n. To swagger, strut, give one's self airs, walk affectedly.

wigaris); an egg.

आवड und, } s. m. A testicle, or the scrosite azr, } tum; semen genitale.

चराउनाच undkósh, s. m. The scrotum the testicles; rupture, hernia.

अव्हज undfij.ad. Oviparous,as,a serpent, a fish, a bird, a lizard.

To lay an egg. Unda dena,

स्त्रांस undel, adj. Oviparous ; with egg

अतवा étutha, ad. Powerless, without authority.

ञ्चतन útun, n. prop. Kamdeo, the god of love among the Hindoos.

wafva úturpit, adi. Unsatisfied.

चतन titul, s.m. A particular hell, or division of the internal regions; the portion immediately below the earth.

जतजन्म útul-spúrsh, adi. Very deep,

भत्तभी útsee, s. f. Flax (Linum usitatissi-

अता tita, s. m. Father.

चताई utáee, s. m. f. One who sings and dances gratis.

\*sfr úti, prep. Over, beyond (in point of time, place or degree), gone by, passed over, exceeding, surpassing, very, over, nuch, very much, &c.; it implies general excess or pre-eminence. odv. Exceedingly.

चितिका útika, adv. Much, excessively.

श्रीतकाल utikal, s. m. Delay.

व्यक्तिगण्ड utigund, s. m. The sixth of the twenty-seven astrological yogs or periods.

wanta utiguti, adv. Very much, very great.

water utigundh, s. m. A fragrant grass, lemon-grass (Andropogon shanunthus).

चारिनाचित útigúrbbit, adj. Arrogant,

अतिगुप्त utigéopt, adj. Very secret, closely hidden or concealed.

য়বিবাই utichar, s. m. The passage of a planet from one zodiacal sign to another, in a shorter than common period.

व्यक्तिगर utijágur, ad/. Very wakeful, restless s. m. The black curlew.

अतिजीका utijéern, adj. Very old.

व्यक्ति चेच्छ uti-téekshn, adj. Very pungent, sharp, hot, or acrid.

wife fe útithi, s. m. A guest, pilgrim, stranger, person entitled to the rights of hospitality. Utithi briya. s. f. Hospitality, considered as a religious duty. Utithi-seva, s. f. Service of a guest, hospitality.

खतिहान útidan, s. m. Munificence.

खतिदास útidah, s.m. Great heat ; violent inflammation.

अतिद्वर्गत úti-dóorgut, s. f. Great difficulty or distress.

afagent úti-dóoshkur, ad. Very arduous, very difficult. [off.

खनिद्र útidóor, s.m. A great distance, afar खनिदेश útidósh, s.m. A great fault.

अतिषदाक्रम úti-purákrum, s. m. Great power.

खतिपातक úti-pátuk, s. m. A heinous sin. खतिपातकी úti-pátukee, adj. A great sinner, flagraatly criminal.

चित्रपान utipán, s. m. Excessive drinking, inebriety.

व्यक्ति uti-būkta, adj. A great talker, a babbler,

ज्ञितवन útibul, adj. Strong, powerful.

अतिबार útibar, adv. Frequently.

अतियेल utibel, adv. or adj. Much, excessive, unlimited, frequently.

अतिकार utibhár, s. m. A great or excessive burden.

व्यक्तियोग्य atijógyuh, adj. Very worthy.

अतिरित्त útirikt,adj. Excessive,exceeding. अतिरीम útirog.s.m. Consumption (Phthi-

sis pulmonalis). अतिवज्ञा úti-vukta, adj. A great talker, a babbler.

অনিবিদ্ধার úti-vikut, s. m. A fierce elephant, adj. Very fierce, very fermidable; hard, difficult.

অবিবিদ্ধ útivish, adj. Antidote, exceeding or subduing poison.

whataur uti-visha, s. f. A tree used in medicine, the bark is also used in dyeing: it is of three kinds, white, red and black (Atis or Betula.)

अतिशत útishukt, adj. Very powerful. अतिशति úti-shukti, s. f. Great power.

अतिमतिता úti-shuktitá, s. f. Heroic valour, prowess.

अतिभव útishuy, adj. Much, excessive.

व्यतिशीत útisheet, adj. Excessively cold.

यतिसञ्चय útisúnchuy, s. m. A hoard, a great accumulation.

अतिसार utisár, s. m. Diarrhoea or dysentery. Utisárkoe, adj. Dysenteric. Utisárkoe, adj. Afflicted with dysentery; esthartic.

वित्रास útihas, s. m. A horse-laugh, violent laughter.

खतीत utéet, s. m. 'A wanderer, pilgrim, a mendicant among Hindoos. adj. Past, elapsed. खतीतवास uteet-kal, s. m. (In gram.) The

preterite tense. अतीय utées, s. m. A medicinal root.

जतीसार uteesar, s. m. Dysentery.

अती का úteekshn, adj. Blunt, not sharp, dull, obtuse. Uteekshntå, s. f. Bluntness.

अहच útool, ) adj. Not weighed, incapa-चतोच útol, j ble of being weighed; unequalled, unparalleled.

अवस्य útript, adj. Unsatisfied, restless. अवस्य útripti, s. f. Insatiableness, voraciousness.

चतेजा úteja, adj. Dark, dim, dull. s. m. Insignificance, feebleness, imbecility.

अस्यन्त útyunt, adj. or adv. Much, very much, excessive, great.

यस्य útyulp, adj. Very small, very little. अत्याचार útyachar, s. m. Deviation from prescribed observances, contemning religious and moral laws.

अत्याचारी útyacharee, adj. Transgressing.

अलाक्ष्यक utyávushyuk, ady. Indispensably necessary, very requisite, of great importance.

च्रत्र utr, adv. In this place, here, herein.

age úthu, comj. (inceptive or premising particle used to introduce a remark, question, affirmation, &c.) Thus, so, then, hence, further, now, moreover, henceforth.

ज्ञान fithuk, adj. Unwearied, untired, insensible of fatigue.

अध्यान uthúrvun, s. m. The fourth Ved. अध्यान úthul, adj. Unsteady, unstable, wavering.

जधवा úthwa, conj. Or.

खदा útha, adj. Deep, unfordable, unfathomable, out of man's depth.

স্থাই uthacen, s. f. A place where people meet for counsel, or to converse and amuse themselves.

ज्याह utháh, adj. Bottomless, very deep, unfathomable.

ज्या uthit, ) adj. Unstable, unsteady, जिस्त fisthit, wavering.

चंद ud, dij. Half. Ud-pukka, Half ripe.

ing things in, a covering.

बद्धिना adkhila, adj. m. Half-blown (a flower, &c).

अदखीला udkhóla, adj. m. Half-open.

अदगढ्डा údgurha, adj. m. Half-driven (as a stake).

बदगड údund, adj. Unpunished. s. m. Impunity.

अदल údutt, adj. Not given.

बदत्ता údutta, adj. f. Not given in marriage (a female).

बदभव údbhou, s.m. Act of being born or of springing up (as plants from seed), birth, production.

बदम्बा údmooa, adj. m. Half-dead.

ब्रह्मा úduya, adj. Unfeeling, unmerciful, destitute of pity.

ब्रह्म údursh, ) adj, Unseen, unforeseen. ब्रह्म údrisht, } s. m. Casual and unforeseen denger, fortune, luck.

अदर्शन údurshun, s. m. Disappearance. adj. Invisible. बदरमा údursa, s. m. A kind of very fine muslin; a kind of sweetmeat.

बदलबदल údul-búdul ) s.m. Exchange, बदलाबदला údla-búdla, alteration.

अद्वाबद्वा करना údla-búdla kúrna, v. त. m. To exchange, swop or barter; confuse, displace.

यद्वी बद्वी का शी údlee búdlee kúrnee, v.a.f. To exchange, swop or barter; confuse, displace.

अद्वास udwán. े ) s.f. Braces for tight-अद्वासन udwáyun, ening the tape of a bedstead.

चद्रुन údhun, s. m. Water set to boil for dressing victuals.

खदाता údata, ो adj. Illiberal, avaricious, खदानी údanee, stingy.

अदिति úditi, s. f. The proper name of the mother of the gods.

अदिति नन्दन úditi-núndun, s.m. A deity. अदिन údin, s.m. An unlucky day.

यदिष्ट údisht, s. m. Misfortune, fate. यहम्य údrishyu, adj. Invisible, unseen.

wer údrisht, adj. Unseen, unforeseen.

वर्षी úddhee, s. f. Half a dumree (a small coin), half a piece of cloth.

बदोत údot, बदोत údyot,} adj, Without splendour.

बदौरी udóurce, s. f. A kind of food eaten by Hindoos.

अद्भत fidbhoot, adj. Surprising, wonderful, admirable. s. m. Surprise, astonishment.

बद्ध údruk, s. f. Ginger, in an undried state (Amomum zinziber).

चद्रभी údrukee, s. f. A kind of sweetment. चद्रोह údroh, s.m. Mildness, moderation, the absence of tyranny and oppression.

अद्रोही údrohee, adj. Innocuous, mild. अद्दर्भ údwund, adj. Quiet, tranquil, free from strife.

अद्वायन ud wayun, s. f. Braces for tightening the tape of a bedstead.

बहितीय údwiteeyu, adj.Peerless,match-बहित údwyt, less, unequalled;

only, sole, without a second. अहम údwesh, adj. Harmless, not malicious. अहमी údweshee, adj. Harmless, inoffen-

आध údhuh, prep. Down, downwards, below (in place, rank or degree); the reverse of उत्त oot.

www udh, (in comp.) Half.

आधंग udhúng, s. m. Palsy affecting one side or half the body, hemiplegia.

चारंगी udhungee, adj. Affected with hemiplegia, palsied; paralytic.

व्यवनारा adh-kúchra, adj. m. Half-dressed victorils.

अध्यक्त udh-kúchcha, adj. m. Half-ripe.

are a uniform the head; a nut of areas shaped like a bemisphere (so named, probably, from two kernels being contained in one shell: and to such a nut the virtue is ascribed of curing the disease of the same name).

व्यक्त udh-kur, s. m. Half the tax or duty of any kind (the other half bring remitted). अध्यक्त udh-kuha, adj. m. Half-spoken, half-uttered.

व्यान tidhun, adj. Poor, destitute, in-व्यानी tidhunee,

अअभवा údh-púkka, adj. Half-ripe.

अध्यत údhput, s. m. A prince, a commander, a master.

अध्यमा údh-bána, adj. Half-made, halfprepared.

च्याचर údhbur, adv. Half-way, in the middle.

अध्वीच fidhbeech, adv. In the middle.

अध्य údbum, adj. Inferior, low, mean, vile, despicable, wretched, contemptible.

अवसूत्रा údh-mooa, adj. Half-dead.

অধুহ údhur, adj. Low, inferior, below; low, vile s. m. The lip, the lower lip; pudendum muliebre.

between heaven and earth. adj. Suspended, separate, at a distance. adv. In the middle.

व्यवस्त údbursa, s. m. A half piece of cloth; a sort of cloth.

क्षश्रास्त údhur ámrit, s.m. The moisture, honey or nectar of the lips.

च्चर्च údhurm, s. m. Injustice, irreligion, unrighteousness, impiety, immorality, sin, crime. adj. Unjust, irupious.

वाधर्मचारी údhurm-chárce, adj. Unrighteous, wicked.

अध्योता udhurmtá, s. f. Unrighteousness. अध्योपना údhurm-púna. s. m. Injustice, crime.

অধ্যনিত ádhurmishth, adj. Very wicked. অধ্যনি ádhurmee, adj. Unjust, wicked, unrighteous, sinful, criminal, immoral, impious. स्थान údhwun, adj. Half of any thing. स्थान udhwar, s. f. A half (generally applied to pieces of cloth).

अधान udhán, s. m. Oils, unguents.

অধার údhar, ) s. m. Food, aliment, vic-আখার ádhar, ) tuals, nourishment, support.

अधारिक údharmík, adj. Unjust, unrighteous, wicked.

अधासीसी údha-séesee, s. f. Pain affecting the half of the head, hemicrania.

after údhi, prep. Over, above, upon; it implies superiority (in place, quality, or quantity), and is the reverse of at up.

স্থান údhik, adj. Exceeding, excessive, greater, moreover, more than, most, additional, extra, augmented.

यधिकता udhiktá, s. f. Excess, addition. अधिकार्द udhikáee, s. f. Increase, augmentation, abundance, excess; oppression.

खिदाना udhikana, v. a. To augment,

government, an estate; the bearing of royal insignia, dominion, possession, authority, rule, title, a right, a privilege, au inheritance.

ufunt? udhikaree, adj. Possessing a right, title, or privilege. s. m. A proprietor, a master, an owner, one invested with power and authority, a ruler, a director.

अधिक त údhikrit, s. m. A superintendent in general; an inspector of receipts and disbursements, an auditor of public accompts.

व्यक्तिम údhip, र m. An owner,a lord,

अधिपति údhiput, or master; a king. अधिकांस udhi-máns, s. m. Fleshy excrescences on the eye, cancer of the eye.

TUNE udhimás, s. m. An intercalary month, formed of the aggregate days, omitted in reckening the lunar year.

अधियाना udhiyana, v. a. To halve, to divide.

ক্ষিয়ের udhiráj, s.m. A great or supreme king, superior prince, a sévereign, an emperor. অধিয়ান্ত্র udhirájyuh, s.m. Empire, su-

স্থান udhéen.
আমান udhéen.
আমান adhéeu,
sive, humble, docile,
subject to the control of another, subservient;
dependent.

अधीनता udheenta, s. f. Submission, obedience, obsequiousness, servility, humility, servitude, subjection, dependance, slavery.

अधीनी udhéenee, s. f. Submission, humbleness, obsequiousness; petition. स्थार udhéer, adj. Confused, perplexed; mstsady (lit. or met.); impatient, hasty, precipitate, irresolute.

सधीर ज údheeruj, s. m. Confusedness, perplexity, unsteadiness. adj. Perplexed, confused, unsteady, impatient.

वाधीकी udhéerja, } adj. Confused, per-

अधीनी udhéerjee, J plexed.

न्त्रभोरता udheertá, s. f. Haste, precipitation, irresolution, fickleness, unstandiness, want of firmness; confusion, perplexity, impatience.

অধীয়ৰ udhéeshwur, s. m. An emperor, a king paramount over all the neighbouring princes.

dressed; immature (a fatus); unfinished. Udhoora jana, v. n. To miscarry (a female).

बाइ udhér, adj. Middle-aged, just past the prime of life (applied most frequently to women).

अभेजा udhela, s. m. Half a pice or pijsa (a small coin).

अधेली udhelee, s. f. Half a rupee.

अर्थ údhyrj, adj. Unsteady, feeble, irresolute.

अधेखी udhyrja, s. m. Instability, want of firmness.

अधीतर udhótur, s. f. A fine kind of cloth.

downwards (as the Hindoos practise in the tupus ya), looking downwards, drooping the head (from grief or shame); headlong; inverted, turned upside down.

अधोड़ी udhóuree, s f. Half a hide (of a

thick strong kind).

ৰাহাৰ údhyun, s. m. Study, reading, especially of the sacred books; one of the six duties of a brahmun.

अध्यक्त udhyúksh, s. m. A master, a lord, a chief, a governor, a superintendent.

अध्याना udhyana, v. a. To halve, to divide.

अध्यापन udhyápuk, e. m. A teacher, one who instructs in the sacred books.

अध्यापन udhyapun, s. m. Instructing, teaching the sacred books.

काञाय udhyáyu, s. m. A section, or division of a book; a chapter, or lecture of the Veds; a chapter, a lesson.

আৰ un, A prefix of negation, privation or diminution, used properly before words beginning with a vowel only, আ being adopted before consonants: in Hindee, however, আন frequently occurs with consonants; so, আৰল anunt, আনতিকা andelsha.

अनुस्ताना unkhana, v. n. To be angry, or displeased, to be peevish, or fretfu.

अनगद úngurh, m. f. adj. Unwrought unformed; unlicked, unpolished, unfinished, unset (as a ring or jewel). Ungurhee bat, Inconsistent or ill-arranged speech.

अनगणित úngunit. अनगिणत unginut, अनगिणती úngintee, अनगिणा úngintee, अनगिणा únginte, adj. Uncounted, numberless. Ungina muhuena, The eighth month of a

woman's preguancy.

अनम finigh, adj. Sinless, innocent. अनमास्त finchahut, adj. Not desired.

अनिवत unchit, adj. Unawares, suddenly, unexpectedly.

चनकोशा unchheela, adj. Unpared (as fruit, &c.), unlicked, rude, awkward, boorish.

व्यवज्ञा únjuna, adj. Unborn. व्यवज्ञा únjul, a.m. Victuals and food,

अन्जला únjula, adj. Unburnt.

खन्त्रस únjus, s. m. Infamy.

खनजान unján, adj. Unwitting, unintentional, not knowing, ignorant. s. m. A stranger. खनजाना unjána, adj. Unknown, ignorant.

जनजाने unjaneh, adv. Ignorantly, not knowing, unwittingly.

अन्तरभा unjáma, adj. Barren (land) in which nothing will grow.

खनदेखा undekha, adj. Unseen, invisible. अन्धीन unudheen, adj. Independent.

अनधोवा undhoya, adj. Unwashed; unclean

endless, eternal; infinite, innumerable, s. m. A name of the serpent said to support the earth; a name of Vishnoo; name of several plants; a cord with fourteen knots, which the Hindoos tie on their arm on the 14th day of Bhudon sockl-puksh, which is sacred to Vishnoo, and called Unantchondus.

war an ununtta, s. f. Eternity.

कन्त राशि ununt-rashi, s. f. (In arithmetic) Infinite quantity.

अन-वर्ष ununt-roop, adj. Multiform.

वनस्वात ununt-vát, s. m. Rigidity or paralysis of the muscles of the face and neck.

অন্তর finuntyuh, adj. Unbounded, infinite, eternal s.m. Immortality; eternity; infinity. অসমত্য finpurha, adj. Illiterate, uninformed.

अनपस्य unputyuh, adj. Childless, having no progeny.

अनमराध únupuradh, s. m. Innocence. adj. Innocent, sinless.

खनपराधी unupuradhee, adj. Innocent,

अभवेश thupekh, adj. Disregarding, unheeding.

अन्येश्चर únupeksha, s. f. Carelessness, indifference, disregard.

खनवनाव unbunao, s. m. Discord, dissension, misunderstanding.

खनविशाहा únbiyaha, adj. Unmarried. खनबेशा únbedha, adj. Unbored, unperforated.

अनवीच únbol, adj. Silent, speechless,

वनिभ्नाय únubhilash, s. m. Indifference,

अन्भिनाषी únubhilashee, adj. Indifferent.

खनभना únmuna, m. ) adj. Thoughtful, खनभनी únmunee, f. } agitated, regretting, out of humour, sad, troubled in mind, dissatisfied, displeased, vexed, sickly.

खनवण unjush, s. m. Infamy.

च्यार unrus, s. m. Want of flavour or enjoyment; disgust, nauseousness, coolness or misunderstanding between friends.

अन्दोत unreet, s. f. Unmannerliness, illbehaviour.

अन्धे unurth, adj. Unmeaning, fruitless, abortive; abourd, improper, nonsensical.

অসল unul, s. f. Fire ; a plant (Plumbago zvylanica and rosea).

आनवर unwut, s. m. A ring furnished with little balls and worn on the great too.

अनवधान unudhan, adj. Careless, inattentive. s. m. Inadvertence, inattention, carelessness.

ञ्जवधानता únuvudhantá, s. f. Inadvertence, inattention.

having no leisure; unseasonable, inopportune.
s. m. Want of leisure or opportunity; unseasonableness, inopportuness.

चान्यस्त únuvustha, adj. Unstable, unsteady; incontinent, s. f. Instability, absence of fixed state or condition; uncertainty, doubt; incontinence, dissoluteness.

य न सम्भार únsumjha, adj. Not understood. not knowing.

अनिश्च únsikh, adj. Unlearned.

अनुसूना unsoona, adj. Unheard, not noticed, disregarded. Unsoones kurna, v. n. To pretend not to hear (what is spoken); to disregard.

वनहृद्धार unhunkar, s. m. Absence of pride, humility.

सनम्हारी unhunkaree, adj. Humble, not proud.

वनहित tinhit, adj. Without affection, an enemy. s. m. Enmity, disaffection.

अनाकार únakar, adj. Shapeless, without

अनाकाना únakranta, s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini).

अनागस्य unagumyuh, adj. Unapproachable; inaccessible; unobtainable.

सन्दाद unachar, s.m. Improper conduct, irreligion, neglect of moral or religious observance. adj. Immoral, ill-behaved, indecent.

अनाचारी únacharee, adj. Immoral, indecorous, indecent.

व्यनाज unáj, s. m. Grain.

artless, awkward, inexpert. s. m. f. A novice, bungler, simpleton.

ब्राहर anatoor, adj. Well, vigorous, free from sickness or pain.

স্বাহ্য math, a\(\dil)\). Husbandless, without a protector, lord or master, without chief or sovereign; helpless.

खनादर únadur, e. m. Disrespect; affront. खनादि únadi, adj. Without beginning, eternalasitrespects beginning, unborn, uncreate. खनादित unadi-twúh, s. m. Eternity.

अनायास unay-as, s. m. Ease, facility. adj. Easy.

वनार्पन unarpún, s. m. Silliness, clumsiness, inexpertness, ignorance, awkwardness.

भूतास्य únashyuh, adj. Indestructible.

द्यनाहार únahar, s. m. Abstinence, starvation.

अनाहारी unaharee, ads. Fasting.

afragi unichehha, s. f. Indifference, absence of wish or desire.

वानित्य unityuh, adj. Not for ever ; frail, perishable, transient, not everlasting, transitory, temporary, fugitive.

अनिस्ता unityutá, s.f. Transient or limited existence.

चानिट् finidr, adj. Awake, sleepless.

विनिद्ध unindit, adj. Unreproachable.

अनिमुद्धा unipoon, adj. Unskilled, not conversant.

व्यक्तिक unirooddh, adj. Unobstructed, unrestrained.

अनिर्णय únirmuy, s. m. Uncertainty. अनिर्मेख únirmul, adj. Dirty, foul. अनिवेचनीय únirvuchunéeyuh, adj. Not अनिवीच्य unirvachyuh, fit to be spoken; indescribable, indesinable.

अनित unil, s. m. Air or wind, considered also as a deity.

व्यनिवारित únivarit, adj. Unchecked, unimpeded, unopposed, unforbidden.

व्यनिविद्ध unishiddh, adj. Unprohibited, unforbidden.

अनिष्ट únisht, adj. Undesired, ominous, evil, bad, unlucky.

विद्या únishtha, s. m. Unsteadfastness, unsteadiness.

अनी únee, s. f. The point or edge of any sharp instrument (as, of an arrow, spear, &c.).

चानी किनी uneekinee, s. f. An army, a host, forces; a certain force, 1-10th of an Ukshbuhinee, consisting of 2187 elephants, and as many cars, 6561 horse, and 10,935 foot.

and a meeti, s. f. Injustice, immorality, impropriety, rudeness, unmannerliness, impolicy, ill-conduct.

ज्ञम únoo, prep. After (in time, place, rank and degree), according to, in imitation of ; it is the reverse of ज्ञास abhi.

बनुकसा únoo-kúmpa, s. f. Tenderness, compassion, pity.

अनुबूख unookool, adj. Co-inciding, friendly to, assisting, acting in concert with, favourable or conformable to.

अनु बूलता únoo-kóolta, s.f. A co-incidence, a being in concert, a concert, concord, good will, consent.

वार्त throokt, adj. Not spoken, not told, not mentioned. s. m. A trope.

अनुक्रम únookrum, s. m. Order, method, a succession, a series.

आमस्त्रान únookhal, s. m. A creek.

अनुन tinoog, adj. Following, succeeding. s. m. f. A follower, a servant, a dependent.

अनुगत unoogut, adj. Gone after, dependent on, attached to.

sequent upon, devoted to, imitating, a. m. A companion, a follower; one who goes behind or after.

हान्यम् tinoogrub, s. m. Favour, grace, kindness, indulgence; conferring benefits, promoting good, and preventing ill.

लन्तर únoochur, s. m. A companion, a. follower, a servant, an attendant.

अनुवरी unco-churee, s. f. A female com-

अनुचित unoochit, adj. Unlit, improper, unbecoming.

सनुज unooj, adj. Younger, junier. s. m. A younger brother.

यन् जा unoogya, s. f. An order, command, injunction.

अनुताप unootap, s. m. Repentance, regret,

अनुतापी unootapee, adj. Penitent, regret-

अन्तारा únoo-tára, s. m. A satellite.

श्रीतर unoottur, adj. Unable to answer, silent, without reply. [daily.

अन्दिन tinoodin, adj. and adv. Every day, अन्नादिक tinoo-nasik, adj. Nasal, uttered through the nose.

खन्पन unoopul, s. m. A second (of time). अनुपन्धित unoopusthit, adj. Not ready, not present.

अनुपान unoopan, s. m. A fluid vehicle (in medicine); or that which is swallowed after the needicine.

जनबन्दी unon-bundhee, adj. Connected with, attached.

understanding independent of memory; comprehension, guess, inference, perception, supposition, hypothesis, experience; result, consequence.

अनुभृत unoobhoot, adj. Experienced, felt, guessed, perceived, indicated.

जनुस्ति únoc-múti, s. f. An order, a command, permission, advice.

खनुसर्ग unoo-murun, s. m. A widow's burning on a separate pile from her deceased husband.

अनुमान únooman, s. m. Inference, guess, hypothesis, logical conclusion.

अनुराग finoorag, s. m. Affection, love, passion, attachment. [with.

अनुरागना uncoragna, v. n. To be in love

कहरानी unoo-ragee, part. act. Making friendship, loving, caressing. adj. Impassioned, in love.

अनुराधा unoo-radha, s. f. The 17th Nuk shviruh or lunar mansion, designated by a row of oblations (stars in Libra).

corresponding with s. m. Conformity.

खन्य unoorodh, s. m. The accomplishing of a desired object for another person, obligingness, service.

अनुसन्धान unoo-sundhan, s. m. Inquiry, investigation, searching.

जनुस्ता unoo-súrna, v. n. To follow, to be consequent upon, to follow a person, to follow upon some previous circumstance. अनुसार unoosar, adj. Following, answering to, according with. s. m. Conformity to usage, &c.

बनुसारी unoo-saree, adj. Following ; according with or to.

अनुस्तर् únooswar, s. m. In grammar the nasal character or bindee °.

यन्त्र। unóotha, adj. Rare, wonderful, uncommon (generally applied to things or animals). अनम् unóop, adj. Incomparable, best.

आर गी furince, adj. Unindebted, free from debt.

क्रमें a unek, adj. Many, much, abundant. क्रमें बकाल unek-kal, adv. A long time.

चनेक प unek-roop, adj. Multiform; of various kinds or sorts; fickle, of variable mind. चनकविध unek-vidh, adj. Various, of many kinds, in different ways.

अनेकाकार unek-akar. adj. Multiform.

अनोद्धा unókha, adj. Rare, uncommon, wonderful (yenerally upplied to man).

अनीना únona, adj. Saltless.

द्यन : कर्या úntuh-kurun, s m. The understanding, the heart, the will, the conscience, the soul.

अन्त: पाती untuh-patee, adj. Included.

अन: पुर untuh-poor, s. m. The queen's apartments, the inner or female apartments.

अन : भरीर untuh-shuréer, s.m. The internal and spiritual part of man, the conscience, the soul.

a boundary, a limit; perdition; death; a boundary, a limit; perdition, destruction, mind, heart. adv. After all, at last; in, within, elsewhere, somewhere else.

হল unt, s. m. Intelligence, news, account হলবাভ untkal, s. m. Dying moment, hour of death. [cast.

खनाज úntuj, s. m. A shoodr or man of low खनाड़ी úntree, अंत्री úntree, bowels, gut.

amongst; without, except. s. m. Interval, intermediate space; period, term; difference; hole or rent; midst, the midst; the heart, the supreme soul. adj. Other, similar.

अन्तर्गति untur-guti, s. f. The emotions of the heart, inward sensations. adj. Forgotten.

अन्दङ्क unturung, a.m. A relative, a near friend.

अन्तर्जात untur-jat, adj. Inborn, inbred, innate.

अन्तरदृष्ट untur-dóosht, adj. Internally bad, wicked, vile,

skreen. A curtain, a skreen.

बनार दे unturbéd, n. prop. Name of the country between the Gunga and Jumna rivers, called in Persian Docabuh, the Doab.

near at hand; without, except. s. m. A verse, any verse of a song excepting the first.

चनरातप úntura-túp, s. f. A tertian ague. जनरापश्च úntur-apútyuh,adj.f. Pregnant.

अल्डान unturál, s. m. Included space.

अनिरिया únturiya, s. f. A tertian ague. अनिरित únturit, adj. Inward, internal.

अनिर्ज unturksh, s. m. The sky or atmosphere.

bowels, gut. Untrivan julna, To be very hungry. Untrivan hool-hoowullah purhna, To be very hungry: (lit. The belly repeating, There is but one God). Untree ka bul khôlna, To eat a bellyful after starving. Untrivon men ay lugna, To be very hungry.

अन्दीष unturéep, s. m. A promontory, a headland, a cape, as, Koomaree-untureep, Cape

अनरीच unturéeksh, s. m. The sky or atmosphere. adv. In the air, out of sight.

च न जोशी úntur-jámee, adj. Pervading the inward parts, acquainted with the heart(an epithet of the Deity).

अन्तद्वीर untur-dwar s. m. A private door within a house.

च न ध्रीन fintur-dhiyan, s. m. A disappearing, a vanishing away; profound inward meditation. adj. Out of eight, vanished, disappeared, concealed.

व्यक्तपंद्र unturpút, s.m. A curtain, a skreen. व्यक्तपंद्र untur-bháo, s.m. Internal or inherent nature or disposition.

चन्त्रभूत untur- bhóot, adj. or adv. In the midst.

अन्तर्भन्य untur-munus, adj. Sad, perplexed.

अन्यभेती untur-jamee, adj. Pervading the inwards parts, heart-searching or pervading, acquainted with the heart (un epithot of the Deity).

अनर्बली úntur-vútnee, s. f. A pregnant woman.

ब न्यावदी untur-vedee, s. f. The name of a country, the Doab, or country between the Gunga and Jumna rivers.

अन्तिम untim, adj. Final, ultimate.

अन्यज untyúj, e. m. A shoodr or man of the fourth tribe.

अन्यज्ञ व्य úntyu-júnma, s. m. A man of the shoodr or fourth tribe.

अन्यस्त ना नी úntyu-júnumnee, s. f. A woman of the shoodr or fourth tribe.

अन्यवर्षे úntyuvúrn, s. m. f. A man or woman of the Shoodr or fourth tribe.

चन्त्र untr, s. f. The entrails, the bowels,

अन्य undh, s. m. Darkness. adj. Blind.

अञ्चलार undhkar, s. m. Darkness.

अस्तूप undh-koop, s. m. A blind well, one of which the mouth is hidden or overgrown by weeds.

व्यक्तसम् undh-túmus, s.m. Great darkness. व्यक्तता undh-tá, s. f. Blindness.

अञ्चल úndhla, adj. Blind, dark, dim. Undhlapún,s.m. Blindness, intellectual blindness, acting as if one were blind.

अस्थियारा undhiyára, adj. Dark.

injustice, violence, tumult, outrage tyranny, oppression; darkness. Undher kurna, v. a. To act unjustly, to tyrannize, to oppress.

Darkness, adj. Dark, blind. s. m.

अस्ति undhéree, adj. f. Dark. s. f. Darkness.

बन्देरी कोठरी undhérce-kóthree, s. f. A dark room; the belly, womb.

हाद unn, s. m. Food, victuals, grain, boiled rice; com. *Unn-data*, s. m. A benefactor.

अञ्चल unn-kóot, s. m. A festival celebrated by Hindoos, on the day following the deaálee, by offering a large quantity of meats to their gods.

अञ्चल únnjul, s. m. Victuals and अञ्चलानी únn-pánce, drink; support, maintenance, subsistence.

खन पूजा unnpóorna, s. m. Satiety of food. n. prop. The name of a goddess, the Ceres of the Hindoos.

স্ব্যাস্থ unn-prashun, s.m. The ceremony of giving a child kheer or milk and rice for the first time when six months old.

अन्तर्स unn-rus, s. m. Chyle.

अब्रह न unnhéen, adj. Destitute of food,

अञ्चा únna, s. m. The husband of a nurse. अञ्ची únnee, s. f. A nurse or female attendant on a child.

अन्येन únmel, adj. Discordant, hetero-अत्यान únmil, } geneous. अन्योन unmol, adj. Invaluable, beyond price.

श्रान व unyuh, adp. Another, other, different. अन्य ज व्या प्राप्तां unium, s.m. Another birth, regeneration.

अञ्ज unyútr, adv. Elsewhere, in another

gaza unyutha, adv. Otherwise, in a different manner, inaccurately, untruly. adj. Contrary.

अन्यसन्स् únyumúnus, adj. Fickle, versatile, absent.

अन्याय anyayuh, s. m. Injustice, outrage, impropriety.

खन्याची únyayee, adj. Unjust, oppressive,

अन्य unyonyuh, adj. Reciprocal, mutual. अन्य unyuy, s. m. Race, lineage; interpretation, making out the natural order or counaxion of poetical style.

चित्र unvit, ad. Connected with, joined, possessed of, fraught with, inherent in.

अविषय unveshun, s. m. Inquiry, search, research.

अन्यो unvéshee, adj. Searching, inquisitive.

चन्द्रवाना unhwana, v. a. To wash, bathe, cause to bathe.

अन्हान unhan, s. m. Bathing.

अक्टाना unhana, v. n. To bathe, to wash.

अन्होन्हार únhonhar, adj. Hopeless, unpromising; improbable.

अन्होना unhona, adj. Impossible.

upuh, prep. Under, below (denoting inferiority, secrecy, disappearance, slyness, dc.); ill amiss, bad; the reverse of uffu udhi.

and upunth, s. m. A wrong or bad road, a devious track; heresy.

will upunthee, adj. One who has lost his way; devious; heretical.

aging upumpa. s. m. One's self (used in the accusative case only), as, Upumpa buchana, To guard or protect one's self.

अपन upuk, adj. Unripe.

अपनार्थ úpkurm, s. m. A mean or unworthy action, wickedness.

अपकाङ् upkulunk, s. m. An indelible disgrace.

want úpkar, s. m. A hindrance, a detrimet, an injury.

अपलच úpkrisht, adj. Bad, inferior, deteriorated.

www apukk, adj. Raw, unripe, imperfect, immature,

अपदाता upukktā, s. f. Immaturity.

अपन्य upahuy, s. m. Loss, detriment,

ज्यानम् úpjus, s. m. Infamy, ignominy,

च्याचारी úpjusee, ads. Infamous, unfortu-

चपटक uputuk, adj. One whose hands and feet are become useless, paralytic.

अपटु úputoo, adj. Unskilled, awkward, incapable, uncouth: ineloquent.

wufa úputi, s. f. Discredit, disgrace.

जगतिया úputiya. adj. Faithless, जगतियारा úputiyara, treacherous.

अपरित्रता uputi-vrúta, adj. s. f. Unchaste (a woman); a courtezan.

ज्यस्य úputyuh, s. m. Offspring, male or

wore uputh, s. m. The want of a road; a bad road.

www upathyuh, ady. Indigestible, unwholesome.

अपनी úpna, m. \ pron. poss. Of or belong-अपनी úpnee, f. \ ing to self, own. Upnee gáona, To sing one's own praises, to egotize.

one's own, to convert or appropriate to one's own use.

अपनायत upnáyut, s. f. Family, relations, kindred, kin.

क्रप्रस्य úpubushyu, } adj. Absolute, inde-अपन्य úpubus, } pendent.

ज्यहार upubad, s. m. Complaint, accusation, censure.

अपनित्र úpubitr, adb. Unclean, defiled, impure,

ज्ञपभाषा úpubhasha, s. f. Low, vulgar or obscene language.

अपनेत्र upubhrúnsh, र m. Common or अपनेत्र upubhúnsh, र vulgar talk, a vulgar term, ungrammatical language.

ज्यामान upumán, s. m. Disgrace, dishonour, affront, disrespect, contempt.

अपनानित upumānit, adj. Disrespected, disgraced.

अपमानी upumanee, adj. Disgraced, abased, dishonourable, disreputable.

अपनान्त upumányuh, adj. Disreputable, dishonourable.

अपस्त fipumrityoo, s. f. An inauspicious death, an untimely death, sudden death, dying of some casualty, not of sickness or decay.

खपरण úpjush, s. m. Infamy, ignominy, disgrace, dishonour, अपयशी upjúshee, adj. Infamous, unfortunate.

अपर úpur, ads. Another, other.

अपरंपार upurumpár adj. Boundless, infinite.

अपराज्य upurajny, s. m. Not a defeat ; victory, invincibleness.

अपराजित úpurajit, adj. Unconquered, invincible, unerring, not vanquished, not defeated. अपराजिता upurajita, s. f. A twining shfub (Clitoria ternatea); also a name applied to several plants.

ज्ञपराध upuradh, s. m. Offence, crime, fault, transgression, guilt, sin.

द्वपराची upuradhee, s. m. A criminal, sinner, offender, transgressor, one culpable.

अपराह upurahun, s. m. Afternoon, the last watch of the day.

equiture upuripatee, s.f. Deviation from established custom.

wuftfwa úpurimit, adj. Not measured; immoderate, unlimited.

or proof; an improper or insufficient trial of any thing.

व्यक्त úpurs, s. m. The state of a Hindoo after bathing, previous to worship or to eating, during which it is unlawful for him to touch any one; lepresy.

व्यवस्य u úpulukshun, s. m. A bad omen, bad sign.

अपन्य त्या upulükshuna, adj. m. Of a bad sign or suspicious appearance, unlucky, ominous.

अपराज्य upultijj, adj. Impudent, im-अपराज्यो upulujjee, modest, shameless.

अपन्या upulújja, इ. f. Impudence, shamelessness.

बादर्श upuvirg, s. m. Liberation, deliverance, emancipation, final beatitude, the deliverance of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration.

खपबाद upuvád, s.m. Complaint, reproach, accusation, censure, blame.

अपवादी upuvadee, m.) s. A complainer, अपवादिन upuvadin, f. an accuser.

अपदिल úpuvitr, adj. Unclean, defiled, impure, profane

चर्। इत्रता upuvitrta, s. f. Uncleanness, filth, impurity.

अपश्कान upshtikoon, s. m. A portent, a bad omen, any unlucky or insuspicious object.

SAMNEZ úpushubd, s. m. A disagreeable sound, wind broken backwards, ungrammatical language. ane upusht, adj. Hidden, secret; inevident, unintelligible, not clear.

भ्रपसरा úpsura, s. f. A female dancer or courtezan in Swurg, the Hindoo paradiss.

art are upus uvyuh, s. m. Right (not left), the right side of the body. adj. Opposite, contrary.

SURTE upusmár, s. m. The epilepsy, falling sickness.

au sco upuhúrun, a m. A plundering, a purloining.

वपहरते upuhúrtta, s. m. A robber,a plunderer, a thief.

अपन्त upúhnuv, s. m. Denial, conceal-

अपच úpuksh, adj. Without wings, without assistance or protection.

कपाक úpak, adj. Unripe, immature, raw. s. m. Immaturity; indigestion.

अपाङ्ग upáng, s. m. The outer corner of the eye; a sectarial mark or circlet on the forehead. adj. Maimed, crippled.

अपाइन्दर्शन upáng-dűrshun, s. m. A side glance, a leer, a wink.

चमात्र upatr, adj. Incapable, unfit, unworthy. s. m. An inferior or worthless person.

चपादान upadán, s. m. The taking from a thing; (in gram.) the ablative case.

ञ्चापान upán, s. m. The anus ; wind broken backwards.

अपाप úpap, adj. Sinless, innocent, pure. अपार upár, adj. Boundless, unbounded, interminable, excessive, impassable.

अपावन úpawun, adj. Defiling, polluting,

अपाञ्च úpashruy, adj. Helpless, destitute. अपाञ्च upahuj, adj. Lazy, cripple; a person who never visits any one.

खपीड upeer, adj. Without pain.

अपीन upéen, adj. Light, lean.

खपीनस upcenus, s.m. Dryness of the nose, want of the pituitary secretion and loss of smell, cold.

अपीय úpceyuh, adj. Unfit to be drunk, forbidden (liquer).

चपुक्त úpoochchh, adj. Tailless.

अपुर्का upoochchha, s. f. A tree (Balbergia Sisu).

agua upoonyuh, s. sz. Uncharitableness.

जपून úpootr, adj. Without offspring. s. m.. A disreputable son.

अपुरुष úpodroosh, adj. Impotent, effeminate, unmanly. age úpoosht, adj. Lean.

अपूजित upooshpit, adj. Without flowers (atree or plant), not bearing flowers, not in flower.

अपूजन úpoojuk,adj. Ungodly, irreligious,

worshipped, or is not a proper object of worship.

अपन úpoot, adj. Childless; undutiful (child).

s. m. A fraction.

अपर्शकान upoorn-kal, adj. Premature.

अपर्णता upoorn-tá, s. f. Incompleteness.

auf úpoorv, adj. Unprecedented, unparalleled, eminent, excellent, uncommou, unboard of, new, admirable, remarkable, wonderful, extraordinary.

अपेश्वक upékshuk, s. m. An expectant. adj. Expecting, waiting for.

अपेशित upekshit, adj. Expected, waited for, wished, hoped.

an expectant; looking to.

द्यपेख upékh, adj. Invisible, unseen.

अपेय upéyuh, adj. Unfit to be drunk, forbidden (liquor).

and upourush, adj. Impotent, effeminate, unmanly.

ज्यक्ट úprukut, adj. Unmanifested, un-

aunin úprukash, adj. Secret, private, hidden, not public or displayed, not manifest or evident.

An aus upruchand, adj. Not violent, not strong or forcible, without dignity.

SURTH úprutap, s. m. Want of dignity or acuteness, of power or fortune; dulness, want of brilliancy.

अप्रतापी úprutapee, adj. Blunt, powerless, unfortunate.

aufast úprutishtha, s. f. Want of respectability.

अप्रतीत upruteet, adj. Without credit.

चप्रतीनो uprutéetee, s. f. Want of confidence or of credit, mistrust.

चारत्रच úprutyuksh, adj. Imperceptible, invisible, not evident, secret, absent, not present. स्प्रस्त úprutuy, s. m. Doubt, distrust, disbelief, incredulity, mistrust, unbelief.

www.al uprutuyée, adj. Doubtful, mistrusting, sceptical.

अप्रथा aprutha, s. f. Deviation from custom, secreey. अप्रधान úprudhan, adj. Subordinate, secondary, mean, powerless.

समभा úprubha, इ. f. Want of splendour ; darkness, dulness.

Transparent apruman, adj. Without proof, univers, of doubtful authority.

saual u upraveen, adj. Unskilful.

अप्रस्त úprusumn, adj. Ungracious, unfarourable, displeased, dissatisfied, averse, unpropitious.

अवसार úprusad, s. m. Disfavour, disapprobation.

अप्रश्रही úprusadee, adj. That which is not presented to the deity.

ज्याचित्र áprusiddh, adj. Not famous, not well known; nncelebrated.

अप्राचीन úpracheen, adj. Modern, recent. अप्राप्त úprapt, adj. Upobtained.

অসামি úprapti, s. f. Non-attainment, nonacquisition,

अप्रासाणिक úpramanik, adj. Unauthentic, unauthoritative.

अप्राचार्य úpramanyuh, s. m. Absence or insufficiency of proof or authority.

अप्रिच tipriyuh, adj. Unamiable, not beloved, disagreeable, unkind, unfriendly.

अभीति úpreeti, s. f. Indifference, want of leve, dislike, aversion, disgust, enmity, hatred, unfriendliness.

NAT uprem, s. m. Want of love, aversion, hatred, enmity, dislike.

अकराई uphráce, s. f. Gluttony, a surfeit. अकराना uphrána, v. a. To feed a person so that his belly swells; (met.) to give a person (money, dv.) to the utmost extent of his desire.

belly), to gormandize, to eat to satisty; to become very rich.

gue uphul, adj. Fruitless, barren, unfruitful; vain, unproductive, unprofitable.

संपन्तना uphultá, s. f. Barrenness, unprofitableness.

अप्रतित úphulit, adj. Not in fruit (a fruit tree).

अफीम uphéem, } s. f. Opium.

अप्रसार uphenda, adj. Self-conceited, obs-

अफ्रेन uphen, adj. Without foam.

आब ub, adv. Now, presently, just now.

अवना úbka, adj. m.) Of the present time, अवनी úbkee, adj. f.) now.

अवने úbkeh, adv. Now.

अवनेशी ubkéshee, ach. Without fruit, barren (a tree).

अवच ubuch, adj. That which has not escaped.

अवतई ubtúcen, adv. Till now.

अवतक ubtúluk, अवतारी ub-tóree, अवतारी ub-tóree,

अवतन úbtub, adv. Presently. Ubtub hona, To be at the point of death.

and ubten, adv. From this time, hence-

अवधा ubdhá, s. f. The segment of the base of a triangle.

अवधूत ubdhoot, m. े s. One devoted अवधूतनी ubdhootnee, f. to God but not attending on ceremonies; a kind of Hindoo devotee who worships Siv.

death, not be slain; sacred, inviolable.

अवनी ubnee, s. f. The earth, the world.

war wibruk, s. m. Tale, mica.

अवस úbul, adj. Weak, feeble, infirm.

अवला fibula, adj. f. Weak, powerless. s.f. A woman

अवलाई ublace, f. Weakness.

wash úbulce, adj. Weak. s. f. A row, range, continuous line.

अवलोकन ubulókuu, s. m. Sight, seeing. अवस úbush, adj. Powerless, without choice.

व्यवसन úbusun, adj. Without clothes,

सहसे दूर übseh-door, (An expression of those, who after reciting past misfortume, pray to be preserved from a return of it,) Far be it from us!

স্বাদ ubak, adj. Speechless, silent, dumb. স্থানি ábikt, adj. Hidden, unintelligible; any invisible principle.

व्यक्ति गरित्य úbikt-gúnit, s. f. Arithmetic of unknown quantities, algebra.

अविदल fibichul, adj. Motionless, immovable, unmoved, unshaken, resolute, firm.

अविचार úbichar, s. m. Want of consideration; injustice.

अविचारी ubi-charee, m. adj. Desti-अविचारियो ubi-charinee, f.) tute of consideration or reflection; unjust (woman or man). अविद्या úbidya, s. f. Ignorance.

अधिनय úbinuy, s. m. Pertness, wantenness, want of submission.

loss, safety.

स्विनाशी ubináshee, adj. Safe, entire, free from loss; everlasting, eternal, undecayable, imperishable.

अधिनीत ubinéet, adj. Wanton, pert, petulant.

afan úbindoo, adj. Without dot or nasal character.

अविजेश thibek, s. m. Want of discrimination, indiscretion.

अविवेकता ubibektá, s. f. Indiscreetness,

अधिककी úbibekee, adj. Indiscreet, inconsiderate, void of discretion.

व्यक्ति। without contention; tranquillity, quietness.

अविरोधी úbirodhèe, m. ) adj. Quiet, अविरोधिनी úbirodhinee j. ) tranquil.

অবিশ্ব úbilumb, s. m. Quickness, diligence. অবিশ্বান úbishwas, s. m. Want of confi-

dence, distrust, incredulity.

অনিসামিন úbishwasine, f. out confi-অনিসামিনী úbishwasinee, f. dence, dis-

अधियन fibisun, adj. Without desire, indif-अभी ubée, adv. Now, exactly now.

खुर्नेह्न úbooddhi, s. f. Ignorance. adj. Ignorant, stupid.

अबुद्धिमान ubooddhi-man, adj. Unwise,ignorant, foolish.

अनुभ fiboodh, adj. Stupid, foolish, igno-अनुभ fiboojh, rant, void of understanding.

tempt) Holla! you fellow! you rascal! sirrah.

अहोध úbodh, s. m. Ignorance, stupidity, adj. Ignorant, stupid; puzzled, perplexed.

अवीधगब्द्य fibodh-gumyuh, adj. Incomprehensible. [blo.

अबोधनीय úbodh-néeyuh,adj. Unintelligi-अबोख úbol, adj. Silent.

the moon; a conch; a tree (Eugenia acutangula); the physician of the gods; a large number, million of millions.

offer abdhi, s. m. The ocean.

अध्यक्षम ubdhi-kúph, s. m. Cuttle-fish

स्वस्त्रित ubdh-yúgri s.m. Submarine fire. स्थल úbhukt, s. f. Want of desire or faith, disregard, indifference, not believing, not attached to. यभित úbhukti, s. f. Incredulity, unbelief, want of devotion to.

अभितासान् úbhukti-mán,adj. Unbelieving, undevoted to.

অমহা übhuy, adj. Fearless, undaunted.
s.m. The root of a fragrant grass (Andropoyon muricatum).

अभवदान úbhuy-dán, ] s. m. Assurance of अभवदान úbhuy-vák, } safety or protection, encouragement.

सम्बा abhuyá, s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalia citrina).

क्रमर्या ubhūrun, s. m. Jewels, ornaments, decoration.

Thurum fibhurum, adj. Without credit or respect or character, disgraced, dishonoured.

Thhurum kurna, v. a. To disgrace.

अभाग übhaga, m. Misfortune, adversity. अभागा übhaga, m. adj. Unfortu-त्रभागिनी übhaginec, f. ante, destitute, अभागी übhagee, f. wretched, forlora.

Tufortunate, wretched. Misfortune. adj.

THIE abhar, adj. Light (not heavy).

सभाव úbhao, s. m. Non-existence, nonentity, a deficiency; annihilation, death.

জানি úbhí, prep. Before (in time and place), against, with respect to; (it is the reverse of অনু

खिनार ubhichar, s. m. An incantation to destroy.

অদিজিত fibhijit, e.m. A division of time, the eighth moohoortt or hour; the 21st constellation or lunar asterism.

विभाग ubhidhán, s. m. A name, an appellation; a vocabulary, a dictionary.

अभिनव ubhinou, adj. Recent, new.

अभिन्न úbhinn, adj. Undivided. s. m. An integer, a whole number.

चित्राच ubhipráyuh, s. m. Meaning, intention, desigu, wish, purpose, desire, scope, sentiment, opinion, sense; the main purport of a book.

or prostration to a person addressed by name; also, an opprobrious or unfriendly speech.

व्यक्तिभूत ubhibhóot, adj. Subdued, defeated, humbled, overcome.

यभित्रत fibhimut, adj. Approved, chosen; wished, desired; agreed, accepted; assented to. यभित्रता ubhimutté, s. f. Desire, love;

करियान ubhiman, s. m. Pride, haughtiness, self-conceit, arrogance.

agreeableness, desirableness.

अभिमानता ubhimanta, s. f. Pride, arro,

अभिसान्य ubhimānyuh, } adj. Proud-अभिसान्य ubhimānyuh, } haughty,

विश्व ubhimóokh, adj. Present, facing, in front of, approaching.adn. Towards; infront or presence of.

अभिमुखता ubhimookhtá, r. f. Presence, proximity.

व्यक्तिया ubhilásh, m. े s. Wish, desire, व्यक्तिया ubhilásha, f. inclination.

अभिनाको ubhilashée, adj. Wishing, desiring.

अभिवाद ubhivad, s. m. Opprobrious or unfriendly speech.

अभिवादन ubhivádun, s. m. Obeisance, a bow or prostration to a person adressed by name. अभिवास ubhishíkt, adj. A nointed to office.

installed, imbued with, inaugurated, enthroned.

Figure ubhishek, s. m. Bathing, sprinkling; the word is often used for initiation, royal unction, &c., sprinkling with the water of the Ganges, or water in which various articles have been immersed, being an essential part of the rites; also, for a religious ceremony, including the presentation of a variety of articles, fruits, gems, &c., along with water or fluid substances, for the bathing of the idol to which worship is offered.

अभिगारिका űbhi-sárika, adj. f. A woman who makes or keeps an assignation, a lewd weman,

अभिशारिकी ubhisarinée, f. } adj. Going अभिशारी ubhisaree, m. } to an appointment or assignation.

and abhée adv. Just now, exactly now, immediately, instantly, presently, already.

जमीत übheet, adj Fearless, undaunted. जमीति ubheeti, s. f. Fearlessness.

जभी जिस्त ubhéespit, adj. Beloved, desir-जभी ubhéesht, ded, wished for. जभ úbhoon, adv. Hitherto, yet.

war a tibhoot, adj. Non-existent, not existing, not past.

जभर ubhed, adj. Alike, indiscriminate, जभर ubheo, indivisible, inseparable, impenetrable; known, public.s. m. A similarity; identity, absence of difference or distinction.

awish ubhójyuh, adj. Unfit to be eaten, not eatable.

अध्यागत ubhiyágut, e. m. A guest, a visitor. adj. Arrived.

exercise, the frequent repetition of a thing in order to fix it on the mind.

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खाबारी ubhiyasee adj. Studious, practising, exercising, repeating.

was ubhr, s. m. The sky or atmosphere, a cloud, tale.

was ubhruk, s.m. The mineral substance called talc.

अमकादमका úmka-dhúmka, ) s.m. Trifles, असकाधसका úmka-dhúmka, f trifling; a person of little estimation.

असङ्ख timungul, s.m. A disaster,a calamity, an evil omen, inauspiciousness, ill luck. adj. Inauspicious, unlucky, evil.

असचर umchoor, s. m. Parings of the mangoe dried in the sun.

असम्बद्ध úmunooshyuh, adj. Unmanly.

अभन् अता umunooshtá, s. f. Unmanliness. अननीनीत umunoneet, adj. Disapproved; reprobate.

असनीयोग úmunojog, s. m. Inattention. अमनीयोगी umunojógee, adj. Inattentive. असनी हर úmunohur, adj. Disagrecable. displeasing, unattractive.

अभवार úmumta, s. f. Disinterestedness, indifference, stoicism.

wer timur, adj. Immortal, exempt from death, long-lived, everlasting; the Deity; the name of a Sunskrit lexicographer.

अस्ता umurtá, s. f. Immortality.

असरपट umur-púd, s. m. The state of an immortal, immortality.

water a umur-lok, s. m. Heaven, the region of immortality.

असरा úmra, 8 m. The hog-plum (Spondias magnifera).

असराई umráce, s.f. A garden of mangoe

waterd imur-awutee, s. f. The capital or celestial city of Indr.

असन्त umroot, s. f. A guava (Psydium pyriferum).

अमर्खाद úmurjad, ) s. f. Disrespect, in-अमर्थादा úmurjada / dignity, dishonour slight, affront.

आगल timul, s. m. Intoxication. adj. Pure, clean, bright.

ख्रान्तास umultás, ε. m. Cassia fistula. अभनपंदी úmul-púttee, s. f. A kind of stitching.

अमिनि úmulin, adj. Clean, pure.

जमास्य umátyuh, s. m. A minister, counsellor, a senator, a statesman, an adviser.

अभाना umána, v. n. To be contained, to go into.

अक्षानी úmance, adj Incredulous, inattentive; without pride, humble, modest.

अमान्य úmanyuh, ady. Incredi-जमाननीय umanunéeyuh, ble.

असावट umawut, s. m. The inspissated juice of the mangoe.

अभावस umawushyuh, } s. f. The consun and moon, the change of the moon or day of new moon.

Marz umit adj. Indelible, not defaced. अभित úmit, adj. Unmeasured.

अभी timee, s. f. The water of life, nectar. अन्य úmook, adj. Such a one, a certain person.

अस्त्य úmookhyuh, adj. Inferior, ordinary. अमृत्त úmoortt, adj. Formless, shapeless, unembodied.

sure amool, adj. Destitute of a root or A umrit, s. m. The food of the gods. ambrosia, nectar; immortality, any thing sweet, water, wine, a guava; final emancipation.

अस्त्रता umrittá, e. f. Immortality.

च्चनी úmritee, adj. Nectarious. s. f. A. kind of cloth.

अक्षेत्र umédbyuh, s.m. Fæces, excrement. अभोध umogh, adj. Productive, fruitful; infallible, effectual.

अमील umól, adj. Invaluable.

ब्राब्द umb, s. m A mangoe, a mangoe tree. agera úmbut, adj. Sour.

अकताना umbutána, v.n. To grow sour, to be acidulated.

egrat úmbur, s. m. The sky or atmossphere; clothes, apparel; a perfume(Ambergris).

अस्मराई úmbur-áec, s. f. A mangoe orchard or grove.

ख्या umba, s.f. Mother.

warren umbaree, s. f. A canopy, a litter used on an elephant or carnel.

व्यक्तिका úmbika, s.f. A name of Bhuwánec wife of Siv.

खिन्दा úmbiya s. f. A small unripe manand umboo, s. m. Water.

खुब्द र्य úmbooj, ा s. m. The lotus (Nym-

wall's umbhoj, f phæa nelumbo). बाबी amból, adj. Silent, speechless.

egegt úmma, s. f. Mother.

The hog-plum (Spondias magnifera).

ख्या umroot, s. m. A guave (Psydium pyriferum).

uml, adj. Acid, sour. s. m. Sourness, acidity.

war umltá, s. f. Sourness, acidity.

अन्तान úmlau, s.m. Globe amaranth (Gomphrena globosu). adj. Clean, clear.

अवतन újutun, adj. Without endeavour, easy, without pains.

सवदार्थ újutharth, adj. Improper ; un-

खदन dyun, s. m. A road, a path; the half year, i. e. the sun's course north or south of the equator.

अवसे újush, s. m. Dishonour, infamy.

अवाना nyana, adj. Ignorant, unknowing, witless, simple.

अयुत्त újookt, adj. Unfit, incompatible s.m. Violence, oppression, compulsion.

ख्यत újoot, adj. Ten thousand.

बर्बाड्य ujógyuli, adj. Unfit, incompatible, incompetent, unable, unsuitable.

अयोज्याता ujogyuta, s.f. Unfitness,unsuitableness, incongruity, impropriety.

against. s. f. The capital of Ram, the modern Oude. [casia.

write uruee, s. f. The root of Arum colowrite urkut, s. f. Vigilance, activity, cleverness, ingenuity. [Arcot.

अरकार urkát, s.m. A city in the Dükkhin, अरकारी urkátee, s. m. A pilot. adj. Belonging to Urkát, or Arcot. Urkátee roopnya, An Arcot rupes.

जार जिल úrukshit,adj. Unprotected,undefended.

with a furgula, s. m. A perfume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several scented ingredients.

आरमजी urgújee, adj. Dyed with úrguja, (as garments, &c.)

सर्गा úrga, adj. Separate, apart, distinct. सरगाई urgáce, s. f. Being silent.

अर्गाना urgana, v. a. To separate, put on

one side. v. n. To be separated, set apart.

आर urugh, । s. m. An oblation of eight engli urgh, ingredients offered to a god or a brahman.

START urujima, v. n. To be ravelled or intangled, involved (as thread or the hair, or met. the heart); to be bound (as in fetters, &c.); to quarrel without cause or unreasonably.

buffalo; cow dung found dried in the forest, (used as fuel by the native apotheraries in the preparation of medicines.)

बर्गी úrnee, s. f. A female wild buffalo. बर्गेड úrund, s. m. The tree from which castor-oil is made (Ricinus vulgaris or Palma Christi).

Palma Christi.

कर्मा urunyúh, s.m. A forest, a wilderness. करना úrna, v. n. To stop, hesitate.

अर्पना urupna, v. n. To present an offering.

चरवराना urburana, v. n. To hurry, be confused, confounded, perplexed, agitated, embarrassed.

खर्गिक्ट् urwind, s.m. The lotus (Namphæa nelumbo).

करवी urwee, s. f. A species of Arum, the root of which is used for food (Arum colocusia); called also, ghóyan, ghóoyan, and in Bengal, kuchchoa.

with urus, adi. Without juice, sapless, insipid, tasteless; dull, flat (as a composition).

खरसद्दा ursútta, s. m. Guess, conjecture, valuation, appraisement; a mediator, a broker.

अरमीनना urséelch-nyna, ad. Having weak eyes, with eyes as if just awake.

बरहर úrhut, s. m. An engine for raising water.

sus cajan). A kind of pulse (Cyti-

arram úrajuk, adj. Destitute of a king (a country).

चराधना urádhna, v. n. To worship, adore. चरारा urára, s. m. Marks of nails left after scratching.

aft úri, s. m. An enemy.

Witz urisht, s.m. Garlick, the neemb tree (Melia azad-dirachta), a crow, good fortune, happiness, minfortune, sign or symptom of death.

at aree, f. interj. (used in calling to or addressing, commonly in a disrespectful way), Ho! O! hear, you!

walfa úreeti, s. f. Unpoliteness, incivility, bad manners,

आक् úroo, conj. And.

अक्षर्द úrocee, s. f. Sickness of stomack arising from pregnancy.

wafe úreochi, a f. Sickness at stomach, nausea; aversion, dislike; want of appetite, disrelish, disgust.

अक्ष úroon, s. m. The sun; the dawn; the colour of the dawn, dark red.

चार्याई uroonáce, s. f. The dawn; the colour of the dawn, dark red.

व्यादिय úroen-óduy, s. m. The first appearance of the dawn, break of day. अक्षोधन uroon-opul, s. m. A ruby.

आहम úroos, s. m. A medicinal plant or tree, (Justicia adhatoda and gandarussa).

wi ureh, m. interj. (used in calling to or addessing, commonly in a disrespectful way), Holla ho! O! hear you!

चार्च ureb, s. m. Guilt.

त्रोग uróg, adj. Free from disease, healthy, well. s. m. Health.

अरोगो urógee, adi. Well, in health.

सर्वे urk, s. m. The sun; a plant (Calatropis gigantea), swallow-wort (Asclepias gigantea).

खर्कदिन urk-din, s. m. A solar day.

अर्बमग्डन urk-mundul, s. m. The disc of the sun.

अर्भवर्ष urk-vúrsh, s. m. A solar year.

अर्कोश urk-áns, s. m. A digit or twelfth of the sun's disc.

चकरिक्सन -urk-ashmun, s.m. A crystal lens ; a ruby.

श्रकीयल urk-ópul, s. m. The sun-stone ; a ruby; a crystal lens.

भाजा úrguja,s.m. A perfume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several scented ingredients.

अर्शनी tirgujee, adj. Dyed with tirguja (as garments, &c.).

व्यक्ति úrgunee, s. m. A rope stretched, or a wooden rod or bamboo placed horizontally for drying clothes on or for similar purposes.

The urgh, s. m. Mode of worship; an oblation of eight ingredients to a god or a brah min; act of pouring out water in honour of a deity (the sum, moon, &c.) while performing worship; price, value.

सर्घो úrgha, s. m. A vessel shaped like a boat, used by the Hindoos for performing libation in their worship of idols.

was urchuk, adj. Worshipping, a worshipper, an adorer.

यदेन। úrchuna, v. a. To worship, honour, treat with ceremony. s. f. Worship, the homage paid to deities and to superiors.

ৰূষী urcha, s. f. Worship, adoration; an image.

अधि úrchi, a.m. Flame ; light, splendour, radiance.

अचित urchit, adj. Worshipped, reverenced, respected, saluted.

अजन urjun, s. m. Act of acquiring ; gain, acquisition.

अर्जना úrjuna, v. a. To gain, acquire.

आज न úrjoon. s. m. A celebrated hero, the third son of Pandoo; a tree (Terminalia alata glabra).

खर्गा व urnuv, s. m. The ocean.

खतें बा úrtula, s. m. A patron, a protector.

Truth, s. m. Intention, purpose, object, design, motive; sake, cause; meaning, signification, acceptation; property, wealth, goods, riches substance; request, begging. Tupusyárth, For devotion's sake, for devotional purposes.

which teaches how to obtain things, as friends,

money, or any other object.

अवस्ति urth-síddhi, s. f. Success.

अर्थोत urthat, adv. That is to say, viz.

चार्यान्तर urth-antur, s. m. Another mean-

बर्धी urthee, adj. Supplicating, craving, desirous, the having an object to accomplish; selfinterested, designing. s. m. A petitioner. s. f. A bier.

अर्थीया urthéeya, s. m. A follower,a client, a protegee, a person recommended.

अद्भित् urdawa, s. m. Coarsely-ground

अद्भेस urdás, s. f. Representation, offering to a deity.

चाई urddh, adj. Half.

बर्द चन्द्र urddh-chúndr, A crescent, a halfmoon, a semicircle.

अर्बुभाग urddh-bhág, s. m. A half.

अर्द्धराह्य urddh-rátr, s. f. Midnight.

सदीक urddhang, s. m. Half the body; palsy affecting one side or the upper or lower part of the body, hemiplegia.

अद्भेद्धी urddhangee, adj. One afflicted with the hemiplegia s. f. A wife.

delivering, entrusting; an offering. Urpun burna, v. a. To present an offering, deliver, entrust.

अपना úrpna, v. a. To present an offering. अब urb, adj. One hundred millions. Urb khurb, Innumerable.

अवित urbak, adj. Low, inferior, vile. adv. Former, prior in time.

अबेद úrbood, adj. One hundred millions. अभेज úrbhuk, s. m. A child, a pupil.

sound (as from the discharge of artillery or the fall of a building).

अर्देना urrana, v. n. To produce a continued sound (as a mill; the word being an imitation of the wound).

anun urshpursh, s. m. Partial bathing (throwing a very little water on the head with one's hand instead of dathing), sprinkling or aspersion; act of touching. अर्हन firhunt, s. m. A soogát or follower of the doctrines of Booddh.

खनं कार ulunkár, s.m. Ornament (of dress), trinket, jewel; rhetorick.

चारकत ulunkrit, ady. Adorned, ornamented, embellished.

अज्ञेग tilung, adj. Naked. s. f. Side, way, corner, entrenohments. Is ulway, On this side.

was viluk, s. f. A ringlet, curl or lock of hair.

rans from the Himaluy mountains, and falls into the Ganges near Scienugur.

ज्ञलकाविज úluk-avuli, s. f. A row of side curis. [omen.

अनुवा tilukshun, s. m. A bad sign or ill अनुवा दी tilukshunee, adj. Unfortunate, ill-fated.

অৱৰ úlukh, adj. Invisible, unseen; a ব্যৱস্থ úluksh, form of salutation among a class of meudicants.

अन्य filug, adj. Separate, apart, dis-अन्य filga, tinct, loose, aloof, aside, asunder; unconfined. Uniquing, adv. Separately. अन्यक्षा filug-thfilug, adv. Apart.

अलगनी úlgunee, s. f. A line for hanging clothes on.

अनुना धीga, adj. Separate, apart, distinct, free, loose, unconfined s. m. A sandal.

अनगाई ulgáce, s. f. Separation.

खनगाना ulgána, v.a. To separate, disjoin, put on one side

dress), trinket, jewel; rhetorick.

अलङ्कत ulunkrit, ady. Adorned, ornamented, embellished.

ञाङ ulung, adj. Naked. s. f. Side, way, corner, entrenchments. Is ulung, This nide.

चलड्डान्ड् úlur-búlur, s.f. Trifling talk or employment.

अवतनी filtunee, s. f. The rope round the neck of an elephant in which the driver puts his feet as in stirrups.

जाता alta, ) s.m. Cotton strongly im-जाजा alta, } pregnated with the dye of lac ready to be used for dyeing, &c. (principally used by the Hindoo women for staining their feet red).

जनविष्या ulbél-púna, s. m. Foppishness, spruceness, airs and blaudishments.

चडरेबा ulbéla, adj. Artless, simple, innocent s. m. A fop, a beau.

ৰাজৰ ulum, adj. Enough, abundance; able, adequate or equal to.

अनुस úlus, s. m. Laziness, sloth, idleness, drowsiness, inactivity. adj. Lazy, idle, indolent. अनुसाना पडिकास, v. n. To doze, be drowsy; to slacken.

अन्ति filsee, s.f. Linseed (Linum usitatissimum ).

खनाप ulap, s. m. Discourse, conversation. E. f. Preinde to singing.

स्य नामना ulapna, v. n. To tune the voice, to run over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, to sing, tune.

खलाव uláv, s. m. A bonfire.

यांच tili, s. m. A large black bee, a scorpion, an Indian cuckoo (Cuculus indicus ),a crow, spirituous liquor.

well ulee, s.m. A large black bee, fabled to be enamoured of the lotus. s. f. A female friend.

चरीक uleek, s. m. Falsehood, untruth, any thing displeasing or disagreeable. adj. False, unpleasing.

ब्रह्मशाबन्धा ulyya-bulyya, s. f. Sacrifice, victim; lighted wisps with which the Hindoos divert themselves at the season of the dewales.

अनो कर्न úlokun, s. m. Disappearance, invisibility.

अलोगा úlona, ) adj. Not salt, fresh, salt-अलोगा úlona, । less, insipid.

बारोप ulop, adj. Concealed, defaced, retired, run out, destroyed; apparent.

अलोपना ulópna, v. a. To conceal, hide one's self, lie hid.

खनोन ulól, s, f. Gambol (generally applied to a horse ). adj. Steady.

अस्तिक स्थित प्रतिक्षिपाठी, s. f. Gambols, playsomeness, wantonness.

अवीतिक úloukik, adj. Unpopular, not

अल्प ulp, adj. Little, small, few, short.

जलता ulp-tá, s.f. Smallness, minuteness; inferiority, insignificance.

अल्प्रभाव alp-prubhao, adj. Insignificant, of little weight or consequence.

अल्प्रमाण ulp-praman, adj. Of little authority.

অব্যাহনাথেক filp prumšnuk, adj. Credulous, resting on little evidence; of little weight or authority.

अल्पबल úlp-bul, adj. Feeble, of little strength.

चल्य विक úlp-bóoddhi, adj. Ignorant, silly,

अस्पनात्र ulp-matr, s. m. A little, a little only; a short time, a few moments.

अल्पश्राति ulp-shukti, adj. Weak, feeble.

अत्याद् ulp-ayoo, adj. Short-lived ; young, of few years.

mious. a. m. Moderation, abstinence.

बह्माद्वाते ulp-aharée, adj. Moderate, ab-

अञ्चाना ullána, v. n. To bawl, scream, squeak.

चार प्राप्त ulhur, adj. Young, untaught (animat), unskilful.

wewer ulhana, v. n. To rejoice, to be cheerful

जनस्या allaysa, a f. Name of a ragince or masical mode.

walnu uvuntika, s. f. Name of a city,

away: it is the reverse of agg and is sometimes mad to denote deprivation, disgrace, disjunction, &c.

wastw uvukásh, s. m. Leisure, opportunity; interval, space.

अवनेशी uvukéshee, adj. Barren.

खबरत uvugút, adj. Known, understood. खबरति uvugúti, e. f. Knowledge in general.

अवगान uvugáh, े s.m. Bathing ablu-

अवगीत uvugéet, ad. Detested, reproached, wicked, vile. s. m. Reproach, biame.

अवस्य úvugoon, े s. m. Defect, blemish, भौरावा óugoon, े vice.

अवता uvugya, s. f. Contempt, despite, disregard, disrespect.

खबतरना uvutúrna, v. a. To descend, especially as an incarnation of the Deity.

nation, especially of a deity from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the mythological incarnations of Vishnoo in ten principal forms, viz. Mútsya, a fish; Kuchchhūp, a tortoise; Vurāh, a boar; Nrisingh, a man-tion; Vāmun, a dwarf; Pursoorām; Ram; Krishn; Boodh; and Kūlkee; a pious or distinguished person, in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Uvutār, a descent or incarnation of the deity; a teerth or sacred place; translation, translating; crossing.

water uvudeech, s. m. A tribe of Goog-

and a woudh, s. f. Agreement, promise, engagement; the province of *Ujoddhya* or *Qude*. against uvudhan, adj. Cautious, attentive. s. m. Caution, attention.

अविध úvudhi, s. m. Limit. adv. As far as, as long as.

अविध úvudhi, s. m. The ocean.

अवस्य uvudhyub, adj. Not fit to be slaugh-

ञ्चल uvum, adj. Low, vile, inferior.

अवत्व uvuyuv, s. m. A limb, a member.

sacts uvurodh, s. m. The seraglio of a palace, the queen's apartment, a place, a covering; hindrance, obstruction.

द्वाराज्य uvulumb, s. m. Asylum, protection. adj. Depending, hanging down.

ज्यानिक्त úvu-lúmbit, adj. Quick, expeditious; alighting, descending; protected, cherished. जया विश्व úvu-lókun, s. m. View, sight, the looking at any object, the surveying of any

अवसीकना úvu-lókna, v. a. To see

अवसोवित tivu-lokit, s. m. A Jyn saint.

and ivush, adj. Subject to another;

staffur uvushisht, adj. Left, remaining.

was uvushyuh, adv. Certainly, necessa-

स्वयुक्त uvushyük, adj. Necessary, inevitable, indispensable.

अवस्थानता uvushyukta, s. f. Necessity,

खनसर ávusur, } s. m. Occasion, time, op-चानर биsur, portunity, leisure, a moment.

अवसान uvusan, s. m. Conclusion, termination, cessation; death, boundary, limit.

अवस्तता uvustootá, s. f Insubstantiality, unreality.

ब्रह्मा úvustha, s.f. State, condition, any particular state varying with the progress of time, as youth, age, &c.

अवाद uváce, s. f. Approach, advance; a saddle-cloth adorned with fringes, &c.

खबान्य uváchyuh, adj. Dumb, speechless, खबार uvár, s. f. Delay; injustice, tyranny. खबिबल úvichul, adj. Motionless, unmoved, unshaken, resolute, firm.

wfeelt uvichar, s. m. Want of judgment or discrimination, want of consideration, injustice.

स्विचारित uvicharit, adj. Ill judged or investigated, unconsidered.

व्यक्ति uvicharee, m. adj. Desti-व्यक्ति uvicharinee, f. tute of connideration or reflection, unjust (woman or man).

afagr úvidya, s. f. Iguorance.

अधिनय uviny, s. m. Pertness, wantonness, want of submission.

afairm avinash, e. m. Exemption from loss, safety.

खनिनाभी úvinashee, adj. Safe, entire, free from loss, everlasting, eternal.

A far ta uvineet, ads. Misbahaving, acting ill or improperly.

अविनीता uvinéeta, s. f. An nnehaste or disloyal woman.

व्यक्ति uvindoo, adj. Without point or dot.

खबिराध úvirodh, s. m. Without contention, tranquillity, quietness.

अविशीधनी úvirodhinee, f.) adj. Quiet, J tranquil.

व्यविरोधी úvirodhee, m. अविकास úvilumb, s. m. Quickness, dili-

व्यविवादी uvivadee, adj. Not disputations.

खाविक uvivek, s. m. Want of discrimination or judgment, indiscretion.

व्यक्तिवा úvivekta s. f. Indiscreetness, indiscretion, inconsiderateness, imprudence, want of judgment.

sufue of fivivekee, ad). Indiscreet, inconsiderate, void of discretion, undiscriminating.

wfavia avishesh, s. m. A want of distinction adj. Indiscriminate.

wife are uvishwas, s. m. Want of confidence, distrust, incredulity, unbelief, suspi-

ख्रविश्वासी úvishwasee, m. adj. With-

अविश्वासिन úvishwasin, f. out confi-खिकासिनी úvishwasinee, f. dence dis-

trustful, unbelieving, mistrustful. afaq úvish, adj. Anti-venomous antidote, not poisonous

अवर uver, s. f. Delay, lateness.

जु ब्यूक्त úvyukt, s. m. The Supreme Being, or Universal Spirit; the soul; nature, temperament. adj. Indistinct, unapparent, invisible, imperceptible.

आध्य uvyúy, s. m. An indeclinable word, a particle; a name of Vishnoo. adj. Economical, parsimonions.

अव्यवस्था úvyuvustha,adj. Irregular, without rule.

ब्रुवर्गस्वत úvyuvusthit, adj. Not regulated, undisciplined, not put in order.

warfen úvyúvuhit,adj. Not interposed. joined, united

warrand dvyakool, adj. Calm, firm, composed.

saria uvyapti, s. f. The not diffusing itself. adj. Not pervading.

www ashukeen, s. m. A bad omen, a pertent.

अप्रकृति úshukoonee, adj. Portentous, ill-

अश्रज्ञ ushukt, adj. Unable, incompetent, powerless.

warfar úsbukti, s. f. Inability, incapability, weatness, impotence.

www. ishukyuh, adi Impossible, impracticable.

अध्युन ushugoon, s. m. A bed omen, a portent.

अक्रमनी ushugoonee, adj. Portentous, ill-

अशह úshunk, adi. Fearless, undannted ; secure, certain.

www ushun, a m. Eating, food; also the Asses tree on which the fuser silk-worm feeds - (Terminolia alata tomentosa).

warter ushurun, adj. Without shelter, helplass.

warfiff ashurceree, all Incorporeal.

warren ushant, adj. Restless, anxious, unresigned.

अभाक्ति ushanti,s. f. Anxiety, restlessness. खगावल ushawunt, adj. Fearful, unquiet, pitiful.

अभावरी ushawaree,s. f. A raginee or musical mode; a kind of pigeon, a sort of cotton cloth.

क्रमास्त्र úshastr, adj. Unlawful, illegal, irregular, inconsistent.

ब्रास्कीच ushastreevuh, adj. Contrary to law, inconsistent with the rules of science.

अधिकित úshikshit, adj. Untaught, igno-

The ushisht, adj. Unpolite, undisciplined,unpolished,ungoverned, neglected,under the dominion of evil habits arising from a neglected education, rude, barbarous, savage, profligate.

ख भागाता tishoogoon, s. m. A bad omen, a portent.

waif wishoochi, adj. Impure, foul, un-

clean (coremonially). s. f. Impurity. innomirate, mistaken. Ushooddhya, adj. One who speaks or reads wrong.

अश्रुद्धता úsheoddhta, s. f. Inaccuracy, uncleanness, impurity.

The ushoobh, adj. Unfavourable, inauspicious, unbecoming, unpropitious, bad, evil. s. m. Misfortune, calamity, inauspiciousness, unhappiness, distress.

war ushesh, adj. Boundless, endless, infinite, entire, all,

अभोक tishok, adj. At ease, unmolested. s. m. Ease, tranquillity; cheerfulness, a plant (Jonesia asoca).

will ushoch, s. m. Content, tranquillity, the absence of care.

eleganus adi. Shapaless, ill-made, ugly-

कर्मी a úshouch, s.m. Impurity ; incurning सन्तरन ushuán, s.m. Bathing.

(the discase); strangury.

ma úshr, s. m. A tear.

ब्रह्म úshruddha, e. f. Aversion, fisgust, loathing, convempt; distrust, disbelief.

or lunar married containing 5 store.

www.m nshlók, s. m. Verse, distich.

ary úshwuh, s. m. A horse.

न्द्रभञ्जा fishwuh-gundha, a f. A plant (Physalis fiezwana).

Figure religiosa).

exaufa ushwuputi, s. m. Lord or muster of horse, a person of rank attended by horsemen, a horseman.

employments secretice of a horse; this secrifice is one of the highest order, and when performed a hundred times entitled the secrificer to the dominion of sourger paradise; it appears to have been originally typical; the horse sed other namels being simply bound during the performance of certain ceremonies; the actual sacrifice is an introduction of a later period.

mansion.

अञ्चार ushwuvar, s. m. A horseman.

अञ्चल úshwushāla, e.f. A stable.

ware a mahv-arcorn, adj. Mounted on a horse, s. m. A horsenan.

constellations in the moon's path, hence, considered its prayerings in consists of 3 store in the head of Aries, and is so named from Dakenth, a horse, because represented by a symbol of a horse's head.

nate usharh, a m. The Hindoo third so lar nonth (Iwae July, during which the com in metromic, and the full moon is near Utharha & 912) more proceedy called Paure share a carrier or Vottor-which a Successful of constellation in Sagitares.

work usharhee, a f. Day of the full moon in Ushark.

are usht, adj. Eight.

we will usht-dhatoo.s.m. The eight metals, reckened as follows by the Hindoos viz., gold. silver, copper, brass, tin, bell-metal, leadand ron.

are una distance of iron and others, a compound of eight metals.

Are used asht-prohum, adj. Incressant, un-

remitting, the whole day and night.

a white face, tail, breast and hoofs; a collection of eight broky things to be assembled on certain occasions, as at a commation, &c., as a lion, bull, an elophant, a water jar, a fan, a flag, a trumpet, and a lamp; or a brokenin, a cow, fire, gold, ghee, the sur, water, and a king.

we'll dishtmnee, s. f. The eighth day of

atfers fisht siddhi, s. m. The eight sulahis, a superior order of beings, a personification of the powers and lases of nature; when
they are subjected to the will by holiness and
ansterities, whatever the fancy desires, may, it is
said, be obtained; universal sovereignty may be
acquired, and implicit obedience to any command enforced; the magnitude, weight, or tavity
of the body may be rendered invisible, and transported in an instant to any part of the universe.

Strry ushtang, a.m. Eight parts of man, viz. the hands, feet, thighs, breast, eyes, head, words and mind.

tration in substance prunain. s. m. Prostration in substation or adoration, so as to touch the ground with the eight principal pures of man, viz., the hands, fact, thigh, breast, ages, beat, words and mind.

weren ushtadush, adj. Eighteen.

with deunkhyuh, ach. Countless, inau-

winn daungut, adj. Improper, absurd, bad. futy-

चन्द्रीय damijog, a.m. Want of opportu-

www. uskut, s. f. Drewsiness, slothful-

अनुवारी tiskutes, naj. Drowsy, lazy.

were fisguidh, see. A plant used medicinally (Physalis Secuses).

per, not good or fit, not respectable or of good family.

exert fisut, with Unboly, ungodfy, nonexistent, nation, false.

rated fistitee, coli. Disloyal, or ancheste

Toward isutyub, adj. Untrue, false a m. Unwath.

were't usutyee, adj. Liar, untrue.

with usin, am. A tree (Terminalicalate tomentose).

Barta usuntolde, ] v.m. Discontent dis-

pleasure. असन्ताम fisuntosh, J

कसन्भान usumuan, e.m. Disrespect.

True daubhyuh, adi Rude, antit for soenerg, impolite.

चार्अञ्चल tismunjus, em. Doubt, suspense, uncertainty; unconformity, disparity, difference,

wanta Gammuy, ada. Out of season, premature, s. m. A time of misfortune, an improper time, a time of distress.

gener dammerth, adj. Powerless, feeble, weak; unable, imcompetent.

werry fishmen, edj. Different; unlike; unaqual.

ereary decempt, ag. Unfinished, incomplete.

wearfy usumapu, s. f. Incompleteness.

any and usumpoon, ad, incomplete, not

बहुम्बू úsmebuddh, adj. Not joined or eracia úsumbhuv,adj. Uncommon, incom-

sistent, incompatible improbable, unlikely, onressonable.

www. dammut,adj. Dissentient, differing from; averse, contrary.

savafa éscurrenti, s.f. Disseut, difference of opinion; distrike, aversion.

STEET Summan, s. m. Disrespect, disgrace.

warm asurun, ado Unprotected, helpless. wax es úsultúji, adi. Jutolerable, in-

sufferable अस्त्रम usuhun, adi. Impatient, not bear-

ing with, amable to endure.

धारहरीय usubunceyuh, adj. Unbearable. insufferable

अस्तु usahujyah, adi. Intolerable, an bearaide.

Strera usakshat adv. Not in the presence of, in the absence of.

बस्ति usakshee, E.m. False testimony, without evidence.

Weren usakshyuh, s. m. A want of testilacey, add. Without credit or reputation.

warm usakh, adj. Without credit or reputation.

असाखी usakhee, a.m. False testimony, without evidence.

were usath, adj. Addicted to bad com-

warren daathee, n.b. Upstart, stranger, unknown person.

and a suntoosht, ady. Discontented, | ward usaddh, ads. Without debre or

warm usadh, adj. Evil-minded; without desire or energy; lazy.

wars deathdo, adj. Unrighteous, but, immorat, wicked.

TWIST headboots, s. & Wickedness.

worse deadhyuh, adj Trable, weak, incapable; impossible, incurable.

works usamurth, adj. Powerless, weak. warr dsar, adj. Sapless, pithless; vain, improfitable; hollow (like a recd); footieti, weak of understanding.

spergers assiding, ach. Careless, inndvertens.

warner usavaut, adj. Fearful, unquiet, pitifal

THIST isawiree, a. f. A musical mode; a kind of rigeon; a sort of cotton cloth.

win visi, s. m. A sword, a scimitar.

wifer asiddh, adj. Not effected, invalid, false; unripe; imperfect, incomplete; uniccomplished.

weller (seencha, adj. Not watered, not irrigated (a field, de.).

walker tiseums, adj. Unbounded, unlimitwith usees, s. m. Blesssing, benediction, return of compliment from a Hindoo superior (a brahmun).

setate usecrbád, s. m. A benedictiou, blessing; salutation.

www usoo, s. m. Life, breath; the five vital breathe or airs of the body; reflection thought, or the heart as the sect of it; affection.

चारत úsookh, s. w. Sorrow, uneusineas, restlessness, affliction, pan.

were usockhee, ad Uneasy, unhappy, sorrowful, restless, afficted.

अस्त्रम usoogun, em. Bad omen, a portent. www asouddh, and Incorrect, impure,

inaccurate; mistaken Sur uscon a m. A demon (The Unoors are considered demons of the first order, and in constant hostility with the quith

www asouth adj. Invisible, incorporeal. arear astova, a. f. Detruction, malice,

abinder. अभेदन usevun, s. m. Disobedience, inst-

tention. Usera, s. f. Disabedience. खर्का úson, ade. This year.

with thok, a.m. Ease, tranquillity, cheerfulnoss; a chrab (Jonesia azoca).

wift usog, am. Ease, tranquillity; a tree (Unaria long) folia.

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waln's usoger, ady. At ease, unmolested. we've usoch, ady. Not contrivable, imposaible to be effected by reflection or study, not to be regretted.

water usochee, adj. Careless, indifferent,

unconcerned.

og with usoi, s. m. The sixth solar month. weiter Gobbs, adi. Shapeless, ill-made, oger ust, s. m. Setting of the sun. Um

hone, To set (the sum).

ererer usubyist, adj. Dispersed, scatter ed, confused agitated, perplexed, helter skalter, in confusion.

warran ustichul, n. prop. A mountain in the west, behind which the sun is supposed to set. erent fisteet, & f. Praise, eulogy, glorin-

cation, an anthem, a hyran.

spen ustr, s. m. A missile weapon, a weapon in general.

westagg netr-vidya, a f. The mistary

अ लाबर ostr-ved, s.m. The science of arms and war.

THE THE ISTERICON OF Unamaded, defensewager fisthul, s. m. Place, site, soil, and strong ground; place or stand of a Hindbo mentioned.

wager usthin, s. m. Place, abode, residenoe.

wagar ushawur, ad. Moveable, more ing, not fixed.

erfer ustbi, s. m. A hono.

with a fathi-punjur, a.m. A skeleton. ulturus usthi-bhone, are Afracture; a plant of supposed officacy in hactores (Clarica quadrungslavis).

withing asthibhed, s. m. Fractioning. breaking or wounding a house."

wiver tisthir, mir Restless, mustamity: unetable, uncertain.

ufferent Asthirta, s. f. Unsteadinese, inand lith, her leness, matability.

where untiver, eg. beny, osseous.

with win nethishable at in Dryness and docay of the bones

आंध्यक्ति usthi sundhi s. f. Uniting of a broken bone.

and asthyri, .m. Instability, unsteadi-

saint usneb, adj. Harsh, unkind. s. m. Unkindness, want of allection.

अस्परिकात deputeb neeyub, ad. Impuno, not to be touched.

viewer dapursee, adj. Intangible. wave uspusht, adj. Indistinct.

or or an asprish-yah, adj Not to be touched.

erer or usmorun, a. m. Forgetfulness forgetting.

a wife dearthi, s. f. Want of memory, forgetfulness.

mer nor, a ma A corner; her; blood; a

of a nisri, \* f. Ten millions. equal tissee, ach. Fighty.

ar them, pron. I.

sig thus, ade. Do not, not, no, usy.

There whenker & m. Pride, egotism, arrogance, Langhilmess, conceit.

wastif uhunkaree, ) odi.Haughty.arroerway a ubunkut, A gent proud selfimportant.

a greafir filium-write, s. f. Spiritual ignorance; conceit; self-love.

was thrub, e.m. A reservoir for collecting min-water to water the fields; fuel made of a w-dung.

wester alteralit, ad. Unhappy, sorrowsystem thally the or prope Wife of Catton and daughter of Brussles one of the separate. sper alian, men. Do not, no, nev.

ARTHUR Shalisha, interio Expressive of serprise, phin, plea are, do, ab l'alia!

wafafur thur nishi, ade. Day and night. arest ultin, a. m. Sterob, glue, paste ; Threnty Sed, victoria,

DETERT phirms, e. a. To paste, to staren. off an ahlusuk, adj. Uninjuricus, heroelass, inoffensive, innocuous,

offe at thinsa, & f. Harmlessness, doing injury to nothing

wife this a we A serpont.

wifer thit, v. on Emmity, want of affice tion, ady. Hostile infinical; bureful, projudicial, wis warft thit-keree, day, Adverse, inimical, soding unkindly.

afgarat Chit-mina additating adverse. with the uhi phen . m. The saliva or venour of a saute

with whoer, s. m. A cowherd a cast or wibe whose haziness it is to at land on cows.

ABICATT undernoe. \ A. f. A female of the जहारी uhécree, when tribe, a comherdoss

are theh, I intery. O t sign of the veca-Cive-MET the 1

tess. Canseless, ground-

स्कर uher, s. f. Proy, game, chase, hunt-सर्वे दिया uheriya, ा. m. A sportsman, a

war uheree, I hunter.

racemonus).

बही the inter. O! holls! wonderful!

for playing with the spots on dice.

with albert, ad Infallible indelible, e.m. pres part Remaining, existing, continuing; whole grain, whole grains of rice used in religious ceremonies, fired grain.

was of new takenst tiluk, s. f. The caremany of putting a few grains of rice on the forehes, I of an idea when addressed, or of a brakensa when invited to an entertainment.

www.n ukab-bhag.am A degree of lati-

and úkshuy, adj. Imperishable, undecayable, durable, permanent.

व्यापना ukshny-tá, श. f. Durability, imperishableness.

बहा बहुज ûkshuy-brîksh, a. m. An undeoavsbie tree.

अस्तरको स akshuy-lók, s. m. Heaven, the imperistable world or region.

west 6kshur, s. m. A letter of the al-

चन हो akshurec, ads. Scientific, lettered, writing an elegant hand.

tode or longitude.

erfer ükshi, a.m. An eye.

wfwarer ükshi-tara, s. f. The pupil of the eye.

आर्थी दिस्ती tikshoulines, s. f. A complete army consisting of 109,350 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 charlots, and 21,870 elephants.

### आ

57 A. The second vowel in the Nagree alphabet, nearly corresponding to a in all. A particle of compassion, Ah! Alas!

within a sobhao, a. m. A velcome.

wit: ah, intery. Aye aye I ch aye I

ber; ank, s.m. A numerical figure, a number; a mark, a spot a letter of the alphabet; the flenk or part above the hip; the body; embrace; mark on cloth to shew its price.

safts a book to write down numbers; to value, appraise, examine, approve of.

wing ankree s. f. A tendril, curhus.

mint? takree, s. f. The barb of an arrow, a book, a tenter; a circle.

with which elophants are driven, a good.

duce to subminator, to being to checkenes.

wite ankh, s. f. The eye.

कांस कंसनी wikh-disjunce, s. f. A styc on the eye line.

unter unter ankh anee, u. n. No have an inflammation in the eyes, to be bleaveyed.

कांख विकीको देखनी ankh kiseo kee dekhnee. To receive education in any one's company. आंख विकीसे रोजन करना ankh kiseo seb

आपन जिल्ला स्थान जर्मा ankh kisee seb roshun kurns, To meet (कार्ग) a irlend or person of rank.

wite weard south khataknee, n. n. To have pain in the eyes.

चांस घुरकना ankh ghoorukna, र त. To

खाँख चढ्ना ankh churhna, v. n. To have eyes marked by debauch

आंख चढ़ानो ankh churhanec, n. a. To be argry, to be intoxicated.

wife wears? ankh chumkance, v. a. To make the eyes dance, to roll one's eyes in anger or as a blandishment.

यांचा चीर चीर हेसना ankli cheer cheer dekhus,

कां छ चीर से टेक्स ankhaliferkehidekhna, ) \* a. To look with great attention and deep meditation, or with anger.

are warren such choorance, v.o. (To steal eyes) Not to attend to, to event the eyes through shame, to avoid the sight of any one.

wite from the anth chipance, v. a. (To hide ones eyes. To be ashamed of an improperant wite actuary and thousand, as in (To

more the eye-lids emissify). To have

with the transfer and the thinder kinner, e.a.
To have consolution by meeting friends to be glad.
With the transfer arkin dubdubanen, e.a. The eyes to fill with tears.

कारत रायमी analy dabases, v. a. (To shot one's eyes). To forbid by signs.

आंख दिखामी ankh dikhanee, ) o.a.(To

one's eyes) To frighten, to deter, to browbest. आ र देख ने जान जार आपकारी deknikeh koochh kurna. To do sny thing after consulting the inclination of another, भां स नर्कनी ankh nuh rukhnee, To have hope or expectation; to be mentally blind

wite queriff ankh puthranee, v.n. To be-

enter were or each pusarna, v.o. To open one's eyes, to stare, to be wise and prudent, to discriminate, to discriminate, to discriminate.

feel a pulsation in the eye. (Considered, if in the right eye of a man, or the left of a woman, as an omen of same desirable event, whilst the convery affection is regarded universe.)

र के भूटन। ankh phootnee, v. n. To be

blind.

The eye is last and the pain is gone (Spoken of a contention which has censed, from the object of it being lost to both parties.)

खांस फरनी ankh phemee, v. a. To show

aversion after friendship.

wire wit wat ankh pher lens, v. a. To turn ewey the eyes (as, from grief, displeasure, &c.).

आंख प्रोड्नो ankh phórnee, v.a. To make blind: to expect or watch in vain.

with this ankh-phora, s. m. A midge that flies into the eyes at night.

and to the treat and build kur lence, v. a. To the from another, to treat one with neglect; to die.

with against ankh buchána, 2. a. To steal away privately and unseen.

आहेल अट्यामा ankh buduina, v. a. To withdraw one's favour or affection from any one.

आंख बराबर न कर सकता ankh burábur nuh kur súkna, v. n. (Not to be, obte ta took steadfastly in another s face.), To be sahamed

शांख भरके देखना ankh bliffirkeh dokhos, v. a. To look till one's curiosity is fully satisfied. आंख भरकाना ankh blur-lann, v. n. To have eyes full of tears, to be ready to cry.

हां ज आवनी ankh marnee, v. a. To wink, to stop any one by Saign, to make amorous aigns with the eyes.

कांख विवस्तान ankh mínch jána, e.n. To die, to perish.

चांख जिली बलाबाkh-michbawul, m. ] s.

आंस नियोको eakh-michóulee, f. | Blindman's ball (\*\*\*saifeatly,

आंख मिलनी ankh milanee, v. n. To look आंख जिलानी ankh milanee, v. a. To contract friendship.

आंश्र अर्थे एक चीजका स्वतियार करणा ankh moond keh ek cheez ka ikhtiyar kurna, v. n. To choose or accept predigitately or moonsiderately. बांस बूंटीरा ankh moondourn, s.m. Blindman's buff.

आंख र खनी ankh rukhnee, v.a. To love, to entertain friendship; to have hopes; to discern-

आंख लगानी ankh lugance, v. d. To contruct friendship or affection for any cue, to fall in love.

कांच जड़ की ankh lurnes, To meet with one's lover mexpectedly.

आंख अहाजी ankh lurance, v. a. To wink as a hint, to communicate a scoret by signs.

आंख पूर्व करनी ankh soorkh kúrnec aa. To be sagry

बांख डेंकनो ankh senknee, To contemplate the beauty of any one.

आंखरे गिर्ना ankh-seh girna, v. n. To be-

कां असे देख में कुछ कर जा ankh seh dekhkeh koochh kúrna, To do any thing knowingly and with reflection.

at a zum ankhen dekhna, v.a. To study one's temper or inclination; to behave respectfully towards another.

आं भें नीजी पीजी अर्भ ankhen nealee peeles karns v. a. To change the colour of the face from excess of anger.

बाह्य स्थानी कर जा akhon ka goolabee karaa, is applied to a look of intexication or wantonness.

To be beloved, to at or cause to sit in a very elevated place, to become dignified.

missist (especially applied to wine).

a. s. a. To commend up pull wares of an inferrior quality; to piller or snatch away any thing quiedly said privately.

आं हों में कड़ कना ankhon men khoerukna, w. n. To be seen with envy and sightle.

जरिया जर कर का ankhom menghur kurna, e.o. To be beloved or esteemed; to persist in one's erroneous opinions.

with the state of the state of

To be always present in one's eyes, to be ever in one's mind.

कां खें में रात काटना ankhon men rat kat-

m. v. a. कार्योमें दात के जाना ankhon men rat lejans, v. n.

To pass the night awake.

waive ang, s. m. The body; a limb or member.

wing angun, s.m. A yard, area, court, reing angua, inclosed space adjoining to a house.

of a coulde), blaze, glare.

wirer anchur, s. m. The end or border of

a cloth, veil, shawl &c.; the breast (of a woman or lactoreut caimal).

eriss anjun, s. m. A collyrium or application to the eye-lashes to dorken and improve them, antimony.

enisrat anima, w. a. To tinge the eyes with

with anjhoo, s. m. A tear.

wiz ant, s. f. A knot; envy. . .

estizat antra, v. a. To fill (a well, tank,

wizurz ant-sant, s. f. Partnership ; in-

thread, a mudle of grass, &c., a wisp, a small fagot.

with anthees. f Stone of fruit; coagula-

wite and, s. f. A testicle.

ate andoo, adj. Having large testicles.

with ant, s. f. Entrails, gut, intestine, tripe. Ant dona, v. n. To be afflicted with the coming down of the rectans. Ant garsa, v. n. To void white glutinous stools.

Andhee hana, v. s. To ongage keenly in a bad

ata an, ade Other, different, s. f. Order, command.

To be afflicted with a tensures or to be in the act of discharging the ann.

आवासमान Sawul-nal, s. f. The navelstring &c. of an inions.

wing favia, a m. A kind of myropulans (Phyllanthus emblica).

with ans, a. f. The fibrous part of any thing.

wie anaço, a. m. A tear.

TTG ak, s. m. Curled dowered gigantic awallew wort (Asclepias giganies); a aprout of segan-case

कारकान्त्र akumpun. s. m. Shaking, trem-

STREET skurapit, all. Shaken trembling.
STREET skur, s. f. Mine, quarry, spring,
source; ministede; the den of s lion or tiger.
The skursh, s. m. Attraction, fascination; magnetic attraction; a magnet, a leadstone; apara.

an maret any thing which draws or attacts. als.

Attractive

aradur akurshan, san, Attraction,drawing, attracting. [tive.

दावर्षिक akurshit, adj. Mangnetio, attrac-याक्षित akurshit, adj. Attracted, drawn. अवर्षी akurshee, adj. Attractive.

सामना thia, adj.m. Fleet, swift; peevish. सामनी thee, s. f. Motion, agitation (especially of a corriage).

paration; purpose, intention,

wraif w akankshit, adj. Desirons; desired, whed, expected.

art air at a kankshee, udr. Desirous full of hope waiting, expecting, wishing; asking, inquiring, expectent.

THIS akar, s. m. Form, appearance, aspect shape, statue, likeness; hint, sign, token; the letter and, sisothesymbol of the row alwhich represents the letter and when joined to a consonant.

wrester akal, s. m. Scercity, familie.

The fifth element, ather, the sky, atmosphere, the heavens the firmament, space; the subtle and etherial fluid, supposed to fill and pervade the universe, and to be the peculiar vehicle of life and sound.

which the Hindoos hang aloft on a bumbooin the month of Karili, an elayated lantern, a beacon.

जाकामानास akash-neem, s. m. A plant growing on tho neem trees (a kind of Epidendron.) जाकामामन akash-puwuh, s. m.) A plant

orrestrate akash-bel., s. f. f growing on other trees, air plant or dodder (Cuscuta refera).

with ma fin akiab britti, s. f. Subsistence not derived from any certain funds or depending on any particular person; casual subsistence; living from hand to month.

आकाशन्ति akash-britee, adj. (used substantively), One whose subaistence in forvoitous. आवाश्यक्त akash mindul, son. The atmosphere, the celestial sphere.

AI KIWAI of akash vanee, s. f. A voice from heaven; revelation, an oracle.

STETT) akashee, adj. Aerial, airy, unsubstantial, celestral atmospherical.

आकाशीनमी akáshee-búrn, adj. Cerulean, azure.

आक्रिश्चन akinchun, s. m. Poverty.

आकृत ákool, adj. Confounded, perplexed ; agitated, confused, troubled, distressed.

आमुखता akóolta, e. f. Agitation, distress. आमुखित akóolit, adj. Agitated, disturbed, distracted.

আক্রি ákriti, s. f. Shape, form, figure, likeness, an image; the body; species.

आहर akrisht, adj. Attracted, drawn.

आक्रम ákrum, s.m. Ascending, superiority, surpassing, surmounting; invasion, a seizing. आखत ákhut, s.m. Whole or unbroken

rice used in oblations.

sites akha, s. m. A riddle, a sieve; a bag filled with grain (two such bags being carried by a bullock or camel).

च्याख्याचा ákhoo-pashán, s.m. A kind of mineral, a loadstone.

artiz akhét, s. m. The chase, hunting; a pursuing; terror, fright.

आखेटिक akhétik, s. m. A hound.

आखोर akhot, s. m. The walnut tree.

TITELY akhya, s. f. A name, appellation, term.

आस्यात akhyát, adj. Said, spoken ; denominated, named.

खान ag, s. f. Fire.

আৰা ভৱাৰা ag oothána, v.a. To raise disturbance, enrage, provoke.

आग करना ag kúrna, v. a. To make any thing exceedingly warm; to excite envy or anger. आगत ágút, a. Come, arrived.

आग देना ag déna, v.a. To burn a Hindoo corpse.

आग पड़ना ag purna, v. n. To be enraged; as, mêree bâton seh bospur ag púrtee hy, he is enraged at my words.

जाग बरना ag burna, v. n. To be enraged, to be very angry.

आग बरसना ag búrusna, v. n. To rain fire (applied to the extreme heat of the sun, or to a hot fire of cannon or musketry in battle).

जाग बुकाना ag boojhána, v. a. To extinguish fire; to appease a tumult, to pacify a quarrel, to still resentment.

बाग भजना ag bhúkna, v. a. To speak व्याग भाजना ag phánkna, idle words,to boast

आतम agum, s. m. Futurity; a shastru containing spells and incantations; a shastru or work on sacred science, आगम जानी águm-jánee, े s.m. Knowing आगम जानी águm-gyánee, the future ; a prognosticator, diviner, foreteller.

आगमन águmun, s. m. Coming, arriving,

आरमसना agmuna, s. m. The advanced guard.adj. Adventurous, venturesome, forward, early (as fruit).

आगस बक्का águm-búkta, s.m. A foreteller, a predictor; Siv. one who tells the doctrines of águm.

आगम बांधना águm-bándhna, v. a. To determine the future, to foretell.

आगम विद्या águm-bídiya, s. f. The art or science of foretelling or divining.

त्रागमें किमीकी जलना ag-men kísee-kee júlna, जागमें किमीकी बीटना ag-men kísee-kee

lótna, आगमें गैरकी जसना ag-men ghyr-kee júlna,

v. n. To bring reproach, to accuse, to suffer for another.

आगमें पानी डाजना ag men panee daina, v. a. To extinguish fire; to appease a tumult, to pacify a quarrel, to still resentment.

जागमें बोटमा ag-men lótna, v. n. To be afflicted with grief or melancholy.

जाग लगना ag lúgna, v. n. To be set on, fire, to be enraged, to be very hungry.

आग बगाबे पानी हे दी इना ag lugakeh panee leh dourns, To pretend to appease a quarrel which one has purposely excited, to play tricks, to deceive.

त्राग लगाना ag lugáns, v. a. To set on fire, to inflame; to enrage, to cause disturbance.

आग लगेपर विज्ञीका मृत ढूंदना या मांगना ag lúgeh-pur billee-ka moot dhóondhna ya mángna, To put off, to delay or excuse one's self on vain pretences.

आगरान्त agulant, adv. Up to the neck.

जान चेन की जाना eg léneko ána, To come to get fire (is spoken of a friend who goes to visit another and leaves him quickly).

आगवा ágwa, s. m. A pommel.

काग स्लगाना ag soolgana, v.a. To inflame; to excite sedition, to foment a quarrel clandestinely.

সাম ভাষা ag hóna, v. n. To be enraged. আমা ága, s. m. The front, the forepart; the space in front of a house, the forepart of a turband.

आगाध agádh, adj. Very deep.

आगा पीछा करना ága péechha kúrna, v.n. To heaitate, waver, boggle, demur, stand shill-Ishall I. आगामी agamee, adj. Coming, about to come; future.

आगार agár, s. m. A house, a dwelling. आगू ágoo, adj. Forward. adv. Before, heretofore.

sigh, adv. Before, in front, fore, beyond, more, ago, already, formerly, forwards, farther, onwards; henceforward, along; then, hence, rather, sooner.

आगे द्याना ágeh-ána, e.n. To come forward, advance; to return, revert.

आग धराना ageh dhur-lena, To get before, outstrip, surpass, pass (as a horse in a race).

आगे जाना ageh lana, v. n. To advance (actively), to bring forward.

sizing, taking; surpassing, surmounting; power, ability.

artifical agruhayun, s. m. A month so called, the first of the Hindoo year according to some systems, (November-December).

of a constellation consisting of 8 stars, 1 of which is Orionis, figured by an antelope's head, hence also started mrigshirus; the day of full moon in the month Agruháyun.

जाचार aghár, s.m. Ghee or clarified butter.

ang, s. m. A soft delicate form, or body.

दाचान achmun, s. m. Rincing the mouth, sipping water before religious ceremonies, meals &c., from the palm of the hand, and spitting it on, again.

and achurun, s. m. Manner of life, conduct, behaviour, custom, practice, institute, religious observance, usage.

enduct, an ordinance, institute, a precept; custom, practice, usage, a religious observance; pickles. Achar varijit, adj. Irregular, out of rule; out of cast.

good), strict in the observance of religious ceremonies.

entering acharyuh, s. m. A spiritual guide or teacher; he who invests the student with the sacrificial thread, and instructs him in the Veds, the law of sacrifice, and religious mysteries; a name of Drona the teacher of the Pandous.

याचार्यो achárya, s.f. A spiritual preceptress.

आवार्योनी acharyance, s. f. The wife of an scharms or holy teacher.

आकारन achchhadun, s.m. Cloth, clothes ; a covering, a sheath, montle, cloak, &c. आक् áchhen, adj. plur. Good, excellent.

and al, adv. To-day. Aj-kul, Now-a-days, to-day or to-morrow, of late, in a few days. Aj-kul kurna, or Aj-kul buidna, To procrastinate. Aj-keh din, To-day. Aj-kee rai, To-night. Aj-keh rai, To-day.

জালা aja, s. m. A paternal grand-father. আজালা ajana, v. n. To come suddenly, befall, happen; to come.

बाजीव ajeev, s.m. Livelihood, profession, subsistence.

आजीविका ajéevika, s. f. Means of supporting life, livelihood, subsistence, profession.

আন্ত্র ágya, s. f. Command, order, permission, an injunction, a precept.

यात्राकार agyakare, } adj. Acting ac-चात्राकारो agyakaree, cording to order, obedient, ministrant, obsequious.

আসামন agya-pútr, s. m. An edict, a written order.

আর্থার agya-bhúng, s.m. Disobedience, insubordination.

आञ्चनेय anjunéyuh, s. m. A name of the monkey Hunoomán.

चाञ्चिनय anjineyuh, s.m. An insect,a kind of newt.

আইক্ষ átroos, s. m. A tree (Justicia adhenatoda, &c).

काटा áta, s. m. Flour, meal, farina.

चारि áti, s. m. The Sarali, a bird so called (Turdus ginginianus).

To shed floods of tears, to weep exceedingly.

Ath púhur, All the twenty-four hours; constantly, day and night. Ath khúmba, a canopy supported by eight posts.

चारवां athwan, adj. Eighth.

ment, protection; an horizontal line drawn across the forehead; prevention, stop, hinderance.

बाइना árna, v. a. To prop, shelter, protect, defend, stop.

चाडचर adúmbur, s. m. Charge sounded by musical instruments; commencement; pride, arrogance; anger, passion; happiness, pleasure.

आङ्बाङ् arwar s. f. A stop. adj. Stop-

चाहा ára, adj. Oblique, crooked, across, athwart, cross, transverse.

चाड़ि ári, s. f. A bird, the Sarali (Turdus ginginianus).

with aree, s. f. A tone or tune in music.

बाह, ároo, s. m. A peach.

आई जाना arch-ana, v. n. To protect, become a protection.

चार arh, s. f. A kind of fish.

चाइत arhut, s. f. Agency; commission, brokerage, sale by commission.

The arryuh, adj. Wealthy, rich, opulent. The edge of a sword, the pin of the axle of a cart; a limit, a boundary.

disease, sickness; affliction, pain; parade, ostentation, show, pomp.

ara at, s. m. Custard apple (Annona squamosa or reticulata).

आतताबन attáyin, s. m. f. } A felon, a आतताबन attáyee, s. m. } thief, a murderer, incendiary.

जातप átup, s. m. Sun-beams, sunshine. जाता áta, s. m. A custard apple.

आतिये atitheyuh, } adj. Proper for a आतिय atithyuh, } guest; hospitable, attentive to a guest.

आती भारती atee-patee, s. f. The name of a

बाह्य átoor, adj. Diseased, distressed, anxious, distracted, agitated, restless, afflicted. बात् átoo, s. f. A female teacher or go-

verness.

Selfish. Atm-phal, Self-murder. Atm-names, Self-evident.

वासराप्ता atm-géopta, s. f. A plant, Cowach (Carpopogon pruriens).

आत्मचात atm-ghat, s. m. Self-murder,sui-

आस्त्रातक atm-ghátuk, s. m. One who commits suicide.

बात्सवाती atm-ghatee, adj. Committing suicide; a suicide.

self. s. m. A son.

आलग atmúja, s. f. A daughter.

आलान atmgyán, s.m. The knowledge of spirit, self-knowledge.

जात्मगामी atm-námee, adj. Self-evident. जात्मपासक atm-páluk, adj. Selfish.

जात्मन्द्रि atm-b6oddhi, s. f. Self-knowledge.

कालाबीध atm-bodh,s.m. Spiritual instruction.

जाताविद्या atm-vidya, s. f. Spiritual knowledge.

आसमित atm-shukti,s.f. Inherent or own power.

आकार्याचा atm-shlagha, s. f. Self-applause, vanity, self-flattery, egotism, boasting.

आसर्यम atm-súnjum, e.m. Solf-restraint, stoicism.

चालसन्देह atm-sundeh, s. m. Internal

चाक्रहता atm-hútya, s. f. Suicide, selfdestruction.

आकाहित atm-hit, adj. Beneficial to one's self.

The soul, the body, the self, the mind, the understanding.

चारितक átmik, adj. Relating to mind, to one's self.

बाकीय atméeyuh, adj. Cognate, related to, of kin; belonging to one's self, related to one's self, own.

Read athúrvvun, s. m. A brahmun versed in the Uthúrvun Ved; a collection of prayers, &c., delivered by Uthúrvun a sage.

are six ad-unt, adj. From the first till the last, from the beginning to the end. s. m. The beginning and the end.

बाहर ádur, s. m. Respect, reverence, act of treating with attention and deference, politeness.

आदरमान adurmán, s. m. Respect and honour.

आदर्श ádursh, s. m. A mirror; a commentary, original manuscript from which a copy is taken; a specimen, a sign.

आदा áda, s. m. Ginger in the undried state.

कादान adán, s. m. Taking, receipt, accept-

आदानगरान adán-pradán,s.m. Giving and taking.

affa ádi, adj. First, prior ; pre-eminent.

आदिक adik, adj. Relating to the beginning; and the rest, etcetera.

आदिकार्या ádikárun, s. m. A primary

आदित adit, adv. From the beginning; etcetera, and the like.

a deity of a particular class; the additions are 12 in number, and a c forms of Storyals or the sun, and appear to represent him as distinct in each month of the year; the sun.

चारिलवार adityuwar, s. m. Sunday.

आहित्र aditwuh, s. m. Priority, prece-

वादियुक्च adi-phoroosh, s. m. One of the names of Vishngo.

बारिय ádesh, s. m. An order, a command, a salutation of Jogess; in grammar, a substitute.

आदी adou, adv. In the beginning.

चारा ádyuh, adj. First, initial.

चादान advant, s.m. First and last, beginning and end. adj. From the first till the last, from the beginning to the end.

Wigi adra, s. f. The sixth lunar mansion (probably Orionis); the beginning of the rainy season.

THI adha, adj. Half In comp. it becomes adh, udh, or ud; as udh-mboa, or ud-mooa, Half-dead.

साधान adhán, s. m. Conception, pregnancy; a ceremony performed previous to conception as conducive to it; a pledge, a deposit; a surety.

काभाविक adhánik, s. m. A ceremony performed after cohabitation to procure or favour conception.

one on whom dependence is placed for assistance; food, aliment, victuals, nourishment; comprehension, location; a dike, a canal; a basin round the foot of a tree.

Doodh-adharee, (in comp.) An eater; as,

जाभाकिक ádharmmik, adj. Unjust, unrighteous.

आधारीशी ádha-séesee, s. f. A pain affecting the half of the head, Hemicrania.

extra adhi, s. m. Mental agony, anxiety; expectation, calamity; a pledge, a pawn; location, fixing, site, &c., engagement.

जारिका। adhikyuh, s. m. Excess, an overplus, abundance.

वाचित्रका ádhi-pútyuh, s. m. Sovereignty, government; lordship.

चार्चाच adhéen, adi. Submissive, obedient, dependant, humble, docile.

आधीनता adhéenta, ह.f.Submission, काधीनताई adheentage, obedience, ob-

acquiousness, servility, humility.

Autima adboonik, adj. Recent, modern, belonging to the present time.

जार्चनिकता adhoonikts, s. f. Recentness,

आस्त्रावस adhyápuk, e. m. A teacher, a scriptural preceptor.

ৰাৰ an, s. f. Order, command; bashfulness, modesty, shame; an oath; a graceful attitude; affectation, pride. adj. Other, different.

city, happiness, joy, ease; God, Supreme Spirit.

Anund-kund, Root (or source) of happiness.

आनक ánuk, & m. A large military drum beaten at one end; a small drum or tabor; a kettle drum.

**जाप**निक

आपन anun, s. m. Mouth, face, visage. s. f. Order.

Pleasure, delight, with a range of anundta, s. f. Pleasure, delight, with a range of felicity, happiness, loy, case. Anund kind, Ruot (or source) of happiness.

आवर्ष anund-múy, adj. Blissful, made up, consisting of, happiness. s. m. The Supreme

Spirit

आगन्दित anundit, adj. Joyful, happy, आगन्दी anundee, glad, rejoiced, delighted.

TITE ana, v. n. To come, to be. An-púrna, To happen. s. m. The sixteenth part of a rupee.

चानाकाची anakance, s. f. Turning a deaf ear,overlooking,winking at,purposely neglecting. चानकुट्य anookoolyuh, s. m. Help, assist-

ance, patronage.

भान्यमें anoopoorv, s. f. Order, method,a

कानुसानिक anoománik, adj. Capable of being inferred, probable, specious.

सान्तरीच anturéeksh, adj. Heavenly, celestial, produced in the sky. s. m. The firmament, चान्तिक antrik, adj. Visceral, relating to the bowels.

which the feet of elephants are tied up.

Ter ánna, v. a. To bring.

Sir (used instead of the personal pronoun of the second person by an inferior when addressing his superior.) Ap-swarthee, adj. Selfish, seeking the interest of self.

चाप ap, s. m. Water.

चापचाप ap-ap, s. m. Selfishness, egotism.

आपकाल ap-kaj, adj. Attending to आपकाली ap-kajee, one's) own business, engaged in one's) own affairs.

आपन aput, आपनि apútti } s. f. Misfortune, calamity, adversity, an evil. आपनान aput-kál, am. Season of distress.

आपद ápud, े s.f. Misfortune, calamity, आपदा ápuda, े an accident, danger, adversity, an evil.

आपट्चा apud-grust, adj. Unfortunate, unhappy, in misfortune.

कायन ápun, pron. Self.

आपनिक apunik, s. m. An emerald.

कायच apunn, adj. Unfortunate, afflicted ; gained, obtained, acquired; a refuge, one who comes for shelter or protection.

Aruga aproop, s. m. and ady. Self, selfformed, the Deity.

Themselves, one another; hence, s. f. Kindred, brotherhood, fellor ship. Apus men ruhna, is applied to signify adultery, &c. (in the dialect of women ).

arm apa, s. f. An elder sister. prop. Self. ardi apee, s. f. The twentieth lunar man-

Trusted, confidential; gained, obtained; true. [degree.

THI aptá, s. m. Quotient ; equation of a

बाह्य aplúv, है s. m. Bathing.

बाजत aploot, s. m. An initiated householder. adj. Bathed.

THE aphoo, s. f. Opium.

काबाबा abadha, s. f. Segment of the base of a triangle.

STATE & Abhurun, s. m. Ornament, decoration, as jewels, &c.

STAT abha, s. f. Beauty; splendour; light. ज्यानाच ábhash, र s. m. A preface, a preamwill abhas, f ble, an introduction. आशिस ख abhi-mookh, s. m. Presence, be-

ing in front of or face to face.

will abheer, s. m. A cow-keeper, sprung from a brahmun and female of the medical tribe or the Umbusth.

wray w abbooshun, s. m. Jewels, ornaments.

WIN am, adj. Raw, undressed, unripe. s. m. Provisions, victuals (undressed); the mango tree or fruit; sickness, disease.

खानच amuy, s. m. Sickness, disease.

आस amursh, s. m. Wrath or rage, anger; envy, impatience of another's success.

WINGT amla, s. m. Emblic myrobalan (Phyllanthus emblica).

आसवात amvat, s. m. Constipation or torpor of the bowels, with flatulence and intumescence, the wind being supposed to be chiefly affected.

The cholic, pain arising from indigestion.

आसातिसार áma-tisár, s. m. Dysentery. कासाज amánn, s. m. Raw rice or grain ; provisions (undressed).

आजिय ámish,s.m. Flesh ; enjoyment ; an object of enjoyment, a pleasing or beautiful object, dec.

will amod, s. m. Fragrance, odour, a diffusive perfume; pleasure.

आकासाका ámna-sámna,s.m.Confronting. आके साके amneh-samneh, adv. Opposite, face to face, over against.

egregg ámbur, s. f. Amber.

warsera ambat, s. m. A swelling which comes without pain, and goes off as easily without medicine; a windy tumour.

amr, s. m. The mango-tree (Mangifera Indioa).

वान्तिका ámlika, s. f. The tamarind tree. जाय áyuh, s. m. Receipt, gain, profit.

खायत ayut, adj. Long, wide. s. m. Sunbeam, sunshine.

आयत्त ayútt,adj. Docile, tractable, depend-

कायता ayutt-tá, s. f. Docility, tractableness, humility.

आवस् aytisoo, s. m. Order, command. आरबा aya, s. f. An ayah or female attendant on children.

चारास ayas. s. m. Fatigue, weariness.

ब्यान बंगु००, आबदी ayoorda,

s. f. Age, duration आयमेल syoorbul, of life.

कायस बप्रंठक,

जाय भ ayóodh, s. m. A weapon in general. THE ar, s. f. A goad.

TITY arumbh, s. m. A beginning, a commencement; an introduction, a prologue.

जार चा archa, s. f. Worship, an image.

आरज áruj, adj. Respectable, venerable. wica arut, adj. Distressed, grieved, afflicted.

चारता arts, s. m. A ceremony attending marriage. When the bridegroom first comes to the house of the bride, he is received by her relations, who present to him, and more particularly round his head, a platter painted and divided into several compartments, in the middle of which is a lamp made of flour, filled with ghee, and having several wicks lighted.

with arti, s. f. Pain, distress, affliction. आरती artee, s. f. A ceremony performed in adoration of the gods by moving circularly, round the head of the idol, a platter containing a burning lamp with several wicks.

WILTI árna, v. n. To stop.

WITCH arumbh, s. m. A beginning, a commencement; an introduction, a prologue.

THE arus, s. m. Idleness, laziness, inactivity.

SUL

witel arusee, adj. Idle, lazy, indolent, inactive.

बार्यो arsee, s. f. A mirror (particularly a mirror on the thumb used by Hindoo females). आर्थ arusyuh, s. m. Insipidity, want of flavour or spirit.

ant ara, s.m. A saw; a shoemaker's knife or swl; the name of a district, Arrah in Shahada

आर्गित arátí, s. m. An enemy.

बाराधन aradhun, s. m. Accomplishment, gratifying; worship, devotion, supplication.

STETEST arádhna, s.a. To worship, adore, practise devotion, serve, to accomplish. s. f. Service, worship, adoration.

आरास aram, s. m. A pleasure, garden, a

and aree, s. f. A small saw, a hand saw, an awl.

आरीश áreeya, s.m. A plant of the gourd kind.

बाइन śrook, s. m. A drug brought from the hills, of cooling properties.

बार्ड धना aróondhna, v. a. To strangle.

aroorh, adj. Mounted on a horse or any thing else, accended, risen. Megh-aroorh, Seated on a cloud. [thy.

बारोग्य arogyuh, s. m. Health. adv. Health. adv. Health arop, s. m. A transmutation, a change.

aropun, s. m. Planting.

आरोपित aropit, ady. Deposited, intrusted; transformed, changed into, feigned.

the rising or growing of new shoots; a ladder, a staircase.

यार्क artt,adj, Pained,afflicted; disturbed, confounded.

बार्ट् ardr, adj. Wet, moist, damp.

आर्ट्रेज Ardruk, s. m. Ginger, in the undried state.

कार्द्रों árdra, s. f. The 6th lunar mansion.

area aryuh, adj. Of a good family, respectable, venerable.

wirror on the thumb used by Hindoo females).

are al, s. f. The name of a tree, from the root of which a red colour is extracted for staining leather, dying silk, &c. (Morinda citrifolia). s. m. Yellow orpiment.

support, a protector. Dependance; a

खान्य aluy, s. m. A bouse.

आस्वास alwal, s. m. A basin for water round the root of a tree.

आवर álus, s. m. Idleness, slothfulness, laxiness adj. Idle, slothful, lazy.

आजनी alusee, adj. Idle, slothful, lazy. आजना alusyuh, s. m. Idleness, slothfulness, laziness. adj. Idle, slothful, apathetic.

चान स्ति élusyee, adj. Drowsy, slothful. जाना ala, s. m. A small recess in a piller or wall for holding a lamp, &c. adj. Wet; runing (as a sore).

with alan, s. m. The post to which an elephant is tied, or the rope that ties him.

সাজাৰ aláp, s. f. Prelude to singing. s. m. Speaking to, addressing, conversation; enumeration of the questions in an arithmetical or algebraic sum.

sieruant alapcharee, s, f. The act of tuning the voice previous to singing.

चाराजन alapna, v. a. To tune the voice, to run over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, to sing, to tune.

write ali, s. f. A woman's female friend, a damsel.

carries a alingun, s. m. Embracing, the clasping any one in the arms, an embrace.

आलिक्नी alingee, adj. Embracing.

चार्सी âlee, s. f. A woman's female friend, a damsel. s. m. A scorpion.

ब्यानी इंश âlee-rung, s. m. A colour extracted from the al tree (Morinda citrifolia).

बाबु áloo, । s. m. An esculent root (Arum बाब áloo, । campanulatum), a potatoe.

Rui-aloo, A yam; Shukurkund, A sweet potatoe. आरोप बोर्क्, s. m. Liuiment.

हानोन alók. a.m..Sight, seeing, looking; light; flattery, complimentary language, panegyric.

আৰীকৰ alókun, s. m. Sight, seeing, look-আৰুৱা alha, n. prop. Name of a Hindoo soldier and poet, from whom a species of poetry takes its name.

आदक awuk, s. m. Insurance.

the coming of an army, the approach of friend; the season in which merchantize is expected.

Awan awan, Tidings of approach.

come, he that shall come.

चावरण awurún,s.m. A shield; a covering चावरों swurda, s. f. The allotted period of any one's life, a life time, an age. आवना awunon, v. n. To come.

आवसति sobhukti, आवसरात sobhugut, आवसरात sobhuguti, courteousness.

चाविं awuli, s. f. A row, a range, a continuous line; a series, a dynasty, a lineage.

आवश्यक awushyuk, adj. Necessary, indispensable, expedient, s. m. Necessity, expediency. आवश्यकता awushyukta, s. f. Necessity,

indispensableness, inevitability.

आवा áwa, s. m. A potter's-kiln.

आवाई awaee, s. f. Report, mention.

खावागमन áwa-gúmun, ) s. m. Transmi-खावागवन áwa-gúwun, ) gration, coming and going.

आवाजाई áwa-jáce, s. f. Coming and going, intercourse, dancing after.

चाराती awatee, s. f. Approach, advance; the coming of an army; the approach of a friend; the season in which merchandize is expected.

आवाह्म awahun, s. m. Calling, summons. आविभाव avirbhao, s. m. An unfolding, a developing, a manifesting, manifestation, presence, becoming visible.

आविभेत avirbhoot, adj. Unfolded, developed, manifested, appeared.

আখিছ avisht, adj. Possessed (by a demon, ৫০); possessed, engrossed (by any sentiment or feeling.)

बाहत avrit, adj. Enclosed, surrounded (by a ditch, wall, &c.)

आर्ट्स avritti, s. f. Order, method; a repitition of the same thing, a revolution.

आश्व áshukt, adj. Fond, attached, enamoured, addicted, devoted to, strongly inclined to; able, powerful.

आपिक áshukti, s. f. Attachment, fondness; power, ability, might.

आगङ्ग áshunka, s. f. Fear, apprehension, awe, terror, danger, peril; doubt, uncertainty.

কাম্প ashun, s. m. A tree (Terminalia alata tomentosa), on which the tusur silk-worm feeds.

आमय ashuy, s. m. Meaning, intention, aim, scope, an object of desire.

ATRIT ásha, s. f. Hope, desire; dependance, reliance, trust.

TATE asharh, s.m. A Hindoo month containing part of June and July, and commencing when the sun enters Gemini; the name of the 20th and 21st mansions in the Hindoo Zodiac.

ENTERTED A sha-prapt, adj. Successful, posaessing the object hoped for.

आशानक asha-bundh, s. m. Confidence, trust, expectation.

आपासङ्ग asha-bhúng, s. m. Disappointment.

आशायन ashawunt, adj. Expectant, dependant; boping, having hope.

despairing. asha-heen, adj. Desponding,

Entire ashis, s. f. Blessing, benediction, bestowing or wishing a blessing upon others.

आपीम चन asheer-vuchun, s. m. A blessing, a benediction.

आशीय ashees, s. f. . Benediction, blessing, return of a compliment from a brahmun.

সাম্বর্জ áshchurj, s. m. Surprise, astonishment, amazement. adj. Astonishing, wonderful. সাম্মান ashchurjyutá, s. m. Wonderful-

ness; wonder, astonishment.

religious order, of which there are four kinds referable to the different periods of life; as 1st, That of the bruhmucharce or student; 2d, That of the grihust or householder; 3d, That of the vunupruath or anchorite; and 4th, That of the bhikshook or beggar; a college, a school; a hermitage, the abode of retired devotees or sages.

आ shruy, ) s. m. Cheating, fraud, cir-आ आ shra, } cumvention; proximity, vicinity; a retreat, an abode, an asylum; a house; a means of defence, having recourse to protection or sanctuary; trust, reliance, hope; a patron, a protector.

आदित áshrit, adj. One who relies on another; a refugee, a protegee; a dependant.

आन्त्रत ashryt, adj. Hopeful, trusting, confident.

আস্থান ashwas, s. m. Completion, cessation, comfort,

জাস্থিন áshwin, s. m. The 6th Hindoo month (September October), commencing when the sun enters Virgo, and in which the moon is full near the stars in the head of Arios.

आपाद asharh, s. m. The Hindoo 3d solar month (June-July, during which the sun is in Gemini, and the full moon is near asharha, more commonly called poorvasharha or viturasharha constellations in Sagittarius).

जार as, s. f. Hope, dependance, reliance, trust.

আধ্বন askut, s. f. Laziness, tardiness.
Askutana, v. n. To be inzy. Askutee, adj. Lazy, remiss.

चारकताना askutána, v. n. To be lazy.

आमुकती askutee, adj. Lazy, remiss.

THE asukt, adj. Diligent, zealously active; fond, enamoured, addicted, devoted to; intent or attached strongly to; trusting to, confiding in; eternal.

वामित asukti, s. f. Attachment to one object or pursuit, diligence, application.

आसन asun, s. m. A tree on which the tusur silk-worm feeds (Terminalia alata tomentosa); a stool, a seat, a small carpet on which the Hindoos sit at their worship; a carpet to sit on; ntay, abiding, posture, attitude, sitting (especially the attitudes adopted by jogees in their devotional exercises, of which they reckon eighty four ); the inside or upper part of the thigh; the withers of an elephant, the part where the driver sits. Asun tileh ana, To come under subjection. Asun jorna, To sit on the hams. Asun dolna, Spoken of a holy man, who perceiving by supernatural intelligence that some one in distress has called on him, interposes in his behalf. Asun seh asun jórna, To sit close in contact with another person. Asun lugana, To sit obstinately in a given posture till one's request be obtained. Asun marna, To sit (particularly in an attitude practised by jogees or devotees), to retain one's seat firmly on horseback.

आसनी ásunee, s. f. A small carpet, &c., on which Hindoos sit and perform poojas.

चारपास aspás, s. m. Vicinity, circumference, adv. Around, about, en all sides.

भारत नात asumuntái, ads. All around, on every side; wholly, altogether.

আমর ásuy, s. m. Meaning, intention, aim, scops, an object of desire; an asylum, abode or retreat.

area asuv, s. m. Rum, spirit distilled from sugar or molasses.

खास ása, s. f. Hope, dependance, reliance, trust.

चारावल् asa-wunt, adj. Expectant, dependant.

or ragines; a kind of pigeon; a sort of cotton cloth.

आसिस ásik, s. m. Benediction, blessing ;

जारिकोद asirbád, े s. m. Benediction, कामीबोद aséerbad, blessing.

The fish, s. m. The 6th Hindon month in which the moon is full near the stars in the head of Aries (September-October.)

आसीन aseen, adj. Sitting, seated.

बारोच axées, s. f. Blessing, benediction; return of compliment from a Hindoo superior (a brahmun). form of marriage, in which the bridegroom gives to the bride, her father and paternal kinsmen, as much as he can afford.

the Useers, devillah, demoniacal; a division of medicine, surgery, caring by cutting with instruments, applying the actual cautery, &c. Assorce maya, s. f. Deception of demons,

Askutána, v. n. To be lazy. Askuter, adj. Lazy, remiss.

जाकती áskutee, adj. Lazy, remiss.

faithful.

means of abiding; effort, pains, care.

STUZ aspud, s. m. A place, a situation;

religious order (of which there are four kinds referable to the different periods of life; as 1st, That of the bruhmucharee or student; 2d, That of the grihusth or householder; 3d, That of the vunuprusth or anchorite; and 4th, That of the bhikshook or beggar).

Terr asra, s. m. Means of defence or protection, trust, reliance, hope, defence, asylum, retreat, refuge, shelter, abode, house.

artea asrft, adj. One who relies on another, a refugee, a protegee.

बाह्यत asryt, adj. Hopeful, trusting, confident.

आखाइ aswad, s. m. Savour, relish.

कासास aswas, s.m. Completion,cessation,

आह ah! An interjection, aha! ah!

चाहर ahut, s. f. Sound, noise.

आहरनाहर áhur-jáhur, s. f. Coming and going. आहसा áhla, s. m. Inundation,flood,over-

flow. আন্তা aha, interj. Ah! aha! alas! Oh!

जारिह áhi, Is.

ब्राह्य ahoot, s. m. Offering oblations आहति ahooti, with fire to the deities,

a burnt-offering.

ceremonies of religion; constant occupation, daily work adj. Daily, diwnal.

आहियों ahnikee, adj. Of or belonging to

जान्त्र ahla, ह.m. Inundation, deluge, flood, ) overflow. with, exultation, festivity.

आहारित ahladit, adj. Joyful, glad, delighted, pleased, merry, elated in mind, rejoiced. आहान ahban, s. m. A call, invitation, summons.

वा रेप akshép, s. m. Reproof, reproach, an irony, a sarcasm; abuse, reviling, censure, blame.

#### 3

i, the third vowel of the Nagree alphabet, corresponding to I short, and pronounced like that letter in tim, kill, &c. When compounded with a preceding consonant, its symbolical mark is f, and it is placed on the left-hard of the letter, though sounded after it.

देह्ना indooa, s. m. A round fold or roll used in carrying a burthen on the head.

indooee, s. f. A round ornament for the top of the head.

igrat indára, s. m. A large well of masenry.

TEX indoor, s. m. A rat, mouse.

इंद्र fndr s. m. The regent of the visible heavens and of the inferior divinities; the Indian Jove.

इंद्रामी indrance, s. f. The wife of Indruh; a medicine or plant (Vitex negundo).

gourd (Cucumis colocynthis, a fruit of beautiful appearance but bitter taste); hence, a beautiful but worthless person is called Indrayun ka phul, The fruit of indrayun.

इंद्रास्त्र indrásun, s. m. The seat or throne of indruh.

findree, s. f. An organ of sense, the organs of action and perception (the Hindoos reckoning those of action to be the hand, the foot, the voice, the organ of generation, and the organ of excretion; and those of perception to be the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and the skin); the privities. Indree joollab, A diuretick medicine.

देशन indhun, s. m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose.

কো ik, adj. One. Iksár, adj. Alike, similar.

इकिन ik-chitt, adj. Of one mind.

Anna Tive ikchhut-raj, s. m. Universal dominion. Ikchhut-raj kurna, v. a. To hold universal dominion.

स्कटन fktuk, s. m. A fixed looking at any thing without closing the eyes. হনতা ikúttha, m.
হনতা ikúttha. m.
হনতা ikútthee, f.
ther, in one place,

इन्होंचा ikthoure, m.) adj. Collected together, in one

इक्ता fkla, adj. m. Alone, only.

इक्लाई ikláee, s. f. Singleness, loneliness. इक्लोबा ikláuta, adj. Only, single, alone. इक्लाई iksár, adj. Alike, similar.

THI Ikka, adj. Single, incomparable, unique, superexcellent. s. m. An earring of a single pearl; an ornament worn on the wrist, often hollow, containing perfume; a champion who serves alone, without being attached to any corps; a single-horse gig or buggy or native carriage, commonly used at patna.

Transit, s. m. Hint, sign, gesture; going, motion; inquiry, research.

दुक्क ichchhuk, adj. Wishing, desirous, दुक्कन ichchhun, s. m. An; seeing, sight.

γ sat fehebha, s. f. Wish, desire. Ichehha bhójun, Desirable food, or food agreeable and
 abundant, to the utmost desire.

इन्द्रक ichchhook, adj. Wishing, desirous.

र ठ जाना ithlana, v. a. To walk affectedly or coquetishly, to express tenderness or kindness by gesture.

Ta it, adv. Here, hither.

THET itna, adj. m. As much as this, thus much, so much, so many. Inch-men, In the mean time, mean-while, mean time.

Art ftur, adj. Affected, giving one's self airs, playful, wanton, coquetish; other, different; low, vile. Itur lök, adj. The low people, people of low caste; other people.

इतराना itrana, v. α. To give one's self airs, to act with affectation, to act in an unnatural or unusual manner.

इतरावा itraya, m. ) adj. Affected, playful, इतराई itraee, f. ) wanton.

द्ववार itwar, s. m. Sunday.

The fit, adj. m. This much, so much. comj. A word usually written at the end of a book, letter, &c., signifying that it is finished; conclusion, enough (finis).

accounts of former events, heroic history, story, fable.

देवन itck, adj. So much, thus much.

sat itou, adj. This much, so much.

saria ityadi, con Et cetera, and so forth.

THE idhur, adv. Here, hither, on this side. Idhur bodhur, About, around, up and down, here and there.

Treit indára, s. m. A large well of masonry.

रन्दरेखा indoo-rekha, s. f. A digit of the moon.

The regent of the visible heavens and of the inferior divinities.

इन्द्रजान indurjal, s. m. Deception, cheating.juggling; trick or stratagem in war.

इन्द्रजाची indr-jalee, adj. A juggler, a conjurer; deceptive, unreal.

द्रुवारे indurjóu, s. m. A medicinal seed (Sparrow's tongue, Nerium antidysenterioum).

इन्द्रनीस indr-neel, s. m. A sapphire.

इन्द्रनीलक indr-néeluk, s. m. An emerald. इन्द्रपञ्च indurprusth, s. m. A name of the ancient city of Delhi.

इन्द्रभोडिता indr-prohita, s. f. The asterism Pooshya

इन्द्रवर्थ indurbudhoo, s. f. An insect (a species of acarus of a scarlet colour and like velvet), the wife of Indruh.

इन्द्रव indurjóu, s. m. A medicinal seed (Sparrow's tongue, Nerium antidysentericum).

see 1917 indrance, s. f. The wife of Indruh; a medicine or plant (Vitex negundo).

बुद्धा indrayun, s. f. Colocynth, wild gourd (Cucumis colocynthis), the fruit of the Coloquintida plant (a fruit of beautiful appearance but bitter taste, hence, a beautiful but worthless person is called Indrayun ka phul, The fruit of indrayun).

दुन्दुन्दुन indrásun, s.m. The seat or throne of Indruh.

इन्द्रिय indriyuh, े s. f. An organ of sense, इन्ही indree, J the organs of action and perception (the Hindoos reckoning those of action to be the hand, the foot, the voice, the organ of generation, and the organ of excretion; and those of perception to be the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and the skin); the privities.

इन्द्रियचान indriyu-gyán, s.m. The faculty of perception, sense, consciousness.

Tar indhun, s.m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose.

Twi ib, adv. Thus, as, in like manner. an ibh, s. m. An elephant.

र अपानक ibh-paluk, s. m. The driver or keeper of an elephant.

sweat imrutee, adj. Nectarious. s. f. A kind of aweetment; a small vessel for drinking out of; a kind of cloth,

The imli, 7 s. f. Tamarind tree and its gwal imlee, fruit.

द्वायवा ilhyucha, s. m. A kind of silk

इनायची iláyuchee, ] s. f. Large carda-दुबाची ilachee, mums.

well ileesh, s. m. A fish, the Hilsa or Sable (Clupea alosa).

Sul filla, s. m. A wart.

ge isht, part. Desired, wished, approved; worshipped, adored, reverenced, respected; cherished, beloved. s. m. A god, a deity, an object, a beloved person, any thing wished for.

इष्टतम isht-tum, adj. Beloved, best beloved, dearest, most desired.

TEAT isht-tur, adj. Dearer, more dear, more desired.

इस्ता isht-tá, s. f. Desirableness, reverence, respect.

THE Istumbh, s. m. The trunk of a स्तका stumbh, tree, a column, pile, post, pillar.

sel istree, s. f. A woman ; a wife. s. m. A smoothing iron. Istree kurna, v. a. To iron or smooth with an iron.

There isthir, adj. Settled, steady, firm, fixed. feet sthir.

Transisthirtá, ) s. f. Rest, tranquillity, steadiness. Teacar sthirta,

TEST ispriha, s. f. Inclination, desire,

IF ih, pron. This. Ih-lak, s. m. The present world. Thi, This very. Ihi-than, Here, in this very place.

इ.इ.बाल ih-kál, s. m. This life.

s self a ih-lok, s. m. This life, this world. इन्त fkshoo, s. f. Sugar-cane.

হৰ সাৰ্ভ ikshoo-kand, s. m. A species of sugar-cane (Saccharum munja).

इज्यानी ikshoo-mutee, s. f. The name of a river in Bengal, the Issamutty.

इसमेडी ikshoo-mehee, adj. Diabetic.

इस्त ikshoo-rus, s. m. The juice of the sugar-cane.

द्रचरार ikshoo-sar, s. m. Molasses, raw or unrefined sugar.



& ee, The fourth vowel of the Nagree alphabet, pronounced like ee in feel, keel, &c. and when compounded with a consonant it is expressed by the symbol 7.

ETTT eent-garee, s. f. Brick-work.

है टावा eentaya, s. m. A kind of dove.

इंडिया éendhooa, s. m. A roll or round fold on which a burthen is carried on the head.

z eendoor, s. m. A rat, a mouse.

र् धन éendhan , m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose, रेख eekh, र. / Sugar-cane.

&z eeth, part, Desired, wished, approved; worshipped, bloved, reverenced, respected; cherished, bloved a sa A god, a deity, an object, a beloved person, any thing wished for.

tar feter, part. act. Acting affectedly.

Revision, adv. Thus, such, resembling this.

Sweedhur, adv. Here, hither.

condoor, s. m. A rat, a mouse.

TAT forshe, s. f. Envy, spite.

tale eershaloo, adj. Envious.

weesh, . m. Lord, a name of Siv, also of the same as regent of the north-east quarter; a ruler, a master.

tall éesha, s. f. The shaft of a plough. Time eeshan, s. m. A name of Siv; light,

splendour. Eeshan-kon, s. m. North-east. द्रीयता éeshita, s. f. Superiority, su-

The eeshitwih, s. m. I premacy, one of the eight attributes of divinity.

gar éeshwur, s. m. Ruler, master, Lord ; the Supreme Ruler of the universe, God, the supreme; a name of Siv, of Kamdev, of Doorga, of Lukshmee, of Suruswottee, or of any other of the Suktees or female energies of the deities.

Ratar eeshwurta, s. f. Godhead, divinity. देखर आव eeshwur-bhao, s. m. The divine

रेश्वराधीन éeshwur-adhéen, adj. Subject to or dependant on God.

देश्वराधीनता éeshwur-adheentá, s. f. Dependance upon or subjection to God.

देखराराधना éeshwur-aradhna, s. f. Worship of God.

देपन éeshut, adv. A little, somewhat.

TH ees, a. m. Lord, a name of Siv, also of the same as regent of the north-east quarter; a ruler, a master.

Tsi échan, adv. Hither.

ter écha, s. f. Wish, desire ; effort, exertion.

रेज वा éekshun, s. m. Sight, seeing ; the

3 oo, The fifth vowel of the Nagree alphabet, corresponding to so in good. When it follows a consonant in the same syllable, it is placed on lar the letter, and is expressed by its symbol, as we interf. Oh! denoting pain.

gra bongul s. m. A finger; a finger's Sant Songlee & f. I breadth.

Till oonch neech, adj. Ups and downs of life, vicissitude, bloh and low, particulars.

डंबाई conchace, s. f. डंबाज conchaco, s. m. Height, eleva-उचास oonchés, s. f. tion डवाहर oonchahut, s.f.

डंबाना oonchana, n. a. To reise, to take

उडे लगा oondelna, v. a. To pour.

उत्तरना ooktana, े v. a. To dig up slowly उत्तराना ooktana, े any thing buried in the ground, to extract a secret gradually and artfully, to pump.

उसड़ óokroo, s. m. The posture of sitting on the hams with the soles of the feet on the ground.

san fokut, s. f. Speech, voice, lansia fokti, S guage ; contrivances, invention. Cokut bunána, v. a. To make ap a story, to invent, to contrive. Oakut tena. v. a. To discover, to find out.

उन्तराना ooktana, u. n. To fret, to be molancholy or dejected; to be out of huraour with, to be tired of, to tire.

उवाताक ooktároo, part. Instigator, promoter,

जनानी ooktárna, v. a. To promote, to

उन्नाना fokulna, v. n. To boil.

sarar ookusna, v. n. To be excited, to be moved, to try to move.

उक्ताना coksama, a a To excite, to move. उकालना ookalna, v. a. To boil water.

उनेलना ookelna, v. a. To turn up.

Em ookt, adj. Spoken.

sfa óokti, s. f. Speech, voice, language ; contrivances, invention.

उद्धरना óokhutna, v. n. To trip.

उद्भा ookhurna, v. n. To be rooted up. plucked up or raised up, to slip out (as a bone, &c.). Ookhurna pookhurna, To be plucked or rooted up.

उखड़ाना ookhrána, र v. a. To root up, उद्धाउना ookharna, break or pluck up, cradicate, extirpate; dislocate,

उखनी bokhlee, s. f. A wooden mertar.

ware ookhar, s. f. Rooting up, extirpation.

च्यान प्रवान ookhal-pookhal, s. m. Cholera morbus.

उत्तहवाना ookherwana, v. a. To esuse to pluck up.

डगन bogut, part, Growing, springing up; production.

production. ed, to spring (as plants), to rise ( as the moon) Ongtchee Mijana, To be withered immediately on springing up (is applied to a hope or expectation which is blasted in the bud).

उगलना pognine, v. a. To spit out, to vomit; (mes.) to refund property surreptitiously obtained of

SHIFT cogans, v. a. To cause to grow, &c. Gara ought a me. That which is spit out after chewing any thing (especially betel leaf.) Ap ka oogal mera oodhar, Your worship's leavings are my nourishment; i. e. You, sir, are my support and benefactor. Oogaldan, s. m. A. spitting-pot.

हमाइना oogahna, v. a. To gather, collect, accumulate.

enter cogahee, s. f. Usury ; the trade of leading money on interest of one-fourth part the payment of which is received by instalments.

Se Sogr, s. m. Wrath, anger. sen bogra, ady. Angry, cruel, wrathful.

देवस्ता boghurna, v. n. To be uncovered, discovered, opened, pulled off.

डवाइना ooghárna, v. a. To uncover, discover, unveil, open, pull off, unclose, bare.

evie oogharoo, s. m. One who uncovers or unveils.

उचक्ता oochükna, v. n. To rise, to be raised or lifted f to leap, bound, spring up.

डचकाना oochkana, r.a. To lift or raise up. उन्हा oochükka, v. m. A thief, a pickpocket.

उसकी oochükkee, s. f. A female thief or pick-pocket.

Gezar Sochutna, v. n. To separate ; to be separated (as plaster from a wall); to slip, slide, rebound (as a sword striking a hard body obliquely); to be broken or interrupted (sleep ).

उचरंग oochrung, s. m. A moth.

डचरचा oochurna, v. n. To speak, pronounce, utter.

उच्चन oochulna, v.n. To separate, to be separated.

उच्चाना oochlana, e. a. To order a person to separate (one thing from another).

उचारना oochátna, v. a. To divide, separate. Oochat hona, To be tired, to be disgusted. उचाना oochána, v. a. To lift up a burden.

डचार्ना oochárna, v. a. To pronounce, to speak out, to atter.

To bookit, all. Proper, becoming, fit, suitable, convenient

उचेत्रना councing, v. की To separate one thing from another

En oochch, add. High, tall, lefty.

san oochehuta, s. f. Height.

उद्दश oochehirns, a n. to seperate (as the skin from the fieth, de.), to be uttered, spoken or pronounced v. a. To specik, utter, tell.

उद्घाटन ooch-chatun, s. m. ) The act of डबाटी oochatee, s. f. vexing, or rendering sorrowful, vexation.

डच्चान ooch-chan, s. f. Height.

उद्दार ooch-char, s. m. } Pronumation, culation, expression, enqueiation,

SETTAT coch-charna, v. o. To pronounce. speak out, utter, articulate, express.

Santa oochcharit, add Pronounced, uttered, articulated.

wars ooch-chhah, s. m. Joy, gladness.

उच्चित्र ooch-chnin, adj. Ruined, laid waste, destroyed.

wiew ooch-chhisht, s. m. Food left or rejected, crumbs, fragments, leavings, orts.

उद्भार oochehb-was, s.m. Breath, breathing; hope, expectation; division of a book.

उद्भा oochhurna, े v. n. To leap or bound, to spring उक्रवाचा oochhulna, J

not sprout up (us water in a fountain), to spring or fly up.

क्रमाना oochh-lána, v.a. To order another to throw up any thing.

डक्रानुमा oochhalna, v. a. To throw up, to toss up a thing (as a ball, &c.) and catch it in the hand.

was cojud, adj. Inconsiderate, rash, ignorant, clownish.

उजद्रा oojúrna, v.n. To become desolate. उज्यान ocjurwána, v. a. To lay waste by the hands of a third person.

उजदापजदा бојга-рбојга, part. In ruins, desolate

उज्ञान। oojulna, v. n. To become clean, to shine, to be bright.

उन्ना bojla, ady. Clear, shining, luminous, bright, splendid.

उज्ञान oojlana, v. a. To cause to cleanse, to brighten.

इसवाना oojwana, v. a. To cause a person to pour from one vessel to another,

उज्ञानर oojágur, a.m. Splendor, brightness. adj. Famous, celebrated; light, bright, splendid.

e erre oojár, adi. Desert, desolate, ruined, rainous, demolished, deserted, abandoned.

डजाडना oojarna, v. a. To lay waste, desolate, demolish, injure, expese to loss.

डनान ooján, s. m. The direction or part of a river which is opposite to the course of the stream; up the stream.

डजाउना oojalna, v. a. To cleanse, polish (metals or jewels).

उजाबा oojála, s. m. Splendor, brightness, light. adj. Clear, shining, luminous, bright.

Estal eojálee, s. f. Splendor, glare. adj. Bright, clear, light,

ਤਰਜਤ oojjul, } adj. Clean, bright, lumiwas followil, nous, splendid, clear, pure, shining; blown, expanded.

उळ्युन्ता oojiwulta, s. f. Splendour, radi-

उज्यक्ति 60jjulit, adj. Pure, clean, clear. उळान oojjyn, s. m. The city of Oojein. formerly the capital of Vikrumadityuh: it is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindoos, and the first meridian of their geographers.

उक्तका oojhúkna, v. a. To peep, to spy. was cojhúr, adj.Ignorant, illiterate, soms oojjhur, I clownish.

उभाजना oojhulna, v. n. To flow or be poured from one vessel into another. v.a. To throw or pour quickly from one vessel into another.

डकालना oojhalna, v. a. To pour from one vessel into another.

उटकर्बेस ootukkur-lys, adj. Precipitate, rash, acting without consideration.

ভटक्क ootungun, s. f. A river near Gwalior; a plant.

उठ इन oothungun, s. m. A prop or sup-

3397 bothna, v. n. To rise up, be raised. to spring; to be abolished.

was ooth-byth, s. f. Restlessness; a kind of exercise.

उडवाना ooth-wana, v. a. To cause to lift or raise up, or remove, &c.

उठवदा ooth-wyya, s. m. One who rises. उठाईमीरा ootháce géera, s.m. A pilferer, a purloiner, a petty thief.

3519 oothan, s. f. Act of appearing. s.m. An area or court; rising, ascension, appearing. 35 777 oothana, v. a. To lift, take or raise up, elevate, hoist, take or bear away, produce, invent, cause, gain, get, enjoy, abolish, excite, rouse, support, bear, carry, remove, receive, suffer, exhibit, contract debts or purchase on credit, expend.

Salas otha-bythee, s. f. Act of frequently rising up and sitting down; inconstancy, seven forgun, s. plur. The stars, the sterry firmament.

उड़ ब्लना oor-chulna, v. n. To walk with a stately or affected gait.

sea forum, ad. Flying.

SENT forms, v. n. To fly.

उड़नामभ oor-nagun, s.f. A flying serpent. उड़प óorup, s. m. A raft, a float.

उड़स borus, a. m. A bug.

उड़ाक ooraoo, s. m. A speudthrift, an extravagant person, prodigal.

way oorak, ad. Capable of flying, fledged.

ভदान ooran, s. f. Act of flying,

उहाना ocrána, v. a. To cause to fly ; to squander or spend extravagantly, dissipate, blow up or away, disperse, filch; to entice. Oorana poorana, To squander.

seq oodóop, s. m. A raft, a float.

उद्देशन oorhungun, s. m. Any thing placed under a vessel to prevent its oversetting; a prop, a support.

उदन करना oorhúk kúrna, v.n. To seek or cry for an absent person (applied to a child only).

उदक्ता oorhúkna, v. n. To overset.

उदक्षर oorhuk-pur, s. m. A broach, a tilt. उद्गा 6orhna, v. a. To put on clothes.

चहाना oorhana, v. a. To cause to clothe. sear oorhyya, part. A wearer or putter

on of a dress.

उद्दीना oorhouna, s. m. Clothing.

उराडेलना condelna, v. a. To pour. डत oot, adv. There, thither.

उत्तक्त botkul, n. prop. The province of

उतना botna, adj. m. As much as that, so much, so many.

उत्र otrun, s. f. A fragment, any thing taken off from the body; cast off clothes. Rin sen cotrum hona, To be freed from debt.

Gazer ooturna, v. n. To descend, alight. halt, bait, disembark, land, dismount, subside, decrease, pass over, cross, go off, fall off, decay, fade, flag, be freed from debt, become insipid, flatten, fall in value or in dignity.

उत्दाना octurwana, v. a. To cause to descend or alight.

pull down by the hands of a third person, us, to do it one's self, is octarna ); to boil over.

Gaer ootla, adj. Shallow.

उतान ootán, } adj. Supine, lying on the

Salt ooter, s. m. Descent, declination.

Ooter dena, To bring down; (met.) to disprace,
to dishonour.

warra ootarun, s. f. A fragment.

edited ootherm, v. a. To cause to alight or descend, to bring down; to degrade; to cause to pass over, to convey over; to take off, to tear off, strip off, to cut off, or break off (a portion of any thing); to unload, disembark, dismount, discharge; to make a return or recompense. Outcreh hooth, Engaged with a desperate resolution in any enterprise: (metaphor taken from eavelry, who dismount to fight on foot with a determination to conquer or die).

STICT octars, s. m. A descent; crossing or passing (over a river, de.); an answer; cast off clothes; disgrace, degradation; ransom; selfdevotion.

उतावन ootáwul, s. f. Quickness, speed, despatch.

जतावचा ootáola, adj. m. Swift, quick, speedy, precipitate, rash.

डतावनी ootáolee, adj. f. Swift, quick, speedy. s. f. Haste, speed, rashness, impatience. उतीय ootéerun, adj. Worn, cast off

(clother, jewels, &c.).

Regretting, missing any thing.

टल्ड्स्न ootkrisht-bhoom, s. m. A good

चनम् oottúpt, adj. Anxious, excited.

डनाम bottum, adj. Excellent, best, principal, first, chief.

डनसपुर्व oottum-pooroosh, s. m. An excellent man.

ottur, s. m. An answer, the north. adi. Posterior, latter, behind, northern, superior, high. Octivered, The latter half.

डसर फहारानी bottur-phulgoonee, s. f. The twelfth lunar mansion containing two stars, figured by a bed.

27th lunar mansion, figured by a couch, and comprehending two stars of which one is Andromedic.

SALT fottura, adj. Northern, northerly.

डनराधिकार bottur-adhikar, s. m. An inheritance.

उत्तराधिकारी fottur-adhikaree, s. f. An heir, a successor.

THE THE CONTROL OF THE HALF OF THE YEAR OUT OF THE HALF OF THE SUBJECT OF THE SUB

The last half.

unar mansion, figured by an elephant's tooth, or a bed, and containing two stars, one of which is in Sagittarius.

स्तराहा oottur-aha, adj. Of or belonging to the north, northern.

उत्तरोत्तर bottur-bttur, adv. More and more, further and further.

उत्ती के ootteern, adj. Arrived, got over a difficulty, delivered, rescued.

say oottoong, adj. High, lofty, tall.

oottoo, s. m. Plaits of cloth. Markur oottoo bunaya boskeh-ween, He beat him to a mummy (lit. till his body became marked like the plaits in cloth). Oottoo kurna, v. a. To plait. Oottoo-gur, A plaiter.

manly exertion, battle, joy. Octohem electures, or deviation, The eleventh of the shoold-putch of Kartik, when Vishnoo is said to awake from sleep: (during the four months that he is supposed to sleep it is unlawful to marry).

उद्यापन ootthapun, s. m. The act of raising a thing up, in arithmetic the producing of the answer or result.

उत्पत्त cotputt, े s.f. Birth, origin, crea-द्यानि cotputti, े tion, production.

डल्ड ootpunn, adj. Born, produced; gained; occurred. s. m. Proceeds, profits, produce.

phea cerulea); a plant (a Costus).

उत्पादन ootpatun, s. m. The rooting up of a thing, eradication.

उत्पात ootpát, s.m. A portent,a phenomenon; violence, injustice, injury.

उत्पादन ootpadun, s. m. The producing or creating of a thing.

ত্রেন্য ootpreksha, s. f. Indifference, carelessness; comparison, illustration (in poetry or rhetoric).

डहार्भ ootsurg, s.m. Abandoning,quitting, resigning, retiring from ; giving, donation ; any precept or rule.

उत्तव óotsuv, s. m. A festival, a jubilee, public rejoicing; impatience; wrath.

energy, fortitude; happiness, joy.

ट्यसप्यस oothul-poothul, adj. Popsy tarvy, higgledy piggledy. s. f. Confusion, interchange.

ever bothla, adj. Shallow.

SECTION STATES उपलामा oothlana, v. a. To cause at turn over or overset. 175万世界河流

era 6oduk, s. m. water.

उद्धि oodudhi, s. m. The ocean.

Sea boduy, s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise; rising, ascending; light, splendour; prosperity, good fortune. Ooduy hona, v. n. To rise(as the sun, &c.).

SEZIE ooduyast, s. m. From sun-rise to sun-set : from ooduyachul, where the sun is supposed to rise, to ustachul, where it is sup-[ing. posed to set.

we'l ooduyée, adj. Prosperous, flourish-

SEC bodur, s. m. The belly.

उट्टिका व oodur-pishach, adj. A glutton, voracious, one who devours every thing, flesh, fish, &c., one who is a devil for his belly.

उदरामय bodur-amuy, s. m. Diarrhea, dysentery.

उटरावेष्ट oodur-avesht, s. m. The tape

उद्देशि óodur-ínee, s. f. A pregnant wo-

उदिन् oodurín, adj. Fat, corpulent. उट्टी oodurée,

उद्धि ooduril, adj. Fat, corpulent.

उद्दी boduree, s. f. Enlargement of the abdomen from dropsy or flatulency. adi. Abdominal.

उदास oodátt, s. m. The acute accent, a high or sharp tone; gift, donation; a musical instrument, a large drum

उदासा oodatta, adj. Liberal, giving, a denor, great, illustrious; dear, beloved.

BETT oodan, s. m. One of the five vital airs, that which rises up the throat and passes into the head.

sere oodar, adj. Generous, liberal, munificent; great; unperplexed; gentle.

GETTAT oodarta, s. f. Generosity, liberality, munificent.

उदास oodás, s. m. Unsettledness, retired ness. adj. Unsettled, retired, lonely, forlorn, dejected, sorrowful, sad; apathetic.

ट्रासी oodásee, s. f. Solitude, loneliness, sadness, dejection. adj. Unsettled, solitary, lonely, retired, dejected,

BETHIR oodaséen, s. m. A class of mendicants of the Punjab, an hermit or anchorite, a cynic, a misanthrope, a stoic.

SETEZ oodahut, s. f. Brownness.

errer o oodá-hurun, s. m. An example or illustration, a simile, a comparison, an opposite argument, one of the five modes of logical reasoning.

efea fodit, adj. Risen (as the sun); distinguished, conspicuous (as valour, &c.).

Seet oodfombur, s. m. The glomerous fig tree (Ficus glomerata); a sect of brahmuns,

garag oodbokhul, s. m. A gum resin, Bdellium.

waa foodgut, adj. Vomited, cast up. TATE oodgar, s. m. Vomiting ; sound.

उद्यादन ood-ghatun, s. m. The rope and bucket of a well, a leathern bucket used for drawing water; an instrument or means of opening a key, &c.

डद्यादित ood-ghatit, adj. Done with effort, exerted; opened.

उदिस 6oddim, s. m. Strennous and continued efforts, exertion, endeavour, labour; calling, employment, trade.

उद्दोपन ood-deepun, adj. Exciting, inflaming as passion; blazing, glowing of a luminous

well a coddeept, adj. Illuminated.

उद्देश ooddesh, s. m. A scope, a vestige, a

उद्ग ooddhúk, s. m. Asthma, act of gasping or panting, plethora in the vessels of the head, head ache, indigestion.

डड़त ood-dhút, adj. Rude, arrogant, illbehaved. s. m. A king's wrestler.

उजार ood-dhar, s. m. Debt (especially not bearing interest), deduction, discharge, deliverance, salvation, raising up from any place or

उदारना ood-dharna, v. a. To liberate, dis-उद्भव oodbhuvuh, s. m. Birth, production.

उदात oodyút, s. m. A section, a chapter. the division of a book, ady. Raised, held up active, persevering, labouring diligently and incessantly.

उदान oodyum, s. m. Strenuous and continued effort, exertion, perseverance, endeavor labour; calling, employment, trade.

उद्गान oodyan, s.m. A royal garden ; purpose, motive.

उद्योग, oody6g s. m. Exertion, perseverance, strenuous and continued endeavour.

चदोभी oodyógee, adj. Active, laborious, persevering, one who makes effort,

werld oodyot, s. m. Light, lustre.

se oodr, s. m. An offer.

sfew oodvign, adj. Perplexed, dejected, anxious, troubled, filled with thought.

उद्देश oodvég, a. m. Regret, agitation consternation, fear; perplexity, dejection, anxiety, uneasiness, exertion, care; the fruit of the Areca catechu, betel-nut.

sent oodvegee, adj. Perplexed, anxious,

perturbed, agitated.

walk bodyodh, s. m. Recollection, the

recognizing of a thing.

चंद्र fodhur, } adv. There, thither, on that side, on the other side. Oodhur sch, From that or the other side. SECT foodbra, adj. m. Opened, undone, imrolled (as the seam in a garment, or thread

which was rolled up in a clue).

EWIT oodhar, \ s. m. Debt (especially not bearing interest), उद्धार ooddhar, f deduction, discharge, deliverance, salvation, raising up from any place or state.

उधारना oodharna, v. a. To liberate, to discharge.

The oodher, s. m. Unravelling, unwearing. Oodher-boon, perplexity.

खशहना oodherna, v. a. To undo, to But oodhernoun, unravel,unfold. GELTI bodhérna,

37 oon, pron. plur. Those, them.

उन्हास conchas, adj. Forty-nine. swarely contalees, adj. Thirty-nine.

उनतीस contées, adj. Twenty-nine.

GANT Commuth, adj. Fifty-nine. उनामी oonasee, adj. Seventy-nine.

डनी ह oonées, adj. Nineteen.

san countit, adj. High, tall-

sefa bounuti, s. f. Increase, advancement, presperity; rising, ascending.

STATE Commutt, \ adj. Insane, frantic, sare commud, f mad ; drunk, intoxiceted, lustful, furious, extravagant.

उन्हत्त्व oonmutt-tá, s. f. Insanity, intoxi-

TERTE conmad, s. m. Madness, extrava-

डकार oonmada, adj. Mad, insane, extravagunt.

चनान oouman, s. m. A measure of size or quantity.

wards. Looking upwards.

wird conmesh, s. m. Winking, twinkling of the eye-lids.

Ser oonha, A. f. Manner, appearance. add. Like, recombling.

ww cop, A preposition which usually conveys the idea of vicinity or resemblance in an interior degree.

Sauces oopkurus, s. m. The insignia of roy lity; implements, materials, means; helpfar, preseting,

Bumit cop-kár, a. m. Favour, protection, help, assistance, benefit, kindness.

अपनारक copkaruk, adj. A friend, a protector, one who befriends.

उपकारी oopkaree, adi. Assisting, helping, beneficent, a benefactor; subsidiary, subservient.

види боркгат, s. m. Deliberate commencement or undertaking; a beginning in general; a stratagem.

उपनत oopgut, adj. Promised, agreed.

Sura copgúm, s.m. Agreement, promise ; approach, approximation.

suce 6opgruh, s. m. A prisoner, a man or animal in confinement; favour, encouragement ; assistance.

Suy ooping, s. m. A kind of musical instroment.

SUTIL copehar, s. m. Service; physicking, the practice of medicine; practice, profession, usage; a present, a bribe.

gus oopúj, s. f. Any thing spoken or sung extempore, the burthen of a song, the chorus, variations in music.

उपजवन copjutun, s. m. Preparation, ex-

डपजना oopújna, v. n. To spring up, grow, be produced, shoot forth.

उपनाज oopjáoo, adj. Fertile.

उपजाना copjána, v.a. To create, produce. make grow, cultivate.

eufera bopjit,adj. Produced, propagated उपजीवन copjeevun, s. m. Subsistence. means of living.

टपजीविका oop-jeevika, & J. Livelihood, means of support, subsistence.

उपजीदी copjeevee,adj. Dependant, living by or on.

उपटन coptun, है a.m. A composition of perfumes, flour, ac. used to rub the body with.

उपडमा óoputhna, v. n. To be tired or to be sick of a business.

every copurna, v. a. To be rooted out. to be pulled out, to be skinned; to be imprinted with the mark of any thing.

उपताप ooptap, s.m. Disease; baste, hurry; heat, pain, misfortune.

उपरा oopdünsh, s. m. A relish or something to promote drinking; the venereal disease. उपरा óopda, s. f. A present, an offering to a king or great man, &c.; a bribe.

exhortation, admenition, information, instruction

डपरेशक oopdéshuk, } s. m. f. An adviser, डपरेशी oopdéshee, instructor, admonisher, a guide, specially a spiritual guide.

suctua copdeshin, adj. Advising, an adviser.

suzu oopúdro, s. m. A portent, any natural phenomenon so considered; violence, injury, injustice, tyranny, excess, insult.

caund oppdhatoo, s.m. An inferior mineral, a semimetal, of which, seven are specified, viz. pyrites, sulphate of copper, tale, antimony, red orpinent, yellow orpinent, and calx of brass; secondary secretion, as the milk, menses, adeps, sweat, teeth, hair, and lymph.

हान्य oopnuy. s. m. The initiation of the three first classes; investiture with a peculiar thread or cord worn over the left shoulder, and under the right; the cord of the Brahmun is of cotton, moonjor koosa grass; of the Kshutree, of sun or flax; and of the Vys. of wool: the youths are invested, respectively, from 8 to 16, from 11 to 22, and from 12 to 24 years of age.

religious writings of the Hindoos: the theological part, and the Vedantor argumentative part of the Veds, either detached from, or comprised

in the principal work.

opnetruh, s.m. Spectacles, glasses for the eye.

उपपत्ति óop-púti, s. m. A paramour,a gal-उपपातक óop-pútuk,s.m. A heinous crime, as killing a cow,aelling a daughter, atheism, &c.

उपमा oppma, ls. f. A resemblance, इपमान oppman, somparison, simile, that thing to which another is likened.

उपनिति oopmiti, s. f. Resemblance, comparison, a likeness, a picture, image, &c.

www. oopuy.ookt, adj. Fit, proper, right, becoming, worthy, qualified; adapted to, suitable, appropriate.

Sur hoper, prep. Above, on, over.

उपरना copurna, s. m. A scarf.

side of a garment (opposed to the lir, ing).

Surfeit, mort de chien, cholera morbus.

as red chalk, bitumen, &c.; a subordinate flavour.

SULTET coprait, adv. After, afterwards.
SULTET copraid, s. m. Aid, assistance.
Oopraida kurna, v. a. To take one's part, protect, stickle for.

उपरि oopuri, adv. Above, up.

डपरोध oopurodh, e.m. Partiality, protection, support, defence, favour, kindness.

cloth for wiping the body. adj. Superficial.

डपनी copurna, s. m. A scarf, a covering

side of a garment (opposed to the lining).

Surfeit, mort de chien, cholera morbus.

उपच óopul, s. m. A rock or stone, a pre-

of a part for a whole, or of a quality for that in which it resides.

ever topla, s. m. Cakes of dried cow-

डपॉनप्र ooplipt, adj. Smeared, plastered. डपनी ooplee, s. f. Cakes of dried cowdung of a small size.

Sugar ooplep, s. m. Plastering, smearing, anointing.

डपलेपन oopkpun, s. m. Smearing, plastering with cowdung, &c.

इप्रम боруш, s. m. A garden, a grove, an artificially planted wood. [tion,

उपवर्शन борvurnun, s. m. Minute descrip-उपवास copvás, s. m. A fast, fasting.

डएवासी oopvasee, adj. Fasting, one who

उपविद्या oopvidya, s. f. Profane science, inferior sort of knowledge.

a narcotic, any deleterious drug, as opium, Datura, &c.

टपरीत oopveet, s. m. The thread or cord worn by the three first classes of *Hindoos* over the left shoulder and under the right.

science deduced immediately from the Veds: four works are included under this denomination, and severally entitled, Ayoosh, Gundhurruh, Dhunoosh, and Sthaputyah; the first, it is said, was delivered to mankind by Bruhma, Indruh, Dhunwunteri, and five other deities, and comprises the theory of disorders and medicines, with the practical methods of curing diseases; the second, or music, was invented and explained by Bhurut; the third, commed was composed by Vishwamitruh on the labrication and use of arms

and implements handled in war by the tribe of Kskuttrees; and Vishwukurma is said to have revealed the fourth in various treatises on sixty-four mechanical arts, for the improvement of such as exercise them.

उपमञ्च oopushtim, s. m. Tranquillity, calmness, patience.

उपशान्त copshant, adj. Calm, tranquil; appeared, pacified.

calm; appeasing, allaying.

उपमानी oopshantee, adj. Tranquil, calm,

चपामास्त्र óopshashtruh, s. m. Sciences connected with, or derived from the shashtruh.

gue ooptis, s. f. Stink, staleness, putrefaction, rottenness.

डपन्ना oopúsna, v. n. To become musty,

phenomenon supposed to amounce future evil; a disease, possession by an evil spirit; a particle prefixed to roots, &c., a preposition.

चपस्ती construe, s. f. A concubine.

supply copusts, s. m. The male or female organs of generation.

डपस्थित óopusthit, adj. Present, ready ; approached, approximate.

Suggram oopuhas, s. m. Derision, scorn, laughter, fun, sport, ridicule, laughing at any one.

डपाइयान copákhyan, s. m. A tale, a story, a narration.

water opping, s. m. The sectarial mark made with Sandal, &c. on the forehead.

उपाइना oopárna, v. a. To root up, extirpate, eradicate.

डपादान oopadan, s. m. Abstraction, restraining the organs of sense and perception; .cause, motive; immediate or proximate cause.

डपाच copadh, s. f. Violence, injury, injustice, tyranny.

surfy oopadhi, s. m. Virtuous reflection; a discriminative or distinguishing property; deception, disguise; a title, a discriminative appellation, a nick name.

्याची oopádhec, adj. Violent, unjust.

उपाञ्चाच oopádhyayuh, s. m. A spiritual

उपाध्याचा oopadhyaya, s. f. A female pre-

उपाध्याची oopadhyayee, ) e.f. The wife of उपाध्याची oopadhyanee, ) a teacher.

Surer copana, v. a. To create, produce, carn, get; to adopt as an expedient or remedy, to contrive, to prepare.

चपाय copách, s. m. A means, expedient, plan, way, contrivance. scheme, preparation, redress, remedy.

sura copayee, adj. Resorting to expedients, contriving, remedying; contriver; expert in the use of means.

उपार्जन ooparjun, s. m. Earning, acquiring troperty.

उपासित coparjit, adj. Acquired, gained,

उपासका oopalumbh, s. m. Abuse, reviling; deferring, delaying.

उपाद oopso, s. m. Remedy, redress.

उपाद oopás, s. m. A fast, fasting.

उपासक oopásuk, e. m. A worshipper ; a

SUITE 41 copasna, s. f. Worship, adoration, service, attendance on a superior, sedulity, supplication, prayer, intercession. v. a. To reverence, to worship.

SATET ocpass, adj. Hungry, one who fasts.

उपादी oopásee, adj. Serving, worshipping.

worshipped, deserving of service, of honour, &c. with opekshys, s. f. Trick, deceit, one of the minor expedients in war; abandonment.

But oophunna, v. n. To boil over.

डब्द्रना oobúkna, v. n. To vomit.

उनकाई oobkaee, s. f. Act of vomiting.

Searen oobkana, v. a. To vomit.

उद्दर्भ óobtun, s. m. A paste for scouring the skin previous to bathing.

उद्दन्त óobutna, v. a. To rub on the body a detergent application called oobtum.

डबबना oobulna, v. n. To boil.

ভৰতালা coblana, v. a. To cause to boil (by the hands of another); to boil any thing with such violence that it is spilled.

उबसमा oobúsna, v. n. To rot, to putrefy.

डबसाना oobsana, v. a. To cause to rot.

डवालना oobákna, v. a. Te vomit.

खबाना oobána, v. a. To sow, to plant.

ভবাহন্ত oobárna, v. a. To set at liberty, liberate, release. [boil. ভবাহনা oobálna, v. n. To boil, to make

च्यालना oobalna, v. n. To boil, to make

Grand Goodings, s. m. A Deal

डभव bobhuy, pron. Both. !

up, to overflow, to unlade (a cart or boat).

SWET 60bhra, part. Unladen (as a cart or boat). Oobbra kurna, v. a. To unlade (a cart or boat).

डभराना oobhrána, v.a. To fill a vessel till it runs over.

डभाइना oobharna, v. a. To take away, to steal:

ভাগানা oobhána, v.a. To alarm, to disturb. ভাগান oobhár, s. m. Swelling, plumpness, tumefaction, prominence.

THE cobharna, v. a. To plump up, to raise up, to excite, to persuade.

डांग óomung, s. f. Excessive joy, transport, exultation, ambition.

डमंगना óomungna, v. n. To advance with joy.

ভূমণী 6omungee, adj. Aspiring, ambitious. ভূমভূমা comúndna, v. n. To overflow, to fall (as tears), to swell, to increase or be poured out (as a river, clouds, an army, the heart, &c.).

oor, s. m. The bosom, the breast. Oor lena, v. a. To embrace, to caress, to fondle.

डरनङ्ग्न corug-sthan, s. m. The informal regions below the earth.

टर्त bortoo, s. m. Crimpling, plaits (as of clothes).

उर्तार oortoo-gur, s. m. A crimpler or plaiter of clothes.

उर्जा óorla, adj. Hithermost, of this side. उरिह्न oorlina, e.m. Reproach, reproof.

दह ooroo, s. f. The upper part of the thigh. adj. Large, great, ample.

डरेंब coreb, s. f. Complication, deception. डरें cord, े s. f. A kind of vetch (Doli-टर्स cordh,) chos pilosus).

उद्भिनी forda-begnee, s. f. A female armed attendant in the hurum.

så oordr, s. m. An otter

उर्ध ज oordhing, s. m. A disease occasionedby the mounting of wind upwards.

tezan, or female dancer in the heaven of Indruh; an ornament wors on the breast.

salt forwura, s. f. Fertile soil, yielding every kind of crop; land in general.

उन्नेग oolung, adj. Naked.

उडदना oolúchna, v. a. To throw out the water from any thing, to drain.

डलकन boljhun, s. f. Involution, entanglement, complication.

उस्थाना colújima, v. n. To be entangled, to ravel, to be involved (in difficulties). v. a. To quarrel, to debate.

उन्मयुक्तक जाना bolujh pholujh jána, v. n. To be entangled, to ravel, &c. তৰ্মান্য coljhana, v. a. To entangle, to ravel or entwist (as thread), to involve, busy or engage (in difficulties, business, &c.), to embroil.

Genta coljhao, s. m. Entanglement, perplexity, intricacy, complication, involution.

ভাৰনীয়া doljhéra, s. m. Entanglement. ভাৰনীয়া dolut-kúnwid, s. m. Name of a

ভরবো folutna, v. a. To pervert, subvert, thwart, reverse, overturn, reply. v. n. To be reversed, turned over or turned back, to return.

gledy, topsy turvy s.f. Confusion, interchange.

ed back. s. m. Reverse, opposite, contrary, reverted, turned back; pease pudding, a kind of pudding made of the meal of any pulse.

उद्याना ooltana, v. a. To overturn, turn over, overset, upset, pervert, thwart, reverse, invert, return.

डलटाना पुलटाना coltána-pooltána, v. c. To reverse, modify : To interchange.

उत्तरा दुलरा Golta-poolta, adj. Topsy turvy, higgledy piggiedy.

उद्यम् oolúthna, v. n. To undulate, to be agitated (as the ocean by storms).

उत्था boltha, s. m. Translation (of a writing.).

ভল্নে colúrna, v. n. To lie down, to rest. ভল্নে colúlna, v. n. To be overset, to be laid en one side.

उत्तहना ooluhna, s. m. A complaint, an accusation v. n. To grow, to vegetate. Ooluleus dens, v. a. To reproach, complain (te), accuse.

डबारना colarna, v. a. To cause to sleep. डबाबना colaina, v. n. To overset, to lay over to one side.

च्चाइना oolahua, s. m. Reproach, com-

water, to bale.

তৰু 60000, } e. f. A. kind of grass (Sac-

उन्दर्भ ool6ok, s. m. An owl.

उड़्डा oolookhul, s. m. Bdellium, a gummy substance; a wooden mortar used for cleansing rice.

उत्तेत्वना oolendna, v. a. To pour water.

from heaven, a meteor, &c.; flame; fire falling

उल्लंक folmook, s. m. A firebrand, wood. burning or burnt to chargoal.

उञ्जड collinghum, s. m. The transgressing of a rule or custom; transgression. उन्त bolloo, s. m. An owl; (met.) a stupid fellow, a blockhead, a fool.

इस्त पन colloopún, s.m. Stupidity, feolishness.

witt oosheer, a. f. The root of a fragrant grass (Andropogon muricutum) ..

खब्दा ooshunna, v. n. To boil.

s. m. Early morning, चचा óosha, dawn, day-break. उपाकान fosha-kal,

we foshtruh, s. m. A camel.

gran ooshn, adj. Hot, warm ; pungent, acrid s. m. Heat, warmth.

warman ooshn-tá, s. f. Heat, warmth.

canta ooshneesh, s.m. A turban, a diadem.

war boshmta, s. f. Heat, warmth.

WII foshma, s. f. wrath ; warmth.

GUAT óosta, s. m. A barber.

उत्तर bosna, part. Boiled. Oosnane, v. a. To cause to boil.

তম্বা oosúnna, v. n. To boil.

उद्याना oosárna, v. n. To retreat, shrink from, recede.

उद्देश प्रस्त जाना óosul-púsul jána, v. n. To be agitated, to be tossed, to get into confusion.

ভद्दाना oosána, v. a. To winnow.

उभादा oosanna, v. a. To boil.

SETTET OOSATHA, v. a. To remove, to put out of place.

SETT oosára, s. m. A porch, portico, peristyle, vestibule.

STW oosas, s. m. Breath, breathing, respiration.

उद्यासना oosásna, n. n. To breathe.

उदिकता oosijna, v. n. To beil.

चरीजना ooséeina, v. a. To boil. चरीकाना ooséejhna,

उसीर ooseer, s. f. A fragrant root of grass used in making tatties (Andropogon muricatum).

एसीका ooséesa, s. m. A pillow, cushion, head of a bed or resting place.

छहेबना oosevna, v. a. To throw out the water from boiled rice.

STETT ooskana, v. a. To light a fire or condle ; to excite, to instigate.

ET CTT ochurna, v. a. To subside (a swelling or inundation).

### 3

3 00, The sixth vowel of the Naguree alphabet : it has the sound of oo in food.

s: ooh. An interjection used to express audden pain or distress, Oh !

चंड oongh, s. f. Nodding, sleepiness. कंचना bonghna, v. n. To nod from sleepiness, to doze, to slumber, to droop.

July oonghace, s. f. Drowsiness, nod-GATE conghas, I ding, doze, sleepiness, drosping.

Eist boncha, ad. High, tall, above, steep, loud. Ooneka bol bolna, To speak with pride. Ooncha soonna, To be hard of hearing. Oonchakanec, s. f. Deafness. Ooneheh bol ku moonh neecha, The proud ones are degraded.

अंबाई conchace, \ s. f. Height, elevation, संबान oonchan, ) steepness, eminence, tallness.

Siz cout, s. m. A camel.

Sizaziti oont-kutara, s. m. Name of a thistle of which camels are fond (Eschinops echinatus).

अंटनी bontnee, s. f. A female camel.

Fig toonheen, adv. Exactly in that manner, so.

er doce, interj. Oh!

जब ook, e. f. Error, slip.

क्रम्भा dokna, v. n. To vomit.

जुड़ ookh, s. f. A sugar-cane (Saccharum officinarum).

सुखाडी ookharee, s. f. A sugar-cane field.

enzuz w oot-putung, s.m. Absurdity, nonsense, what is without meaning or foundation. adj. Poor, helpless, destitute, in disorder.

सहप्रदेशी oot-putungee, adj. One who speaks inconsiderately or without preparation. द्या oon, s. f. Wool.

will oonee, adj. Woollen.

कत oot, s. m. One who dies without leaving issue, an unmarried man; a stupid person, blockhead, dunce.

जर ood, जदिवसाय ood-biláo, े 8. m. An otter.

कहा boda, s. m. Brown. adj. Of a brown colour.

अदाहर oodahat, े s. f. Brownness.

कामन Godhum, s. m. Noise, impudence, rebellion, disturbance.

Just oodhumee, adj. Making noise, impudent, rebellious.

STATE fedhur, adv. There, thither, on THE foodbur, that side, on the other

Two oon, s. f. Wool. adj. Less, defective, minus.

जनी bonce, adj. Woollen.

wards, over, outside, past. s. m. Top, outside, exterior. Oopur seh, From above, over, as, Toofan copur seh chula qya, The storm passed over.

कार oobh, s. m. Oppressive heat, languor occasioned by heat.

ज्ञाना bobhna, v. n. To be agitated or oppressed with heat; to be angry or dissatisfied.

ভাৰত cossible. Impassable, steep; inaccessible.

oorddh, adj. High, on high, abeve. Oorddh-bahoo,adj. With arms aloft or raised up (a posture of Joges). Oorddh-poond, s. m. A peculiar line, delineated on the forehead by the worshippers of Vishnos. Oorddh-sans, s. m. Deep inspiration, gasp.

Jig an oorddh-réta, s. m. An order of religious mendicants, the sumyasee, the Rishi; one who lives in perpetual chastity.

द्धारांस oordh-sans, s. m. Deep inspira-

জনু foloo, s. f. A kind of grass (Sac-ভাৰতা folooa, s. m. Black pepper.

डावर óoshur, adj. Barren (land), a spot with saline soil.

Tooh, s. m. Reasoning.

## 72

- w ri, The seventh vowel of the Naguree alphabet: it has the sound of ri in rich, and its symbolical characteris, which is thus combined www.
- water rig-ved, s. m. The first of the four
- well rich-a, s. f. A sentence or muntruh of the Rig-red; a magical invocation, a mystical prayer of the reds.
- way ríj-oo, adj. Straight; straight metaphorically, as in morals.
- सन् rin, s. m. Debt ; (in Algebra), negative quantity, minus.
- स्थायल rin-grust, adj. Indebted, involved in debt.
- ruent rin-mar, s. m. One who does not pay his debts.
- स्यामृति rin-móokti, s. f. Discharge of a
- स्पानी च rin-móksh, s. m. Paying a debt. स्पानी धन rin-shódhun, s. m. Payment or discharge of adebt,
- ऋषिया riniya, s. m. f. A debtor.

rin-ee, adj. m. Indebted. s. m. A

dos divide the year into six seasons, each consisting of two months, viz. vusunt, greeshm, vursha, surud, him, and shishir; the menstrual evacuation.

ждитя rit-oo-prapt, adj. Fruitful, fertile, &с., productive in due season.

स्तुमती rft-oo-mûtee, s. f. A woman during menstruction.

स्त्रान rit-oo-snan, a. m. Bathing after

riddh, adj. Prosperous, thriving, rising, &c.

we's rid-dhee, s. f. A medicinal plant; wealth, possession, property; increase, prosperity; a name of the goddess Parrutes.

क्य rin, s. m. Debt.

क्वनी rin-ee, s. m. A debtor.

tion; a sanctified personage so called; a sage or saint: there are several orders of these riskis, use the Muhurshi, Devurshi, Rajurshi, &c. the uncompounded name is especially applied to seven ancient sages, beginning with Vushishth, who hold in mythology an exalted and mysterious rank, and who form in astronomy the asterism of the Greater Bear; the Riski of a mentruh or mystic prayer in the Veds, is the sage by whom it is supposed to have been remembered or recited.

स्थी rish-ee, s. f. The wife of a Rishi. इस्पेश rish-eesh, s. m. Chief of the Rishis. इस riksh, s. m. A bear; a star, a constellation

### 亚

- we ree, The eighth vowel in the Naguree alphabet; it has the sound of ree in reed, and when combined its symbol is thus placed beneath the letter n.
- we ree, s. f. The mother of the gods; also of the demons; aname of Siv; an Usoor or demon.

# AS S

alphabet, having the power of lei, but more usually considered to be expressed by li in Lily.

## m.6

gurer alphabet; it has the sound of lee in leek.

#### T

n e, or ch, The eleventh vowel in the Naparts alphabet, corresponding very nearly to s in esquire, hompen: its symbol is placed above the latter it may be combined with, as ?

ψ ch, interj. O! a respectful particle of address.

The ek, adj. One. Eka-ekee, All at once. Ek-ad, Some few. Ek-bargee, All at once. Ek-dust, All together, entire. Ek-san, adj. Alike, similar. Ek-sch dimnuh ruhneh, Is used to denote a change of condition, most commonly from good to evil, but sometimes the reverse. Ek-kee dus somance, To reply ten (words) for one; (spaken of a person who replies with many words, especially in giving abuse). Ek-lukht, Altogether, entirely. Kk-nuh-ek, One or other.

एकक ék-nk, adj. Alone, solitary.

vanie ek-kal, s. m. One or the same

एक का जीन ek-kaléen, adj. Coeval, belonging to the same period, simultaneous, contemporary.

value ek-gooroo, s.m. A spiritual brother, pupil of the same preceptor.

एकपाशीया ek-graméen, adj. Of the same town or village.

vafen & chitt, adj. Thinking of one thing only, intent upon, absorbed in; of one mind, agreeing, concurring.

एकटक éktuk, s. m. A fixed look, stare.

एकड्डा ekuttha, adj. Together, collected.

na, To gather, to collect.

एकतराज्यर ekutúra-jwur, s. m. A tertian ague.

एकता ékte, s. f. Unity, oneness ; union ; equality.

यस्तान ektán, adj. Closely attentive, having the mind fixed on one only object s. m. Musical unison.

एकताब ektål, s. m. Harmony, unison, the accurate adjustment of song, dance and instrumental music.

एकती विव ek-teerthin, s. m. A spiritual brother, an associate in religious offices or objects. एक व ekútr, adv. In one place, collectedly, together.

wat ekde, adv. Once, at once, at the

pathizing, having the same joys and sorrows.

warw ek-drish, adj. One-eyed, single-eyed,

can't akpoksh, ady. An associate, a firm

one devoted to her husband.

एकमञ्ज ek-bhtikt, adj. Worshipping one

एकार्गा ek-bhúkti, alj. Of one faith ; be-

THE ek-ráshi, s. f. A heap, a crowd.

एकल ékul, adj. Alone, solitary.

एक बीता ek-lonta, adj. Only-begotten (son).

युक्तवा ek-vurn, adj. Of one caste or tribe; of one colour. s. m. One unknown quantity (in Algebra).

vasur ek-vurnee, s. f. Beating time, marking musical measure by clapping the hands, or the instrument which does so, a castanet.

united ek-shurun, s. m. One only hope and refuge, especially applied to a Deity.

blood. ek-shuréer, adj. Of one body or

रक्षा éksa, ्रे adj. Alike, similar, resem-एकसार eksár, } bling, of the same quali-

एकाई ekáce, e. f. Unanimity.

carrent ekaékee, adv. All at once, suddenly.

ata ekant, adj. Aside, apart, alone.

THISTE ekakár, adj. Alike, uniform, of the same form.

एकाकी ekákee, adj. Solitary, alone.

TATE ekágruh, adj. Intent, closely attentive, fixed on one object; undisturbed, unperplexed.

varuar ek-agrutá, s. f. Close and undisturbed attention.

एकार भी eka-dusee, a. f. The eleventh day of the lunar fortnight.

variaula ek-adhi-puti,s.m. A sovereigh, a monarch.

union ekant, adj. Aside, apart, alone; solitary, uninhabited, lonely, retired.

vare ekaksh, s. m. A crow. adj. One-eyed.

एके क ekyk, adj. Singly, one by one.

ve er, s. f. Striking with the heel, spurring. Er marna, To spur.

एड्गज ergúj, र. m. A medicinal plant, nsed for the euro of ring-worms.

at your heel (look at home): a phrase used to obviate the effect of an evil eye.

vacu étudurth, adv. Therefore, for this reason.

एतना étna, adj. m. As much as this, so

unarr etwar, s. m. Sunday.

Qai éta, adj. m. So much, thus much.

united etaota, adv. On this account, for this reason.

एतावनात etawun-matr, adj. Thus much, only this.

एमन ém-un, s. m. A musical mode.

(Palma Christi or Ricinus communis).

स्राफिट er-a-phére, s. m. | Exchange, in-स्राफिटी er-a-phéree, s. f. | terchange; barter; dancing attendance.

vil ér-ee, intery. O! a vocative particle for females.

एसपा elwa, s. m. Aloes (Aloe perfoliate). एसा el-a, s. f. Small cardamums, the seed of the Electeria Cardamomum, or Alpinia Cardamomum.

va ev, adv. As, like.

प्रम évum, adv. So, like, thus ; and.

## चे

alphabet: it has the sound of y in Jypoor, and its symbol in combinations is thus placed over the letter.

रंच uynch, े s. m. Reserve, drawing.

एंचना uynchna, } v. a. To draw, attract, pull.

WET uynta, s. m. A snail.

with, s. f. A coil, twist, convolution, twistening, tightening; strut.

To writhe, cramp, twist; to strut, stalk, walk affectedly.

प्रेम्डमा uyndna, v. n. To strut, to stalk. ऐकाधिमस्य uyk-adhi-pútyuh, s. m. Sole

menarch. रेकाडिक uykáhik, adj. Quotidian.

रेका nykynh, s. m. Oneness, unity, equality; an aggregate, a total.

चेत्रक úygoon, s.m. Unskilfulness,stupidity;

to legerdemain, magical; deceptive, illusory. s. m. A juggler,

रावती úyravutee, s. f. The Rance river in the Punjab.

depend uyshwüryuh, s. m. Grandeur, glory, pomp, wealth, greatness, majesty, state; superhuman power, the divine faculties of camipresence omnipotence, invisibility, &c.; supremay, dominion, sway, power, might.

det üysa, adj. Such, like this, so, resembling, like (particularly when joined to other words as, murd-uysa, Like a man). Uysa tysa, or Oysa wysa, So so, indifferent, indifferently.

de úyseh, adv. Thus.

Der uyson, adv. This year.

of a tiylik, adj. Pertaining to the present state; worldly, local, of this world, of this place.

## अो

o, The thirteenth vowel in the Naguree siphabet, it has the sound of o in go, and its symbol when combined is made thus wit.

o, The vocative interjection 0! an interjection of calling, ho, held; of reminiscence, ho, ah; of compassion, ah, oh. conj. And.

ong, conj. The mystical monosyllable om.

आंड onth, s. m. The lip.

wigt onda, adj. Deep.

rafters of frames for that ching on are pulled into their places and fastened till the roof is finished.

with ondha, adi. Upside down, over-turned.

asylum, a place of refuge; sickness at the stomach, inclination to vomit; a draught of water from the hollow of the hand.

चीकना 6kna, v. n. To vomit.

बोखनी ökhlee, s. f. A wooden mortar.

ब्रोच ogh, s. m. Multitude, aggregate (in general), a collection.

बोक्स óchha, adj. Light, of little consequence, absurd, trifling, fickle, fruitless, silly, capticious. Ochka hona, To want.

बोइस ónkar, s. m. The mysterious name of the Deity.

festation, appearance; strength; vitality, vital warmth and action as appearing especially in the focus.

बोक्स ojh, s. m. Entraïls, stomach, guts. बोक्स ójhur, s. f. A thrust, a pash. adj. Private, hid. Ojhul kurna, To conceal, screen, &c. Ojhul hona, To be concealed, &c.

with oha, s, m. A wizard, soreerer, ma-

screen, covering, concealment, partition. Otherna, To conceal, skreen, &c. Othena, To be concealed. &c.

बोटना ôtna, v. a. To defend, skreen, shelter; to thrumb, separate the seed from cotton; to catch (a ball &c.).

बोटा óta, s. m. A partition wall or skreen.

wis oth, s. m. The lip.

of win orun, s. m. A shield, a target.

ब्रोहा óra, s. m. A basket, a pannier.

कोइना órnna, v. a. To put on (dress). s. m. A sheet, cloak, or mantle.

बोहनो orhnee, s. m. A smaller sheet, a veil or woman's mantle.

क्योगडा onda, adj. Deep.

and ot, s. f. Overplus, surplus; abatement, convalescence.

wilat óta, adj. So much, so many.

ब्रोदन 6dun, s. m. Boiled rice.

खोटनी ódunee, s. f. A plant ( Sida cordifolia, &c.).

witt oda, adj. Wet, moist, damp.

odheh, adj. Possessing a right or title to. s. m. A proprietor, one invested with power and authority.

op, s. f. Beauty, lustre, elegance, brilliancy, brightness, polish.

weapons or clothed in mail. Opches khanuh, s. m. A guard-house or post of armed men.

Deity prefacing all the prayers and most of the writings of the Hindoos; a name of Vishnoo, of Shiv and of Bruhm, it therefore implies the Indian triad, and expresses the three in one.

way, side (ward). Ocs or, That way, on that side, thitherward. Or nibahna, To be constant to, protect (for ever).

sewing, stitching together two breadths.

force, adj. Partial; sidesman, protector, patron. s. f. The caves of a house.

बोह ol, s. m. A vegetable, the root of which is eaten (Arum compoundatum); a hostage. बोहती blee, s. f. The caves of a roof.

meat. Ola hojana, To become cold. jan sir moondays on olch purch, I had no sooner shaved my head than a shower of hall came: (spoken of one who has just engaged in an enterprize which turns out unfortunate).

in value, to be deprived of importance, splendour, &c., to become less in demand than formerly.

shafe osbudhi, s. f. An annual plant shafe osbudhee, s. or deciduous herb; c.ne that dies after becoming ripe; an ingredient of a medicine. [upper.

ৰাত oshth, s. m. The lip, especially the ৰাত্যাৰ oshth-rog, s. m. Any morbid affection of the lips.

red flower, to which the lip is commonly compared (Brionia grandis or Memordica menodclpha, &c.).

in value, to be deprived of importance, splendour, &c., to become less in demand than formerly.

बोहर के os-burg, e.m. Name of a medicine. जोसर ósur, s. f. A heifer.

कासरा osra, s. m. Turn, vicissitude. Osraosree, By turns, alternately.

जो ही बा oséesa, s. m. The head of a bed or resting-place; a pillow, a cushion.

बोहो óho, interj. Heigh! ho!

# ओ

ou, The fourteenth vowel of the Nagures alphabet, having the sound of ou in our; its symbol is and it is combined thus with.

जी on, conj. And, also.

कींगी bungee, s. f. Silence, dumbness.

जींडा bunda, adj. Deep.

सींधना bundhna, v. n. To lower (as the

Tur oundha, adj. Upside down, overturned Oundha-bukkt, s. m. Misfortune, adverse fortune. Oundhae peshamee, adj. Short-sighted; unfortunate.

आँ धाना oundhána, v. a. To turn upside down, to reverse, to overturn, to spill.

Ter bunla, s. m. A fruit, a kind of My-robalans ( Phyllanthus emblica).

भीनासार ounla-sar, s. m. A sort of brim-

जीगाइ cugáh, adj. Deep.

about seven cubits long, used in training horses; an ornamental edging of superior country shoes (psculiar to Delhi). भी उपा óugoon, s. m. Defect, blemish, vice. भी उपा óugoonee, adj. Without virtue or science, ignorant.

अरेघट oughut, adi. Inaccessible, steep;

unfrequented.

बोबर ouchuk, adv. Suddenly, unalaz ouchut, awares, unexpectedly.

चौक ouchh, s. m. A root from which an orange colour is extracted (Morisida citrifolia). जीकड бијћиг, s. f. A thrust, a push.

will of outure, verbal noun. Boiling, evaporation by boiling s. m. A knife used for cutting tobacco.

बोटना outna, v. a. To boil (as milk), to evaporate over a fire, v. n. To consume with rage or vexation.

winter outurns, v. n. To descend (as in incarnation of the Deity, &c.) on earth.

carnation, especially of a deity from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the mythological incarnations of Vishnoo in ten principal forms which are well known, viz. Mutaga, a fish; Kuchchhup, a tortoise; Vurah, a boar; Nrisingh, a man-lion; Vamum, a dwarf; Pursouram; Ram; Krishn; Boodh; and Kulkee; a pious or distinguished person, in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Uvutar, a descent or incarnation of the deity; a teerth or sacred place; translation, translating; crossing.

ब्रीक्च्य outsockyuh, s. m. Anxiety, perturbation, regret.

चौदात oudát, adj. White (the colour).

चौदान oudan, s.m. Gratis, what is given over and above or without purchase.

बोदार्क oudáryuh, s. m. Munificence, liberality

कौदास्त oudásynn, s. m. Solitude, loneliness.

बीन पीने Gineh-pouneh, adv. More or less बीनट oubut, व्योग Impassable, steep, बीनट oubhut, inaccessible, devious.

other Ource, Another, separate, distinct, cice.
Our-naheen-to, And if not then and otherwise.
Ourhee, Quite different, extraordinary.

by a wife of the same tribe.

बोहेटीह क ourddh-dehik, adj. Obsequies of a deceased person; whatever is given or performed in remembrance of a wealthy person deceased. बोह्य निव ouruv-anul, s.m. Submarine fire.

after bushadh, s. f. A medicament, a drug, any herb, mineral, &c. used in miedeine.

बीपिंच óushudli, s. m. A deciduous plant, an anneal production, as grass, &c.

जीवधीय oushudh-eéyuh, adj. Medicinal. जीवना ousna, v. n. To become musty, to rot, to putrify.

alar busur, s. m. Occasion, time, opportunity, leisure.

जीनान ousan, s. m. Sensation, sense; courage; presence of mind.

होड़िच onsooch, ady. Without consideration, heedless.

with ouser, s. m. Anxiety, solicitude.

#### क

₹ kuh, The first consonant of the Nagres alphabet, and having the sound of K, as in Kirk.

ৰ্ম্ম kunkun, s. m. A bracelet or ornament of the wrist.

क्रम kúnkur, s. m. A nodule of limestone, limestone, stone, gravel.

कंतरा kunkura, s. m. A stone ball with which boys play, a marble, pabble.

के करी kunkuree, s. f. A small round stone or pebble.

कं कारियम kunkálin, s. f. A kind of witch, hag or sorceress.

कामना kunkréla, adj. Gravelly.

कंकोन kunkról, s. m. A kind of gourd (Momordica mixia).

कंखलरा kunkhujóora, s. m. A centipede (Scolopendra).

air kunkhee, s. f. A side glance, a squint, a sly look. Kunkhiya, s. f. A side glance, ogle. Kunkhiya dekhna. To ogle, leer.

कंगन kungun, s. m. An ornament worn on the wrists by Hindee women, bracelet.

कंगना kúngna, s. m. A thread tied .ound a bridegroom's wrist.

कंगनी kungnee, s. f. A cornice; a small grain, millet (Panioum Italioum).

THE kungrer, s. m. The ridge of the back, the spine; name of a bird (water-fowl).

का ज्या kungulta, s. f. Penury, poverty. कार kung al, adj. Poor, friendless, miserly. Kungal-banka, Poor and proud Kungultur.

Vain-glarious. Kungalia s. f. Penury, poverty.

i च = kunchun, s. m. Gold; a caste of people whose females are dancers. Kwachun-ban, A
real Kunchun or one by birth. Kunchun-khu-

chit, adj. Iniaid with gold. क चर्चा kunchunee, s.f. A female aunchun, a duncing girl, a strumpet, courtezan.

दाच kunchoo, s. f. A bodice or कंचकी kunchookee, jacket.

Ker kunj, s. m. A lotus.

wer kunjur, s. m. A caste of people generally employed in selling ropes, &c. They also catch and est snakes.

कहा kunja, adj. Blue eyed.

काजिया kunjiya, s. /. A small stythe or sty. कंजन kunjóos, a m. A miser, a niggard.

were kunjoosee, s. f. Stinginess, meanness, penuriousness, niggardliness.

ales kuntuk, s. m. A thorn; a bad man; s mean enemy

कंडकारी kuntkaree, s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini).

wir kuntur, adj. Miserly.

afzer kuntiya, s. f. A fishing-hook; a

vessel for keeping oil.

wis kunth, s. m. Windpipe, or the lump on the wirdpipe, the throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom; voice. adj. By-heart, committed to memory. Kunth-aroundhun, Strangulation. Kunth phooten, v. u. To be broken, the voice (of a boy, becoming hourse as he approaches to puberty). Kunth-mala, s. f. A kind of necklace of gold and jewels; the bronchocele or goitre; scrufula. Kunth kurna, To get by heart.

करना kunthla, s. m. A necklace composed of pieces of gold, silver, &c., put on children to

avert evil.

at kuntha, s. m. A necklace or resary of large beads made of silver, crystal, or the earth of kurbula.

atora kunthágruh, adj. By rote, by me-

The kunth-abburun, s. m. pl. The ornaments of the neck.

43 kunthee, s. f. A short necklace.

काइराना kundrána, v. n. To bristle; to dislike or abbor.

कंडरी kundree, s. m. Name of a vegetable, a kind of mustard.

wist kunda, s. m. Dry cow-dung picked up in the fields, &c., used for fuel; a reed; a bush. west kundarec, s. m. A helmsman, a

steersman.

will stundal, s. m. A kind of hauthoy. with kandee, s. f Scraps of dried cow-

ater kundéra, s. m. A cleaner of cotton. aig kunt; s. m. A husband, a sweetheart.

wirr kuntha, s. m. An apparatus.

at hund, s. m. A bulbous or tuberous wort; one of an esculent sort (Arum companulatwo); gartis; an affection of the feminine organ. कंटर kundur, s. m. f. ) An artificial or wizer kundra, s. f. natural cavern, a chasm in a mountain.

wies kundul, s. m. A gum (Sagapenum). बंदना kundla, s. m. A precipice ; a cave ; a kind of silver thread.

wester kundsår, s. m. A stag, buck, deer. कंडा kunda, ) s. m. A squill (Erythroni-बंदा kundra, । um Indicum).

जंदा करना kunda-kuma, v.a. To engrave (as seals,&c.). Kundakur, e. m. An engraver.

कंटासा kundása, s. m. A priapus, obelisk, the ling or lingum.

) s. m. The shoulder. Koon-का kundh, me: koonduh, l duh jharna, To prepare to fly (a bird).

Ty kundha, s. m. The shoulder. Kundha dena, To carry a dead body.

affagrat kundhiyana, v. a. To shoulder, to place on the shoulder.

कंपेली kundhelee, s. f. A kind of pannel or pack-saddle.

wing kunwul, s. m. The lotus (Nymphad nelumbo). Kumoulbad, The jaundice. Kumoulnyn, adj. Having eyes like the flower of the lotus. Kun woulduh, s. m. Very deep water abounding with lotuses.

क स kuns, s. m. A proper name ; the uncle and enemy of Krishn, by whom he was slain; as the foe of the deity, he is considered an Usser or demon.

क्षा kukree, s. f. A kind of cucumber (Cucrimis utilissimus).

क्षाना kukna, s. m. ) A ring worn on the जना kuknee, s. f. ] wrist, a bracelet. Antier kukronda, s. m. A fruit (Celsia).

ककड़ा kukūhra, s. m. The alphabet.

सना kúk-a, s. m. A paternal uncle.

अवादना kukórna, v. a. To scrape (the earth as fowls do), to hollow, to excavate.

कल्यी kukhree, e.f. The armpit; soreness of the armpit.

करारी kukhouree, s. f. A painful suppurating turnour in the armpit.

चलद kúgur, s. m. Edge, corner, border; architrave.

कड्ड kunkun, s. m. A bracelet or ornament of the wrist.

Awa kunkur, s. m. A nodule of limestone. कद्भा kun-kur-a, s. m. A stone ball with which boys play, a marble.

and kun-kur-ee, s. f. A small round stone or pebble.

कङ्गन kún-gun, s. m. An ornament worn on the wrists by *Hindoo* women.

कङ्गा kung-na, s. m. A thread tied round a bridegroom's wrist

कड़नी kung-nee, s. f. A cornice; a small grain (Panicum Italicum).

The ridge of the back, the spine; name of a bird (water-fowl).

কজনা kún-gul-ta, s. f. Penury, poverty. কজান kun-gál, adj. Poor, friendless, misarly. Kungal-banka, Poor and proud. Kungaltur, Vain-glorious.

का क्रान्ति में kun-gal-in, s. f. A kind of witch,

बहु हो kungóoree, s. f. The lobe of the ear.

बाह्ना kúng-ha, s. m. े A comb. Kunghee

sunwarna, To adjust the hair which has been disordered in sleep. Kungkes kurna, To comb (the hair).

was kuch, s. m. Rawness; simplicity;

কৰন kúch-uk, s. f. Pain (of a wound), limp. Kuchukno, v. n. To strain, sprain, twist; to livip; to pain.

कचकच kúch-kuch, s. m. Debate, altercation. Kuchkuchahut, s.f. The act of debating, &c.

क चक्रचाना kuch-kuch-ána, v. n. To swarm, to be very abundant, to be gritty.

क्यजना kuch-úk-na, v.n. To strain, sprain, twist; to pain.

ক্ষক্স kúch kur-a, s. m. Tortoise-shell. ক্ষকাৰা kuch-ká-na, v. a. To strain,

क्षकाना kuch-ka-na, v. a. To strain, sprain, twist. कच्चेला kuch-kel-a, s. m. A kind of plan-

tain which is eaten boiled or cooked as a vegetable.

THE Kuchra, s. m. An unripe melon of a very diminutive kind.

सचनार kuch-nar, s. f. A tree, the flowers of which are a delicate vegetable (Bauhinia variegata).

करण्य kuch-puch, s.f. Crowd. adj. Close, thick, stuffed together.

क्वपचिया kuch-púchiya, .. m. The plcia-

कचमन kuch-pún, s. m. Rawness, simplicity.

बारवा kuch-búch, s. m. pl. Infants, brats, children; family.

incorrect language, babble, nonsense.

or meion; clay.

कचरी kúch-ree, s. m. A fruit (Cucumis Madraspatensis. कचना kúch-la, s, m. Clay.

कचलीन kuch-lón, s. m. A kind of salt said to promote digestion.

कचलां हिया kuch-lõhiya, s. f. Untempered steel.

कचरोह्न kuch-lohoo, s. m. Bloody ichor discharged with purulent matter.

कवस्यो kuch-th-ree, e. f. A hall or court of justice, townhall, court, office.

सचाई kuch-áec, s. f. Rawness; indigestion, surfeit.

arare kuch-a-loo, s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

affair kúch-i-ya, s. m. A reaping hook or sickle.

कचित्राना kuch-i-ya-na, v. n. To be frightened, to draw back, to shrink.

कचियाहट kuch-i-ya-hut, s. f. Abhorrence.

कचुआर kuch-oo-ár, e. m. Bauhinia varie-

बच्चर kuch-fo-mur, s. m. A kind of pickle. Kuchoomur kur dalna, To cut to pieces.

कचर kuch-for, s. m. A plant or drug (Circuma reclinata or zerumbet).

सचरा kuch-ér-a, s. m. The name of a tribe. सचीरो kuch-éu-ree, s. f. A kind of pastry made of wheaten flour and pulse.

कहा kúch-cha, adj. Unripe, crude, immature; raw, built of unbaked earth; silly, inexperienced; false.

काइ kúch-choo, s. m. A plant (Arum colocasia).

went kuch-chhup, s. m. A tortoise, a

and kuch-chhee, s. m. A horse (with a hollow back) from the province of Kuchohh on the banks of the Sind.

कर kuchh, s. m. A tortoise, turtle ; privi-

ৰত্বা kuchh-na, s. m. A kind of breeches which cover very little of the thigh v. m. To be washed.

कहनी kúchh-nee, s. f. A smaller kind of breeches.

and dissolute, libertine, lecher.

Rajpoots claiming descent from Kees, the son of Ram Chundur. The Rajas of Jynugur are of this family.

vince. v. a. To wash, to rinse.

some, something, little whatever.

本意识 kuchhoo-a, s. m. A tortoise, a turtle. Kuchhoo-dabur, adj. Uneven-bottomed (a river), deep and shallow alternately.

between the legs to conceal the privities.

To Siti kúj-ra, s. m. Lamp-black, used for painting the eyes.

कलरारा kuj-rá-ra, adj. Black (eyes) with-

ing kujjul; an iron isstrument like snuffers, used to receive snoke, prepare and keep lamp-black.

कजादित kuj-á-chit, adv. Perhaps, should.

lyrium prepared from soot.

ক্ষুত্ব kún-chun, s. m. Gold; a caste of people whose famales are dancers. Kunchunban, A real Kunchun, or one by birth. Kunchunkhuchit, adj. Inlaid with gold.

कञ्जी kun-chun-ee, s. f. A female Kun-

chun, a dancing girl, a strumpet.

कड़ा kunj, s. m. A lotus.

generally employed in selling ropes, &c. They also catch and eat snakes.

अञ्चा kún-ja, adj. Blue-eyed.

काञ्चया kún-ji-ya, s. f. A small stythe or

कञ्चर kun-jóos, s. m. A miser, a niggard. Kunjossé, s. f. Stinginess, meanness, penurious

with s f. The reins, the loins, the waist. Kutkchree, adj. Having a waist elegant as the lion's (epithet of a woman).

बहक kút-uk, s. m. An army.

नटकना kút-kun-s, s. m. A picture or model (or wood); plan, scheme, sketch, regulation. adj. Shrewd, cunning.

बरकरंज kut-kur-únj. ) s. f. The febri-बरकरंजी kut-kul-éj-ee, ) fuge nut (Guilandina Bonducella: or Cesalpinia bonducella).

कटलग kut-khún-a, adj. Inclined to bite. कटलाग kut-khá-na, v. a. To bite.

बरचरा kut-ghúr-a, s. m. A wooden cage; a rælling, a palisade.

azai kút-na, v. n. To be cut; to be clipped or cut off; to be spent or passed (time, hip, kc.); to be abashed, to be interrupted; to die of wounds.

कटनाव kutnás, s. m. A bird (Coracias). कटनी kút-nee, s.f. The season for cutting

grain, harvest.

in the north west of Hindoorton, the bark and

seeds of which are used in medicine, and as aromatics: the fruit also in eaten: the common name is Kayuphul.

নতে ঘন kut-bun-dhun, s. m. A clog or ring of wood with which the feet of elephants are fastened.

Rec Kut-ur, adj. Cruel, relentless. subs.

\*\*RETT kut-ruh-na, v. R. To be cut, to be cutoff, intercepted, divided, separated, or stopt up (as, a road by being infested with thieves, &c.).

The market town belonging to a fort.

कटमाना kut-wá-na, v. त. To cause to cut, to cause to be bitten.

which wild beasts are kept.

azer kut-úh-ra, e. m. A wooden cage; a ralling, a pallsade.

कट्रन kut-húl, s. ns. A fruit and tree, the jack and fruit (Artocarpus integrifolia).

कटहा kutuhá, adj. Inclined to bite, snapping, snappish.

ъгт kut-a, s. f. Killing, slaughter. Kuta kuraa, To slaughter, murder.

कटाना kut-kna, v. a. To cause to cut or bite.

mere kut-ar, s. m. A dagger; a polecat.

Globe thistle; Echinops echinatus).

कटारिया kut-akri-ya, s. m. A kind of silk cloth with stripes in the form of daggers.

करारी kut-a-ree, s. f. A dagger.

कटाच kut-al, e. m. Flood, spring tide (Bengales).

कटाइ kut-ão, s. m. A kind of flowering on clothes. adj. Cutting.

कटाडा kut-á-sa, adj. Inclined to bite.

नटाइ kut-áh, s. m. A shallow boiler for oil or butter, &c.

बराच kut-áksh, s. m. A leer, a glance or side look, ogling.

किर kút-i, " ) s. f. The hip, the buttoeks,

करो kut-ve, f the reins, the loins, the waist Kut-kehree, adj. Having a waist elegant as the lign's (epithet of a woman).

कदित kút-it, s. m. Vent, sale.

कटिया kutiya, s. f. A fishing hook.

कटोचा kut-ée-la, adj. Thorny; name of a plant; active, brave (a soldier).

कद्ध kút-oo, s. m. Pungency, or a pungent taste; a flower (Michelia Champaca). adj. Pungent; fierce, impetuous, hot.

कट्ट तर kutoo-tá, s. f. Pungency, sharpness; testiness, irritability, कट्र भी kut-óo-see, s. f. Smut, obscenity.

करेव kutéo, s. f. Bad habit.

goblet, &c. of metal, a shallow cup.

करोदी kut-6-ree, s. f. A small bowl or cup of metal.

and degraded tribe, a Chundal; a plant (perhaps Cowitch, Dolichos pruriens).

age kut-túr, adj. Inclined or addicted to bite (a horse).

कड़ा kut-ta, adj. Robust, able-bodied, athletic, strong. s. m. A large louse.

The twentieth part of a beegha); a corn measure containing five seers.

कडंदर kut-hun-dur, s. m. The wind dropsy, tympany.

as kuth, s. m. Contraction of Kath.

कडराजा kuth-goolab, s. m. A kind of rose (Rosa chinensis).

कडचरा kuth-ghúra, s. m. A wooden cage ; s railing, a palisade.

कर फोड़ा kuth-phora, s. m. A wood-pecker

कटबंदन kuth-bún-dun, s. m. A wooden ring with which the feet of elephants are fastened. कटबिक्की kuth-bir-óo-kee, s. f. A toad.

कड बच्चा kuth-bel-u, s. m. A flower (Jasminum multiflorum).

कटमस्ता kuth mus-ta, adj. Very stout and lusty.

कठर kut-húr, adj. Hard.

ৰত্য kúth-ra, ) s. m. A tub, tray, plate, ৰত্য kúth-ra, ) platter, trough, young male buffalo.

कटरी kúth-ree, s. f. A small tub, trough. कटला kúth-la, s. m. A wooden ornament or charm hung on the neck of a child.

कड हैंसी kuth-hunsee, s. f. Affected or forced smiles (with internal displeasure).

afort kut-hin-jur, s. m. A plant worshipped by the Hindoos, commonly called Toolsee (Ocymum sanetum, or sacred basil).

करिन kút-hin, adj. Difficult, obsuire; painful, troublesome, acute, hard, solid; unkind, severe.

कडिनता kut-hintá, s. f. Firmness, hardness; severity; difficulty, obscurity.

काउनसद्य kuthin-hriduy,

कडिनान्तः कर्या kúthin-antuh-kúrun } adj hard-hearted, harsh, cruel, severe, unkind.

कडिना kut-hin-ee, s. f. Chalk (for writing with),

किया kút-hi-ya, s. m. A trencher, a platter; a snare, trap, trepan.

कडि स kut-hill, s. m. (Momordica Charan-

कटेर kut-hór, adj. Hard, solid; severe, कटेरल kut-hól, relentless, cruel, cal-

कराइता kut-hór-ta, s. f. Hardness, firmness; relentlessness, cruelty, severity, rigor.

कडोती kut-hou-tee, s. f. A tub, plate, trencher, platter.

कड kur, s. f. The seed of safflower (Car-thamus tinctorius).

क्षक kur-uk, s. f. A crash, a crack; thun-

der; agility. कड़कड़ा kúr-kur-a, adj. Hard,stiff,strong.

कड़कड़ाना kur-kur-a-na, v. n. To give such a sound as oil or butter when boiling.

कड़कना kúr-uk-na, v. n. To crack, crackle; to thunder.

बड़का kúr-ka, ) s. m. Pæan, song of बर्का kúr-ka, } triumph.

neution; encouraging soldiers in time of battle by pointing out the good effects of steadiness and valour, extolling the actions of former heroes, &c.; was song to encourage combatants.

are a kur-khyt, s. m. A kind of bard and officer in Indian armies whose business it is to encourage the soldiers by the exhortations called Kurkha.

कड़ना kúr-na, v. a. To perforate.

कड़रबन kur-ur-boon, s. m. Name of a.

कड़्दा kúr-wa, ad). Bitter, acrid; strong, virulent; hard-hearted; brave. Kurma kurna, To give or expend unwillingly. Kurwa hona, To be enraged. Kurweh kuseleh din, Hard and cruel times.

जड़वातेल kurwa-tel, s. m. Mustard oil, bitter-oil.

कडवाहर kur-wá-hut, s. f. Bitterness.

बड़वी kúr-wee, s. f. Stubble of a sort of grain.

कड़ सur-hée, s. f. A dish consisting of the meal of pulse (Chuna or Cicer arietinum) dressed with sour milk.

कड़ा kur-a, adj. Hard, stiff; harsh, obdurate. a. m. A ring worn on the wrists, ankles,&c., a ringlet, bracelet; the handle of a door, or any thing in form of a ring. adj. Arch, sly, knowing, penetrating, sharp, harsh, cruel.

वास्त्रक kur-a-kur, s.m. Successive crashes.

merat kur-a-ka, s. m. The crash made by breaking any thing; a rigid last (in which nothing of food or drink has entered the mouth).

कड़ाहा kur-a-ra, s. m. The perpendicular bank of a river, &c., side, brink, bank.

कड़ाइ kur-ah, s. m. A shallow iron boiler (in which sugar, &c., is boiled), caldron.

कड़ाड़ी kur-á-hee, s. f. A frying pan.

बड़ी kur-ee, s. f. A rafter, a beam; a ring used to manacle or to fetter with.

agig kur-ór, adj. Ten millions. Kuror-

कड़ार kur-ór, f putec, Possessor of a crore of rupecs Kuror-khookh, s. m. A liar.

कदना kurh-na, v. n. To be extracted, drawn, pulled out; to escape, rise, slip, issue, spring; to be delineated, drawn or painted (asa picture).

कही kur-hee, s. f. A dish consisting of the meal of pulse (Chuna or Cicer arietinum)

dressed with sour milk.

nean kur-hóoa, s. m. A loan, a debt; a premium on a loan; a deduction from the sum lent.

क्य kun, s. m. Grain, coin, a grain, a minute particle, an eye of corn, a spark or facet of any gem.

aufa kún-ki, s. f. Ground rice, or the scraps that fly off in pounding rice to separate it from the husk.

सावरण kún-rus, s. m. Taking a pleasure in hearing (music, &c.) Kunrusiya, s. m. A lover of music, an amateur.

afurat kun-i-ka, s. f. Fine sand (particularly grittiness or sand in bread), an atom; a small particle, a grain, a kind of rice.

कराइ kuner, s. m. A tree (Cascaria ovata). कराइ kun-tuk, s. m. A thorn; a bad man; a mean enemy.

कर्द्रकारी kunt-ká-ree, s. f. A sort of prickly night-shade (Solanum jacquimi).

कबाटकी kuntukee, adj. Thorny, prickly ; vexatious, annoying.

कारहार kun-tar, adj. Prickly, thorny.

बारिस्टा kún-ti-ya, s. f. A fishing-hook ; a. vessel for keeping oil.

on the windpipe, the throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom; voice adj. By heart, committed to memory. Kunth-provident, Strangulatica. Kunth-phostna, v.n. To be broken, the voice (of a boy, becoming hourse as he approaches to puberty). Kunth-mala, s. f. A kind of necklace of gold and jewels; the bronchocela, or goitre; scrofula. kunth kuena, To get by heart.

short neck-lace.

and the threat,

संदर्भ kunth-la, s. m. A necklace composed of pieces of gold, silver, &c., put on children to avert evil.

was w kunt husth, adj. By heart.

THE KUNT-ha, s. m. A necklace or resary of large beads made of silver, crystal, or the earth of Kurbulla.

warra kunt-hagruh, adj. By rote, by me-

करहाभरण kunt-há-bhur-un, s. m. pl. The ornaments of the neck.

कारो kunt-hee, s. f. A short necklace.

and kut, ind. Where? whither? why?

कतनदे kut-núce, s. f. Spinning.

कतना kút-na, v. n. To be spain.

सत्य kútrun, s. f. } Parings, clippings.

कतरना kút-ur-na, v. a. To clip, to cut (as with scissors), to cut out, to pare.

कतरनी kút ur-nee, a. f. Scissors.

कतर्देशीत kut-ur-beont, s. m. Cutting out (met). meditation, consultation, anxiety.

कतरा kutra, s. m. Parings, elippings.

कतराई kut-rá-ee, s. f. Price paid for entting out (clothes, &c.). adj. Sideways.

\*\*ATTHI kut-rá-na, v. a. To cause to clip, to cut out; to leave the high road, stealing away by by-paths, to go round about, to shrink, to slink away (from), to edge or go sideways. Kutrukuv chulna, To desertone's companion, to cut the society of any one.

कताई kut-á-ee, s. f. Spinning, the price paid for spinning. Kutaee kurna, To spin.

कताना kut-á-na, v. a. To get spun, to cause to spin.

warri kut-a-ra, s. m. A kind of sugar-

सवीरा kut-ee-ra, s. m. A gum resembling tragacanth obtained from the Sterculia urens.

करान kut-túl, s. f. A lump of stone, brick or earth.

कसान kut-tán, s. m. A knife, a dagger.

कद्भक kut-thúk, s. m. A story-teller; a kind of singer.

as kuth, s. m. The astringent vegetable extract which the natives eat with betel-less; it is the produce of a species of mimosa (Chadira)catechu, terra japonica.

ন্ত্ৰন্ধ kut-húk, s. m. A narrator, a relator, one who recites a story, or who publicly reads and expounds the *Poorans*.

कथन kut-hún, s. m. Saying, narrating, relating.

जयना kúth-na, v. a. To tell, to say, to

कथा kut-há, s. f. A story, tale, fable, relation, narrative.

कि शिक kút-hik, s. m. A story teller by profession, a narrator, or relator.

कथित kút-hit, adi. Spoken, said, told, related.

करायकात्रन kuth-óp-kut-hun, s. m. Conversation, free intercourse; a dialogue, a conference; narration.

बाद kud, adv. When ?

कदन kud-un, s. m. A killer, a destroyer; killing, destroying.

करम kúd-um, ) s. m. A tree (Nauclea कद्रक kúd-umb, J orientalis).

बाद अ पुष्पी kúdumb-póoshpee s. f. A plant the flowers of which resemble those of the Kudumb, commonly called Moundearee.

कदर kúd-ur, s. m. A white sort of Mimo-

कट्छ kud-úr-yuh, adj. Avaricious, miser-

कटल kúd-ul, s. m. f. The plantain or कदलक kúd-luk, s. m. } banana tree (Mu-बद्बी kúd-lee, s. f. sa sapientum).

कटा kud-a, adv. When ? at what time ?

कराबार kúd-akar, adj. Ill-formed, ugly. कटाचार kád-a-char, adj. Wicked, profiigate, abandoned, following evil practices.

बदावित kud-á-chit, ) alv. Sometimes, at sometime or other: जदापि kud-á-pi, should, perhaps.

कटीमा kud ée-ma, s. m. An iron crow ; a Pumpkin (Cucurbita pepo).

कथी kud-hee, ) adj. Ever, some time or अध kúd-hoo, J

कर kun, s. m. Appreciating, valuing (a field); a weevil; grain, corn; a grain, a minute particle Kun kurna, To value. Kun-koat, s. f. Appraisement of a crop on the field, valuation.

वनक kún-uk, s. m. Gold ; the plant Dhutoors or thorn apple (Datura metel).

कनकरा kun-kút-a, adj. Ear-cropt, earless कनकरी kun-kut-ee, s. f. A disorder in the

कनखनरा kun-khuj-60-ra, s. m. A centipede (Scolopendra).

कान हो kún-ree, s. f. A musical mode or

कनपटी kum-put-ee, e. f. The temple (the upper part of the side of the face).

बनपटा kun-phut-a, s. m. A jogee or Hindoo mendicant with slit cars.

कनरस kunrus, s. m. Taking a pleasure in hearing (music, &c.).

कनर सिया kuurusiya, s. m. A lover of musie, an amateur.

क्रमवाई kun-wá-ee, s. f. Boring the ears.

क्रमण्डाई kun-shul-áee, s. f. A kind of Scolopendra or julus which is said to get into the brain through the ears, and by its bite to occasion excessive pain and even death.

जनहर kun-húr, s. m. A rudder.

ब्रम्ह्स kun-húr-a, s. m. Attention, listening.

कनहरीना kunhuréela, s. m. A steersman. क्रम हा kun-há, s. m. An officer employed by government to value the crops on the field.

कनहाई kunháce, s. f. Valuation of crops of grain, n. prop. m. The name of Krishn.

कनाक्षत्र kun-a-kúch-oo, s. m. The name of a vegetable, a species of Arum.

arrana kun-á-gut, s. f. A shraddh or religious ceremony performed daily by Hindoos, during the dark half of the month Asin, in honor of deceased ancestors, or pitri; hence that fortnight is called Kun-a.

afan kún-ik, s. m. Wheaten flour.

कनियामा kun-i-yá-na, v. a. To go to one side, to avoid one, to dodge, to shun.

कियाहर kun-i-yá-hut, s. f. Shyness.

किन्छ kun-ishth, adj. Small, little. s. m. A younger brother.

afers kun-ish-tha, s. f. The little finger. किन्हा kun-i-há, adj. Revengeful.

करोरा kun-ée-ra, s. m. A caste of people, generally arrow-makers.

क्ने kún-eh, prep. Near, to, with, do. बनेटी kun-ét-ee, s. f. Pulling the ears.

कानेर kun-ér, ) s. f. A flower (Nerium काल kun-el, J odorum, single).

कमया kun-úy-ya, s. m. The ceremony of boring the ears

कनी जिला kún-óu ji-ya, ado. Inhabitant of Canouge.

कन्दिर kun-but-ha, s. m. Any situation in an apartment close to an angle of the wall.

करीं ह kun-fund, s. m. Diffidence, bashful-

करोंडा kun-bun-da, adj. Diffident, bashful, favoured; standing in awe of, or afraid to meet another.

arist kun-bu-ra, adj. Standing in awe of another. Kunoura kurna, To gain ascendency over another, or make him stand in awe.

वान kunt, s. m. A husband, sweetheart,

कर्षा kunt-ha, s. m. An apparatus or hand round the neck of a jogee to carry things on.

root; one of an esculent sort (Arum compoundatum); garlic; an affection of the feminine organ.

कल्ल kundul, s. m. A gum (Sagapenum).

कल्ला kúnd-la, s. m. A precipice ; a cave ; a kind of silver thread.

कन्द्रा kund-sar, s. m. A stag, buck, doer. कन्द्रा kund-ra, हे m. A squill (Erythroni-कन्द्रा kund-da, हे m. Indicum.

kundh, s. m. The shoulder Koon-

ज़न्दा kóonda, da jharna, To prepare

कित्र वाना kund-hi-yá-na, v. a. To shoulder, to place on the shoulder.

करेवो kund-hel-ee, s. f. A kind of pannel or pack-saddle.

बद्धा kún-na, s. m. The notches on the two sides of the upper leather of a shee; the part of a paper kito to which the string is tied.

agreet kun-na-dar, s. m. A kind of shoe or slipper.

कही kun-nee, s. f. A spark of a diamond or other gem; bran. Kunnee kuina, To undermine a person, or effect his rain by clandestine means.

करका kún-yu-ka, s. f. A girl, a maiden; the Socotrine aloe ( Aloe perfoliata).

করে kun-ya, e. f. A little girl, a girl nine years old; a daughter; a virgin; the sign Virgo. Kun-ya-dan, Dowry, virgin-giving, giving a girl in marriage.

कर्रोश kunh-rée-la, s. m. A steersman. कर्राई kun-há-ee, s. f. Valuation of crops of grain.

कड़िया kun-hy-ya, n. prop. A name of Krisha.

कप्राणे kup-kup-ee, s. f. Shivering, trembling, quaking, perturbation.

auz kúp-ut, s. m. Fraud, deceit, cheating, circumvention, trick, spite, rancour, adulteration, aubterings. adi. Designing, insincere.

व्यवस्था kuput-tá, s. f. Deceitfulness.

कपटने ट्यू Kuput-lekh, s. m. A forged docu-

कपटबेश kuput-vesh, s. m. Disguise.

बस्टेक्क्री kuput-veshée, adj. Disguised, in masquised, s. m. A hypocrite.

wo? kup-ut-ee, adj. Insincere, fruudulent, dishonest, a rogue, a chest, false, deceitful, hypocritical; adulterated,

жите kup-ur, s. m. Cloth. Kupurchhan kuma, To strain. Kupurchhan, adj. Impalpable (powder); deep (consultation); thoroughly sifted (intelligence, &c.).

कप्रकारा kúpur-kótha, s. m. A tent.

The state of the s

Kupreh, s. m. pt. Dress, apparel.

Kupreh rungna, To become a mendicant. Kupreh kojhol dena, To give an alarm. Kupreh-wupreh, Clothes.

कपमा kup-na, v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, quiver. adj. Trembling.

कपरकुट kup-ur-koot, adj. Pounded up with rags ( clay for making crucibles &c.).

कार्युस kup-ur-dhool, s. m. A kind of gause.

leaf or pannel of a door, a shutter, the

aur; kup-ar, s. m. The skull, the cranium; fate, destiny.

A caste in Bengal who sells greens, &c.; a title of Shie, who carries a skull in his hand and a chain of skulls round his neck; a cavesson. Urdh-kuparee, Pain of half the head, hemicrania; an areas nuthaving two kernels, or rather one of those kernels which are convex on one side and flat on the other, where it was in contact with its fellow. (These nuts, from the doctrine of signatures, are said to be a remedy for the Hemicrania).

The skup al, s. m. The head, forehead; the skufi, the cranium; fate, destiny, Kupal phootna, To be unfortunate, Kupul khoolsa, To have a favourable turn of fortune.

Rupale-asum, An attitude of mendicants in worship, standing on their heads. Kupale-kriya, A ceremony amog Hindoos; when a dead body is burning and nearly reduced to ashes, the nearest relation breaks the skull with the stroke of a bamboo and power meited ghee into the cavity; hence Kupal kriya kuma, To think intensely to beat or cudgel one's brains.

the cotton plant (Gosspium herbacsum).

करि kúp-i, s. m. An ape or monkey.

apple (Peronia Elephantium, or Oratava Valanda).

कपिना kup-i-la, s. f. A brown-coloured

कपूर kup-6ot, े s. m. A bad or degene-

audi kup-60-tee, s. f. Degeneracy.

TWE kup-for, s. m. Camphor; also, name of a flower.

कपूर कवरी kup-oor-kúch-ree, s. f. A sort of medicine.

बच्ची kup-óo-rée, s. f. A kind of betel-lenf. बचाव kup-ót, s. m. A pigeon or dove, especially the spotted-necked pigeon.

gendoon, A small pillow of a circular shape to rest the cheek upon.

humors of the body; watery froth or feam in general.

अपनाशन kuph-náshun, adj. Antiphleg-

कफो kuphée, adj. Phlegmatic.

when Kubkub, adv. When Kubkuk, adv. Till when Kubkub, adv. When i Kubka, or Kubkeb, or Kubkee, Since when i Ot what time i Kublo, Till when i How long?

beys, who divide themselves into two parties; one of which takes its station on one side of a line or ridge, called pala, made on the ground, and the other on the other. One boy, shouting kubuddee kubuddee, passes this line and endeavours to touch one of those on the opposite side; if he is able to do this, and to return to his own party, the hoy that was so touched is supposed to be slain, that is, retires from the game; but if the boy who made the assault be seized and unable to return, he dies, or retires in the same manner. The assault is thus made from the two sides alternately, and that party is victorious of which some remain after all their opponents are slain. [Prison bars 7]

कवस्त kub-undh, s. m. A headless trunk, especially retaining the powers of action.

क्ष्यरा kúb-ra, adj. Grey, dicty white, va-

कबाड kub-ár, s. m. A door.

कार्च kúb-i, s. m. A poet.

कवित kub-it, s. m. A sort of verse used by the Hindoos, poetry.

कविता kub-it-a, s. f. Poetry, a poem.

वर्बीश्वर kub-ée-shwur, s. m. An eminent poet, a prince of poets.

कारी kub-hoe, adv. Ever, some time or कार् kub-hoo, other. Kubhee kubhee, Sometimes, now and then, at times. Kubhee kek, of sometime, sometime ago. Kubhee nuh kubhee, Sometime or other.

कतर kum-uth, s. m. A tortoise, a turtle.

Total kam-rha, s. m. A gourd (Cucurtita pepo).

जनगड dum-un-dul, s. m. An earthen or wooden water pot used by the ascetic and religious student.

वसन kúm-un, adj Libidinous, desirous; beautiful, desirable.

कमनीय kum-un-éeyuh, adj. Pleasing, beautiful, desirable.

ante kum-rukb, s. m. A fruit (Averrhon carimbola).

and kum-ul, s. m. The lotus (Nelumbium speciosum or Ny aphwa nelumbo).

awaard kum-ul-bach, s. m. A disorder, the jamdice.

array kum-ul-a, s. m. The caterpillar or larva of a brown moth covered with fine bristles, which, on handling it, aftere to the skin and excite itching: it is destructive to trees; the palmerworm.s.f. A name of the goddess Lukshmee; an excellent woman.

क्रम्भिनी kum-lin-ee, e. f. A number of lotus flowers, or a place abounding with them. क्रम्भी kun-lee, s. f. A small blanket.

कराजाना kura-wá-na, v. a. To cause to work, to earn, to use (as razors, &c.).

कार kum-5-ee, s.f. Earning, gain; work, performance.

कसाऊ kum-4-00, adj. Laborious, one who earns (a livelihood).

कसाना kum-á-na, v. a. To earn; to work, to perform; to perpetrate, to commit (crime), to do (good); to clean (leather or a privy); to lessen, to abate.

क्रमान्त्र kumásoot, s. m. A journeyman, a servant, a workman, samer.

कर्माचा kum-ée-la, s. m. A plant or drug. कर्म र kum-ér-a, s. m. A workman, journeymon, an assistant.

कार्ट kuin-6od, a. m. A dyeing drug, being the dust from the outside of the capsules of Rottlera tinctoria; said to be, also, a purgative medicine and aphrodisiac.

क्रोटिनो kum-6-din-ee, s. f. A sort of water-lily, described as expanding its petals during the night, and closing them in the day time (Menganthes Indica, or Cristata).

बहारी kum-ó-ree, s. f. A small earthen vessel.

कम्प kump, s. m. Shivering, tremour, trembling, quaking, resturbation, shaking.

कस्पन kumpún, s. m. Trembling, quiver-

कान्यमा kúmp-na, v. n. To tremble.

कस्पनान kumpmán, adj. Trembling. कस्पाना kum-pá-na, v. a. To cause to trem-

ble, to shake, to agitute.

कर्मान्त kum-pā-ha, adj. Tremulous, करियत kum-pit, fearful, shaking, trembling.

कर्म kúm-bul, कर्म ह kúm-mul,

awara kum-boj, s. m. A country in the north of India, Camboj or Cambay.

at kur, s. m. The hand s. m. f. Tribute, duty, custom, fee, sax, tell, impost, royal revenue.

कर् कच kur-kuch, s. m. A kind of salt, sea salt made by evaporation.

कर कराष्ट्र kur-uk-nath, s. f. A species of fewl whose bones even are black.

Numidian crane).

कर कराइट kur-kur-á-hut, s. f. Cracking, crackling noise.

ब्रक्त kúr-kus, adj. Piercing, harsh; obdurate, violent, sharp, contumelious.

करक्सा kur-kus-a, s. f. A termagant,

करकाना kur-ká-na, v. a. To strain, sprain, broak.

कर्गदा kur-gúd-a, s. m. A string worn round the waist.

सर्गच्छा kur-guh-un, s. m. Protection.

कर् kur-unj, s. m. A plant (Galedupa arborea).

making, acting, doing; to make, to do; the ear, the helm of a boat.

with Kur-un, s. m. An astrological division of time, of which there are eleven, 7 moveable and 4 fixed, and 2 are equal to 2 lunar day.

Tree; kur-nee, e. f. Action, business; a trowel; (in arithmetic), a surd or irrational quantity.

करतब kúr-tub, s. m. Action, business, deed; skill, art.

करतन kúr-tul, s. m. The palm of the hand.

acte kur-tal, s. m. A musical in-

kind of small cymbal; the word may also imply bearing time with the hands.

atal kur-tee, s. f. The skin of a calf stuffed and placed near the mother to make her give milk.

acaa kur-toot, s. f. Action, business.

made to make up a deficiency in coin, or the difference between the price of new things and old given in exchange.

करदिखलाना kur-dikh-lana, v. a. Torealize.

कर्यभरी kur-dhúm-ree, s. f. A girdle, zone, cordon.

करन kur-un, s. m. Lace cut into small pieces and put on a cap.

करणमूज kur-un-phóol, s. m. A kind of

acagic kurunbar, a. m. Doer, maker.

ment kurna, v. a. To do, make, form, perform, execute, effect, act, administer, avail, set, thrust, use, cone. s. m. A kind of citron (Curas medicus); making, doing, &c.

array kurneywala, s. m. Maker, doer.

acal kurbee, s. f. The stalk of joar or bajra (Holeus sorgum and spicatus).

कर kur-um, ) a. m. Business, act, ac-कर्म kurm, } tion; fortune, fate, des-

tiny, office; seeus, case; Hindoo worship, devotion; name of a bird. Kurumbhog, s. m. Fulfilling of destiny.

नरमचारी kur-um-cha-ree, s. m. An inferior officer to collect the revenue from a certain division of a village, the village accountant.

करमेंचा kurméywa, s. m. A kind of vegetable.

बर्जन्स kur-lug-oo-a, adj. Uxorious.

करणाना kur-lá-na, v. a. To effect, to settle. v. n. To shriek.

araz kur-wút, s. f. Sideways, sleeping on the side, turning from side to side. Kurwus lena, To turn (in bed). Kurwus kurna, To turn over.

करवाना kur-wa-na, v. a. To cause to make or do.

करवान kur-wal, ] s. m. A rudder, a करवारा kur-wa-ra, ] paddle.

करवीर kur-weer, s. m. A fragrant plant or flower (Oleunder or Nerium odorum).

कर गांच kur-shoth, s. m. Œdematous swelling of the hands.

करनी kur-see, s. f. Small lumps of cowdung dried for fuel.

करहा kur-há, s. f. The loins.

main kur-ant, s. m. A saw.

artial kur-án-tee, s. m. A sawyer.

act kur-a, adj. Hard, adulterated, false or bed (as coin).

कराकुल kur-a-kóol, s. m. A bird, a kind of heron or curlew.

कराना kur-६-na, v. a. To cause to be done or made, to actuate, to effect.

करायल kur-á-yul, s. m. Rosin, resin.

actet kur-a-rá, adj. Hard, stiff.

जराज kur-ál, s. m. Rosin, pitch. वर्गाः Great, large; high, lofty ; sermidable, terrible कराइना kur-áh-na, v. n. To sigh and utter ah! from pain, to groan, to moan.

brass, or earth; in which food is boiled or fried.

Kurahee chaina, To lick the pots (from indigence or extreme avaries); hence, applied as a reproach to a bridegroom if it rain on his wedding procession. Kurahee lena, A species of ordeal, in which oil is made boiling hot in the vessel above described, a small piece of gold, as a ring, is put in it, and the suspected person is to take it out. If he do this without injury to his hand, he is pronounced innocent.

करिल kur-il, s. m. A sprout, a shoot.

boo; a thorny plant growing in deserts and fed upon by camels (Capparis aphylla).

करील kur-bel, s. ms A plant (Capparis spinosa).

compassion, mercy. Kuroona-nidhan, Abode of tenderness and mercy (an epithet of the Deity).

कर्णासक kuroon-atmuk, adj. Compassionate, tender.

कर्णास्य kuroon-amuy, adj. Gentle, compassionate.

a pot with a spout. Kuroon-chouth, A Hindoo holy-day celebrated in the month Kartik.

करेकर kur-ekúr, adj. A breast.

करेग kur-éra, adj. Hard, stiff, vehement. करेन kur-éla, s. m. A vegetable of a bittor taste (Momordica charantia).

and kur-uyt, s. m. A snake (of a very venemous kind).

mire kur-ór, adj. Ten millions. Kurormire kur-ór, pulse, Possessor of a crore of rupees. Kuror-khookh, s. m. A liar.

कराइन kur-6-ra, s. m. A tax-gatherer, an inspector, an overseer.

करोत kur-ót, s. m. A saw.

करानी kur-ó-nee, e. f. Milk that sticks to the bottom of the pot after boiling.

arter kur-bun-da, s. m. A fruit, the corinda (Carissa curandas).

कर्क kurk, s. m. A crab; the sign Cancer. हैकक्ट kur-kút, s. m. A crab; a sign of the zodiac, Cancer; a kind of bird, the Numidian

कर्म kur-kúsh, adj. Violent; hard; intangible; cruel; unfeeling, unmerciful; harsh, ankiud; miserly.

war kur-ka, a. m. Pæan, song of war kur-ka, i triumph.

कर्जनर kur-étur, s. m. A kind of gem or precious stone.

कर्चूर kur-ch6or, s. m. A plant (Curcuma reclinata).

कर्चर क kur-ch6o-ruk, s. m. Zedoary (Curouma zerumbet). [mer.

कर्कनी kur-chhán-ee, s. f. An iron skim-कर्का kur-chhá, s. m. A large spoon, a ladle. कर्कान kur-chhál, s. f. A bound, spring,

कर्कीन kur-chhal, s. f. A bound, spring, jump.

कर्ती kur-chhée, s. f. A spoon; a skein (a ringlet).

कक्का kur-chhool, s. f. An iron spoon; a sword made of soft iron.

कड़ी kúr-ra, adj. Stiff, hard; harsh, obdu-

wiff kurn, s. m. The ear; the helm of a boat, &c. Kurn-phool, s. m. A kind of ear-ring.

बर्ग कीटी kurn-keetee, । s. f. An insect बर्ग जल्ला kurn-julooka, or worm with many feet, and of a reddish colour (Julus comi-

fex); a small centipede. कण्यस kurn-gooth, s. m. The wax of the

ear. जगरपेश kurn-durpun, s. m. An ear-ring, an ornament of the ear.

कर्णभार kurn-dhar, s. m. A supercargo, pilot or helmsman.

जिल्लाम karn-pak, s. m. Inflammation of the outer ear.

क्यापानी kurn-palee, s. f. An ornament of the ear, a garland or string of jewels pendeut from it.

Raja Kurn, the ancient name of Bhangulpore.

A GIVERTHE kurn-prutingh, s. m. A disease of the ear, suppression of the exerction or wax, which is supposed to have dissolved and to pass by the nose and mouth.

त्रहासून kurn-phtil, s. m. A sort of fish (Ophiocephalus kurrawey).

कर्णपूज kurn-phool, s. m. A kind of ear-

कर्णमहर kurn-mudgoor, s. m. A sort of sheat-fish (Silvans unitus).

कर्मक kurn-múl, s. m. The excretion or wax of the ear.

कर्षानुद्ध kurn-mookóot, s. m. An ornament of the ear; an ear-ring.

कर्णमूज kurn-mool, s. m. A parotis, or swelling near the ear.

कर्णजितका kurn-lutiká, e. f. The lobe of the ear.

कर्मवेधन kurn-véd-hun, s. m. Perforating the ears.

क्याचे धनी kurn-ved-hun-ée, e. f. An instrument for perforating the ear.

कर्म म a kurn-shool, s. m. Ear-ache.

कार्यस्त्र kurn-sráv, e. m. Discharge of ichorous matter from the car.

Aut'z kur-nát, s. m. A country, the modern Carmatic; the name however was anciently applied to the central districts of the peninsula, including Mysore.

क्यांटी kur-na-tée,s. f. One of the raginees, or female personifications of the musical modes.

क्योंचड्डार kurn-alunkar, s. m. An ear-

करिंगी kurninee, s. f. A disease of the uterus, prolapsus or polypus uteri.

auf kur-nee, s. f. Action, business; a trowel.

The name of a mountain, one of the seven principal ranges of the mountains, dividing the universe.

कर्तर। kurt-tur-ee, s. f. A pair of scissors, or shears.

articl kurt-tuv-yuh, adj. Proper to be done, what ought to be done, necessary, incumbent, practicable, proper, fit.

कर्म अता kurt-tuv-yuta, s. f. Practicability, propriety, fitness, necessity, obligation.

This kurt-ta, s. m. Maker, Creator (the Divine Being), author, doer, agent; nominative (in gram.); a proprietor, master; a husband.

कतीर kurt-tar, s. m. The Creator, maker; an author, doer.

कर्द kúr-tri, ads. An agent, a doer, a maker. करून kur-trit-wih, s. m. Agency, manage-

ment, rule, government.

बद्ध kur-dóm, है है . m. Mud, mire, clay.

करीन kurdún, s. m. Grumbling of the bowels, borboryg ni.

कर्मनी kúr-dhun-ee, s. f. A waist-band, girdle, zone, cordon.

कापास hur-pas, s. m. Cotton.

कपाँसी kur-pás-ce, a f. The cotton tree. कपेर kur-póor, s. m. Camphor.

कर्ष्यक kur-poo-ruk, । m. Zedosry (Cur-कर्षरक kur-boo-ruk, । cuma zerumbet).

करेर तेल kurpéor-tyl, s. m. Camphor lini-

कर्षत्विष् kurpéor-máni, s. m. A white mineral used medicinally. बहुदार kurboo-dar, s. m. Mountain ebony; blue barleria.

aget kurboors, s. f. Trumpet flower (Bigmoniu suuveolens); a sort of Basil (Ocymum grafissimum).

wen kurmm, ) s. m. Action, act, office,

accusative case; Hindoo worship, devotion; name of a bird. Kurm-bhog.s.m. Fulfilling of destiny.

करोतावड kurm-kind, e.m. The body of religious ceremonies, commanded in the Hindoo laws, or established by custom.

कर्म कार kurna-kár, adj. A worker, s. m.

कर्मकारक kurm-ka-ruk, s. m. One who does any work; accusative case.

क स्में जुत kurm-chyóot, adj. Dismissed from office.

कार्ड kurm-déosht, adj. Immoral, disroputable.

कार्योगा kurm-bhóg, s.m. Fulfilling of destiny; the suffering of the consequences of actions, whether good or bad.

कर्मपुत्र kurm-yoog, s. m. The fourth and present age of the world, the iron age.

कर्माविष्यक kurm-vip-ak, ε. m. The consequences of actions.

सम्बाधी स kurm-sheel, adj. Assiduous, laborious; one who perseveres in his duties without looking forward to their reward.

कर्मगढ़ hurm-shooddh, s m. Approved,

way kurm-shoor, adj. Assiduous, laborious.

and the kurm-siddhi, s. f. Success, accomplishment.

कम्प्रीधर्भी kurma-dharmee, adj. Devout, virtuous; fortunate, accidental.

किन्सिन्न kurm-ishth, adj. Active, assidnous, diligent.

aver kur-mee, adj. Relating to any work, doing works, fortunate.

बस्तित्य kurm-endri-yuh, s. m. An organ of action : five are reakoned, the hand, the foot, the larynx, or organ of the voice, the organ of generation and that of feedent excretion.

करी kurrá, adj. Hard, adulterated, falso or had (as coin)

करोना kur-ra-na, v. n. To be hard or stiff. कर्णक kur-shuk, adj. A cultivator of the soil, one who lives by tillage.

करेबा kur-shun, s. m. Ploughing, cultivating the ground; drawing or structure.

कर्षक kursh-phul, s. m. Belerie myrebalan (Terminalia belerice). afun) kur-shin-ee, s. f. A medicinal sort of moon plant; the bit of a bridle.

and kul, s. m. To-morrow, yesterday; the fourth period of the Hindoos.s. f. Ease, tranquility, peace, relief, quiet, rest; a trap, a machine, a lock. Kul kee but, News of yesterday, something that happened very lately. Kul-mukul, s. f. Uneasiness, disquiet, trouble. Kul ka admee, An automaton, a puppet; (met.) a very weak person. Kul ka ghora, A very well trained and obedient horse.

जनजन kúl-kul, s. m. Wrangling; a confused noise, the murmuring or buz of a crowd.

heart kul-kee, s. m. The tenth Hindoo incarnation, yet to happen. The deity is expected to assume the appearance of a brahman, who is to be born in the town of Sumbhal, and in the family of Vishnoo Surma; he will ride on horseback and put to death all the wicked.

कलागा kul-ga, s. m. A flower, the cockscomb (Amaranthus), prince's feather.

abuse calumny, accusation, reflection, aspersion, suspicion, scandal, obloquy, defamation, blemish, brand, stigma.

कर्नाद्वत kul-unkit, adj. Calumniated, de-

कर्जाड्ड kul-ún-kin-ee, f. adj. Stained, कर्जाड्ड kul-ún-kee, m. blemished, charged with any thing disgraceful; liable to reproach; disgraced, reviled.

बार्च हवां kul-juh-wan, adj. Dark-complexioned, sallow.

जलिका kul-jib-ha, adj. Malignant, illomened, whose curses prevail.

মবস্থা kul-únj, adj. An animal struck with a poisoned weapon.

सबल kul-útr, s. f. A wife.

कड़प kul-up; s. m. Die for the hair; starch.

कलपना kúl-up-na, v. n. To be grieved, to grieve.

कलपाना kul-pá-na, v. c. To grieve, to distress.

कलन kúl-um, s. m. A pen, a reed for writing with.

कलसकल kul-mukul, s. f. Distraction, trouble.

क्लमजाना kul-mui-á-na, v. n To fidget, to writhe, to flutter.

कलमी kúl-mee, s. f. Convolvulus repens, nser as an esculent vegetable.

and a kal-wul, s. f. Misfortune, calamity.

or the ornament on the top of a dome, a pinnacle; a water-pot. Kulus sthapun kurna, v. a. To make an offering of a jar of water to any deity; five twigs of the following trees deemed sacred being previously placed in it, viz. the Ushwuth (Ficus Religiosa), Vut (Ficus Indica), Oodoombur(Ficus Glomerata), Shumee(Mimosa Albida), and Amra (Hog-plum) or mango.

कल्या kúl-sha, s. m. A pinnacle.

कर्जाभरा kul-shir-a, adj. Block-headed, s. m. Man.

जनारी kul-see, s. f. A water-pot, a little spire on the top of a dome or pinnacle.

नगह kúl-uh, s. m. Quarrel, strife, contention.

काइकार kúluh-kár, s. m. Quarrelsome, turbulent.

बन्द आरि की kúluh-kárinee, s. f. A quarrelsome woman.

बलहबारी küluh-käree, ndj. Quarrelsome, factions, turbulent.

कलहादा kuluhára, adj. Quarrelsome, contentious.

कचरी kúl-uh-ee, s. f. A scold, a termagant, a vixen.

merr kúl-a, s. f. The sixteenth part of the moon's diameter, a digit of the moon; a division of time, about eight seconds, the sixtieth part of a degree; part, portion; art, trick. Kulabazee, s. f. Turning over head and heels, tumbling, juggling. Kula mil budna, Todisobey, decline, not to succeed. Kula mil lugna, Not to nave an advantage, not to avail.

कार kul-á-ee, s. f. Wrist; a kind of pulse; leguminous seeds in general.

कलाना kul-á-na, v. a. To parch grain.

न्तराप kul-áp, s. m. Assemblage, multitude; a grammer of the Sunskrif language.

बबाबनुत kúl-a-buttéon, s. m. Gold thread, a silver thread.

बहार kul-ár, s. m. A distiller, a seller of spirituous liquors, a tavern keeper, an innkeeper. कडारिज kul-ár-in, s. f. Female of Kular. कडायज kul-a-wúnt, s. m. A kind of singer or musician.

नवाइक kul-á-huk, s. m. A musical instrument.

world, according to the Hindoos, the iron age or that of vice; the commencement of the Kuli-yoog or age is placed about 3101 year anterior to the Christian era, the numer of its years are 132,000 at the expiration of which the world is to be destroyed.

करिक külik, s. m. A curlew.

afer kulling, s. m. The febrifuge nut plant (Gesalpinia or Gillandina Bondwoella); the name of a country; the name Kuling is applied in the Poorans to several places, but it especially signifies a district on the Coromandel coast, extending from below Cuttack to the vicinity of Madras.

affer kullings, & f. A plant, commonly called Teores, the bark of which is used as a purgetive.

किवाना kul-iya-na, v. n. To blossom, to bloom, to bad.

present age of the world, which Mr. Bently supposes to have commenced 3102 years before the Christian era.

er blossom; quicklime; the Kuli-yoog or 4th age of the Hindoos.

a congregation of believers.

west kul-60-ta, adj. Black (complexioned).

and kul-éoo, s. m. Cold meat, stale victuals, a luncheou, a breakfast.

courage, spirit, magnanimity, heart. Kuleja oolutna, To be fatigued with excessive vomiting. Kuleja phuna, To be disturbed with grief or jealousy.
Kuleja thumda kurna, To obtain one's wish, to
get ease. Kuleja julna kiseeki., Tosuffer sorrow, to
mourn. Kuleja kampna, To be afraid, to suffer
cold. Kuleja pur samp phirna, To suffer jealousy
or envy. Kuleja seh luga rukhna, To caress, embrace, love exceedingly. Kulejeh men dal rukhna,
To love or esteem exceedingly.

कड़बर kul-éwur, s. m. The body.

करेगा kul-é-wa, s. m. Cold meat, stale victuals, a luncheon, a breakfast.

are kul-és, a. m. Sickness, pain, trouble, distress, vexation, affliction, torment, quarrel, contention.

war kul-or, s. m. A heifer.

play, sport, frolic, gambol.

ish, triangular, pyramidical shaped seed of a very purgent small used medicinally (Nigella Indica)

ones kulk, s. m. Sediment, the deposit of oil, phee, &c., dirt, filth; orders, frees; sin, fraudr the Belevic myrobalam; the wax of the car, adj. Sinful, wicked. mar kulp, s. m. A shastr or sacred work, one of the six Vedangs, and comprehending the description of religious rites; a day and night of Bruhma, a period of 4,320,000,000 of solar sydereal years or years of mortals, measuring the duration of the world, and as many, the interval of its annihilation; a destruction of the world; a sacred precept, practice prescribed by the Veds for effecting certain consequences; optionality, alternative, doubt; resolve, purpose, any act of determination; propriety, fitness.

कर्यन kulp-túroo, ) s. m. One of the कर्यन kulp-briksh, fabulous trees of Indra's heaven; a tree which yields watever may be desired.

जान जा च kulp-kshúy, e. m. The destruction of all things, the end of the world.

कर्मना kulpun-a, s. m. A scheme, a contrivance, a plan, a forgery, an imitation. कर्मान्त्र kulp-ant, s. m. The destruction of

The destruction of the world, the end of the Kulp, or four ages of its existence.

afeur kul-pit, adj. Made, arranged, artificially produced or constructed.

बल्द kulyuh, e. m. The dawn or break of day. adv. Yesterday, to morrow. adj. Healthy, recovered from sicknoss; deaf and dumb.

prosperity, good fortune; name of a musical mode sung atnight; a leguminous shrub (Glycine dehilis). adj. Happy, well, right, posperous, lucky.

करमाबायचन kulyán-vúchun, s. m. Good wishes.

meuruf kulyan-ée, adj. Happy, lucky, prosperous; auspicious, propitious.

कहर kúl-lur, adj. Barren, sterile (land); salt (as food).

सञ्चार kul-la-na, v. n. To burn, to be inflamed (as the skin by rubbing pepper, &c. on it). सञ्चार प्रदेश Kulla-purwur, s. m. A kind of

angine of Kuna-purwur, s. m. A kind of

बहुाब kullól, s. m. Joy, happiness, pleasure.

with, s. m. Yesterday, to-morrow.

Will kuwich, s. m. Armour, mail; adrum
used in battle, or kettle drum; a tree (Hibiscus
piopulneoides); an amulet, a writing carried about the person as a charm.

water Kuwuch-putr, s. m. A tree, commonly called Bhojputr; pieces of the bark of this tree inscribed with mystical verses serve as amulets, &c.

बदरी kúwnyee, s. f. A kind of flat fish, remarkable for going by land from our spot to another (Coins coboins). जनल kúwul, ) s. m. A mouthful; a kind जनल kúwuk, ) of fish; an astringent wash for cleaning the mouth, a gargle.

कि kúvi, s. m. A poet.

कविताई kuvit-a, हि.f.Poetry, apoem.

(Scirpus kysoar); a root (Cyperus tuberosus); one of the nine divisions of Jumboo dweep.

August kush-meer, s. m. The name of a country, Cashmeer.

ni or deffed sage, the son of Murichi and father of the immortals, gods and devils; a kind of deer.

and kush, s. m. The touchstone; assay; the decection of a colouring substance.

क्षम kushun, s. m. Touch or test of gold by the touchstone.

agra kushayuh, e. m. Astringency.

क्यावट kush-á-wut, e. f. An astringent.

and kush-ou-tee, s. f. A touchstone.

we kusht, s. m. Want, penury, affliction, pain, distress, hardship, vehemence, violence, acuteness of pain, agony, difficulty; bodilypein or uneasiness.

कष्टकर kusht-kur, adj. Giving pain or trouble.

নাছ kushtí, s. f. Test, trial; pain, trouble.
নাছা kush-tée, adj. Suffering a painful and tedious labour (a woman); afflicted, suffering, in want.

क्स kus, s. m. Strength, power; assay, a touchstone; the decoction of a colouring substance.

करक kús-uk, s. f. Pain, stitch, affliction. करकना kús-uk-na, v. n. To suffer pain, to be painful.

करका kus-kus-a, adj. Gritty, sandy (as bread).

कारकृत kús-koot, s. m. Bell-metal.

कसन kus-un, s.m. Rack, torment, torture.

कशना kús-na, v. a. To tighten, tie, brace; to assay, try, prove, examine; to fry in melted butter, s. m. A bundle, wallet.

कसम्बाना kus-mus-ána, v. n. To move, to 'shake.

कसवाना kus-wá-na, v. a. To cause to tighten, tie, bind, &c.

कहा kús-a, adj. Tight, tense, strait.

Territ kus-6-ee s. m. A butcher. adj. Cruel, hard-hearted.

prove or assay; to cause to tighten v n. To be spoiled (curds, 4 ...) by standing in a metal vessel.

करादा kus-6-ya, adj. Ready, tied up. कराद kus-ár, s. m. A sweetmeat.

कसाव kus-ko s. m. Astringency.

कराबद kusawút, } s.f. An astringent.

करीना kus-ee-la adj. Strong, vigorous.

phas ferri). कर्ज सार् kús-ch-kus-ách, part. Tied up, prepared, ready.

THE Kus-er-a, s. m. A brazier or pewterer.

वसेड kus-ér-oo, s. m. A root (Cyperus tuberosus).

करेडा kus-el-a, arti. Astringent.

बारींदी kus-bun-dee, s. f. A kind of pickie; a plant (Cassia sophera).

बनोटी kus-ou-tee, s. f. A touchstone.

कल्य kus-tóo-ra, s. f. An oyster.

perfume so called, as brought from Cashmeer, Nepal, and western Assam, and Bootam, the latter is said to be the best.

कहना kúh-na, v. a. To tell, say, recount, relate, bid, order, call, affirm, assert, aver, avow, declare, acquaint, advise, speak, s. m. Saying, advice, order. Kuh dona, To tell, bid, order, &c.

क हरावत kuh-ná-wut, s. f. A proverb, saying, an adage; style.

कहरता kuhúr-na, v. n. To groan.

कहराना kuh-rá-na, v. n. To groan (as a sick person).

कहराना kult-la na. v. a. To cause to say, to call, to be called; to parch. v. n. To wither; to become weak, to be lazy.

ब हुला भे जना kuh-la-bhēj-na, v. a. To send a message, to send and tell, to inform.

कहवाना kuh-wá-na, v. a. To cause to speak.

How far? how long? to what degree? Kuhan tuk, Whence? Kuhan ka kuhan, To what degree! extremely, immensely.

नहा kúha, s. m. Order, leave, saying, word, call, confession, affirmation, advice. prou. What? which? how? why?

TETAET kuhazkuhée, s. f. Altercation, expostulation.

कहाना kuhána, v. a. To cause to speak, to cause to tell, to be called.

कहान kuhánee, s. f. A tale, story, fable. कहार kuhár, s. m. A palke-bearer.

कहावत kuháwut, s. f. A proverb, saying, an adage. कहासुन kuha-soonee, s. f. Conversation, discussion, alterestion,

wherever. Kuheen and kutheen, Somewhere or other.

कही kuhée, s. f. A foraging party.

कड kuhóon, adv. Somewhere, anywhere,

कच kuksh, s. m. The arm-pit, the side or

and kuksha, s. f. The end of the lower garment, which after the cloth is carried round the body is brought up behind and tacked into the waistband; a woman's girdle or zone.

on ka, pron. Whom? what? which? postpos. Of, belonging to. [stone.

कोचर kán-kur, s. m. A nodule of lime-कांख kankh, s. f. The armpit.

कांखना kankhna, v. n. To grunt.

arter kankha, s. m. Straining (when at stool, &c.)

कांगन kan-gun, s. f. A plant or its seed (Panicum italioum).

कांची kang-ree, s. f. A chafing-dish.

which the intestinum rectum is prolapsed; a prolapsus ani. Kunch nikulna, Ani procidentia.

कांचा kancha, adj. Raw.

নাতা kanchha, s. f. Wish, desire, inclination.

anish kán-jee, s. f. A kind of pickle or vinegar made by steeping rice in water and letting the liquor ferment, which is kept for use sometimes twenty years.

wiz: kán-ta, s. m. A thorn, spine; a fork; small (goldsmith's or apothecary's) scales; a spur; a type; the tongue of a balance; fishing-hook; a fish-bone. Kanta sa nikul jana, To be freed from distress or injury. Kanton pur ghuseetna, (lit. to drag upon thorns), To extol or exalt one above his merits; (used by a person who from humility disclaims the praises bestowed on him.) Kanteh boneh, (lit. to plant thorns), To prepare distress or misfortune for one's self.

wist kan-tha, adj. Near, proximate.

and s. m. A section, part, division;

कांडना kam-na, v. a. To tread, to trample. कांडनो kand-lee, s. f. Purslain ( Portulaca ).

will kan-dee s. f. A rafter; a sentence of the Vedas.

witt kan-da, s. m. An enion.

aig kan-doo, s. m. A sugar-boiler; a tribe whose business it is to fry corn, prepare sweetmeats, &c. wiel kan-do, s. m. Mud, slime.

कांधना kándh na, v. a. To assist, to protect.

with kin-dha, s. m. The shoulder, Kan-dha hilana, To shrug up the shoulders. Kandha dena, To assist; to carry away the dead.

कांपना kamp-na, v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, shake.

बांस kans, s. f. A species of grass (Sac-charun spontaneum.

कांबर kán-sa, ) s m. Bell-metal, white कांद्र káns-yuh, sopper or brass, queen's metal, any amalgam of zinc and copper.

arzatt kansyukar, s. m. A brazier, a pewterer, a worker in white or bell-metal.

कांद्यनीच kansyunéel, s. m. Blue vitriol considered as a collyrium.

with kank-sha, s. f. Wish, desire, inclina-

कार् káce, s. f. The green scum on the surface of stagnant pools, or the green mould that sticks to walls and pavements, scum, fur, paste.

कार्यका kác-phul, s. m. A medicine, an aromatic bark (Fragaria vesca).

with kak, s. m. A crow. Kakpuksh, s. m. Tresses.

काकड़ा kak-ra, s. m. A kind of leather.

का कड़ा सिंगी kakra-singee, s. f. A medicine. का कथा kakún, s. m. A leprosy with black and red spots, considered incurable.

काकपील kak-péeloo, s. m. A kind of ebony.

नावन्द्रा kak-bundhya, s. f. A woman that bears only one child.

नानमङ्ग kak-múdgoo, s. m. A water hen, a gallinule.

काक्सई kak-murd, s. m. The colocynth or bitter apple.

काका ká-ka, s. m. A paternal uncle.

काजी ká-kee, s. f. Aunt.

काक् जाकी ka-kóonj-kee, s. f. Ranupeulus. बाको ख kakól, s.m. A poisonous substance of a black colour, possibly the berry of the Cocculus Indicus; a division of the infernal regions or bell.

काकालो kakólee, s f. A vegetable substance used in medicine, described as sweet and cooling, allaying fever, removing phlegm, &c., it issaid to be a root brought from Nepalor Morung.

काख kakh, e. f. The armpit.

काल अनाई kakh-ulaee, s. f A painful supportating tumour in the armpit

any kag, s. m. A crow; a raven.

का चमिन् kach-múni, em. Crystal, quartz. का चमन kach-múl, em. Black salt or soda.

an edicinal salt, prepared by calching fossil salt and the fruit of the amblic myrobalan together: it consists chiefly of muriate of sods, with a small quantity of iron, lime and sulphur, and is a tonic aperient.

कावा ka-cha, adi. Unripe, raw, simple, unknowing.

wire kachh, s. m. A cloth worn round the hips passing between the legs and tucked in behind; the upper part of the thigh.

ৰাজন kachhun, e. f. A female gardener. ৰাজনা kachh-na, u.a. To bind on or tie up the Kachh or upper part of the thigh; to akin to gather.

कार्क्सी kachb-nee, s. f A cloth worn over the Kachh, or upper part of the thigh.

काञ्ची kach-hee, s. m. A gardener who cultivates and sells pot-herbs.

काज káj, s. m. Business, occupation, a work, an action, affair.

का जान kājul, s. m. Lampblack (with which the eyelids are painted). Kajul kee kotlaree, A place from going into which, on an affair, the being engaged in which, brings disgrace or suspicion on one's character.

भाजी ká-jee, adi. Busy, employed.

बाज ká-jeh, prep. By reason of, for the

काञ्चन kan-chun, s. m. Gold. adj. Golden, of gold.

काञ्चनमञ् kánchun-muy, adj. Golden.

arz kat, e. f. A cut, incision, execution; scum: virulence. Kat kurna, v. a. To wound, to cut. Kat khana, To bite.

MIZMZ kat-koot, s. f. Clippings, chips, scraps. Katkoot turna, To clip, cut out; to deduct.

corrode, crode; to reap; to saw; to stop, stay; to waste, apend, pass away (time), to pase (a road); to interrupt, intercept; to shame, make ashaned. Kot daira, To cut off, amputate.

ATZ katóo, a. m. Cutter. adj. Corrosive.

To kath, s. m. Wood, timber, stock, block, a pair of stocks; a scabbard. Kath-poetlee, s. f. A puppet, a toy. Kat chulana, To fare hardly. Kath ka oolloo, s. m. A sad blockhead. adj. Impenetrable, blockhead. Kath kee bhumbo, s. f. A sad blockhead (woman). Kath keera, A

bus Kath men paon dena, To be imprisoned, to be in the stocks. Kath mendul, A toad. Kath hona, To pine sway; to be petrified with astonishment. Kath lubar, Wooden articles.

काटडा kath-ra; s. m. A wooden pot.

artizer kat-hin-yuh, s. f. Difficulty; hardness; cruelty.

\*\*nt2 kat-hee, s, f. Body; scabbard; shape; wood, timber; appearance, person; a saddle.

wist ká-ra, s. m. A young buffalo.

and karh, s. m. Membrum virile.

anord), to draw, draw off, skin, take out, extricate: to draw lines or figures, work flowers on cloth, draw figures in needle-work, to draw, paint, delineste.

कारा kar-ha, s. m. A decoction.

entern kh.na, adj. Blind of one eye, oneeyed. (Fruits, wats, &c.) whose kernel is rotten,
or which has no kernel; foolish, stupid. Kanabates kurna. To talk or whisper in the ear; to
consult, advise. Kana-phooses, a. f. Whispering.
Kana-ceros. s. f. The name of a grass. Kanakanes kurna. To whisper. Kvace-kourse, A cowrie with a hole in it.

कारणो ka-nee, adj. f. A woman blind of one eye.

part, division; sport, exhibition.

arrant kat-na, v. a. To spin.

with distress, confused, perplexed, disordered; timid, timorous, gentle. s. m. A large kind of fish (Cyprines calls).

कातरना katurta, s. f. Timidity, agitation. कातिक ké-tik, s.m. The second or seventh Hindoo month ( October-November ) when the moon is full near Krittiku or the Pleiades.

Tiret ka dur, ad. Timid, timorous, confused, distressed.

भारताइ kaduráce, ् श. f Timidity, timor-भारती ká-dur-ee, ) ousness.

काटा kada, बाटा ká-dou, े . m. Slime, mud, mire.

eye. Kan metna, To pull the ear, adj. Blind of one eye. Kan metna, To pull the ears, chastise. Kan bhurna, To excite dissention by tale bearing. Kan pur joon nuchaha. To be very negligent or careless. Kan pur rukhna. To remember; to abstain. Ran pur hath shurna. To refuse, deny. Kan pukurna, To confess inferiority. Kan phootna, v. n. To be deaf. Kan phorna, To make a noise. Kan phoonkun, To tell tales, to excite quarrels; to tutor. Kan jhookana, To deaire to hear. Kan dhurna, To hear, listen, attend, be attentive. Kan

dubakur chulch jana, To run away. Kan dubana, To turn back the ears, as a horse does when preparing to bite. Kun deh soonna, To hear attentively. Kan dena, To hear, to be attentive. Kansulaes, s. f. Name of an insect. Kan ka purda, The tympanum. Kan katna. To get the better of, surpass, overcome, outwit. Kan khurch hona, To be alarmed. Kankhol dena, (lit.) To open one's cars; to inform; to make acquainted with, warn, caution. Kan lugna, To get into one's confidence. Kan mulna, To admonish, punish, chastise. Kanmyl, s. m. Ear-wax. Kan-myl-wala, A person whose employment it is to pick or clean the ears. Kan men congree deh ruhna, To stop one's care, to turn a deaf ear to what is said. Kan men bat marna, To pretend not to hear. Kan men purna, To be heard (a speech). Kan men tel dalna, (lit. to pour oil in the ear,) To pretend not to hear. Kan men tel dalkur so ruhna, To be inattentive or negligent. Kan men kuhna, To whisper, to tell, Kan nuh hilana, To be silent. Kanonkan kulma, To whisper. Kan hilana, To acquiesce in. Kanhoneh, To understand, comprehend, be warned or take example.

s. m. A husband. Kan kurna, To be ashamed.

Kan chhorna, To be impudent. Kan nuh kurna,
To treat with disrespect.

ज्ञानन ká-nun, s. m. A forest, desert, wood.

कानफल kán-phul, e. m. A fruit.

कानी ka-nee, s. f. Resentment, spite.

कान्त kant, e. m. Husband. adj. Pleasing, agreeable, beautiful.

काना kán-ta, s. f. Wife, beloved; beauty, splendor; light, a lovely or desirable woman.

anfer kanti, s. f. Splendour, lustre.

का ज्या हा हा kanyu-koobj, s.m A country, the modern Kunouj,

कान्ह kanh, s. m. A husband; one of the names of Krishn.

कान्ड्रा kánh-ra, s.m. A musical mode; a kind of nightingale.

कापुक्ष ka-poo-roosh, adi. A contemptible

witnes ka-phul, s. m. A bitter seed.

बारिय ka bish s. f An earth with which earthen ware is varnished.

with ka-ber-ee, n. prop. Name of a river, the Cavery.

The kam, s. m. Desire, wish, inclination; the god of love, Cupid; business, action, act, deed, affair, matter, work, use, occupation, employment; packet, mail, post-bag. Kam ana, To come into use, be of use, avail, stand in stead, to be wanted; to be smitten, to be slain in the field. Kam tuman kurna, To accomplish, to finish; to kill, to make away with. Kam tuman huna, To

be finished, killed, or made away with Kam chulana, To carry on business. Kam rukhna, To make use of. Kamkaj, Business, occupation. Kamkajee, udj. Laborious, active, alert. Kamkel, s. f. Amorous dalliance, coition. Kam men lana, To employ, to use. Kam nikalna, To carry into effect, to accomplish one's desire.

कामकेलि kam-keli, e. f. Amorous dalliance, coition,

of Vishnoo, and Rookminee, and husband of Ruti (Venns).

वास्त्रम kam-dhen-oo, n. prop. A cow belonging to Indr. said to grant every thing requested of her, a cow that gives much nalk.

कार्जन kam-na, s. f. Desire, wish, inclina-

कामचिह kamyitri, adj. Libidinous, lustful,

कामराज kam-ráj, e. m. Souchus.

कामरी kam-ree, s. f. A blanket.

কাৰেক্য kam-roop, s. m. A district lying east of Bengal, formerly independent, now part of Assan. aij. Pleasing, beautiful; taking any or every shape at will.

कामरूपिन kam-roop-in, adj. Pleasing, beautiful.

कामहर्षी kam-roop-ee, adj. Pleasing, beautitul: a native of Camroop.

नामजा kamulá, s. f. A complaint, jaundice, excessive secretion or obstruction of bile.

कामाहर kam-á-toor, adj. Distructed or कामान kamárt, agitated with love

or lust, lascivious, libidinous, lustful. कामान्त्र kam-ándh, adj. Blind by lust, lustful

कामारि kamári, s. m. A mineval substance used in medicine, a sort of pyrites.

कासादी kam-år-thee, s. m. A person who carries baskets filled with Ganges water.

arithm ka-min, s. m. An amorous man, an uxorious husband; the raddy goose, a pigeon, a sparrow; a boy dressed in female attire who dances in the season of the holes.

कामिनी ká-min-ee s, f. A loving or affectionate woman adj. Libidinous, cupidinous.

कार्मी ká-mee, adj. Libidinous, lustful, impassioned, foud, wanton; cupidinous; loving; busy. s. f. A lump of gold.

काम् क kā-mook, adj. Cupidinous, desirous, lustful, libidinous.

का को की ka-moo-kee, s. f. A woman libidinous or lustful.

कार्बोटक ká-mó-duk, s. m. Oblation of water to deceased friends, &c., exclusive of those for whom it is directed by law. कानीटा ka-mó-da, s. / A raginee, one of the female personifications of the musicle modes, sung in the night,

कार्यमा kamp-ná, v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, shake.

of Camboge, a prop. A country in the north of India, Camboge, Cambog, or Khambach.

amiable. Agreeable, desirable, amiable.

and and kam-yuh-kurm, s.m. A supererogatory work performed at pleasure or through the desire of some advantage.

वास्यदान kam-yuh-dan, s. m. An acceptable or desirable gift.

काय káyuh, s. m. ) The body, appearant káya, s. f. ) ance, person.

कायक ká-yuk, adj. Bodily, personal.

कार्यप्रच kae-phul, s. m. A medicine, an aromatic bark (Fragaria vesca).

कावर ka-yur, adj. Cowardly, timid, timor-

**arrays** ká-yusth, s. m. The Supreme Being; a cast or tribe, the Cayeth or writer caste, proceeding from a Kshuttree father, and Soods mother.

काया ká-ya, s. f. The body, appearance, person.

কাৰে ká-ruk, adj. An agent, acting, doing. s. m. Action, especially in grammar; case (in gram.)

कारज ka-ruj, e.m. Business, an action, affair, work, profession, &c.

arcan ká-run, s. m. Cause, motive, principle; account, reason, occasion, action, acchey; an instrument or means,

anter ka-ra, s. m. A black snake, adj.

कारागार ka-ra-gér, s u . A gaol, a place of confinement.

कारी ká-ree, (in comp.) Making, maker, का ká-reo, ो adj. An artist, an

नास ká-roo, नास्तर ka-roo-kúr, } artificer, an agent, a maker, a doer.

काक्णिक ká-roo-nik, adj. Compassionate, tender, kind.

aird and karttuh-beeryuh, s. m. A king, also called Urjoon, a celebrated here, distinct from the Pandoo prince; one of the Jyn Clauk-ruvurtees or emperors of the world

कारिन kart-tik, s. m. The eighth month (October-November) when the moon is full near the Pleiades.

कारिको अब kart-tik-ot-suv, s. m. The day of tull moon in the month Cartik, a festival.

कार्यस्य kar-pún-yuh, s. m. Poverty, indi-

कार्यास kar-pas, s. f. The cotton plant (Gassypeuge); cotton cloth, &c.

कार्पाको kar-pa-see, adj. Made of cotton, cottony, &c.

कार्निक kárm-mik,adj Worked,embroidered, intermixed with coloured thread (cloth, &c.) कर्मा क kárm-mook, s. m. A bow.

kar-yun, s.m. Cause, origin; mokarj, tive, object, affair, business, an action, a work, profession, &c.

कार्याच्या karj-chinta, s. f. Prudence, cau-

कार्यमिद्धि karj-síddhi,s.f.Accomplishment, success, fulfilment of any object or purpose. कार्यक kár-shuk, s. m. A husbandman.

The translation of silver, equal to 16 puns of courses; a weight of copper, equal to 80 Ruttes; a weight of shells equal to the same number of courses; a husbandman.

नार्धिन kár-shik, s. m. A weight; a husbandman.

Anter kal, s m. Time; a name of Funuh or Jun, the supposed regent of the dead; death; season, age; dearth, ramine; angel of death; calamity; (met.) a snake; (in Bruj) To-morrow. Kalbitana, or—habra, or—quincant, To waste one's time, to spend time. Kalbus hona, To be in the hands of death, to be seized by fate. Kalpurna, The coming or happening of a familie.

কাৰের ká-luk, s f. Blackness; one of the expressions of quantity (corresponding to oura, b, x, y, vc.) in Beej gunit, or Algebra; freekle, mark, stain, spot.

कालकील kal-kéel, ह. m. A confused or mingled sound, a tumult.

কাৰেকুz kal-kóot, s. m. A kind of poison, destroying even the regent of death; the poison of a snake.

नावस kalukh, s. m. Freckle, mark, stain, spot.

कारनगळ kal-gundh, s. m. A kind of Cobra. de capella.

नाजचक्र kal-chúkr, s. m. A cycle, a given revolution of time, a period.

a rock in Bundelkhund, the modern Gallinjer; the adjacent country; an assembly of religious mendicants; Callinjer is one of the places at which such assemblies meet, being enumerated in the Veds amongst the Tupusya-sthams, or spots adapted to practices of austere devotion.

कार्जनियोध kal-nir-yás, s. m. A fragrant and resinous substance, Bdellium:

নাভ্রমান kal-prub-hat, s. m. The sultry season, autumn, the two months following the rainy season.

कालमा kál-ma, s. m. Suspicion, calumny कालमेंत्रिका kal-mésh-ik-a, s. f. Bengal madder; black Teores.

arman's kal-mesh-ec s. f. A plant (Serratula or Convex untheimistica); Bengal madder (Rubia Manjecth)

energy kal-ra-tri, s. m. A particular night, energy which occurs on the 7th day of the 7th mouth of every 77th year; after such a period of life, a man is considered exempt from attention to the usual ordinances.

कालनदर्दा kal-luv-un, s. m. A factitious and purgative sait.

बारस्य kal-sárp, s. m. The black and most deadly variety of the cobra (Cotager vana). बारसस्य kal-sár, s. m. The black artelope.

one hells.

are and kel-kehép, s. m. The passing or spending of time; the enduring of suffering.

stell ká-la, adj. Black, dark. s. m. A snake; time; a name of Krisha Kala-dana, A purgative seed (Convolvulus mil!) Kala-jeera, s. n. Seeds of the Nigella indica. Kala-month kurna, To break off all connexion with another; to disgrace; to copulate; to expel. Kula-numuk, s. m. A kind of rock salt impregnated with sulphur and bitumen, which leaves a hepatic flavour in the mouth (it is much used medicinally). Kalch-burum, Of the colour of a snake. Kaleh kos, A great distance. Kaleh-bat, s. m. The lower part of the belly, the pubes.

of Alde wood or Agallochum.

alertanel kal-au-juu-ee, s. m. A small shrub used as a purgative.

कालान्द kalantur, & m Interval, intermediate time; process of time.

कालापनी kala-pattee, s.f. The act of calking a ship or bost Kala-pattee kurna, To calk(a ship, &c.)

areruz kalapún, s. m. Blackness

arfeel kalindee, s.f. A name of the river Jumna.

affect kallk, s m The curiew; blackness, a black colour; a fault or flaw in gold, &c.; a line of hair extending to the navel; ink or blacking, soot; a small bird, commonly called Syam.

artisaris kali-das, n. prop. A celebrated poet, suther of Succentula, the Rughes Vans, the Nutodwy, and other poems: he was one of the uine

poets or gems of Vikrumadiepaks court, and is supposed to have flourished in the century preceding the Christian era; the name is however applied to more persons than one, and seems in some measure to have been used as an honourable title; the works attributed to this author are amongst the most elegant, compositions in the Sanstrie language.

Alfste kál-in-dee, s. f. The river Jumna. Alfster ká-li-ya, s. m. A serpent said to have been vanquished by Krisha, adg. Black (complexism).

काजी ka lee, ade f. Black. s. f. The Hecate of the Hindos, and wife of Shie, to whom human sacrifices are offered; the Nile; ink. s. m. A fabulous serpent with a hundred and ten hoods said to have been vanquished by Krishn. Kaleemirch, s. f. Black pepper. Kaleeboon. s. m. Name of a plant. Kalee toolsee, s. f. Basil (Ocymum basiliaum), Kaleediai, Name of a whirlpool in the river Jumna, where the serpent Kalee is said to have lived. Kaleemirce, s. f. Black lead. काजी क kaleen, adj. Timely, seasonable,

relating to time. काबीहर kal-lee-hur, s. m. A buck, deer. काबीहर kal-ésh-wur, s. m. A drug.

कार्लानक kalp-nik, adj. Feigned, forged, contrived, factitions, a.m. A hypocrite.

कार्यनिकता kaip-nik-ta, s. f Hypocrisy. कायर ka-wur, s. f. The baskets in which

the Hindow carry about the Ganges water. आयादना kawa-dena, v. a. To ring or lounge (a horse, &c.); to trick, to sham.

enter kavyuh, s. m. A poem, a poetical composition.

কাছে বাঁং kávyuh-chóur, s.m. A plagiarist. কাছ kash, s. f. Cough, catarrh; a species of grass (Sascharum spoataneum). Kashwas, s. m. Ashum.

आभी ka shee, s. f. A celebrated city and place of pilgrimage, the modern Beneres.

are kashth, s. m. Wood.

आएम kásh-thuk, s. m. Aloe wood or

कारकोट kasht-kéet, इ. m. A small insect or worm found in decayed wood.

कारत kasht-koot,s. m. The wood-pecker.

with kas v. m. Cough, catarrh s. f. A species of reed or long grass of which rope is made (Saccharum spomtaneum). Kas-swas, Asth-

नासप्र kas-úghn, adj. Removing or alleviating sough, pectoral.

कासची kas-ughnée, s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solonum jacquini).

का बनारिशनो kas-násh-in-ee, s. f. A thorny plant, used as a remedy for the cough.

areal kás-bee, s m. A weaver.

कारसई kas-murd, s. m. A plant (Cassia or Senna esculenta).

कासाज kas-á-loo, s. m. An esculent root, a sort of yam.

कारी ka-sées, s. m. Green vitriol, green sulphate of iron.

कारत kast, s. m. Name of a plant (Chara). कार्ड्स ká-hun, s. m. An aggregate number consisting of sixteen puns, or 1280 couries.

काइल káh-lu, adj. Mischievous.

काइनापुच्य kah-la-pooshp, s. m. Thorn-apple ( Datura metel).

ৰাছ ká-hoo, (in Bruj) pron. adj. Some, any, any one, any thing.

काई ká-heh, pron. Why ? wherefore ? for what?

fa ki, conj. that, or.

fafa kiki, s. m. The blue jay.

fafaarer kikiyana, v. n. To shriek, to seream.

fast kin-kur, s. m. A slave, a servant.

fafsur kink-in-ee s f A girdle of bells
or tinkling ornaments were by women.

किइनी kin-gree, s. f. A sort of fiddle.

किचिकिचाना kich-kich-ána, v. n. To grind (or gnash) the teeth.

বিৰস্থাৰ। kich-ra-na, v. n. To have a gummy running at the eyes, to be blear-eyed.

किचिपिच kich-pích, s f. Mud, míre, &c. किचरिपचर होना kích-ur-píchur hóna, To be very wet.

fact kich-ra, s. m. The gummy substance that oozes out of the eyes.

নিছৰী kinch-lee, s. f. The slough (of a snake, de.)

निवित्त kin-chit, adj. A little, a part. adv. Something, somewhat.

fag kitt, s. m. A kind of sour dish; excrement, excretion, dirt.

fag kir, s. m. A worm. Kir-khaya, adj. Worm-eaten; marked with small-pox, pitted, spotted.

বিস্থানির kir-kir-ána, v. n. To gnash the teeth with rage.

निइहा kir-há, adj. Worm-eaten; weevil-

fan kit, adj. Where ! whither ! adj. How many ! how much !

निसत्त kit-éen, postpos. To, up to, for.

कितना kit-na, m. adj. How much? how fant kit-ta, m.

विटार्वसन्त kidár-búsunt, s. m. A musical

নিবাৰে kid-á-ra, s. m. A musical mode sung in the midnight of summer.

नियद kid-hur, adv. Where ! whither ! जिन kin, pron. interrog. pl. Who ! which !

किनवेबा kín-wyya, s. m. A purchaser. किनारी kin-å-ree, s. f. (Gold or silver)

Lace; edge, border.

किल्ड kintooghn, s. m. One of the eleven periods called Kuruns.

বিশ্বহ kín-nur, s. m A kind of singer or chorister at the court of the gods; a demigod attached to the service of Koover, the god of riches.

िकस kim, relat. pron. What? who? which?

The way kim-phorocosh, s. m. A division of the universe, one of the nine khunds or portions into which the world is divided, and described as the country between the Himachul and Himakoot mountains; a despicable or low man.

कियारी ki-yá-ree, s. f. A bed (of a garden); a frame.

factart kir-kit-ee, s. f. A mote, or particle of dust fallen into the eye.

निर्मिराना kir-kir-ána, v. n. To be gritty, to grate.

चिर्तिया kir-ti-ya, s. m. A dancer, or singing boy.

निर्देश kir-un, s. f. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam.

किर्यास्य kirún-muy,adj. Radiant, bright, refulgent.

जिर्वान kir-wan, s. f. A sword.

বিবাৰ kir-at. s. m. A savage, a tribe of mountaineers who live by the chase, the Kirh-adæ of Arrian.

factor kir-a-na s. m. Grocery. v. a. To adjust; to sift, separate by turning round in a winnowing fan (differing from phutukna).

facta kir-ao, s. m. A small pea (Pisum arvense).

किरिया kir-i-ya, s. f. An oath.

किरोट kir-eet, s. m. A crest, a diadem. किरो kir-eu, s. m. A hollow tooth; endive. adj. Broken, rugged, tattered.

fat kirch, e. f. A splinter; a sword (especially, a straight one to thrust with). किस्सी kirm-mee, s. f. The Pulas tree. किस kil, adv. Certainly, indeed, verily; probably, possibly.

किलक kil-uk, s. f. Splendour, lustre (of a gem).

বিৰাজি বিষয়ে kil-kin-chit, s. m. Wanton or amorous pastime, or gestures.

facilitation kilkil-kanta, s. m. A game among boys; one boy, having drawn several lines upon a stone, hides it, and the others, repesting the word kilkil-kanta, run about searching for it; whoever finds the stone, has a right to strike the boy who hid it, three times with his fingers on the back of the hand.

facilities, s. m. Peevishness fretfulness, anger s. f. Sound expressing joy, or the expression of pleasure by any sound or cry.

जिल्हीं का सा-kil-kil-ána, v. n. To be fretful, to snap, to snarl, to be peevish, to squable.

किसनी kil-nee, s. f. A tick (insect that infests dogs, de.), a doglouse.

किलाना kil-a-na, v.a. To winnon; to strike with the fist.

family kilkaree, s. f. The chattering (of a monkey), snarling; sound expessing joy. Kilkaree marna, v. n. To express pleasure by any sound or cry, to shout.

fargi kil-lee, s. f. A key, bolt.

Tauis kiv-anch, s. m. A plant, cowitch (Dolichos pruriens).

fault kish-or, s. m. A youth, a son, a lad, one from his birth to the end of his fifteenth year; a minor in law, becoming after his fifteenth year subject to suits at law.

faulti kish-6-ra, adj. Young, infantine.

Tankis, pron. interrog. Whom? which? what? Kisluruh, In what manner? how? Kiskudr, How much? Kiskis, Which? (used interrogatively, and expressive of much, many, various). Kiskishiyeh, Why? wherefore.

चिहनई kis-núce, s. f. Husbandry, agri-

विश्वान kis-án, s. m. A husbandman, ploughman, peasant, farmer.

किसारी kis-á-ree, s. f. A kind of pulse (Lathyrus sativus).

to what? to which? [to.

की kee, postpos. (fem. of ka) Of, belonging को कह kee-kur, s. m. The Acacia tree.

कीच keech, ् । s. f. Dirt, mud, slime,

कीचड kee-chur, mire.

कीट keet, s. m. An insect, a worm, a rep-

tile; the dregs of oil in a lamp, or that collected in a hookka snake.

की इहा keer-há, adj. Wormy, worm-eat-की रहा keer-há, en.

कोड़ा kée-ra, s. m. A worm, an insect, a magyot, a reptile, a snake, a leech.

after kee-dhur, adv. Whither, &c.

aller kee-na, 3rd pers. sing. mas. perf. tense (of kurna, to do), Done, made.

कीचा keen-na, v. a. To purchase, to buy.

Keenwyya, adj. A purchaser.

कीप keep, s. f. A funnel.

कीया kee-ya, part. past, or, s. m. Done, made; deed, doings.

कीर keer, ) s. m. A parrot; parro-कीरक kee-ruk, ) .quet.

कीरत kee-rut, ) s. f. Praise, fame, renown.

कोचि kéert-ti, \ Kee-rut-wan, adj. Re-

कीरहा keeruha, adj. Wormy.

कीरित kée-rit, e. f. Virtue.

की चीन kéert-tun, s. m. Speech, words; shouting for joy, singing aloud, singing in concert; celebrating, praising.

की तेना keert-tuna, s. f. Fame, glory.

कोचि kéert-tí, s. f. Fame, renown, glory. कोचिनान keertti-mán, ads. Praised, famous, celebrated.

stake, pin, bolt, wedge; the core of a boil. Keel kanta, Tools, apparatus, accourrements.

की जना kéel-na, v. a. To charm a snake so as to prevent his biting.

কাৰা kée-la, s. f. A small nail, tack, peg. ক্ koo, A particle of depreciation prefixed to nouns, and implying, sin, guilt; reproach, contempt; diminution, littleness.

বুগড়া koong-ra, adj. Able-bodied, robust, athletic, stout. Koongrace, s. f. Strength, stoutness.

बंचकी kóonch-kee, s. f. A bodice.

का koonj, s. m. An arbenr.

क्रज ह kóon-jur, s. m. An elephant.

नुजाङ्ग kéonj-ra, s. m. A caste whose business it is to sell vegetables. Koonjrun, s. f. Formale of Koonjra.

बुंजान kóon-jul, s. m. An elephant, a large

कंजी kóon-jee, s. f. A key.

a pit for samifice; a hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire; a well, a basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person.

হুটিভা koon-dul, s. m. A large ring worn in the ears; a circle; a halo round the sun or moon. Koondul marna, To coil, to form a coil.

gisfer koon-dul-iya, s. m. A species of Hindee stanza, which invariably ends with the word with which it began: it is hence compared to a circle or the coil of a snake, the opposite ends of which units.

mean koond-lee, s. m. A coil, ring, curl, hoop; a snake. Koondlee bunana, To curl.

gigt koon-dee, s. f. A chain or iron catch to fasten a door.

giz koond, s. m. A flower (Jasminum grandistorum).

क्रंटन kóon-dun, s. m. Pure gold.

बुटनकूट koon-dun-kóot, s. m. A medicine (Olibanum).

ब्रंटरा kóond-ra, s. m. A stack, a rick.

बुद्दा kóond-la,

ing (cloth) Koondee kurna, To calender (cloth), to beat, to cudgel. Koondeegur, s. m. A calenderer.

चुंबा koom-ba, s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brotherhood.

will koombh, s. m. A water-pot; the sign Aqurius Koombh ka mela, the twelfth year fair of Hurdwar, a calebrated Hindoo pilgrimage. Koombhnec, The sixth-year fair.

gar kóon-wur, s. m. An unmarried boy, a son, a child; the son of a Raja, a prince, heir-apparent

बुंबारी koon-wá-ree, s. f. A maiden, a virgin, a princess, a daughter, a young lady fit for marriage.

कुक्क koo-kurm, s. m. Wickedness, sin, depravity, villainy.

कुकस्य कारी kóokurm-karée, adj. Wicked, depraved.

कुन्नस्मी koo-kurmá, adj. Wicked, bad.

जनभी koo-kur-mee, adj. Wicked, vicious. जनरोटा kook-rón-da, s. m. A plant (Celsia).

कुन्तर koo-koor, s. m. A dog; a Kshuttree. जुन्नर मृता kóokoor-móota, s. m. A mushroom, a toadatool.

नुष्यक kookoo-nuk, s.m. Weakness of the eyes in infants.

n cock, a wild cock (Phasianus Gallus).

जुक्टबन kook-koot-vrút, s. m. A religious

observance, (worship of Shiv) held by women on the seventh of the light fortnight of Bhadon, especially for the sake of obtaining offspring.

वासरी kóok-koo-tee, s. f. A hen.

कहार kóok-koor, s. m. A dog.

कहारी kook-koo-ree, s. f. A bitch.

जिल्ला kóo-kri-ya, s. f. A crime, a sin, a wicked action.

कृतिच kóok-shi, & m. The belly, the cavity of the abdomen.

कुखाति koo-khyáti, s. f. Evil report, in-

कुडून koom-koom, s. m. Saffron (Crocus

which the goolal or red mixture is contained with which they play at the holes.

कुच kooch, s. m. f. A breast, a pap, the

क्षान्त्र koo-chún-dun, s. m. Red sanders (Pterocarpus santalinus); sappan or log wood. कुन्द koo-chúr, adj. Censorious, detract-

দ্বাৰাণ্য kóo-chul-na, v. a. To bruise, to crush. Koochul-dalna, v. a. To bruise, &c.; to overlay.

নুবনা kóoch-la, s. m. A vomie nut (Strychnos nuz vomica).

grael kooch-lee, s. f. The canine teeth.

क्रमान kooch-ágruh, s. m. A nipple.

grave koo-châl, s. f. Misbehaviour, misconduct. Koo-châlee, adj. Of bad conduct or behaviour, ill-behaved. fear.

कुचिया kóoch-i-ya, s. m. The lobe of the कुचिया koochéyla, adj. Ili-clothed, dressed in dirty or tattered garments.

雪蚕 koochh, neut. pron. Any, anything, aught, some, something, somewhat, a little, whatever. Koochh our gana, To give a false explanation, to tell a different story. Koochh-ek, Some little, some few. Koochh toom neh pura paya, Have you found a treasure? (an expression addressed to one who seems inordinately pleased without apparent cause.) Koochh toom neh khavab dekha, What I have you dreamt this, or seen a vision? (an expression used to a person who relates improbabilities: or to depict the astonishment of the speaker at any unexpected act of another). Koochh seh kooch hona, To be entirely changed. Kooch nuh kooch, Some at least, something or other. Kooch nuheen, Nothing. Koochh ho, Whatever may happen, come what may.

जुल kooj, s. m. The planet Mars ; Tuesday.

ब्राजिशीयन kóoj-lee-bun, s- m. A forest frequented by elephants. क्र जाति koo-já-ti, adj Base, of mean extraction or bad east; one who has lost his cast, an outcast.

TER koonj, s. m. A place overgrown with creeping plants, a bower, an arbour.

mar koon-jur, s. m. An elephant.

mar koon-jee, s. f. A key.

372 koot, s. m. A medicine (Costus arabi-

कुटको kóot-kee, s. f. A medicine ; a gnat ; estrangement from or desertion of friends.

जुटनुड kóot-kóot, s. m. Nibbling, itching, scratching.

notified in the second of the second are used as a vernifuge.

कटना kóot-na, s. m. A pimp.

कुटनाई koot-ná-ee, s. f. The wages of a

ন্ত্ৰাৰা koot-ná-na, v. a. To entice, seduce, inveigle, wheelle, coax.

क्राट्यापा koot-ná-pa, s. m. Pimping.

करनी kóot-nee, s. f. A bawd, a procu-

कुटब्रट koo-tún-nut, s. m. A plant (Bignonic indica).

ন্তাহাৰা koo-tá-ya, s. m. Solanum jacquini. সুহাহ koo-tár, s. m. An impatient little horse.

Tre kón-tir, s. m. A cottage, a hut.

জাতিৰ kóo-til, adj. Crooked, bent; perverse, untoward, cruel; dishonest, îraudulent. জাতিৰতা kootiltá, s.f. Crookedness; guile, dishonesty.

करी koo-tee, s. f. A cottage, a hut.

with koo-teer, s. m. A small house, a. hut, a hovel.

बुद्ध kóo-toom, s. m. Kin, family, बुद्ध kóo-toomh, tribe, cast, relative,

s kinsman, s connexion; offspring, progeny, race.

ब्रह्मी kóo-too-mee, holder, a paterfamilias.

कुटु किनी koo-toom-bin-ee, s. f. The wife of a householder and mother of a family, a matron.

कुटेव koo-tée, e. f. A bad habit. कुट्टनो kóott-nee, s. f. A bawd, a procu-

METE koot-tar, s. m. Copulation.

grave koot-hur, s. m. The post round which the string of the churning stick winds.

wood-pecker.

more koot-har, s. m. An axe.

3371 koot-há-ree, s. f. An axe; an earthen wase propared for melting gold, silver, &c., a crubble.

कुड़वाना koo-ruk-na, ्र श. n. To cluck,

तुन्त्र koor-koo-rá-na, f to cackie (a laying hen); to speak angrily, murmur, grumble.

जुङ्गा kóorma, s. m. Tribe, cast, family,

कुड़ kóo-rook, adj. A clucking (hen). e.

green koo-dhung, adj. Unmannerly, illbred, rude. Koodhungee, s. f. Unmannerliness, rudeness.

बुद्दन koor-hún, s. f. Grief, sorrow, lamen-

নুবনা kóorh-na, v. n. To grieve, mourn, lament, pine, repine, vex, be afflicted, be angry or disgusted.

कुद्रब koo-dhub, adj Ill-shaped, ill-mannered, uzly, rude.

ब्रहाना koor-há-ua, v. a. To vex, afflict, grieve, trouble, anger, disgust, displease.

कुराबा koon-ba, s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brotherhood.

afaza kóont-hit, adj. Ashamed.

pit for sacrifice; a hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire; a well, a basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person.

कुश्डल koon-dul, s. m. A large ring worn in the ears; a circle; a halo round the son or moon.

The form koon-dul-fys, c. m. A species of Hinder stanza, which invariably ends with the word with which it begau; it is hence compared to a circle or the coil of a snake, the opposite ends of which unite.

कुराइनी koond-lee, s. m. A coil, ring, curl, a snake. Koondlee bunana, To curl.

to fasten a door.

may koo-top, s. m. The eighth hour gray koo-toop, or portion of the day; about noon.

mare koot-run, n. m. That which is gnawed or bitten off with the teeth.

कुतरना koo-túr-na, v. a. To cut with the

ज्ञतन् koot-roo, s. m. A puppy ; a cutter. ज्ञतिया koo-ti-ya, s. f. A bitch.

कुत्र पन kootoonuk, s. m. Weekness of the eyes in infants.

जतहब koo-too-hul, s. m. Eagerness, desire; show, exhibition, sport, pleasure, diversionpastime, festivity; a spectacle. Kootoohulee, adj. Sportive, fend of sport or festivity.

जना koot-ta, s. m. A dog.

बुद्धापि koo-tra-pi, adv. Wherever, any where, somewhere.

gray; kôot-sa, s. f. Reproach, contempt, cen ure, calumny.

कृतिक kóot-sit, ads. Low, vile, contemptible; contemned, reviled.

कुद्रकार koo-dúk-na, ) v.n. To leap, bound, कुद्रशास kood-rá-na, jump, frisk, caper, skip.

तुद्वाना kood-wá-na, v. a. To cause to dandle.

gic 197 koodána, v. a. To dandle ; to cause to leap : (met.) to provoke.

gierur koodáya, s. m. A kind of dove.

mere koo-dar, s. m. A pick-axe.

gicles koo-dal, s. m. A hoe or kind of spude, a pick-axe or mattock.

करानी koo-dá-lee, s. f. A small mattock, a spade, hoe, dibble. [eye.

तहीं kood-drishti, s. f. Weak sight, evil तहा kood-dúl, s. m. Mountain ebony. तहाज kood-dal, s. m. Mountain ebony

(Bachinia variegata); a kind of spade or hoe.

3778 koo-núkh, s. m. A disease of the
nails.

कुनदी koo-nukhée, adj. Having bad or diseased nails

क्रनबा kóon-be, s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brotherhood.

जुनीति koo-néeti, s. f. Bad behaviour, illmanners; impolicy, misgovernment.

क न्यू koon-tul, s. m. Hair.

कुद्ध koond, s. m. A kind of Jasmin (Jasminum grandiflorum).

कुन्द्र koon-dun, s. m. Pure gold.

कुन्द्रभूट koon-dur-kóot, s. m. A medicine. कुन्द्रम kóond-ra, s. m. A stack, a rick.

कुन्द्र kóond-la, s. m. A kind of tent. कुन्द्रो kóon-dee, s. f. The act of calendering (cloth). Koondee kurna, To calender (cloth); to beat, to cudgel. Koondeegur, s. m. A calenderer.

Boswelia thurifera, gum Olibanum, or frankincense.

grue koo-púth, s. m. Deviation, aberration, immorality, profligacy, a bad road; heterodox doctrine, heresy.

ज्ञायगाभी kooputh-gamee. adj. Wicked, going in a bad or wrong road.

कुपरावर्ग koo-pur-á-mursh, s. m. Bad advice.

THIN koo-patr, adj. Unworthy, unfit:

ज़रिय koo-pit, adj. Incensed, angry, of-

gram koo-pootr, s. m. A disobedient or wicked son.

कुपुर्व koo-péoroesh, s. m. A low or vile man; a poltroon.

ক্তমন koo-poot, s. m. A bad or degenerate

gar kóop-pa, s. m. A large leathern vessel for holding oil, chee, &c. Kooppa loorhaa, The decease of a king, &c. Kooppa hona, To become very fat.

grafi kóop-pee, s. f. A small leathern vessel for holding oil, ghee,&c.; a vial, a skin, a leathern bottle.

34 koob, s. m. A hump.

grant koob-ja,

ज्ञाहर kóob-ra: | adv. Hump-backed, crook-

ज़ुक्त koobj, ed.

greaf koorbba,

ज़बह koobur, s. m. A hump.

कुरेंद्र koo-ber, s. m. The Indian Plutus, the god of wealth.

graf kóorb-ba, adj. Hump-backed.

कुभाजी koe-bhar-ja, s. f. A bad wife.

graya koc-bhão, s. m. Ill-temper, bad disposition, ill-treatment.

gugw koom-koom, s. m. Saffron.

ज़ानत koomút, ) s. f. Foolishness, stu-ज़ानति koo-mút-i, ) pidity, indiscretion. adj. Stupid,foolish; wicked, vicious, injudicious.

कुसद koo-mud, ) s. m. A white esculent

कुन्द kóo-mood, lotus, that expands its petals during the night, and closes them in the day-time (Nympheca esculents).

जुन न्या koo-mún-trun-a, s. m. Bad counsel, ill advice, intrigue.

সুসাৰ koo-mách, s. m. A kind of unleavened bread. Koomach-sa moonh, A broad face.
সুসাৰ koo-már, s. m. A boy; the son of a raja, a prince.

जुनारिका koo-ma-ri ka, s.f. A maideu, a जुनारी koo-ma-ree, surgin,a princess, a daughter, a young lady fit for marriage. जुना है koo-marg, s. m. A bad road; a bad

hour that expands its petals during the night, and closes them in the day-time (Nymphea esculenta).

त्रमुदिनो koo-moo-din-ee, s. f. A place abounding in lotuses, &c.

कुमें इंशा koo-méd-ya, े . m. A small कुमें दिया koo-méndh-ya, े elephant.

THE kooméroo, s. m. The southern hemisphere or pole.

Aquarius Koombh, s. m. A water-pot; the sign Aquarius Koombh ka mela. The twelfth-year fair of Hurdwar, a celebrated Hundoo pilgrimage. Koombhace. The sixth-year fair.

क्रमाहार koombh-kar, s. m. A potter.

कुर्धकासना koombh-kamla, s. f. A bilious affection, a sort of jaundice.

Trans kéombh-la, s. f. A plant, the flowers of which are compared to those of the Nauclea cademba.

afferen koombhi-ka, s. f. A disease of the eyes, hordeolum or stye.

क्रुकीयान koom-bhee-pak, s. m. A hell in which the wicked are supposed to be baked like a potter's vessels.

The Ganges, the long-nosed alligator.

कुरह्नाना koomh-lá-na, । v. n. To wither,

कुमहाना kocm-lá-na, fade, blast droop, be blighted, dry up.

कर्पा koom-har, s. m. A potter.

कुक्ट्रार्सी koomhárnee, a. f. A potter's wife or a female potter,

grafit koom-ha-ree, s. f. An animal resembling a wesp, which builds its house of clay.

oodile. त्राज्ञा kóor-koo-ree, s. f. Belly-fretting. कर्ड koo-rúng, s. m. A deer.

Adamartinus corundum).

कुर की kóor-thee, s. f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos bistorus).

gree koords, s. m. Bad taste, badness of juice or flavour. adj. Bad in taste or flavour.

gara koorsut, s. m. A kind of coarse sugar.

बुरोनि koo-récti, s. f. Misconduct, bad

34 kee-roo, n. prop. An ancient sovercign of Delhi and the country around. Koorooksher, n. prop. The country near Delhi where the great battle was fought between the Kourin, and the Pandaw. Kooroo-bunsee, adj, Of the race of Kooroo.

The Kooroo, s. m. Kooroo or Oottur Kooroo, the most northerly of the four Muha Duceps, or principal divisions of the known world; by other systems it is considered as one of the nine

divisions or Vershes of the same; in both cases, however it is the country beyond the northernmost range of mountains, extending to the frozen ocean.

कुरून koo-rool, s. m. A curl or lock of hair, especially on the forehead.

जुरू बन्न koo-roo-vúk, e. m. The crimson amaranth: a purple species of Barleria; also a vellow kind.

कि कि kooroo-vind

कुर्विञ्च kooroo-vill, े s. m. A ruby.

कुक् विल्व kooroo-vilv,

कुरूप koo-róop, adi. Deformed, ugly. s. m. Ugliness.

कुरुपता kooroop-tá, s. f. Ugliness.

करणे koo-roopée, adj. Ugly, ill-made, frightful, deformed.

क्रोजना koo-rel-na, v. a. To poke.

भुक्तर kóor-koot, s. f. Sweepings, rubbish.

min koorkooree, s. f. Belly-fretting.

करीन koor-chhal, s. f. A bound, spring, jump.

कुई koorn, \* m. A tortoise, a turtle; the second *Hindoo* mythological incarnation. कुई koor-mee, s. m. A tribe of husbandmen.

with its beak; (hence) case, security, hope, confidence of success. Knoryal men phoaleta layna, To be disappointed or fall into misfortune in the moment of security, or when sure of success.

कुर्वत koor-sut, s. m. A kind of coarse sugar.

कुन kool, s. m. Family, pedigree, race, tribe or caste, relations, bousehold.

कुलकुता kóol-koo-la, s. m. Gargling.

अवक्षा kool-koo-lee, s. f. The itch.

कुलक्षण koo-lúch-chhun, s. m. Misconduct, bad temper; ugliness.

शुनक्त्या koo-lüch-ehlun-a, adj. Of bad signs or features, ugly, ill-tempered, ill-omened.

कुल्बा kool-cha, s. m. Capital, principal,

कुन्द्र koo-lúnj, adi, Cutting behind in walking (a horse).

ন্তব্ৰস koo-lûn-jun, s. m. A plant (Alpinia galanga or Galanga major); n seed (Nigella satira).

GUZT kóol-ta, s. f An unchaste woman, one by whom the family honour is injured, a prostitute.

कुलटी kool-tee, s. f. Red arsenic.

ज्ञानिक kool-tá-run, s. m. A youth who is a credit to his family, the saviour of his family. बाह्या kool-út-tha, s. f. A blue stone used in medicine, and applied as a collyrium to the eyes, also as an astringent to sores.

कुल्यों khol-thee, s. f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos bistorus).

माजुदेशी kool-dév-ee, s. f. The goddess of a family, any temale deity worshipped in particular by a family through successive generations.

जनदोही kool-dro-hee, s. m. One who brings diagrace or reproach on his family.

graver kool-dhurm, s. m. Practice or observance peculiar to a tribe or cast, peculiar duty of cast or race.

क्राचनाम kool-nash, s. m. A reprobate, an ont-nast

कुलपति kool-put-i, s. m. Head or chief of कलपालक kool-pal-uk, adj. Nourishing or providing for a family.

कुलपानि kool-pa-li, s. f. A chaste woman. करपड्ड kool-pooj-yuh, s. m. The object of worship or of reverence of a family; a family priest.

कुलब्ब kool-bud-hoo, s. f. A virtuous woman of a noble family.

नुजन्मा kóol-boo-la, adj. Vermicular.

अल्डलामा kool-boo-la-na, v. a. To itch; to fidget; to writhe (as a worm or snake); to grumble or rumble (the bowels).

कुल्बनाइट kool-boo-lá-hut, s. f. Vermicular motion.

कुलबोड़ kool-bor, ady. One who disgraces his family.

कुल्बोडना kool-bor-na, v. a. To disgrace one's family.

कुडमा koolma, s. m. A sausage.

कुलवनां kool-wunt, \ adj. Of a good or nograve kool-wan, J ble family, of noble descent.

ज्ञानवनी kool-wun-tee, adj. f. Chaste, of pure or noble descent; a gentlewomen

श्रुवान koel-wan, adj. Well-born, of good or noble family, of noble descent.

क्लाइड kool-hur, s. m. A kind of firework. Torget kool-hur-a, s. m. A cup larger than koolhiga, an eather vessel to drink out of. कुन्त्र श koo-luk-shun, s. m. Misconduct,

bad temper, ugliness. बाल ज बार koo-lúk-shun-a, adj. Of bad signs

or features, ugly, ill-tempered, ill-omened. कुलांच koo-lanch, s. f. A bound, spring, leap, jump, bounce. Koolanch marna, To bound or skip.

कुलाचार kool-a-char, s. m. Practice or observance peculiar to a tribe or cast, peculiar duty of cast or race.

merer koo-lal, s. m. A potter.

greets a koo-la-hul, s. m. A loud and confused sound, a great and indistinct noise, tumult, uproar.

कुलिहिया kool-hi-ya, e. f. A cup, a small round vessel. Koolhiya men goor phorna (lit. to break a lump of coarse sugar is a small cup), To endeavour to do with few hands a work which requires many. Koolhiya lugana, Cupping.

graffer , koo-lee-jun, s. m. A drug (the

root of Piper betel).

जारीन koo-leen, adj. Noble, of respectable descent, well-born, of a good family, genteel. जुलीनता koo-leen-ta, [ s. f. Nobility, re-कानाई koo-leen-ace, spectability of descent, gentility.

जुलीना koo-lée-na, s. m. A kind of pickle. Tigi kool-la, s. m. \ Gargling or rinsing काकी kool-lee, s. f. } the mouth, wash-

ing the mouth. कुरहाड़ी kool-há-ree, s. f. An axe, a hatchet.

grast koc-viich, adj. Abusive, consorious, detracting.

mar koo-ver, s. m. The Indian Plutus, the god of wealth.

grav kooshu, s. m. A species of grass used in many solemn and religious observances, hence called sacrificial grass (Poa cynosuroides), the sacred grass of the Hindoos.

समान kóoshul, s. m. Welfare. कुण्वच्य koo-shul-kshem, s. f.) ness, well-being, health, prosperity, safety.

Well-being. कुशनका kooshultá, s. f. health, happiness, welfare.

कुशाबा kóo-shul-a, adj. Happy, well, right. कुशकी kooshulee, adj. Auspicious, favour-

able; happy, prosperous.

graften koosh-á-sun, s. m. A seat or mat made of the Kooshu grass.

क्रमीन koo-sheel, adj. Ill-behaved, rude. wicked; evil-disposed, ill-tempered.

gallear koosheelta, s. f. Misbehaviour, misconduct; bad disposition, ill temper.

कुष्ट koosht, s. m. Leprosy, of which eighteen varieties are enumerated, seven great or severe, and eleven of minor importance.

By kooshth, s. m. A plant (Cortus speci-

granna kooshth-ná-shun, s. m. White mustard; a sort of yam.

ज्ञानाशिनी kooshth-né-shin-ce, .. plant (Psoralia corylifolia).

Tel kóosh-thee, adj. Leprous; a leper.

The kooshmand, s. m. A pumpkin
gourd; a drug; a religious ceremony, a certain
rite performed as a penance or expiation.

www koo-sting, s. m. Bad company.

कुररात kóos-rát, e. f. Health, happiness, welfare.

क्रमन kóosul, adv. Well, happy.

जुरीद koo-seed, s. m. Usury, the profession of usury; any loan or thing lent to be repaid with interest.

असीटा koo-sée-da, adj. A money-lender. असीटिक koo-sée-dik, adj. One who follows the profession of usury.

जन्म koo-soom, s. m. A flower with which clothes are dyed red, bastard suffron, safflower (Carthomus tinctorius); the menstrual discharge; ophthalmia, disease of the eyes.

बुह्माञ्चन koo-soom-an-jun, s. m. The calx of brass used as a collyrium.

grant koo-soombh, s. m. Safflower (Carthemus tinctorius).

safflower; (met.) an infusion of bhung (Camubis sativa) used for interioration.

with safflower.

grey koo-swipn, s. m. A bad dream,

कुहरी kóoh-nec, s. f. The elbow.

great koch-ra, s. m. Fog, mist.

3 WEIH kooh-ram, s. m. Lamentation, weeping.

कुरासा koo-há-sa, s. m. A fog, a mist.

\*\* Koo-hook, s. f. The notes of the ko-kila or koyel.

কুলুকা kóo-hook-na, v. n. To sound (as koyels do).

and koo-an, s. m. A well.

koonch, s. m. The little red and black seed which goldsmiths use for weights (Abrus precatorius).

ziel koon-chée, s. f. A brush.

Ter koonj, s. m. The name of a bird, per-

and koont, e. m. Conjecture, gaess.

gan kóo-a, s. m. A well; angle or corner (of the eye); slice, division (of the jack fruit); Cocoon (of the silk worm).

कुन्दर kooár, s. m. The sixth Hindoo month (Sept.-Oct.)

बुद्धार प्रमा kocar-puna, s. m. The state of a bachelor or virgin, cellbacy.

son, a bachelor.

कुकारी koo-á-ree, s. f. A maid, a virgin.

कुत kook, s. f. Sobbing, crying. Kook marna, To cry, to sob.

A mat kóck-na, v. n. To sob, cry, scream; to vocaferate or call (as the kokil). v.a. To wind up (a watch, clock, de.)

The kóo-kur, s. m. A dog.

बुकर बाल kookur-chal, a.f. A trot.

क्रूबर मृता kookur-moota, s.m. A mushroom (graving on wood), a toedstool.

maize, Indian corn (Zea maize, Indian corn (Zea maize); the gripes.

m kóo-koo, s. m. Cooing; a dove; an omelet.

क्रिका kóochika, s. f. A small brush or hair pencil.

part of the car, the lobe.

Tet koo-chha, s. m. A tuft, cluster.

board. s. f. Mimickry; illusiou; fraud, deceit, brick; falsehood.

बुटता kóot-ta, s. f. Falsehood, fraud.

Tankóot-na, v. a. To pound, beat, bray, macerate; to cudgel.

कुटार्थभाषिता koot-arth-bháshita, e. f. A tale, a story, a fiction.

মুদ্রা kóo-ra, s. m. Sweepings, dirt, rubbish. মুদ্র koorh, adj. Foolish, stupid, simpleton.

and kéon-da, s. m. A vessel (earthen) for kneading bread in, a platter. Koonda karhna, To prosper.

which snuff, bhung, &c. are ground.

To koot, s. m. Survey, a task, guess, appraisement; estimate; the base of a right angled triangle.

and koo-tuk, s. m. One of the rules in arithmetic or algebra.

कृतना kóot-na, v. a. To value, to appraise. कृद kood, s. f. A spring, jump, leap, bound.

कुट्ना kóod-na, v. n. To leap, bound, jump, (met.) rejoice; to boast. Koodna-phandna, To jump about, to leap, (about, as for joy).

जुनाई koo-náce, s. f. A scrap.

कुल्ला koondla, s. m. A kind of tent.

a koop, s. m. A well; a hole, a hollow.

कूपी koo-pée, s. f. A small well.

Must koo-py-ra, adj. Unlucky.

ania koo-manchh, s. m. A kind of bread.

बार्ड बदेनी koom-hul-denee, v. a. To break into a house by penetrating through the wall. Tr koor, adj. Cruel, savage, pitiless, ; vio-

lator.

करनी koornee, s. f. A scoop.

an koorm, s. m. A tortoise, a turtle; the second Hindoo mythological incarnation.

ne kool, s. m. A bank, a shore; a heap, a mound; a pond or pool.

and koo-lee, s. m. A labourer, porter, carrier, a cooley.

gati kóovra, s. m. A hump-backed man.

TECT kooh-ra, e. m. Fog, inist. कुरा kóo-ha, s. f. . S

an krit, adj. Done, made, performed; fit, proper. s. f. Fruit, consequence; the first of the four ages of the world, the golden age or Sut joog. adv. Completely finished.

and krit-figh-nee, adj. Ungrateful, not acknowledging former good offices, neglectful of

favours, an ingrate

अवश्वार् krit-ughn-táce, s. f. Ingratitude. man krit-ug-yuh, ad). Grateful, remembering former aid or favors.

कतज्ञता krit-úg-yut-a, s. f. Gratitude.

अवयम krit-yoog, s. m. The first of the four ages of the world, the Sut-yang.

erate krit-arth, adj. The granting of supplication, the fulfilment of a request, successful, having obtained one's purpose or accomplished one's design.

margar kritarth ta, s. f. Success, accom-

plishment of an object.

after krit-ti-ka, s. f. The third of the lunar mansions, or constellations in the moon's path, consisting of six stars; and corresponding to the pleiades.

of faw krit-rim, adj. Made, factitions, artificial, the reverse of what is naturally or sponta-

neously produced.

क्षित्रपुत्र krit-rim-pootr, s. m. An adopted son; one of the twelve kinds recognized in law.

क्रिकामिल krit-rim-mftr,s. m. An acquired friend, one on whom benefits hve been conferred or from whom they have been received.

हादन krid-unt, s. m. Derivative from a verb; name of a treatise on syntax,

and krip-un, adj. Miserly, avaricious. eruman krip-un-ta, s. f. Stinginess.

कपा krip-a, s. f. Tenderness, compassion, favor, kindness, pity, mercy, affection, bounty. क्षपान krip-án, s. m. A sword, a scimitar

or sacrificial knife,

क्यानिशान krip-a-nidhan, s. m. The abode of mercy, the mausion of kindness.

aure krip-á-loo, adj. Compassionste, tender, merciful, liberal, kind, benevolent, obliging, propitions.

क्षपासन kripa-múy, adj. Compassionate.

स्पारिक kripa-sindhóo, s. m. Ocean of grace, mercy or kindness.

aurele krips-heen, adj. Unfeeling, unkind, hard-hearted.

कामि krim-i, e. m. A. worm, an insect in general; lac, the red dyc, which is in fact an insect.

afaa krim-Ighn, adj. Vermifuge, authelmintic, s. m. A shrab used in medicine, as an anthelmintic, commonly called Birung ( Erycibe paniculata).

किंडा krim-ij, s. m. Agallochum.

erfa ert krim-ij-a, s. f. Lac, a red dye so

क्रिट न्त्व krimi-duntuk, s. m. Tooth-ache with decay of the teeth.

करिन krim-il, adj. Having worms, wormy. erferer krim-il-a, s. f. A fruitful woman,

one bearing many children. effect krimi-hur, adj. Anthelmintic.

vermifuge. हमी krimee, adj. Affected with worms.

gry krish, adj. Small, thin, little, minute; spare, emaciated.

समता krish-ut-a, s. f. Smallness, slenderness, spareness, leanness, thinness, emaciatedness.

aut of krish-an-gee, s. f. A woman with a slender shape.

ava krish-úk, s. m. A husbandman, a peasant,

ward krish-an, s. m. A husbandman, ploughman, peasant, farmer.

afy krishi, s. f. Husbandry, agriculture; ploughing, cultivating the soil, &c.

and krishn, adj. Black, dark blue. n. prop. One of the Hindee mythological incarnations; he is distinct from the ten Uvutars or incarnations, being identified with the deity.

क्षाचरन krishn-chur-un, s. m. A plant (Poinciana pulcherrima).

ह्यां हा krishn-jut-a s. f. The Indian spikenard.

क्याजीर क krishn-jee-ruk, s. m. Culonji, a plant having a small black seed which is used for medical and culinary purposes (Nigella Indica).

arauat krishn-ta, s. f. Blackness.

manager krishn-tamr, c. m. A kind of Sandal wood, of a dusky copper hue.

न अपन krishn-puksh, e. m. The dark half of a month, the fisteen days during which the moon is in the wane

क्षापाल krishn-phul, s. m. A fruit, the Corinda.

क्षणाच्या krishn-luvun, s. m. A factitious salt, either that prepared by evaporation from saline soil, or the medicinal kind, a muriate of

क्षाचार krishn-loh, s. m. The loadstone. ) s. m. The many krishn-shar,

enwerte krishn-shar-ung, black an-

possibly the river Kistna in the Decan.

a wingte krishn-a-vas, s. m. The holy figtree (Fires religiosa).

क्रशास्त्रित krishn-A-shrit, adj. Devoted to or the votary of Krishn.

e Kar kris-ut-a, s. f. Slenderness, spareness, leanness.

keh, postpos. Of Ooskeh pas, near him. के जो हा keo-ra, s. m. A flower (Pandanns

odoratissimus).

क चदा kenchwa, s. m. An earthworm. के करूर kék-ra, s. m. A crab.

was kek-ur, adj. Squint-eyed.

केका kék-a, s. f. The cry of a peacock.

के kék-ee, s. m. A peacock.

केरक kech-ook, e. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

कहा ker-a, s. m. A sapling.

कतको két-kee, s. f. A flower (Pandanus odoratissimus).

mar ket-a, pron. How much? how many? कतिक két-ik, adj. Some, a few, a little.

Tig ket-oo, s. m. The dragon's tail or descending node; in astronomy the ninth of the planets; in mythology, a demon; a comet, a fallingstar, &c.

कहतारा kétoo-tára, s. f. A comet.

कतमाल ket-oo-mal, a. m. One of the nine great divisions of the known world, the western portion or Vursh of Jumboo Dweep.

water ketoo-rutn, s. m. Lapis lazuli. wart ked-ar, s. m. A field; a mountain

the modern Kedar, part of the Himalaya moun-

The ken-doo, s. m. A sort of ebony (Diospyros tomentosu).

Translation kendook, s. m. A sort of ebony, that yields a species of tar (Diospyros glutinosa). and kendr, a me The poles; the centre of a circle.

केटर keyoor, s. m. A bracelet worn on the upper arm.

केल kel, s. f. Amorous dalliance, coition. केलन kel-un, s. f. A daughter-in-law.

केला kela, s. m. A plantain (tree or fruit),

करिंद kól-i, ) s. f. Play, sport, pastime, बेबी kel-ce, f amasement, amorous dalliance, coition.

कवड़ा kev-ra, s. m. A flower (Pandanus odoroatissimus).

नेवत्त kev-urtt,) s. m. A fisherman. केवट kév-ut,

केवल kev-ul, adj. One, alone, only, solely, completely, peculiarly; all, entire, whole. s. va. A species of knowledge, probably that of the unity of God. adv. Completely, peculiarly, only, solely.

कामांच key-anch, s. f. Cowitch (Delichos proviens).

Mars kev-ar, s. m. The shutter or fold of a door, a door,

के बला kev-lee, s. f. Horoscope, nativity.

an kesh, s. m. The hair of the head, a cock's comb.

केश्वर kesh-ur, s. m. A plant, called also Nagesur (Mesua ferrea); a shrub used in dying (Rottleria Vinctoria).

केशरिन kesh-ur-in, s. m. A lion. केशरी késh-ur-ee,

केग्रवेश kesh-vesh, s. m. A tress or fillet of hair.

केशाकेशी kesh-a-kesh-ee, conj. Pulling the hair mutually, hair to hair.

and keshee, s. f. A lock of hair on the crown of the head.

केसर kes-ur, e. m. Saffron (Crocus sativus). केसिरिया kes-ur-iya, ad). Yellow or saffroncoloured.

केन्द्र रि keh-ree, ह. m. A lion.

A ky, pron. How many ad. Several. conj. Or, either. Ky-ek, or Ky-ec-ek, Some few. के चला kynch-lee, s. f. The slough or skin of a snake.

कराटक ky-ru-tuk, e. m. A species of poison, one of the fixed kinds.

कत kyt, s. m. A tree (Feronia elephantrum )

Talky-the, s. m. An intoxicating drink made from the fruit of the Kyt.

क्यी kyt-hee, s. f. The Kythee-Naguree characters used chiefly by Kayueths about Patna and the adjacent country.

क्रेज kyn, s. f. A bamboo twig.

at kyree, s. f. A small unripe mango. Kyrce-ankh, s. f. A wall-eye, an eye the pupil of which is grey.

केल kyl, s f. A sprout, a shoot.

केलास ky-las, s. m. The mountain Kylas, the fabulous residence of Koover, and favourite haunt of Shiv; it is placed by the Hindoos amongst the Himalaya mountains, and the name is given to one of the loftiest peaks lying on the north of the Manus lake. [terman.

न्यन्त ky-vurtt, s. m. A fisherman, a wa-क्षेत्रस्य ky-vulyuh, s. m. Eternal emancipa-

tion, future happiness.

केशा ky-sa, ) pron. How? in what man-केरे ky-seh, ner? what sort of? What like ! Kysukec, Howso-का ky-so,

In ko, pron. Who? which? what? postpos. To, for.

कोई kó-ec, s. f. The water-lily (Nymphova lotus); the pulp of the jack fruit (Artocarpus interrifolia).

को दे kó-ee, रे pron. Any, any one, any body, some one. a. Some को का kó-00, 1 body. Koee-sa, certain, somebody, something. Koce nuh koce, Somebody or other, some arother. Koce nuheen, Nobody, none. Koce dum men, Soon, shortly, immediately.

alvel koerée, s m. A planter, a husbandman, a gardener, a Hindoo cast whose profes-

sion is husbandry.

कारला koela, s. m. Charcoal.

बोचना kónch-na, v. a. To prick, pierce, stab, gone.

कोटा kond-ha, s. m. A gourd, a sweet pumpkin (Cucurbita pepo).

कांपल kon-pul, s. f. A young shoot, a bud, an unblown flower.

को क kok, s. m. The ruddy goose (Anas casarca)

alai ko-ka,s. m. A foster-brother, nurse's child; a small nail, a tack; a kind of lotus.

को किनी kó-kin-ee, adj. Short.

को किल kó-kil, े s. m. The black or Indian को देल kó-eel, I cuckoo (Cuculus) : the kokil makes a prominent figure in Hindoo poetry, and is supposed by his musical cry to inspire pleasing and tender emotions.

को किलबनी kókil-bynee, adj. Spearing like a kokil, eloquent as the kakil.

कार्ब kob s.f. The womb, the abdo-कोद्धा ko-khá, ) men, hypochendrium. कोखबद kolsh-bund, adj Barren.

को इस kón-kun, s. m. The name of a comtry, Konkan, in the peninsula.

को जागर ko-já-gur, s. m. The day of fullmoon in the month Aswin (Sept.-Oct.) : who is awake? the call of Lukshmer, who descending on this night promised wealth to all that were awake, hence the night is spent in festivity and games of chance in honor of the goldess.

and kot, s. m. A fort, redoubt, stronghold, castle.

TIZE k6-tur, s.m. A kind of greens; holes made by birds in trees.

arfz kéti, adj. A crore or ten millions.

ars kott, s. m. A fort, a castle, a stronghold.

ers koth, s. m. A species of leprosy with large round spots; ring-worm, impetigo.

काउरी koth-ree, s.f. A room, chamber, apartment, closet.

TTT kót-ha, s. m. A house built of burntbricks or stone; a story, a floor.

and hot-hee, s f. A small (brick) house, a warehouse a granary, dwelling, mansion, barrack, chamber, bank, chest, bin, storehouse, factory; a banking-house; the chamber of a gun, the inside or shaft of a well; the womb; the ferrule or mounting at the end of a scabbard. Kotheeval, a wholesale merchant, a warehousekeeper.

कारीर kothóur, adv. Out of place.

कोड kor, s. m. The leprosy.

काइना kór-na, v. a. To dig out, to scoop, bore, hollow, excavate.

कारबाबा kor-ba-la, s. m. The name of a bird, of a smake, and of a flower.

काइर kó-ra, s. m. A whip, a lash. Kora kurna, To whip; to reduce to obedience; to put a horse to his speed by whipping. Kora marna, To lash.

काडी koree, s. f. A score, twenty.

wire korh, e. m. The leprosy. Korh-men khoj nikulna, In leprosy to catch the itch: (met.) to have one misfortune added to another.

कादना korh-na, v. a. To vex, to afflict, to grieve.

काडी kor-hee, adb. A leper.

केरण kon, s. m. A corner, an angle. Konuh-dar, adj. Cornered, angled.

arran ko-na, s. m. Corner, side. Konakoothra, s. m. A Corner of a room, house, &c., hole and corner, every corner.

arfu kó-ni, adj. Having a crooked arm. array kotul, s. m. A led-horse. Kotulkush, s. m. A sureingle, particularly for fastening bodyclothes.

what kotmeer, s. f. A kind of greens, coriander.

ale koth, s. m. Inflammation and ulceration of the angles of the eye-lids; gaugrene.

कोट्रा kodo, ) s. m. A small grain (Pas-कोट्र kodrúv,) palum frumeniaceum).

कोना kons, s. m. A corner, an angle, a side. Konadar, adj. Cornered, angular.

कोल kont, s. f. A spear.

kop, s. m. Wrath, rage, passion,

and worker kop-jwillit, adj. Enraged, inflamed with wrath. [with anger.

कोपदोन्न kop-déept, adj. Incensed, inflamed कोपन kopún, adj. Passionate, wrathful कोपना kópna, e. a. To be angry, to be

wrathful, to rage s. f. A passionate woman.

को प्रवेश kop-veg, s. m. Violence, impetuosity of passion.

को बाक्स kopa-kóel, ad. Furious, enraged. को बाक्स kopan-wit, adj. Passionate, angry, rageful, wrathful.

कारिको kopinee, f. } adj. Angry, passion-कोणो kopie, m. } ate, wrathful.

the waist) between the legs.

कोबी kobée, s. f. A cabbage.

को अन्त kómul, adj. Soft, bland, tender, mild, placid.

alusia komultí, s.f. Softness, placidity, tenderness, mildness, agrecableness.

को अस्तराई komul-tá-ee, s. f. Softness.

को बचा kó-yun, s. m. A corner, an angle.

बोयन kó-yul, s. f. A bird (Cuculus) ; a flower (Clitoria ternatea).

कोशना kó-yul-a, s. m. Charcoal.

art kor. s. f. Edge, border, margin, side, point s. m. A crore or ten millions.

को र का kó-ruk, s. m. A bud, an unblown

and the kora, adj. New, unused, unhandled, unbleached, fresh (applied chiefly to earther vesses, elath, or paper). Koreh ruhna, To be disappointed.

alt F ko-rún-gee, s. f. Small cardamums.

with ko-ree, s. f. A virgin.

कोरो kóro, s. m. A rafter.

narrow passage, a lane; embracing, an embrace; a tribe of mountaineers, the Coles; a country, Calinga, the modern sea coast from Cuttack to Madras.

कोबा kolá, s. m. A jackal.

কাৰ্যস্থ ko-la-hul, s. m. Uproar, clutter, tumult, mirth, a confused or mingled sound, a noise made by many, or a great an indistinct noise.

alfar kó-li-ya, e. m. A lane.

to take in the lap.

को की kó-lee, s. m. A weaver.

कोस kó-loo, s. m. An cilman, a cast whose business it is to sell oil.

को है ko-leh, adv. Lap, bosom, embrace.

Kolhoo man purwa dena, To macerate (any thing) in a press, &c.

साविदार ko-vi-dar, s. m. A species of Ebony (Banhinia variegata).

all w kosh, s. m. A measure of about two miles; a piece added to the end of a sleeve, a cuff.

की अना kósh-na, v. a. To eurse.

को बन kó-shul, s. m. f. A name of the city of Ujodhya (Oude) or neighbouring district,

give kosh, e. m. A sheathe, a scabbard; a judicial trial by eath or ordeal, attesting a deity and touching or drinking water three times in which some idel has been washed; a testicle or the scrotum; a nutmeg; a dictionary or vacabulary.

को श्रुवा kó-shul-a, s. f. The country south of Ujodhya (Oude) or Ujodhya itself.

নামতার kósh-bríddhi, s. f. Swelled testicle, enlargement of the scrotum, from Hernia humoralis, or hydrocele, &c.

which grain is kept; an apartment; any viscus, as the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, &c.

को छा जि koshth-ágni, s. m. The digestive faculty, the gastric juice.

बोसना kós-na, v. a. To curse.

कोसबी kóslee, s. m. New leaves just sprouting.

को मा kósa, s. m. Curse, malediction.

कोहनी kóh-nee, s. f. The elbow.

को हर kó-hur, s. m. Fog, mist ; name of a fruit.

को हो kó-hee, s. f. A species of hawk (Falco cristatellus).

with kon postpos. Of, belonging to.

koun, postpos. Denoting the objective case, To, for.

fix koundh, s. f. Splendour, brightness, flash (as of lightning).

का प्रता koundh-na, v. n. To lighten, to flash.

कींचा kound-ha, s. m. Lightning.

कींचा koun-la, s. m. A kind of orange.

सोड़ा kóu-ra, s. m. A shell of a large kind.

कोडियाचा kou-ri-yá-la, s. m. A kind of snake; a wealthy person.

coin (Cypress monits); mency, fare, hire; a gland: the point of the sternum, or ensiform cartilage. Kouree-book, adj. Venal. Phootee kource, or Kanee kource, A bit of money of the lowest value, (fig.) a farthing.

कोत्रक kou-took, s. m. Joy, pleasure, happiness; sport, pastime, diversion, play, trick,

show, a scene or spectacle.

নার্কা kou-took-ce, ε. m. A tumbler, a daucer, one who contributes to divert by exhibitions, &c. adj. Sportive, of pastine or diversion.

Kounsa, Which? what? what? what?

कोपीस kon-péen, s. m. A privy part, a small piece of cloth worn over the privities.

anali piece of Lota worn over the privities.

The kon-mar, s. m. Youth, childhood.

Koumaree, adj. Maiden, virgin.

को बुद kóu-mood, s. m. The month Kartik (October-November).

कीम्दी kou-moo-dee, s. f. Moonlight.

all kour, s. m. A mouthful.

was, and the Panaurus, the patronymics of two families descended from Korroo by their respective fathers Dhriturashtrah and Pandoo.

कौरव Kóu-ruv, s. m. A descendant of

कान koul, adj. Of a good family, wellborn s. m. A mouthful.

की बन्ध koulúv, s. m. One of the astrological periods called Kuruns.

সীবা kóu-la, s. m. Corner, side (af a room, &c.); embrace, bosom, armful; a kind of orange. কাৰিক koulík, adj. Ancestral.

कोरिजया kóu-li-ya, s. f. A small mouthful, कोरिजयाना kou-li-ya-na,v.a. To take in the

arms, or the lap, to embrace. कोकी kou-lee, s. f. Embrace, grasp of the

arms. कीवा kóu-va, s. m. A crow.

कीवाउँडी kóu-vu-thén-thes, s. f. A flower (Clitoria ternatéa).

and koush, s. m. Canyakooly or Canouje, the ancient city, so called.

की गड़ kou-shul, s. m. Happiness, welfare,

की गढ़ी kon-shul-ce, s. f. Greeting, salutation, friendly inquiry; a respectful present.

कौशस्त्र kou-shull-yub, s. m. Good fortune, well-being, &o.

बीगिकी kou-shik-ee, s. f. Name of a river.

की भेय kou-shéyuh, adj. Silken, of silk,

कीसम् kóu-soombh, adj. Dyed with saf-

को स्तम kou-stoobh, s. m. The jewel of

out kya, pron. What I how I why I whether, or,

will kya-ree, s. f. A bed (of a garden);

will what then, because.

क्योंकर kyón-kur, adv. Why i how i क्योंकि kyón-ki, adv. Because that.

क्रन्द krún-dun, s. m. Weeping, lament-

क्रम krum, s. m. Order, method; uninterrupted progress.

क्रि krúm-i, s. m. An insect, a worm.

कद kruy, s. m. Buying, purchase.

क्रविकाय kruy-bik-ruy, s.m. Trade, traffic, buying and selling.

Alfar kran-ti, s. f. Ascending, surmounting either in a literal or figurative sense; the sun's course on the globe, the ecliptic; declination of a planet; splendour, justice.

कार्निकण्डल kránti-műndul, s.m. Thecliptic.

िक्स krim-ee, s. m. A worm, an insect; lac, which is the accumulation of an insect. किया kri-ya, e. f. Deed, an act, action; a religious act; obsequies; a verb; an eath. Kriya-Furm, s. m. The performance of obsequies.

किरोड्स kriyen-driyuh, s. m. An organ of action, as the hand, foot, voice, organ of generation and that of excretion.

Alter kree-ra, s. f. Sport, play, pastime, pleasure, amusement, game.

कीडारल kreera-rutn, e.m. Copulation. जीड्रावत kreera-vút. adj. Sporting, sportive.

कीत kreet, adj. Bought, purchased.

দীবন krée-tuk, s. m. A son bought from bis natural parents and adopted as male issue. দৌবা krée-ta s.m. A son, one of the twelve

kinds acknowledged by the ancient Hindoo law; he who is purchased from his natural parents.

The Ugooroo or aloe wood.

N

कुड़ krooddh, adj. Angry, wrathful.

क्रम kroodh, s. f. Anger, passion.

ed, harsh, savage; formidable, terrible.

unrelenting.

At ale kroor-keshth, s. m. Torpid or costive bowels unaffected by strong purgatives.

সুবো kroor-ta, s. f. Cruelty, fieroeness. সুবো kroor-drish, adj. Mischievous, vilianous; evil-eyed.

an'w krodh, s. m. Anger, wrath, passion,

को धन kró-dhin, व्योधिन kró-dhin, wrathful, choleric.

कोधी kró-dhee, ) whathin, christie. कोधना kró-dhee, ) कोधना kró-dhee, ) A passionate wo-

man, a vixen. क्रोधसंद्र krodh-műy, adj. Angry, passion-

कोधविज्ञत krodh-vūrjit, adj. Free from wrath, mild, calm. [lent.

मोधवा krodh-vús, adj. Passionate, vio-मोधो krodhée, adj. Angry, passionate.

FRING krosh, s. sn. A measure of distance, a league, a Cos containing 4,000 cubits; some make the Cos 8,000 cubits.

or principal divisions of the world.

min klant, adj. Wearied; depressed in spirits or exhausted.

कान्त्रमा klant-muna, adj. Low-spirited, languid, melanchely.

ontien klanti, s. f. Fatigue, weariness.

far klish-it, adj. Distrest, afflicted.

Wearied.

Takled, s. m Wetness, dampness, mois-

and klesh, s. m. Pain, affliction or distress; pain from disease, anguish; worldly occupation, care, trouble.

affire kleshit, adj. Pained, distressed,

and klyv, s. m. Absence of virility, impotence; the neuter gender; unmanliness, cowardice, &c.

## रव

Whuh, The second consonant of the Naguree alphabet: it is a guttural and has the sound of the English kh. khuh, s. m. Heaven; sky or ather; vacuity.

संबक्ती khúnk-lee,s.f. A plant (Polypody), a kind of moss.

होबद्ध khun-khúr, adj. Dry and crackling. एंडाइना khun-khár-na, v. a. To hem, hawk, expectorate,

संगर khún-gur, s.m. Semi-vitrified bricks. दंगाल दालना khungál dálna,v.n. To murder privately.

खेतालना khun-gal-na, v.a. To wash, rinse.

खेंगेल khún-gyl, adj. Tusked.

दंजन khún-jun, s. m. A small bird, a wagtail.

खंडरी khunj-ree, s. f. A small tambourin,

rig khund, s. m. Side, quarter, division of the earth, region, division of a house, apartment; part, pieco fragment, portion; a chapter, section; sugar (coarse); the songs of Pudmeneut.

any thing to pieces, the rescinding of an order, the resulting of an argument, the removing of any calamity, the thwarting of any scheme; breaking, dividing.

खंडनकरना khúndun kúrna, v. a. To cur up, to quarter, to cut to pieces, to divide; to refute.

खंडना khúnd-na v. a. To refute.

ken-down building, ruins of a town or house, &c.

GECT khund-réech, s. m. A small bird a wagtail.

(especially of fish), a division or piece (of land).

खंडित करना khúndit kúrna, v. a. Te refute, interrupt, prexent.

provoked at the infidelities of her husband or lover, is rather abusive speaks her mind freely, but is supposed to retain no malice in her breast.

संद khundh, s. m. District, province, division, section.

walt khun-dhor, adj. Turbid.

the ground, a dibble.

संदाना khun-dá-na, ह m. A pit from which earth has been dug out to make bricks or pottery a notch in a log of wood.

the khumbh, s. m. A pillar, a post, Khum thekna, v. a. To strike the hands against the arms preparatory to wrestling, &c., to challenge (as wrestlers do).

खबीरना khukhórna, v. a. To scoop, scrape-

Gπ khug, s. m. A bird; air, wind. Khuges, s. m. The adjutant bird.

Galler khugól, s. m. The vault or circle of the heavens, the planisphere; the same represented artificially, the armillary sphere.

खगोलविद्या khúgol-vídya, e. f. Astronomy. खनना khúch-na, v. n. To be set (ds a jevel).

खनर khúch-ur, s. m. A cloud.

खना khúch-a, } adj. Set (as a jewel), खनित khúch-it, } set with jewels, inlaid.

(Phenix dactylifera); wild date (Elate sylvestris or Phenix sylvestris); a kind of sweetment.

Khujoor-chhurer, A kind of silk cloth stained with waving marks like the traces of the old leaves on the trunk of the date tree.

खनूरा khujóora, s. m. The ridge of a thatched roof.

ख जरिया khujboriya, s. m. A date.

আন khunj, adj. Lame, erippled, limping. অপ্রন khun-jun, s. m. A small bird, the wagtail (Motocilla alba)»

खद्भी khúnj-ur-ee, s. m. A small tambourin, a timbrel.

खन्नरीट khunj-réet s. m. A wagtail.

खद्वा khún-ja, s. f. A species of metre, a stanza of two lines, one of 32, the other of 30 feet.

Reserve the six philosophical sciences of the Hindoos (called otherwise Khut-durshun), viz. Niyayu, Logic, taught by Gotum; Vyskeshik, taught by Kunad: it agrees with Niyayu, in some points and differs in others; Mimansa, taught by Jymuni: it consists of rules for the construction and right interpretation of the Veds; Vedant, taught by Vynsdev: the science of the clogy; Sankhy, taught by Kupil: the followers of this sect disbelieve in a Creator, asying that the universe is from all eternity: Patur-jul, introduced by Skennag: it agrees in every point with Sankhyu, excepting that it makes God to be the Creator.

खटनना khat-uk-na, v. n. To wrangle, to offend, to wrankle, to pierce (as a thorn); to doubt, to be apprehensive. s. m. Doubt, hesitation, diagnet.

खटका khút-ka, । s. m. Apprehension, खटक khút-uk, ) suspicion, doubt, suspense, abodement; sound of footsteps.

खटकाना khutkána, s. m. Rapping, thumping, rattling (of a door, &c.)

ez ez ez ez khut-khut-ána, v. a. To knock, tap, pai, rap.

खटगोर khut-geer, s. m. A bug.

with curtains. A bedstead

wzer khút-na, v. n. To last.

TETE khut-put, s. f. Wrangling, contention, quarrel; clashing of weapons.

खटमल khút-mul, s. m. A bug.

खडमीटा kliut-meet-ha, s. m. A mixed taste of sour and sweet; agreeable.

αzτπ khut-rág, s. m. Wrangling; singing discordantly.

खटिदिया khút-ri-ya, s. m. An insect.

खटवा khút-wa, s. f. A bedstead.

खटबारा khutwara, s. m. A dunghill.

खटाई khut-á-ee, s. f. Acidity, sourcess; an acid.

खडाका khut-á-ka, s. m. A crash.

खटापटी khut-a-pút-ee, s. f. Wrangling.

wazier khut-al, s, m. Spring-tide.

walls khut-áo, s. m. A pin with which as boat is fastened.

ezre khut-as, s. m. A polecat.

स्तरिया khút-i-ya, s. f. A bedstead, a bier. Khooda kurch ooekee khutiya aikleh, God granthis bier may be carried out, or he may die (a common form of cursing).

खटीन khut-éek, s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game.

खटोला khut-6-la, s. m. A small bedstead.

s. m. The herb sorrel. Khutta-sa, adj. Sourish, acctous, accept.

खड़ास khuttás, s.m. The civet or zibet eat (Viverra zibetha), a polecat.

खड़िन khút-tik, s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game.

खडू khút-too, s. m. A labourer.

खटना khút-wa, s. f. A bedstead.

खड़ेख khurunkh, adj. Dry, dried up.

স্থান khur-uk, s. f. A cow-house or cowshed; an imitative sound. Khuruk jana, To take warning, to be apprized. [clang.

खड़का khúr-uk-na, v. n. Torustle, rattle, खड़का khúr-ka, s. m. Doubt, apprehension; a toothpick.

खड़खड़ाना khur-khur-ána, v. n. To creak, clatter, rattle, jar; to grind the teeth; to snore.

खड्खड्राइट khur-khur-ahut, s. f. Creaking, clatter, rattling, jarring (as a door), snoring.

खड़म khốr-ug, s. m. A sword or scimitar.

खड़बड़ाइट khurburáhut, } s. f. Hurry, खड़बड़ी khúr-bur-ee, bustle, commotion, tumult, aproar, noise of horse's feet in

galloping; griping on going to stool,

खड़मंदन khúr-mun-dul, s. f. Wrangling. खड़मान khur-sán, s. m. A whetstone, a grindstone.

up, standing, steep, high, aground, ready, repe, perpendicular. Khura kurna, To raise, station, place, stay or stop, stick up, place erect, procure a fictitious person for some purpose. Khura hona, To stand up, be erect, rise, stand. Khura ruhna, v. n. To stand, stay, remain standing.

सहारत khur-a-oon, s. m. Pattens (wooden). Khuraoondar Akindof shoes fastened to pattens.

खड़िया khúr-i-ya, s. f. Chalk.

erfeet khur-il, s. f. A mortar.

তি khúr-ee, s. f. Chalk.
ভাগিতী khúr-ee-mittee, s. f. A species of steatites with which children learn to write, and which is used in giving a polish to staceo.

on the wrist, a bracelet.

mediately, instantly, presently, quickly.

www.khurg, s. m. f. A sword,

ag khurh, s. f. Straw.

division of a house, apartment; part, piece, fragment, portion; a chapter, section; sugar (coarse); the songs of Pudmawat; a flaw in a jewel.

ergs khún-dun, s. m. Breaking, dividing, cutting, reducing to pieces, rescinding anorder, refuting an argument, removing of any calamity, thwarting of any scheme.

खरूपन करना khúndun kúrna, v. a. To out up, to quarter, to cut to pieces, to divide; to retute.

www.khund-na, v. a. To refute.

खं सहस्र khund-ft, adj. Cut, toru, broken in pieces; destroyed; refuted, controverted; scattered, dispersed.

खरिएटत करना khúndit kúrns, v. a. To refnte, prevent, interrupt.

of reart khûn-dit-g, s. f. A woman, who provoked at the infidelities of her husband or lover, is rather abusive, speaks her mind freely, but is supposed to retain no malice in her breast.

खतरानी khut-ra-nee, s. f. The female of Khutree.

खनवारा khut-wá-ra, s. m. A dunghill,

GAT khútta, s. m. A grain-pit, a cavity in which grain is kept.

easts, a man of the military tribe. Khutrance, s. f. The female of Khutras.

खद्बदाना khud-bud-ána, v.n. To simmer, to make a boiling noise. Tofer khúd-ir, s. m. A tree, the resin of which is used in medicine, Kutha or catechu (Mimosa catechu.)

बदिरापस khud-ir-bpum, s. m. The Babool (Acasia Arabica).

ब्दी khud-ee, s. f. A grass that grows in ponds.

www.khud-er, s. f. Pursuit.

खदेड्ना khud-ér-na, v. a. To pursue, to

story (of a building), a flight of rooms; a mine; a certain day of the fortnight, as the full, change, &c., of the moon.

खनकना khún-uk-na, v. n. To jingle, to

earth has been dug to make bricks or pottery; a notch in a log of wood.

guzī khúp-ta, s. m. A broken tile; a slice of mango.

and khup-nt, adj. Expended, e. f. Vent,

will khup-tee, s.f. Vent, sale, expense; request; a lunatic.

absorbed; to sell, go off, be expended or made away with; to remain, join, mix with, enter, penetrate s. m. A company (of travellers, dec.)

खपरा khúp-ra, s. m. A tile; an arrow with a broad point.

खपरी khúp-ree, s. f. A small tile; the

building of tiles.

सपाच khup-ách, s. f. A piece torn off from a bamboo, a splinter; a very lean person.

ह्याना khup-á-na, v. a. To dry up, destroy, make away with, despatch, ravage.

Gyr khúp-oor, s m. The betel tree (Areca faufel, or catechu.)

wruz khúp-pur, s. m. The skull, the cranium; a chfing dish; an earthen cup used by joyces; the vessel in which the blood of a victim is offered.

खबसा khúb-sa, s. m. Slime.

TENT khub-ba, adi. Left-handed.

thoukna, v. a. To strike the hands against the arms preparatory to wrestling, dc.; to challenge (as wrestlers do).

खन्न khumus, adj. Sultry.

खमबाई khumsáce, s. f. Sultriness.

खमाच khumách, s. f. A musical mode.

खनीसन khúm-ee-lun, s. m. Lassitude, weariness, sleepiness.

eger khúmba, s. m. A pillar, a post.

khur, s. f. Grass, straw. s. m. An ass.

खरेख khúr-unk, adj. Dry, dried up. खरजा khúr-un-ja, s.m. Pavement, causey.

खर स khúr-uk, s f. A cow-house, or cowshed.

हर्माना khur-ka-na, v. a. To thump, to shake; to frighten away, to put to flight; to sell. खर्द्रा khur-khur-a, s. m. A currycomb. खर्द्रा khur-khur-khur-iya, s. f. A chair, a

water khur-chhur-a, adj. Rough.

TO THE Khur-pa, s. m. A sandal; the seam of a garment which extends from the arm-pit down the side.

खर्बर khúr-bur, s.f. Noise of horse's feet in galloping; tumult, uproar.

weekhur-ul, s. m. A stone for grinding medicine on, a mortar.

खर्ड khurh, s. f. Straw.

खरहरा khur-húr-a, s. m. A currycomb. खरहा khur-há, s. m. A hare, a rabbit.

खरहारना khur-hár na, v. a. To sweep.

with khúr-hee, s. f. A stack, a rick; a kind of grass.

GCT khúr-a, adj. Pure, prime, best sort, genuine, houest, candid, sincere, strict.

GCTÉ khur-á-ee, s. f. Purity, excellence, probity, rectitude, trustiness, honesty, candour.

खराका khur-á-ka, s. m. A crushing noise. खराइन्ह khur-a-húnd, s. f. The stalk of burnt grass.

खरी khúr-ee, s. f. Oil-cake; chalk.

rail. khur-6nt, s. f. A scratch with the nail.

खरोंडना khur-ónt-na, v. a. To scratch. खरोचना khur-óch-na, रे v. a. To scrape, to

खरीटना khur-ót-na, scratch. दहन khurj, s.f. The bass (in music).

हार्जीर khurj-joor, s. m. The date tree and its truit.

extract of the wild date. Twee, used to leaven bread, and as an intoxicating liquor, when in a state of spontaneous fermentation.

letter or any writing; an iron instrument to rub horses with, a curry comb; an ulcer with hardness of the skin on the back of the foot. Exizi khur-rá-ta, s.m. Snoring. Khurra-ta marna, To snore.

khurbb, s. m. A large number, ten million millions, a billion adj. A dwarf, short, low, of little size or stature.

खन khul, s. m. A worthless person, a malicious person; sediment, deposit of oil, &c., an oil-cake; apit. adj. Low, vile, base; mischievous; bad, wicked.

खलंगा khul-ún-ga, s. m. A park.

खनावा khul-khul-ána, v.n. To rumble, to grumble (the bowels).

खलड़ा khûl-ra, s. m. Skin, hide.

was khul-ree, s. m. Skin, hide, membrane; the prepace, foreskin.

खनता khúl-ta, s. f. Worthlessness, wickedness, villainy; filthiness.

खलबल khûl-bul, s. f. Hurry, bustle, agitation, commotion, alarm, tumult, hurlyburly.

bubble; to be agitated or tossed up and down.

Gere's khul-ar-ee, s. f. The place in which salt is boiled (in Bengal).

खलार khul-ar, s. f. A hollow, bottom. दिख khuli, s. m. Sediment of oil or oil-

eake.

खनियान khul-i-yán, s. m. A granary. खनियाना khul-i-yá-na, v. a. To skin, to flay.

खिल्म khulish, } s. m. A kind of fish खिल्म khulésh, } (Trichopodus colisa).

खितिहान khuli-hán, s. m. A threshingfloor.

खनी khúl-lee, े . f. The dregs of mus-खन्नी khúl-lee, े tard-seed, &c., after the oil is pressed out, oil-cakes.

खुरेंच khul-6i, s. m. Scented oil; a hole made by children for playing at trap-ball or marbles.

बहाति khul-ókti, s. f. Abuse, low or wicked language.

खन्न khull, s. m. A mill, a stone or vessel for grinding drugs, &c.

खन्ता khúl-la, s. m. A shoe.

efgz khállit, adj. Bald, morbidly troubled with falling of the hair.

खवा khúv-a, s. m. The shoulder.

खस्रीर khu-shuréer, s. m. A celestial or immortal body.

खरवन्त khus-kúnt, a. f. Separation, running away.

खसनाना khuskána, v. a. To remove, shove out of the way, to slide away, draw back.

खस्यस khús-khus, s. f. The poppy-head ;

the scented roots of a species of grass (Andropogon muricata) used for door-screens in the hot weather, which being sprinkled with water, serve to cool the rooms.

जस्य रह khuskhus-rus, s. m. Poppyjuice, opium.

anan khus khus a, s. m. Grinding the

खसख्साना khus-khus-ana, v. n. To grind

book, waste-book, rough drawings, draught (of an account); a scab; a kind of eruptive disease.

खहाना khus-á-na. v. n. To ruin, fall in, sink ; to open, loosen.

खरोटना khus-ot-na, v. a. To pull, pluck, pull the hair, scratch, tear.

खर्काटिक khuh-sphútik, s. m. Crystal, the sun gem; the moon gem.

win khang, s. m. A tusk.

wis khanch, s. m. Slime, mud.

खांचा khan-cha, s. m. A tray, a basket, a pannier; a cage, a hen-coop.

wie khand, s. m. Sugar (coarse).

wish khand-na, v. a. To exeavate, to pound

edist khan da, s. m. A straight doubleedged sword, cutlass, cleaver (hutcher's); a flake or slice (of fish). Khandeh keh dhar-pur chulna, To arbitrate, to decide.

खांसना kháns-na, v. n. To cough.

wiel khán-see, s. f. A cough.

Thise, s. f. A ditch, a most, a trench.

खा क kháoo, s. m. A glutton.

स्त्राम khag, s. m. The horn of a rhinoceros.

ers khaj, s. f. The itch.

waren khá-ja, s. m. A sweetmeat like piecrust

Tetz khat, \*. f. A hedstead; a hier, a cot or bedstead on which dead bodies are conveyed to the pile.

era khat, s. f. Manure. s. m. A pit, a subterraneous granary.

with that a, s. m. The act of eating; daily ecount, waste-book. Khata-baree, s. f. A storehouse.

खातो khá-tee, s. f. A cast generally employed as cart-wrights, s. m. A carpenter.

eng khad, s. f. Dung, manure.

khád-yuh, adj. Edible, fit to be caten.
s. m. Food, victuals.

खान khan, s. f. A mine ; (met.) a nest, a heap, abundance, receptacle.

a mine); any thing very dry.

GITT khána, v. a. To cat; to embezzle; (met.) to get, suffer, take, receive, hold, contain. s. m. Food, dirmer, esting. Kha jana, To cat up, devour. Khana peena, Mest, and drink, food, board, fare.

enfe kháni, s. f. A mine; (met.) a nest, a heap, abundance, receptacle.

191-6127 khanhara, a. m. Kater, devourer.

Tag khabur, adj. Uneven.

WIT khar, s. m. Alkali, potash.

TTT khá-ra, udj. Salt, brackish. s. m. A net (in which straw is tied).

Wil kharce, adj. Salt, brackish.

ভাত্তা khá-roo-a, s. m. A coarse kind of red cloth of cotton.

खास khal, s. f. Skin, hide; bellows; a rivulet, river; canal, creek, inlet. Khal khynchna, To take the skin qff, to flay.

खाब khao, s. f. Manure.

चित्रना khinch-na, v. n. To be drawn,pulled or tightened, to be drawn or defineated (a picture, ec.); to be borne or suffered. Khinchana, v. a. To cause to draw or endure.

ियंचावट khinchawut, s. f. Drawing, tight-

खिडना khindna, v. n. To be scattered.

चिंदज़ी khind-ree, s. f. A pallet, a beggar's bedding.

forest khich-ree, s. f. A dish made of pulse and rice boiled together, the flower of the ber tree (Zizyphus jujuba); earnest to dancing women when they are engaged for an entertainment; a mixed heap of gold and silver coin; a barbarous mixture of two languages, a langua franca or jargon.

বিশ্বনা khich-na, v. n. To be pulled, to be drawn, to be extracted, to be endured, to stretch.

िक्षाना khichwána, v. a. To cause to draw, pull, extract, stretch.

far khich-a, part. past, or adj. Tense, tight; tine, slender.

farara khich-ao, s.m. Drag, pull, draught; tenseness, tightness.

fusienien khij lâ-na, v. a. To vex, tease, irritate, trouble, disturb, molest. v. n. To get angry.

िखाना khij-á-na, v. a. To vex, tease, irxitate, trouble, disturb, molest.

fight khijh, s. f. Fretfulness, vexation,

िक्सलाना khijh-la-na, । v. n. To be angry, रिक्सना khijh-na, । to fret, to be vexed.

famint khij-há-na, v. n. To fret, to be vexed.

fast khir-kee, s. f. A window, casement, gate, back-door, wicket, sallyport, shutter.

far khinn, adj. Distrest, suffering pain or measiness; wearied, exhausted.

चिर्किन khir-kin, s. f. A window.

face khir-un, s. f. A black ring painted on a tambourin.

खिरनी khír-nee, s. f. Á tree and its fruit (Minusops kauki).

factor khir-sa, s. m. A dish made with biestings, or the milk of a cow just calved.

विज्ञाना khil-jána, v. n. To blossom, bloom; to laugh, to be delighted.

विकास khil-na, n. n. To blow (as a flower), to flower; to be delighted, to laugh.

विश्वताड़ khil-war, adj. Humorous, playful, funny, pleasant, entertaining.

विज्ञाईदाई khiláce dáce, s.f. A dry nurse. Khilace-pilace, Charge of maintenance.

चित्रा हा khiláoo, s. m. Given to eat, feeder.

चित्राङ् khil-ar, िब्राङ् khil-ar-ee, े adj. Playsome,

family: khil-ana, v. a. To cause or give to eat, to feed; to cause to take (an eath, &c.); to cause to suffer (as, mar khilana, To cause to be beaten); to cause to play, to allow to play, to amuse, play with, dandle; make to blossom (a flower).

Feer khil-ar, adj. Playsome.

खिनांड khil-our, adj. Playful, addicted to gaming.

चित्रीमा khil-ou-na, s. f. A plaything, a toy, a bawble, gewgaw.

Tagi kh'il-lee, s. f. Joke, jest, humour.

Khillee-baz, adj. Humorous, playsome, funny.

Khillee-bazee, s. f. Humour, fun, play, jocularity.

fan khil-loo, adj. Humorous, playsome, funny.

form khis, s. f. Grinning, showing the teeth, a tooth.

বিশ্ব কৰা khis-uk-na, v. n. To stir, elip, slip away, to sheer off. Khisak jana, v. n. To slip away, steal away, slide.

विस्ताना khis-ka-na, v. a. To remove, shove out of the way, slide away, draw back.

figure khis-na, v. n. To fall to sink (as a terrace); to drop off; to become old, decline in years.

िदस्ता khis-el-na, v. n, To slip. adj. Slippery.

चित्रलहा khis-luhá, adj. Slippery.

विस्ताय khis-lao, s. m. Slipperiness, slipping.

चित्रवास्ट khis-lá-hut, ह f Slipperiness. विभाग khis-á-na, े v. n. To चित्राय रहना khisáel rúhna, े flinch,

draw back, to be abashed.

रिविधियाना khis-iyá-na, v. n. To grin. udj. Fretful, poevish, bashful, abashed.

सिवियाहर khis-iyá-hut, s. f. Vexation, fretfulness.

होच kheech, s. m. Reluctance, repugnance, द्वीज kheej, s. f. Anger, vexation.

खीजना khéej-na, v. n. To be angry, to be vexed.

er kheer, s. f. Rice-milk.

खीरा khée-ra, s. m. A cucumber (Cucumis

सीरी khée-ree, & f. An udder.

wiles kheel, s. f. Parched grain inflated or puffed out by heat so as to appear like froth.

with the different ingredients.

खीर khees, s. f. Loss; a grin; shrug;

खोसना khées-na, ्रिंग, To

खीस निकालना khées-nikálna, f grin.

(a) the khee-sa, s. m. A rubber (used in baths); a pocket.

बीह्र kheeh, s f. An alkaline earth, fossil

चंद्रजा khoond-ia, s. m. A hollow of a tree.

tread, beat or work with the feet.

da khoons, s.m. Ammosity, spite, rancour.

खुंसाना khoon-sá-na, v. n. To be angry. खख khookh, adj. Poor.

बजनाना khooj-la-na, v.n. To itch, scratch.

tickle.

The state of the state

'seratching, titillation. खुजानी khóoj-lee, s. f. The itch.

gently with the nails.

खुकराहा khoojh-rá-ha, adj. Stingy.

राटकरा khoo-túk-na, v. a. To nibble; to

with thoot-ka, s. m. Apprehension, suspicion, doubt, suspense; sound of footsteps.

सुद्दी khóot-tee, s. f. A treasure, heard; a gnat.

west khóor-la, adj. Rough. s. m. A benhouse.

Taxwell khoond-la, s.m. A hollow of a tree. खनी khoot-tee, s. f. A purse.

खदना khoodna, v. n. To be dug, to be engraved.

खुद्वाना khood-wá-na, 7 v. a. To cause to खदाना khoo-da-na, delve, dig, en-

grave, carve. was khood-deh, s. f. The spaces in a necessary between the little brick partitions; the space from which a tooth has fallen out or been

extracted REWI khóndhá, s. f. Hunger.

संधान khóodhá-ártt, adj. Distressed with hunger, hungry.

GRETH: khoon-sa-na, v. w. To be angry. खनशी khóon-see, adj. Angry.

way khoob-na, v. a. To affect, penetrate,

stick into; to adorn. Ter khoor, s. m. A (cloven) hoof, a

er khoo-ree, s.f. horse's hoof.

खर इस khóor-chun, s. f. Pot-scrapings. खर्बना khốc-ruch-na, v. a. To scrape.

बुरचनी khốc ruch-nee, s. f. A scraper, a scoop or shovel.

saras khóo-rund, s. m. A scab.

खरपा khoor-pa, s. m. An instrument for acraping grass for horses; the knee-pan, patella. खर्जी khóor-pee, s.f. A scraper, a weeding knife, the tool with which grass is scraped up for horses; a shovel for cleaning out a bird-cage.

THE khoor-ma, s. m. A kind of sweet-

ariz khoo-rant, adj. Very old.

खरिया khoo-ri-ya, s. m. The knee-pan ; an instrument like a cup formed of a cocoanut shell or other material, with which clothes are marked with stripes.

all khooree, s. f. A (cloven) hoof.

Giver khoo-rer-na, v. a. To run after to persecute, to catch, to enclose.

ear khoor-khoo-ra, adj. Rough.

खन खेनना khool-khelna, v. a. To indulge openly in vices which were formerly practised

खडाजाना khool-jána, v. n. To be opened. खन्ता khóol-na, v. n. To be opened, revealed, expanded, untied or unfolded, disclosed or uncovered, let loose or be loose, laid aside (restraint), dispersed (clouds), clear up (the sky),

be broken (meditation, &c.) जनवाना khoelwana,v.a. To cause to open.

खनाना khoolana, v. a. To open or cause to open.

खराउँ kh6oleh-bundon, adv. Freely, uncoremoniously, openly.

व्याद्भार khóosur-phoosur, e. m. Whispering.

of thooneh, s. f. The tendo Achillis, hamstring. Khoonch merna, To hamstring. We khoont, s. m. A corper, an angle ; ear-

wax; station, portion.

gzer khóont-la, s. m. A drug.

GET khoon-ta, s. m. A wooden stake.

रबंदना khoond-na, v. a. To dig up (as the earth with the feet).

war khóo-khée, s. f. A little girl.

खिंचा khóo-ji-ya, adj. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquisitive.

Tent khooj-ha, s. m. Sediment, dregs, mouldiness of vinegar, &c.

खडना khóot-na, v.a. To pluck, to pick the leaves, &c, of vegetables.

खड़ी khoot-hee, 7 s. f. A scab. खरी khoot-hee,

any khoor, s. m. A furrow.

पर khood, s. f. Refuse,

es khoodr, adj. Small, mean.

erry khood-ra-na, v. n. To trot. स्त्रना khóom-na, v. n. To wax old.

Grant khék-sa, s. m. A mark, a sign.

Gar khéch-ur, s.m. A Vidyadhur, or kind of demigod.

खटन khet-uk, s. m. Spoil, chase, hunting. a. f. A weapon, the club of Bulram.

बेटकी khét-uk-ee, s. m. A sportsman, a hunter.

WET kher-a, e. f. A village.

as kher-ee, s. f. A kind of iron or steel, a sort of steel made in India.

Tan khet, s. m. A field, a field of battle, ground; a holy place. Khat chhorna, r. a. To fice from the field of buttle. Khat ruhna, To remain on the field (of battle), to be killed,

will khet ee, s. f. Husbandry; crop. ads.

खेतीबाडी khetee-baree, s. f. Husbandry, agriculture

खेतीहर khetee-hur, s. m. A peasant, a husbandman.

Taz khed, s. m. Sorrow, grief, affliction, distress; pain.

खहना khéd-na, v. a. To run after, to persecute, to presue.

azī khéd-a, s. m. The trap or enclosure in which elephants are caught.

afea khed-it, adj. Sorrowful, repentant;

afflicted, distressed, pained.

ay khep, s. f. A trip, voyage; a piece of base metal inserted in coin, or cracked coin; a term in algebra; something added to a sum; an apartment. Khep kurna, To sustain a loss.

Taunt khép-na, v. a. To pass the time.

लेपा khép-a, adj. An idiot, a madman, a fool.

खेपिया khép-i-va, s. m. A voyager,

खेसकारल khem-kóoshul, s. f. Health.

wil kber-ee, s. f. After-birth. Kherhee, s. f. Membranes in which the foctus is enveloped, secundines, placenta.

Re khel, s. m. Play, game, sport, fun, pastime.

definered khel-khil-aree, adj. f. Playsome, wanton; an unchaste (woman), an adulteress, strumpet.

खेलना khel-na, v. a. To play, to sport. Khelut (Bruj) part, pres. Playing, play.

सेवन khéwuk, े र m. A waterman, a row-सेवट khéwut, े er, a boatman.

खबना khéo-na, v. a. To row, punt, paddle ; suffer, indure (pain, calamity, &c.)

Ger khewa, s. m. Fare, ferry-money, price of passage in a boat, passage-money; crossing over a river.

Un khesh, s. m. A kind of cloth, disper, damask; a sheet or wrapper of such cloth.

सेसडा khés-ra, s. m A kind of cloth.

नेच khynch, s. f. Pulling, drawing ; sear-

खिना khynch-na, v. a. To puil, draw, tighten; delineate, paint.

खेचा विची khyncha-khynchee, s.f. Pulling and hawling.

विद्यान khy-al, (Bruj) s. m. Play, sport, fun, pastime.

Tax khyr, s. m. A tree (Mimora catechu).

err khy-ra, adj. Brown. s. m. A sprat (or fish very like one); a tree (Mimosa catechu). est khy-la, s. m. A young bullock, a stear.

खोद्या khó-a, e. m Plaster; coarse brickdust; milk, inspissated by boiling.

खोआना khoána, v. a. To cause to lose or part with.

खोई khó-ee, s. f. The dry part of sugarcane after expressing the juice; clothes folded up and put on the head as a defence against rain. खोखना khónkh-na, v. n. To cough.

aftal khón-khee, s. f. A cough.

with khonch, s. f. A cut or rent in aloth,

खाँचना khónch-na, v. a. To thrust, to stuff.

afar khonch-a, s. m. A thrust, stuffing. खोंचाखांची khoncha-khanchee,s.f. Thrusting; mutual wrangling or quarrelling.

with khon-chee, s. f. Any thing stuffed into another, as grass into thatch; trifling purchases; part of grain which is to be parched taken as payment for parching it; something paid by those who draw water at a well to the bihishtee who attends there with his bucket, for the use of it.

Tatzr khón-ta, adj. Deficient, adulterated. bad (as coin), false, deceitful. s. m. A tent-pin, a pin, a peg, nail; protection. Khanteh ke bul koodna, To become insolent relying on protection; (the idea seems to be taken from a person's teasing an animal, which, being fastened by a rope is unable to get at him : so that the khanta is only indirectly a protection by restraining the ndversary.)

खोंडनड khond-kul, s. m. A hollow.

TEST khond-la, adj. Toothless, hollow.

eatar khón-ta, s. m. A bird's nest.

aiu khón-dha, l

Tyr khón-pa, s. m. The hair of the head braided or tied up on the top of the head.

To fear khans-no, v. a. To stuff, thrust in.

rate of khokh-la, adj. Hollow, excavated (as a tooth or a tree, &c.)

witen khokha, s. m. A boy'; a bill of exchange the amount of which has been paid remaining in the hand of him who has paid it by way of voucher.

कोज khoj, s. m. Search, inquiry, quest : trace, mark.

कोजखाज khoj-kháj,s.f. Vexation; inquiry. खोजना khój-na, v. a. To search for, to inquire after, to seek, explore.

खेरनामा kho-jána, v. n. To be lost.

लेगिन्या khojiya,adj. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquisitive.

etz khot, s. f. A blunder, vice, blemish, defect, fault.

Tarzy khó-ta, adj. Perfidious, counterfeitfalse, faulty, defective.

खाराई kho-tá-ee, s. f. Perfidy ; vice, blemish, falseness, fultiness, defectiveness,

Fire khod, s. m. A push, thrust, pass.

खाइना khód-na, v. a. To dig, to delve, to hollow; to search for,

बोदनो khód-nee, s. f. Searching; a spade. बोदर khó-dur, s. m. A certain pace (of a

witer khód-ra, adj. Pock-marked.

खोदबेबाद khod-bewed, s. m. Search, in-

girl khó-na, v. a. To lose, part with, to get rid of to waste, to squander a m. Losing; a leaf which contains a parcel of betal or flowers. &c.

wire khop, & f. A cave, a corner; a rent, a fesure.

The kernel of a cocoanut, kernel.

pate. Khopree tha jana, v. a. To spend or lavish another's property.

Talut khó-pa, s. m. The hair of the head braided or tied up on the top of the head.

effett khobár, s. m. A hogsty.

water khó-ya, s. m. Refuse.

khor, s. f. An alley; a covering; the rage or curse of a god.

with khó-ree, s. f. An alley.

(as of a tree, de.), a cavity.

winer khól-ra, s. m. A hollow (as of a tree, &c.)

when khól-ns. v. a. To open, to loose, to shine, to expand, untie, unravel, set sail or unmoor (a ship, &c.)

कोजबंदी khol-bun-dee, s. f. The changing or removing of a horse's shoes.

way; to pull out hairs.

beard (a man). s. m. Rind, peel, skin, shell.

wits khoh, s. m. A cavern, an abyss, a pit.

The khour, s. f. The marks which Hindow make on their foreheads with Sandal-wood,
saftron, &c.

sheep), the falling off of the hairs.

tated by heat.

torious. Famous, celebrated, no-

wifa khyati, s. f. Fame, celebrity, noto-

equality khyat-ya- punn, adj. Famous.

"Christ, the Saviour of the world.

बीडियान khris-ti-yan, s. m. A christian,a follower of the Lord Jesus Christ.

## या

π guh, The third consonant of the Nagures alphabet, unsvering to G, in Good.

in gung, (used in compos.) A river, a stream. Do-gung, In two streams (a river).

गंगा gún-ga. s. f. The river Ganges. गंगाजननी gúnga-júmnee, s. f. A kind of

esr-ring. गंज gunj,s, m. A scaldhead (Tinea capitis).

ৰজা gún-ja, adj. Scaldheaded, bald.
নিজ্য gun-ji-ya, s f. A wallet, a bag (in
which grass-cutters keep their sickle, &c.)

गंकीच gui-jhyl, adj. Addicted to the use of ganjha.

Gunth-jora bandhea, v. a. To tie together the skirts of the mantles of the bride and bride groom; a ceremony attending marriage performed by the Poorokit or officiating priest.

गंड करा gunth-kúta, s. m. A cut-purse.

गंदा gún-da, s. m. A ring, a circle; a kind of horse-collar, a knotted string tied round the neck of a child, &c., as a charm; the number four.

गंडासा gun-dá-sa, s. m. A sort of axe, a pole-axe.

that which Rumchundruh is said to have drawn round Secta, to protect her from Rawin.

is a gun-der-ee, s. f. A segment, ent, or -portion of sugar-cane.

बंद gund, s. f. Stink, filth, ordure, smell. बंदक gunduk, s. f. Bripastone. Gunduk ka utr, Sulphuric Acid.

गंदना gund-na, e. f. A leak (Allium por-

vier gun-da, adj. Stinking, filthy, foul, nasty; odious.

गंद gundh, s. f. Perfume, odour, scent. गंदन gundhuk, s. f. Brimstone.

गंधराज gundh-ráj, s. m. Gardenia florida. गंधर gun-dhúrv, s m. A celestial musician, a class of demi-gods. Gundhurv-byah, s. m. A kind of marriage. Gundhurv-geet, s. m. A kind of song or singing.

गंभार gundhar, s. m. A musical mode. गंभी gundhee, s. m. A person who sells rose-water, essences and utr, a perfumer; a green bug.

wisher gun-dhee-la, adj. Stinking.

thoughtful, sedate, grave.

गंबाज gun-wá-oo, adi. Squanderer.

संदाना gun-wa-na, v. a. To lose, throw away, get rid of, discharge, spend in vain, waste, squander, pass, triffe.

iart gun-war, s. m. A countryman, villager; clown, boor, churl, rustic, peasant.

संबी gunwee, adj. Relating to a village or the country, rustic.

गगरा gug-un, s. m. Sky, firmament, atmosphere, heaven.

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गगगभेड gugun-bher, s. m. A pelican (Pelecanus onocrotalus).

गगरी gúg-rec, s. f. A water-pot.

wer gunga, s. f. The river Ganges.

गङ्गाजभनी gunga-jumnee, s. f. A kind of earing.

गङ्कालन gunga-jul, s. m. The water of the Ganges.

gunga-teer, s. m. The bank of the

गङ्गादार gunga-dwar, s. m. The place where the Ganges enters the plains, Huridwar.

TYTUTE gunga-par, s. m. The (further) bank of the Ganges.

ngrum gunga-pootr, s m. A man of a mixed and low caste, employed to remove dead bodies; a brahmun who conducts the ceremonics of pilgrimage at some places on the Gan-

ges, especially at Benares.

\*\*\*TETET gunga-jatra, s. f. Pilgrimage to the Ganges; carrying a sick person to the river side to die there.

गङ्गान्य gunga-kshetr, s. m. The river Ganges, and two cos on either of its banks.

गच guch, s. m. Mortar, plaster, cement, old mortar knocked off walls, &c.; the floor.

गचगीना guch-geena, ady. Short and fat (person).

त्रचयच guchpuch, adj. Crowded, stuffed together, close, thick

शन guj, s. m. An elephant; a measure of length, the Guz, a yard a measure of two cubics

length, the Guz, a yard a measure of two cubits मजनमनी guj-gumunee, \ adz. f. Walking

गलगोंनी guj-géunee. I (stately) like an elephant: an epithet made use of to express-a graceful gait in a female.

নজনাত guj-gah, s. m. A string composed of several tassels, made of the hair of a species of ox, and suspended as an ornament from an elephant's nack, or is fastened to a horse's ears, extending on both sides to the saddle. गजदन्त guj-dúnt, s. mad name of Gunesk; ivory, the elephant's tooth.

गजनाच guj-nál, s. m. A large gur or camon.

गजरी gúj-nee, s. f. Bole, earth.

गजपति guj-put-i, s. m. The master or rider of an elephant, the title of a rajah.

स अधारन guj-pá-tul s.m. Lampblack (with

नजपान guj-pål, s. m. An elephant driver

washid guj-mo-tee, s. m. A large pearl; it is a popular idea of the Hindow that the finest pearls are to be found in the heads of elephants.

wat guj-ur, s. m. The chimes rung at the expiration of a watch or puhur of the day or night; but sometimes restricted to those at the close of the fourth; the word puhur being more commonly used for the middle chimes.

गलर अन guj-ur-bhutt, s.m. A dish of boil-

A kind of jewel, an ornament for the wrist, a bracelet; the waving lines on mashroo (a kind of silk cloth).

नवराज guj-ráj, s. m. A large elephant. नजरासार gujra-hár, s. m. A wreath or necklace of flowers; a gold ornament of the same form.

राजा gúj-a, s. m. Part of a cart, a kind of

गनाना guj-á-na, v. n. To work, to ferment. गक्ता gujha, s. m. Winning.

गिनिन gujhin, adj. Thick (a forest, de.) मञ्ज gunj, e. m. A scaldhead (Tines capi-

are gnnj, s. m. A mine, a jewel-mine; a treasury, a jewel room, the place where plate, &c. is preserved; a mart, a place where grain, &c. is stored for sale.

wer gun-ja, adj. Scaldheaded, bald.

गड़िया gun-jf-ya, s. f. A wallet, a bag (in which grass-cutters keen their siekle, da.)

गटड़सब gut-ur-mul, s. m. A nick-name for a monkey.

महप्र gut-put, adv. Higgiedy-piggledy.

which fixes into the top of the metal part of a hookka; the ankle.

गङ्ग gut-tha, s. m. A bundle, package, pack; root of onion, turmerick, &c., a clove of garlie.

गउनरा guth-kuta, s. m. A cut-purse.

गठकरी guth-kut-ee, s. f. The practice of

73 = 7 guth-na, v. w. To be joined or arranged together; to be tied or knotted together; to unite, connect; collude.

सडवंदन guth-bin-dhun, । s. m. Binding सडवंदन guth-jó-ra, or joining in a knot; tying the knot, a Hindoo coremony attending marriage, at which the bride and bridegroom's clothes are festened together, and a pro-

eession takes place to a river or piece of water.

a pack.

TET gith-ree, s. f. A bundle, parcel, packet; total, amount; crew, pack, junto. Guth-ree bandhna, v. a. To pack up, bundle, gather (money, dc.) Guthree kursa, v. a. To odd (figures).

जह बाना guth-wá-na, v. a. To cause to

join or to adhere.

ग्रामा gut-há-na, v. a. To attach, connect, join, tie.

ars (4 gut-hao, s. m. Connexion, joining together. Guthao-ganthua, v. a. To contrive well.

गरिया gút-hi-ya, s. f. A bump; pains in the joints; a back, sack; bundle, package.

गडियाचाव guthiya-bao, s.f. Rheumatism. गडी gut-hee, ्र s. f. A ball, pack; a

नरिया gut-i-ya, f small bundle.

गर्डो gut-hée-la, adj. Knotty; robust.

गढ का gut-hoc-a, s. m. Knots in cloth.

Jew gur-unth, s.m. A game, tipcat; a mode of incantation performed for the destruction of any person (marun), to secure his affection (marun), to subject him to obedience (buskurun), to imprison him or deprive him of the power of action or speech (stumbhun), to drive him away (oochchatun); or to call him (akurshun). Certain words are pronounced over an effigy of the person or his name in writing, which is after wards buried.

गड़क gur-uk, s. m. A kind of fish (a sort of gilt-head).

गड्गड्राना gur-gur-ana, v. n. To gurgle; thunder; roll; roar(as a tiger), to rumble.

मङ्ग्दर gur-goo-dur, s. m. Any old tattered clothes, rags and tatters.

arger gur-un, s. f. A swamp, morass.

सहया gúr-na, v. n. To penetrate, enter, be driven into the earth (as a stake, de.), be fixed, to fix, lie, sink, be buried.

गह्रम्ड gur-bur, adv. Higgledy-piggledy.

ngagi gur-bur-a, s. m. Bustle, confusion; motion of the bowels, borborygmi.

गहबद्दाहर gur-hur-ahut, s. f. Confusion, fright, alarm, bustle.

गड़रिया gur-úr-iya, s. m. A shepherd or goatherd. बहुलब्बा gur-lúy-un, s. m. Rock or fossile salt, especially that found in the district of Sambhur in the province of Ajmere.

सञ्ज्या gurwa, s. m. A kind of water-pot; a flower-pot carried about by musicians and dancing women at the feast of buseau punchames, as an offering to people of rank, from whom they receive presents in jeturn.

गङ्गाना gur-wá-na, n. n. To cause to be buried or driven into the earth.

सङ्हा gár-ha, s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an abyes.

महामा gurana, v. a. To cause to penetrate, महिया gur-i-yar, adj. Stout-hearted, stiffnecked, stubborn, obstinate.

गडियारी gur-i-yaree, s. f. Obstinacy, stub-

pot; a flower-pot carried about by musicians and dancing women at the feest of busent punchamee, as an offering to people of rank, from whom they receive presents in return.

गड़ेरिया gur-ér-iya, s. m. A shepherd or goatherd.

महोता gur-6-ns, v. a. To pierce, perforate, bore, stick into.

मङ्गी gud-dee, s. f. A bundle of paper containing ten quires.

ne gurh, s. m. A fort, a castle.

गडत gur-hút, s. f. Form, make, fashion.

गहना gurh-na, v. a. To malleate, form by hammering; to make, form, shape, fashion. v. n. To be driven down (as a stake), to be buried, sunk, &c., to be made, formed or fashioned.

गहरार gurh-war, adj. Coarse, thick. गहरा gurh-war, s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit,

जदा gur-ha, s. m. A cavity, a hoie, a pit, an abyss. सहर है gur-há-ee, s. f. The price of making

jewellery. महाना gurhána, v. a. To cause to form by

महाना gurbana, v. a. To cause to form by hammering, to eause to make.

गहिया gúr-hi-ya, s. f. A pike, a javelin, apear.

गही gur-hee, s. f. A small fort, a castle.

गरेला gur-hel-a, s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an abyss.

महेचा gur-by-ya, s. f. A small tank or pond. s. m. A barrier.

war gun, s. mt. A flock, multitude, troop, tribe, class &c.; a body of troops equal to 29 chariots, 81 horse, and 135 foot; troops of inferior deities considered as Shin's attendants, and under the especial superintendence of Gunes.

जबाद gun-uk, s. m. An arithmetician, astrologer, a calculator of nativities. अधाकी gún-uk-ee, s. f. The wife of an astrologer.

क्याता gun-tá, s. f. Arithmetic.

गण्ड्य gun-drav-yuh, s. m. Public property, common stock.

गवाना gun-na, v. n. To count, to reckon up by number, to calculate.

मधानीय gun-un-eayth, adj. Numerable, to be counted or reckoned.

सिका gun-ik-a, s. f. A courtezan, a harlot. सिक्त gun-it, adj. Numbered, counted, reckoned, calculated, a.m. Computation, arithmetic, numeration. Gun-il-kar, s. m. An astrologer, an arithmetician.

The gun-ish s.m. A name of Shiv; Gunes the son of Shiv and Parvutee: he is the god of wisdom, and remover of obstacles, whence in the commencement of all undertakings, the opening of all compositions, i.e., he receives the reverential homage of the Hindoos: he is represented as a short fat man with the head of an elephant, and the present appellation with other similar compounds alludes to his office as chief of the various classes of subordinate gods, who are regarded as Shiv's attendants.

जबाद gund, s. m. A cheek, the whole side of the face including the temple; a boil, a phlegmonoid pimple; a mark, a spot; a rhinoceros.

गर्डन gun-duk, s. m. A rhinoceros. गर्डनो gun-duk-ee, s. f. A river in the north of India, the Gunduk.

गर्द्धाना gund-mada, s. f. Inflammation of the glands of the neck, &c.

raws gán-da, s. m. A ring, a circle; a knotted string tied round the neck of a child, &c.as a charm; the numer four (as, a gunda of couries or four couries).

गरहामा gun-dá-sa, s.m. An axe,a pole-axe. महिन्दु gún-di, s.m. Goitre or Bronchocele.

nus gun-dee, s. f. A circle, particularly that which Ramchundur is said to have drawn round Secta to protect her from Ramun.

गर्डरी gun-der-se, s. f. A segment cut or portion of sugar-cane.

you gun-yuh, adj. That which may be numbered.

गत gutuh, adj. Gone; obtained, gained. गत gut, ो s.f. Going, moving, motion.

गति gút-i, procedure, march, pace, gait; state, condition, course of events, fate, fortune; funeral rites, salvation; enstom, habit, usage, way. Gut kurno, v. a. To perform funeral rites, मते gút-eh, adv. Softly, gently, slowly.

गदना gud-ká, s.m. A foil for fencing with; a mace, a club.

नहमह gúd-gud, adj. Rejoicing, joyful. महमहा gúd-gud-a, s. m. A grain (Guilandina Bonducella).

मदनदा gud-búd-a, adj. Corpulent, fat. मदना gud-la, adj. Turbid, muddy, dull, dirty.

गटनाई gud-la-ee, s.f. Muddiness, dulness.

गरहा gud-há, s. m. An ass. गरा gúd-a, s. f. A club, a mace.

गदाश्चर gud-a-dhur, s. m. A name of Vishnoo or Krisha, the mace-bearer.

गरेल gud-el, s. m. A child.

महेला gud-el-a, s. m. A thick bedding. महर gud-gud, adj. Rejoicing, joyful.

महर gud-dur, } adj. Half-ripe (fruit).

गही gud-dee, s. f. A cushion, pad, packsaidle, bedding or any thing stuffed; a seat; a sovereign's throne.

सद् gudyuh, s. m. Prose.

गधा gad-ha, s. m. An ass.

गधापूरना gudha-poorna, s. m. Boerhavia diffusa.

जन gun, s. m. A troop, tribe, flock, class, multitude; Shin's attendants.

गाना gún-na, s. m. Sugar-cane (Saccharum officinarum). v. a. To count, reckon, calculate, number, compute.

गन्दना gund-na, s. m. A leek (Alliam por-

गञ्ज gundh, s. f. Perfume, odour, scent, smell, fregrance.

गञ्ज gun-dhuk, ह. f. Brimstone.

गञ्ज काण gundh-kashth, s m. A fragrant wood, as sandal, aloe wood, &c.

गञ्जसादन gundh-má-dun, s. m. The name of a particular mountain; sulphur.

गन्दर ह gundh-rus, s. m. Myrrh.

गन्दराज gundh-ráj, s. m. Gardenia florida ; sandal; any sweet smelling flower.

नहरू gun-dhúrvy, s. m. A celestial musician; a class of demigods supposed to inhabit Indra's heaven, and form the orehestra at all the banquets of the principal deities; the soul after death, and previous to its being born again according to the notion of the Hindoos; a kind of deer.

गञ्च gundh-wuh, s. m. The wind. adj. Smelling, fragrant.

गन्धसार gundh-sár, s. m. Sandal.

जन्म gun-dhar, s. m. A musical mode. जन gup, s. f. Prattle, tattle, talk, chat, tattling. Gup marna, v. a. To prattle, tattle. गपत्रना gupúkna, e.a. To swallow, to gulp.
गपश्रप gúp-shup, क. f. Prattle, tattling,

सबी gúp-pec, adj. A tattler, an idly-talker. सबस् gubróo, ह. m. A clown, young man,

stripling, lad, an uninformed youth; a bridegroom.

or moon beam.

and gub-heor, adj. Deep, profound, sagacious; thick, impervious (as a forest); serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave.

गमल gam-uk, s. f. Sound of the kettledrum, violent shake or clash in music.

गसकीचा gum-kée-la, adj. Spicy, fragrant, odoriferous.

शमत gumut, s. m. A road.

ज्ञन gum-un,s. m. Going, the act of going.

श्राचाचाच gumun-agum-un, s. m. Coming and going, access and egress, intercourse.

तमाना gumana, v.a. To pass (time).

समिन gam-in, s. m. A passenger.

applied metaphorically to sound, intellect, &c. as in English); serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave.

THIT all gum-bheer-ta, s. f. Depth (of water); depth of thought, profoundness; depth of sound.

नस्य gum-yuh, adj. Attainable, accessible. नस्यन gumyutá,s.f. Accessibility; perceptibility.

Behar, a celebrated place of pilgrimage: it is said to have been rendered hely by the benediction of Vishnoo, who granted its sanctity to the prayers of its dying chief killed by the deity; a cow. past part. Gone, went.

brahmuns, who officiate in certain religious ceremonies, performed by pilgrims at that place.

TE gur, s. m. Sickness, disease; poison, an

गर्गया gur-gúy-a, s. f. A sparrow.

नर गराना gur-gur-ána, e. n. To gurgle ; to thunder; roll; roar (as a tiger); to rumble.

nesser gár-uj-na, v. n. To thunder, to rear, to bellow.

नर्वा gurubtá, s. f. Pride ; a proud wo-

गरम gurúbh, s. ा. The fostus or embryo. गरदा gár-ra, adj. Bayish (colour in a horse or pigeon).

बर्ज gur-ni, s. m. The venom of a snake, or ver m in general.

well gur-les, adj. Venemous, poisonous.

गरवा gur-wa, adj. Heavy; important; respectable; demure.

सर्वापन gur-wa-pún, s.m. Respectability. सर्व gúr-a, s.m. The throat, neck.

TETET gur-4-ru, s. m. A sack (for holding the walls of a tent, &c.)

marif gur-a-ree, s. f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

गरांवन guránwun, s. m. A tether.

गरिया gur-im-a, s. f. Importance, self-importance, vanity of mind, a boast.

and guree, s. f. The kernel of a cocoanut.

the regent of birds; a large valture; a large kind of beron (Ardea argalo), a gigantic crane or adjutant bird.

wir gurg, s. m. One of the ten principal

मर्गेज gúr-guj, s. m. A scaffold; a tower, a bastion, a cavalier.

अर्भेरी gár-gur-se, e. f. A water-vessel, a guglet.

The runbling of clouds, thunder; bellowing, rosting, rost.

न्य gur-jun, s. m. Sound, noise; passion, wrath; the rumbling of clouds, &c; thundering, thunder, bellowing, roaring.

गर्जि gúr-ji, s. m The muttering of alouds, or distant thunder.

Tra gurtt, s. m. A hole in general.

महें भ gurd-dubh, s. m. The white lotus;

महोगी gurd-dubh-ee, s. f. An insect, a kind of beetle springing from cow-dung. सबे gurb, s. m. Vanity, pride.

सबता gurb-ta, s. f. Pride; a proud woman. सबच्ची gurbwuntee, s. f. A proud woman.

nancy; the belly; the mside, the middle; the bed of the Ganges when the river is fullest, that is, on the 14th day of the dark half of the month Bhadr, or in the beight of the rains: as high as the river flows at this period, so far extends the Guebh, after which the Teer or proper bank begins, and extends for 150 cubits, this space is holy ground.

गर्भरा gurbh-dá, & f. A shruh so called. गर्भरास gurbh-dás, e.m. Son of a slavegirl.

of Moranga supposed to produce abortion.

सभारप gurbh-roop, adj. m. A child, an infant.

गर्भवती gurbh-vút-ee, s. f. A pregnant female.

गर्भ आब gurbh-shráv, s. m. Abortion, miscarriage.

गर्भेगभाग gurbh-a-dhan, s. m. A ceremony performed prior to conception (being supposed conducive to future impregnation).

मिंदी gur-bhin-ce, s. f. A pregnant wo-

aff gur-ree, s. f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

and gurve, s. m. Pride, arrogance.

गर्बर gurv-vúr, adj. Proud, haughty, arrogant.

गर्डित gurv-vit, adj. Proud, haughty; conceited.

गई आ gur-hún, s. m. Censuring, censure, blame, reproach.

गर्दी gur-há,s.f. Abuse, censure, reproach.

Te gul, s. m. The neck, throat. Gul buhiyen dalnu, v. n. To throw one's arms around another's neck. Gul dena, v. a. To throttle, to choke; to execute by hanging.

गलका gul-ka, s. f. A boil.

गराज gul-gund, s. m. Inflammation, enlargement of the glands of the neck.

गनगन gul-gul, s. m. A citron; name of a bird; mixture of lime and linseed oil forming a kind of mortar impenetrable to water.

गलजन्द्रा gul-jund-ra, s. m. A handkerchief used as a sling for the arm.

गलकडा gul-ún-da, adj. Stentorophonic, or loudly sounding.

गबतनी gul-tun-ee, s. f. Part of the headstall of a bridle.

गलना gul-na, v. n. To melt, dissolve, waste, be dissolved, be wasted away.

गलनी gúl-nee, s. f. Wasting, consumption. गलन्द्र gul-ún-da, adj. A busive, foul-mouthed.

गलभटाकी gul-phut-åkee, s. f. Scolding; bragging, boasting. Gulphutakee kurma, v. a. To scold; to lie; to brag.

namer gul-phur-a, s. m. The jaws; the angle of the raouth.

गलपुर gul-phoot, s. f. Vaunt, vaunting,

गचप्रचा gul-phóo-la, adj. Chubby.

मा अही gul-buhee,s. f. Throwing the arms on the neck.

गल्बाइ gul-váh, s. f. An embrace, throwing the arms on the neck.

गबहरू gul-húr, s. m. The Goitre.

गनहार gul-hár, adj. Soluble, corruptible. गनही gul-hée, s. f. The forecastle (of a boat, &c.): a prow.

गलहेगुडा gulhénda, adj. Abusive.

गर्वहें या gul-hy-ya, s. m. Forecastle-man, boatswain.

सन्त gul-a, s. m. The throat, neck, gullet ; voice. alj. Rotten, melted, wasted. Gula oothana (lit. to lift up the throat). To apply acrid substances, such as pepper, &c., to the uvula of a child, when it becomes hourse, or loses its voice from the relaxation of that part. Gula-bundhana, To ensuare one's self, especially in the bonds of love. Gula-bythna or purna, To be house. Gula-phansna, To hang, to choke. Gula-dubana, To strangle. Gula dena, To waste. Gula-katna, To cut the throat. Gula-ghontna, To throttle, choke, strangle, hold by the throat. Guleh-purna, To seek the friendship of one who is averse from it. Gulch puree-buyae eidh, We should make a virtue of necessity. Gulch ka har hona, To seek and persist in a quarrel or dispute, tesse, plague, to importune; to seek with ardour the friendship or affection of any one; to persecute with kindness or attention. Gulch lugna, To embrace. Gulch mundhna, To importune.

गलाना gul-á-na, v. a. To melt, dissolve; to soften; to waste away, squander. Gulanchwala, s. m. A menstruum, a solvent.

गलार gul-ar, s. m. The name of a bird.

गलाव gul-ao, s. m. Solution, fusion. Guldoo, adj. Solubie, septical, weakening, melter, dissolver.

नजाबर gul-4-wut, s.f. Solution, dissolving, मिलत gul-it, adj. Fallen, dropped.

गनियाना gul-i-yana, v. a. To abuse; to cram (a horse, dc.), to force food or medicine down the throat.

गितियारा gul-i-yara, s. m. A street or lane.

गली gul-ee, s. f. A. bane. Gulee buh gulee, From street to street. Gulee-koocha, s. m. A narrow lane.

महोगब्द gul-eh-gund, s. m. A kind of bird (the Adjutant or Ardea Argalla).

गञ्जाना gul-la-la, s. m. Gargarism.

श्वन guwun, s. m. Going, moving.

तवाद guwakh, s. f. The light that is admitted by a window, a skylight.

गवाना guwana, " a. To cause to sing.

जवाज guwáksh, s. f. A skylight, a bole to admit light, a lattice, window, an air-hole, a loop hole, a round window, a bull's eye, &c.

गवेत्व guvérook, s. m. Red chalk.

मवेदा guwy-ya, s. m. A singer.

नद्य guvyuli, adj. Of or belonging to a cow. महान gustan, adj. f. A foolish dissolute woman.

गन्तानगर gustangur, adj. m. A clown, ignorant, foolish.

गह guh, s.f. A handle.

W. W. guhuk, s. f. The emotion of intexication.

गह तमा guhuk-na, v. n. To be agitated by intexication.

सह को guh-kee, s. f. Purchase s. m. f. A purchaser.

गहगडाना guh-guh-ána, v. n. To quiver, shake or undulate.

गहरा guhun, s. m. An eclipse; thicket, wood, forest.

गहरा guh-na, s. m. Jewels, ornaments; a pledge, a pawn. r. n. To lay hold of, handle, seize, catch, take; to blush.

গন্ধনী guh-nee, s. f. Oakum; act of calking. adj. Pledged. Guhnee-Uhurna, v. a. To pawn, to pledge.

nett gah-ra, adj. Deep. Guhra rung, Deep colour.

w अवा gúh-wa, s. m. Pincers, forceps.

बाह्यारा guhwáre, s. m. A swing, a cradle. शांत्रज gán-gun, s. m. The name of a disorder.

गांजना gánj-na, v. a. To store, hoard; to stir, agitate; to churn.

niaz gán-jur, s. f. A kind of grass or verdure.

wish gan-ja, s. m. The hemp plant wish gan-jha, (Cannabis sativa). The fructification when nearly sipe, is bruised and smoked for intoxication: the leaves dried are ground in water and drank for the same purpose; in this state it is called blung and salace.

with ganth, s. m. A knot; joint, articulation; abundle. Ganth prova, is applied to the fixing of emnity towards any one in the breast. Ganth dar, adj. Knotted. Ganth ha poora, adj. Rich, westthy. Ganth ka khona, To act to one's own prejudice. Ganth khona, The antying of a knot; prodigality, expense; to open the purse; removed of prejudice.

गांठ ड खडना ganth-ookhama, s. m. A dis-

गांड गडीका ganth-guthéela, adj. Knotty

साइना genth-na, v. a. To tie, knot, join, make adhere, stick, cobble, put together; to reduce to obedience or subjection, to attach.

wie gand, s. f. The anus, privities. Gand ghalut, add. Dead, stupid. THE gan-dur, s. f. A kind of grass of which thus thus is the root (Andropogon muricatum).

गांडा gán-da, s. m. Sugar-cane.

wite a gan-deav, s. m. The bow of Urjoon; any bow.

nis gan-doc, s. m. A catamite, a sodomite

witers ganth-na, v. a. To lay bricks in morta; to string, put or tie in order on a string, &c.

nta gáno, s. m. A village.

गरिना gáno-na, v. a. To sing.

जीवना gáns-na, v. a. To pierce, transfix, spit (cs a fowl, &cd)

गांदी gan-see, s. f. The iron point of an

TTU gaeh, s. f. A cow.

सागर gá-gur, है. f. A water-vessel, a सागरी gag-ree, guglet.

Træ gachh, s. m. A tree.

माक्तिने gachh-mírch, s. f. Cayenne pepper (Capsicum annuum).

Fra gaj, s. f. Scum, froth; a thunderbolt.

Gajmara, adj. Thunder-struck; afflicted, unfortunate.

नासन gajun, s. m Sounding, roaring.

गाजना gaj-na, v. n. To sound, to thunder; to roar as a lion or other wild beast; to be pleased, happy, choerful, delighted.

nto € gá-jur, s. f. A carrot (Daucus caro-

गाजाबाजा gája-bája, s. m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

नाइयाप gar-thóp, s. f. Burying, burial. नाइना gar-na, v. a. To bury, set, drive down, fix, sink.

गाइर ga-dur, s. f. A sheep.

ares gád-roo, s. m. A charm or muntur against venom or the bite of a snake.

बाड़ा gá-ra, s. m. A ditch, pit, cavern, an ambuscade; a cart, a carriage, Garch bythna, To be conesated, to tie in ambush.

गाई। ga-ree, s. f. A cart, car, coach, carriage.

गाड़ीकान garée-wan, s.m. A carter,a coachman, a cirman

बाइ garh, s. f. A difficulty.

wigt gar-ha, adj. Thick, close, dense; sly, shrewd, knowing, wise; strong (as tea),

Trag gand, s. f. The amus, privities. Uandghalut, adj. Dead, stupid.

Tract gan-dar, s. f. A grass of which khus khus is the root (Andropogon muricatum).

गार्डा gán-da, s. m. Sugar-cane.

Tracta gan-deev, s.m. The bow of Urjoon;

गात gat, s. f. The body; apparel.

итат gá-ta, s. m. Paste-board.

wrat ga-tee, s. f. A plaid.

गात gá-too, s. m. A celestial chorister.

The body; a limb, a member.

गायक gá-thuk, s. m. A musician, a singer; a chaunter of the Poorans or sacred poems.

माद्वा gá-tha, s. f. A verse, a stanza; metre, rhythm; a song, a chaunt, or verse to be chaunted or sung.

गाट gad, s. f. Sediment.

नादना gád-na, v. a. To ram down.

मादर gadur, adj. Half-ripe (grain). s. m. A heap, stack, rick.

art? gá-dee, s. f. A cushion, pad, packsaddle, a thin mattress, bedding or any thing stuffed; a seat; a sovereign's throne.

बान gan, s. m. A song, singing.

নান্যক gan-dhurbb, s. m. A heavenly chorister; a song, singing; a form of marriage, that which requires only mutual and amorous agreement.

गाना gá-na, v. a. To sing.

FIGURE gan-dhar, s. m. One of the seven primary notes of music; a country, Candahar, between the north of India and Persia.

tutelary female deities of the Jyns.

गाजिक gán-dhik, s. m. A vender of perfumes, a perfumer; a kind of worm having a strong fetid smell.

are gab, s. m. A tree, the fruit of which contains a glutinous astringent juice, with which the bottoms of boats are ameared, and in which nets are soaked (Diospyros glutinosa, Embryopteris glutinifera).

TW gabh, s. m. Pregnancy.

गामना gábh-na, v. a. To snub.

नाभा gá-bha, s. m. A new leaf springing from the centre of a plantain tree.

गामिन gá-bhin, adj. Pregnant (an animal, as cow, buffalo, &c.)

नाम gam, s. m. A village.

गामिनो gám-in-ee, adj. f. Going, moving. गामुख gá-mook, adj. Going, locomotive.

मास्त्रीखे gam-bhéer-yuh, s. m. Depth (of water, sound, &c.)

गाय gách, s. f. A cow. Gowmans, Beef. गायक gá-yuk, s. m. A singer adj. Singing. गायित् ga yuh-trin, s. m. A tree that yields the resin formerly called Terra Japonica (Mimosa catechu).

read gá-yuh-tree, s. f. A measure of verse in the Veds, a stanza of 24 syllables, or 4 lines of 6 syllables each; a sacred verse from the Veds to be recited only mentally; this is usually personified and considered as a goddess, the metaphorical mother of the three first classes, in their capacity of twice-born; investiture with the sacred and distinguishing string, &c., being regarded as a new birth: there is but one Gayutree of the Veds, but according to the system of the Tantrikus, a number of mystical verses are called Gayutrees, each deity has one in particular, &c., The repetition of the Gayutree is considered necessary to salvation.

बायन gá-yun, s. m. A singer. adj. Singing, a singer.

नार gar, s. f. Abuse.

गारना gar-na, v. a. To strain; to squeeze;

নাতা gá-ra, s. m. Mud (kneaded or) prepared for making pottery, prepared clay; a musical mode.

गारी gá-ree, s f. Abuse.

गान gal, s. m. A cheek; a sort of tobacco. गाना gala, s. m. A pod of cotton; a ball of carded cotton.

बालि gá-li, s. m. A curse, execration, or imprecation.

Tiell ga-lee, s. f. Abuse. Gales-gulouj, s. f. Reciprocal abuse. Galiyan, Indecent songs (sung) at marriages. Gales dense, To abuse, rovile, call names, soold.

नावध्य gáo-ghupoo, adj. Deceitful, alluring.

गावरी gáo-dee, adj. A simpleton, block-

गावाची gawa-ghee, s. m. Cow's clarified

गाउँ gah, s. m. An alligator, a shark.

गाह्न gá-huk, s. m. A chapman, purchaser, taker or seizer.

गाइना gah-na, v. a. To calk, thrash, tread; to inquire, search, seek. Guhi-gahi, adv. With much inquiry, research. plu. per. par. Having inquired or sought repeatedly.

गही gá-hee, s. f. Five (an aggregate made up of live parts).

निजार्द gin-jace, s. f. Name of an insect. निजापिक्या gich-pich-iya, s. m. The Plei-

ades.

[neart] git-ká-ree, s. f. A particular vocal
sound in singing; quavering i shake?

गिटकीरो git-kou-ree, s. f. A pebble.

निङ्गिङ्गना gir-gir-ana, v. a. To be seech, implore earnestly and humbly.

निष्ती gin-tee, s. f. Number, reckoning, account; muster.

गियाना gin-na, v. a. To count, reekon,

जियाबाना gin-wana, v a. To cause to count. जिल्ह giddh, s. m. A vulture.

गिनजाई gin-jace, s. f. Name of an insect. गिनी gin-tee, s. f. Number, reckoning, account; muster.

িবরা gin-na, v. a. To count, reckon, num-

factor gir-git, s. m. A lizard; a chame-

निर्यापन gir-tha-pun, s. m. Economy.

गिरना gir-na, v. n. To fall, to drop, to sink, to tumble down. Girteh purteh, adv. With difficulty, with much ado.

शिर पड़ना gir-pur-na, v. n. To fall.

free gir-hust, adj. A householder, a peasant, a husbandman.

गिर हसा स्टाम girhust-ásrum, s.m. The state or abode of a Girhust or householder.

गिर्ह्सी gir-hús-tee, s. f. Husbandry, housewifery, household.

fillian gir.4-na, v. a. To cause to fall, to fell, to overturn, or overthrow, to abase, to cast, throw or break down; to spill, to drop, to shed; to strike. Gira dena, To throw, beat, cast or break down.

faft gir-i, s. m. A mountain, a hill, ady. Venerable, respectable, worshipful.

faft an gir-ij-a, s. f. A name of the goddess Paraute, as daughter of the personified Himalwy mountain.

fofer gir-ir, s. m. A hyena.

fufcer gir-i-wur, s. m. A mountain, a hill. fufcer gir-i-sar, s. m. The Muluya mountains, situated in the south of India.

বিভার gil-ut, s. m. A protuberance, hard swelling, gland, knot, tumour, scirrhus.

forest gil-tee, s. f. A gland.

factif gil-uh-rec, s. f. A squirrel.

forferer gil-i-yur, adj. Lazy.

franzi gil-oun-da, s. m. The flower of the Muhooa (Bassia latifolia) after it has fallen off.

तिनी giloa, s. m. Minispermum glabrum.

fair gil-ou-ree, s. f. Betel-leaf prepared and folded up.

first gil-lee, s. f. A span (measure of circumference, i. e. the circle formed by joining the ends of the shumb and forefinger); an ear of Indian corn (Zea mays) from which the seeds have been taken out; the short stick in the game of tip-cat, which is struck by the longer one called dunda. Gillee or Goollee dunda kheina, To play at tip-cat.

Macharram, S. f. A dish generally used in

गींजना géenj-na, v. a. To crumple.

The gee-tum, s. m. A coarse kind of carpet not coloured.

शीन geet, s. m. A song, singing. Geet gana, To sing.

शोता gée-ta, s. f. A name often applied to books as the Bhagwut Geeta, which is often called Geeta only.

गीदड़ gee-dur, s. m. A jackal (Canis

गोदङ्भवकी géedur-bhúb kee, s. f. Bullying, bluster, bravado.

गोल geel, गेल gyl, } s.f. A road.

शीला gée-la, ad). Moist, damp, wet. s. m. A wild creeper (Mimosa scandens).

हांसना goon-goo-na, adj. Milk-warm, tepid; snuffling, snuffler.

गुरानाम goon-goo-na-na, v. n. To be milk-warm; to snuffle, sing slowly or with a low voice.
गुरानामन goon-goonapun, s. m. Tepidity.

मुंज goonj, s.f. Echo, buzzing, resounding, hollow sound.

of a goonj, s. m. The seed of Abrus precatorius, or the shrub itself. Goonj-har, s. m. A necklace composed of the Goonja seed.

सुजरना goon-jar-ns, v.n. Toroar, to growl. सुजान goon-jan, adj. Thick, close.

rissand goon-já-nee, s. f. Thickness, close-

Time goon-jha, adj. Grave.

रांध्यना goonthwana, v. a. To cause to string, &c.

गुंदला goon-dél-a, adj. Producing gum (a.

गुंधना goondh-na, v. m. To be kneaded,

सुं भाषद goondh-awut, s. f. Plaiting, braiding. मुक्का góog-gool, s. m. Name of a tree or gum (Amyris agallocha); Bdellium.

reset góoch-chha, s. m. A bunch, a cluster (of fruit), ear of corn.

There yooch-chheh-dar, s. f. A kind of

एतराव gooj-rát, n. prop. A district of India, Guzerat.

गुजिया góo-ji-ya, s. f. An ear-ring; a kind of sweetmeat.

गुभान góo-jhun, adv. Thickly, closely.

THE goonj, s. m. The seed of Abrus

THE goonje, precatorius, or the

shrub itself. Goonjehar, s. m. A necklace composed of the Goonja seed.

uga goonjút, adj. Buzzing, humming, making a low murmuring sound.

राजान goon-jan, adj. Thick, close.

राजानी goon-já-nee, s. f. Thickness, closeness.

गुटक्ना góo-tuk-na, v, n. To coo as a dove;

devotees, by putting which in their mouths they are supposed to become invisible; a sweetmeat swallowed as a bolus without chewing; a small book worn as an amulet.

मुरिका góo-ti-ka, s. f. A pill, a bolus, any small globe or ball.

गुरना gooth-la, adj. Being set on edge (the teeth).

राउनी gooth-lee, s. f. A kernel, stone (of fruit), seed.

राङ् goor, s. m. Molasses, treacle, raw sugar. Goorumba, Mangoes boiled with meal and sugar, resembling mangoe-fool.

सुद्राचा goor-goo-rána, v. n. To rumble (the bowds).

मुद्दाद्दी góor-goo-ree, s. f. A small hookka, a kind of pipe for snoking.

गुड्च goo-ruch, s. m. A medicine (Menispermum glabrum).

गुष्ट्रमुख्य goor-poosp, } s. m. A kind of Bas-

bearing flowers which are sweet, and from which a spirituous liquor is distilled; the nuts afford an oil used instead of butter.

गुड़ाना goo-rá-na, v. a. To dig ; to cause to dig.

गुड़िया goo-ri-ya, s. m. A seller of Goor, s. f. A doll.

गुड़ी good-dee, s. f. A child's kite; a pinion.

गुडल goor-hul, s. m. Hibiscus syriacus.

goon, s. m. A quality, an attribute or property in general (but especially of excellence, &c.); skill, understanding, eleverness, virtue, mode, method, manner, merit; a string, rope, small track rope, sproperty of humanity, of which three are particularized, viz. the Sutawah, Rajuh, and Tumuh, or principles of truth or existence, passion, or foulness, and darkness or ignorance; a favour, a kindness. Goon-kurna, To benefit. Goon-ka pulta dena, To repay a benefit. Goon-chhandua, To pass over a person's good qualities. Goon-gahut, adj. Purchasing skill or merit, pa

tronising learning. s. m. A discerner of merit, a patron of learning. Goon manna, To acknowledge a favour. Goon-nidhan, Abode of skill or merit; skilful.

गुज्जान goon-khán, (lit. mine of merit) adj. Very worthy, skilful or learned.

सुमान goon-gan, s.m. Panegyric, praise. सुमान करना goon-gan kurna, v. c. To sing, celebrate, prattle, (or crow) as infants.

स्याता góon-ta, s. f. Excellence ; multipli-

सुवान्त्रंश goon-bhrúnsh, s.m. The loss of good qualities.

सुनास्य goon-muy, adj. Possessed of merit. सुनादन्त goon-wint, । adj. Possessing attri-

ally those of excellence; possessed of talent or virtue; virtuous, skilful, accomplished.

AGGINT goon-sigur, ad). Endowed with all good qualities, an ocean of virtue or excellence.

nunta goon-stóoti, s. f. Panegyric, encomium.

गुराहीन goon-heen, adj. Void of merit.

uni géo-na, s. m. (in comp.) Fold, turn, time; as Sou-goona, A hundred-fold.

खिल góo-nin, adj. Endowed with

स्तित्वन góo-ni-yun, skilful. good qualities;

(3) goo-nee, adj. Skilful, virtuous, dexterous, possessed of any quality or art; a snakecatcher, one who charms snakes, a sorcerer, conjurer.

स्वाहर goon-esh-wur, s. m. The name of a mountain, according to some, Chitrkote or Comptah in Bundelcund.

गुपना gooth-na, v. n. To be plaited, to be threaded, to be strung.

तुथवां gooth-wan, ad). Plaited or strung together.

सुद good, s. m. सुदा gooda, s. f.

सुद्रकोचन good-kee-luk, सुद्रकाचन good-an-koor,

गुदगुदा góod-goo-da, adj. Soft, plump.

गदगदाई good-goodaee,

गुरस्टाहर good-goo-da-hut, s. f. Titillation.

युद्गुदाना good-goo-dana, v. a. To tickle,

युद्ध good-gruh, s m. Constipation, flatulence, &c.

सुद्दिश goo-dur-i-ya, adj. Clothed in patched garments or rage; a tatterdemalion; one

who lets quilts for hire. Goodriya-peer, a. m. A. tree near a town or village on which people tie up rags in the manner of votive tablets, which they believe to be efficacious for the accomplishment of their wishes.

ब्रह्मी góod-ree, s. f. A pallet, a beggar's bedding, quilts, &c.; a daily market.

BET gooda, s. f. The anus.

WET good-da, s. m. A baby, doll; a wind-gall; a bough, a branch.

3) good-dee, s. f. Nape of the neck.

property in general (but especially of excellence, &c.); skill, eleverness, virtue, mode, method, manner, merit; a small track-rope; a property of humanity of which three are particularized, viz. the Sutund, Rujuh, and Tumuh, or principles of truth or existence; passion or foulness, and darkness or ignorance; a favour, or kindness. Goon kurna. To benefit. Goon ka pulta dena. To repay a benefit. Goon chandna, To pass over a person's good qualities. Geon-gahuk, adj. Purchasing skill or merit, patronizing learning. 2 m. A discerner of merit, a patron of learning. Geonmanna, To acknowledge a favour.

नुवस्ता goon-goo-na, ady. Milk-warm;

sauffling

सुनाना goon-goo-ná-na, v. n. To be milkwarm; to snuffle, sing slowly or with a low voice.

बुनवान goo-wan, butes but especially those of excellence; possessed of talent or

virtue; virtuous, skilful, accomplished.

(17) g60-nee, adj. Skilful, virtuous, dexterous, possessed of any quality or art; a snake-catcher, one who charms snakes, a sorcerer.

an goopt, adj. Preserved, protected; hidden, concealed; invisible, withdrawn from sight.

s. m. An appellation forming especially the second member of the name of a Vysyuk or man of the third class. adv. Privately, secretly.

उप्रमति géopt-gut-i, s. m. A spy or secret emissary.

asfa goop-ti, s. f. Concealing, concealment; preserving, protecting.

3347 géop-tee, s. f. A hidden sword.

Jun goo-pha, s. f. A cave.

गुद्धरीता goob-rón-ta, s. m. A beetle found in dunghills or old cowdung (Scarabeus or Stercorarius) copris).

राभाना goo-bhá-na, े v. a. To thrust, stick राभीना goo-bhó-na, े into.

मानीचा goo-bhee-la, s. m. Hard lumps in the intestines produced by costiveness, scybala.

दुसटा goomta, s. m. A swelling or tumour from a blow. रामटो góom-tee, s. f. } A tower, a bas-

ग्रमहा goom-ra, ) s. m. A protuberance, a गमहा goom-ra, ) bump, a swelling.

THE goom-ree, s. f. Vertigo.

THET goom-sa, adj. Musty.

गुर्जना goo-raj-na, v. n. To snarl.

सुराई goo-rá-ee, s. f. Fairness, whiteness, yellowness, pale redness.

गुरिया goo-ri-ya, s. f. A bead (of a rosary,

33 goo-roo, s. m. A spiritual parent or director from whom the youth receives the initiatory muntr or prayer, and who conducts the ceremonies necessary at various seasons of infancy and youth, up to the period of investiture with the characteristic thread or string; this person may be the natural parent or the religious preceptor; a religious teacher, one who explains the law and religion to his pupil, instructs him in the Shastrus, &cc.; a father, or any venerable male relation; a spiritual guide, preceptor, tutor, paster, teacher; the planet Jupiter. adj. Heavy, weighty; important; honourable, respectable; great, eminent; difficult, arduous; best, excellent. Gooroo-mookh hona, To receive from a Gooroo the initiatory muntr or mystical prayer peculiar to the deity adopted for worship in particular, who is thence termed the Isht-dev, or chosen god; to become a scholar. Gooroo-luksh, s. m. Knowledge which can be acquired from a living instructor only.

गुरुकार्य goo-roo-karynh, s.m. A serious or momentous affair; the business or office of a spiritual teacher.

युक्तन goo-roo-jún, s. m. An elder, a venerable person.

सुरु तर góo-roo-tur, adj. More important, highly honourable, weighty.

गुरुदेवत goo-roo-dy-wút, s. m. The eighth

गुरुपाक goo-roo-pak, adj. Difficult of di-

ाहरत gooroo-rutn, s. m. A topaz.

गुरुवादन goorno-wain, s. f. The wife of a spiritual teacher.

गुन्दार goo-roo-war, s. m. Thursday.

गुनी goor-ga, s. m. A servant boy, brat; vagabond.

बार्गाची goor-ga-bee, s. f. A kind of shoe or

gári góor-goo-ree, s. f. Ague, the cold fit of a fever, a quotidian fever.

134 goorch, s. f. A creeping plant (Menispermum glabrum).

West, Guzerat. m. pl. The people of Guzerat.

ness or female personifications of rausic.

33 goor-ree, s. f. Parched barley.

सुनिया) góorv-vi-nee, े s. f. A pregnant woman.

Harragiol-goo-la, s. m. Sweet cakes fried in butter, or wheat flower, sugar and duhee, with anise and cardamom seeds made into dumplings and fried in ghee. adj. Soft.

गुलगुलाना gool-goo-lá-na, v. a. To soften, to mollify.

स्वापना इट gool-goo-la-hut, v. f. Softness. स्वापना gool-gooth-na, adj Plump, handsome, chubby.

गुलचला gool-chul-a, s. m. A musketeer, a shooter of ball; a gunner.

सुलभड़ी gool-jhúr-ee, s. f. Conglomeration. knot. Gooljhuree dil kee s. f. Grief, displeasure, mental uneasiness.

पुराह तो gool-hut-tee, s. f. Rice-gruel, or rice and water boiled together and seasoned with salt.

युवाई goo-lá-ee, s. f. Roundness, rotundity.

अलाबजासन goolab-jamun, s. f. The roseapple (Engenia jambos).

मुखान goo-lúl, s. m. A farinaceous powder dyed red, which the Hindoos throw on each other during the indecent festivities and drunken frolics of the holes. Goolal-chushm, adj. Red-eyed. Goolal-baree, s. f. A royal pavilion or tent. Goolales, adj. Of the colour of the goolal or stained with it.

मुखी góo-lee, s. f. A pill, a bolus, any small globular substance; a disease.

अन्ता goo-loo-ga, s. m. A monkey's pouch.

स्वेत goo-lel, स्वेत goo-lyl,

सुरु goolph, s. m. The ankle.

geolin, s. m. The division of an army, a body of troops consisting of 9 platoons, or 9 elephants, 9 chariots, 27 horse, and 45 foot; the spleen; a disease, according to some, a chronic enlargement of the spleen, but it appears to be an induration of the mesenteric glands so as to be perceived externally.

uni gool-la, s m. A pellet shot from a pellet-bow.

A whotstone, a polishing stone.

रावाक goo-wak, s. m. The betel-nut tree (Areca faufel or catechu).

sian goo-wy-ya, (gossip) s. f. A woman's female friend adj. Eloquent, conversible.

गुष्ट goosht, s. m. Cabal.

गुद्ध gooh, s. f. Human excrement. Gohee, adj. Defiled with excrement.

गुइत góo-hut, part. Covered, concealed ;

यहनौं góoh-noun, v. a. To thread, to string; to plaid, to braid.

गुहराना gooh-ra-na, v. n. To bawl, to call out. v. a. To assist.

यहांजनी gooh-an-jun-ee, s. f. A sty (in the यहा góo-ha, s. f. A cave, a cavern.

गुहाई goo-há-ee, s. f. Meconium (of infants).

TETT goo-har, s. f. An assistant, aid; bawling; tumult, alarm.

goohyuh, adj. Concealable, requiring concealment. s. f. The anus, the parts of the body which decency requires to be concealed.

যন্ত্ৰন góch-yuk, s. m. A kind of demigod attendant upon Koover, the god of riches, and guardian of his treasures.

η goo, s. f. Human excrement.

vivi goon-ga, adj. Dumb.

गंगार्ट goon-gá-ee, s. f. Dumbness.

nellow sound, roar.

गुजना góonj-na, v. n. To resound, huni, buzz, growl, roar.

मुंका goon- jha, s. m. A sort of sweetmeat.

the cross timbers (of a boat).

मूचना goonth-na, v. a. To thread, string, plait; to stitch; to spit or put on a spit. Goonth-wana, v. a. To cause to string, plait; stitch; put on a spit.

viz goond, s. f. Gum.

मूदना góond-na, v. a. To knead ; to plait, braid, plat, weave.

गूंदनी goond-nee, s. f. A tree yielding a sort of gummy fruit.

हेंद्रजा goond-la, adj. Round, circular. s. m. A ring, a circle.

गंधन goon-dhun, s. m. Dough; plaiting, braid.

ग्यना goondh-na, v. a. To knead (flour, &c.); to plait, braid, plat, weave.

मञ्जा góo-a, s. f. Betel-nut.

ब्दयां gooiyan, s. f. A partner (at any

मुगल g60-gul, s. m. A tree or gum (Amyris agallocka); Bdellium.

गगली goog-lee, s. f. A cockle-shell.

nor góo-jur, a m. A cast of Rappoots originally from Goojrat.

an ornament worn on the wrists and feet; an earthen image representing a milk-maid; a musical mode.

west goojée, s. f. A stick, a club.

गृद्धिया gooriya, s. m. A doll.

abstracted; secret, mysterious, enigmatical; hidden, concealed.

गढ़ता góorh-ta, s. f. Abstruseness, secrecy, concealedness.

शहपात goorh-pat, s. m. A snake.

सहपुत्व goorh-póo-roosh, s. m. A spy, a sceret emissary, a disguised agent, a scout.

ज़ड़बतार goorh-búkta, s. m. A pedagogue,

गुरुवार्ग goorh-marg, s. m. A subterraneous passage, a defile, a bye-road, or secret way. गुरुवार्थ goorh-arth, adj. Of obscure or hidden meaning.

मध्य gooth, s. m. A round ball of cotton. मध्य पुरुक्ति के . m. To plait, braid, thread, string; to stitch; to spit or put on a spit.

old clothes; any old tattered cloths; a kind of alk stuff. Goodur-khyl, adj. (applied only to females) Foolish, unmannerly, rude. Goodur-seena, To stitch together. Goodur ka lal, or Goodur men gundoura nikulna, Good proceeding from evil.

मुद्दी good-ree, s. f. A quilt (especially a mendicants); a bundle.

गुद्द goo-dur, adj. Fat, plump.

गुदा góo-da, s. m. Brain, marrow, kernel, pith, crumb.

कृदिवा goo-df-ya, adi. Desirous, wishing.
कृपना goodh-na, v. a. To knead (flour,dc.)
कृपना goomra, s. m. A bump, a swelling.
कृपा goolur, s. f. A wild fig (Ficus guleria).

बाह्य gooh, s. f. Human excrement.

गृहिंद्या goo-hur-i-ya, s. m. A dunghill, a place where excrement is thrown.

granging grin-jun, s. m. Poisoned flesh, the meat of an animal destroyed by poison; garlic. gridhr, s. m. A vulture.

स्टक्षा gridh-ra, adj Desirous, greedy, co-

greedy.

स्भुता gridh-roo-ta, s. f. Covetousness, greediness, extreme and illiberal desire. grih, s. m. A house dwelling, mansion, habitation in general; a wife.

रह स्वपीतक grih-kup-6-tuk, श.m. A pigeon, a tame or domestic pigeon.

ब्दहतरी grih-tút-ee,s. f. A terrace in front of a house, a threshold.

बद्धनायान grib-ná-shun, s. m. A pigeon.

we win grih-put-i, s. m. A householder; a householder of particular merit, giving alms and performing all the prescribed ceremonies, &c.; virtue, especially of a householder, as hospitality, &c.

स्ट्रभित grih-bhôo-mi, s. f. The scite of a habitation.

स्ट्वाटिका grih-vá-tik-a, s.f. A garden or grove near a house.

man of the second class, or he who after having finished his studies and been invested with the sacred thread, performs the duties of the master of a house, and father of a family; a peasant, a husbandman.

स्टूड्यासम gribusth-ashrum, s. m. The profession or condition of a house-holder or married man:

house keeping, housewifery, household; the duties of a householder.

स्टिका gri-hin-ee, s. f. A wife.

बद्धित gri-heet, adj. Taken, attached, seized, caught.

grih-yuh, adj. A partisan, of or belonging to a side or party; to be taken or seized; domestic, of or belonging to a house; a book containing directions for religious rites.

गेंड genth, s. f. Name of a fish.

गंडन gen-duk, s. m. Marigold.

गेहा gen-da, s. m. A rhinoceros.

we gen-doo, s. m. A ball for playing with.

Tiz gend, s. m. An elephant. s. f. A ball for playing with. Gend-tures, s. f. Playing at ball.

गेंद्रा gén-da; s. m. Marigold ; a ball.

गंदी gén-dee, s. f. A ball ( to play with ). गंदा gégata, s. m. A crab.

मेगली geg-lee, s. f. A trollop.

ref ger-te, s. f. Name of a game, knocking a stick over a line by throwing another stick at it.

शेटरा géd-ra, adj. Simple, ignorant, silly. शेट्रा géd-a, s. m. A young unfledged bird; (met.) an infant.

गेपा gép-a, s. m. A nipple:

गेवर geb-ur, s. m. Name of a bird.

ne ger-oo, s. m. A kind of red earth or ochre.

तेह्ना gér-oo-a, adj. Covered with or co-loured like gerob.

में हु gér-oo-ee, adj. Of the colour of geraa. s. f. The smut, mildew.

गेखा gél-a, adj. Simple.

run geshn, s. m. A professional singrun gesh-noo, er, an actor, a mimic; a chaunter of the Sam Ved.

गेह geh, s. m. A house, a dwelling.

géhoon, s. m. Wheat.

शक्त वर्ष genoo-an, s. m. The colour of wheat; a sort of grass. adj. Of the colour of wheat, swarthy.

गेत gynt, गेती gyn-tee,

गेरहा gyn-da, s. m. A rhinoceros. गेरा gy-na, s. m. A bush; a small bullock. गेरी gy-nee, s. f. A small car or carriage drawn by the bullocks called gyna.

जैदा gy-ya, s. f. A cow.

att gy-ra, s. m. A sheaf (of corn).

गरिक gy-rik, s. m. Red earth or ochre. गैन gyl, s. f. A road.

राहरी gyh-ree, s. f. Demurrage.

सो go s. f. A cow.

vits gonth, s. m. A kind of wide stitch or sewing.

गोंडा gón-tha, s. m. Dried cow-dung.

A vessel in which gum is kept to seal letters with. Gond-kush, An instrument for spreading gum with (in sealing letters).

गौदनो gond-nee, s. f. A reed of the leaves of which coarse mats are made (Typha).

made of flour of Cicer arietinum for feeding birds.

गो क्या go-kurn, s. m. A span; a kind of deer (the neel gow ?); a mule.

गो कुल gó-kool, s. m. A nerd of kine, a multitude of cattle; a cow-house or station.

To gokh-roo, s. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia and in Bengal, Tribulus lanuginosus), an ornament (bells tied round the ankles); a joint. Bura gokhroo, Pedulium murax.

गोचना góch-na, v. a. To catch, seize.

गोबर gó-chur, s. m. Perception, information. adj. Known, perceived.

मोचरी gó-chur-ee, adj. Visible, seen, per-

नोचर gó-jur, s. m. A centipede (Scolopendra). मोजामित go-já-gur-ik, adj. Happy, fortunate, auspicious.

नार got, s. f. A counter, piece or man at back gammon, chess, &c.; the hem of a garment. नारा go-ta, s. m. (Gold or silver) Lace or

edging (rather narrow). गोरी gó-tee, s. f. The small-pox, a pock.

गोड gor, s. m. The leg, foot.

गोड़ना gór-na, v. a. To dig, to scrape.

गोड़ी gó-ree, s. f. Taking away. Gorec kurna, To take away, steal, walk off with.

min gon, s. f. A sack, bag (of course cloth), the sacks fastened on the sides of a beast of burthen to carry grain in.

नीत got, s.m. Parentage, lineage, pedigree, stock of a family.

nital go-tum, n. prop. Boodha; also the author of the Nyuyah philosophy, or logic, and his doctrines corresponded with those of Aristotic.

भोती gó-tee, adj. One of the same stock or family, a relative.

गोल gotr, s. m. Family, race, lineage, kin; a genus, a class or species.

বাবেল go-trúj, s.m. A relation; in law the term is nearly equivalent to the gentile of Roman law, and is applied to kindred of the same general family who are connected by offerings of food and water, and stands opposed to the Bundhoo or cognate kin, who do not partake in the offerings to the common ancestors.

गोद god, है. f. The lap, bosom, em-गोदी godee, brace; the elephantiasis. God lena, To adopt (a child). God pusarna, To ask, beg.

गोरना god-na, v. a. To prick, puncture, dot, mark with dots (the skin). s. m. Marks of tattooing.

गोदल go-dúnt, s. m. Yellow orpiment; a. cow's tooth; a fossil substance of a white colour, apparently an earthy salt.

नोटाबरी go dá-wur-ee, s. f. The name of a river in the peninsula, the Godareri.

गोदोहनो go-dóli-nee, s. f. A milk-pail.

गोधा godh-ra, s. m. A bough, a branch. गोधा go-dha, s. f. A leathern fence worn by archers on the left arm to prevent its being injured by the bow-string.

गोध्न gó-dhoom, } e. m. Wheat.

भोधनी go-dhóo-lee, s. f. } Evening, twi-मधारा go-dhóu-ra, s. m. } light.

गोधन go-dhén-oo, s. f. A milch-cow.

गोनस go-nus, s. m. A large kind of snake, considered to be the same with the Boa or Bor: नाप gop, s. m. A herdsman, a cowherd, a milkman. s. f. A gold-necklace.

गोपन go-pún, s. m. Concealment. Gopun kurna. To conceal, to hide.

गोपनीय go-pun-éeyuh, adj. Fit to be con-

नोपरस gop-rus, s. m. Gum myrrh.

नीपाल go-pal, } s. m. A cowherd, a नीपालक go-pa-luk, eow-keeper or protector: a king, a sovereign.

गोपी gó-pee, s. f. The female of Gop (a cowherd); a female cowherd.

योगी वन्द्रन gópee-chúndun, s. m. A species of white clay.

गोपन्वास gop-gwal, s. m. A cowherd.

गोफन go-phún, ) s. f. A sling (for गोफिना gó-phi-ya, ) throwing with).

सोबर gó-bur, s. m. Cow-dung. Gobur khana. To do penance (by eating cow-dung).

गोबर गरेग go-bur-gun-ésh, adi. Fat. गोबरी go-bur-ee, s. f. Plaster made of cow-dung.

गोबरोदा gob-rón-da, s.m. A beetle found in cow-dung (Scarabeus).

ning; name of a medicinal herb (Hieracium). Soofyd gobber, Cacalia sonchifolia.

नोस्य go-múy, s. m. Cow-dung.

नोम्ड gó-mookh, s. m. A hole in a wall made by thieves, &c.; a breach.

and go mookhee, s. f. A cloth-bag containing a resary, the hand being thrust in, counts the beads; the chasm in the Himalusy mountains through which the Ganges flows, erroneously conceived by the Hindoos to be of the shape of a cow's mouth.

गोसल go-mootr, s. m. Cow's urine.

yellowish or tawny colour (a topas), a precious stone brought from the Himaluy and Indus, described as of four sorts, white, pale yellow, red, and dark blue, perhaps varieties of agate.

मोसेट्रिंब gómed-súnnibh, s. m. Chalcedeny or opal.

बोस च go-medh, s. m. The offering or sacrifice of a cow.

ore go-rus, s. m. Milk, butter-milk, curdled or coagulated milk.

with the milk of cattle, s. m. A sodomite.

गोर सी go-rús-ee, s, f. A vessel for holding milk, &c., a milk-pail.

MITT gó-ra, adj. Fair (complexioned).

The go-roo, s. m. An ox, a cow. Gorooa-dhookan s. m. Twilight (the time of bringing home the cows). Gorooaree bera, s. f. Evening.

The a go-root, s. m. A measure of distance equal to two cross or cos.

river; go-réch-na, s. f. A bright yellow pigment prepared from the urine of a cow or vomited in the shape of scibule by the snimal; it is employed in painting and dyeing and is of especial virtue in marking the foreheads of the Hindoos with the Tilue or sacred mark; it is also used in medicine as a sedative, tonic, and anthelmintic remedy, &c.

rie gol, s. m. A circle, a ball, any thing round or globular; a veter-jar. adj. Round. Gol-phul, s. m. The testicle Golgol, adj. Round.

Golsa, adj. Roundish.

गोलन gó-luk, s. m. A widow's illegiti-गोलिना gó-luk-a, s. f. mate son or daughter.

गोनिमर्च gol-mirch, s. f. Black-pepper (Piper nigrum).

mundul; a large water jar s. m. A granary; a cannon-ball; a ball; a large beam of wood; a kind of pigeon; the kernel of a cocoanut.

गोचाई gola ee, s. f. Roundness.

गोलाकार golakar, adj. Round, globular.

भो बाह्यका go-la-dún-da, s. m. Name of a game, tip-cat.

नो बाध्याय goladhyayuh, s. m. The division of mathematical science which treats of the spheres, spherics.

मोसार go-lar, s. m. Roundness.

गोलारा go-lá-ra, adj. Round.

गोनी gó-lee, s. f. A bullet, a ball, a globule; a pill; a jar. Golee marna, To shoots ball at.

गोजा क gó-lok, s.m. The heaven of Vishnoo. गोवना gó-wun-a, n. a. To conceal, hide.

hill in Vindravun, or the country about, Mulhoora, it is said to have been upheld by Krishn upon one finger to shelter the cowherds from a storm excited by Indr, as a test of the divinity of the former.

गोधान go-shal, adj. A cow-house.

wite gosht, s. f. Plot, cabal, conspiracy.
wite goshth, s. m. A cowpen, a fold for cattle, a station of cowherds.

गोडी gosht-hee, s. f. An assembly, a meeting; conversation, discourse; family connexions, but especially the dependant or junior branches. माध्य gosh-pud, s.m. A measure, as much as a cow's footstep will held; the mark or impression of cow's foot; a cow's foot or hoof.

wite go-suv, s. m. The sacrifice of a cow, one of the grand sacrifices of the Hindoos in former times, and not permitted in the present age or Kulijoog.

गोसांदे go-sacen, s. m. The deity; a saint, a holy person; the descendants of the disciples

of Chytunyuh of Nudeea.

गोरीया go-syn-ya, s. m. The deity.

गोस्तन gó-stun, s.m. A cluster of blossoms, a nosegay.

गोसनी go-stún-ee, e. f. A grape.

मोखान gó-sthan, e. f. A cowpen, a station for cattle.

गोवना gówuna, v. a. To hide, conceal.

गोद्ध goh, s. m. A lizard, a guana; a gangetic alligator.

गोइता go-hútya, s. f. Killing a cow.

गोहरा góhur-a, s. m. Cakes of dried cowdung; an ally, succourer, an assistant.

मोहरी gó-har-ee, e. f. Demurrage.

mir go-har, s. m. Tumult, uproar.

नोड gó-hoon, s. m. Wheat.

सोक्सम gó-hoo-un, ) s. m. A species of मोहना gó-hoo-na, snake, the Boa.

मोचर gók-shoor, s. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia, and Tribulus languinosus).

मो gou, s. m. f. A cow, one of the cow species. Gou-dan, s. m. Gift of a cow.

off goun, s. f. Opportunity, advantage. Goun-geer, Controller, uncontrolled, ruler, invested with authority, self-interested. Gown-ghat, a f. Power, opportunity.

नीख goukh, s. m. A portico.

गोर्क gou-chhuee, s. f. A sprout.

बोकी gouchhee, s. f. A hole or pit.

गौड gour, s. m. The district of Gour, the central part of Bengal; the ruins of its capital called by the same name are still extensive. m. pl. The inhabitants of Gour (brahmuns).

First gou-ra, s. m. A cast of Hindoos in Oorissa, who are generally palkee carriers

and bearers; a musical mode.

गोरिड या gou-ri-ya, s. m. Inhabitant of Gour ; hence the followers of Chytunyuh of Nuddea are so called: this philosopher flourished in the year 1407 of Salivahun, about A. D. 1350.

गोडी gou-ree, s. f. Rum or spirit distilled from Goor or molasses; a musical mode.

मौदान gou-dan, s. m. Gift of a cov.

नीसा gou-na, s. m. Bringing home a wife. Gountar, s. m. The company who attend the bride when bringing home.

मीर gour, adj. Fair-complexioned.

गीरव gou-ruv, s.m. Reputation, respectability, venerableness, consequence or weight. गौर वित gou-ruv-it, adj. Venerable, respectable.

गीरा gours, s. m. A cock-sparrow.

गौरिया gou-ri-ya, s. f. A sparrow.

गोरी gou-ree, s. f. A musical mode.

गोत्राचा gou-sha-la, s. m. A cow-house.

गौड gouh, s. f. Perseverance.

गोहरहा gou-hur-ha, s. m. An ally, succourer, an assistant.

स्थारच gyáruh, adj. Eleven. Gyruhwan, adi. Eleventh.

ufaa gruth-it, adj. Strung, tied together, or in order.

चन्न grunth, s. m. A book or composition in prose or verse, a code, the book of the Sith religion composed by the gooroo Nanuk Shah.

प्रस्कार grunth-kar, s.m. An author, bookmaker, writer, compiler.

of a grunth-i, s. m. The joint or knot of a reed or cane, &c., and figuratively of the body; a tie, the knot of a cord, &c.

ue grust, adj. Inaccurately pronounced, slurged, uttered with the omission of a letter or syllable.

gruh, s. m. A house, a dwelling; a plant. Gruh-sthapun, Invoking the presence of the nine planets.

यहण grahun, s. m. Taking, seizure, receiving, acceptance; assent, agreement; an eclipse.

यह की grahun-ee, s. f. Diarrhoea, dysen-

यहपीड़ा gruh-peera, s. f. The influence of an unpropitions planet.

Cary on gruh-péoja, s. f. Worship of the sun and the other planets.

दहराज gruh-raj, s.m. Thesun; the moon; the planet Jupiter.

UETET gruha-dhar, s. m. The constellation Dhroop or the polar star, from its remaining fixed amidst the planetary movements.

यहाधीन gruha-dhéen, adj. Subject to planetary influence.

यहान्य gruhamúy, s. m. Epilepsy, convulsions, demoniacal possession which the complaint is supposed to be.

पहीता gruhée-ta, adj. Taking, disposed to

याम gram, s. m. A village, a hamlet, an inhabited place in the midst of fields and meadow land, where men of the servile class mostly reside, and where agriculture thrives; a scale in music, an octave.

A whore, a harlot; a female peasant or villager.

UNATION Gram-yajuk, s. m. The village priest, one who conducts the ceremonies for any or all classes, and is consequently considered as a degraded brahmun; it also applies to the attendant of an idol.

पासनासी gram-vasee, s. m. A villager. पासिक gramsk, adj. Village, rude, rustic. पासीस gra-meen, adj. A villager, a rustic, village; vulgar, rude.

speech; the *Prakrit*, and the other dialects of India except the *Sunstrit*. adj. Rustic (in discourse); village-bora, produced in or relating to a village.

चान्यभन्त gram-yuh-dhurmm, s. m. Copulation.

दाखान् gram-yáswuh, s. m. An ass (lit.

equivalent to a mouthful or a quantity equivalent to a mouthful, a lump of rice, &c., of the size of a peacock's egg.

TIE grah, s. m. Taking, either by seizure or acceptance; a shark; according to some the gengetic alligator, according to others, the water elephant (the hippopotamus I).

पाइक grá-huk, s. m. One who takes or seizes, one who accepts.

साञ्च grah-yuh, adj. Worthy of acceptance,

Tray gree-va, s. f. The neck; the back part of the neck, the nape, the tendon of the Trapezium muscle.

Tru greeshin, s. m. The hot season comprehending two months, about June, July; heat, warmth. adj. Hot, warm.

चेह greh, s. m. A dwelling, a house.

ag gryv, s. m. A necklace, a close necklace or collar.

da gryshm, adj. Belonging or relating to the hot season.

देशी grysh-mee, s. f. Double jasmin.

ब्लान glan, adj. Wearied, languid, feeble, exhausted by fatigue, disease, &c.

varies gwal, s. m. A cowherd.

ब्दानित gwa-lin, s. f. The female of Gwal, wife of a cowherd.

कें gwynd, adv. Near.

Gwendeh, adv. Near.

घ

we glue, The fourth consonant of the Naguese alphabet, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding with gh.

संबोधना ghun-ghór-na, v.a. To rinse; to संबोधना ghun-ghól-na, mix any liquid by stirring it about.

Fig ghunch, s. m. The neck.

ਚੰਤਾ ghán-ta, s. m. A bell,a clock,an hour,

चंटानी ghun-ta-lee, s. f. A small bell.

चचरा ghugh-ra, s. m. } A petticoat.

चनाचन ghuch-a-ghuch, adj. Thick.

घट ghut, s. m. A water-pot; the body. s. f. Mind, heart, thought, soul

TET ghût-uk, s. m. A mediator, go-between, an ambassador, attorney, messenger; an agent who ascertains or invents genealogies and negociates matrimonial alliances.

wzd ghút-tee, \* f. Diminution, decrease; alleviation, abatement, decline.

घटटाची ghut-dasee, s. f. A bawd or pro-

घटन ghátun, s. m. Occurring.

घटना ghút-na, v. n. To abate, decrease, lessen, decline, waste,dwindle, to be depressed. घटनीय ghut-nee-yuh,adj. Liable to abatement, or decrease, or diminution.

BZ ghut-unt, s. f. Decrease.

घटवार ghut-war, । s. m. A wharfinger.

ਬਣਵਾ ghut-há, s. m. An offender, transgressor.

घटा ghút-a, s. f. Cloudiness, gathering of the clouds, clouds; crowds.

BETETU ghut-a-top, s. m. A covering for a palkee, a carriage, or any article of furniture.

बटाना ghut-á-na, v. a. To decrease, lessen, abate, diminish, allay, reduce.

azra ghut-áo, s.m. Deficiency, reduction, abbreviation, falling (as of a river or of the price of any thing), depreciation.

इटावमा ghut-ao-na, r. a. To reduce, to cause to subside or fall.

विश्वा ghút-i-ka, s. f. The ancle; a moohoort or 30th part of a day and night; a dund or period of 24 minutes.

बरिया ghút-i-ya, adj. Low-priced.

ghut-ee, s. f. The Ghuree, or Indian clock, a plate of iron or mixed metal on which the hours are struck; diminution, abatement, decrease; alleviation.

Tg ghutt, s. m. A ghat, a quay or landing place, steps on the side of a river, &c., leading to the water's edge.

चड्डा ghút-ta, s. m. Corn of the foot.

बड़ी ghút-tee, s f. A small or inferior landing place, private stairs, &c.

भड़ वर्गा ghur-ghur-ána, v. n. To thunder. भड़ वर्गा ghúr-na, v. a. To make, form, forge, work (metals).

घड़ा ghúr-a, s. m. A water-pot, an earthen pot, a pitcher, jar.

बहिया ghur-i-ya, s.f. A crucible; a honey-comb; the womb.

विद्यान ghur-i-yal, \* m. A crocodile ; a plate of brass for beating time.

afsaist ghur-i-yalee, s. m. The person who attends the ghuriyal and strikes the hours.

afs ghuree, s. f Fold, plait

graphines; so f. An hour or the space of 24 minutes; an instrument for measuring time, a clock, watch, &c. Ghuree men tola glusce men masha, Expresser a person of a changeable disposition.

सहोदा ghur-ón-cha, s. m. A stand for सहोदी ghur-ón-chee s. f. water-pots,&c. सहोता ghur-ó-la, s. m. A pot, a pitcher.

Eur ghún-ta, s. m. A bell, also a plate of iron or mixed metal struck as a bell; a clock,

वाक्ट्राकी ghun-tá-lee, s. f. A small bell. वक्ट्राकट्ट ghun-ta-shúbd, s. m. Bell-metal. वक्ट्रिका ghún-ti-ka, s. f. The uvula or soft

palate.

on an elephant's chest, &c., by way of ornament, afair ghutiya, s. m. A murderer.

gram ghun, adj. Material, solid; gross; compact; hard, firm; impenetrable; very, much. n. A number an assemblage or quantity; (in arithmetic) the cube of a number; (in geometry) a solid.

धन ghun, s. m. Gathering of the clouds, clouds; an anvil, a sledge-hammer.

धनगरल ghun-gűr-uj, s. m. Thunder, any loud noise. adj. Loud-sounding

वन बन ghún-ghun, s. f. An imitative sound. वन बनावा ghun-ghun-ána, v. n. To jingle, ring, tinkle, to sound like a wheel in revolution. वन बेरा ghun-ghér-a, v. m. A petticoat.

वनवार ghun-ghór, s. m. Cloudiness, gathering of the clouds. adj. Cloudy, overcast; loud-sounding.

वन ज्ञाला ghun-jwá-la, s. f. Lightning, a fisah of lightning.

घनतनवर् ghun-tun-vur-un, adj. Whose body is of the colour of the clouds, an epithet of Krishn.

घनता ghun-tá, s. f. Firmness, compactness; thickness, solidity.

घनपान ghun-phul, s. m. The contents of a solid (in geometry).

घनमञ्ज ghun-mool, s. m. Cube root (in arthmetic.)

चनव्यम ghun-shyam, adj. Black as a cloud, &c. s. m. Black clouds.

वनसार ghun-sár, e. m. Camphor; mercury, or some peculiar form of it.

चना ghún a, adj. Thick, close, confused, numerous, much, many.

सनेदा ghun ér-a, adj. Much, many.

धने स ghun-és, s. m. A bird (Buceros malabaricus).

घपनी ghup-chee, s. f. The grasp of the

सदराना ghub-rá-na, v. n. To be confused, confounded, perplexed, agitated, emburrassed, &c.

घवराइट ghub-ra-hut, s. f. Confusion, perplexity, agitation, perturbation, alarm, consternation.

चमगड ghum-und, s. m. Pride, haughtiness, arrogence, conceit.

घमगढ़ी ghum-un-dee, adj. Proud, haughty, arrogant.

KACTER ghum-roul, s. f. Crowd, confusion in a general engagement.

चसन ghúm-us, s. f. Heat, closeness.

वसरान ghum-sán, हि. m. Battle, en-वसरहान ghum-a-sán, gagement.

चमाचम ghum-a-ghúm, adj. Thick, crowd-

घनाना ghum-á-na, v. n. To sun, to bask in

चम्द्र ghum-60-ee, s.f. Name of a plant.

ghur, s. m. House, dwelling, home, apartment, drawer, compartment, groove Ghurkurna, To fix, settle, establish a family. Ghurkhokur tumusha dekhna, To ruin one's self and spend the time in idle pleasures. Ghur ghalna, To ruin. Ghur chulana, To provide for one's house-hold expenses. Ghur doobona, To ruin one's self and family. Ghur doobona, To ruin one's from house to house. Ghur busha, a udj. At home; indolent, inactive. Ghur byth jana, To be ruined. Ghur hona, Expresses affection and unanimity between husband and wife.

धरन ghur-uée, adj. Domestic, household. धरन ghur-ut, s. f. Make, form.

घटन ghur-nuée, s. f. A raft made with pots, a float (of pots).

leate, forge, work (metals).

arwi ghúr-nee, s. f. A wife.

ucacra ghur-bur-ho, s. m. Household furniture, &c.

BITIE ghur-bar, s. m. Family, household goods. Ghurbar busana, To consummate a marriage. Ghurbar home, To undergo the consummation of a marriage.

भ द्वारी ghúr-bá-ree, s. f. Housewifery, domestic concerns.

TCCT ghur-ra, s. m. A rattling noise in the throat which dying people are afflicted with pain, agony, pang.

TTTET ghur-ra-ta, s. m. Snoring.

घटनाडा ghur-wa-la, s. m. A housekeeper,

परवासी ghur-wh-lee, s. f. Mistress of a house; house-keeping.

BITHT ghur-a-na, s. m. Family, house-

चराकी ghur-á-mee, s. m. A thatcher.

Hr ghúr-ee, s. f. An hour, or the space of 24 minutes; a fold, a plait. adj. Polded (as clothes).

star ghur-el-a, adj. Domestic, tame.

चर्चा ghur-60-a, े s.m. A small house चराँदा ghur-6un-da, which children make to play in.

Buz ghur-ghut, s. m. A kind of fish (Silurus).

THE glaur-ghur, s.m. The name of a river, the Gogra or Ghogra; the sound of gurgling, rumbling, &c.

gram, s. m. Heat; the hot season; sun-shine; sweat, perspiration.

चर्च ghúr-shun, s. m. Grinding, pounding.

swall ghur-sbun-ee, s. f. Turmeric.

given above the quantity purchased, to boot.

इसन ghús-un, s f. The act of rubbing.

family ghista, abraded, to be worn, to fret weer v. a. To rub, rub off, whet; to beat adj. Apt to be worn by rubbing.

प्रविद्वा ghús-it-na, v. n. To be dragged, to be trailed, to trail.

HTEGITT ghus-iyara, s. m. A grass-cutter.

घरियादिन ghus-iyar-in, s. f. The wife of a grass-outter,

वसीटना ghus-éet-na, v. a. To drag, pull,

घमीना ghus-6e-la, adj. Grassy.

Try ghúhur, s. f. Thunder. Ghuhurna,

घडराना ghuh-ráne, v. त. To thunder; (met.) To roar, to bawl.

war ghús-mur, adj. Gluttonous, voracious,

चहा ghús-ra, adj. Mischievous, hurtful. चादच ghá-il, adj. Wounded.

fraud, a decoy; number five (in reckoning); the interval between the fingers or toes, the junction of the fingers, the space at the root where the fingers separate; the angle formed by a branch with the trunk of a tree or space at the root of the branch; a cut or stroke with the broad sword or cudgel (of which there are twelve cuts).

बाईन gha-een, s. f. (One) time, turn.

घाउरप ghaoo-ghup, adj. Living from band to mouth, improvident, spendthrift.

wish ghan-tee, s. f. Adam's apple, the larynx; wind-pipe.

যাসম ghá-gus, s. m. A large kind of fowl. মান ghagh, a-ij. Old, aged, experienced: sly, wily, shrewd.

aται ghágh-ra, ε. m. A petticoat; name of a river, Gogra or Ghogra; a plant (Xanthium indicum).

WIZ ghat, s. f. A landing-place; a quay, wharf, ferry, ford, pass, bathing-place on a river side. Ghat-mar, s. m. A smuggler. Ghat marna, s. a. To smuggle.

TIZ ghat, s. m. Mode, manner, shape; offence; want, abatement, reduction; deficiency, loss, detriment adj. Abated, less.

STET gha ta, s. m. Acclivity, ascent; deficiency, shatement, reduction.

arteat gha-ti-ya, s. m. A brahmun who sits at a ghat of the Ganges, Jumna, &c., to keep the clothes of the bathers.

etzi ghá-tce, s. f. A strait, a pass (in a mountain, do.), a ravine.

buscade, ambuch, opportunity; killing, slaughter; a bruise, a blow; product (of a sum in multiplication). Ghat kurna, To waylay, He in ambush, kill. Ghat takna, To watch an opportunity.

win a ghá tuk, \*. m A murderer, maimer,

घातन ghá tun, s. m. Killing, slaughter ; a murderer. धाता ghá-ta, \*. m. Name of a plaything. धाती ghátee, adj. Murderous, felonious. धात ghá-took, adj. Mischievous, injuri-

ous, murderous, eruel, savage, violent, ferocious.

Tif ghan, S. f. As much as is thrown in at one time into a mill or mortar, &c.

बानी ghá-nee, s. f. An oil-mill (or oilpress); a sugar-mill.

धारा gháb-ra,ad) Confused, confounded. बाब gham, s. f. Sunbeams, sunshine; heat (of the sun).

arties gha-mur, adj. Simple, artless; a clown, a blockhead.

घावन ghá-yul, adj. Wounded.

धान ghal, s. f. Mischief.

धानक ghá-luk, a m. A destroyer, desolator, one who ruins.

वासना ghál-na, v. a. To desolate, ruin ; to throst in, to throw.

धानमेन ghalinel, adj. Jumbled.

HTE ghao, s. m. A wound, a sore. Ghao ka nishan, s. m. A scar.

बावधप ghaoghup, adj. Living from hand to mouth, improvident, spendthrift.

भास ghas, s. f. Meadow or pasture, grass, atraw, hay, fodder. Ghas pat. s. f. Sweepings.

चित्राना ghin-gha-na, v. n. To be hoarse. चित्रवाना ghighiyana, v. a. To falter, be unable to speak (from fear, joy. &c.), appear very humble, coax, wheedle, fawn, beseech, implore. Ghighee bundh jana, v. n. To falter, be unable to speak (from shame or fear, &c.)

faafua ghich-pich, adi. Thick, confused, muddy. Ghich-pich bukna, or bolna, To speak

rear ghin, s. f. Disgust, shame, bashfulness. Ghin dena, To reproach, shash. Ghin khane, To be disgusted, to have the stomach turned.

चिनचिना ghin-ghin-a, adj. Disgusting.

বিষয়াৰা ghin-ana, v. n. To be disgusted.

fafurat ghiniyána, v. n. To be disgusted. विकास ghin-bu-na, adj. Disgusting, abominable, nauscous, fulsoma.

fur ghi-ya, s. m. Name of a vegetable, a pompion (Cucurbin tagenaria). Ghiya toruce, s. f. A vegetable (Luffa pentandra).

farm ghir-na, v. n. To be surrounded, enclosed, to be collected around; to gather (as the clouds).

fural ghir-nee, s. f. A pulley; an instrument for twisting ropes; a kind of pigeon, the tumbler. Ghirnee khana, To go round. facie ghir-and, s. f. Stink (particularly of wrine).

factor ghir-ana, v. a. To cause to surround or enclose.

चित्रचा ghis-na, r. n. To be rubbed, to be abraded, v. a. To rub; to beat. adj. Apt to be worn by rubbing.

fann ghis-nee, adv. By rubbing; as Ghisnee chulna. To move along, rubbing on the ground, as a child on his buttocks before he is able to walk.

विसाना ghis-ána, v. a. To cause to rub, abrade, wear.

चिमाव ghis-ao, s. m. Attrition, rub-चिमावट ghis-awut, s. f. bing, friction, abrasion.

चिस्थाना ghis-iyana, v. a. To trail, to drag.

ছী ghee, s. m. Butter clarified by boiling and straining.

घोकवार gheek-wár, s. m. A medicinal plant (Alos perfoliata).

घोचा ghée-la, s. m. The name of a very large wild creeper.

घुंगीना ghoon-gou-na, s. m. A toy,a child's rattle.

हंचनी ghoongh-chee, s. f. A small red and black seed (Abrus precatorius).

grace ghoongh-roo, s. m. A small bell; an ornament worn round the ankles, with bells fastened to it.

बंडी ghóon-dee, s. f. A button.

इंसी ghoon-see, adj. Malicious; a receiver

चुटना ghóot-na, s. m. The knee. Ghootnon chulna, To crawl about on the knees (as a child).

बुटना ghóot-na, v. n. To be rubbed, to be suffocated.

gert ghoo-tá-ee, s. f. Perfidy.

चुटाना ghoo-tá-na, v. a. To shave clean, to polish.

Je ghoor, s. m. A horse. Ghoor-churha, A horseman, trooper, one on horseback. Ghoor-churha, s. f. A female on horseback; riding. Ghoor-dour, s. m. A race course, horse-race. Ghoor-buhul, s. f. A four-wheeled carriage for riding in draws by horses, a chariot. Ghoor-moon-ha, adj. Horse-faced. Ghoor-sal, s. m. A stable.

पुड़ना ghoo-ruk-na, v. α. To brow-beat, to reprimand, to frown at.

पुरुकी ghóor-kee, s. f. Rebuff, brow-beating, rebuke, frowning at.

মুখ্য ghoor-chúrha, s. m. A horseman. মুখ্য ghoor-chúrhee, s. f. A female on horseback; riding. बुड़दीड़ ghoor-dour, s. m. A race-course. बुड़बहुल ghoor-buhul, s. f. A two wheeled carriage for riding in drawn by horses.

पुरसंहा ghoor-moonha, adj. Horse-faced.

वृद्धान ghoor-sal, a. m. A stable.

ym ghoon, s. m. Name of an insect found in timber (destructive to wood, meal, grain, and four), a weevil; rancour.

चुना ghóc-na, adj. Destroyed by the ghoon, weevil-eaten.

सुवार ghóo-na, adj. Secret, cautious, de-सूत्रा ghóo-na, signing, malicious, spiteful, revengeful, bearing malice, rancorous.

and ghoon-dee, s. f. A button.

gq ghoon, s. m. An insect found in timber (destructive to wood, meal, and flour), a weevil; rancour.

बुनगीना ghoon-gouna, s. m. A plaything. इना ghóo-na, adj. Destroyed by the ghoon, weevil-eaten.

वृत्तिया ghóo-ni-ya, adj. Designing, malicious, apiteful, revengeful, bearing malice, rancorous.

gu ghoop, adj. Dark.

guigar ghoom-ghoo-ma, s. m. Revolution, going round; subterfuge, evasion, prevarieation; doubt, suspense, hesitation. Ghoom-ghoo-ma-ma, v. a. To revolve; to prevarieate.

चुन्तर ghoo-mund, s. f. Gathering of the

पुसरा ghoom-ra, s. m. Name of a plant Phlomis); name of an insect.

इमरी ghóom-ree, s. f. The vertigo, swimming of the head, giddiness

whirl, cause to turn, wheel, roll, brandish, circulate, encircle; to beguile, delude. Ghoomana phirana, To prevaricate.

पुरक्ता ghoo-ruk-na, v a. To brow-beat, reprimand, frown at, chide.

इरनी ghóor-kee, a. f. Rebuff, brow-beatifig, rebuke, frowning at.

gryr ghoor-ghoo-ra, s. m. The molecricket (Gryllus Gryllotalpu); a phagedenick ulcer or herpes exedens (so named from digging in the flesh, as the mole-pricket ages in earth or sand).

चुर्नह ghéor-nus, s. m. Tendo Achilles. चुर्नाना ghoor-na-na, v. n. To snore.

graf ghoor-nee, s. f. A vertigo, swimming in the head, rolling.

चुडना ghóol-na, v. n. To melt, dissolve, be dissolved; to be mellowed, to rot (as fruit); to become lean, to waste. इनिजन ghool-mil, part. Dissolved, mixed, melted (in kindness).

चुलवा ghóolwa, s. m. To boot.

चुन्त्राना ghool-wá-na, v. a. To cause to mix with a liquid, to cause to dissolve.

सुद्रा क ghoolaoo, adj. Melting.

वृत्ताना ghoo-la-na, v. a. To melt, to dissolve. [ing.

युवाबट ghoo-lá-wut, s. f. Melting, dissolv-युवा ghóo-wa, s. m. A coarse kind of cotton, युव ghoos, s. m. Penetrating.

चुसना ghóos-na, v. n. To be thrust in, to enter, penetrate; interfere, meddle.

चुसपेट ghoos-pyth, s f. Access.

चुनाना ghoo-sā-na, v. a. To thrust in, stuff in, cram, penetrate, force in, cause to penetrate or enter.

पुरिस्ट्रमा ghoosirna, v. n. To be thrust or stuffed in.

बुहेड्ना ghoo-sér-ns, v. a. To thrust, stuff, cram, force or run in, pierce, insinuate, foist.

सूर्यनी ghoong-nee, s. f. A sort of stirabout, or gram of any kind (pulse or wheat, &c.) boiled whole with sugar.

चुंगर ghóon-gur, s. m. A curl. Ghoongurwalch, Curled hair.

put on the head as a defence against the rain; a cockle or snall, a small ghonga.

वृष्य ghóongh-chee, s. f. A small red and black seed (Arbus precatorius).

The face with a veil, &c. Ghoonghut kurhna, To draw a veil over the face. Ghoonghut kurna, v. a. To veil; to draw back his neck (a horse). Ghoonghut khana, v. a. To be broken or defeated (an army).

gur ghóon-ghur, s. m. A curl.

grate ghoongh-roo, s. m. A small bell; an ornament worn round the ankles, with bells fastened to it.

gz ghoont. s. m. A gulp, draught, pull.

पूरना ghoont-na, v. a. To gulp, drink, swallow.

tizl ghoon-tee, s. f. A medicine consisting of aloes, spices and borax, given to new-born intants to clear out the meconium.

gra ghoons, s. m. A bandicote rat.

मूज ghóo-sa, s. m. A blow of the fist, &c. मूज ghóo-ghoo, s. m. The ring-necked dove; an owl.

घड्या ghóo-ghoo-a, s. m. An owl; a blockhead. wz ghoot, s. m. A gulp, draught. घटना ghóot-na, v. a. To gulp, drink, guzzle.

चूरी ghóo-tee, s. f. A medicine given to new-born infants; the ankle-joint.

बन ghoon, s. m. Rancour, malice, spite. धना ghóo-na, adj. Designing, malicions, spiteful, revengeful, rancorous; secret, cautious. un ghoom, adv. Back, round about.

वसक्साना ghoom-ghoo-mala, adj. Loose

(as a robe), full. वसव्सवा ghoom-ghoo-mel-a, adj. Revolv-

ing, circling round. चुसना ghóomna, v. n. To go round, revolve,

turn, roll, wheel, whirl. sub. Whirling, turning, &c. Sir ghoomna, To be giddy or dizzy, to swim (the head).

at ghoor, s. m. Staring; a dunghill.

घटची ghoor-chee, s. f. A twist in thread, entanglement.

भूरता ghoor-na, v. a. To stare at, to stare, to fix the eyes on; to look at angrily.

urt ghóo-ra, s. m. Sweepings; a dunghill. षरिया ghóo-ri-ya, s.m. A dunghill.

and ghoos, s. m. A bandicote rat (Mus malabaricus : Mus giganteus) ; a bribe.

चस्त ghóo-sut, e. m. A young owl.

ब्रामच्सा ghóosum-ghóosa, s. m. Thumping and pulling, boxing, fisticuffs.

इसा ghốo-sa, s. m. A thump, a blow of the fist, buffet; a bandicote rat.

घंटा ghén-ta, s. m. )

चेंटी ghan-tee, s. f. ] चेता ghég-a, े e. m The bronchocele, goi-ਚੌਚਾ gheg-há) tre, or Derbyshire neck,

चेत्रजा ghét-la, s. m. A kind of shoe. चेपना ghép-na, v. a. To mix, mingle, unite

into a paste (as flour and water). green, adj. Round, surrounding, enclos-

ing; loose (as a robe); full; winding, meandering. s. m. Circuit, circumference. Gherghar kurna, To surround, stop or hinder. Gherdar, adj. Full, loose (a robe), circular, extensive.

gregher, s. m. Calumny, reproach, complaint.

चरना gher-na, v. a. To surround, compass, encircle, invest, beset, blockade. Gherna gharna, To surround, &c.

चरनो gher-nee, s. f. A handle for turning a spinning-wheel, a winch.

बेट्रा gher-a, adj. Round, surrounded. s. m. A circle, a circumference; a siege, blockade, a fence; vertigo. Ghera dalna, To surround, lay a siege, besiege. Gherch men purna, To be surrounded.

Bat ghe-wur, s.f. A kind of sweetmeat.

gur ghrín-a, s. f. Reproach, blame, censure, &c.; compassion, tenderness, pity; abborrence, disgust; shame, bashfulness.

ya ghrit, s. m. Ghee, clarified butter, or butter which has been boiled gently and allowed to cool: it is then used for culinary and religious purposes, and is highly esteemed by the Hindoos. इतक्षारी ghrit-koo-má-ree, s. f. The aloe

(Aloe perfoliata). effer ghón-ga, s. m. A cockle; or cockleshell, a snail (Cochlea helix).

etz ghont, s. f. A draught (drink).

चौरना ghónt-na, v. a. To polish by rubbing; (met.) to investigate; to strangle. s. m. A. stone, &c. with which any thing is polished; the knee.

चौमला ghóns-la, s. m. A (bird's) nest.

घोखना ghókh-na, v. a. Te repeat, to iterate, to speak aloud.

घोडी ghóg-hee, s. f. A pocket, pouch, wallet; a turtle dove

घोट ghot, s. f. Polish.

Tra ghó-tuk, s. m. A horse.

चोटना ghót-na, v. a. To polish ; calender ; to plod; to shave.

घोटनो ghót-nee, s. f. A rubber.

ETZT ghó-ta, s. m. A wooden rubber.

ZET ghotóo, adj. Polished, smooth (words).

alst ghe-ra, s. m. A horse. Chorch ko surput phenkna, To force a horse to his utmost speed; the cock (of a gun). Ghora churhana, To cook a gun.

घोषा ghó-pa, s. m. A cloth with a part folded like a sugar-loaf to cover the head and worn over the body in cold or wet weather.

Blat gh6-yan, s.f. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

Fix ghor, s. m. Horror, herribleness; trepidation; dread, awe; the sound of a drum. Ghor ghoonina, To be inwardly displeased, to conceal one's dislike or indignation. adj. Frightful, harrible, terrific, awful; deep (colour of a horse, or sleep). Ghor nidra, Deep sleep.

घोरटभन ghor-dur-shun, adj. Terrific, of horrid or frightful apearance.

घोट्डप ghor-roop, adj. Frightful, hideous. s. m. A hideous appearance.

चौर सभी ghor-roopes, adj. Frightful, borrible, hideous.

घोराकरित ghor-akriti, adj. Frightful, hideous, of horrible aspect or form.

will ghol, s. m. Buttermilk.

बोजबनाव ghol-ghoo-mao, s. m. Evasion, subterfuge.

श्रीनना ghól-na, v. a. To mix with a liquid, to dissolve.

दोसलेन ghol-mel, s. m. Mixture, mixing.

when gho-la, s. m. An intoxicating potion made of bhung or opium; a solution; name of a fish. Gholck men dalna, To involve in difficulty. ally ghosh, s. m. A station of herdsmen;

a cast of milk-men; a cowbord.

घोषणा ghosh-na, ) s. f. Speaking aloud, की खना ghokh-na, I making a great noise; crying, proclaiming.

Bill ghó-see, s. m. A Moosulman cowherd or milk-man.

Ble ghour, s. f. A bunch (of plantains). शोद ghoud, ) s. f. A bunch or cluster of ghour, grapes, dates or plantains. FIG ghran, s. m. The nose; smell, smelling. adj. Smelling.

armana ghran-tur-pun, s. m. Fragrance, odour, a fragrance, a perfume.

भावान्त्रिय ghran en-drivuh, s. f. The nose, the sense of smelling.

Ba ghrat, adj. Smelled.

## न्व

- chub, The twentieth letter of the alphabet, and first of the second or palatial class of consonants, having the sound of Ch in Church.
- चंगवाव chung-báo, s.m. Name of a disorder. ews chin-gur, s. m. Tray, trough.
- in chun-ga, adj. Healthy, cured, sound. Chunga bunana, To correct, punish, put to right, chastise. Bhula-chunga, adj. In health and vigour; perfect, good.

चन्द chun-géor, adj. Excellent.

wir ohun-ger, s. f. A flower-pot, a tray.

wirt chun-ger-a, s. m. A large basket, a trough or tray.

ent chun-ger-ee, a. f. A small basket. चंद्राना chun-chun-ána, v. n. To throb or shoot (as a boil, &c.); to make the noise butter does in a frying pan.

gigg chún-chul, adj. Trembling, tremulous; restless, wanton, playful, fickla; perishable, transitory.

चंचलता chún-chul-ta, s.f. Perishableness ; restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness.

बं असपना chunchulpuna, s. m. Playfulness, wantonness.

चंचलाई chun-chul-see, s. f. Restlessness, playfulness; perishableness.

बंचनाना chun-chul-ina, n. n. To be play. ful, wanton, unsteady, or reetless.

चंचलाहर chun-chul-ahut, s. f. Restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness, fickleness.

we chunt, s. m. A miser.

चंडान chun-dal, s. m. An inferior cast of Hindoon; (met.) a miser, a merciless wretch, an outcast.

चंडी of chun-dol, s. m. The rear-guard : a sort of sedan; the name of a bird; a plaything consisting of four little earthen pots joined together.

we chund, s m. The moon. Chund-mookh, s, m. Face bright or beautiful as the moon. Chandmookhee, or Chund-budunee, adj. Having a face splendid as the moon.

चंदन chan-dun, a m. Sandal-wood or tree, sanders (Sirium myrtifolium or Santalum album).

ween chund-la, adj. Bald. s. m. Baldness. चंद्रवा chúnd-wa, s. m. A small canopy, an

awning.

चंदा chún-da, s. m. An assessment, contribution, subscription; the moon.

चेंदिया chún-di-ya, s. f. The crown of the head.

चंदील chun-deel, ] s. m. A tribe of Roj-चंद्रजा chun-del-a, I poots who claim descent from the moon.

del st chun-dee-ha, adj. Silvery, white.

चंदेरी chun-der-ce, ो s. f. Name of a place. चंदेल chun-del,

चंदेली chun-del-ee, s. f. Cambrick (made at Chundel).

चंद्र chundr, s. m. The moon, considered as a planet or a deity. Chundy-mookhee, adj. Having a countenance beautiful as the moon.

tiga chun-druk, s. m. The eye in a peacock's tail; a finger nail.

चंद्रकचा chundr-kul-a, s.f. A digit or onesixteenth part of the moon's orb or diameter.

The reputed Registrar of Jum's court.

चंद्रजेशी chundr-bun-see, s. m. Descendant of the moon; the name of a tribe of Khuttrees, who claim descent from the moon.

The name of a river, the Chinab, one the five streams of the Punjab. Chundrhhag, is the name of a mountain, part of the Himaley range, where the river is said to have its source.

चंद्रभा chundr-ma, s. m. The moon.

बद्ध ल chundr-rén-oo, s. m. A plagiarist, a poetical thief.

चंद्रचेखा chundr-lek-ha, s. f. A plant (Serratula anthelminitica); a digit of the moon.

चंद्रवस्ति chundr-vullur-ee, s. f. A kind of Asclepias (A. acida); rue.

Asciepias (A. acida); rue.

acquer chundr-vála, s. f. Large cardamoms.

चंद्रसम्बद chundr-sum-bhúvuh, s. f. Small

चंद्रहार chundr-har, s. m. An ornament of dress, a sort of necklace composed of circular pieces of gold, silver, &c.

चंद्रा chundra, adj. Bald; wise, intelligent. चंद्रावप chundra-tup, s. m. Moonlight.

चंद्राना chundrana, v. n. To be withered or dried up (a tree), to cease to grow.

ভাতুৰা chund-rik-a, s. f. Moonlight; the moon-beams; a small fish (Zeus oblongus); large cardamona.

चंद्रित chún-dril, e. m. A potherb (Chenopodium album).

tiole chundr 5-duy, s. m. An awning, a cloth or sheet spread over the large open courts of *Hindoo* houses, &c. upon festival occasions; moon-rise; a kind of collyrium.

with chum-puk, s. m. A tree bearing a with chum-pa, yellow fragrant flower (Michelia champaca).

day chún-wur, s. m. An instrument made of peacock's feathers, &c. waved over the head of a sovereign, used to whisk off flies, &c., and also made of the tail of the Bos grunniens, a species of ox.

Tar chuk, s. m. Landed property, landed estate, a farm. Chuk-bundee, s. f. Defining or marking the boundaries of an estate.

चन chuk, s. m. A shepherd, or goatherd. चनई chuk-uee, s. f. A toy, a whirligig; a

duck, the female of chakwa.

splendent. चक्रचकी chuk-chuk-ee, s. f. A kind of dagger worn on the waist. adj. f. Resplendent.

ब कहारी chuk-chhoon-dee, s f. A musk-rat (Sorex carulescens: Sorex caruleus),

waar chik-ta, s. m. A scraping of the skin, a scrape, a sear: a slive, &c. Chukta deng, or-leng, To sear.

चकताना chuktána, v. a. To sod, to turf.

That chuk-tee, s. f. The hide of a rhinoceros (of which shields are made); a patch of leather, a slice, a patch; the round of a cheese, a round plate of metal, &c., a litter, an apistle. adj. Compressed, flattened.

चकनापुर chuk-na-choor, s. m. Scraps, small pieces, atoms, filings. Chukna-choor hona, To be dashed to pieces, to shatter. Chukna-choor kurna, To shatter, shiver, break to pieces.

चक्रमा chúk-ma, s. m. A boot, a stocking. चक्रमा chuk-úr-ba, s. m. Revelry. Chukurba muchana, v. a. To revel, to riot.

चकरा chik-ra, s. m. A kind of dish made of pulse.

चकरानी chuk-rá-nec, s. . Woman ser-

when chuk-la, s. m. A brothel; a kind of cloth made of silk and cotton; a division of a country containing several purgunals. cdj. Wide, wood; round. Chuklehdar, s. m. The governor of a province or country. Chuklehdaree, s. f. The government of a province or country; a round plate on which bread is rolled.

चक्रवाई chuk-lace, s.f. Breadth.

चक्रशाना chuk-la-na, v. a. To extend in breadth, to widen.

What chukwa, s. m. The ruddy goose (Anas casarca); a whirlpool.

चनवा chuk-wee, s. f. The female of the water-fowl shukwa.

चम्मनी chuk-soo-nee, s. f. A kind of grass.

হলামান chuk-a-chák, s. f. The sound of the repeated strokes of a sword, dagger, or mace.

चकाचाँच chuk-a-choundb, e. f. The state of being dazzled, radiance.

THIST chuk-a-wur, s. m. A disease in horses.

चकावी chuk-á-wee, s. f. A ringworm.

चित्र chuk-it, adj. Timid, fearful; asto-

क केटा chuk-et-ha, adj. With large eyes.

चनोत्रा chuk-ó-tra, s. m. A fruit of the lime kind, a citron, pompelmoose, shaddock (Citrus decumanus).

Greek partridge (Tetrao rufus: Perdic rufu), fabulously said to subsist mon the moon-beams, and to eat fire at the full moon.

चकोदा chuk-oun-da, ) s. m. A species of चकोद chuk-ounr, Cassia (Cassia obtusifatia), esteemed a ramedy for ringworms.

चक्रम chuk-kus, s. m. A perch for birds (particularly falcons), a roost.

ৰ লা chúk-ka, s m Congulated milk; a carriage wheel, a circle. adj. Round; thick (as duhee, &c.)

चकान chuk-kan, adj. Thick (bhung, dc.), blot, blotted, smeared.

चक्कि chúk-kee, s. f. A millstone, a mill, grinder; kneepan; a thunderbolt.

sa chúk-koo, s. m. A clasp-knife, a penknife.

चक chukr, s. m. A whirlwind or whirlpool; a circular Tor chuk-kur, missile weapon used principally by the Sikhs, a sharp discus or iron ring which they throw with great dexterity: (it was with this instrument called Sooduraus-chukr, that Naragan is said to have cut of the head of the Usoor Rahgo, when, after churning the ocean, the Soors or gods, and Usoors or demans fought for the unrit or nectar); a circular course, the lounge (in menage); (met.) a misfortune, scrape, perplexity; a side or quarter, as Chuhoon chukkur men, On the four sides, on all sides. Chukrdharee, A peacock; Vishnoo. Chukr marna, To wheel round, to whirl round. Ghorek ko chukkur dena, To lounge a horse

THE chukr-vút, adv. In rotation, going round or revolving like a wheel.

TATT chukr-vurttee, s. m. An emperor, a sovereign of the world, a universal monarch, the ruler of a chukr or country described as extending from sea to sea; twelve princes beginning with Bhurut are especially considered as Chukrvurttees; a title of brahmuns in Bengal.

चलवान chukr-vák, s. m. A bird, the rud-By goose (Anas casarca).

चल्रान chukr-ván, adj. Circular, being in a ring or circle.

TATATE chukr-akar, adj. Circular.

That chuk-rit, adj. Astonished; timid, fearful.

and chuk-ree, s. f. A round plate on which bread is rolled; an assembly of singers.

Ther chukréla, adj. Round, circular.

To chukh, s. m. The eve.

चडना chúkh-na, v. a. To relish, taste.

चलाचली chukh-a-chukh-ee, s. f. Discord. चढाचा chukh-á-na, v. a. To cause to taste.

चनजुना chug-úl-pa, v. a. To eat without appetite.

wit chuger, s. f. A flower-pot.

च अवाब chung-báo, s. m. Name of a disorder.

war chin-gur, s. m. Tray, trough.

To chin-ga, adj. Healthy, cured, sound. Chunga bunana, To correct, punish, put to right, chastise. Bhula-chunga, adj. In health and vigour; perfect, good.

Ty chun-góor, adj. Excellent.

Tohun-ger, s. f. A flower-pot, a tray.

Trit chun-ger-a, s. m. A large basket; a trough, or tray.

To chun-ger-ee, s. f. A small basket.

चबर chúch-ur, adj. (Land) that has been cultivated or ploughed one year.

चचरा chúch-ra, s. m. Name of a tree.

चचित्र chuchuhiya, s. m. A whistler. चचा chuch-a, s. m. Paternal uncle, father's brother.

and chách-se, s. f. Father's brother's wife, aunt.

चचीर chuchéer, s. m. A line, stripe, score. Tour chuch-ér-a, adj. Descended from or

related through a paternal uncle, as Chucherabhaee, s. m. A cousin, son of paternal uncle. Chuckeree bukin, s. f. Daughter of paternal uncle, a female consin.

च बोर्ना chuch-ór-na, v. a. To suck (a dry substance from which nothing can be obtained).

चञ्च chuch-chul, s. m. Large breasts. चञ्ची chuch-chee, s. f. Father's brother's

wife, aunt.

चञ्चाना chun-chun-ana, v. n. To throb or shoot (as a boil, &c.); to make the noise butter does in a frying-pan.

चञ्चनाहर chun-chun-shut, a. f. A throb, throbbing, a shooting pain.

Tag chun-chul, adj. Trembling shaking, moving, unsteady; fickle, inconsiderate, inconstant, (unsteady metaphorically); playful, restless, wanton, perishable.s.m. A lecher, a libertine.

च असता chun-chul-tá, a. f. Restlessness; perishableness; fickleness, inconstancy, unsteadiness

चञ्चल्हद्य chúnchul-hrídny, adj. Capricious, fickle, false-hearted.

चन्ना chún-chul-a, s. f. Lightning.

Tager chun-chul-ace, s. f. Restlessness, playfulness.

चञ्चामा chun-chul-ma, v. n. To be playful, wanton or restless.

च इलाइट chun-chul-áhut, s. f. Restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness.

ৰম্ব chún-choo, s. f. A beak.

we chut, adv. Quickly, instantly, s. f. An excoriation, a sore, seab, cancer; the noise of breaking up, snap. Chut bhusum, Eating up the whole, licking the platter clean. Chut deh tootna, To snap short, to break. Chut kurna, To eat, dissipate, make waste. Chut hona, v. n. To be dissipated or consumed.

Tag chút-uk, s. m. A sparrow. s. f. A hen-sparrow; a crash, a crack, a smack; intelligence, gaudiness; glitter, splendour, prime of life. adj. Intelligent, quick. Chutuk sch, adv. Deceiving. Chutuk seh jana, To pay with the fore topsail, Chutukwace, s. f. Quickness.

चटकरा chút-uk-na, v. n. To erackle (as charcoul or wood on the fire); to crack; to split. चटकना chut-kun-a, s. m. A slap, box, blow, ouff.

पटका chút-ka, s. m. Scarcity. Chutha

lugana, To thirst, to wish.

बरकाना chut-ká-na, v. a. To crack (as a whip); to snap the fingers (in rejoicing); to split; to fire off a musket; to irritate.

चटकानी chut-kar-na, v. a. To surge cattle by the clacking noise made by drawing the tongue from the palate.

बटकी जा chut-kée-la, adj. Splendid, glittering, gaudy.

चटखना chut-úkh-na, v. n. To crackle (as charcoal or wood on the fire); to crack; to split. पटनीरा chut-jee-ra, s. m. Name of a tree.

TEST chút-na, adj. m. Voracious (man). चहनी chút-nee, s. f. A kind of acid sauce

(or marmalade). adj. f. Voracious (woman). TETE chût-put, adv. Hastily, in a hurry,

instantly. Sever chut-put-a, adi. Active, hasty;

stout; meat dressed with little sauce or gravy. चटपटाचा chut-put-ana, v. n. To be agitated, to flutter, palpitate, wince.

TENETEE chut-put-shut, s. f. Agitation, flurry, flutter, palpitation.

चडबरिया chut-put-fye, adj. Active, quick, alert; hot (with spices).

wzyzł chut-pút-ee, s. f. Haste, hurry, quickness, agility.

चटवाना chut-wá-na, v. a. To make lick or

चटमान chut-shal, A. f. A school, an चरशारी chut-sharee, academy.

werk chut-see, s. f. A mat. Chutace bichhasa, v. a. To mat, to spread a mat.

चटान chut-ak, s. f. A crash, an explosion. adj. Intelligent.

चटाका chut-áka, s. m. A crash, an explosion, a smack (or kiss).

बटाबट chut-a-chut, s. m. Reiterated sound.

TETET chut a kha, s. m. A crash, an ex plosion, a smack (or kiss).

चटान chut-in, e. f. Rocky ground, block of stone, rock.

चटाना chut-ana, v. a. To make lick or lap

चिट्टा chút-iya, s. m. A pupil, a scholar. षड्या chut-60-a, s. m. A kind of plaything; a sort of hawk.

चटोद्धा chut-ó-kha, s. m. A kind of dove.

Tel T chút-ó-ra, s. m. An epicure, a glut-

चड्डा chút-ta, s. m. A school-boy.

चड्रवड्रा chútta-bútta, s. m. A plaything, a kind of rattle or clapper given to children.

चड़ी cháttee, s. f. Scarcity, want.

चह्र chut-thá, s. m. A bonne-banche, dain-

चड chur, s. m. Sound made by breaking a branch.

ages charchur, s.m. An imitative sound. चडचडाना chur-chur-ana, v. n. To crack,

चडपडाना chur-pur-ina, v. n. To smart, to palpitate, flutter, throb.

चडवड बोलना churbur bolna, ] v. a. To चडवड़ करना churbur kurna, i chatter. prattle.

चड्बडिया chur-bur-lya, s. m. A prattler. chatterer, an idle talker...

TEC chur-ur, s. m. An imitative sound. TEST chuddha, s. m. The groin; a bubo.

चडके churh-keh, adv. Avowedly, designedly, excellently, Churhia hona, p. n. To excel.

बहती chárb-tee, s. f. Advantage, gain, rise.

चढ़ेना churh-na, v. n. To ascend, mount, advance, attack, embark, board, rise, climb, soar, spread, swell, ride; to be strung (a bow). to be braced (a drum); to be offered up (an oblation or sacrifice). Churkna octurna, v. n. To bire and dismiss; congressus.

de er chur-bun-dar, s. m. A passenger,

supercargo.

चडचन्ना chúrh-bún-na, v. a. To find an opportunity.

चहवां churh-wan, adj. Rising up ( a shoe over the heel of the weaver).

चहवाना churh-wá-na, n. a. To cause others to raise or to make ascend or to pull on, &c.

चढवेश churh-wy-ya, s. m. One who asconds, mounts, &c., a rider, mounter, climber.

dart chur-haee, s. f. Ascent, acclivity. embarkation, attack, assault, irruption, rank, dignity; price paid for ascending, riding, embarking, &c.

चढाना chur-há-na, v. a. To make ascend. embark, &c., to offer up oblations or sacrifice; to string (a bow); to brace (a drum); to raise, lift, take up, advance, apply, put, spread, bend, dye (with colour), pull, draw on, cock, fix (a bayones), rui.

चटाव chur-háo, s. m. Ascent, rise, acclivity, attack, access, fit rank, dignity, flood tide;

चही chúr-bee, ) s. f. Preparation for चहनी chúrh-nee, battle.

चढ़ेत chur-hyt, हे. m. A trooper who चढ़ेता chur-hyta, does not ride his own horse, a rider.

चढ़ींबा chur-hóu-wa, s. m. A shoe rising up over the heel of the wearer.

चराक chún-uk, } s. m. A kind of pulse, चरा chún-a, tinum), vetches.

and chund, adj. Fierce, violent, passionate; hot, warm; pungent, acrid.

चर्डता chund-ta, s. f. Warmth, pungency. चर्डवत chund-wút, adj. Passionate, violent warm.

dest chún-de, s. f. A name of the goddess Doorga, applied especially to her fabulous incarnation for the purpose of destroying Mukes Useer; this exploit forms the subject of a section of the Markundeyah Pooran, and is particularly celebrated in Bengal at the Doorga Poora or festival held in honour of the goddess towards the close of the year (October-November); a rassionate woman, a mischievous or furious woman.

TUSTES chundawul, s. m. The rear-guard.

TUSTES chundal, s. m. An outcast, the generic name for a man of the lowest of the mixed tribes, born from a Sooda father and Brahmunes mother; (mct.) a miser, a merciless wretch,

चत्वाचिन chun-dá-lin, s. f. The female of Chundul.

च एडका chún-dik-a, s. f. The goddess

चराडीकृतुम chindee-koosoom, s. m. Red

of sedan; the name of a bird; a plaything consisting of four little earthen pots joined together.

चत्रा chút-ra, ) adj. Wise, intelligent, cunning, clever.

चत्री chút-mee, ह. f. A canopy, veil, a parasol; a tent, a pavilion.

egr chut-oor, adj. Canning, dexterous, ingenious, clever, sly, shrewd, wise, knowing, intelligent, expert, adroit, sagacious; four.

चत्रा chút-oor-ta, s. f. Cunning, cleverness, slyness, wisdom, knowledge.

चत्रस् chut-oor-usr, adj. Four-cornered,

TATT chút-oo-ra, adj. Wise, intelligent, cuming, clever, expert.

चतुराई chut-oo-raee, s. f. Cunning, cleverness, signess, wisdom, knowledge, expertness. चत्रच chút-oorth, adj. Fourth.

बहर भी chut-oor-dúsh-ee, adj. The 14th day of the moon's age.

चत्रभुज chut-oor-bhooj, adj. Having four hands, an opithet of Vishnoo.

four hands, an epithet of Devee.

चत्रकान chut-oor-mookh s. m. The deity Bruhm.

नतुर्ग chut-oor-yoog, s. m. The aggregate of the four Yoogs or ages of the Hindoos.

चतुर्वत chut-oor-vurg, s.m. The aggre-चतुर्वद chut-oor-bhudr, gate of four

बतुषद् chut-oor-bhudr, ) gate of four objects of human wishes, viz. virtue, love, wealth, and final beatitude.

चतुस्पय chút-oosh-puth, s.m. A place where four roads meet.

चतुष्यद chut-oosh-púd, s, m. ) Verse, the चतुष्यदी chut-oosh-púd-ec, s, f. ) metre of stanzas, especially consisting of four puds or lines.

चतु ध्यटा chut-oosh-púd-a, s. m. An animal with four legs, a quadruped.

चन chun, s. m. A kind of sugar-cane.

चनक chún-uk, s. f. The bursting of the husk of a seed by exposure to the sun.

दनकरा chún-uk-na, v. n. To burst and fall out (as a seed from the hush).

चना chún-a, s. m. A kind of pulse, chickpea (Cicer arietinum), vetches.

चनेठ chun-éth, s. f. Spices given to cattle, drugs for oxen.

Tree chund, s. m. The moon. Chund-mookh, s. m. A bright face or beautiful as the moon. Chund-moothee, or Chund-hudunes, adj. Having a face splendid as the moon.

चन्द्रम् chún-dun, s. m. Sandal wood or tree (Sirium myrtifolium).

चल्चा chúnd-la, adj. Bald. s. m. Baldness. चल्चा chúnd-wa, s. m. A. small canopy, an awning.

चन्द्रा chún-da, s. m. Assessment, contribution, subscription.

चित्र्या chun-di-ya, s. f. The crown of the

चन्द्रीत chun-déel, । s.m. A tribe of Raj-चन्द्रेला chun-dél-a, ) poots who claim descent from the moon.

चर्रीहा chun-dée-ha, adj. Silvery, white. चर्रेशे chun-dér-ee, ह. f. Name of s

बन्देल chun-dól, ) place.

बन्देनी chun-del-00, s.f. Cambrick (made at Chundel).

The moon.

चन्द्र कवा chundr-kúl-a, s. f. A digit, or one-sixteenth part of the moon's orb or diameter.

gem, supposed to be formed of the congelation of the rays of the moon: a kind of crystal may perhaps be meant.

चन्द्रग्रप्त chundr-goopt, s. m. The Registrar

बद्गील chundregol, s. m. The orb or sphere of the moon.

चन्द्रपहण chundr-gruhun, s. m. Eclipse of

a river, the Chinab one of the five streams of the Punjab. Chundr-bhag. The name of a mountain, part of the Himaluy range, where the river is said to have its source.

बन्द्रमणि chundr-mun-i, s. m. The moon-

चन्द्रभाइन chundr-mundul, s. m. The orb or disc of the moon, the lunar sphere.

चन्द्रभा chundr-má, s. m. The moon.

चन्द्रोद्धा chundr-rekha, s. f. A digit of the moon.

चन्द्ररेण chundr-rén-oo, s. m. A plagiarist, a poetical thief.

चन्द्र तेखा chundr-lek-ha, s. f. A plant (Serratula anthelmintica); a digit of the moon.

art of the moon; the name of a tribe of Khuttrees who claim descent from the moon.

चन्द्रवस्त्री chundr-vullur-ee, s. f. A kind of Asclepias (A. acida).

चन्द्रवाखा chundr-wala, s. f. Large carda-

चन्द्रिका chún-drik-a, s. f. Moonlight; a small fish (Zeus obiongus).

बन्दोदय chundr-ó-duy, s. m. An awning, a cloth or sheet spread over the large open courts of *Hindoo* houses, &c., upon festival occasions; moon-rise; a kind of cellyrium.

चन्द्रीयल chundr-ópul, s. m. Moon-gem.

THE chunsor, s. m. Cress, cresses (Lepidium satirum).

चपकार chúp-kun, s. f. A kind of vest a sort of coat. Chup!wndar, s. m. A vest like a chunkum.

चपकरा chúp-uk-na, v. n. To collapse. चपका chúp-ka, s. m. Caprimulgus.

चपकाना chup-ka-na, v.n. To make adhere, to stick on; to compress; to threaten.

चपटन chup-út-na, v. n. To be flattened. चपटा chúp-ta, adj. Flattened, compressed, shallow. च्याना chup-tá-na, v. a. To flatten.

चपरिन्दी chup-ti-hee, s. f. Name of an insect.

चपड्चपड़ chúp-ur-chúp-ur, s. m. An imitative sound of the noise of the mouth in eating.

चपड़ना chúp-ur-na, v. n. To flee, run away;

augt chúp-ra, s. m. A kind of lac; clear

s. m. Slippers.

चपहाना chup-rá-na, v. a. To falsify, to

Tuel chúp-ree, s. f. Cakes of cow-dung.
Tuel chúp-na, v. n. To be abashed, to be
bashful in company, to blush, submit, stoop;
to be crushed or squeezed.

(mall) the knee pan Chupner-bhur pancemen doob murna (lit. to drown one's self in a saucerfull of water), To be greatly abashed. Chupnee chainee, (lit. 10 lick the pot-lid), To be contented with little.

चपरास chup-rás, s. f. A buckle, breastplate, clasp, badge.

चपरामी chup-rá-see, s. m. A messenger or other servant wearing a chupras.

चपन chúp-ul, adj. Trembling, tremulous, shaking; wavering, unsteady; swift, expeditious; wanton, restless, volatile. adv. Swiftly.

चपत्रत chup-ul-tá, s. f. Fickleness, incon-

वपसा chúp-ul-a, s. f. The goddess Lukshmee or fortune; lightning; a whore.

चपनात्मक chúpul-átmuk, adj. Of a fickle or inconstant nature.

चवाती chup-á-tee, s. f. A thin cake of unleavened bread.

चपाना chup-ú-na, v. a. To abash; to place one thing on another, to pile.

Tuz chup-éi, s. m. The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. s. f. A slap, a blow; a sudden misfortune, risk.

Two chupet, s. m. A slap, a blow; a bastard. adj. Illegitimate.

चपोटी chup-ó-tee, s. f. An old worn-out turband.

चयान chúp-pun, s. m. A lid or cover of a pot (large).

चयाच chúp-pul, s. f. A slipper.

war chúp-pa, s. m. A handbreailth.

Tur chup-pee, s. f. Kneading the limbs.
The chup-pee, s. m. An oar, a paddle.
Chuppeo maraa, v. a. To row.

चकान chup-hal, s. f. A place surrounded with marshes and mire.

चवनीहड्डी chubnee-huddee, . f. Cartilage, gristle.

चवाना chub-lá-na, v a. To chew slowly. चवाना chub-wá-na, v. a. To cause to chew, &c.

warr chub-ace, s. f. Mastication,

champ, masticate, bite (the lip). Chuba chuba kur bat kurnes. To spenk with study or preparation; also, "without reserve or haughtily or scenfully.

ব্যাহন্য chub-fo-la, adj. Childish, boyish.
ব্যাহন্য chub-fo-tra, s. m. A terrace or
mound to sit and converse on; a custom-house;
a police-office.

चर्चना chub-én-e, s. m Parched grain to चर्चना chub-én-ee, s. f exercise the teeth with when more substantial food is not at hand.

च अक chub-húk, s. f. Sting.

चसन् chúm-uk, s. f. Glitter, spiendour, fiash, glare, gleam. Chumuk-tumuk, s, f. Spiendour, refulgence, glitter.

चमकता chúm-uk-ta, adj. Bright, glittering.

जनना chúm-nk-na, v. त. To glitter, shine, flash, glare, startle; to prosper; to be angry.

चसवाना chum-ká-na, v. a. To cause to glitter; to provoke, to make to start, to startle; to wave, brandish, flourish, brighten, burnish; to display.

বাদনাৰ chum-káo, s. m. Glitter, ব্যবহার chum-ká-hut, s. f. splendour, much light, brilliancy, flourish, brightness.

चमगादंड chum-gá-dur, r. m.

चमगीदड chum-gée-dur, s. m े A bat.

चमगुदङ्गी chum-góod-ree, s. f. l चमचड्रेस chum-chúr-ukh, adj. Lean, mea-

चमचड्ड Chum-chur-ukh, ady Lean, meagre. s.m. A bat.

to sleep; to sparkle, shine, glitter.

चमचमान्द्र chum-chum-áhut, s. f. Brightness.

\*\*\*\* skin, the skin. Chumra oodherna, or,—chhoorana, or,—nikalna, To flay, to skin.

THENT Chum-ut-kar, s.f. A sort of grass; haste s.m. Amazement; splendour; astonishment, surprise.

SWATT chum-ut-karee, adj. Astonishing, sagacious, acute, unusual, surprising.

चनत्स्त chumut-krit, adj. Surprised, as-

THE Cham-ur, s. m. A fly-flapper, made of the Tibet cow's tail or Soora-gao, the Yak or Bos grunniens.

works chum-rukh, s. f. The apparatus of wepming wheel; (met.) allean woman.

दश्यका chum-ur-buglee, s. f. A bittern. वसरी chum-ree, s. f. The Yak or Bos grunniens, of whose tail hairs the chourse is most usually made.

THE cham-us, s. m. A vessel used at sacrifices for drinking the juipe of the acid ascleplas, a kind of ladie or spoon; a plant commonly called Khetpupra (Mollugo pentaphylla).

चमाई chum-áce, adj. Copper-coloured.

चमान chum-aoo, s. f. Slippers or shoes fixed to pattens.

चमार chum-ar, s. m. A worker in leather, a aboe-maker, cobbler, a tanner, a currier.

चनारी chum-a-ree, f. Female of Chumar. चन् cham-oo, s f. An army; a squadron, a division of an army.

चमुक्तन chuméokun, s. m. A tick or louse infesting cattle,

चमेटा chum-ét-a. s. m. Box, thump, blow.

चमोटा chum-6-ta, s. m. } A razor-strop.

चल chump, s. m. Mountain ebony (Bauhinia variegata).

चन्द्राज्ञ chúm-puk, े s. m. A tree bearing a चन्द्रा chúm-pa, े yellow fragrant flower (Michelia champaca); a division of the jack fruit.

चन्द्रकारी chum-puk-burnee, adj. Of the colour of the champs flower, i.e. gold-coloured. चन्द्र ह, ना chum-put-hons, v. n. To van-

ish, disappear, seamper, off, run away. चन्पा chúin-pa, s. m. A tree hearing a yel-

low iragrant flower (Michelia champaca). Chumpace, adj. Of the colour of champa.

a squared champa-kulec, s. f. A necklace, each piece of which resembles the unblown flowers of the champa.

चन्पाचेला chumps-kel-a, s. m. A small kind

बसावती chumpa-wat-ee, s.f. The district of Chumpa or Bhaguipore (abounding in shony trees).

चड्या chum-pee, adj. Orange-coloured. चड्या chum-poo, s. f. A work in which the same subject is continued through alternations in the composition of prose and verse. चलन chúm-bul, s. f. Name of a river in Bundelkhund.

प्रा chúm-ba, s. m. A tribe of beggars who cut or scarify their skin.

चह्न chain-boo, s. m. A narrow-necked vessel for holding water.

चर्छनी chum-hél-ee, s.f. A flower (Jasminum grandiforum).

चला chúm-mul, a.m.

चमला chum-la, s. m. A beggar's cup.

चमली chúm-lee, s. f.

ex chy, s. m. An assemblage, a multitude; a heap, a collection; a mound of earth, raised to form the foundation of a building; a rampart or mound of earth, raised from the ditch of a fort.

with chur, a. m. A ford, shoal, island; sound made by tearing cloth, &c.; a wagtail; forage, pasture; food, adj. Removeable, moveable, locomotive, moving, going; animate.

tise on medicine, applied also to the work; leprosey.

चरतार chur-kút-a, \* m. The person who cate forage for cattle, elephant-keeper's underling.

from leprosy). s. m. A small wound, scratch.

चरको churkee, s. m. A leper.

चट्डा chúr-kha, s. m. A spinning-wheel, a reel.

wheel, a pully; the instrument with which the seed is separated from the cotton.

person of any one by plastering sandal-wood, are, all over him, to apply (perjumes to the body).

Trat chir-chur, i. m. Prating, chattering; an initiative sound.

To churchure, adj. Talkative, chattering.

चर चर (ना chur-chur-ins, v. n. To crackle (as wood in the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide, scold, fret.

चरचना chur-chel-a, s. m. A chatterer, a

(as if a carriage, wheel, de.); idle prattle.

चरचत chur-chyt, s. m. A reasoner, a mentioner.

TE chur-ut, s. m. A wagtail.

चर्या chur-un, s. m. The foot ; the feet of a verse ; shoes, feeding, grazing.

बर्गपतन churan-putun, s. m. Prostration, falling at the feet. बर्गापतित chúrun-pútit, adj. Prostrate, fallen at the feet.

चर्गासेवा chúrun-séva, s. f. Service, devo-

चर्यागर्या chúrun-abhurun, s. m. An ornament on the feet.

चर्गास्त chur-un-amrit, ) s.m. Ambrosia

(implied in the expression), the water with which an idol or a Brokmun's feet have been washed. Churunamrit lena, v. a. To wash the feet of a guest and sip the water.

with chartee, s. m. One who does not just.

चरन chur-un, v. m. A foot; the feet of a

बरना chúr-na, v. n. To graze, to feed, s. m. Half trowsers. Churna churhana, v. a. To put on half trowsers.

चरनास्त chur-un-ámrit, ) s.m. Ambrosia चरनोटज chur-un-óduk, ) of the feet

(implied in the expression), the water with which an idol or a Brahmun's feet have been washed. Churunamrit lena, v. a. To wash the feet of a guest and sip the water.

Trutt chúr-pur-a, adj. Acrid, hot (as pepper); smart (in conversation).

चरपराना chur-pur-ana, v. n. To smart.

चरपराइट chur-pur-ahut, s. f. Smarting, pangency.

चरपरिया chur-pur-iya, adj. Active, ingenious.

चरकर char-phur, a.m. Activity, clever-

चरकरा char-phur-a, adj. Active, clever, quick

चरवराएमी churburs-egee, s. f. Dexterity, expertness, activity.

चरवाना chur-bá-na, v. a. To brace a drum.

चर्म chúr-um, adj. Last, ultimate, final ; west, western.

चा भक्त स्त chúrum-kshmá-bhrit, ) s. m. चा भा चल churum-áchul, े The western mountain behind which the sun in supposed to set.

चरवाई chur-waee, s. f. Price paid for pasturage.

चर्वास्त chur-wá-ha, s. m. A grazier, shepherd, feeder.

TCE, chur-us, s. m. The exudation of the flowers of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug; a leathern bucket, an nrn.

चर्चा chúr-sa, s. m. A hide, a skin,

Tre chur-see, s. f. The price paid for pasturage; grazing, feeding, pasturage.

TTE chur-ak, s.m. An animal that grazes.

TTTT chur-a-chur, adj. Movemble, locomotive; shaking, trembling, unsteady; sky, atmosphere; heaven.

बरान chur-an, s. m. Lea fallow, a meadow, a salt-marsh or meadow by the sea-shore.

TITT churana, v. a. To graze, pasture, feacl.

Tera chur-ao, s. m. Pasture-land.

परित chur-it, s.m. Fixed institute, proper or peculiar observance.

Tra chur-itr, s.m. Instituted or peculiar observance or conduct; story, adventures, nature, temper, behaviour, disposition, motion, action, conduct, procedure, manner, carriage, quality, humour, use, custom; talent; history.

The charee, s. f. Unripe corn cut for the food of cattle. adj. Moveable, locomotive; trembling, shaking, unsteady.

चर्चा chúr-00-a, s. m. A large pot.

चंक chúrch-uk, s. m. An arguer.

To consider, refleet, apprehend, conceive.

and char-chur, s. m. Prating, chattering; an imitative sound.

चचराना chur-chur-ána, v. n. To crackle (as wood in the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide.

चर्ची chár-cha, s. m. f. Talking over past events, mention, mentioning, recapitulating former occurrences; inquiry, investigation; argument, report, discourse, discussion, consideration, careful perusal, prevalence, engagedness, attention to business; adoration; perfuming by smearing the whole body with sandal-wood, &c.

Ger chur-chél-a, s. m. A chatterer, a prater,

वचर chur-chyt, s. m. A reasoner, a mentioner.

चम churm, s. m. Leather, a skin, a hide ; a shield.

THETT churm-kar, s. m. A shoe-maker, a currier or worker in leather.

The said churm-chut-ka, s. f. A bat. चम्चरी churm-chut-ee,

चर्म बहुती churin-un-vut-ee, र s. f. A river

f that runs चसवती churm-vut-ce, across Bundelkhund into the Ganges, the modern Chumbul,

चलवर् churm-turung, s. m. A wrinkle. a fold of skin.

चनच churm-un, e. m. Skin, hide, bark,

&c.; a shield; a student's bide, usually that of an antelope.

चमेमच churm-múy, ( adj. Leather, made नर्भी churmée, of leather.

चमीर churm-ár, s.m. A worker in leather. ant chur-ya, s.f. Perseverance in religious susterities; due and regular observance

चरी churra, s. m. Thunder.

of all rites or customs.

चरीना churrana, v. n. To burst ; to ache, to smart.

च केस chúrv-vun, s. m. Chewing, mastieating.

The exudation of the flowers of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug; a leathern bucket, an urn.

चल chul, s. f. Going, dispersion ; variation, departure from truth, failure in the performance of a promise or accomplishment of a prediction. Chul dena, v. a, To march (as an army); to beguile.

चलचलाव chul-chul-ao, s.m. Preparation for journey or departure.

चलिच chul-chitt, adj Fickle, inconstant. s. m. Fickleness, mutability.

चलचित्रता chul-chitt-tá, s. f. Fickleness, unsteadiness, inconstancy.

चलत chul-ut, adj. Current ; saleable, ven-

चलता chúl-ta, s. m. A tree producing an acid fruit (Dillenia indica). part. act. Going. Chultes cheez, s. f. Saleable goods, passable coin,

चल्डल chúl-dul, s. m. The holy fig tree. चलन chúl-un, e. m. Habit, custom, process, course, fashion, conduct, behaviour; ceremony; currency. adj. Current. Chulun chulud, v. n. To behave.

चलनता chul-un-ta,adj. Saleable, vendible.

चलना chúl-na, v. n. To move, go, proceed, walk, go off, pass (as coin), be discharged (a gun &c.), to blow, flow, drive; behave; sail; work, answer, succeed, avail, last, serve, stand. Chul-nikulna, To turn out vicious, to exceed bounds. Chuleh chulna, To go along. Chula juna, To go along, be off, depart.

चलनो chal-nee, s. f. A sieve. adj. Current, usual, fashionable.

Taur chul-phér, s. m. Motion.

चलविष्य e chul-bi-chúl, e. m. Error, mis-

चलिक्या chul-bidh-ra, adj. Restive.

चलविधराहट chul-bidh-rahut, s. f. Restiveness.

stant, fickle; on the point of death.

चनाचन chul-a-chul, s.f. The bustle

वनाचनी chul-a-chul-ee, of setting out on a journey, &c. setting about any thing. adj.
Tremulous, unsteady: moveable and stationary.

चलान chul-an, s. f. Clearance; remittance.

Tarry chul-ana, v. a. To impel, set a going, make to go or pass, to drive; actuate, direct; to fire a musket or cannon, shoot at, do, hasten, forward, send, accustom, act, advance, utter, throw, thrust, use, walk.

चलाय chul-áo, s. m. Habit, custom.

चलावा chul-áwa, s. m. Movement, motion, going, custom.

चित chúl-it, adj. Current, usual ; shaking, trembling; gone, departed.

TEE chul-ftr, s. m. Nature, temper, behaviour, disposition, motion, action, conduct, procedure, manner, carriage, quality, humour, use, custom; talent; history.

चित्री chul-ft-ree, adj. Gay, sportive, changeable, inconstant, affected.

चन् chúl-oo, s. m. A handful of water, water taken up in the hollowed palm of the hand for rinsing the mouth.

चलुक chúl-ook, s. m. The hand hollowed as for holding a little water, &c.; a small pot, a gallipot, &c.; a handful of water.

चलिन्न chuléndriyuh, adj. Sensitive, sensual, not having subdued senses or passions.

चली chúl-o, interj. Away | begone !

चरीना chul-bu-na, s. m. A small stick with which the spinning-wheel is turned.

चवादे chuwaee, s. m. Reporter, backbiter.

चवाना chuwála, s. m. A chair, a sedan. चवान chuwao, s. m. A report, slander.

चित्र chúv-i, s. f. The pepper plant which yields long pepper.

चिकी chúv-ik-ee, } (Piper charya).

चयत chúsh-uk, s.m. A vessel for drinking spirits with, a wine glass, &c.; any drinking vessel; spirituous liquor.

चपति chúsh-uti, s. m. Decay, infirmity. चस्त्र chús-uk, s. f. Pain, aching, throb-

bing pain, a stitch (sharp lancinating pain). च नकाना chus-uk-na, v. n. To throb, to ache.

वस्ता chús-ka, s. m. Love, ardent desire, a relish, habit, custom. चश्चा chús-na, v. n. To burst or split (as tight cloth).

liar to the palms of the hand and soles of the feet, said to be occasioned by insects.

चहकना chuhûk-na, v. n. To whistle (us birds).

the smarting of a wound, &c. by the application of a modicine. Children luyana, To burn the skin slightly by fomenting.

चहुकार chuh-kar, s. f. Singing or chirping of birds.

वहकारना chuh-kar-na, v. n. To sing or chirp (birds).

चहकेट chuh-kyt, adj. Brawny, stout.

चहचहा chub-chuba, adj. Deeply-coloured.

च इच्छाइट chuh-chuhá-hut, e.f. The singing or chirping of birds.

चहचहाना chuh-chuhána, v. n. To sing or chirp as birds.

चहचित्रा chuh-chúhiya, s.m. A whistler, चहजना chuhúl-na, v. n. To be fatigued, to be tired.

चह्रवपहल chahul-pahul, s. f. Jollity,morriment, cheer, mirth.

चहुना chúh-la, ) s. m. Dirt, mud, slime, निह्ना chíhla, ) ooze, mire; a splinter of wood. Chihla nikulna, To fatigue, to be tired. Chihla kurna, To split to pieces.

बहिन chúhiyeh, adv. Becoming ; neceseary, expedient.

चन्नी chuhée, a. f. Warbling.

Te chahoon, adj. Four. Chahoon-or, adv.

On all sides. चहांचक chuhoon-chuk, ) adj. Circumja-

चर्डिश chuhoon-dish, sent, all around. चन्नु chuk-shoo, s. m. The eye. Chukshoorog, s. m. Ophthalmia,

चाइं chácen, s. m. A low class of Hindoos; the seed of tamarind.

चाई chácen, चाईजई chácen-jóseen, s. f. Scaldhead.

चांगला chang-la, e.m. A colour in horses. चांटना chant-na, v.a. To press, to squeeze.

चांड chand, } s. f. A prop.

Tiz chand, s. m. The moon; the crown of the head; a white spot in the forehead of cattle, and many other things which are moon-like; an ornament; a month (lunar); a target (to shoot at). Chand chhipana, To change as the moon. Chandrat, End of the month. Chand-tara, A robe made

of flowering muslin, &c. Chand marna, To fire at a mark. Chand neh khet keeya, The moon has risen.

भारता chandens, s. m. Light. Chandnapull, s. m. The light fortnight of the moon.

moonlight; name of a flower; a white cloth apread over a carpet; any thing white and shining. Chandnes chouk, s. m. A wide and public street or market Chandnes val. s. f. A moonlight night. Chandnes ku mara jana, v. n. To be affected with a disease supposed to proceed from a stroke of the moon (a horse).

wicz chan-de, s. m. A subscription to raise a certain sum, an assessment, quota, share.

चाँदी chan-dee, s. f. Silver (pure), plate ; the grown of the head.

win champ, s. f. The lock of a gun; the stocks, the rack Champ churhana, To cook a gun; to punish or terment by squeezing the ear with the lock of a gun.

wiver champ-na, v. a. To join; to stuff, cram, thrust in, press.

चांबल chán-wul, s. m. Rice.

Trea. cha, s. f. Tea. Chadan, s. m. Teapot.

To chae, e. m. Eagerness, pleasure, taste.

with chak, s. m. A potter's wheel; rings of earth forming a well; a mill-stone, mill.

चाकी chá-kee, s. f. A mill-stone, a mill ; grinder.

चावना chákh-na, v. a. To taste, relish, en-

TITE chang-la, s. m. A colour in horses.

THE cha-chur, s. m. The pole round which they play at the festival of the holes; a fair or assemblage of people collected after the holes.

TTT chá-cha, s. m. Paternal uncle, father's brother.

will chá-chee, s. f. Father's sister, or father's brother's wife, sunt.

बाइल chan-chul-yuh, s. m. Unsteadiness. बाट chat, s. f. Longing, wish, itch, relish, taste; habit, custom; a delicacy, a bonne bouches. Chat lena. To lick up.

चारमा chát-na, v. a. To liek, to lap.

Tier chat-ce, s. f. A churn.

wre char, s. f. Turf; a hurt, a wound, a knock; a lever.

graded tribe, a Pariah, an outcaste.

चाराहा chandalée, s. f. A woman of the same tribe.

चात्रक chá-tuk, s. m. A bird, a kind of cuokoo (Ouculus melano-leucus).

Trat chá tur, s. m. A large net, a seine.

TRI Cha-tóor, adj. Clever, able, ingenious, shrewd, wise, knowing, cunning, sly: four.

TRIC cha-tóo-ree, s. f. Dexterity, ability, cleverness.

বার হা cha-tóor-yuh, s. m. Cunning, shrewdness. slyness.

and and chatoor-vurnyuh, e.m. The aggregate of the four original easts, the Brohmun, Khuttree, Vysyuh, and Soodr.

चार्त्रेश्च chatoor- vyd-yuh, s. m. A priest, &c. versed in the four Veds.

মানোৰ chat-wal, s. m. A hollow made in the ground to receive a burst-offering; any hole in the ground.

worth, a lunar month; the light fortnight, or half month during which the moon is on the increase ad. Lunar.

चान्द्रभागा chandr-bhaga, . f. A river in the Punjab, the Chinab.

चान्द्रभस chandr-mus, s. m. The constellation Mirgara; stars in Orion.

expiatory observance, regulated by the moon's age; diminishing the daily consumption of food every day, by one mouthful, for the dark half of the month, and increasing it in like manner during the light half.

Tru chap, s. m. A bow.

TITUE chap-pút, s. m. A tree (Buchanania latifolia).

चापन chá-pul, s. m. Unsteadiness (literally or metaphorically).

Times cha-phund, s. m. A kind of fishing-net.

TIME chal-na, v. a. To chew, masticate, gnsw. Chab chab baten kurnee, To mince one's words, to speak little or haughtily.

चार्चे chá-bee, x.f. A key.

चानटपाइना chábhut-párna, v. a. To craunch, to crush.

with cham, s. m. Hide, skin, leather. Cham keh dam chuioneh, v. a. To stretch to the utmost a temporary authority.

चासर cha-mur, s. m. The tail of the Bos grunniens, used to whisk off flies,&c.

THE GET chamur-pooshp, s. m. The betelnut tree (Areca faufel or catechu).

चामीकर cha-mee-kur, s. m. Gold.

witz chá-yuh, s. m. Eagerness, pleasure,

A palm (four inches). Char-congles, s. f. Hand sbreadth, Char-beeses, s. f. Four-score, Char-took, adj. Broken (into four pieces). arran chá-run, s. m. A dancer or minick, a kind of bard, reciter or panegyrist.

roads.

चारवाक char-vák, s. m. The head of a tribe of Atheists.

TITI chá-ra, s. m. Forage, fodder, food for cattle, bait for fish; a young plant. Chara dal-na, To bait.

The cha-roo, adj Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable, elegant.

twits charv-vak, s. m. A sophist, a philosopher; one acquainted with the doctrines of the schools, a sceptic in many matters of Hindoo faith, and considered by the orthodox as an atheist or materialist.

a beauty; understanding, intellect; moonlight; light, splendor.

house s. f. A colour in horses, roan; gait, motion, movement, pace, procedure, habit, custom, practice, method, way. Chal palsurna, To prevail. Chal chalna, To behave. Chal dhal, s. f. Gait, motion, procedure, manners, behaviour, breeding, politeness. Chal milna, To smell a rat.

বাজন chá-lun, s. m. A sieve, a strainer. বাজনা chál-na, v. a. To sift. v. n. To be mischievous. Chalumhar, A sifter. বাজনী chál-nee, s. f. A sieve, a strainer.

বাজনী châl-nee, s. f. A sieve, a strainer. বাজনু châ-luh, s. f. A fish, a sort of sprat (Clupea cultrata).

चाना chá-la, s. m. Motion, departure ; (met.) a lucky moment.

wich chá-lee, adj. Roguish, wicked, mis-chievous.

चासीस cha-less, adj. Forty.

(hence) the fortieth day after child-birth, death of a relation, dc.

quality chales-sa, s. m. A dimness of sight which is supposed to come on at forty years of age, and often to be removed on approaching the forty-eighth or fiftieth year; the fortieth year of any era, or of the century.

बाबोची cha-lee-sec, s. f. Quarantine kept after the death of a relation, child-birth, &c.

era chao, s. m. Eagerness, pleasure, taste, desire; a measure equal to four fingers; a kind of bamboo. Chao-chochla, or Chao-choz, Fondness, endearment, fondling and toying.

Trust cháo-ree, s. f. Name of a bazar in Delhi.

चावल chá-wul, s. m. Rice (cleared of the husk and not dressed).

दास chas, s. f. Ploughing. Chas kurna, and Chasna, To plough.

चारा chá-sa, s. m. A ploughman, a husbandman.

ate chah, s. f. Desire, wish, love, liking, affection, choice, want, appetite. Chah-chit, or Chah-c-choz, Love, affection, dalliance.

चाइज chá-huk, adj. Affectionate.

चाइत chá-hat, s. f. Desire, will, wishing, volition, love, liking.

wish for, will, want, demand, choose, need, require, pray, approve, ask for, orave, attempt, try, to see, look to, look for.

चाहा cha-ha, s. m. Love, affection, will.

বাস্থাৰ্চী chaha-chuhee, s. f. The love of one's country.

चाडिय chahiyeh, adv. Necessary, becoming, requisite.

able, beloved. s. A sweetheart, one beloved, a darling.

चाहीती cha-hée-tee, s. f. A mistress, a sweetheart.

वाहो chá-ho, imper. Choose, either, or. चित्र chik, s. f. A pain in the loins; a skreen made of split bamboos.

fanci chik-ta, s. m. A kind of tussur cloth.

चित्र of chik-the, ad. Filthy, greasy. s. m. An oil merchant.

family chik-na, s. m. Oil adj. Clean, polished, smooth; beautiful (person), greasy, oily, fat (as meat), glossy, sleek, slippery; incontinent, lewd, wanton. Chikna basun, or,—ghura bunna, To be incontinent, incorrigible, deaf to admonition. Chikna chanda, adj. Beautiful. Chiknee joroo, s. f. A slippery wife. Chiknee soopuree, s. f. A kind of betel nut prepared by boiling. Chiknee soorut, adj. Prosperous, affluent, flourishing. Chiknee mittee, s. f. Clay.

चिक्ताई chik-naee, s. f. Fat of meat; wantonness; gloss, smoothness, polish.

चिक्रनाना chik-ná-na, v. a. To clean, polish, smooth, lubricate, sleek.

বিশ্বনান্ত chik-ná-hut, s. f. Cleanness, glossiness, sleckness, smoothness, polish; gressiness; beauty.

चिकनिया chik-ni-ya, s. m. Beau, spark.

चिकलना chik-úl-na, v. a. To masticate, to chew (slowly).

चिकारना chik-ar-na, e. n. To squeak.

Tames chik-a-ra, e m. A kind of antelope found on the banks of the Jamua; akind of fiddle. Tanti chik-aree, s. f. An insect like a

musquito; smut (obscenity).

चिकित्व o chik-it-suk, s. m. A physician, a practiser in medicine.

विकित्या chik-it-sa, s. f. The practice of medicine, healing, curing, administering or applying remedies, attendance of a physician on a

चिवित chik-in, adj. Flat-nosed.

fafare chik-il, s. m. Mud, mire,

funz chik-for, s. m. Hair; a lock of hair.

Tanti chik-bo-re, adj. Rashly criminal, inconsiderately guilty, punishing or injuring others without consideration.

चिकोरना chik-fr-na, v. a. To peck.

Tanto chik-6-ra, adj. Restless, inconstant.

fam chikk, s. m. A musk rat. famz chik-kut, adj. Filthy, covered with grease and dirt.

fand chik-kun, adj. Bland, soft, mild, unctuous, emollient.

Taguir chik-kunée, s. f. The betel-nut.

चिक्रन chik-kun, adj. Clean; polished; beautiful ( person ); greasy, oily; incontinent, lewd, wanton.

fast chik-kus, s. m. Barley meal.

funt chik-ka, s. f. A mouse. fafarur chik-kin-a, adj. Bland, unctuous,

emollient.

fant chik-kee, s. f. A rotten betel-nut. adj. Flat-nosed.

निखान chik-hóorun, s. m. Weed.

चिख्रना chik-hóorna, v. a. To weed.

facal chik-hooree, s. f. A squirrel

fasz chin-gut, e. m.

A shrimp, or feger ching-ra, & m. prawn. चित्रही ching-ree, s. f.

चित्रनी ching-nee,s. f. ] A chicken.

forer chin-ga, s. m.

fre chin-gee, s. f. A spark of (fire); a wicked dwarf. Chingee jhurner, or, -chhootna, or,-mikulna, To sparkle.

s. m. Scream, faste ching-har, fagrer ching-ha-ra, Sacreech, clamour. Chingharen marna, To scream Chingharaa, v. a. To scream, to screech (applied properly to the elephant).

चित्रहो chich-ree, s. f. A tick or louse (of dogs and shoop).

चित्रही खेंचना chiclirhée khynchna, v. a. To scrawl, to score.

चित्रिंदा chich-in-da, s. m. A vegetable (Beta vulgaris).

चित्रियाना chichi-yana, v. n. To squeak, shriek, bleat.

faz chit, s. f. Rag, scrap. Chit ookhurnu, v. n. To splinter or have small pieces knocked off furniture.

fazzar chit-ka, s. m. A kind of grass or grain; mucus, slime.

fazarr chit-ká-ra, « m. A speck, a scar ; a clack with the tongue occasioned by an aerid taste. Chitkara lugana, To brand.

fazal chit-kee, s. f. Sunshine.

चित्र chit-ta, adj. White, fair. s. m. A silver coin. Chitta ookharna, v. a. To splinter or knock small pieces off furniture.

चित्री chit-tee, e. f. The hen of the little birds called Amaduvades (Fringilla amandavo).

चित्रा chit-tha, s. m. A memorandum of money paid, or the pay of servents of the state.

चित्री chit-thee, s. f. A note, a letter, a billet. Tubub chitthee, s. f. A summons. Chittheeputes, or, Chitthee puttur, s. f. Epistolary correspondence.

fas chir, s. f. Vexation, irritation; aversion, antipathy. Chir nikalna, To beater.

चिडचिडा chir-chir-a, s.m. A plant (Achyranthes aspera). adj. Cross, peevish, crabbed, fretful.

Tagfagrez chir-chir-áhut, s. f. Peevishness, fretfulness.

चिड्ना chir-na, v. n. To be vexed, to vex, to be irritated, to fret, to be provoked.

fasfust chir-pir-a, adj. Fiery, hot (as pepper'), acrid.

TEETER chir-pir ahut, s. f. Acrimony. चिड्रा chir-a, s. m. A sparrow. Chiree, s. f. A hen sparrow,

चिहाना chir ana, v. a. To vex, irritate, mock, provoke, offend, gibe, jeer.

चिडिया chir-iya, . f. A bird; a hen-sparrow (a generic term), a sparrow; a kind of sewing. Chiriyah-khannh, s. m. An aviary.

चिह्नोसार chir-ee-mar, s. m. A bird-catcher, a fowler

Taz chirh, s. f. Abhorrence, abomination, dislike, vexation, provocation.

Tial chin-ta, e. f. Thought, consideration, reflection, anxiety.

Tifaa chin-tit, adj. Thoughtful, reflective, anxious.

far chit, s. f. Intellect, understanding, mind, life, soul, heart, memory; look, glance, ant. Chit land, v. n. To be attentive, attached, apply to.

fan chit, adj. Supine, lying flat on the back. Chit kurna, To throw (one's adversary) on his back (a term in wrestling), to discomfit, overcome in battle.

चितकवरा chit-kub-ra, ] adj. Piebald, चितला chitla, speckled, spotted. चितना chit-na, v. n. To look, see, behold, appear; to be painted.

चितरना chiturna, v. a. To paint.

Tada chit-ra, s. f. Name of the fourteenth mansion of the moon (Spica Virginis).

fungi chit-la, adj. Piebald, speckled,

चितवन chit-wun, s. f. A sight, a look, a glance.

Tangz chit-hut, s. f. Reluctance, repug-

चिता chit-a, ' s. f. A funeral pile. Tanter chit-ákha, J

faatu chit-ang, adj. Supine (applied to anima'ed beings).

चिताचडक chit-a-chooruk, s. m. A mark where a funeral pile has been, a mausoleum, a menument.

चिताना chit-ana, ) v. a. To caution, चितावना chit-ao-na, J warn, apprize, inform, advise, suggest, remind, intimate, alarm. चितावनी chit-ao-nee, s. f. A token; ad-

monition, warning.

faart chit-ér-a,s. m. A person who paints flowers, &c. on wood, a painter.

चित्रीना chit-ou-na, v. a. To see, to look at, to behold.

famir chitkár, s m. A cry, a scream.

fun chitt, s. m. The mind or faculty of reasoning, the heart considered as the seat of intellect.

चित्तप्रसन्ता chitt-prusum-ta, s. f. Happiness, gaity, joy. fable.

चित्रवान chittwán, adj. Kind-hearted, ami-चित्तविभाग chitt-vibhrum, s. m. Madness, derangement.

चित्रा chitta, s. m. A medicinal plant (Plumbago zeylanica); application of a blister. adj. White.

चित्राभी य chitta-bhóg, s. m. Consciousness of pleasure or pain, the attention of the mind to its own sensations.

fant chittee, s. f. A scar, spot, freekle, &c. ; a kind of serpent; a course worn smooth by rubbing. Chitteedar, adj. Speckled. Chittee lana, To sear.

Two chit-yuh, s. m. A monument, or any mark of the scite of a funeral pile.

चित्रा chit-yah, s. f. A funeral pile.

faa chitr, v. a. A picture, painting, delineation, writing, &c.; a circular ornament, a sectarial mark on the forehead.

THARTE chitr-kar, s. m. A portrait-painter, a painter.

चलकारी chitr-karee, s. f. Portrait-painting, painting.

चित्रकाट chitr-kóot, s. m. A mountain in Bundelkhund, the modern Compteh, and first habitation of Ram in his exile.

fant chitr-gur, s. m. A portrait-painter, a painter.

चित्रगुप्त chitr-goopt, s. m. A name of Yum; Yam's registrar, said to record the vices and virtues of mankind, the recording angel or [Mima. infernal registrar.

चित्रनेत्र chitr-netra, a. f. A small bird, the चित्रपदा chitr-púd-a, s. f. A creeper (Cissus pedata); a kind of metre.

चिलप्रिका chitr-purnik-a, ) s. f. A plant चित्रपणी chitr-purnee, ) (Hemionites cordifolia); Bengal madder (Rubia manjeth).

चित्रपादा chitr-pada, s. f. The Myna, a small bird so called.

चिलिबिल chitr-bichftr, ) adj. Of various चित्रविचित्र chitr-vichitr, J colours, varie-

चित्रभोजन chitr-bhó-jun, s. m. Change of diet, eating of unusual food.

चित्रल chitral, s. m. Variegated or spotted (the colour).

चित्रभावा chitr-shala, s. f. A gallery of pictures, a picture-room.

चित्रा chitra, s. f. Name of the fourteenth mansion of the moon (Spica Virginis). adj. Variegated, spotted, speekled.

चित्रक chitr-ang, s. m A kind of snake ; a plant (Plumbago zeylanica); yellow orpiment; vermilion.

चित्रिया chitrin-ee, s. f. The second (Hindoo) division of women.

चिष्ट्र chith-ra, s. m. A rag, tatter.

चिषांड्या chit-hur-iya, adj. Tattered, ragged, clothed in rags.

चियाडना chit-har-na, v. a. To tear to pieces; to fill a paper with writing or scribbling; to abuse, revile, treat with indignity.

चिन्य chin-ug, s. f. Ardor wrince.

चित्रगता chín-ug-na, v. n. To throb, to shoot (as a boil, de.); to cry, to screedb.

चिनगारी chin-gé-ree, s. f. A spark (of fire). व चिनगी chin-gee, s. f. A spark (of fire); a wicked dwarf. Chingee jhurnee, or,—chhootna, or,—nikulna, To sparkle.

चिनचिनाना chin-chin-ana, v.n. To scream, squak, squall.

fang chin-tun, s. m. Study.

चित्रता chin-tun-a, v. a. To study, to think. चित्रता chin-ta, s. f. Reflection, consideration, recollection, care, doubt, danger, risk, anxiety, thought, peril.

चिनावृत्त chinta-keol, adj. Disturbed in thought or distracted by any idea.

चिलाना chin-ta-na, v.a. To cause to study. चिलामर chinta-pur, adj. Thoughtful, anxious

िक्लामिण chinta-muni, s. m. A fabulous gem, supposed to yield its possessor whatever may be required.

चित्रावत chinta-vút, adj. Thinking, thoughtful.

चिन्तावेश्वन् chinta-véshmun, s.m. Councilhouse or room.

चिनित chin-tit, ady. Thoughtful, anxious,

चिन्त्या chin-ti-ya, s. f. Reflection, consideration, thinking.

বিশ্ব chinn,s. m. A kind of grain (Panicum miliaceum).

furs chinh, s. m. A scar, mark, spot, stain, sign, symbol, token by which any thing is known, feature, signature. Chinh churhana, To stigmatize.

चिन्हार chin-har, s. m. ] An acquaint-चिन्हारी chin-ha-ree,s. f.] ance.

TURET chip-uk-na, v. n. To stick, adhere, collapse; to spread or sink (as ink on damp paper); to be compressed. Ohipuk jana, To fall in love at first sight.

चित्रचित्रा chip-chip-a, adj. Clammy, viscid, glutinous, adhesive.

चिषाचिषाना chip-chip-ana, v. n. To ad-चिषारना chip-ut-na, here, to cohere, to stick.

चियाचियाच्य chip-chip-ahut, A.f. Viscosity, glutinousness, tenacity, stickiness.

fauzt chip-ta, adj. Clammy, viscous, glutinous.

चिपटाना chip-tá-na, v. a. To sod, turf, to apply patches, stick.

निषडाहा chip-ra-ha, adj. Bleared (as the

Swall cakes of dried cow-dung.

Taun chipne, v. n. To be concealed.

Faur chip-puk, ady. Shallow. s. f. Name of a bird.

चिष्णस chip-pakh, s. m. A sparrow-hawk. चिष्णी chip-pee, s. f. A patch on paper.

चित्रावला chibáo-la, adj. Childish, boyish.

বিৰিন্ত chib-il, adj. Unpolite childish, বিৰিন্তা chib-illa, boyish. Chibillapun, s. m. Boyishness, childishness.

चित्रक chib-ook, s. f. The chin.

चिमचिमा chim-chim-a, e. m. Oil become viscous by age.

चिम्रदना chim-tit-na, । v. n. To adhere, to चिम्रहना chim-tir-na, । stick. Chimut ruhna, v. n. To cleave to.

favir chim-ta, s. m. Tongs, forceps.

चसराना chim-ta-na, v. n. To adhere, to cling to.

चिसटो काटना chímtee kátna, v. a. To pinch.

चिसठा chim-thá, adj. Elastic, tough.

चित्रहा chimra, ady. Tough, ductile, flexible, hardy.

चित्रहाई chim-race, s. f. Power, vigour, flexibility, ductility.

चित्रहाना chim-rá-na, v. n. To toughen, grow tough.

चिमहास्ट chim-rá-hut, s. f. Toughness, flexibility.

चित्रहो chim-ree, ady.-Infrangible (a quill for instance), hard.

Towar chim-sa, adj. Glutinous (as oil by long keeping).

fast chimi, s. m. A parrot; a plant, from the fibres of which coarse cloth and rope are made. fast chir, adj. Long (time).

fair chir-un-jee, adj. Long-lived.

चिर्वना chir-uk-na, v. a. To have a scanty stool.

( Carr) chir-karee, adj. Dilatory, tedious, slow.

Tarara chir-kal, s. m. A long period.
adv. Always, eternally. Chirkal sek, adv. Long
ago.

faraz chir-koot, s. m. A bit, a piece, a

चिर्कुटिया chir-koo-tiya, adj. s. m. A tatterdemalion, ragged. चिट्रियाchír-kriya, adj. Dilatory, tedious, slow.

farfar chir-chir-a, s. m. A medicinal plant (Achyranthes aspera); a child.

farfariat chir-chir-ana, v. n. To crackle (as wood in the Arc), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide.

चिट्चिट्चिट्ट chir-chir-shut, s. f. Peevishness, fretfulness.

चिरजीवना chir-jéev-na, v. n. To be long-lived.

चिर्जीवी chir-jeev.ee, adj. Long-lived. चिर्जीविन chirun-jeevin, s. m. A crow; Vishnoo. adj. Long-lived.

faraz) chir-in-tee, s. f. A woman married or single, who continues to reside after maturity in her father's house; a young woman.

चिर्वित chir-tikt,s. m. A kind of Gentian (Gentiana Cherayta).

चिर्ल chir-titn, विश्व chir-tin, antiquated, long lasting.

चिर्ना chír-na, v. n. To be torn or split, to split.

चिर्वाना chir-wa-na, v. a. To cause to tear or to be torn.

चिर्द्धारी chir-sthayée, adj. Long enduring, lasting or remaining for a long time,

fariz chir-and, s. f. The smell of burning leather, bair, &c.

िक्राना chir-aua, v. a. To cause to tear or be torn, cause to split.

चिराय chiráyoo, adj. Long-lived. e. m. A. Deity, a Divinity.

fafter chir-in-tee, s. f. A woman staying in her father's house.

fulful chir-on-jee, s. f. Nut of the Chironia sapida, and the tree.

चिति chir-óu-ree, s. f. Beseeching, begging, requesting.

निवक chil-uk, s. f. Refulgence, glitter.

चित्रका chil-uk-na, v. n. To glitter, to shine.

चित्रचिताना chil-chil-ana, v. n. To shriek, scream, screech.

fenerer chil-rá-ha, adi. Lousy.

ferm chil-um, s. m. The part of a hookka which contains the tobacco and fire.

বিৰম্ম) chil-um-chee, s. f. A wash-hand basen of metal with a cover to it; part a hookka fixed under the chilum.

বিৰুপৰ chil-wun, s. f. A skreen for keeping out the glare, a venetian-blind, a lattice. বিৰুপৰ chil-wan, s. m. A shutter. चित्रहरा chilúhla, adj. Spláshy, muddy, slimy.

चित्रहोरना chil-hór-na, v. a. To peck. चित्रिक chil-ik, s. Twitch, stitch.

चिम्न chill, s. m. The Bengal kite(Falco chesla).

निह्नाड chillur, s. f. A louse. Chillur marna, v. a. To louse.

funt chilla, s. m. A bowstring; gold threads put in the borders of a turband. Chilla khynakna, v. a. To bend a bow; to prepare for battle. Chilla churhana, v. a. To bend a bow.

चिद्धाना chil-la-na, v. n. To scream, shriek, roar, bawl, bellow, cry out, exclaim.

चित्राहट chil-la-hut, s. f. Cry, out-cry,

বিল্পা chil-lee, s. f. A kind of dish made of eggs; a blockhead, one who plays mischievous pranks.

चित्रहवांस chilh-wans, s. m. The flesh of a kite (the eating of which is said to produce madness) screaming like a kite.

चित्राना chihana, v.a. To embellish, decorate.

चिहित्तना chihikua, s. m. Warbling of the nightingale, &c.; the sound of fireworks.

বিদ্ধ chinh, s. m. A mark of any kind, a spot, stain, sign, symbol, &c.; a banner, a standard; a symptom.

चौंटी chéen-tee, s. f. Small ant.

चींचना cheenth-na, v. n. To be bruised by being trod upon.

বীজান cheecon-ta, s. m. Large black ant. বাজান cheecon-tee, s. f. The diminutive of cheeconta.

चो अड्डा chee6o-ra, s. m. Rice parched and eaten raw.

चीक cheek, चीकड़ chee-kúr, }s. f. Mud, slime.

ৰীন্ত chée-kut, s. f. A mixture of oil and dust. adj. Greasy or dusty (as cloth).

Tier cheekh, s. f. A scream, screech, shriek, Cheekh marna, To scream, screech, sbriek, cry.

चोत्तना chéekh-na, v. n. To roar, scream. v. a. To taste.

चीखर chee-khóor, s. m. A squirrel.

ৰীত chee-thée,s. m. A note, letter, billet. ভীনত cheetár, s. m. Hips, buttocks. Chectur tekna, To get rest, to sit down.

चोतना cheet-na, v. a. To wish, think or imagine; to draw, to paint.

चीतल chée-tul, s. m. A certain animal of the forest (perhaps a leopard or panther, or some other spotted animal). adj. Spotted, variegated, speckled (colour).

(Felia jubata; Hunting leopard); a medicinal plant (Plumbayo seplanica).

चीचना cheeth-na, v. a. To rend, to tear. चीन cheen, s. m. A sort of grass (Panicum miliaceum), a country, China, a short of cloth.

चीनकप्र cheen-kupóor, s. m. Camphor.

Trifus cheen-pishth, s. m. Minium or red-lead (brought in cakes or lumps from the hills on the north-west of Bengal, and between it and China).

perhaps so named from Chem, China, whence it might have been first brought to india; as sugarcandy is called Misree, apparently from Misr, Egypt). adj. Belonging to, or produced in China, Chinese.

which any thing is known.

चीन्द्रना chécuh-na, v. a. To know, to re-

Tres chéen-ha, s. m. An acquaintance.

Trug chee-pur, s. f. Rheum of the eyes.

tearing, rending, splitting, slitting, s. f. Cloth; a sort of covering or dress for women, clothes, attire; the Pine tree (Pinus longifolia). Cheer niculaa, To break through troops.

चीरना chéer-na, v. a. To rend, tear, split, slit, rip, cleave, saw, harrow.

slit; virginity; a turband. Cheera colarna, v. a. To deflower. Cheera-bund, A virgin.

The chee-ree, s. f. The ends or hem of a garment.

चीरेता chee-ry-ta, s. m. The Gentian plant (Gentiana Cherayta).

The cheel, s. f. A kite (Falco cheela).
Cheel fluputta marna, To snatch,

ales cheel-hur, } s.f A louse.

of a Bouldh mendicant, or of any mendicant.

Talta chée-vur-in, s. m. A Bouldh or Jyn mondioant.

STA choo.án, s. f. A reservoir, a cistern.

Choon.khace, s. f. A deep ditch with water
springing at the bottom.

rom grain merchants, being as much grain as a man can grasp in his hand.

ggar choon-choo-na, s. m. Ascarides.

चुंचला choondh-la, s.m. Blinkard. Choondhlena, v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly.

चुंचा choon-dha, ads. Blinkard ; bad (as a

चुकती chook-tee, s. f. Settlement.

3 and chock-na, v. n. To be finished, to be completed, to be fixed; to be agreed upon, to be adjusted.

Tat's choo-kace, s. f. A task, agreement, adjustment, decision. Cheotace dena, To escape one's notice, to give one the slip.

चुकाना choo-ka-na, v. a. To finish, complete, settle, adjust; to fix the price of.

चुकोता choo-kóu-ta, s. m. A task, agreement, adjustment, decision, settlement.

चुकड़ chook-kur, s. m. A small tank or pit, a shallow hole with water in it.

Terr chook-kar, s. m. The roaring of a

Tail chook-kee, s. f. Deceit, fraud. Chook-kee dena, v. a. To deceive, to play tricks.

चुझ chookr, s. m. Sorrel; sourness; acid

giant choo-kri-ka, s. f. Wood sorrel (Oxalis monodelpha), according to other authorities (Rumex renearius).

चुमन chóo-gun, s. f. A plait or fold in a

food with the beak, to pick up food to feed.

Choog lena, v. a. To select, choose, cull

चुगाना choo-gá-na, v. a. To cause to peck or pick up food with the beak.

Two choon-gee, s. f. A tax gathered daily from grain merchants, being as much grain and man can grasp in his hand.

3 4317-11 chooch-kar-ma, v.n. To fondle, to chirp to, to cheer by making the noise occasioned by drawing in the breath with lips protruded.

चुचकारी chooch-ká-ree, e. f. Blandishment.

चुनाना choo-cha-na, v. q. To drop, to be drenched with water, to be dripping wet with sweet, water, &c. [boson.

चुचि chóochi, s, m. The female breast or चुच्चड chooch-chúr, s. m. Large breasts.

gzan choot-kee, s. f. A pinch; snapping of the fingers; the hammer of a gun; a mode of printing cloth or goolbudan; an ornament worn on the toes. Chootkee bhurna, or, —lena, To nip, to pinch; to throw out provoking insimuations. Chootkiyon men orana, To put one of with a joke.

त्रद्वार choot-koo-la, s. m. Pleasantry, facetiousness, wit, humor; conondrum. Choolkoola-su, adj. Amusing. yzar choot-la, e. m. A one or lock of hair worn behind.

चुटाना choo-tá-na, चटाना choo-tál-na, े v. a. To wound.

Trat choo-ti-ya, s. m. A spy to thieves, the head of a gang of thieves. s. f. A lock of hisir left on the head when the rest is shaved.

चृटियाना choo-ti-yana, v. a. To wound. चुटीला choo-tée-la, adj. Wounded, bruis-

ed, stricken.

gran chóo-roo-a, s. m. A dish prepared from parched rice.

The ghost of a woman who died while pregnant; a hag, a fury; a dirty woman, slut, slattern.

चुनचुना chéon-choon-a, s. m. } Ascarides.

जनत choo-nut, s. f. Plaiting (cloths),

चुनन choo-nun, s. m. Rumple, crease.

cloths, in which they are tied in different places previous to dipping them in the dye, so as to prevent the parts tied from receiving the colour, also, cloths dyed in this manner.

इनवाना choon-wa-na, । v. a. To cause to चुनाना choo-na-na, | pick, choose, select, arrange, put in order, &c. Choona lena, v. a. To plait (cloth); to kill by building a person into a wall.

चुनायट choo-ná-wut, s. f. A plait, plaiting. चुनाँटा choo-nóu-ta, s. m. A box for holding the lime used to chew along with betel; the folding of the cloth called sures, worn by women.

holding the lime used to chew along with betel; a small spoon used to take out the lime; encouraging troops in the time of battle (for which purpose there is an afficer in Indian armies); selecting from an army the fittest men for a desperate enterprize; a practice which formerly prevailed at Benaras, (on the 11th of Jeth shook! pukah, the inhabitants were wont to swim across the river, and forming themselves into two porties, to fight with swords, clubs. &c.)

चुन्दी choon-dee, s. f. A procuress, a bawd. चन्द्रचा choondh-la, adj. Blinkard.

चुन्नजाना choondh-lá-na, v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly.

3 at choon-dha, adj. Dim, purblind, dim-

TET choon-na, v. a. To gather, pick, choose, select, cull; to pick up food (as birds); to place in order, arrange; to plait (cloth). s. m.

Ascarides. Durwaza choanna, To close a door with bricks.

चुनो choon-nee, s. f. A small ruby; asco-

The choop. adj. Silent. interj. Silence! (the word rule being understood) s. f. Silence, as Choop lagues, or Choopkee lugues, v. n. To be struck dumb.

quar choop-ka, adj. Silent.

चुपको chóop-kee, e. f. Silence.

चुपचाप choop-cháp, व्याचि choop-a-chóop, व्याचि choop-a-chóop, Furtively, hy

stealth, silently.

उपच्याना choop-choopana, v. n. To keep silence. Choop-choopatch, adv. Silently, secretly. उपद्वा choo-pur-na, v. a. To varnish, cover, smooth, anoint; palliste, besmear.

चुपड़ा choopra, adj. Plausible though false. चुपड़ो choop-ree, adj. f. Oiled, greasy; smooth, plausible. Choopree bat, s. f. Flattery, soft words. Choopree rotee, s. f. Cakes rich with clarified butter.

guit choop-pee, s. f. Silence.

उभकी choobh-kee, s. f. A plunge in water,

সুমনা choobh-na, v. n. To be stuck or thrust into, to pierce, to be pricked, pierced, goaded, stabbed, to penetrate.

चुआना choo-bhá-na, v. a. To stick into, thrust into, pierce, goad, stab, prick.

चुभा chóo-ma, s. m. A kiss. Chooma-चुभा chóo-ma, chatee, s. f. Dalliance. चुभाना choo-má-na, v. a. To cause to kiss. चुभागा choom-kár, s. m. A sound चुभागा choom-kár-ree, s. f. with the lips by which dogs and horses are called.

That tenom-kar-na, v. a. To coax, speak kindly to, soothe (by drawing in the breath with protruded lips).

a rogue, a cheat; the loadstone, a magnet; extract (from a book &c.); a general scholar, one who knows parts in a variety of books; the upper part or middle of a balance.

चुक्त choom-bun, s. m. Kissing ; a kiss. चुक्तक choom-muk, s. m. The load-stone.

चुरकी choor-kee, s. f. Lock of hair.

TIBE choor-koot, s. m. Powder.

दुर्गना choo-rug-na, v. n. To chirp ; to prate, to prattle.

चुरा choor-choo-ra, adj. Crisp, aerid. चुरमुरा choor-moo-ra, s. m. An imitative sound.

द्वराना choo-rá-na, v. a. To steal, filch, rob.

The chooree, s. f. Bangles or rings made of glass, &c., and worn on the wrist; a kind of bracelet; a small well.

चुर्यना chóo roog-na, v. n. To gabble, to prattle.

चुनै choort, s. f. Nap, drowsiness, nodding. चुनै choor-ree, s. f. Drogs.

was chool, s. f. Itching, soratching.

पुजापुत chool-chool, s. m. Wantonness, inconstancy.

युद्धाना chool-choo-lana, v. n. To itch, to titillate.

পুৰুত্বী chool-choo-lee, s. f. Wantonness, inconstancy.

पुरुक्ता chool-boo-la, adj. Restless, fidgetting; airy, gay.

चुन्त्रना chool-boo-lana, v. n. To be restless, to be agog, to fidget, to be fidgetty.

पुल्बापन chool-boo-lapun, s m. Galety. पुल्बाह्ट chool-boo-labut, s. f. Restlessness: galety.

gesferar choo-boo-liva, adj. Restless, fidgetting; siry, gay. [drip.

चुडाना choolana, v. a. To distil, cause to पुताब choolao, s. m. A kind of dish.

3 chooll, s. m. A blear eye.

TET chool-la, adj. Blear-eyed.

The chool-lee, s. f. A fire-place, a chimney. The chool-lee, s. m. A handful, the palm of the hand contracted so as to hold water. Thoulloo-blur pance men dool murra (lit. to drown ones self in a handful of water). To be greatly ashamed. Choolloo chooloo sadhaa, To get a habit of drinking by gradual increase. Choolloo men colloo hona. To be intexicated

with a mouthful.

Serit chool-hace, adv. f. Lewd, libidinous (woman).

Territ chool-hara, adj. m. Lascivious,

चुसक्ता choo-súk-na, v. n. To throb.

उपकी choos-kee, s. f. A mouthful of drink.

SERT choo-súk-kur, s. m. One in the habit of sucking (met. a tippler).

3897 choos-nee, s. f. A child's coral.

इसी choos-see, s. f. The juice of fruits. इस्टा chook-choo-ha, adj. Deeply-co-loured.

पुष्ठ पुष्ठाना chooh-choo-hana, n. n. To glow as a colour, to die a deep colour, to blash (a facer).

To carol, to make merry.

बुह्ना chóoh-la, s. m. A large wooden peg, a tent-pin.

चुह्नी chéoh-lee, adj. Comic.

चित्रा chochiya, e. m. A little mouse.

चंगी choongee, s. f. Toll, tax, duty.

date choon-chuhát, s. j. Singing of birds.

चुंची choon-chee, A.f. Breast, bubby, dug, nipple.

चूंटा choon-ta, s. m. A large ant.

चंटी choon-tee, e. f. A small ant.

चुंडना choonth-na, v. α. To gather (α Mover), to claw, pinch.

चंधन choondh-la, } adj. Dim, purblind, चंधा choon-dha, dim-sighted.

चुना choon-ma, part, pass, Kissed.

Tana choo-an, s. f. A reservoir, a cistorn. Choon-khace, s. f. A deep dirch with water springing at the bottom.

The chook, s. f. An error, fault, inadvertency blunder, mistake, failing, miss. acij. Sour, acid. a. m. A medicine made of boiled lemon juice and pomegranates.

युक्तमा chook-na, n. n. To blunder, mistake, dopart from, err, miss, fail, miscarry.

चुका chóo-ka, s. m. A kind of sorrel (Rumex vesicarius); a kind of earthen pot.

चू द chookh, s. m. A medicine, orris-root, orrice, or iris-root.

बूची chốo-chee, s. f. Breast, pap, nipple, test, dug.

To choot, s. m. A crack, a noise.

worn by Hindoo widows; the ring fastened to elephants' teeth.

To the crown of the head at the ceremony of tensure; a peacock's crest; any crest, plume, diadem, &c.; the head; top, summit; a kind of bracelet. a. m. The rings fastened to elephants' teeth; a kind of food made of parched rice.

in a crost, or a diadem; the Goonja (Abrus precatorius).

Terrer choo-rala, s. f. A kind of grass (Kyllinga monocaphala), adj. Crested, having a lock of hair on the crown of the head.

a lock of hair, &c. on the top of the head.

of glass, &c. and worn on the wrist. Chooreedar,
Drawers, or sieeves, made too long, so as to be
crumpled into plaits.

an choon, s. m. Flour; lime,

pay choo-tur, s. m. The backside, bum, buttock, hip, rump. Chootur bujana. To be over-joyed. Chootur suborna, To loiter, to hang back. Chootur sch kan ganthaa. To speak equivocally, to use far fetched expressions.

चून choon, s. m. Flour; lime.

to be filtered, to coze exude; to drop from the tree when ripe (fruit). s. m. Lime. Chaona puznes, s. f. A dancing girl. Choona lugana, To defame.

g al chéc-nee, s. f. Pulse split or ground very coarsely; a spark or small ruby or other gen.

gue choo-pur, s. m. Grease.

amooth, plausible. Cheapree bat, s. f. Plattery, soft words. Cheapree rotes, s. f. Cakes rich with clarified butter.

TH choobh, s m. Prick, puncture.

चू सक्तपद्ध र chóomuk-putthúr, s. m. A magnet.

चूका choomun, s. m. Kissing.

चुसना chéom-na, r. a. To kiss.

चुसा ch6o-ma, s. m. A kiss, Chooma-chato, s. f. Dalliance.

Tt choor, s. m. Powder, filings, atoms. adj Bruised. Choor-choor, adj. Broken to atoms. Choor ruhma. To set. Choor kurna. To break into small pieces, to shatter. Choor huna. To be broken into small pieces; to be enamoured of, to be in love, to dute; to be tired. Nusheh men choor hanc. To be intoxicated.

चूरच chéo-run, s. m. A powder composed of medicines for promoting digestion.

TT ch60-ra, c. m. Filings; saw-dust; grain reduced to coarse particles to be chucked into the mouth.

The choo-ree, s. f. A bread rich with clarified butter; a bracelet,

Til choorn, c. m. Powder, dust, any pulverulent or minute division of substance; fossile alkali, efflorescent salt; aromatic powder, pounded sandal, &c.

चू जेंचु नड choorn-koon-tul, e. m. A lock of hair, a curl or curling hair.

vel, hardened fragments of earth, or brick; limestone nodule, commonly known in India by the name of Kunkur.

and choor-na, v. a. To reduce to very small pieces or to atoms.

THE choor-ma, s. m. A kind of sweetment made of sugar and crumbled bread.

ge chool, s. f. A tenon, the part of a joiner's work which fits into another (as a doce-

tail); a pivot upon which a door turns (as on a hinge); an axle tree arm. Choolen ookhurna, or, dhoelee hona. To be tired, worn out with labour.

wer choola, s. f. A crest.

Test chool-ha, s. m. A fire-place.

चूबना chóov-na, v. n. To drop, to leak, to ooze, to exude.

चुह्रमा chóos-na, v. a. To suck.

चुननी choos-nee, s. f. Child's coral, a sucking stick for children.

चूह्र choo-húr, s. m. The act of hunting by deceiving game with a stalking horse.

ছুল্ডা chooh-ra, s. m. A Hindoo sweeper. ছুল্ডা chooh-ree, s. m. The wife of a Chookra, a Hindoo sweeper woman.

चूहना chooh-na, v. a. To suck.

Chookeh-dan, s. m. A mouse-trap. Chookeh-mar, s. m. A sparrow-hawk, cormorant, a mouser.

चूडी chée-hee, s. f. A mouse.

चेंचपेच chench-pench, s. m. Brats.

चेंची chén-chee, s. f. A needle-case

चेचेकर ना chen-chen kurna, n. n. To chatter, chirp, murmur, grumble, squesk.

चड़ा chén-ra, adj. Young, little.

and trees.

To chet, s. m. A servant, a slave.

चेटन chet-uk, s. f. A miracle; a deception.

चेटी chet-ee, s. f. A female servant.

चेड्रा chér-a, s. m. A servant.

चेंद्रो chér-ee, s. f. A female servant or slave.

चेत्र chet, s. m. Memory, remembrance, thought, perception, consciousness; circumspection.

चेत्रम chet un, adj. Alive, living, feeling, a.m. Reason, rationality, caution; soul, self; understanding, intelligence, wisdom, reflexion.

चेत्रभा chet-na, v. a. To remember, think of, advise, reflect, be aware, perceive; to recover the senses, to be roused. s. f. Action.

चेत्रा chét-a, s. m. An admonisher.

चेना chén-a, s. m. Millet (Panicum Itali-

चेपना chép-ne, v. a. To stick together.

चेराई cher-ace, s. f. Slavery.

चेरायता cher-ayuta, s. m. The Gentian plant (Gentiana Cherayta).

aft chér-ee, s. f. A female servant, a slave-girl.

चेती ché-lee, s. f. A slave girl, a female servant.

चेवनी chéo-lee, s. f. Silk (cloth).

TT chesh ta, s. f Application, endeavour, effort, exercise, motion, exercise, search, appearance, bodily act or function.

Ezr chynta, s. m. Black ant.

चेत chyt, s.m. The twelfth Hindoo month

(March April).

Deity considered as the essence of all being; reason, understanding, caution, perception, the possession of the proper use of the faculties; an animal or sentient being, adj. In possession of the senses, awake, rational, sensitive, cautious, attentive, aware, perceiving.

ৰস্ত chytr, s. m. The twelfth Hindoomonth (March-April).

चड़ chyn, s. m. Ease, relief, repose, tranquillity: denying a bet in gaming, imposture.

वना chy-na, s. m. A kind of corn. वना chy-la, s. m. A hillet of wood cut for burning, &c.

Tarri chónk-na, v. a. To prick, pierce.

Then chong-la, so m. A joint of bamboo used to send letters in

Tim chon-ga, s m. A funnel.

wit chonch, s. f. Beak, bill; a point.

Test chonch-la, s. m. Playfulness, blandishments, endearing arts and expressions, coquetry, toyishness,

which hair is tied or braided at the end, the cue or lock of hair behind; false hair mixed with the real.

hind (tail), braid, one; top, apex, summit, pinnacle; an ornament worn on the head by women. Chontee asman-pur ghima, To be very vain or aspiring. Chantes-kut. A slave. Chantee kutwana, To be a slave, to be obedient. Chantee kutwana, thath man ana, To have a power over one, to sundue.

elst chonda, s. f. The head; hair braided on the top of the head.

चौधना chonth-na, v. a. To scratch, to claw. चौधनाना chondh-lá-na, v. a. To be purblind to see dinaly.

This chon-dhoe, s. f. Dimness, dulness of sight.

To chomp, c. f. Wish, desire, fondary chount, ness; alacrity, avidity; a gold ornament worn on the front teeth. बोद्या chó-a, s. m. A perfume; the pod or skin of any kind of pulse; a wind fall (fruit). द्वाराष्ट्र cho-ar, s. m. A mountain robber, a mountainear and outlaw.

ৰাজ্যৰ cho-au, s. f. Dropping, dripping. ৰাজ্যৰ: cho-a-na, v. a. To cause to drip, to distil, drop, filter, draw off.

बोकर ch6-kur, e.m. Husk of wheat, bran. बोख chokh, adj. Sharp, pungent, keen.

s. m. A medicine, orristroot.

That cho-kha, adj. Pure, unadulterated, genuine, neat, good, choice, fine, sharp jungent, keen; clever, dexterous; pleasing, delightful, beautiful.

নার্যে cho-khá-ee,s f. Purity, sharpness. নারা chó-khee, adj. f. Sharp (tone in music).

হাসা chó-ga, s. m. Food of birds brought up from the crop; food of birds in general. Choya budulna, To bill, caress as doves by joining bills.

चोट्टा chón-ga, s. m. A funnel.

चीपडा chéch-la, s. m. Playfulness, blandishments, endearing arts and expressions, coquetry, toyishmess.

ৰাজ choj, s. m. Subtileness, beauty.

damage: fall; spite; effort, attempt, assiduity; desire, wish, aim. Chot-pur chot, One mistortune follows another, mistortunes come not singly. Chot-bandhna. To defend; to bind up the edge of a sword, &c.; to restrain by magic. Chot khana, To be hurt, to receive a blow; to suffer loss.

sizi chó-ta, s. m. Discount or premium independent of interest; treacle,

चोटियाना cho-ti-yana, v. a. To seize by

The tho-tee, s. f. A look of hair left on the top of the head, the plait or tie of hair behind, a cue; top, summit, summit of a hill; a petticoat. Chotee ku hona, To excel, to be preeminent or unrivalled.

Tigr chot-ta, s. m A thief.

चोड chor, s. m. A bodice or jacket.

will choth, a m. Cow-dung.

को आका chondh-la, adj. Blinkard.

चोल्याना chondh-lána, v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly.

The chon-dies, s. f. Dimness, dulness

Tru chop, s. f. Desire, wish, hope.

That choolie, a m. A nail; a kind of victuals given upon great occasion, marriages, &c.; prey; punctura. बोबा chó-ya, s. m. Husk of grain; the scale of a fish; a hole dug in the sandy bed of a river which has dried, in which water is found.

chor, s. m. A thief, a robber. Chorbaloo, s. f. A quickwand. Chor-chukur, s. m. A thief. Chor-khana, s. m. By-room, concealed drawer. Chor-durwaza, s. m. Trap-door. Chordhor, s. m. Plaintiff and defendant; all the parties of a lawsuit; a thief and what he has stolen. Chor-zumsen, A quagmire, bog. Chorsecrhee, s. f. Back-stairs. Chor-khirkee, s. f. A back-door, a by-door. Chor-gulee, s. f. A by road, back-lane. Chor lugna, v. n. To be injured, to be damaged. Chor lugna shuma-ko, To waste a candle by a thief being attached to it. Chor-muhall, s. m. The apartments of the concubines of great men. Chor-mundoora, s. m. A game played by children. Chor-muhechnee, s. f. Hide and seek.

चारपुष्पी chor-poospee, s. f. A kind of grass (Andropogon aciculatum).

Terri cho-ra-na, v. a. To steal.

bery, stealth. Choree-choree, adv. By stealth, clandestinely.

worn by a bride at her marriage, a waistcoat, the body of a gown, a jacket; a small betel-basket; a country, the modern Tanjore, the name is also supposed to apply to a part of Beerbhoom in Bengal.

चोनो chó-lee, s. f. A bodice, a waistcoat, the body of agown, a jacket, a small betel-basket.

what cho-wa, s. m. A perfume; the pod or skin of any kind of pulse; a wind-fall (freit).

बोक्ड chósh-yuh, adj. Any thing (fruit especially) espable of being sucked, as a mango, &c. बोक्ड को प्रकार chóhur-néechla, s. m. The lower jaw.

Theory choh-la, s. m. A large peg or pin.

Theory, s. m. A back-tooth; ploughshare.

adj. (is compos.) Four. Chon-hughta, s.m. A kind
of jacket not open under the arms. Chou-bundee,
s. f. Giving a borse new shoes; the fastenings
of baggage. Chon-bheer, adv. On all sides, all
round. Chou-parah, adj. Four-pieced. Choupas, adv. All round, around. Chou-puhul, adj.
Four-sided. Chou-tuh, adj. Of four folds. Choujoogee, adj. Of the four ages or great (Hindoo)
periods of the world. Chou-mahulla, adj. Of
four stories (a house, &c.) Chou-mookhee, adj.
Four-faced, having four faces. Chou-mekha,
Tying the elbows behind.

बोबद्दो cháu-unpee, s. f. A (eilver) fouranna piece, a quarter rupee.

ala chounk, s. f. The act of starting,

बोदिना chounk-na, v. n. To start, boggle, start up from sleep. Chounk oothuu, To start, to wince. Chounk pursa, To bounce, start up.

चे किंच choun-kel, s. m. An untamed animal, a boggler.

Tim chounga, s. m. Wheedling. Chounga

geebaz, s. m. A wheedler. Choungeebaze, s. f. Sharping, &c.

चौंड choun-doo, s. m. A blockhead.

mound to sit and converse on; a custom-house; a police-office.

चौतीस choun-tées, adj. Thirty-four.

चौरिश्वाना choun-dhi-yans, v. n. To be confused, frightened out of one's senses, amazed, dazzled or astonished.

Transfer choun-ra, s. m. An apartment under ground for grain.

driving away flies, a fly-flapper.

The choun-sur, s. m. A game; a garland of flowers.

n city; a court-yard; a square place filled, at marriages and on other occasions of rejoicings, with sweetmeats, which after certain ceremonies are distributed. Chout-bhurna, or Chouk-poorna, To fill a Chout or square place with sweetmeats on some occasion of rejoicing. Chouk-putta, A seaton which the people sit and eatin the chouka.

चीत्रं chou-kur, adj. Good, well, fine, excellent.

ৰীৰাজ্য chóu-kura, s. m A ring of two paarls worn in each ear.

spring, a bounce; a ring of pearls worn in the ear by men. Choukures bhurna. To leap, bound, bounce. Choukures bhoolna, To forget one's bound, i. e. to be fascinated, to have one's souses benumbed. Choukures mar bythna, To squat.

चौत्रद्वा chou-kun-na, adj. Cautious, alert, circumspect, sly, on one's guard, wary.

चौक्स chóu-kus, adj. Cautious, watchful, accurate, diligent, active, clever, alert, circumspect, intelligent; full weight.

चौद्रशई chou-kus-áee, s. f. Attention, circumspection, watchfulness, alertness, caution.

चौक्रसी chóu-kus-ee, s. f. Watching, diligence, attention; four people employed together, or eating out of the same dish or plate.

Hindows cook or eat their victuals; a square slate of marble, &c.; a square space of ground; the four front teeth; the oute of a measure called bans.

stool, bench, chair; guard or watch; watching; the post wherea guard is stationed; an ornament worn on the breast. Choulecdar, adj. Leeping guard s. m. A watchman. Choulecdares, s. f. The business of a watchman, the pay or hire of a watchman. Chou'ee marna, To smuggle. Choukee dena, To watch, guard, mount guard.

चौकोना chou-ko-na, ो adj. Four-cornered,

चौनोर chou-tor, square. चौन्दर chou-khut, a.m. f Frame of a door; the upper and lower picc of the frame of a door. चौन्दी chou-khee, adj. f. Sharp (tone in

music).

ची खंडा chou-khoon-ta, adj. Square.

चौगड़ा chou-gur-a, s. m. A rabbit, hare.

चेनाया chou-gá-nuh,adi. Quadruple, fourfold.

ericket (or tennis) but played on horse back, the bat or club with which the game is played, a mall, a plain. Chougan-pah, A place for that game. Chougan-bases, v. f. Playing of the game of chougan.

चौजानी chou-gá-nee, s f. A straight hookka-make or tube for smoking through.

चौगुमा chóu-goo-na, ady. Four-fold, quadruple.

Tage chou-ghur-a, s m. A small box of gold or silver with four partitions for holding perfumes.

Te chour, adj. Spoiled, destroyed.

चौद्रवीष्ट chour-chou-put, adj. Abandoned, vicious; damaged.

Ter chou-ra, adj. Wide, broad. Chourachukla, adj. Extensive, spacious:

width, extension; boasting. Chourace marno, or,—huma, To boast, to give one's self sire.

वीदान chou-rán, s.m.f. Width, breadth.

with two poles.

चौतरका chou-túr-ka, s. m. A mitre ; a kind of cent.

at acrohou-tor-a, e m A terrace or mound to sit and converse on.

Taran chou-ta-ra, s. m. A four-stringed musical instrument.

चौतान chou-tal, s. m. A mode in music.

चौरीया chou-tee-ya, e.f. A quartan (ague).

the fourth part; hence, tribute (collected by the Mahratas). with chanthe, adj. Fourth. Choutheh, adv. In the fourth place, fourthly.

Trut chou-tha-ee, s. f. The fourth part,

Tifuzi chou-thi-ya,s.m. One who receives the choult (a tribute); a quartan agus.

ceremony performed on the fourth day after marriago.

in fight (elephants); sturdy, robust, stout.

चौद्रकी chou-dún-tee, s.f. Boldness.

चीटन chon-dus, s. f. The fourteenth day of the humar formight.

चौदल chou-duh, adj. Fourteen Choudh-

चौदानिया chou-da-niya, s. m. ) An orna-

चौरानी chou-da-nee, s. f. I ment (formed of four pearls) worn in the ears.

चीकर chou-dhur, adj. Robust, active, vi-

The business of a Choudhuree (the headman of a trade).

चीपरी chon-dhur-ce, s. m. The headman of a trade. (In Benyal, a title of landholders superior to Tuellookdov).

Tracchon-put, adj. Ruined, destroyed, levelled, flat, plain. Chouput kurna, To level, destroy.

The choupur, a f.The name of a game played with oblong dice; the cloth on which it is played.

चौपसी chou-put-tee, े s. f. A small tract,

alual chou-put-ree, an essay, a pan-

चीपहला chou-púh-la,s.m. A kind of sedan. चीपा chóupa, adj. Four-footed

verse consisting of four feet ( pnd ) or lines.

house or pavilion (generally built jointly by several people as a resting place common to them off); a quadruped, an animal, a beast.

चौपासा chou pá-la, s. m. A litter,a sedan. भौपाद chou-páyuh, s. m. An annual, a beast, a quadruped.

The chon-bur, all. Stout, robust, hold. There chon-bur, s. m. Summer-house, an assembly, court, town hall.

चीवारा chou-bara, s m. A shed. चीवार chou-bees, adj. Twenty-four.

ed with the four Veds (now, however, the term is applied to the devendants of such though not learned).

चीमासा chou-ma-sa,s.m. The rainy season. The chou-mookh, e. m. A lamp-stand

with partitions; a name of Bruhma.

चौमला chóu-moo kha, adj. Having four burners, &c. (a lamp), a. m. A lamp-stand with four partitions; a kind of puta or wooden scimitar for fencing with.

चौम की chou-moo-khee, s. f. Name of a Hindoo goddess; the seed of a tree called Roodraksh (Scovola labelia, or, Eleocarpus ganitrus).

Try chou-rung, s. m. A practice of the sword exercise; cutting the four legs of an animal off at one blow. Chourung kaina, v. a. To cut off the four legs of an animal at one blow. Chourung marna, To lose the use of the limbs by illness.

चौरस chou-rus, adj. Level, even.

Trarg chou-rus-ace, s. f. Equality of surface, evenness, levelness.

चौरसाना chou-rus-ána, v. a. To level.

atri chou-ra, s. m. A terrace or mound to sit and converse on; the place where Hindoo women are burned (more properly, where the living widow or sutee is immoluted).

altra chou-ran-web, adj. Ninety-four. चौरासी chou-rá-see, adj. Eighty-four.s. f.

Morris-bells worn on the ankles by dancing girls. attra chou-ra-ha, s. m. A cross road.

चोरी chón-ree, s. f. A summer house.

चीनका choul-kurmm, s. m. The ceremony of tonsure, cutting off all the hair from the head of a child three years old except one lock on the crown.

बीजड़ा chou-lur-a, s. m. ) A necklace of चीनडी chou-lur-ee, s. f. four strings, afers chou-lace, s. f. A kind of greens

(Amaranthus polygamus).

चीवन chouwun, adj. Fifty-four.

Tal chou-wa, s. m. A quadruped (particularly oxen); a handbreadth.

वीवाई chóu-wace, s. f. A tempest, hurricane, commotion (q. d. wind blowing from four quarters).

at chous, s. m. Flour, powder. at as chou-suth, adj. Sixty-four.

चौहर chou-sur, s.m. The name of a game played with oblong dice, or what the game is played on.

बीहरू chou-hutta, s. m. A place where four streets meet.

वीहतर chou-húttur, adj. Seventy-four. ची हान chou-han, s. m. A cast of Raipoots.

ega chyoot, adj. Fallen, dropped, cozed out; fallen from or off; deviated from, erred, strayed.

w chhuh, The seventh consonant in the Naguree alphabet. Its sound is expressed by okh. adj. Six. Chhuh-sat, v. m. Trick, cheut, juggle.

a chhuee, & f. Pul nonary consumption; a thatched roof on a boat; a stuffed pad to prevent bullocks being hurt when leaded adj. Abolished.

क्ष काना obhun-ká-na, v. a. To concentrate, to cause to strain.

क्षाइड chhun-ká-hut, s. f. Concentration, causing to strain.

इंक्रनाना chhun chhun-ána, v. n. To simmer; to sound; to smart, to pain.

wir chhant-na, v. n. To grow thin ; to diminish; to be extracted or separated.

gearer chhunt-wa-na, v. n. To cause to clean rice; to cause to select, prune, lop, clip.

ezts chhun-taee, s. f. Cleaning or separating (grain, &c.); the price paid for cleaning.

æizra chhun-táo, s. m. Detachment on forage; beating rice to clear it from the bask. कं हाई chhun-háee, s. f. Shadiness.

क्रवड़ा chhák-ra, s. m. A kind of carriage, a cart, car.

द्यादाना chhuk-ru-na, v. a. To slap, to

® arat chhúk-na, v. n. To be content, satiated, gratified; to be afflicted, harassed; astonished. Chhuk jana, To be satisfied or satiated.

लकाई chhuk-áce, s. f. Satiety.

क्रवाना chluk-ana, v. a. To pamper, cloy, satiate; to chastise

छक्ड chhuk-kur, s. f. A slap, blow, cuff. 被事r chhuk-ka, s. m. The sixth (at cards, &c.) : a cage with a net attached to it. Chhukka punja kurna, To deceive, play tricks.

हर chhug, s. m. A goat.

क्रमरी chhug-ree, s. f. A she-goat of small

क्रमही chhug-lee, s. f. A she-goat; a kind of Convolvulus (C. argenteus), or more probably C. pres-capra.

ह्रगुना chhug-oo-nee, s. f. Child's coral. asst chhu-chhuree, s. f. The root of a certain tree (of the phapond).

or chhuj, adj. Bushy

क्रञ्जा chhúj-ja, & m. Gallery; the expanded branches of a tree.

क उद्धनाना chhun-chhun-ána, v. n. To simmer; to sound; to smart, to pain.

कटना chhát-na, s. m. A kind of sieve. v. n. To decay, to separate, to be pruned, to be picked out,

क्रटपटाना chhut-put-ana, v. n. To toss, tumble about, flounder.

azai ehhutwan, adj. Sixth.

कटडा chhut-há, adj. Waspish, poevish.

क्टांब chhut-ank, s. f. The sixteenth part of a ser, two ounces.

attaight or continuous mark or line.

BETHT chhut-abha, s. f. Lighthing.

छड़ chhutth, ह. f. The sixth day of a कड chhuth, lunar fortnight.

&31 chhutha, adj. Sixth.

西京 chhát-thee, adj. f. Sixth. s. f. A

performed on the sixth day after child-birth.

Chhuthez ka dood yad dilana, To correct or chastise.

chhur, s. f. The pole of a spear; spikenard.

क्रुवा chhur-na, v. a. To beat rice, to separate the hosk from it.

क्रुन chbur-a, s. m. An ornament made of pearls worn in the ears. adj. Alone.

as chhur-ee, s. f. A switch, cane, rod, wand; a procession of the followers of Shah Mudar.

कड़ीजा chhur-ée-la, s. f. A kind of fragrant moss.

an chhun, s. m. A moment or instant.

क्रिक chhún-ik, adj. Perishable, temporary, momentary, inconstant, uncertain.

ह्याद्वा chhúnt-na, v. n. To grow thin; to diminish; to be extracted or separated.

clean rice, to cause to select, prune, lop, clip.

Suzzi chhun-thee, s. f. Cleaning or separating (grain, &c.); the price paid for cleaning.

gazia chhun-tao, s. m. Detachment on forage; besting rice to clear it from the husk.

across the roof of a room, a piatform. Chhui bumana, or, —putna, or, —bugana, v. a. To ceil, to cover the inner roof of a building.

द्धतनार chhut-nar, adj. Bunchy, flat.

The chhut-tur, s. m. An umbrella.

क्रमा chhútta, s. m. A honeycomb.

चना स chhut-tees, adj. Thirty-six.

कतींची chhut-tée-se, adj. f. Prude, prud

The Indian Chhattah.

स्वारी chhutr-dharee, ) s. m. One enti-स्वार्गत chhutr-púti, ) tled to carry an umbrella, i. e. a raid, prince, &c.; a house set apart for the charitable entertainment of

strangers, guests, &c.

RANGE chhutr bnung, s. m. Widowhood;
antiversion of dominion, loss of empire, deposi-

tion, &c.

(Anchum sowa); a pungent seed, coriandar; a mushroom; mise.

Treff chhút-rin-ee, s. f. A female of the Chhuttres cast, adj. Bearing a parasol or umbrella.

Est chhit-ree, s. m. The second of the four Hindoo casts. s. f. A tester or covering of a bed, a small umbrella; a frame made of bamboos for pigeons to settle upon.

हाबर chhut-wur, s. m. A house, a dwelling; a bower, an arbor.

क्रदाम chhud-am, s. m. (In money) Six dam, or the fourth part of a pice (pysa).

ক্তর chhudm, ক্তর্ব chhudm-un, s. m. Disguise, masceit, fraud.

स्यागण्य chhudm-tápus, s. m. A religious hypocrite, a false brother.

हन chlum, s. m. A moment, an instant; a sound made by the falling of a drop of water upon a warm plate, a hissing noise,

हनकाना chhun-ka-na, v. a. To concentrate, to cause to strain.

क्रनकास्ट chhun-ká-hut, s. f. Concentration, causing to strain.

क्षणकाना chhun-chhun-ána, v. n. To simmer; to sound; chink; to smart, to pain.

क्षेत्राचा chhun-wána, v. a. To cause to sift or strain.

ह्माक chlun-ak, s. m. The sound (hissing) of adrop of water falling one hot plate, a hissing noise; the sound of the breaking of earthen ware.

क्रिक chhún-ik, adj. Perishable, temporary, momentary, inconstant, uncertain.

also applicable particularly to the metre of the Veds; a measure (in music); meaning, intention, purport, opinion; wish, desire. adj. Solitary, secret, private.

क्रन्ता chhund-na, v. n. To be tied.

छन्द्रपातन chhund-patun, s. m. A hypocrite, a pretended and false ascetie,

कुन्द्रक्ट chhund-bund, s. m. Trick, cheating, deceiving.

सन्दो chhán-dee, adj. Deceitful.

हरीय chhun-dóg, s.m. A reciter or chanter of the Sam Ved. at chhún-na, v. n. To be strained, to be percolated. s. m. A sieve, a cloth through which any thing is sifted.

Ty chhup, s. m. Squash. Chhup-chhup, The sound occasioned by water when struck with the hand.

क्रपई chhup-úee, s. m. A kind of measure of Hinder verse.

कपकाना chhup-ká-na, v. a. To dash er throw water.

eugi chhup-na, v. n. To be printed or stamped; to be concealed, hidden, absent, to disappear, to hink.

खपरी chhúp-ree, s. f. Puddle.

क्रपदाना chhupwana, v. c. To cause to print.

क्याई chhup-aee, s. f. Edition, the price of printing, the act of printing.

हपाका chhup-ska, s. m. The sound produced by striking water, squash. ऋषाना chhup-ana, v. a. To hide, conceal,

secrete; to cause to print.

क्रपय chhúp-uy, s. m. A kind of measure of Hinder verse.

Tur chhup-pún, adj. Fifty-six.

www chhup-pur, s. m. A thatched roof. BWIGZ chhup-pur-khut, s. m. A bedstead with curtains. [er.

क्राया बन्द chhup-pur-bund, s. m. A thatch-खणार बन्दी chhup-pur-bun-dec, s. f. Thatching.

To ehhub, s. f. Beauty, splendour, brilliancy; shape, form, figure. Chlub-tukhtee, s. f. Handsomeness, Chhubi-chheen, adj. Small in shape, deficient in splendour, small or slender.

ager chhub ra, s. m. A sort of basket करोबा chbub-ée-la, adj. Handsome, come-

ly, graceful. कारी chhub-bees, ad). Twenty-six.

छ्मक्षाना chhum-chhum-ána, v. n. To shine, to glitter; to sound.

क्रमण्ड chhum-and, s. m. An orphan, a fatherless son.

द्यमना chhúm-ua, v. a. To pardon, for vive. छव chhuy, s. f. Mortality, frailty, destruction.

इयरोग ehhuy-rog, s. m. Consumption. क्रया chhúy-a, s. m. Victim, shade, shadow; a boy.

स्थाप्ट ohlyasuth, adj. Sixty-six.

ar chhur, s. f. Spikenard ; shaft, pole, pike, staff, flagstaff, flag.

करकोनी chhur-chhó-bec, s. f. Jakes, a necessary.

effect chhur-in-du, adj. Alone, single, from (not burdened, us a traveller, not having a load).

हर्ट chhurd, ो s. f. Vomiting, sickness, reaching. किट chhurdi,

करिकारिय chhurdi-ka-rip-oo, s.m. Small cartamonis (an anti-emetic).

att chhár-ra, s. m. Small shot,

To chhul, s. m. Wickedness, fraud, circumvention, stratagem, trick, deception, knavary, artifice, evasion, excuse, subterfuge, pretence. Uhhul-bul, s. m. Force and fraud, stratagem, artifice, trick.

कुलन chhul-uk, s. f. Running over, over-

कुल करा chhill-uk-na, v. n. To be spilt, to overflow, to spill.

क्रमाना chhul-ka-na, n. a. To spill.

कला कुला chhul-úng-na, v. n. To skip.

क्रमक्ताना chhul-chhul-ana, v. a. To mur-

क्लक्रवास्ट chhul-chhul-ahut, e. f. Mur-

क्रवाक्ट chhul-chhidr, s.m. Plot, stratagem.

कलिक्दी chlul-chlid-ree, adj. Deceitful, fraudulent.

ळजना chhul-na, v. a. To deceive, cheat, evade, make excuses, s. m. Tricking, deceiving. क्षत्री chhul-nee, adj. Battered. s. f. A sieve. Chhalnee kurna, v. a. To batter.

worse chhul-ang, s. f. Skipping, jumping, a spring, skip, leap. Chhulangen marna, To spring to jump.

द्धवादा chhul-iwa, s. m. Ignis fatuus, willo'-the-wisp.

क्रिवा chhul-i-ya, ) adj. Deceitful, frandu-कली chhál-ee, I lent, artful, treacherous, false, perfidious, betrayer. s. m. A cheat, deceiver.

TET chhul-la, s. m. A ring (ornamental). Chhulledar, adj. Annular.

कही chhul-lee, s. f. Skin, bark, rind, &c. afa chhuv-i, s. f. Beauty, splendour, brilliance; light, lustre.

Bast chhuwy-ya, s. m. A thatcher. छाई chha-sen, s. f. Discolouration.

wit chhaee, s. f. Ashes.

& t chhan, s. f. Shade, shadow; the reflection of any object in a mirror, &c. Chhan-banh, s. f. Auspices.

to iz chhant, s. f. Refuse ; parings, &c. ; selection, fashion of clothes. Chhant kurna, To vomit, to disgorge. Chhant lend, To select, choose Chhunt-chhutao, Retrenchment.

aiza chhán-tun, s. f. Cutting, slip, chip.

atom chhant-na, v.a. To vomit; to separate the hust from grain by pounding it in a mortar; to husk; to pare, ellip, prune, lop, crop, trim, dress, clean, select.

et go, release, forsake, abandon, to loose, to vomit.

স্থার chhand, s.f. A tother, trammel, net, সূত্র্য chhand-na, v. a. To tether, fasten, tie, bind

wier ohlanda, s. m. Share, part (among fulows).

表 chhanh, a f. Shade, shadow, the tig chhanh, reflection of any object in mirror, &c. Chhanh-banh, s. f. Auspices.

ভাতা chhan-hara, adj. Umbrageous. ভাজ chhak, s.m. Luncheou, ready prepared food carried out by labourers and husband-

men when they proceed to their daily work. इ.स.च ohhák-na, v. a. To clear the water of a well, &c.

Tir chhag, s. m. A he-goat.

True chia-gul, s. m. A he-goat s. f. A leathern bottle with a spout to it, a goat-skin.

हार्गिका chhá-gi-ka, } s. f. A she-goat.

with chbachh, s. f. Buttermilk.

winnowing or clearing grain.

हाजना chháj-na, v. a. To thatch; to befit, to become.

chithee, s. f. A permit, a pass.

हाइडाइडा chhar-chhur-ी-a, s. m. A medicinal herb.

and chhat, s. f. Roof adj. Thin, feeble,

erar chhá-ta, s. m. A large umbrella.

That cabbi-tee, s. f. Breast, dug, bubby.

Chhutee bhur, Breast-high. Chhatee bhur-ana,
To weep Chhatee bhur-jana, To be shest-foundered. Chhatee pur moong dulnu flit. to
grine pulse on the breast). To do any thing in the
presence of another person by which he is vexed. Chhatee phutnee, To break the heart with
grief or sorrow, to sympathize, Chhatee peetna,
To regret, repent, lament. Chhatee thoma, To
encourage: to assure. Chhatee thundee hona, To
be pleased or overjoyed. Chhatee jahaa, To have
the heart-burn; to lament. Chhatee ka putthur,
Nuisance, pest. Chhatee ka jum i lit. the destroyev of the heart), Is applied to a person or thing

the presence of which is unpleasant, a pest, a nuisance. Chhates kholkur milna, To meet frankly. Chhates gudraner, The breast to swell (in young women). Chhates lugana, To lament, to grieve. Chhates lugana, or, Chhates sek lugana. To fondle. Chhates nikalkur chulna, To stalk, to strut.

to chhatr, s. m. A scholar, a pupil, a discipla a tyro or novice.

हाइन chhá-dun, s. m. Covering, a covering, a screen, &c.

हारान chha-dan, s. m A water-bag.

हारित chhá-dit, adj. Covered, concealed. हार chhan, s. f. A roof, a frame of bam-

boo for thatching.

tion. कानव chhan-weh, adj. Ninety-six.

क्रानस chhá-nus, s. f. Chaff.

etrat chha-na, v. a. To thatch, shade, cover, rooi, spread. Chha-jana, To spread, to lie, to evershadow. Chha lena, To cloud, overspread, darken, overcast.

電話 chhán-ne, v. a. To strain, percolate, filter, sift; to search, canvass, investigate. Chhan lena, To cull, to select. Chhan marnet, To search, runmage, explore, canvass.
電話 chhap, e. f. Stamp, print, copy, im-

Try chhap, c. f. Stamp, print, copy, impression; a seal, seal-string.

TUTT chháp-na, v. a. To print, to stamp. ETUT chhá-pa, s. m. Edition, impression, stamp, print, seal, &c. Chhapeh-khanuh, s. m. Printing office. Chhapeh-wala, Printet.

Tru chhá-pa, s. m. Denominational marks representing a lotus, trident, &c. delinested on the body by the Vyshnurs or worshippers of Vishnoo.

Bruffagr chhapa-vidya, c. f. The art of printing.

度可 chhá-ya, s. f. Shade, shadow, reflected image; darkness, obscurity. s. m. Apparition, spectre, shade; (met.) somewhat resembling; a mode in music.

Tara chhaya-tur-oo, w. m. A large tree, one that gives shade or shelter.

willed chha-ya-nút, s. m. A musical

द्वाराष्ट्र chia-ya-pūth, s. m. Æther, the

खायाभित्र chha-ya-mftr, s. m. A chhata or parasol.

To chhar, s. f. Ashes, dust; a large cled of earth.

क्षार क्षत्रीचा chhar-chhub-fela,s. m. A kind of fragrant moss.

ares chhá-roo, s. m. The thrush (disease), blister. ers chhal, . f. Peel, skin, rind, bark. Chhal ontarna, To peel, to decorticate.

द्वाचा chhá-la, s. m. A blister, pustule, pimple; skin.

खानिया chhá-li-ya, . f. A kind of betelnut. हावना chháo-na, v.a. To thatch, to shade, to cover, to roof, to spread. Chha-jana, To apread, to lie. Chha lena, To cloud, overspread, darken.

कावनी chháo-nee, s. f. Cantonments, barracks or huts for soldiers; thatching, the act of thatching.

किसवाना chlink-wá-na, l v. a. To cause किंकाना chhin-ka-na, ) to stop, to cause to seize, to cancel, to strike out.

हिन्ते chhik-oo-nee, a. f. Wand, stick. िक्या chhikkún, s. m. Sneezing

fage tchhin-goo-lee, s. f. The little finger, for ver chlich-ra, s. m. Sink, slough (of a wound), skin.

fares chhich-ryl, adj. Lean, skinny. Tax st chhichh-ra, s. m. The prepuce. former chlichh-la, adj. Shallow.

ि क कार दे chhichh-laec, s. f. Shallowness. विकली chhichh-lee, s. f. The play of ducks and drakes.

factor chhi-chho-ra,adj. Triding, puerile,

किट कुना chhi-túk-na, v. n. To be scattered, dissipated, or dispersed, to spirt, to spread. Ohhitukna chandnes ka, The diffusion of moon-

किटअनो chhit-kun-ee, s. f. A. bolt.

किट बाना chhit-ká-na, v. a. To dissipate, disperse, squirt, scatter, strew, desert.

faz at chhit-kee, s. f. Small shot, speck. Ckhitkee dena, To flicker, to spot, to mark with strekes or touches. Chhitkee dalua, To splash. Chhitkee kurua, or, -lugana, To spot, to speck,

किंद्रकार chhir-fik-na, v. a. To sprinkle. Chhiruk-kur bechna, To sprinkle water on stale or faded vegetables or fruits to make them appear fresh; to puff off goods.

किड अवाना chhir-uk-wana. v. a. To cause another to sprinkle.

किडकाना chhiraktana, v. a. To cause to sprinkle.

िक्र कावchhir-káo, s. m. Sprinkling, water-

किइना chhir-na, v. n. To be touched, excited, plagued on.

first chlim, e. m. A moment of instant. Chhin-bhur men, In a moment.

worker chhin-bidhans, adj. Feding, frail, possing away quickly.

fa arm chhin-ek, adj. A little while.

fart chhit-nee, s. f. A basket (without a cover, like a tray).

fact ar chhit-ur-na, v. n. To be scattered ; to be spread about.

To acrer chhit-ra-na, v. a. To scatter, to strew; to spread.

कितरी chlit-ree, s.f. A small basket without lid or handle.

fan chhit-ce, s. f. The earth Chhitee chhan, Covering the earth, prostrate on the ground. Chhitee-chhan, v. n. Tobe dispersed or scattered. क्टिना chhid-na, v. n. To be pierced or

किटाना chhid-ana, v. a. To cause to pierce,

to perforate.

fag chhidr, s. m. A hole, a vacuity, a perforation, &c.; fault, defect, flaw (moral or physical).

fæfa chhid-rit, adj. Perforated, pierced, having holes or openings.

Tor chhin, s. m. A moment or instant. Chhin bhur men. In a moment.

किनकाना ohlin-uk-na, v. a. To winnow, to sift. v. u. To go away offended.

किनकाना chhin-kana, v. a. To cause to stop, to cause to seize, to cancel, strike out.

किनविशंस ohhin-bidhuns, adj. Fading, frail, passing away quickly.

चिन्ना chhin-ul-a, s. m. A fornicator.

fer agran chhin-wa-na, v. a. To cause to smatch.

किनाना chbin-ana, v. a. To seize, anatch. pluck, &c.

farrer chhin-al, e. f. A harlot, a prostitute. Chhinal pun, or, Chhinal-puna, s. m. Whoredom, prostitution, harlotry.

द्भिनाचा chhin-ala, s.m. Fornication. Chhinala kurna, To whore, commit adultery.

व्हिनाय chhin-áo, s. m. Seizure.

िसनेक chhin ek, adv. A little while.

for chhinn, adj. Cut, divided.

fagfire chhinn-bhinn, adj. Cut up, destroyed, scattered.

विवर्क हा chhinn-rooha,s. f. A tree (Menis. permum glabrum).

किञ्चनिश्वका chhinn-veshik-a, s. f. A plant also called Uknidhi (Cissampelos hexandra).

Tagingchhinn-súnshuy, edj. Confirmed. confident, free from doubt

fagt chhin-na, s. f. A whore, a harlot ;a tree (Menispermum, glabrum).

क्रिपक्ती chhip-kul-ee, } s. f. A lizard.

Towar chhip-ka, s. m. Sprinkling.

fourt chhip-na, ) v. n. To be concealed,

and chhorens bidden, absent, to

कुपना ehhoop-na, disappear, to lurk.

Taur chifp-s, adj. Close, hidden, concealed. Chhipa ruhna, To abscond. Chhipa chhipes, adv. Underhand, secretly.

रिक्रमाना chhip-ana, । v. a. To conceat, hide, secrete.

कपाना chhup-ána,

fauru chhip-ao, s. m. Secrecy, conceal-

Ther chhim-a, s. f. Pardon, quarter, forgiveness absolution. Chhima-jog, adj. Pardonable. Chhima kurna, v. a. To pardon, forgive, excuse.

ভিয়াল chhiya-nuvveh, adj. Ninety-six. ভিয়ালীয় chhiya-lées, adj. Forty-six.

fazrez chhivé-sut, adj. Sixty-six.

farel chhiya-see, adj. Eighty-six.

To con chill-ka, s. m. Crust, husk, shell, peel, scale, rind, bark, skin Chilka cotarna, To blanch, peel, husk, decorticate.

ভিতৰা chhil-na, v. n. To be excoriated. ভিতৰাৰা chhil-wana, v. a. To cause to skin or excoriate, &c.

Teriff chhil-ou-ree, s. f. A whitlow, blister, felon.

fogs chhil-lúr, s.m. The husk of chuna.

chhee, interj. Tush! tut! fy! foh!

The chheenk, s. f. Sneezing, sneeze.

Othernk lanewala, A sternutatory (medicine).

Then chheenk-na, v. n. To sneeze.

or cords to hang any thing on (as a burther at either end of a yoke or pole, &c.), the cords of a bulunger. (water.

Tital chheench-na, v. a. To throw out all chheent, s. f. Chintz.

करिना chheent-na, v. a. To sprinkle.

Tel chhéen-ta, s. m. Shot, spot, splash. Chleenta mana, To sprinkle, bedrop.

होता chhée-ka, s. m. A sling for carrying baskets, &c.

where chlieechhers, s. m. The skinny and rejected part of meat, a piece of flesh.

को जाना chhéej-na, v. n. To decrease, to pine away.

क्षीद chheet, ार्ज Spot, splash, chintz.

कीटना chhéet-na, v. a. To scatter, to sprinkle.

To chheen, ads. Wasted, emaciated, decayed, slight, slender, little.

हीतर chhéc-tur, e. m. Brogue, shoe.

strt chhee da, adj. Thin, not close (said of a person or animal whose teys are much separated).

The chheen, adj. Wasted, decayed; slight.

tear, pluck, rob. Chheena-chhanee kurna. To scramble. Chheen lena, To snatch up, acquire, take possession of seize, pluck, bereave, deprive.

के प chheep, s. f. Discoloration or spot on the skin; fishing-rod; the act of a buffalo's pushing with his horns.

ক্তম্বা chhéep-na, v. a. To print clothes; to push with the horn as a buffalo; to draw up the rod in fishing.

कीपी chhee-pee, s.m. A cloth-printer.

हों भी chhée-mee, s f. A pod, legume, husk.

खोर chheer, a. m. Milk.

की बन chhéc-lun, s. f. Parings.

को जना chheal-na, v. a. To peel, skin, excoriate, pare, bark (a tree, &c.), erase, scrape. Chheelna-chhaina, or, Chheel-chhai Eurna, v. a. To pare, peel, &c.

हुनिहा chhóong-liya, s. f. The little fin-इक्षमार ना chhoochh-karna, v. a. To drive away contemptuously; to set on or encourage a dog.

हे अ बी chhoochh-lee, s. f. The play of a

कुछ्वाना chhoochh-wana, v. a. To conjure, to exorcise.

chhoo-chhoon-dur-ee, s. f. The

musk rat (Sorex corulescens); a squib. Chhoochhoondur chhorna, To backbite, calumniate, excite resentment.

wz chhoot, adv. But, except, save; (in compos.) little, small, as, Chhoot-thya, s. m. Middling class of people. Chhoot-puna, s. m. Childhood.

week't chhoot-kur-a, s. m. Deliverance.

इटका chhoot-ka, adj. Little, small, less, younger, junior, least.

इटकाना chhoot-kana, v. a. To release, set at liberty.

Ezaiti chhoot-kara, v. m. Exemption, liberty, liberation, disengagement, deliverance, release, discharge.

wzwar chhoot-khel-a, adj. Dissolute.

हरखेडी chhoot-khel-ee,s. f. Dissoluteness.

gzat chhóot-na, v. n. To be adrift, discharged, got rid of, to be let go or let off, to be left or abundoned, to slip (fram), to escape, to be liberated, loose, dishevelled (the hair), to cease, to get loose, to leave, remain, slip away, to be dismissed.

bood. s. m. Infancy, child-

हटान chhoo-tan, ह f. Leisure, time.

कटापा chhoo-tá-pa, s. m Littleness.

chhoot-tee, s. f. Leave, discharge, release, acquittal, time, leisure, cessation, disengagement, intermission, dismission, permission, freedom.

हुड्दाना chhoor-wans, v. a. To cause to let go, to cause to set free.

BETHT chheorána, v. a. To set free, to free, liberate, extricate, get rid of, discharge, remove, deliver, dismiss; separate, except.

हुर्चा chhoo-rá-wa, s. m. Deliverance, setting free.

welat chhoo-rou-tee, s. f. Ransom.

easer ehhoo-tuh-ra, adj. Defiled by touching, foul, corrupt, polluted (applied to vessels, dishes, &c.)

हुदू chhoodr, adj. Mean, lew, little, trifling.

and chhoop-na, v. n. To be concealed, hidden, to be absent, to disappear, to lurk.

हुपाना chhoo-pá-na, v. a. To conceal, to hide.

ett chhoo-ra, s. m. A large knife, an amputating knife; a razor. Chhoora-ahhooree, s. f. Snick and snee, fighting with knives.

chhooree, s. f. A knife, scalpel. Chhooree-tulch dum lena, To be patient in difficulties. Chhooree-kutaree, s. f. Snick and smee, fighting with knives; quarrel.

कुलक्ता chhoo-luk-na, ) v. a. To

सुनस्ताना chhool-chhool-ánn, smake water slowly (as marcs, &c. in heat).

हुनाना chhoo-lána, v. a. To cause to touch. हुन्हुना chhoo-lóoh-la, \ adj. Puerile, fini-

ह्वीह्वा chhoo-loh-la, J cal, boyish.

ह्याब chhoo-wao, s. m. Resemblance, likeness.

हताना chhoo-há-na, v. a. To whitewash. इतारा chhoo-hára, s.m. A date (Phænix dacylifera).

इत्यर chhoo-há-wut, s. f. Touch.

सुन्न chhốcl-loo, adj. Boyish, silly.

कू आना chhoo-ana, v. c. To cause to touch,

हूजानी chhoo-anee. s. f. Caudle given to a lying-in woman.

कई chhóo-ee, s. f. Chalk.

हाकी chhóo-kee, s. f. A gnat.

क्रका chhóochh-la, adj. Foolish, silly,

conjuration.

chhóo-chhee, adj. Contemptible, despicable, mean. s. f. A pipe, a tube, canula.

ing off hand or playing loose in fencing; radiance or splendour of jewels, reflection of a mirror, &c.; giving money off hand or at will to jugglers, &c. at entertainments.

discharged, to spout, to be got rid of, to escape, to be liberated, to be loose, to be discherelled (the hair); to cease, get loose, leave, remain, stip away, to be dismissed, to be let go, to be abandoned, to be left.

कृत chhoot, s. f. Defilement, contamination, touch.

कुना chilo-na, v. a. To touch, meddle with, feel.

केन chhenk, s. f. Sequestration of क्रेनाव chhenkáo, s. m. goods. Chhenk lena, To confiscate.

हे जना chhéak-na, v. a. To detain, prevent, stop, retain, bar, restrain, arrest.

के करिया chhenk-wy-ya, s.m. A confiscator. के काद chhen-káo, s.m. Sequestration of goods.

क वना chhénch-na, v. a. To mince, to hack, to pound

हेज chhek, adj. Domesticated, tame (as a bird or beast).

द्धिता chhék-na, v. a. To stop, detain, prevent, retain, bar, restrain.

के कोश्ति chlick-6kti, s. f. Indirect speech, instauation, double entendre, hint, &c.

es chher, s. f. The act of irritating, irritation, vexing, &c. Chher-chhar, or Chher-khanes, s. f. Stricture, animadversion; the act of vering, provoking, exciting, &c.

cite, fret, trouble, disturb, molest, abuse, insult, aggress, touch, handle, stir up, interrupt; to play on a musical instrument.

Tyr chher-a. s. m. Touch, provocation, excitement, &c.

es chhetr, s. m. A geometrical figure; field, land, plantation; a sacred or holy place (as Kooroo-kehetr).

क्रम फल chhetr-phul, s. m. The measurement (or superficial contents) of a field, of a triangle or other geometrical figure.

Ez chhed, s. m. A hole, an orifice ; the denominator of a fraction; the divisor.

was chhéd-uk, s. m. That which penetrates, any thing to bore a hole with.

कदन chhed-un, s. m. A hole, an orifice. करना chhed-na, v. a. To pierce, bore, perforate, penetrate.

हेना chhén-a, e, m. Curd ; a small kind of cymbal. हनी chhén-ce, s. f. A chisel, punch, pier-

लेम chhem. के समुभान chhem-koshul, } s. f. Welfare.

केसड्री chhemun-kur-ee, s. f. A sort of

kite (Falce posticerianus). But chhem-und, s. m. A fatherless son. tri chhér-na, v. n. To have a bad diges-

chhér-ee, s. f. A goat.

केल chhel-oo, s. m. A medicinal plant (Conyzu anthelmintica).

केव chheo, e. m. A mark, a piece of wood out off. Chheo marna, To line out, mark.

केवना chhéo-na, v. a. To pierce or to bleed a tar tree, to extract tarce; to mark.

हेचनी chhéo-nee, s. f. A chisel, punch,

केवर chhewur, s. m. Cuticle, skin.

केंबा chhewa, s. m. Spaces, comma, &c.

e at chhy-ya, s. m. Victim; shade, shadow; a boy.

हच chhyl, s. m. A fop, a beau. es er chhyla,

केलचिकनिया chhyl-chikniya, a.m. A coxcomb, a fop.

देशायन chhyla-pún, s. m. Spruceness.

को आ chhó-a, s. m. Treacle.

with chhonk, s. f. Seasoning, relish.

क्रीकन ehhank-un, s. m. Spices with which food is seasoned.

efectarater chhonchla-kurna, v. a. To fondle.

atat chhonch-hee, s. f. Bodkin, case for needles; a small cup for children.

e me chhok-ra, e. m. A boy.

wint chhok-ree, s. f. A girl.

Chhochho kurna, To fondle.

Will chho-ta, adj. Little, small, less, younger, junior, lesst, &c. Chhota-bura, adj. Varied, variegated, various, great and small, high and low.

कोटाई chho-táee, & f. Smallness

सोडना chhór-na, v. a. To let go, emit fire, muit, forgive, forsake, leave, quit, desert, except, free, loose, omit, pardon, release, shoot, fire (a gun, dc.), spare, abandon, abdicate, abstain, breathe, resign, discharge, lay aside.

) s. m. Release, omis-कोडा chho-ra, sion, leaving, spar-हादाव chho-rao,

eletar chho-ra-wa, ) ing, letting go. कोडावना chho-rao-na, v. d. To set free,

deliver, dismiss, separate, except. elstal chho-rou-tee, s. f. Ransom.

and chhot, s. f. Impurity, defilement.

कोनो chhó-nee, s. f. The earth.

Ty chhop, s. m. A coat of paint, &c. Chhop-chhap kurna, To shuffle up; to plaster or repair a wall, &c.

होपना chhóp-na, v. a. To fill up, shut; paint, dye.

Trehhor, s. m. Border; edge; end; a tow-boat.

होर्य chhorun.s.m. Abandoning, leaving. Witt chho-ra, s. m. A boy. Chhora-chhoree, s. m. Boy and girl; children.

with chho-ree, s. f. A girl.

wilder chhol-na, v. a. To peel, skin, excorinte, pare, erase, scrape. Chholnee. s, f. A scraper.

To chhoh, s. m. Affection; anger

को हरा chhóh-ra, s. m. A boy, a lad.

होही chhé-hee, adj. Affectionate; augry. द्वीच chhounk, s. f. Seasoning, relish.

कांकन chhounk-un, s. m. Spices with which food is seasoned.

कोंकना chhounk-na, v. a. To season.

क्रीकन chhón-kun, s. m. A scrambler. कोकना chhouk-na, v. a. To scramble.

क्रीना chhou-na, e. m. Young of any ani-

mal

कोनी chhou-nee, s. f. Cantonments, barracks.

Tr chhour, s. m. The shaving of the head or beard.

of forest chhon-liva, adj. Gay, cheerful.

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s juh, The third letter of the second class of consonants, corresponding to the letter j in jam.

Sig jun-too, s. m. An animal, a sentient being, creature.

of a juntr, s. m. An amulet; a musical, instrument; an instrument, an engine.

sigt jun-dra, s. m. A pitchfork.

ried, an animal (sometimes a man) is killed and buried with it as a guard: this animal is called Juk, and receives orders to allow no one else to take up the treasure, &c.; (met.) a miser, called also, Juk ka goomashta, or agent.

जक्षा juk-ur-na, v. a. To tighten, draw tight (as a knot), bind, fasten, tie, pinion:

जक्षर juk-ur-bund, adj. Tight.

जान jukh, s. m. A sort of demi-god or fairy, an attendant on Koover, the Indian Plutus. जानी jukh-nee, s. f. A female Jukh or a

fairy.

An jug. s. m. The world, the universe. Jug-bundhoe, s. m Friend of the world. Jug-juput, s. m. The universe; a feast, entertainment, sacrifice or religious ceremony in which oblations are presented.

जनजना jug-jug-a, s. m. Brass tinsel, thin plates of brass used in decoration.

जगनगान्छ jug-jug-ahut, s. f. Splendour, much light, glitter.

जगत jug-ut, s. m. The world, the universe; a buttress.

जगत उजागर, jugut-oojágur, adj. Enlightening the world.

जगनदः जी jugut-dóo-khee, s. m. A tyrant. जगनस्य jugut-kshúy, s. m. The destruction of the world.

जगती júg-ut-ee, s. f. The earth; people, mankind; a sort of metre. adj. Moveable, locomotive, transitory.

खबतीत्व jug-tee-tul, s. m. The world, the earth, sublunary things.

जगल की jugut-kúrta, s. m. A name of Bruim; the creator of the world.

जगताया jugut-pran, s. m. Air, wind. जगरभा jugud-umba, s. f. Mother of the world, an epithet of a Hindoo goddess.

जनदाबार jugud-adhar, s. m. Air, wind; a stay or supporter of the universe.

जारीम jugud éesh, s. m. An epithet of Vishnoo and of Shiv; lord of the world or uni verse.

जगिद्धाण jugud-vinash, s.m. The expiration of a Kulp or period of the world's existence. जगना jug-na, v. n. To awake, to rouse, to

be awake. Jugta, adj. Awake.

TARTH jugun-nath, s. m. A form of Vishnoo; a peculiar and celebrated idol of this name is worshipped on the Coromandel court in Crissa, and pilgrimages are made to the shrine of Jugunnath, from all parts of India. जनगर jug-mug-a, adj. Chittering, splendid.

जगमगाना jug-mug-ana, v. n. To glitter, to

जनमगाइट jugmug-ahut, s. f. Glitter, splendour, glare, much light.

जगर jog-ur, s, m. Armour, mail.

जगान jug-uh, s. f. Place, station, quarter, room, vacancy, stead. Juguh chhorna, v. a. To leave a blank.

जगहर jug-hur s. m. Wakefulness (occasioned by apprehension or disease); coughing at night, vigils, vespers.

जनाकारित jug-a-jyóti,s.f.Splendour,much

जगाना jug-ana, v a. To awake, wake, rouse from sleep.

जिलेश्चर jug-eshwur, है. m. A name of Wishnoo and Shiv; God of the universe.

aniusia jugo-pubéet, s.m. The sacrificial thread or cord, worn by the three first classes of *Hindoos* over the left shoulder and under the right.

जयन jug-hun, s. m. Mons veneris; the

जद्म्य jug-húnyuh, adj. Last, hindmost; low, vile, base.

जन्मा jug-húnya, s. m. A Soodr or man of the fourth tribe.

who has matted hair and rings a bell. adj. Locomotive, moveable, removeable, in motion, mendicant, that which has motion as opposed to that which is stationary.

可答可jún-gul, ad). Desert, solitary, waste, jungle, wild, &c. s. m. A forest, a wood. Jungul phirna, cr.,—jana, To ease one's self.

त्रकृता jung-la, adj. Wild. s. m. A musical mode; woody country, forest.

Signal jung-lee, ad). f. m. Wild, savage, barbarian, clown, boor Junglee piyas, Squills (Brythronium Indicum). Junglee billee, s. f. A. wild cat. Junglee singhara, s. m. Hermodactyl. Junglee kouwa, s. m. A raven.

orger jung-ha, s. f. The leg; the thigh.

जना juch-na, v. n. To be examined, tried, proved, assayed.

ज्ञाबार juch-awut, s. f. Test, trial, examination proof.

সাসান juj-man, s. m. A customer, a person to whose custom Brahmuns, barbers, and some others, have a legal claim.

जनसनी juj-manee, s. f. The stipend paid by a jujman; wife of a jujman.

signa jun-jal, s. m. Trouble, difficulty, plague, embarrassment, perplexity; a swivel, &c. जनाना jun-já-lee, s. m. Molester.

te. f. Matted hair, the hair जट jut,

matted as worn by the god जटा jút-a, Shir, and by ascetics; the long hairs occasionally clotted together, and brought over the head so as to project like a horn from the forehead, at other times allowed to fall carelessly over the back and shoulders; the root of a tree, a fibrous root; spikenard.

To pilfer, steal, defraud, snatch or seize by force.

जहाजत jut-a-joot, s. f. The braided hair of Shir rolled on his head.

जहाबारी jut-a-dháree, adj. Whose hair is matted. s. f. The cockscemb flower (Celosia cristata).

जटामां भी jut-a-mansee, s.f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana Jutamansi).

जटाब jut-ayéo, s. m. A fabulous bird mentioned in the story of Ram, as the son of Uroon, killed by Rawun; Bdellium.

State jut-al, adj. Wearing clotted hair.

जहादा jut-fila, s. f. Spikenard.

of jut-i, s. f. Waved-leaf fig tree (Ficus

offer jut it, adj Clotted, matted ; set. studded (with jewels, &c.). s. f. Set work of jew-

लिंडन jút-in, s. m. Waved-leaf fig tree.

अटिनी jút-in-ee, adj. Having clotted hair. अहिल jút-il, s. m. A lion. s. f. Indian spike, ard; long-pepper; orris-root. adj. Having clotted or entangled bair.

जह न jút-ool, s. m. A freckle, a mark. are jut-hur, s. m. The belly.

अहर्मद jut hur-nood, s. m. Cassia fistula. जार दा jút-hur-a, adj. Hard, firm ; bound,

जडरानन jut-hur-anul, s. m. The uneasy sensation arising from hunger.

STERIN jut-hur-am, s. m. Dropsy, water in the abdomen.

By jur, s. f. A root, origin, foundation, base, basis s. m. An inanimate body, what is void of life, a blockhead, idiot. dolt. Jun ka bhed, Essence. adj. Cold, frigid, chilly, stupid, apathetic, idiotic.

a gforg jur-kriyuh, adj. Dilatory, working

लहता júr-ta, क. f. Coldness, chilliness ; apathy, stupidity; immoveableness, stiffness, rigidity, torpor.

man jurun, a. f. The act of setting jewels.

जहना júr-ua, v. n. To strike, shake off ; to join, make adhere; to stud, hestud, set jewels, fix, enchace.

we've jur-per & f. Root and branch. Jurper sch ookharaa, v. a. To extirpate,

argaz júr-wut, a f. The trunk of a tree.

अड्डाना jur-wana, v. a. To cause to set with jewels.

assur jur-hun, s.m. Rice cropped at the end of the rainy season.

TET jur-a, s. f. Cowach & m. Cold, frost, winter; idiocity, fatuity, stupidity; dulness, apathy, sluggishness of mind or body.

अहाई jur-áce, s.f. Price of setting jewels ; the act of setting jewels.

जड़ान jur-áoo, adj. Set, studded with jewels.

अक्षाना jur-ana, v. n. To be cold, v. a. To cause to stud, to cause to set jewels.

जरावट jurá-wut, s. f. Setting of jewels.

जड़ावर jur-áwur, } s. f. Warm clothès, जड़ावड jur-áwul, } winter-dress.

sife a jurit, part. Set (with jewel, &c.), studged.

जिल्ला júr-iya, s. m. A jeweller, one who sets jewels; a striker.

sigh jur-ee, s. f. The root of a medicinal

जडीबरी jur-ee-bootee, s. f. Medicinal herbs, drugs, simples.

जड़ल júr-ool, s. m. A freckle, a mark.

ma jut, s. f. Manner, fashion, kind

जतन jut-un, s. m. Carefulness, remedy, care, effort, endeavour.

अतनी jút-un-ee, adj. Careful.

जवाना jut-ana, v. a. To inform of, cantion, warn, apprize, to remind, to declare, to ad-monish; to proclaim, make known.

Garci jut-ára, s. m. Lineage, family, pedigree, genealogy, dynasty.

offa jút-i, s. f. A kind of musical rhythm (generally sung at the holes).

3 al jut-se, ads. Faithful to the marriage bed (a man), religious person, devotee, a particuiar order of devotees; a sage, whose passions are completely under subjection.

and jut-oo, s. m. Lac, a red dye, or animal pigment analogous to cochineal.

जदक jút-ook, s. m. Lac ; asafætida.

जुना jút-00-ka, क f. A plant commonly called chukwut; a bat.

जतपुत्र व jut-oc-pootruk, s. m. A man at chess or backgammon, &c.

जल jút-roo, s. m. The collar bone, the

ज्ञा jút-ha, e.m. A company, band, gang, party, class. Jutha bandhna, To form a party. STOT jut-ha, adv. As, so, like, in the manner of, according to, to the utmost of. Jutha jog, In a proper manner, suitably, properly.

जवार jut-harth, adv. In fact, exactly, truly

or jud, adv. As, while, whilst, when, as soon as, at the time when. Jud-tuk, or,-tulude, or,- lug, adv. Till, until, yet, whilst, as long as, while. Jud-nuh-tud, adv. Constantly.

जदबातदबा júdba-túdba, adv. So so. जड़बंडी júdeo-búnshee, adv. Of the race of Judgo.

जहापि jud-yupi, adv. Though, although. जन jun, s. m. Man, individually or collectively, a man, mankind, a person, an individual. In comp, it has a plural sense; as Stree-jun, Women.

अनक jun-uk, s m. A father, a progenitor; the name of a king, sovereign of Mithila, and father of Secta.

जनकपुर junuk-poor, e. m. The metropolis of Rajah Junut, in the district of Tirhoo

जनकृत junáng-um, s. m. A Chundal, a man of a low or degraded tribe.

जनजानवर jun-janwur, s. m. Man and beast

जनता jún-ut-a, s. f. Mankind, a number of men

अनन jun-un, s. m. Birth, production ; family, race, lineage.

जनना jun-na, n. n. To be born.

जननी jun-un-ee, s. f. A mother ; tenderness, compassion. adj. A parent, a progenitor.

अन्द्य jun-ruv, s. m. Noise, clamour; the sound of human voices.

जनतीय jun-lok, s. m. One of the seven Loks or Hindoo divisions of the world; the division said to be inhabited by pious men after their decease; a superior sort of paradise.

ज नवाद jun-vad, s. m. News, rumour, re-

जानवाहा jun-was-a, s. m. The place at the bride's house where the bridegroom and his train are received.

जनस्रति jun-shrooti, a.f. News, tidings, intelligence.

असर jun-a, s. m. A person, individual. part. pass. Born ; a son.

अनाई jun-see, s. f. A midwife.

जनाजात jun-a-ját, adv. Man by man, one by one (person).

जनानिक jun-an-tik, s.m. Secret communication, whispering, speaking aside, &c.

जनाना jun-ána, v. a. To deliver, bring to bed; to inform, remind, tell, warn, point out, shew, seem. s. m. Midwifery.

जनाव jun-ão, s. m. A signal.

जनात्रय jun-ashruy, s. m. A temporary

जिना jun-ik-a, s. m. Double entendre, an expression having more than one meaning.

जनित jun-it, adj. Produced,

जिल्ला jún-it-a, s. m. A father.

जनिकी jun-it-ree, s. f. A mother.

अभी jun-ce, s. f. A woman in general; a mother; the wife of a son or brother's son, &c. ; birth, production ; a maid-servant ; daughter-in-law.

जन jún-oo, s. m. Birth, engenderment.

जनक jun-ook, conj. To wit, though, although.

जनेक jun-600, s. m. The brahminical thread; a flaw in a jewel.

जनेत jun-et, s. f. The company and attendants at a marriage feast.

जनवा jun-éwa s. f. A kind of grass (Doob : Agrost linearis).

जानी jun-o, s. m. The brahminical thread. adv. Like as, as.

जनोटाइरण jun-odahur-un, s. m. Fame.

अन्ता jun-ta, s. m. An instrument for draw-

ज नामा jun-tana, v. a. To squeeze, to press: orare jun-tar, s. m. An amulet.

जाना jun-too, s. m. An animal, a sentient being, a creature, any being endowed with animal life; it is more usually applied however to beings of the lowest organization.

लन्त्र junt-boghn, s. m. A plant and ver-

जन्त फल juntoo-phul, s. m. Glomerous figtree (Ficus glomerata).

जन्तुना juntoo-la, s. f. A kind of grass (Saccharum spontuneum).

TT juntr, s. m. A machine in general, any instrument or apparatus, an engine; a musical instrument; an amulet; juggling; an observatory; a dial.

ज न्यसन्त juntr-muntr, s. m. Juggling, conjuring, enchanting by figures and incantations,

जली jun-tree, s. f. An instrument for drawing wire; a conjurer, a juggler, a wizard.

जन्दा jun-dra, s. m. A pitchfork.

जदा jun-na, v. n. To produce young, to be delivered (of child), to be born,

লক্ষা junm, s. m. Birth, production, life. লক্ষ্যান junm-kéel, s. m. Vishnoo, the bolt or stay of life.

जन्मद jun-mid, s. m. A father जन्मदाना junm-data, s. m. Father; God (as the giver of life or author of existence).

जन्मदिन junm-din, s. m. Birth-day. जन्मन jun-man, s. m. Birth, production.

जन्मना júnm-na, v. n. To be born.

সকাধনী junm-put-ree, s. f Horoscope, nativity. Junm-put-ree kee bidh milna, To meet one's fate.

जन्मभूमि junm-bh6omi, s.f.) Birth-place. जन्मस्थान junm-sthán, s.m.)

जसारी juum-régee, adj. Valetudinarian. जसारा juu-mana, v. a. To beget; to make vegetate.

जवानर junm-antur, s. m. Regeneration, another birth, another state of existence.

ज्ञानिश्वjunm-antur-éeyuh, adj. Acquired in a former birth.

जन्मान्त्र junm-andh, adj. Born blind.

जिल्लिन júnm-in, s. m. An animal, an existent being.

जवाजय jun-mejúy, n prop. Theoson and successor of Rajah Pureekshii.

जन्मो सर्व junm-ótsuv, s. m. A festival commemorating the birth of Krishn.

जन्य jun-yuh, s. m. A father; the friend; attendant, or companion of a bridegroom.

जन्मा jun-yah, s. f. The friend of a mother; the relation or companion of a bride, a bridesmaid, &c.

bride's house where the bridegroom and his train are received.

जन्दार jun-haee, } adv. Man by man, every one.

STU jup, s. m. Silentrepetition of the names of a deity, silent meditation, muttering prayers, repeating inaudibly passages from the Shasters; adoration, charms, names of a deity, counting silently the beads of a resary, &c.

जपत jup-út, part. Repeating prayers, worshipping.

जमसम् jup-tup, s.m. Devotion, adoration. जमसम् jup-na, रिष्य To count one's

beads, to repeat the name of God internally, to recite the bead-roll, to make mention, to repeat prayers inaudibly.

devoted to religious meditation.

जपनाचा jup-mala, s. f. A rosary.

эчт júp-a, s. f. The flower of the plant hoor-hoor (Cleome wiscoon).

जपीतपी júp-ee-túp-ee, a. m. An adorer.

SIE jub, adv. When, at the time when, as soon as Jub-tuk, or,—tubuk, or,—torre, adv. Till when, whilst, as long as Jub-tub, Now and then Jub-jub, Whenever, Jub-ka-tub, asiv. At the time when, at the proper moment Jub-kubhee, or, Jub-kubhoo, Whenever, Jub-lug, adv. At the time when, when, since, Jub-lug, adv. Till when, whilst, as long as, Jub-nuk-tub, adv. Now and then, perpetually. Jubhee, adv. At the very time, Jub-seh, Since.

जबद्धा jub-ra, ह. m. The jaw, or the part of the face from the corners of the mouth to the jaws.

जगदना jub-úd-nā, v. n. To be filled, to be folded.

जबहर jub-úd-da, adj. Rigid, stiff, awkward. जबहर yub-úd-diya, adj. Ill-shaped.

जभा jub-há, जभडा jubh-ra, े e. m. The jaw.

of worlds below, or judge of departed souls, death. Jum-doot, s. m. Messenger of death. Jum-deeya, s. m. A lamp or illumination sacred to Pluto, lighted on the 13th of Kartik, Krishnpuksh, i. e. Three days before the devales

সমস্ত্ৰা júm-uk, s. m. Repeating of a word in different significations (in rhetoric); a twin. s. f. The state of succeeding or going on well.

जमना juin-uk-na, v. n. To succeed, go on well, fit, to be assembled Dookan jumkee, Buyers and sellers are collected in the shop Lurace jumkee, The fight was joined Mujlis jumkee, The assembly is full. Mookudduma jumka. The cause is begun to be debated.

अभवाना jum-kana, v. a. To adjust, go on well, settle, fix; to assemble, crowd together.

समग्र jum-ghút, s. m. Crowd, multitude. समग्र jum-jum, adv. Always, constantly, perpetually.

जसदकी jumud-figuree, n. prop. Name of Pursooram's father.

जसदूत jum-dóot, s.m. Messenger of death. जसभर jum-dhúr, s.m. A dagger

जनन jum-na, v. n. To germinate, grow; to be coagulated, congealed or frozen, to consolidate; to be collected, to clot; to adhere, stick, cohere, set; to pace in the manage.

जनराज jum-rej, n. prop. The regent of death

Jumhaee lena, To gape, to yawn.

जमहाना jum-hána, v. n. To gape, to yawn जमारे jum-áee, s. m. A son-in-law.

जमाना jum-ana, v. a. To collect; sum up; coagulate, fraeze or make ice; congeal, consolidate; to pace in the manege.

जमानगरा jum-al-góta, s.m. A purgative nut (Jatropha curcas: Croton Tiglium).

जनाव jum-ão, s. m. A crowd or multitude ; a cellection, accumulation, accretion; coagulation.

जमावट jum-áwut, s. f. Coagulation, agglutination, congelation, consolidation.

जरना júm-oona, n. prop. f. The river jumna.

जमीजना jum-6g-na, v. a. To ascertain. ज्ञासती jum-put-ee, s. m. dual, Husband and wife.

ক্ষাৰ jum-bál, s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria).

अस्ताता jum-bâla, s. m. A fragrant plant (Pandanus odoratissimus).

STATE jum-beer, s. m. Common lime (Citrus acida); a plant called by some a sort of basil, with small leaves.

जारत jum-boo, s. f. A fruit tree, the rose apple (Eugenia Jambu).

ज इन júm-book, s. m. A jackal; a low man; the rose apple.

THE Upumbée-dweep, s. m. One of the Pouranie divisions of the earth, including the whole of Hindowstan, and said to be so named from the proceeding plant abounding in it, and implying according to the Poorans, the central division of the world, or the known world; according to the Bouddhas, it is confined to India.

সংখ্যা jum-bool, s. m. A fragrant plant (Pandanus odoratissimus); the rose apple.

जर्भारो jum-bheer-ee, c. m. The lime or citron, apparantly of more than one species; a plant, considered to be a kind of basil with small leaves.

जय juy, s. m. f. Triumph, promotion, advancement, preferment, conquest, victory, bravo huzza! all hail! s. m. A kind of moong or bean (Phassolus mungo).

जयजयकार juy-juy-kar, e. m. Rejoicings, triumph, exultation.

जयज्यवन्ती juy-juy-wuntee, s. f. Name of a musical mode.

जयहक juy-dhúk, s. m. A kind of drum. जयध्वनि juy-dhwúni, s. m. Shout of vic-

जयत juyt, s. m. A plant (Eschynomene ecsdan); name of a musical mode.

अयन्ती juy-untee, s. f. A tree (Æschynomene sesban); a flag, a banner.

SAVA juy-putr, s. m. Record of victory or triumph; in law, the sealed and written award of the judge in favor of either party.

जयपाड juy-pal, s. m. A king, a sovereign; (it is also the appellation of several celebrated Hindoo princes); a tree (Croton Tiglium).

जयमङ्ख juy-mungul, s. m. The royal elephant.

जयसान juy-man,

जयवन्त juy-wunt,

जयवान juy-wan, adj. Victorious.

जिविनी juyin-ee,

जयी juyee,

जयमान juy-mál, s. f. Necklace or garland of victory.

जयमन् juy-shubd, s. m. A shout or song of victory, or the exclamation Juy Juy. [rious.

जया júy-ya, adj. Able to conquer, victo-जर jur, s. f. A root. s. m. A fever.

STEST jur-tha, adj. Hard, so'id; hardhearted, cruel, harsh; old, decayed, infirm s. m. Decrepitude.

जरण jur-un, s. m. Cumin-seed; a plant, yielding a pungent seed (Nigella indica); old age, becoming old and infirm.

जरत júr-ut, adj. Old, ancient, advanced in years; infirm, decayed.

जरती jur-ut-ee, s. f. An old woman.

जरन júr-un, s.f. Burning.

जरना júr-na. v. n. To burn.

FICT jur-a, s f. Decrepitude, the general relaxation and debility consequent upon old age, or old age itself; a tree (Mimusops kauki); a female demon.

जरांग jur-ansh, s.m. Paroxysm of a fever. जराहर jur-a-tóor, adj. Infirm, decrepid, debilitated, old.

जराना jur-ána, v. α. To burn, kindle, inflame, light, make jealous. [uterus.

जराय jur-áyoo, s. m. The womb, the जराय ज jur-áyooj, adi. Viviparous, born from the womb, as man and other animals.

a celebrated king and warrior, sovereign of Mugudh, father-in-law to Kuns, and foe to Krisha: he is said to have been slain in single combat by Bluem.

जरामक जित् jur-a sundh-jft, s. m. Bheemsen, the third of the Pandoo princes.

जरीय jur-éeb, s.f. A sort of wooden dart with an iron point. Jurech deulana, To throw the jurech.

जर्ब jur-ooth, s. m. Skinniness, flesh flaccid with old age.

जर्जर jūrj-ur s. m. Indo's banner or emblem; an aquatic plant (Vallisneria). adj. Old, infirm.

जरारीका jur-jur-éeka, adj. Rugged, perforated, full of holes; old, decayed,

san jurn, adj. Old, decayed.

जिति jurt-til, s. m. Sesamum, growing wild.

जब jul, s. m. Water; frigidity (moral, mental or physical). adj. Cold, stupid, apathetic, idictio.

सन्तर्भ jul-kun-tuk, s. m. An aquatie plant (Trapa bispinosa) : a crocodile.

जनकपि jul-kup-i, s. m. The gangetic porpoise or water ape.

जनमान jul-kak, s. m. The diver or water-

जनसङ्घ jul-kinksh, s. mt. An elephant. जनसङ्घ jul-kir-át, s. m. A shark, or according to some, a large alligator (scho mores preeminently among the watery herds).

जनकड jul-kőo-kur, s. m. A water-hen,

जनसङ्दी júl-kóok-kootee, s. f. The blackheaded gull.

अवकृत्यन jul-kóon-tul, a. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria).

जलकूपी jul-kóo-pee, s. f. A whirlpool ;a pond, a pool; a spring, a well.

जनकृद्ध jul-koormm, s. m. The gangetic porpoise.

জন্ম jul-késh, s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria).

जबकी हा jul-kréora, s. f. Sporting, or gamboling in the water, bathing for pleasure or amusement.

जनस्म jul-goolm, s. m. A whirlpool; a turtle, a tortoise; a piece of water, a lake.

लवर jul-char, adj. Aquatic, moving or going in water (an animal).

স্থান jul-új, s. m. A fish; a lotus; a shell. স্থান ব্যান্ত jul-júntoo, s. m. A fish, or any trarine, aquatic, or amphibious animal.

जलजन्द्रका jul-júntoo-ka, s.f. A leech

जनजा jul-júl-a, ad. Indignant, outrageous. feant.

जनजना jul-jul-ana, n. n. To be indig-जनजनाहर jul-jul-ahut, s. f. Indignation, rage, passion, anger.

जनजा jul-ja, s. f. A plant, said to be a ant of Bassia growing it or near water, adj. Water born, aquatic.

जनिव jul-dimb, s. m A bivalve shell.

লবানে jul-tur-ting, s. m. The musical glasses, or harmonicon; playing on glasses or china bowls by rubbing the edges; a brass vessel in which water is put and the edges are beaten with two sticks.

swater jul-tur-unjee, s. f. Name of a

musical instrument.

जलतापिक jul-tápik, } s.m. The Hilsa or जलतान jul-tál, Sable fish (Clupea alosa).

जस्यन jul-thul, s. m. Ground half covered with water, mushy ground.

जनद jul-ud, s. m. A cloud; a fragrant grass (Cyperue rotundus).

जलदाम्न jul-dáshun, s. n. The Sal tree (Shorea robusta).

जनभू jul-dhur, s. m A cloud; the oceau; a grass (Cuperua rotundus).

जनभारा jul-dhára, इ. f. A stream or current of water.

जारिक jul-údh-i, s. m. The ocean.

ज्ञान jul-un, s. m. Burning, heat, inflammation; passion, vexation.

जननका jul-un-kóol, s. m. An otter.

जारा jul-na, v. n. To burn, to be burnt, to be kindled; (met.) To get into a passion, to be enraged, to rage. Jul oothna, To break out (as fire). Jul pukna, To be in a passion, to rage. Jul boojhna, To brand, to burn to ashes. Julich pur non layana, (lit. to throw salt on a burn), To triumph over insult.

जनिधि jul-nidhi, s. m. The ocean.

जनिर्मेस jul-nirgum, s. m. A drain, a water course, a pipe along a wall or building for carrying off water; a water-fall, the descent of a spring, &c.

जनिम jul-néem, s. m. A drug (Herpes-

जनिनी jul-néelee, e. f. Vallisneria.

जनसर jul-un-dhur, a. m. The dropsy.

meyer jul-puch-chhee, s. f. Water-fowl.

thological deity presiding over the watery ole ment, the Hindoo Neptune.

अलगाई jul-paee, s. f. An olive; the Elaocarpus serratus.

ভ্ৰমান jul-pan, s. m. Drinking (of water), eating, taking light food between meals, a luncheon.

जलिपण्या jul-pippullee, s. f. An aquatio

Suggest jul-prishth-ja, s. f. An aquatio plant (Pistia stratiotes).

अन्तिय jul-priyuh, s. m. The chatuk (Cu-eulus melanoleucos); a fish.

जनवन्त्र jul-bundhuk, s. m. A dam, a dike, rocks or stones impeding a current.

जलबन्ध jul-bundhoo, s. m. A fish.

ज्ञान jul-bul, part. Burnt up or consumed with fire.

जलबही jul-bûhee, s. f Swimming, striking with the arms and legs in water.

जनबृह्द jul-bood-bood, s. m. A bubble of water.

जनबद्धी jul-bruhmee, s. f. A kind of potherb (Hilancha repens).

अवस् jul-bhóo, s. f. A cloud ; an aquatic plant (Commelina salicifolia or bengaleasis).

त्रसम्ब jul-múy, s. m. A deluge, flood, inundation. [sect.

जनमंत्रका jul-műkshika, s. f. A water in-जनमान्य jul-mánoos, s. m. A water-man, a mermaid.

जनसन्ते jul-márg, s. m. A drain or issue from a pond.

जलमाजार jul-marjar, s. m. An otter.

जबादी jul-moortti, s. m. Shiv, of whom one form is water, implying his omnipresence.

जनयन्त्र jul-yúntr, s. m. A water-work, a machine for raising water, &c., any contrivance connected with that element.

जराय करह jul-yuntr-grih, s. m. A house or fabric erected in the midst of water, or subterraneous apartments constructed in the bank of a river, for retiring to in the hot season; a summer-house, &c.

সবংস্ক jul-runk, s. m. A kind of crane, feeding on small fish chiefly, and therefore haunting swamps, &c.

क्रबर्ड jul-runkoo, s. m. A gallinule.

जनर्भ jul-runj, s. m. The Vuk, a kind of

ज्ञानता jul-lut-a, s. f. A wave, a billow.

जनवाना jul-wána, v. a. To cause to burn. जनविद्यान jul-vir-ál, s. m. An otter.

जनविषुव jul-vish-oov, « m. The autumnal Equinox, the moment of the Sun's entering Libra, occurring near the close of the annual rains

সবহৃত্তিক jul-vrish-chik, s. m. A pruwn or shrimp (water s orpion).

জন্মম jul-vyúdh, s. m. A kind of fish, a sort of pike.

जनवया jul-wy-ya, s. m. A burner.

STENIZ jul-shuy, s. m. Vishnoa, who is supposed to sleep, borne by his serpent couch above the ocean, during the four months of the periodical rains in India. লক্ষাই jul-shace, s. m. Vishnoo, as sleeping on the waters.

जनसूचि jul-soochi, s. m. A fish, a sort of pike (Esca scolopax); the gangetic perpoise; an aquatic plant (Trapa bispinosa). s. f. A leech.

जनस्त jul-soot, s. f. The guinea-worm (Filaria medinensis).

जबरेनी jul-sén-ce, e. f. Sleeping in water by way of mortification; a fish.

जलह jul-húh, s. m. A small water (or summer) house.

লভারত jul-hás, s. m. Cattle fish bone, considered as the indurated foam of the sea.

जला júl-a, s. m. A lake.

जनावाद jul-akár, s. m. Appearance or semblance of water.

जनाम् jul-ákhoo, s. m. An otter or water-जनाम् jul-ánchul, s. m. A natural water-

course or channel; a plant (Vallisneria).

जन्मार jul-adhár, s. m. A pond, a lake, a reservoir, any piece of water.

Signative light make isolars

flame, fire, light, make jealous. অভামনা júl-a-búl-a, adv. Fretful, pas-

जनाभूना jul-a-bhóona, sionate, hottempered; scorched.

जनामय jul-amúy, adj. Full of water, wet. जनाम्बका jul-am-bik-a, a. f. A well.

ল্লান্ব jul-arnuv, s. m. The rainy season; the sea of fresh water; an inundation, a flood, a deluze.

ज डाइर् jul-árdra, adj. Wet, charged with aqueous moisture,

जलाबुका jul-alooka, े s. f. A leech.

जलावन jul-áwun, s. f. Firewood.

ল্ডামের jul-ashuy, s. m. A pond, a tank, a lake, a reservoir, or any piece of water; the ocean; a fragrant grass (Andropogon muricatum). adj. Stupid, dull, cold, apathetic.

जिलका júl-ik-a, जिलका júl-oek-a, है र A leech.

जिल्ला júl-iya, s. m. A fisherman.

अलेक्या jul-ech-chhya, s. f. A plant (Heliotropium indicum).

जनेश्चन jul-éndhun, s. m. Submarine fire. जनेशे jul-éb-ec, s. f. A kind of sweetmeat.

जलकर jul-ésh-wur, s. m. The mythological deity of water, Vuroon; the ocean.

जानी jul-6ka, s. f. A leech.

সভী কুমে jul-ochehh-was, s. m. A drain or channel, made on purpose for carrying off an excess of water, or such a channel made naturally by the overflow of a river, &c.

अलोहर jul-odur, s. m. Dropsy.

जलोरगी jul-órgee,

जनीयम jul-óukus, े s. f. A leech.

जलीना jul-buka,

ज्ञ julp, s. m Dissention, wrangling ;

ज्ञान julp-ak, adj. A chatterer, talking much and foolishly or improperly.

अह jon, s. m. Barley. Jou jou hisab lena, To take a strict account, the mark between the joints of the finger.

जनती juwtiree, s. f. Mace.

জ্বদ júv-un, s. m. A courser, a feet horse; a country, Ionia or Greece; a Greek or Mahomedan.

STIT juwa, s. m. Mark in the joints of the fingers; a flower, the China rose (Hibiscus rosa rineusis); a clove of garlic, a kind of stitch in needle-work. Juwedar, Served in a particular manner.

जवार् juwáce, s. m. A son-in-law.

जदादार juwakhar, s.m. Impure salt-petre, जदादा juwankoor, s.m. The young shoots

of barley presented by Brahmuns to their disciples at the feast of Nouratr.

जवापुत्र juwapóosp, इ. m. The China rose, the plant or its flower.

जाबार juwar, s. m. The rise or flow of the

जनारा juwara, s. m. Indian corn.

জ্বাৰা juwala, s. m. Grain mixed with barley as food for cattle.

अवानी juwalee, s. f. Mixed wheat.

STATET juwasa, s. m. A prickly bush of which (atecs are made, and which is eaten by camels (Hedysarum alhaga).

FF jus, s. m. Name, character, celebrity, reputation, fame, renown, luck. Jusupjus, s. m., Good and evil, or the favourable and unfavourable traits of one's character.

जसपत jus-pút, adj. Reputable, re-जसपति jus-pút-i, nowned.

जस्ब jus-swee, adj. Famous, illustrious, renowned, celebrated.

जल just, जला just,

which place. Juhan tuhan, Here and there, every where. Juhan ta tuhan, Everywhere, in the same place as before. Juhan juhan, adv. Wherever. Juhan kuheen, adv. Wherever. Juhan tuhan, adv. As far as. Juhan esh. Whence, from which place. Juhan-tuhan phirna, To straggle, to wander.

Jef juhean, adv. Wherever.

of gr juha, s. f. A plant, the flowers of which recemble those of the kudumb.

जहानक juhanuk, s. m. The period of the total destruction of the world.

可谓 juh-noo, s. m. The name of a king or saint.

जह तथरा juhnoo-turya, s. f. The Ganges: the river in its course is said to have disturbed the devotions of the saint Juhnoo, upon which he drank up its waters; having released them at the intercession of the gods, he is thus considered the parent of the stream.

Iff ja, pron. sing. Whom, what, which,

STE jace, adj. f. Born. s. f. A daughter.

wing jan kur, e. m. Money (or other pleage) left for a thing purchased, while it is carried away to be finally approved.

जांबर jan-gur, s.m. The thigh and leg.

Fire jaugh, s. f. The thigh.

লামল ján-ghul, s. m. A kind of heron (Ardea indica).

आंध्या jan-ghi-ya, s. m. A kind of breeches that do not cover the thigh.

जांच jauch, s. m. Trial, examination, test, assay, proof.

जांचना jánch-na, v. a. To examine, enquire into, ascertain, try, prove, assay.

ara jant, s. f. A wooden trough for raising water.

sint jan-ta, e. f. A stone-mill for grinding corn, a handmill of two stones, one over the other; a pair of bellows.

Frac ja-kur, s. m. Money (or other pledge) left for a thing purchased, while it is carned away to be finally approved.

जान jag, s.m. A religious sacrifice, vigils. जानत já-gut, s. f. Watchfulness, waking.

जान ती ज्योनि jägtee-jyót, adj. Possessed of or exerting miraculous powers.

जागना jág-na, v. n. To awake, to be awake, to wake.

জাগালে jág-run, s.m. Vigil, wakefulness, keeping watch, sitting up at night (in a religious ceremony or prayers), vespers.

जागिन ja-gurt-ti, s. f. Waking, vigilance. जागन्न já-guh, s. f. Place.

जागा já-ga, s. m. A cast of Hindons.

जानावंदी jága-búndee, e. f. Drowsiness,

जान ja-géo, adj. Wakeful, watchful. जाइन ján-gul, s. m. The francoline parजाङ्गली jáng-lee, ad/. Rural, picturesque, diversified with hill, vale, wood, and water (country): wild, jungles, barbarous, savage. s. f. Cowach (Carpopogon pruriens).

बाइन jan-gool, s. m. Poison, venom.

जाङ्ग जि ján-goo-lik, s. m. A snake-जाङ्ग जिम ján-goo-lik, catcher,a dealer

in antidotes, a snake doctor, one who pratends chiefly by charms to cure the bits of snakes or other venemous anim s.

जाइनी ján-goo-lee, s. f. Knowledge of poisons, the possession of charms or drugs, and employment of them as antidotes; a potherb (Luffa acutangula).

লাৰক já-chuk, s. m. A suitor, a solicitor, a candidate, a beggar, a person who goes about singing for charity, a petitioner, one who asks or solicits.

जाचना jách-na, v. a. To want, need, require, implore, solicit, ask, beg.

siles at the performance of a religious ceremony, an officiating priest; a player on cymbals or on the tabour.

जाजम já-jum, s. f. A cloth thrown over the carpet to sit on.

जाट jat, s. m. A tribe of Rajpoots.

जार्टील ját-li, s m. f. A plant (Bignonia suave-olens).

SITS jath, s. m. The axis of an oil or sugar mill which presses the grain or the canes; a post placed by *Hindoos* in the centre of a tank to mark its being dedicated.

MTS jar, s. m. The gums (of the teeth).

आइ। já-ra, s. m. Cold, coldness; the winter.

smil já-ree, s. f. A row of teeth.

are jadyuh, s.m. Coldness, apathy; folly, stapidity, dullness or coldness of intellect; coldness, frigidity.

जार jat, adj. Born, produced, engendered; a child, offspring. s. m. Kind, sort, class species, cast, sect, tribe, race; birth, production. जारक ja-túk, s. m. A mendicant; astrolo-

gical calculation of a nativity.

जातकर्म jat-kurm, s m. A sacrificial ceremony directed to be performed at the birth of a child.

जातपांत jat-pant, s. f. Pedigree.

बाति já-ti, s. f. Kind, sort, species, class, tribe; birth, production; lineage, race, family, जा तखाया játi-lúkshun, s.m. Specific or generic distinction or characteristic; mark of tribe or caste.

जातिसभाव játi-swubháo, s m. Specific or generic character or nature.

जातिहीन jati-héen, adj. Outcaste, void of caste.

जाती já-tee, s. f. Great-flowered jasmin (Jasminum grandiflorum) ; mace, natmeg.

जातीयत्री jatee-putree, s. f. Mace.

जातीफल jatee-phill, s. m. Nutmeg.

जातीरेस jatee-rús, s. m. Gum myrrh. जास játyuh, adj. Well-born, of good

family. जान्यस्य jat-yundh, adj. Born blind.

STAT já-tra, s. f. A moment (generally implying a fortunate moment); pilgrimage; departure, march, journey; procession, a festival.

जानी já-tree, } s. m. A pilgrim.

जादव ja-dúv, s. m. The lineage of Krishn, one of that race.

THE jan, & m. A conjurer, an astrologer.

part. Knowing. adj. Wise, intelligent. Janboojh-kur, adv. Knowingly, wilfully, purposely.

जानत janút, adj. Knowing, understanding, जानना ján-na, v. a. To know, to understand, to comprehend, to suppose, to trust.

जाननी jan-noun, v. a. To know, understand, to comprehend, to suppose.

जानपत्तवान jan-puh-chan, s. m. An acquaintance, an intimate friend.

जानब्रुक में jan-boojh-keh, adv. Knowingly, wilfully, purposely.

जागहार jan-hár, adj. Going, passing away. जाना já-na, v. n. To go, be, pass, reach,

continue. Jata-ruhna, To be lost, missing, to die, disappear, vanish, go away, pass away.

Tra jé-noo, s. m. The knee.

जानुपानक jénoo-phúluk, s. m. The kneepan or patella.

जान सन्धि jánoo-sűndhi, e. f. The knee joint. जाने अनुजाने jánéh-unjáneh, adv. Wittingly or unwittingly.

जाने देना janeh-déna, v. a. To liberate, let go; to excuse, pass over (as a fault). Janeh-do, Never mind, let alone, don't.

जानी jano, v. n. To go; understand, suppose; that is, videlicet, to wit.

ster jan-na, v. α. To know, understand, comprehend, suppose, believe, deem, think, fancy, conceive, judge, account, esteem, to trust.

sages from the shusters, charms, names of a deity, silent meditation, muttering of prayers, counting silently one's beads.

आपन ja-puk, ] s. m. One who counts his

sages of the Veds, prayers, &c., inaudibly.

FIR jah, s. m. Muzzle for large cattle , a net for fruit; a sort of grass.

जाबी já-bee, s. f. Muzzle for small cattle.

Jambos, dc.); the eighth part of a day, watch of three hours.

जारम já-mun, s. f. A fruit and tree so called (Calypromines caryophyllifolia; Eugenia Jāmbalana) s. m. Sour milk used to coagulate fresh milk, runnet, coagulator.

जामनी jam-nee,adj, Grecian, Mahomedan, or their language.

squat ja-mā-ta, s. m. Son-in-law,daughter's husband.

जासार ja-mā-tri, s. m. A daughter's husband, a son-in-iaw: a husband, a lord or master; the sun-flower (Heliauthus annus).

जामिनी já-min-ee, a. f. Night.

जानी já-mee, s. f. A virtuous and respect-

जावन jam-bub, s. m. The rose-apple, the

जाञ्चनत jam-bőo-wűt, ह. m. A fabulous bear, father-in-iaw to Krishn.

जायपनी jae-pútree, s. f. Mace.

जायफन jae-phúl, s. m. Nutmeg (Myristica moschata).

STRIJE 98, 8. f. A wife, one wedded according to the perfect ritual adj. m. Born. s. m. A son.

जावापती jáya-pút-ee, s.m. dual, Husband and wife.

सार jar, s. m. A paramour, a gallant;

STEST já-ruj, s. m. f. An adulterine, the child of a woman by her gallant.

जारन já run, s. m. Firewood, fuel.

जारना jár-na, e. a. To light, kindle, burn, inflame.

mitel jar-noun, v. a. To burn, kindle, inflame, light.

one of jarul, s. m. A kind of wood (Lager-stramia flos regina).

TIE ja-roo, part. Burning.

THE jal, s. m. A net; a sash; a window, a lattice, an uyelet, or loophole; magick, conjuring, illusion, supernatural deception. Jaldar, adj. Reticulated. Jal-lukree, s. f. Valerian.

ATANT ja-lun-dhur, s. m. A country situated in the north-west of India, apparently part of Laker, and perhaps the modern Jullindhur.

जानश्रा jal-tin-dhur-a, adj. An inhabitant of Jalundhur.

जाना já-la, s. m. Cobweb, a pellia ; a jar ; a speck on the eye, a cataract.

जानिक já-lik, s.m. A spider ; a fisherman; a hunter using nets.

जानिको ja-lik-ce, adj. A cheat, a rogue, a vagabond, a conjurer or juggler; one who employs nets, &c., for a fivelihood.

जानिनी ja lin-ee, ह f. A painting room.

जानिया já-liya, s. nl. A cheat, a rogue, a conjurer.

steri já-lee, adj. Illusory, deceptive. s. f. Net-work; the integament in which a feetus is enveloped; a coil; a caul; a lattice, grate, trelliswork. Jalee parna, Expresses the hardening of the stone of a mango.

Freq jalin, e. m. A low man, one of a degraded tribe or business, ddj. Cruel, harsh, severs; inconsiderate, rash, acting without thinking.

जावक já-wuk, s. m. The red colour procured from the lakh insect.

erra at ja-wnt-ree, s. f. Mace (the spice

जाबिकी ju-wit-ree, so called).

जावनीभाषा jawunee-bhasha, s. f. The language of the Greeks or of the Mahomedans.

Brat já-wan, adj. Twins.

THE ja-soo, pron. From or of whom.

जारि ja-hi, pron. rel. sing. In the dative case, to whom, to whomsoever.

जाहो já-hee.s.f.A flower (Jasminum grandiflorum); a fire work resembling that flower.

जिमिजिगिया jig-jig-iya, adj. Fawning.

ভিস্তিশী jig-jig-ee, s. f. An exclamation expressive of surprise and pleasure. Jigjines kurna, v. a. To fawn.

जिसीया jig ee-sha, s f. Emulation, wish to excel or overcome.

লিভি jin-ghi, s. f. Bengal madder ( Rubia maniith).

manjith).

[Silvan jij-iya, s. // A sister, a dug, a breast.

লিবাদা Jigyása, s. f. Asking, inquiring. লিতানী jithá-nee, s. f. Husband's elder brother's wife.

for jit, adv. Where.

जिसमाध jit-krodh, ach. Of subdued passion, not to be provoked or made angry.

जितना jit-na, m adj. How much, so much, as much as, as many. Jitnek-men, In as much (time) as.

जिता jit-a, ) adj. As much as, as many जिते का jit-ék, as.

जिताका jit-atma, adj. Self-subdued, void [conquer. of passion.

जिताना jit-ana, . a. To cause to win or जिलेन्द्रिय jit-éndriyuh, ) s.m. An ascetic,a जितन्त्रों jit , dree, sage, o sage, one who

जितिन्द्रयता jit-éndriyuta, a.f. Continence,

subjugation of the senses or passions. जिलेन्द्रिया jit-éndriya, ad). Having subdued

जिला jit-yá, adj. Conquerable, vincible.

जलरी jit-war-ee,adj. Victorious, triumphf. The city of Benares.

fayr jidhur, adv. Where, wherever, whiither, there. Jidhur tidhur, adv. Whither, here

and there; every where. जिन jin, pron. rel. inflec. pl. Whom, what, which. A negative particle, No, not. A prohibitive particle, Don't. s. m. A Jin, the generic name of the personage peculiar to the Jyn sect, who is ranked by them as superior to the gods of the other sects; a saint and teacher: twentyfour Jins are supposed to flourish in an Uvasarpini, or Jyn age, and their writers enumerate those of the ages past, present, and to come; a Buddh, a generic term applied to the chief saints of the Buddh sect, in the same manner as to those of the Jyns.

जिमारा jib-hára, adj. Abusive, foul-tongu-

ed talkative.

ित्र jim, conj. Like, as, in such manner as famini jim-ina, v.a. To feed, to entertain. जिया jiyura, s. m. Life, soul. adj. (met.)

जियाना jiyana, v. a. To give life, to vivify, recover any thing almost dead; to foster, to patronize; to cause to live.

नियद्रा jiyoora, \ s. m. Life, soul, sweet-जिवहा jiv-ra, I heart, beloved ; annual wages to washermen and others,

जियोड jiyonth, adj. Brave, conrageous.

जिलाना jil-aua, v. a. To give life to ; to vivify, animate, recover any thing almost dead; to foster, patronize,

जियाना jiwana, v. a. To feed, to entertain : to give life, to vivify, recover any thing almost lead; to cause to live; to foster, to patronize

for jis, pron. rel. sing. That, what, who, whom, which, any one. Jis-tis, Whomever, whatever, some or other. Jis-jis, Whichever, each of which. Jis jugah, adv. Where, wherever. Jis dum, adv. When, while, whilst. Jis turuh, adv. What fashion or manner, (iu) what manner, according to, as. Jisturuf, adv. Wherever. Jiskadr, adv. To what degree, as, as much as, whatever, whatsoever. Jis-kisee ka, Of whomever, whosesoever. Jis-kisce-ko, To whomever.

fafe jihin, inft. pron. That, what, who,

जिल्ला jiv-há, s. f. The tongue.

जिल्लासन jiv-ha-mul, s. m. The fir of the (ping. tongue.

जिल्लाखाद jiv-ha-swad, s. m. Licking, lap-Fi jee, s. m. Life, soul, self, spirit, mind. Jee oothana, To withdraw one's friendship or desire. Jee boora kurna, To vomit to have a nausea; to be displeased. Jee burhana, To be moderately desirous. Jee bikhurna, v. n. To faint. Jee bhurjana, To be at case and contented. Jee ajana, To have the mind suddenly fixed (on anything). Jes bhur-ana, To be touched with compassion or seized with grief. Jee buhlana, To amuse one's self, to dissipate reflection. Jee pana, To understand one's temper; to be highly pleased; to escape from misfortune. Jee pance kurna, To harass, to tease, to plague, to perplex: Jec-pur kisee-keh chulua, Toobey. Jee-purkhelna, Torisk one's life, to run the hazard. Jee puscejna, or,pighulna, or, -pighul jana, To be compassionate, to feel affection. Jee pukra jana, To be sorry. Jee phut jana, To be broken-hearted. Jee phir jana, To be contented; to be satisted or disgusted. Jee julana, To befriend; to plague, to perplex. Jec julua, To be vexed or troubled in mind. Jee chahaa, To desire. Jee chhipana, or, -choorana, To do a work carelessly or lazily, to neglect. Jes chalana, To act bravely, Jec chulua, To desire. Jee-dan, Granting life, pardoning a capital crime, permission. Jee-dan To grant life, to pardon a capital crime. Jee dhurukna, To bave a palpitation of the heart. Jee doob jana, To faint. Jee ruthna, To be easily pleased, to please. Jee-sel outur jana, To sink in the opinon of another; to be broken-hearted. Jee-seh marna, To kill. Jee kurna, or,-hona, To desire, to wish for Jec Ishol keh koochh kurna, To do with pleasure or cheerfully. Jee kee uman mangnee, To preface a discourse with excuses. Jee keh budul jee denu, To take up the cause of another. Jee gleut jana, To detest. Jee lugana, To excite desire or leve, to place or fix the mind. Jee bigno, To contract affection for any person or thing, to hanker after. Jee lena, To penetrate one's thoughts; to excite one's desire; to kill. Jee marna, To mortify one's desire, to displease. Jee milana, To contract friendship. Jee-men ana, To come into the mind, to ocem to the recollection. Jec-men jul jana, To. be tormented with envy or jealousy. Jee-men jee and, To be comforted. Jee men ghur kurna, To be pleasant, agreeable or acceptable. Jee nikulna, To die; to desire or love excessively; to fear exceedingly. Jee harna, To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless. Jee hut jana, To detest.

al jee, adv. Ves. s. m. Sir, master, ma-

जीका jée-ka, s. f. Pension, livelihood.

जी कराना jeen-goo-rana, v. n. To corrugate,

of a jeet, s. f. Winning, victory.

जीतना jeet-ne, v. a. To win, conquer, overcome, beat.

जीतन jee-tub, s.m. Life, existence.

जीतवन्त jeet-wunt, } s. m. A winner.

जीतवयाjeet-wyya, S. m. A winner.

strarjée-ta, adj. Alive, living; over, more, above. Jeetejee, adj. Alive, living.

affaut jec-ti-ya, s. f. Name of a Hindoo fast observed by women, who have lost several children, to preserve the remainder.

जीत jee-too, s. m. A winner.

जीधर jée-dhur, adv. Where, wherever,

जीन jeen, s. m. An old man.

The jec-na, v. n. To live s m. Living.

The jeebh, s. f. The tongue. Jeebh burhana, To be loquacious and abusive; to pursue pleasures beyond one's reach. Jeebh pukurna, To silence; to interrupt one's discourse; to criticise minutely. Jeebh jhookana, To pretend to wealth falsely. Jeebh chatna, To long after or covet unattainable enjoyment. Jeebh chalana, To boast beyond one's ability. Jeebh dab keh bat kuhna, To speak with reserve. Jeebh kutna, To forbid by signs; to grant the request of a petitioner; to be struck with terror or astonishment. Jeebh nikalna, To be extremely fatigued or thirsty.

जीभारा jee-bha-ra, adj. Plain-spoken, loquacious

of if jee-bhee, s. f. An instrument for cleaning the tongue; a bit of a bridle.

जोबना jéem-na, v. a. To ent.

जोबार jee-mar, adj. Capital (as a crime); mortifying one's desires.

जीरक jee-ruk, s. m. Cumin-seed.

जीरन jée-run, adj. Old, decayed; digested.

जीरा jee-ra, s. m. Cumin-seed.

जी के jeern, s. m. An old man. adj. Old, ancient; withered, decayed; digested.

जी यांचा jeern-tá, s. f. Old age; infirmity,

जी बायका jeern-vústr, s. m. Old, worn, or tattered raiment.

जीर्षत्रमञ jeern-vrudh-nuk, s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

ell'i jéer-ni, s. f. Old age, infirmity, decay; digestion. जीन jeel, s. f. A high note or tone in singing or music opposite to the bass, the treble.

iffe, existence; the sentient soul, the emanation of the deity which, it is believed as incorporated with the animal body, and give in life, motion, and sensation, hence also called Jecvatmun; it is opposed to that abstract state of the soul Parmamun, in which, by meditating upon its own divine nature and origin, the spirit is supposed to be set at liberty from human feelings and passions.

जीव jécoo, s. m. A sweetheart, a lover.

often jee-vuk, s. m. A tree (Peniaptera tomentosa); a medicinal plant, considered as one of the eight principal drugs, classed together der the name Ushtevery; an animal, any being endowed with life.

जीवगर jeev-gúr, adj. Resolute, bold,

जीवर jee-wút, brave, courageous. जीवजीव jeev-jeev, s. m. A kind of bird,

supposed to be a sort of pheasant.

জীবস্থাৰ jeev-un-jéev, s. m. A kind of bird, supposed to be a pheasant; the Chukar or Greek partridge.

ভাৰতা jeev-ra, s. m. The soul, life; a sweetheart, beloved; annual wages to washermen and others.

जीवत jee-wut, part. Living, alive. adj. Victorious.

जीवतिया jeev-tiya, s. f. A Hindoo fast observed by women who have lost several children to preserve the remainder.

जीवनी का jee-wútto-ka, s. f. A woman whose children are living.

जीवत्पति jée-wut-pút-i, s.f. A wife whose husband is alive.

जीवधन jeev-dhun, s. m. Living property, live stock, wealth in flocks and herds.

जीवन jee-wun, s.m. Life, existence; livelihood, living, profession; water; a son.

जीवनी jée-wun-ee, s. f. Jasmin.

जीवनी पाच jéevun-opáynh, s. m. Livelihood, means of subsistence.

जीवनीयभ jeev-nou-shudh, s. m. A drug to revive the dead.

जीवन jée-wunt, adj. Alive, living, exis-

कीविन्त a jee-wun-tik, s. m. A fowler, a birdcatcher.

जीवन्तिका jee-wun-tik-u,'s. f. A parasite plant (Epidendron tesseloides, and other species); a plant (Menispermum glabrum).

जीवनी jee-wun-tee, s. f. A tree (Celtis orientalis); a plant (Menispermum glabrum);

the Sum or Saen tree (Mimosa albida); yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula).

जीवपुत्रक jeev-pootruk, s. m. A plant bearing seeds which are used in Rosaries.

जीवमन्दिर jeev-mundir, s. m. The body. जीवमार jeev mar, adj. Capital (asa crime); mortifying (one's desires).

जीवसू jeev-s6e, s. f. The mother of living offspring.

जीवस्थान jeev-sthan, s. m. A joint, an arti-

जोबात jeev-atoo, s. m. A drug for re-animating the dead; life, existence.

जीवाधार jeev-adhar, s. m. The earth.

लोबसा jeev-atma, s. m. The vital principle, or spirit; that spiritual essence which renders bodies susceptible of motion or sensation.

जीवान्तज jeev-antuk, s. m. A fowler, a birdcatcher.

লীবিদ্যা jeevika, s. f. Livelihood, profession or occupation, by which a subsistence is obtained; pension.

जीवित jee-wit, s. m. Living, life, existence. जीवित जाच jee-wit-kal, s. m. Period or duration of life, a life. [tent.

जीविता jee-wit-a, adj. Living, alive, exis-जीवितेश jee-wit-ésb, s. m. A name of Yum, regent of death; a lover, a husband; lord or master of existence; a drug to revive the dead.

नोवितेशा jee-wit-ésha, adj. Ruling life, master of heing (applicable to objects either of reverence or affection).

जोदी jee-vee, adj. Alive, living, animate,

जीहारना jee-hárna, v. n. To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless. जनारी joo-arec, s. m. A gambler.

jum joong, s. f. Emotion, impulse; a vo-

जा joog, s. m. One of the four great Hindoo periods; a term used in the game of chousur; a pair. Jooganoojaog, Ages of ages, from age to age, for ages. Joogjoog, adv. Constantly, eternally. Joog phorna, or, —phootsa, To cause a difference between friends, to fall out.

ज्ञान joo-gut, s. f. Address, dexterity, contrivance, counsel, wit, a run, art. Joogut bolna, To pun. Joogut-baz, Punster, quibbler. Joogutbazes, s. f. A quibble, pun, witticism, economy.

जुनती jóo-gut-ee, adj. Artful, clever, cunning, economical, facctious, punning.

जुलनी joog-nee, s. f. Fire-fly, glow-worm; an ornament worn round the neck.

जुगन joog-noo, s. m. The fire-fly (Lampy-ris); a jewel worn about the neck,

जुगन jóo-gul, adj. Two, a pair, brace, जगम jóo-gum, couple.

syntar joo-ga-na, v. a. To be careful of, to keep with care; to lend labour, i. e. To assist another in his work in expectation of similar assistance being returned hereafter.

ज्यान joo-gal, adj. Two.

जुगानना joo-gaina, v. a. To chew the cud. जगानी joo-gailee, s. f. The cud.

जगुश्चन joo-góop-sun, e.m.) Censure, जगुश्चा joo-góop-sa, e.f. abuse, reproach, reviling.

जुम्हित joo-goop-sit, adj. Censured, abused, reproached, reviled.

Jus argenteus).

ज़ित jóong-it, adj. Outcast, deserted, injured, abandoned.

जुक्त joojh, s. m. An engagement, a battle. जुक्तांड बाजना joo-jhaoo bajna, v. n. To sound warlike instruments in battle.

जटक joo-tuk, s. m. f. The matted hair of shiv or of ascetics; any knot or fillet of hair.

STAT joot-ne, v. n. To close with, to engage in close fight, to unite, to close, to join (as the edges of a wound); to stay, wait.

ज्हाना joo-tana, v. a. To conglutinate.

जुड़ना jóor-na, v. a. To be joined.

जुड़हा joor-há, s. m. Twins.

जुड़ाई joo-rá-ee, s. f. The price of joining, mending, &c.

ব্ৰুবেল jeo-rh-na, v. a. To cause to join, to cause to couple, to get mended; to tear the hair in token of grief and vexation.

जहा joorhá, s. m. Twins.

with, united with, joined to, as, Dharmjoot, adj. Virtuous.

ज्ञान joot-wana, v. a. To cause to join ज्ञाई joo-taee, adj. Arable. s. f. Tillage. Jodana, v. n. To be joined, to yoke; to be tilled. ज्ञाना joo-ti-yana, v. n. To beat with a slimer

नुद्ध jooddh, s. m. Battle, war, fight.

जन joon, s. m. Time.

जुन्हाई joonh-ree, s. f. A kind of grain. जुन्हाई joon-hace, s. f. The moonlight. जुन्हाई joon-har, s.m. A kind of grain (com-

prising many species, of which Indian corn is one), जहें या joon-hy-ya, s. f. The moonlight.

जुबती jóo-but-ee, s. f. A young woman, a

ज्या joo-ba, adj. Young.

जुरना joor-na, v. n. To be procured or obtained, to come to hand, to be joined.

जुरनी joor-noun, v. n. To unite, to be joined.

जरादेना joora-déna, v. a. To procure.

जुराना joo-rá-na, n. n. To be comforted or pacified. v. a. To procure.

जुरायन joo-rá-wun, तत्रे. Procurable. Joovao, s. m. Procurement.

जक्षा jóo-roo-wa, s. f. A wife.

जुन jool, s. m. Deceit, cheating, a trick. Joolbaz, s. m. A knave, a cheat.

जवती jóo-wut-ee, s. f. A young woman, a

ज्याज joo-wuráj, s. m. A king's son, the heir-apparent, one appointed to the empire.

ज्या joo-wa, adj. Toung, juvenile. s. m. A yoke, a young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy.

Gara joo-war, s. m. Large maize.

जवारी joo-wa-ree, s. m. A gambler; a thread stretched over the bridge of a musical instrument beneath the cords, whereby the sound is said to improve.

जुक्तक joosh-kuk, s. m. The water of boiled pulse, pease soup, porridge, &c.

we joosht, s. m. The crumbs or remnants of a meal, or its leavings.

Served, obliged, worshipped, gratified by service.

STET joe-har, s. f. Hindoo salutation,

of joo, adv. Lord! master! sir!

ज्ञा joo-a, s. m. A yoke; a die, dice, a gaming, gambling. Joon Hielma, To gamble. Jooch-khana, A gambling-house.

जदार joo-át, a. m. A yoke.

ज्यारी joo-aree, e. m. A gambler; a thread stretched over the bridge of a musical instrument beneath the cords, whereby the sound is said to improve,

i joon, s. f. A louse. Joon-moonha, adj. Smooth-faced, bypocritical.

जगर joo-gut, s. f. Manner, mode; skill, cleverness; a pun, or double meaning. Joogutbaz, A punster, or rather one who is fond of attering double meanings.

ज्ञाना joojh-na, v. n. To fight, to be killed in battle. Joojh murao, To die fighting.

az jost, s. m. The matted hair of Shin; the clotted hair of an ascetic. [cold.

sis joor, alj. Cold. s. m. Coldness, the

जड़ा jóo-ra, s. m. Cold; the hair done up in a knot behind, the hinder part of a turband.

जहा joo-ree, s. f. An ague.

ज्वलोरा joot-khóra, adj. Beaten with slippers ; infamous.

Mar joo-ta, s. m. A shoe, slipper.

जाती joo-tee, s. f. A shoe. Jootes-khor, adj. Beaten with slippers; mean, abject. Juoicepyrar, s. f. Scuffle, Jooke kares, s. f. Act of beating with slippers.

जद jooth, s. m. A band, a company, flock,

जन joon, s. m. Time.

ज्ञा joo-na, s. m. A rope of grass: a ring of twisted grass laid under a round-bostomed jar to prevent it from oversetting.

erar jóo-wa, s. m. A yeke.

जल jool, s. m. Guile.

ज्य joosh, ] s. m. The water of boiled जह joes, I pulse, pease soup, porridge, broth, &c.

लड़ jooh, 8, m. A yoke.

ज़हड joo-hur, e. m. Pits filled with water at the bottom of mountains.

जुड़ी joo-hee, s. f. Jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum).

जन्मा jrim-bha, s f. Gaping, yawning.

जित्तिनी jrim-bhin-ce, s. f. A kind of mimosa (Mimosa octandra).

ich, pron. Who, which, what,

जेर jet, s. f. A heap.

बेड jeth, s. m. Hushand's elder brother, name of the second Hindoo month (May-June). adj. Older, first-born.

जिट रा jethra, adj. Elder, first-born : husband's elder brother.

जेठा jet-ha, adj. m. Elder, first-horn ; the first and strongest tint obtained from the koosoom flower (Carthumus tinctorius).

जेटानी jet-ha-nec, s. f. The wife of a husband's elder brother.

जेडीसम् jethee-mudhoo, s. m. Liquorice (Glycirrhiza glabra).

जेडीत jet hout, s. m. Husband's elder brother's son.

जेता jet-a, adj. As much as, so much. Jela-ki, adv. Though, although.

जेतिक jet-ik, adj. As many, as much.

जेब jeb, s. f. A pocket. Jeb-kutra, s. m. A pickpocket.

जेया jéya, adj. Conquerable, fit or subject

to be conquered. fectus is enveloped, the after-birth, secundines.

जेन jel, s. m. A string or line of captives chained tegether, a string of buckets passed over the Persian wheel.

जेवडा jéo-ra, s. m. A cord, a string.

जेयड़ी jeo-ree, s. f. A string, a cord, a worm.

जेवना jéc-na, v. a. To eat.

जेवलार jeo-nar, s. f. A treat, feast, entertainment, banquet.

जेवरी jev-ree, e. f. A cord, a string.

जेप josht, adj. Eldest, chief.

is jeshth, s. m. Husband's elder brother, rame of the second Hindon month (June-July). udj. Older, first-born.

जेश jesh-thá, s. f. One of the lunar mansions (the eighteenth).

可能可以此下。f. A pile of pots filled with water and placed one over the other in order to be carried on the head; a ceremony preparative to marriage, in which pots filled with water are piled over one another, the whole is crowned with a bowl of shurbut, and the friends watch by it during the night.

जेहर jehur, s. f. The name of a female

ornament.

iy, adj. As much as.

Jy, s.m. f. Triumph, promotion, advancement, preferment conquest, victory, bravo! huzza! all hall! Jujukar, s. m. Rejoicings, triumph, exultation. Jujukar kurna, To huzza, shout. Jumal, s. f. Necklace or garland of victory.

जिन्म jyjy-wintee, s. f. A musical

जेढक jy-dhúk, s. m. A kind of drum.

जेत jyt, s. m. A plant ( Æschynomene sesban); a musical mode.

Gara jytr-rúth, s. m. A hero, a victor, a conqueror.

जला jytrá, s. m. A conqueror, a victor.

जाती jytree, adj. Victorious, triumphant. जात jyn, s. m. A Jyn, a follower of the principles of a Jin or teacher of heterodox notions, the chief of which are, the supremacy of certain religious pontiffs over the gols of the Hindoos, a denial of the divine authority of the

Veds, and a disregard of the distinction of castes. जेपाल jypal, s. m. A. plant (Croton\* Tiglium).

जबर jyber, adj. As many times, as often

डाबान jymán, adj. Victorious.

जिसिन jymini, a.m. A celebrated saint and philosopher, founder of the Outtur mimensu school.

sier jysa, adv. or adj. In the manner

which, what-like, as, such as, according as. Jysa chahiyeh As may be desired, as it ought, sufficiently. Jysa tysa, As well as, so so. Jysa ka tysa, Precisely the same, unaltered. Jysa ki, As though, as if.

जेह jyhy, v. fut. Will go, will be.

जेही jyhón, 2d pers. pl. fut. ten. of To go. जो jo, pron. rel. Who, what, which, that. conj. If, that, that which, because. Jo jo. Whoever, whatever. Jo chect, What thing, whatever. Jo koschb, whatever. Jo koes, Whoever, Joki, Though, although, whichever,

जोजार jo-ar, s. f. A grain, Indian corn (Sorghum vulgaris). s. m. Flood-tide.

जीबार साटा joar-blata, s. m. The flood-tide, and ebb-tide.

Fit jon, adv. As, when. Jon-ton, In some way Jonion kurkeli, adv. In any way, by some means, somehow or other, as it could be done. Jonka ton, As originally, in the same way as it was, as it was, as in reality, unaltered.

ज़ॉक jonk, s. f. A leech. Jonk tugana, To

apply leeches.

नौकर jon-kur, adv. In any way.

जोड़ क jón-guk, s. m. Aloe wood or Agal-

लोही jón-heen. adv. As soon as.

जो क jok, s. f. A leech.

जोख jokh, s. f. Weight. जोखना jókh-na, v. a. To weigh.

जोखिम jó klim, s. f. Risk, venture, peril, danger, schisvement, enterprize. Johns oothuna, To run the hazard, venture, risk.

खोरिसमी jókhim-ee, s. m. A risker.

जो खों jókhon, s. f. Bisk, venture.

silvi jog, s. m. Junction, fitting; a fortunate moment opportunity, occasion; penance, devotion, intense meditation; certain divisions of a great circle, measured upon the Ecliptic, adj. Possible, capable, fit (in compos. it answers to, able, worthy, do.)

जोगता jóg-ta, s. f. Suitableness, capability, ability, fitness.

जोगरी jóy-nce, s. f. A class of female deities supposed to be attendant on the goddess Debee; (in astrology) spirits governing periods of good and ill back.

THERT JOE-mays, s. f. A person's assuming any number of forms of his own body at pleasure; a deceptive power which Joges are supposed to possess.

जागा jo-ga, adj. Opportune, fit, proper, able, capable, adequate, advisable, apposite, applicable.

जोतान्यास jogabhyas, s. m. The life and practice of a Joyce.

जापिन jógin, s. f. Female of Jogee.

লাগিনী jó-gin-ee, s. f. A female fiend or spirit, supposed to be attendant on and created by Doorga; (in astrology) spirits governing periods of good and ill luck.

डोरिंग्या jógiya, इ. m. A colour. इ. f. A mu-

sical mode; a kind of pigeon.

devotes; a cast of Hindoo who are commonly weavers: they do not burn but bury their dead; and the women are sometimes buried alive with their husband's corpse.

जोगेश jogésh, } s. m. A devotec, जोगेश jogésh-wur, } an adorer.

जोड्य jógyuh, adj. Accomplished, fit, capa-

নারন jójun, s. m. A measure of four cos. নাত jot, s. m. A fellow, peer, one of a pair, a mate, a match. adj. Equal, even, not odd. Jot bandhna, To pair.

Jor, s. m. Junction, joint, joining, connexion, conjunction, a patch, a seam, society. Jor dena. To cast up, to add the sum. Jorter, s. m. Contrivance, arrangement, mechanism, joint, joining. Jorjar, s. m. Savings, collecting by small quantities, scraping together.

जोड़ती jor-tee,s. f. Calculation, reckoning.

जोडन jórun, s. m. Solder ; runnet.

to add together; to reckon, to east or sum or add up; to get or rather to save and scrape up a fortune, &c.; to fabricate, coment, solder, unite, set (a bone, &c.), to tie, annex, affix, in vent, contrive.

जोड़ा jó-ra, s. m. Joining, connexion, a pair,a couple; a pair of shoes: a suit (of clothes);

alchymy.

जोड़ाई joráce, s. f. Joining.

जोड़ी jóree, s. f. A pair, a couple.

and jot, s. f. Cultivation, cultivated land, tillage.

जीत jot, े s. f. Brilliancy, lustre, light; जीत joti, the sunbeams; the flame of

a candle or lamp; vision. Jot man, adj. Luminous, bright. Jotisuroop, adj. Luminous, self-resplendent (an epithet of God).

जोतन jótna, v. a. To yoke, to plough, to

sitate jotár, s. m. A ploughman, a husbandman.

जोतिय jótish, s.m. Astrology, astronomy. जोतियी jótishee, s.m. An astrologer, an

जोती jótee,s. f. The string which suspends the scale of a balance.

जोधन jódhun, s. m. Fighting, battle.

जीधा jódha, s. m. A warrior; a combatant.

जोर jon, जोरि joni, } s.f. Pudendum mulieris.

जोबन jobun, s. m. Puberty, adolescence, prime, youth; (met.) breast.

जीवनवती jóbun-wűtee, ad/ f. At the age of puberty, fit to be married youthful.

जीय joe, जोह jóroo, े s. f. A wife.

লাকা jóla, s. m. Fraud, deceit. Jola dena, To deceive.

जोवत jównt, part. Sees, regards, observes.

ल वनी jóv-nou, v. a. To see, to look at, to regard.

जोषी jó-shee, s. m. An astrologer, an astronomer.

जोही josec, s. m. A tribe of Hindoos.

जीहना johna, e. a. To expect, to look out for.

Tipou, conj. If that. adv. When, what time. Joulon, As long as.

the joints of the finger. Jou jou hisab lena, To take a strict account.

जीवना jounkna, v. a. To rail.

जीरा औरा jóunra-bhóunra, s.m. A retired room, a vault.

जीवडरी jound-ree, ) s. f. A grain, Joan जीवडी joun-dee, (Holcus sorgum).

जात्रक jou-took, s. m. Dower, nuptial present.

जीन joun, pron. Who, what, which-

जीनार jou-nar, s. f. A feast.

जीनग jou-lug, adv. Until, as long as.

चरित gyúpit, adj. Taught, expounded, made known.

afg gyúpti, s. f. Understanding, comprehension, the exercise of the intellectual faculty.

ята gyát, adj. Known, comprehended, understood.

चार्तासङ्गल gyát-siddhánt, s.m. A man completely versed in any science or Shastr.

Titi gyata, s. m. One acquainted with any thing. Gyatapooroos, A learned man.

साताच्य gyatanwy,s. m. A name of Vurddhuman, the last Jin or Jyn pontiff.

Tifa gyáti, s. m. A father; a distant kinaman, one who does not participate in the

oblations of food or water offered to deceased ancestors.

त्रात् gyátri, adj. Knowing, wise, intelligent.

चार्च gyatéyuh, s.m. Relationship, affinity. चार्च gyán, s.m. Knowledge in general; understanding, intellect, intelligence; knowledge of a specific and religious kind, that which is derived from meditation, and the study of philosophy which teaches man the (now fallen) divine nature and origin of his immaterial part with the unreality of corporal enjoyments or worldly forms, and which, separating him during life from terrestrial objects, is supposed to secure him after death, a final emancipation from existence, and re-union with the universal spirit; or in other words, to exempt the soul from further transmigration. Gyan dourana, To meditate deeply

चानदर्भे w gyan-durpun, s. m. One of the

Jyn saints.

সানবান gyanwan, adj.Wise,intelligent, মানী gyanee, knowing, judicious, a sage, one possessing religious wisdom.

মাৰিল gyanín, s. m. An astrologer, a fortune-teller, a man prescient of future events; a sage, one possessing religious wisdom or gyan. মাৰিলী gyanín-ee, adj. Wise, intelligent.

चाम न्द्रिय gyanéndriyuh, s. m. An organ of perception or consciousness, the skin, tongue, eye, ear and intellect.

ज्ञापन gyápuk. adj. Making known, giving information, proclaiming. s. m. One who proclaims.

রাম্বর gyápun, s. m. Making known, apprising, communicating, informing.

ज्ञापित gyapit, adj. Revealed, discovered, notified.

ज्या jyá, s. f. A mother; the earth; a bowstring.

out of jyanoun, v. a. To cause to live, to give life to, to recover any one almost dead; to foster, to patronise.

sage jyéshth, adj. Best, most excellent, pre-eminent; very old, oldest; elder, elder born. s. m. The month Jyeth (May-June).

ज्य छता jyeshth-tá, s. f. Seniority; superiority.

ज्य छतात jyeshth-tái, s. m. A father's elder brother.

उस इनग्रे jyeshth-vúrn, s.m. A Brahmun, as elder or best-born.

considered as lunar mansions, the 18th comprising three stars, of which one is Scorpionia, figured by a ring or earning; the middle finger.

so, when, as if. Jyon ka tyon, Precisely the same.

ज्योति jyóti, s. f. Light.

च्योतिय jyótish, s. m. Astronomical and astrological science, astronomy, astrology.

salfafan jyótishik, s. m. An astrologer.

salfadi jyótishee, s. m. A star, a planet, an asterism. s. m. An astrologer, or astronomer.

wilfa iyotisk, s. m. A planetary or heavenly body; the generic term for the sun, the moon, a planet, an asterism, a star: the word in the m. pl. Jyotishka, implies all these five.

ज्योतिकान् jyotishman, adj. Luminous, splendid, resplendant, glorious.

ज्योतीर्थ jyotéeruth, s. m. The pole-star. ज्योत्सा jyotsna, s. m. Moonlight.

ज्योत्सामिय jyótsna-príyuh, s. m. The Chu-

cor or Greek partridge.

ज्यो रहा ह्या jyotsna-vriksh, s.m. The tripod or tree of a lampstand, a candlestick.

ज्यो स्त्री jyótsnee, s.f. A moonlight night, or a night in which the moon is full.

sat jwur, s. m. Fever, intermitting or continued.

ज्यानामन jwur-náshuk, adj. Anti-febrile, febrifuge.

satisfied jwur-ágni, s. m. Feverish heat, or the hot paroxysm of fever.

ज्यरापहर jwur-apuha, s. f. A plant (Medi-

og ? jwúree, adj. Febrile, feverish, affected with lever.

oger jwul, s. m. Flame, blaze, light.

ज्वलका jwúlka, s. f. Flame.

च्चान jwalun, s. m. Ugni or fire; burning, blazing.

ज्वित jwúl-it, adj. Burnt ; blazing, flam-ing.

Tark jwar, s. f. A grain, Indian corn, maize (Holeus sorgum).

ज्याचा jwá-la, s. f. Flame,blaze,

च्यानानिक्षा jwala-jivha, s. m. Ugn: or fire, whose tongue is flame.

where subterraneous fires break forth, an object of veneration to the *Hindoos*; a volcano; a celebrated *Jwala-mookhee* or volcano exists near *Bulkh*, to which pilgrimages are made from *Hindoostan*, the soil abounding with hydrogenous gas which takes fire when coming in contact with the external air; otherwise, vents being made, a light is applied to the orifice and flame being kindled is fed by the stream of gas that escapes.

## 919

in the ninth consonant of the Naguree alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding in power to jh.

in jhun, s. m. The sound of platters or of any vessels of metal striking against one another, clash of arms, as of swords, &c.

There jbun-kar, s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing.

क्रांबना jhúnkh-na, ) ए. n. To be horror-क्रांबनी jhúnkhnoun, ) struck, have the hair stand on end, to shudder, rave chatter, lament. आखाड़ा jhun-khára, s. m. An elk; a tree without leaves.

wint jhún-ga, s. m. An upper garment or vest, a coat, a gown.

क्रोकतर jhunjh-kár, s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing.

when jhun-jhut, s. m. Wrangling, perplexity, encumbrance.

with jhun-jhut-ee, adj. Perplexing.

संकारा jhun-a, adj. Peevish, fretful.

कंकनाना jhun-jhur-ina, v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, ring, gingle, rattle.

संभागहर jhun-jhun-ahut, s. f. Peevishness; clinking, tinkling, ringing.

which jhanjh-ree, s. f. A lattice.

भेड़ा jhun-da, s. m. A banner, a flag, an ensign, a streamer.

some foliage (a tree), with a fine head of hair (a child).

v. a. To wash the feet by rubbing jhanwan,

mana, To act fruitlessly or absurdly. Jhukee, adj. Passionnte.

कारकोरी jhuk-jhóree, s. f. Scrambling and wrangling, snatching.

क्रकना jhúk-na, v. n. To rave, chatter, reflect, lament.

कार निर्मात ree, s. f. A milk-pail or vessel. कारानक jhuk-a-jhuk, adj. Shining, glittering with gold and silver, &c. brocade.

Hatt jhuk or, s. m. Loss, misfortune.

अकोरा jhuk-óra, s. m. Raining, a shower, a squall, a breeze, gust.

सकोनी jhuk-orns, v.a. To drive or beat as wind or rain in a squall, to shake.

manie jhuk-ol, s. f. The act of shaking in the water.

margarjhuk-olna, v. a. To shake.

新東京 jhuk-kur, s. m. A squall, a storm, a tempest.

本語 jhúk-kec, s. m. A chatterer, a prater, an useless talker.

काजना jhúkh-na, v. n. To chatter.

mag jhug-úr, s. m. A kind of hawk.

भगद्भा jhug-ur-na, v. स. To wrangle,quarrel, dispute, cavil, contend, squabble.

Engt jhug-ra, s. m. Whangling, quarrelling, contention, quarrel, squabble, strife.

Jhugra pukurna, To engage in another's quarrel.

Jhugra rugra, s. m. Squabbling and wrangling, brawl, squabble.

अगड़ाना jhug-rana, v. a. To set a wrang-

ling. भगड़ाचिन jhug-ralin, f. } adi. Quarrel-भगड़ाच् jhugraloo, m. } some, wrang-

ling, disputatious, contentious; a brawler, an arguer.

vest, a cost, a gown. [shirt.

भारता jhúg-oo-la, s. m. A child's frock or भारता jhúj-jhur, s. m. A goglet.

The jhujb, s. m. A long beard.

काकानार ना jhujh-karna, v. a. To browbeat, to speak snappishly to.

নালা jhújhla, s m. A kindof sweetmeat. সংস্কাৰ jhun-jhun, s. m. An indistinct noise like the jangling of metal ornaments, a ringing, a rattling, &c.

The jhunjh-ree, e. f. A lattice.

An shift jhunj-jha, s. f. Wind, wind and rain, a hurricane, a gale; a sharp clanging sound, janging; raining in large drops.

rain, a high wind in the rainy season, a typhoon or the sort of tempest frequent in the southwest monsoon.

काञ्चावात jhunj-jhawát, s. m. Wind with rain, a storm, a squall.

or Jhut, adj. Quick, instantly. Jhut-seh, or Jhutput, adv. Quickly, hastily.

भारत jhut-uk, e. f. Twitch, stitch, toss, throw, jerk, shake.

भटनमा jhti-ukina, v. n. To shake; to become lean, n. a. To touse twitch, pull, jerk. Jhutuk lena, v. a. To sratch.

wazar jhút-ka, part. Slaughtered by cutting off the head (in the Hundoo way), broken asunder or torn by a sudden jerk, torn to pieces. s. m. A shake, a pull, a twitch.

भटकाना jbut-kana, v. a. To shake, to

maye jhut-put, adv. Quickly, hastily.

when jhut-as, s. m. Flap, clap, rain blown with a strong wind.

किट jhút-i, s. m. A small tree, a shrub, a bush.

wifzfa jhút-it-i, adv. Quickly, speedily, instantly.

ing jhur, s. f. Heavy rain; the heat from a fire, s. m. f. A kind of lock.

आइतना jhúr-nk-na, े n. a. To browbeat, क्रिइत्तना jhir-nk-na, I to speak snappishly to, to threaten, to jerk.

आड़काआडकी jhúrka-jhurkee, a.f. Mutual wrangling.

भ भड़ाना jhur-jhur-ána, v. n. To shake, to jerk.

भाइन jhúr-un, s. f. The act of falling off (as of fruit from a tree); smuff.

towes, de. from a tree), emit, drop, fall, pour, shake, strain, to be sounded (the noubut), to be discharged (a voltey).

angu jhur-up, s. f. Heat, fierceness (as of pepper), serimony; sparring, contention.

काइपना jhúr-up-na, v. n. To spar, fight (as cocis, de), to contend.

कडपाकडपी jhurpa-jhurpee, s. f. Fighting (particularly of birds), sparring, contention.

अहणाना jhur-pana, v.a. To fight (cocks or other birds), make to apar or contend.

कहत्रा jhur-búrna, v. n. To burn, to be all in flames.

भड़बर jhur-ber, s. m. भड़बरी jhur-beree, s. f. | A wild ber tree भड़बेटी jhur-ber, s. f. | (Zizyphus jujuba).

भेड़ भाना jhur-wana, v. a. To cause others to sweep.

भाइनक jhur-ake, } s. m. Speed, haste, भाइनका jhur-ake, harry.

angrær jhur-ákha, e. m. A skylight.

भाइरकाइ jhur-a-jhur, adv. Hastily, rapidly. भाइरचा jhur-ana, v. a. To get swept; to cause to be exorcised.

ans jhur-ee, s. f. Continued rain, showers, storm, wet weather; perquisites.

meter jhurota, s. m. The end of the season (of fruits, &c.), soing out of season.

सवाज jbún-uk, s. f. Ringing, tinkling, clinking, tingling.

भाषा कचा jhun-uk-na, v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, ring.

onggr jhun-da, s. m. A banner, a flag, an eneign a streamer.

भाग्डला jhun-doola, adj. With thick hand-

some foliage (a tree), with a fine head of hair (a child).

on jhun, s. m. The sound of platters or of any vessels of metal striking against one arother, clash of arms (as of smords, &c.)

भारत jhún-uk, s. f. Ringing, tinkling, olinking, tingling; clank, jingle.

कनका jhún-ukna, v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, ring, jingle.

भागकार jhun-kar, s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing, clank, jingle, rattle.

भान कारना jhun-karna, v. a. To ring. भानवां jhun-wan, s. m. A kind of rice.

way jhup, ad). Quick. adv. Quickly. Thupseh, adv. Quickly, in a trice, Thup khana, c. n. To overset (a paper kite in flying).

क्षपन jhúp-uk, s. f. Fanning, winking, &c. कापना jhúp-uk-na, n. a. To fan, to move to and fro (a fan). v. n. To spring (as a tiger); to snatch; to wink.

क्रम्पनामा jhup-kána, v. n. To wink, to twinkle.

भागनी jhúp-kee, s. f. A snatch, a spring (as of a tiger), drowsiness, wink, twinkle.

कायट jhúp-ut, s. f. A snatch, a spring (as of a tiger), rush, snap. Jhuput lena, To snatch, snap up.

Whiteli jhup-ut-na, v. n. To snatch, to spring, to attack suddenly, to spring or pounce upon, to fly at, snap at.

True: jhuputta, s. m. Assault, sudden attack; the spring of a tiger; a snatch. Jhuputta marna, To snatch.

भाषाभाषी jhup-a-jhup-ee,s. f. Haste,hurry. भाषाट jhup-at, s. f. Quickness.

अस्पाना jhup-ána, v. n. To take a nap.

क्तपास jhup-ás, s. f. A shower.

अन्यानिया jhup-ásiya, adj. Deceitful, fraudulent.

भवकाना jhub-kána, v. a. To astonish.

कविया jhúb-iya, s. m. An ornament.

भेड्झा jhūb-ooa, adj. Long-haired (cattle or dogs), shaggy; bent, curved, bending (as the bough of a tree).

West jhábha, s. m. A tassel.

अब्बी jhubbee, s. f. Trappings.

where or dogs), shaggy; bent, curved, bending (as the bough of a tree).

फमक jhúm-uk, s. f. Glitter.

क्रमज्ञा jhúm-uk-ra, ह. m. Splendour.

अभवना jhum-uk-na, v. n. To glitter; to dance.

करका jhum-ka, e. m. Splendour, refulgence; the clash or clatter of metallic substances. कनकाना jhum-kana, v. a. To cause to glit-

ter or dance.

भागकी jhúm-kee, s. f. Glance, glare, glitter, भागका jhúm-jhum, ्रे adv. Heavily and

काराकम jhum-ajhum. J during the whole dey (raining).

भागभागा jhum-jhum-ana, v. n. To spar-

आनरकावर jhúm-ur-jhúm-ur,adv. Drop by drop (as small rain).

काराका jhum-aka, s. m. A heavy shower ; quickness, haste.

अना-इम jhum-ajhum, adv. Heavily and during the whole day (raining).

ATT jbur, s. f. Heavy rain; the heat from a fire. Jhur burna, To burn, to be all in flames.

आर ना jhur-na, s m. A skimmer ; a spring, a cascade. v. n. To spring, to flow; to full off (as fruit, leares, dec. from the tree).

काटकना jhár-uph-na, v. n. To spar, to fight (as cocks, &c.), to contend.

MC at jhur-ókha, s. m. A lattice, a win-dow.

men c jhur-jhur, s. m. A goglet.

\*hat jhur-na, s. m. A skimmer; a spring, a cascade, v. n. To spring, to flow; to fall off (as fruit, leaves, &c. from the tree).

the heat from a fire.

भावन jhúl-uk, s. f. Brightness, glitter, glare, refulgence, reflection of light.

क्रजन jhúl-uk-na, v. n. To shine, to glare.

आखका jhúl-ka, s. m. A blister.

काना jhul-kana, v.a. To cause to shine, brighten, burnish.

Monart jhulkar, s. m. Burning, brightness, splendour.

man jhul-kee, s. f. A glance.

mana jhul-jhul, s. m. Glare, glitter.

to glare; to be in a passion; to threb, ache, smart.

अवभवाह्य jhuljhul-ahut, s. f. Glitter, glare, splendour; smart.

where jhul-na, v. a. To fan, to move to and fro (us a fan), to flap. v. n. To be soldered or repaired.

क्तनवाना jhul-wana, v. a. Causal of Jhul-

क्रांत हादा jhul-haya, ady. Suspicious ; jeal-

कार्नामा jhul-ajhul, adj. Luminous, resplendent, embroidered. s. f. Splendour, glitter. कार्नामा jhul-ana, v. a. To repair (any thing of metal), to solder.

wherear jhul-abor, adj. Splendid, shining, covered with jewels and ornaments. s. f. Splendour.

Marte jhul-ir, s. m. A thicket, copse, underwood.

thack mark on the face (not a more).

miss jhank, s. f. A peep. s. 'm. A herd of deer, a flock of birds, &c.

भारतना jhank-na, v. u. Tolpeep, to spy.

कार्यक jhan-kur, s. m. Bushes, brambles, underwood.

भारताकाको hanka-jhonkee, s. f. Peeping,

with jhankh, s, m. A kind of deer.

which jhanjh, s. f. Cymbal; anger, passion, pet, rage; stillness, dreariness; impatience (in a horse expecting kis corn).

with jhan-jhut, a. f. Wrangling, squabbling, quarrelling.

white jhan-jha, s. m. The name of an insect, caterpillar, cabbage-worm.

miferat jhan-jhiya, adj. Passionate.

(Children in the mouth of Asin go about at night, dancing, begging, and carrying on their heads earthen pots perforated on all sides, widein which lamps are kept burning.)

white jhamp, s. m. A matted shutter.

wiver jhamp-na, v. a. To cover, to shut.

miael jhaon-lee, s. f. A wink, coquetry; a hot wind. Jhaonleebar, A coquette. Jhaonlee lena, To ogle.

करिया jhánwa, s. m. Pumice stone, bricks burnt to cinden

white it jhans-in, v. a. To debauch, to seduce, to wheelle, to coax; to be inclined, to be agog, to be intent or set (on), to covet.

while jhan-soo, s. m. A flatterer, wheedler, seducer.

Ten jbúoo, s. m. A tree growing in marshy ground, whose tender branches are worked into baskets, and the dry wood is used as fuel (Tumaria Indica). [sound.

নাল jhag, s. m. Foam, froth (of the ocean); সালাহ jhajhur, s. m. Cymbals or bells for the ankles.

which jbajha, s. m. An intoxicating mixture made with blumg or hemp. owirz jhat, s. m. An arbour, a bower, a place overgrown with creepers; a wood, a thicket. owirz jhata, s. f. Jasmin.

भाटोबा jhatéeka, s. f. A plant (Flacourtia cataphracta).

with jhar, s. m. Bushes, brambles, bush, shrub, brake, underwood; a kind of firework; a lustre or chandelier; a purge; continued rain. Jhar bandhua, To rain without ceasing Jhar puhar, Digression. Jhar phoonk s. f. Juggling, conquering, hocus pocus (particularly to cure the bite of a snake or a disease). Jhar jhunk, s. f. Sweeping. Jhar jhunkhar, s. m. Brambles, large dry bushes. Jhar jhoor, s. f. Sweepings; perquisites; thicket.

breed, the forest of Bynuth.

आइन jhá-run, s. f. Sweepings ; a coarse cloth for wiping furniture, &c.

shift, clean, strain, knock off, dash, strike, flap, strike fire (as with a flint), to beat (busines, &c.) That puckhor kur dekhna, To try, to prove, to examine. That a phoon in a, To exercise, to repeat spells or charms. That daina, To sweep out or away. That dena, n. a. To brush, to clear away.

mrsm jhar-unt, adv. Entirely.

migi jhára, s. m. A stool, a purge. Jhara jhapta lena, To go to the necessary. Jhara jhapta lena, To search. Jhara phirna, or Jhara jhatka phirna, To walk among the bushes which means) to go to the necessary. Jhara dena, To submit to search. Dookan jhara, s. m. Sweepings of a (druggist's) shop, compound medicins.

आही jhá-ree, s. f. Forest, wood, underwood, brushwood, capse, bush, breke, shrub.

\*\* The jhároo, s. m. f. A besom, broom, a comet. Jhároo-kuth or, —burdar, s.m. A sweeper; the caste of Hulakhor.

white jhapa, s. m. A narrow-mouthed backet.

कावर jhá-bur, s. f. Marshy land, fen.

भावा jhaba, s. m. A leathern pot for measuring oil, ghee, &c.

भागक jhámuk, s. m. A burnt or vitrified brick.

errat jhámur, s. m. A small whetstone, used chiefly by housewives for sharpening their spindles, needles, &c.

burnt to chader. Pumice stone, bricks

meck and a spout to it, an ewer; forest, wood, underwood, brush-wood.

(as of pepper), acrimony; a large basket; joining or soldering of metals. कालना jhálna, v. a. To season (pickles) ; to polish, to clean (plate); to solder.

भागर jhá-lur, s. f. Fringe. Jhalurdar, adj. Fringed.

भाजरा jhál-ra, s. m. A spring (of water). भाजरी jhálree, s. f. Cymbals.

Tis jhawoo, s.m. A tree (Tamarix Indica).

fenena jlojh-uk, s. f. A start.

िक्क करा jhijh-uk-na, v. n. To start or कक्क करा jhijh-uk-na, boggle, to feel the sensation of the limbs being asleep, or as if pins and needles were striking through them.

िककाना jhijh-kana, v. n. To start.

forem jhir-uk, c. f. Threat, jerk.

किइनना jhir-nkma, ) v. a. To browbeat, कहजार jhir-ukma, speak snappishly to, scold, threaten, jerk.

िकङ्कारिकङ्की jhirka-jhirkee,s.f. Mutual wranging.

f ক্রিট্রা jhirkee, s. f. Rebuff, snappish-লাভ্রা jhurkee, ness, frowning, jerk, repercussion.

किहि किहाना jhir-jhir-ána, v. n. To rage, rail, storm.

দিবারতা jhin-huddu, adj. Raw-boned. দিবতা jhin-tee, s. f. A shrub (Barleria cristura).

किनकिन) jhin-jhin-ee, s. f. The tinkling sensation felt when a limb is aslesp.

for the jhir-jhir, adj. Running in a slender stream (water, &c.)

किर्कार jhir-jhir-a, adj. Very thin. किर्काराचा jhir-jhir-ana, v. n. To trickle, to rill.

for f jhir-se, s. f. A cricket.

िकजगर jhil-ga, s m. The netted bottom of a bed or couch when worn out and separated. adj. A couch or bed is said to be jkilga, when the bottom is worn out or broken.

किन्दु Tjhil-tinga, s. m. A kind of soldier.

femera jhfl-um, s. f. Armour, a coat of mail; the visor of a helmet. Jhitum ka top, An iron helmet.

metae jhfl-mil, s. m. A kind of gauze; a shutter, a venetian blind.

िक्शानिका jhil-mil-a, adj. Thin, sparkling. किन्युक्तिकामा jhil-mil-ana, v. n. To undulate as the flame of a candle or as water, to twinkle, to scintillate.

family jhillee, s. f. A cricket; a thin skin, a pellicle; the membrane in which the fectus is enveloped (secundence); the caul (omentum),

भीवना jheekna, भीवना jheekhna, भीवना jheenkna, with sorrow, recommend any thing seriously.

कींगड jhéengut, s. m. A steersman.

s. m. Cucumis acutangulus: Lufia acutangulu. m সুহ jheen-goor, s. m. A kind of insect, a cricket.

क्षीन jheen, कीना jheens,

की e jheel, s. f. A lake.

को सी jhéesee, s. m. A shower.

stoop, to be bent, especially downwards (as the bough of a tree), to be tilted; to be angry, to be perplexed.

স্কাৰা jhoo-kana, v. a. To cause to stoop, to tilt, bend downwards; to bow, incline; to nod or make nod.

भूकाव jhoo-kao, s. m. The state of being bent downwards, stoop.

स्कावट jhoo-ká-wut, s. f. Stooping, nodding, bending downwards.

ish or fretful, to be petulant or irritable, to rage, to storm. Jhoonjhlahut, s. f. Peevishness, raging, storming.

भटनाना jhoot-lana, रे v. a. To belie, to

one in the wrong; to pollute victuals by touching them, &c. Moonly jhootalna, To give a man the lie to his face.

काइ jhoor, s. m. A bush, bramble.

How jhoont, s. m. A shrub, a bush.
How jhoond, s. m. A crowd, swarm, flock,
troop; the buzzing noise of a crowd; a clump
of trees. Jhoond keh jhoond, Crowds, &c., used

intensively.

\*\*Margar jhoonda, s. m. A standard, a banner,

"a flag. [grass.

सबड़ी jlicon-dee, s. f. A bush, a tuft of अन jhoon, s. f. Slight resemblance.

जुनकाना jhoon-jhoon-a, s. m. A child's

भूतभूती jhóon-jhoon-ee, s. f. Little bells worn on the feet.

pendant of an erroring; the wain, Ursa Major; a bunch of flowers or fruit; name of a flower.

from grief), to pine:

\*hews jhoor-mut, s. m. A multitude, a crowd, assembly, ball; a battle, conflict; a shawl twisted round the head.

भूदियाना jhooriyana, v. a. To weed ; to wipe, clean, and plaster a house, &c.

The jhoo-ree, s. f. A wrinkle.

क्षांत्रकाना jheolkana, य a. To scorch, to singe (as the small feathers of a plucked fowl).

শুৱৰা jhóolna, v. n. To swing, to dangle. শুৱৰ সাৰা jhóolus-jána,v. n. Tobescorched or singed. [singe.

भूतम देना jhoolus dena, v. a. To sear, to भूतमना jhoolusna, v. n. To be singed, scorched-or seared.

भ्रत्याना jhoolsana, w.a. To cause to singe, to singe, sear, scorch.

swing in which others are, to rock (a cradle); to dangle, to hang; to make another (as a dun) dance after one.

covers the body from the shoulder downwards.

has jhoon-jhul, s. f. Petulance, peevish-

\*fire jhoon-tur, } s. f.Ground that produces two crops yearly.

Leavings. [grass. kg] jhoondee, s. f. A bush, a clump of az jhoot, adj. False. s. m. A lie, a jhooth, falshood. Thooth moeth,

False, unities, adv. Falsely. Jhooth bolna, To lie, to tell a lie, speaking falsehood.

har jhoota, adj. Liar, false; (among har jhoota, Hindoos) that which has touched food and is thereby defiled; effal, refuse, left (food). s. m. Leavings of food. Thousa jhata, s. m. Offals, left food. Thoula chains. To eat leavings, to be very wretched. Thouse numpoochkaa, To refuse even common civility.

₹ jhoor, s. m. A bush, bramble.

क्रेना jhóona, s. m. A ripe cocoa-nut ; a kind of muslin.

waving, undulating. Jhoom jhoom, Gathering of the clouds.

man jhoomuk, s. f. An assembly, a ball;

क्रमना jhoomka, s. m. The bell-shaped pendant of an ear-ring; the constellation of the bear.

कार की jhóomkee, s. f. A kind of carring. कृतकूत jhoom-jhoom, s. m. Gathering of the clouds.

क्रमना jhoomna, v. n. To wave, move the head up and down, slumber, move loose, gather (the clouds).

o shake fruit from the tree. v. n. To pine.

Withered. Withered.

भूज jhool, s. f. Body-clothes of cattle, housings, a bag, a wallet, a knapsack.

भाराना jhóolna, v. n. To swing (for exercise); to swing, dangle, hang, oscillate. s. m. A kind of poem.

which people swing. A swing, the rope on

कार jhóosa, s. m. Misling rain.

habad

with jhonk, s. f. A shove or push in swinging; the introles of a squall or sudden blast of wind. Jhonk dena, To set first to (particularly straw, &c.); to throw dust, &c.; to throw away (the lives of men uselessly). Jhonk khana, To rol.

भा अना jhónkna, v. a. To cast, push, throw, toss; to cast fuel (into an oven).

The hair of the back the motion of a swing. Jhonta dena, To shake one's head with violence.

आरिषड़ा jhómpra, s. m. A cottage, a hut.

mfur jhompa, s. m. A bunch of fruit; a cloth with eyelets which covers the whole body; a spike.

which jhourn, s. m. A bunch, a cluster (of fruit).

with jhok, s. f. A jolt, a puff or gust.

भोजा jhoka, s. m. A blow, a contact, collision, a gust, blast, breeze or current (of wind).

新声 jhojh, s. m. A nest; the stomach; a pendulous belly.

आ आ jhójha, s. m. The stomach.

कोच jhol, s. m. Puckering or wrinkling (as of ill made clothes); a litter, brood, farrow, hatch, a birth.

whise jhóla, s. m. A stroke of the sun; the palsy; a knapsack, a wallet.

which jholee, s. f. A wallet.

after jhourra, adj. Tawny.

with jhoursa, adj. Greatly burnt or scorched.

wite jhour, s. f. Squabbling; sounding all the strings of a musical estrument at once.

hit if jhou-wa, s. m. A tree (Tamarix Indica), whose branches when tender are made into baskets, and when dry are used as fuel: it grows in marshes; a basket without a cover.

## Z

z tuh, 'The eleventh consonant of the Nagaree alphabet, and answers to the English in tin.

टंबना tunk-na, v. n. To be stitched.

z'arr tunkar, s. f. The twang (of a bow-string).

टंकोरना tun-kor-na, v. n. To twang.

टंगना tung-na, v. n. To be hung, to be suspended.

Zar tang-ree, s. f. The leg.

z's tunch, adj. Miserly; hard; untractable,

zer túnta, s. m. Wrangling, altercation, aquabble, strife.

Tak bandhaa, v. a. To stare, to gaze. Tuk lugana, v. a. To expect, to long for.

टकटकी túk-tuk-ee, s. f. Staring, fixed look, gaze. Tuktukee bandhna, To regard with a fixed look, to gaze.

হর্মা túk-na, v. n. To be stitched. v. a.
To stare at, to aim, peep, see, spy, watch, view, behold, look, look for, attend.

ZERITI tuk-rana, v. a. To knock together the heads of two people, to dash the head on something, to dash together, to, butt. v. n. To grope in a dark place or passage.

टकसाल tuksal, s. f. A mint. Tuksal ka khota, adj. Spoilt in education. Tuksal churhna, v. n. To be educated. Tuksal bahur, adj. Uneducated, unpolished, rude, unclassical.

टकसासिया tuk-sáliya, । s. m. Officers of टकसासी tuk-sálee, ) the mint.

হকা túk-a, s. m. Two pice of Delhi, nearly equal in value to a penny, English money, or about two-thirds of an anna.

Zarr tuk-áce, s. f. A tax, duty, collection, imposition; a cheep trull.

टकी túk-ee, s. f. Stare, fixed look; aim. टक्या túk-ooa, s. m. A spindle.

zaa tuk-ét, adj. Rich, possessed of reaza a tukyt, I dy money.

Zalt tuk-or, s. f. The sound of a drum ; a fillip, tap.

zalti tuk-óra, s. m. A fillip, a tap; a very small unripe nungo; the sound of a drum.

दकीना tuk-óu-ua, e. m. Two pice or twothirds of an anna of Deihi, nearly to a penny, English money.

टक्टेगी tukk-deshee, s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium album).

ZET tukkur, s. m. Shoving, pushing, push, shouldering knocking against, collision, striking a blow, butt, butting, the knocking of head to head; equality. Tukkurkhana, v. a. To stumble; to be dashed against any thing; to meet with a loss or misfortune. Tukkur puhar seh lenee, To enter the lists against an antagonist of greatly superior force. Tukkur marna, v. a. To knock against; (met. from the supplicant's striking their heads on the ground) to pray; to curse.

टखना túkhna, s. m. The ankle joint.

znī tág-ur, s. m. Borax ; wanton play or sport; wandering of the mind, confusion, perplexity.

टगर्ना tug-úr-na, ए. n. Fo roll.

दगरा túg-ra, adj. Squint-eyed.

टगरानां tug-rana, ो v. a. To roll.

रघराना tugh-rana, टघरना tug-húr-na, v. n.} To roll.

टघराना tugh-rána, v. a.

टबलना tug-húlna, v. n. To roll; to be melted, to rarefy.

द्रमहाना tugh-lána, v. a. To roll.

Zo tunk, s. m. A kind of elephant or wood apple; Borax; a spade or hoe; a hatchet, or stone cutter's chisel; a sword, a scimitar, a sacrificial hatchet or knife; a weight equal to four mashus; a weight of silver put for a coin,

zgufa tunk-put-i, s. m. The master of the

Zanien tunk-shala, s. f. A mint.

ZET tun-ka, s. m. The jingle of plates, dishes &c.

टहानक tunk-ánuk, s. m. The mulberry (Morus Indica).

zgrt tun-kár, s. m. Surprise, wonder; fame, notoriety; the twang of a bow-string.

टहाँदना tun-kórna, v. n. To twang.

zy tung, s. m. The leg; Borax,

टक्रजाना tung-jana, । v. n. To be hung, to I be suspended, टक्रना túngua,

Z g el tung-ree, s. f. The leg.

टिइनी tungin-ee, s. f. A plant (Cissampelos hexandra).

za tunch, adj. Miserly; hard, untracta-

zzer tutka, adj. Fresh, new, recent.

zzer tatree, s. f. The crown of the head : a fence, a hedge.

दृद्धिका tut-poonjiya, adj. Bankrupt, or reduced in circumstances (a merchant).

टटवानी tutwance, s. f. A pony mare.

टरिया tútiya, s. f. A skreen, a matted shutter.

रियो tutiree, ) s. f. A bird, a sandpiper (Tringa go-टरीहरी tutéehree, र ensis.

टडोलग tu-tolna, v. a. To feel for, grope, search for by feeling, touch, finger,

ZET túttur, s. m. A matted shutter.

zart túttur-ee, s. f. A lie, a falsehood ; a kettle-drum.

zer tútta, s. m. A skreen.

टड्डी túttee, e, f. A skreen, a matted shutter; a necessary office; a frame for illumination. Tuttee bundhna, v. n. To draw up men in a close rank. Shikar kee tuttee kee ot bythna, To do secretly; to form an ambuscade.

zg túttoo, s. m. A pony.

टिंचा tút-hiya, s. f. A flat dish used by Hindoos.

Zazī túnta, s. m. Wrangling, altercation, squabble, strife.

टन tun, s. m. Twang ; pride, conceit, vanity. Tun tun, A sound.

टनक tún-uk, e.f. A harsh sound.

टनका tunks, s. m. The jingle (of plates, dishes, &c.)

Zar tún-a, s. m. Pudendum muliebre, cli-

दनाना tun-ána, n. a. To extend, to stretch.

zu tup, s. m. A spring, lesp, bound, a drop of rain or other liquid; a sound.

टपक tup-uk, s. f. Pain, throbbing ; sound made by dropping. Tupuk nunces, s. m. One who reports erroneously what he pretends to have overheard. Tapuk purna, To drip.

टवकना túp-uk-na, v. n. To drop when ripe; to drip, distil; to throb, palpitate.

टपका túp-ka, s. m. A drop of rain; fruit falling when ripe (particularly mangoes); a windfal.

zuerer tup-kana, v. a. To cause to drip. to distil.

ट्राकान tup-káo, s. m. Distillation.

ट्यकी tup-kee, s. f. A small drop of rain; fruit falling when ripe (particularly manyoes); a windfall.

टपजाना tup-jána, v. n. To jurap over, to leap over.

टपना túp-na v. a. To jump over. Tup-atoa, part. Groping.

टप पड़ना tup purna, v.a. To thrust one's self into other people's concerns, to intermeddle, to interfere.

टपाना tup-ana, v. a. To cause to jump over, to cause to leap; to make to bound.

Zur túppa, s. m. The post office; a mode in music; the bound of a ball, &c.; a sort of hook; a jump, a bound. Tuppa khana, v. a. To bound or ricochet (a shot). Tuppa marna, v. a. To sew or stitch with intervals; to read in a desultory manner.

ZEUT túbbur s. m. Family.

zr tur, adi. Intoxicated; inattentive, regardless, like one intoxicated.

ZZZZ türtur, s. f. Chattering.

ZZZT túrturee, s. f. Chattering.

হৰো túrna, ু n. n. To give way, to হৰনা túlna, shrink from, flinch; to pass away,disappear, retire.

zrf tárra, adj. Wicked, vicious (particularly a horse); stout.

zrfar turrána, v. a. To chatter.

टन आजा tul jana, v. n. To get out of the way, to disappear, vanish, pass away.

टबरा túlna, n. n. To give way, shrink from, flinch; to disappear, pass away, retire.

टलप tál-up, s. f. A piece, a fragment. टलमलाना tulmul-ána, v. n. To totter ; to tantalize.

zerrer tul-ans, v. a. To cause to disappear, to cause to give way.

टम्ब्या tul-60a, s. m. A man who watches over a tal or stack of wood.

टक्षनदी की tulleh-nuwéesee, s. f. Unprofitable employment, wasting of time.

टसक tús-uk, s. f. Shooting pain, stitch, throb.

ट स्कन्। túsuk-na, v. n. To move, to shake ; to have pain, to decline in quality.

ठ नवाना tuskâna, v. a. To move, to shake; to shoot with pain.

टमना túsna, v. n. To burst (as tight cloth or a pillow stuffed too full), to split, to crack. टमने tús-weh, s. m. Tears टहल túlnik, s. f. Pain in the joints.

or splendour, conspicuous at a distance.

agar túhna, s. m. A branch or large bough of a tree.

टहनी tuhnee, s. f. A branch.

टहल tuhul, } s. f. House-

टक्टरकोर túhul-fukór, wifery,housekeeping, duty, service, task, business, work, job, use, drudgery, Tuhul tufor kurna,r. a. To serve, to grudge. Tuhul luganec, v. a. To dance attendance.

टहजूना túbulna, v. n. To walk backwards and forwards, to take the sir, to rove, to ramble. टहजूनी túbulnee, s. f. A bousewife.

হত্তানা tuhlana, v. a. To lead about, to cause to walk backwards and forwards (as a horse or child); to make dance attendance.

टहुज्जा túh-looa, s. m. A manager of household concerns, a servant, a drudge.

दहनई tuh-loo-ée, s. f. A housewife.

zaf tuhon, s. m. The voice of a new born child.

zefen tuhóka, s. m. A blow.

zim tank, s. m. A weight equal to four mashas. s. f. An iron pin; a stitch.

टांकरा tánkur. s.m. A blackguard, a lecher,

zimi tankur, s.m. A blackguard, a lecner, a libertine.
zimi tanka, s. m. A stitch; a tub made

of stones; solder. Tankeh ingana, v. a. To stitch; to solder.

Zial tankee, s. f. A venereal chance or

ahanker; a square piece cut out of a melon to examine its quality; a chisel. [to soider.

टां के लगाना tankeh lugana, v. a. To stitch; टांग tang, s. f. The leg. Tang oothana, To copulate. Tang dena, To hang up, to hang; to be a catamite.

टांगन tán-gun, s. m. A kind of horse, a highland pony.

टांगना táng-na, v. a. To hang up, dangle, hang by a string, &c. (not on a pey).

टांगी tán-gee, s. f. A hatchet.

टांबन tán-ghun, े s. m. A kind of horse, a टांबन tán-gun, े highland pony. Tanghun-nooma, adj. Like a tanghan.

Zia tauch, adj. Perverse, andacious,

टांचडा tánchra, J troublesome.

ziz tant, s. f. The crown of the head.

zist tántha, adj. Powerful, strong, firm, solid.

zisit tanthaee, s. f. Solidity.

zis tand, s. f. A stage, a raised seat, plat-

zist tánda, s. m. A venture (of goods); mama of a place in Oude; the goods of a Bunjara.

272 fat, s. m. Canvas, sackcloth. Tethaf, s. m. A weaver of canvas. Tarbafee, s. f. Embroidery.

टाटक tátuk, adi, Fresh, new, recent; juggling.

ZIZI tatee, s. f. A skreen, a matted shut-

टाड़ी taree, s.f. A small hatchet or axe. टामना tanna, v. a. To stretch, to pull.

cru tap, s. f. A stroke with the fore foot of a horse; the sound of horse's hoof in travelling; a frame made of bamboo for catching fish.

Erual tapna, v. a. To paw with the fore feet (as a horse that is impatible); to whore (a low phrase).

ZIVI tápa, s. m. A hen-coop, Tapa-toee kwrna, To trifle; to grope, to rummage.

zru tapoo, s. m. An island.

ZITT tabur, a. f. A small lake.

zrzer tárna, v. a. To move out of the way.

ZTT taree, s. f. Distance.

zie tal, rerbal n. f. Evasion, putting aside putting off or out of the way, rejecting a request. s. f. A heap (of grain, d.o.), a stack, a rick; baldness from age; a turn or trick in wrestling. Tal kurna, To put off; to heap. Tal marna, To heap; to turn the scale fraudulentity in weighing.

ziezie tal-tol, s. m. Evasion, prevarication, putting off, shuffling, chicane.

তাৰা tál-na, e.a. To evade, prevaricate, avoid, put off, postnone, defer; to drive out of the way, put or turn aside, ward off, fend, obviate, move, remove, prevent.

ZIGMZIG tal-mut-6l, s. m. Evasion, prevariention, putting off shuffling chicane, fraud, deceit.

ZTAT tála, s. m. Evasion; a rick, heap, stack, Tela bala butana, To put off.

टाची talee, s. f. A sort of musical instrument.

Tealean tiktik-ee, s. f. A lizard.

रिकरो tik-thee, s. f. A teapoy or stool.

टिकना tikna, v. n. To stop, remain in any place, to be detained, to lodge, stay, tarry.

टिकानी tiklee, s. f. A wafer, a small round cake; an ornament worn on the forehead. टिकाइ tikaoo, adj. Durable, lasting.

टिकाना tikána, v. a. To retain, fix in any place, stop, hillet, lodge, station.

टिकान tik-a6, s. m. Stability, permanance. टिकान tikiya, s. f. A small cake of bread, a little cake of charcoal for the hookka, a wester,

a bolus.

Tree tikkur, s. f. A thick cake of bread.

| Tree tikkee, s. f. A small cake of bread,
| Tikkee luguna, v. a. To form a connexion, make interest, earn v. canty livelihood.

टिवलना tig-húlna, v. n. To be melted, to rarefy.

टिटनार्ना titkárna, v. a. To urge an animal by titkares.

by drawing the tongue from the roof of the mouth, to make horses, &c. proceed.

दिशेहरा titéchree, s. f.) A sand piper दिशेहरी titéchree, s. f.) (Tringa goen-

fafen tittibh, s. m. A bird (Parra jucana or goensis).

fest tidda, s. m. A grasshopper.

Test tiddee, s. f. A locust.

टिपना tipka, s. m. A stain of any colour applied by the finger.

टिखन tippun, s. f. Aunotation.

टिप्पनी tippunée, s. f. A gloss, a comment. टिप्पम tippús, s. f. Pride, arrogance.

favier tib-hans, v. a. To give a small daily allowance, such as merely to save one from starving.

fzwra tibhao, s. m. A small daily allow-

टिमरिम tím-tim, s. m. A sound.

दिनदिनाना tim-tim-ana, v. n. To give a faint light.

दिखिया tiliya, s. f. A young hen.

दिल्ला til-óoa, s. m. A flatterer.

fzer tihra, r. f. A small village.

212 teent, s. m. The ripe fruit of kureel; a speck on the eye.

27% teek, s. f. An ornament for the head and neck.

with coloured earths or unguents upon the forehead and between the eye-brows, either as an ornament or sectarial distinction; an ornament worn on the forehead; the nuptial gifts or engagement; inoculation s. f. A commentary. Texa bleina, To send the nuptial gifts, which are presented by the relations of the bride to the bridegroom. Teska lena, To accept the nuptial gifts. হানিব teekyt, adj. Invested with the teeka or hadge of sovereignty.

टोटबो teetlee, s. f. A sort of medicine.

टोडी téeree, s. f. A locust.

drawing a card; raising the voice in singing; the noting of any thing; the act of pressing, compressing. Teep lena, v. a. To draw a card.

टोपटाप teep-tap, s. f. Ornament ; the act of pressing or compressing.

टीयना téepna, v. a. To press, to compress, to grope, feel, squeeze.

teer, s. f. A transverse piece in cloths, or a breadth cut diagonally.

होन teel, s. f. A young hen; a woman (so named in contempt).

टीना téela, s. m. A rising ground, a small hill, a mount, a ridge, a hillock.

278 tees, s. f. A throb, throbbing, a shooting pain. Tees marns, To throb, shoot. Teesna, v. n. To palpitate, to throb.

हें देवा tooniya, adj. Tiny. Tooniya tota, A

टक took, adj. A little.

ইক্ষ্ম took-ra, s. m. A piece, bit, portion, division, morsel. Tookr-guda, A beggar for a bit of bread.

ट कसा took-sa, adj. A little.

Z wi toonga, s. m. Scut, a short tail.

FIX toongar, s. f. Pecking, nibbling of truit, &c., more for anusement than from appetite.

दुषा tóoch-cha, s. m. A rake, a blackguard.

दुब्ह्यामा toon-too-nana, v. a. To tune slowly.

has been cut off.

Lawr thon-da, adj. Handless, whose hands have been cut off, or one born without hands. s. m. The knob in the back part of a turband. Toondehdar, s. m. A turband which has a knob in the hinder part.

Handless. Toondigan kusna, or, —churhana, or, —bandhna, To tie the hands behind the back.

Zwa toobhuk, c. f. The sound of water dropping; sound of guggling.

दश्कना too-sukna, v. n. To cry, to weep दञ्जना too-hook-na, v. n. To cry.

toon, s. m. Ventris crepitus. Toon kurna, Crepitum ventris cdere. हं गना tóongna, v. a. To peck, nibble, chew straws, &c., for amusement; to pick; to piddle. इनाहांनी tóonga-tángee, s. f. Pecking and nibbling.

branch or stump of a tree, broken at the end and leafless.

হন্ধ took, ) s. m. A piece, a little, a particle, an atom, a bit; a single beat of a drum.

misunderstanding or coolness between friends, harm, loss, deficiency; a passage omitted in the writing of a book, which is afterwards written in the margin. Toot jana, To be broken; to become ill, to pine. Toot purna, To break in upon, to rush in, to be collected in crcwds. Tootruhna, To be distressed, to be weary, to be reduced to poverty, to pine away; to be separated.

to burst, fail, break forth or rush upon, to assault, to attack, to charge, to invade.

ZZI tóota, part. Broken, decayed. s. m. Loss, failure, deficiency. Toota-phoota, adj. Fragments, broken to pieces.

Frame for pigeons to perch on. Toom tam, s. m. A few trifles; an ornament, Toom deno, To push gently.

ट्रमी toosee, a. f. A bud.

टेंगरा téngra, s. m. } A fish (Siturus).

हें जी tengee, s. f. Teasing.

Zz tent, s. m. The ripe fruit of kureel; a speck on the eye.

ZZZ tentur, s. m. Name of a fruit.

Zz; ténta, s. m. A large ripe fruit of kureel; a fizgig; speaking inconsiderately.

inconsiderately. [throat. ZZ at tentooa, s. m. The windpipe, the ZZ tenton, s. m. An imitative sound, an

inarticulate sound.

2 at tek, s. f. A prop, a pillar, reliance; a promise, a vow. Tek ruhna, To lean upon.

टेकन tek-un, s. m. A prop, support.

देवाना tekna, v. a. To support, to prop.

देशर tek-ur, ) s. m. Rising ground, a

देशका tég-ra, s. m. Rising ground.

Tigs ter-a, s. m. The trunk of a tree; an instrument for twisting coarse thread or twine.

Par terha, adj. Crooked, bent, awry. Terha kurna, v. a. To bend, to crook, to distort. Terha bera, adj. Crooked.

221 terhace, s. f. Crookedness, obliquity. 221 terhace, s. f. Pride, vanity, haughtiness; perverseness,

टेना tena, s. m. A cock of the breed of fowls called tenee.

हेनी tén-ee, s. m. A particular breed of fowls. adj. Tiny, small.

Fu tem, s. f. Snuff of a candle, the flame of a candle or lamp. Temtam, s. m. Dressing.

Trune; voice, call.

Zini terna, v. n. To bawl, to roar to, to call loudly, to shout, to holls; to tune.

ZTT tér-a, s. m. A curtain. adj. Squint-eyed, cock-eyed.

देखना télna, v. a. To remove.

टेल्बा tel-ooa, s. m. A beam.

देश téo, s. f. Habit, custom.

देवकी téokee, s. f. A prop, a pillar.

Zaer téona, v. a. To sharpen.

देश téwa, \*. m. Calculation of nativity ;

रेसू tésoo, s. m. The blossoms of the Pulas tree (Butea frondosa); a kind of play.

Zer tehra, s. m. A village.

टे हजा tehla, s. m. The customs of marriage.

Zier toa, s. f. Act of feeling or groping.

टोचाटोई toa-tôce, s. f. Searching, feeling for, feeling.

Transfer tonta, s. m. A cracker, a serpent in fireworks; a joint of bamboo, &c.; a cartridge, udj. Handless.

Ele tontee, s. f. A spout.

the influence of an evil eye.

टोकटाक tok-tak, s. f. Hinderance, prevention.

ইকিনা tókna, v. a. To interrogate, prevent, challenge, envy, accest; to look at with an evil eye.

Francis tikra, s. m. A large basket (with-

27 a C tokree, & f. A small basket (with-

टोकाटोकी t6ka-t6kee, s. f. Hinderance, prevention.

হারনা tótka, s. m. A charm, an amulet, a philter, a superstitious remedy.

zize tótroo, s. m. A kind of turtle-dove. zizi tóta, s. m. Loss, deficiency, detriment; a cartridge; a candle's end. right force, s. f. The name of a musical mode or raginee.

टोनवा tónwa, s. m. A kind of hawk ; enchantment.

टोन्हा tonhá, s. m. A juggling man, a conjurer.

2)-514 tonháce, s. f. A juggling woman, a temale conjurer, a witch.

হান্য tóna, ε. m. Enchantment, fascination. r. a. To feel, grope, handle.

टोनाटानी tóna-támes, s. f. Hocus po-टोनाटासन tona-támun, s. m. ) cus, juggling.

ziv top, s. m. A hat, a cap, helmet, head, cover, thimble; bait; a stitch.

Ziui topa, a. m. A helmet, cap, hat.

Zivit tópee, s. f. A hat. Topecwala, One who wears a hat, or an animal with a comb, crest, &c. It is used also to express the Persian or Moghal troops; but now more generally applies to every European (from wearing a hat or cap.)

From a wall, to keep off the weather, without pillars; caves.

tol, s. m. A company, a society; a hamlet. Tol marna, To dash one top against another while in motion. [town.

टोसा tola, s. m. A quarter or section of a टोसो tolee, s. f. A company, a society, a crowd.

होन्हा tounhá, s. m. A jaggler, a conjurer.

## 3

thub, The aspirate of the preceding letter, corresponding to the in pent-house.

ठक्ड क thuk-thuk, s. m. f. Hard work, harassing labour, difficulties; a sound.

ठकडकाना thuk-thuk-ana, v. a. To tap, to rap, to pat.

उत्तर किया thuk-thúkiya, s. m. A stickler, a wrangler.

sar thuk-thela, adj. Stuffed together in a crowd, crowded.

so called, a shallop, a skiff.

रक्राई thuk-ooraee, s. f. Godship, divinity; chiefahip, mastership.

ठकुरावन thuk-oorayun, s. f. A female divinity or idol.

7 thug, ε. m. A robber, assassin, cutthroat; a cheat, impostor. Thagbasee, or, Thugbidya, s. f. Cunning, art, frandulent dexterity. Thug lana, To rob, to cheat. Thug lena, To cheat.

Tak thugue, s.f. Robbery, theft, cheating. ठ नुना thugna, v. a. To cheat, to deceive.

ठगनी thug-nee, s. f. A female robber or

ठ नाई thug-aee, s.f. Robbery, theft, cheat-

ठगाना thugána, v. n. To be cheated.

ठ निन thug-in, s. f. A female robber or cheat.

Stray thúg-iya, s. m. A cheater.

ठगौरी thug-buree, s. f. Cheat, trick.

zz thut, s. m. Bank, shore.

355 thutthur, s. m. Frame made of bamboo for thatching, shell of a house.

ठ द्वा thuttha, s. m. Fun, sport, joking, jest; name of a place. Thuttha kurna, To jest, joke, crack a joke, deride, ridicule. Thutthehbaz, A jester, a humorous person, a funny fellow, jocular, arch, waggish, comical, facetious. Thutthehbazec, s. f. Jesting, sporting, fun, jocularity. Thuttha marna, To jest, joke, deride, ridicule.

35 thuth, s. m. Throng, crowd.

ZZZI thúthra, s. m. A fence.

33 thuthree, s. f. The frame of a matted skreen, the frame (bamboo work) of a thatched roof, shell of a house; a bier; a skeleton, a very thin person.

टठकना thuthúkna, v. n. To stop, to stagnate, to stand amazed, to draw back in surprise,

to shrink, to hoggle.

उठाना thuthana, v. a. To strike, beat; beat one's own head, &c. (in taken of vexation ); har ass one's self.

387 thuthéra, s. m. A brazier, a tinker. Thutherek thutherek kee budluce, A bargain between two people equally acute or knowing, diamond cut diamond.

33 thuthera, s. m. The stalk of the jour (Holous sorgum).

331 thutheree, s. f. A female brazier or

351 thuthor, adj. Banterer, waggish,

ठठील thuthól, f jocular, jocose, jester,

ठठीनी thuthólee, s.f. Fun, humour, sport, joking, jesting, jocularity, comicalness, derision. 3 gr thudda, s. m. The beak of a paper kite.

gow thund, s.f. Coldness, cold, a cold.

ठवडक thún-duk, s. f. Coldness.

Sast thunda, adj. Cold. Kuleja thunda kurna, To be pleased, to be happy (by seeing a friend, son, &c. ); to have one's revenge gratified. Thunda kurna, v a. To make cold, cool; to extinguish; to comfort, to assuage, to pacify, appease. Thunda purna, To abate (anger, virility or wantonness). Thunda hona, To become cold; to cool; to be extinguished; to be comforted or pacified; to rest; to lose virility.

दिल्डाई thundaes, s. f. Refrigerant medicine; the intoxicating drug made of bhung.

308) thun-dee, adj. f. Cold. Thundee sans bhurnee, To sigh.

gar thundhá, adi. Cold.

उनक्रा thún-uk-na, v. n. To throb, to shoot (as the pain of head-ache); to jingle, tinkle, clink.

उन्दर्भाना thun thun ana, v. n. To jingle, to rattle

उनाज thun-ak, s. m. A jingle, tinkle, clink. उद्भा thunna, v. n. To be fixed, to be ascertained.

ठपना thúp-na, v. a. To strike.

ठ प्रा thúppa, s. m. An instrument for stamping leather with, a die, a stamp, a printing type; printing.

3 cm thuruk, \ s. m. Snore. Thuruk par-Tex thúr-ur, na, v. n. To snore.

SET thur-a, s. f. A kind of wine or spirituous liquor; a kind of shoe worn by villagers.

Fran thuriva, s. m. A kind of earthen hookka.

5 thúrra, s. f. A kind of wine or spirituous liquor; a kind of shoe worn by villagers.

To thus, s. m. An imitative sound, as of a musket ill charged or flashing in the pan.

ठमक thús-uk, s. f. State, dignity.

उ उक्ता thus-uk-na, v. a. To break a piece off of any vessel of earthen ware, by knocking two vessels together, without completely deatroying it.

ठसनी thus-nee, s. f. A rammer.

उसाउड thus-a-thus, adj. Filled, crowded.

Serr thussa, s. m. A mould or form into which plates of metal, &c., are best to take the form of pastes of ornaments, &c.; pride, vanity.

उद्दा thuhurns, v. n. To be stopped, to be fixed, to stop, stay, remain, abide, rest, stand, last, to be fixed on, concluded, settled, determined, proved.

उद्याना thuhrána, v. a. To fix, stop, determine, appropriate, settle, ascertain, appoint, fix on, demonstrate, prove, conclude or consider, ascribe.

TETTE thuhráo, s. m. Settlement, fixture: permanence, appropriation, proof.

उद्दाका thu-haka, s. m. A peal, a succession of loud sounds, an explosion. Thuhakek kee moolakat, s. f. Meeting with great demonstrations of friendship.

टां than, } s. m. f. Place, residence, a situation.

Zi tha, s. m. A sound made by striking one thing against another.

a lord, master, chief (among Rajpoots); a landholder; a barber.

orgent thakoor-dwara, s. m. An idol-

372 that, s. m. The frame of a roof for thatching, on which the straw is laid; arrangement, adjustment.

zīz thath, s. m. State, dignity, equipage, pomp; conveniency, plenty.

TIST thera, adj. Erect.

Thath, adj. Steep.

टाइना thárh-na, v. n. To be fixed, to stand.

ठाड़ा tharha, adj. m. } Erect, standing.

Trusty. s. m. The report of a musket.

Fig. thanna, v. a. To resolve or fix (in the mind), to determine, be intent on, intend, set one's heart on; to settle, perform.

Tre thar, s. m. Determination; snow, frost.

ठाख thal, s. m. A branch.

zven thá-la, s. m. A branch. adj. Disengaged, at leisure, unemployed.

ठाली thá-lee, s. f. A branch.

टाइना thas-na, v. a. To stuff, cram, ram down.

foat; thik-ra, s. m. Fragment of an earthen vessel, a shard, potsherd; a vessel for earrying fire, such as mendicants use.

To any thik-ana, s. m. Residence, place, station, site, abode, dwelling; boundary, limit, fixing. Thikana kurna, v. a. To account for, to search or trace an affair to its commencement. Thikana dhoondhaa, v. a. To seek a residence or employment. Thikanch lugna, v. n. To be killed, to die, to be put an end to, to be terminated Thikanch lugna, v. a. To put to death, to kill, to waylay, to make away with, to despatch, assassinate; to establish, settle, arrange, prove; find out one's residence.

दिक्रना thing-na, adj. Short, dwarfish.

िक्र नाई thing-naee, s. f. Lowness (of sta-

Total thithuk, s.f. The state of standing amazed. Thithuk jans, or,—ruhna. v. n. To stop short.

To a a thithúkna, v. n. To stop, stagnate, stand amazed, draw back in surprise, shrink, boggle.

डिटर्ना thithúrna, v. n. To be numbed or hamumbed, to be chill.

feet thith-ra, adj. Numbed, numb, benumbed, torpid.

Transition of the state of the

or benumbed, to be chill. Thithograma, v. a. To chill, benumb, numb.

feet thith-oora, adj. Numbed, numb, benumbed, torpid.

ठिनक thin-uk, s. f. Sob.

ठिनकना thin-uk-na, v. n. To sob.

fer thir, s. f. Frost ; coldness.

ठिर्ना thir-na, v. n. To freeze, to be chilled. ठिर्नि thir-ina, v. a. To cause to congeal.

To ferry thil-iya, s. f. A water-pot.

The theek, adj. Exact, even, accurate, complete, just, fit, meet, proper, reasonable, true, regular, icht; (met.) parsimonious. adv. Exactly, &c. s. m. Sum, addition. Theek ana, v. n. To fit, correspond, suit, answer, apply. Theek kwona, v. a. To put to rights, to correct, to adjust, to adapt, fit; to beat. Theek thak, adj. Exact, fit, proper, accurate. adv. Properly, fitly, accurate.

ly, adequately. Theek thak kurna, v. a. To put to rights, correct, adjust, fit. टीकमठीक theekum-théek, adv. Exactly.

truly, rightly. ठीक्सठीका theekum-théeka, s. m. Abuse.

Shart théekra, s. m. A broken piece of earthenware.

That theek-ree, s. f. A broken piece of earthenware, a potsherd; mons veneris. Theek-ree choosna, To be mad.

তীকা theeks, s.m. Hire, fare, fixed price; work done by contract, a tests.

374 theep, s. f. A kind of lamp.

উপাছা thook-ra, s. m. A bit, a piece (of bread, &c.)

इत्रामा thook-rana, v. a. Tokiekerstrike with the toes.

thood dee, s. f. The chin; parched grain. Thooddee pukurna, To flatter, to curry favour.

हुनकाना thoon-kana, v. a. To cause to knock or hammer.

ठन्स théon-ook, s. f. Sob.

डेनवना théon-ookna, v. n. To sob.

हुन्द thoom-uk, s. f. The act of waving or walking with a graceful easy air. Thoomuk chal, A dignified pace, stately gait, graceful carriage.

उस्ता thoom-uk-na, v. n. To walk with grace and stateliness, to strut to walk with dignity.

Swar thoom-ka, adj. Short, of low sta-

ত্ৰজন théom-kee, adj. Lazy. s. f. The playing of a paper kite to keep it up when the wind is light.

हुस्त्रना thóo-suk-na, v. a. Peditum ciere, suppedere; to weep but not aloud.

दुसनी thoos-kee, s. f. Ventris crepitus

दुसना thos-na, v. n. To be stuffed, to be crammed.

हुसाना thoo-sana, v. a. To cause to stuff. इंडिया thoontiya, s. m. A cunuch.

tree (broken of at the end and leafless); an amputated hand.

got thoon-tha, adj. Having the got thoon-thiya, having its branches lopped and leafless (a tree).

उंडी thoon-thee, s. f. Stubble.

डेडना théoo-na, s. m. The knee; the pastern (of a horse).

हें तना théng-na, adj. Short, dwarfish.

रेंगा théng-a, s.m. A stick, a small club; a tool (penis).

देशाबाजना thénga-bájna, v. a. To spoil.

Till then-thee, s. f. A cork, a plug; a ball of ear-wax; a dhotee or cloth reaching no further than the knee.

रेन thek, s. f. A support, a prop; a large sack filled with grain.

3 an thek-a, s. m. A plug.

ঠিলী thek-ee, s. f. Act of resting on the way (a porter carrying a load). Thekes dena, or, —lugana, To rest (a porter carrying a load).

To theth, adj. Pure, genuine; contentious.

Thopes moonh mer dena, To be silent.

देखना thelma, v. a. To shove, to push, to move forward by pushing. s. m. Acting the buffoon.

देखा the l-a, s. m. A push, a shove. Thelathelee, s. f. Shoving and shouldering.

देवना théona, s.m. The knee; the pastern (of a horse).

against a stone, &c., a shove, a push, a thrust.

देशना thesna, v. a. To pierce; to knock against; to stuff, to cram, to ram in; to eat ravenously.

देशरा thésra, s. m. Sneer, oblique reflection or innuendo.

ठोन्दा thonk-na, v. a. To knock, to hammer; to drive (as a stake); to thrust with the finger, to fillip, to drive, to beat, to tap, to thump. Thonk dena, To hammer or drive down, to knock. Peeth thonkna, To pat on the back.

होंन thong, s. f. The act of striking with

a finger or beak, pecking.

ठौगना thong-na, v.a. To strike with ठौगाना thon-gana, the beak, to peck. ठौगा thon-ga,s.m. Striking with the beak. ठोठ thonth, s. f. Beak, bill (of a bird).

তাৰা thók-na, v. a. To beat, strike, drive (as a stake).

the foot against any thing, a beat of the foot, a kick, a stumble; a stumbling-block.

होनर खाना thókur-khána, v. a. To trip, to stumble; to meet with a loss or misfortune.

टोकर जनना thókur lúgna, v. n. To strike against the foot (a stumbling-block or obstacle).

डोक्टा thókra, s. m. A fillip. adj. Hard (as bad bread).

होड़ी thór-hee, s. f. The chin.

3) thor, e. f. Beak, bill.

drink of a bird in a cage; the knuckles. Thota marna, v. a. To strike with the knuckles.

उोस thos, adj. Solid, compact.

ठोहना thós-na, v. a. To stuff.

ठोस्र thosa, s. m. The thumb presented in token of denial.

ठोसाई tho-saee, s. f. Solidity.

Upon the spot. Thour ruhna, To be murdered, to be knocked down lifeless upon the spot.

# 3

If duh, The thirteenth consonant of the Nagures alphabet, or the third letter of the lingual or cerebral class of consonants. It is often confounded in pronunciation with a hard r or l, sounded as in the northumbrian bur. It has the sound of the English d in dun, and is pronounced by applying the tip of the tongue inverted to the palate.

डकराना duk-rana, v. n. To cry bitterly.

watt duk-ar, s. f. A belch, eructation, bellowing. Dukarna, v. n. To belch; to bellow, to low. Dukar jana, or,—bythna, v. n. To embezzle. Dukar lena, To belch.

ड नेत dukyt, s. m. A robber, a pirate.

Exal dukytee, s. f. Robbery, piracy.

sonded from a brahmun on the father's and a gualin on the mother's side. They subsist on

alms on Saturday, and are skilled in astrology. In dug, s. f. A space, one step (measure).

हर गाना dug-dug-ána, v. n. To shake; to burn brightly, to burn clear (charcoal). Dugdugakur pance peens, To drink greedily, or a large quantity at a draught.

सन्मन dug-mug, adj. Unsteady, tottering.

डगमगाना dug-mug-ána, v. n. To totter, stagger, shiver.

हनर dug-ur, s. f. A road, a highway.

हशासा dug-ur-na, v. n. To travel, to walk on the road, to roll.

हमराना dug-rána, v. a. To roll.

erni dúg-ga, s. m. A lean, long-legged horse, a Rosinante, a garran.

wasp, &c., but particularly of a scorpion. Dunk marna, v. a. To sting.

TT dún-ka, s. m. A double drum, a ket-

हिनो dun-kin-ee, s. f. A witch, a kind of female imp or evil being.

डिइयाना dun-ki-yana, v. a. To sting (as a reptile).

Exier dun-kee-la, adj. Armed with a sting, stinger.

हटना dút-na, v.n. To stop, to stand still.

war dátta, s. m. A plug, spigot, stopple, cork.

Est dut-ha, s. m. A stalk.

डड्म्यडर durh-toóonda,adi. Beard-shaven, beardless. [beard.

stan durhi-yúl, adj. Having a long sus dund, s. m. The arm above the elbow; a kind of exercise, placing the hands on the ground and then bending down so as almost to touch the earth with the breast.

ड राड वेच dund-pel, s. m. One who exercises himself at the dund.

डब्डब्त dun-wút, s. f. Hindoo salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

the beam of a pair of scales; a collector of market duties.

sfesardún-diya, s. m. A kind of garment for women; a collector of market duties.

of the Nyctanthes arbortristis, which is used for dying; a handle; the beam of a pair of scales. s.m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand. Pug dundee, s. f. A footpath, by path, track.

sast dun-deer, s. f. A line, stripe, score,

lineament.

wasta dun-dout, s. f. Hindoo salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

खपटना dúp-ut-na, v. n. To call, bawl at, halloo, rebuke, gallop.

स्प duph, s. m. A tambourin.

डकारना duphár-na, v. n. To cry bitterly, to blubber, roar.

डफाडी duphá-lee, s. m. A kind of Mahomedan mendicant, who always plays upon a musical instrument called duph; a chatterer.

a kind of pocket; the leather with which oilpots are made. Dubgur, s. m. A currier.

डवकना dúb-uk-na, v. n. To glitter.

हजका dúb-ka, s. m. Fresh water drawn from a well. adj. Fat, corpulent.

water or tears (the eyes). Ankhen dub-dubana, or, Ansoo dubdubana, To be on the point of shedding tears.

हबरा dúb-ra, s. m. Marshy land, a puddle. हबराहहरा dúbra-dúhra, s. m. A hole or pit of water, a puddle.

हव रवा dúb-riya, adj. Left-handed.

हवर dúb-us, s. m. Provisions, sea-stock, stores.

डबोना dub-óna, v. a. To drown, immerse, flood; to ruin, &c.

was dubba, s. m. A leathern vessel for holding oil.

डब्बू dúbboo, s. m. An iron spoon.

हम्हें dúm-roo, s.m. A musical instrument, a sort of small drum shaped like an hour-glass, held in one hand, and beaten with the fingers.

डबन dyun, sam. A car or litter carried on men's shoulders, a palankeen, a dooly; flying in the air, the flight of a bird.

TT dur, s. m. f. Fear, dread, awe.

हरना dúr-na, े v. n. To fear, be हरपना dúr-up-na, frightened, dread. हरप dúr-up, adj. Afraid.

डरपोक्तना dur-pok-na, adj. A coward.

टर्चेया dur-wy-ya, adi. Fearful; (met.) A

डराज dur-hoo, adj. Terrible.

TTA dur-ak, adj. Fearful.

डराना dur-ána, । v.a.To frighten, scare, cause to fear, terri-

fy, alarm, daunt, deter. adj. Frightful, terrible, terrifying.

Erre duráloo, adj. Timid, fearing.

dalee, carried on men's shoulders by means of a stick and ropes like the beam, and strings of a balance; presents of fruit, sweetmeats, &c., are usually sent in this manner. s. f. Glitter.

हत्वा dúl-wa, s. m. A large basket (with-

डखवाना dul-wána, v. a. To cause to throw down, or to throw, to occasion, &c.

डला dúl-a, s. m. A large lump, a clod ; a large basket.

डिनिया dúl-iya, s. m. A basket (without a cover, like a tray). [&c.]

हरी dul-ee, s.f. A lump (of sugar, meat, हरा duws, s. m. A large wooden spoon.

EE dus, s. m. The string by which scales are suspended (or held in the hand); the threads of the warp at the end of a piece of cloth which are left unwoven; the end of a piece of cloth.

हराना dús-na, v. a. To bite or sting (as a venemous animal).

डमोना dus-ou-na, s. m. Bedding.

हहत dúhuk, s. m. A cavern, abyss, a pitfall.

ष्ठ हाना duh-kána, v. a. To deceive, disappoint, balk, tantalize; to spoil, throw away uselessly.

बहुद्धाduh-duhá,adj. Flourishing, blcoming, green, fresh; pleasing.

डहड़ाना duh-duhána, v. a. To flourish,

win dank, s. m. Foil (under precious stones); the sting of a scorpion (and sometimes of other animals).

win dang, s.f. A stick, a club; the greatest height or summit of a mountain.

lean beast, a starveling; the flowering stem of radishes or mustard; cattle.

संदर्भर dánt-duput, s. f. Gallop.

sizar dánt-na, v. a. To snub, rebuke, threaten, menace.

wise dan-thul, s. m. Pedicle, petiole, footstalk.

डांडी dan-thee, s.f. A straw, stubble, pedicle, stalk.

gig dand, s. m. Retaliation, punishment, penalty, fine, amorement, mulct, revenge, forfeit; an oar; the backbone; a stick; a line. हांडना dánd-na, v. a. To retaliate, to take revenge, to fine, to punish.

eis acti dand-bhúrna, v. a. To pay a

डांडचेना dand-léna, v. a. To take a fine, to fine, to amerce.

sier dán-da, s. m. Landmarks ; road.

boundary between the lands of two proprietors.

ভাৰত dan-dee, s. m. A rower, a rosaman. ভাৰত daon-roo, s. m. A tiger's cub or

हांबाहोड़ danwadól, adj. Wandering without house or home, errant, ruined, lost, destitute. Danwa dolee, s. f. The wandering without house or home, destitute state.

wie dans, s.m. The sting of a reptile;

a large musquito, a gadfly.

STW dak, s. f. A post (for the conveyance of letters, also relay of horses or of palkee bearers); a post-office; perpetual vomiting. Dak lugnee, To be seized with constant vomiting.

The dak, s. m. Husband of a dakinee.

डाकना dák-na, v. a. To vomit.

डाका dá-ka, s. m. An attack by robbers. Daka purna, or, —dena, or, —dulna, To rob.

डाजिन dá-kin, s. f. A kind of female डाजिनी dá-kin-ee, imp or evil being; a witch, a termagant.

डाकिया dá-kiya, s. m. Robber ; postman. डाकी dá-kee, adj. Gluttonous.

wran dákoo, s. m. A. robber, a pirate.

To dat, s. f. Threatening, snubbing, browbeating, checking.

हारना dat-na, v. a. To snub, check, chide, threaten, to browbeat.

हाइ darh, s. f. A jaw-tooth or grinder. हाइ dar-hee, s. f. A beard.

gra dab, s. f. A sacrificial grass (Poa cynosuroides). s. m. A sword-belt; an unripe cocoa nut

हाबज् dá-buk, s. m. Fresh water drawn from a well

wret dá-bur, s. m. A vessel for washing hands in; a round tank.

डावं नेनी dábur-nynee, adj. Having large eye (epithet peculiar to women).

www.dabh, s. m. A sacrificial grass (Poa cynosuroides). s. m. A forest.

THE dam-ur, s. m. Resin, a torch.

सावन dá-yun, s. f. A witch.

Branch, bough; line, row. Dar kee dar, Company, band.

WIT 71 dar-na, v. a. To throw, fling, cast, drop, shed, pour, inject, lay, throw down, throw away.

डारिस dar-im, s. m. A pomegranate.

wie dal, s. f. A branch, a bough, Ek dal, adj. Of one piece, without joining.

stant dál-na, v. a. To throw down, to fling, cast, drop, shed, pour, inject, lay, put, push, set, shake, submit, throw, hurl, thrust, destroy, throw away; cause, occasion, produce, excite. Dal dena, v. a. To throw away, cast, cause, occasion, &c.

हाना dála, s. m. A litter, a large branch. हानिस dá-lim, s. m. A pomegranate.

with dalee, s. f. A present of fruit, &c., a basket of fruit, &c.; a branch, a bough.

▼ ₹ dah, s. f. Malice, spite, envy, jealousy, burning.

ভাতনা dáh-na, v. n. To be malicious, to burn with spite; to be fused (as metal); to heat (metal).

हाइन dá-hul, s. m. The name of a country, also Tripoora. [ous.

हाइने dáhee, adj. Malicious, spiteful, envi-हाइन dá-hook, s. m. A gallinule.

रियाना dig-na, v. n. To shake, vibrate, tremble, quaver, move; to shrink, to go back. दिया जाता digur jana, v. n. To go away. दिशाना dig-ana, v. a. To cause to shake or

move.

a slave; a rogue, a chest; a low or depraved man.

Tezar dit-na, \ v. a. To see; to take

TEZET dith-na, w. n. 10 see; to take

fefa are dithiyara, adj. Seeing, the opposite of blind.

fefore din-dim, s. m. A musical instrument; a kind of small drum or tabour; a plant bearing a small fruit (Carissa carandas).

fefuer din-dir, s, m. Cuttle-fish bone considered to be the foam of the sea.

feaftar dib-riya, adj. Left-handed.

Terral dib-iya, s. f. A very small box.

Test dibbee, s. f. A cartouch-box, a small

fen dim, s. m. A dramatic entertainment, dramatic exhibition of battle or tumult.

Feet dimb, s. m. An egg; a chrysalis; the bladder; the spleen; the uterus; any young animal.

िह विज्ञा dímbiká, s. f. A libidinons woman. हिंद का dimbh, s.m. Pride, vanity; any young snimal; a foot, an idiot, a blockhead. fe ar dim-bha, s. f. An infant.

होंग deeng, s. m. Pride, vaunting, boasting. होंग सारना deeng-marna, v. a. To make boast (of), to boast.

होंड deeth, s. f. Sight, look, glance, vision. होडबंद deeth-bund, adj. Enchanting the sight, preventing one's seding by conjuration, a juggler.

else? deeth-bundee, s. f. Enchanting the sight, preventing by conjuration one's seeing. डीस deel, s. m. f. Stature; body, bulk, size. डीस deeh, s. m. A haunt, place, dwelling, village.

होता deeha, s. m. A bank, a mound. हुन dook, s. m. A blow with the fist.

ड्निरिया dook-riys,adj. f. Old (woman). डगड्गाना doog-doog-ána, v. n. To sound (a kettle-drum), to twinkle.

s.m. A kind of snake (Amphisbana).

डुबको doob-kee, s. f. A dip, dive, plunge. डुबबाबा doob-wana, v. a. To cause to drown, &c.

ह बादा doo-bána, v. a. To cause to sink, to immerse, dip; to demolish, ruin, destroy.

डबोब doo-bao, adj. Out of man's depth, deep (enough to drown in). s. m. Drowning.

ह्वीना doo-bó-na, । v. a. To drown, im-ह्वीना dub-óna, । merse, flood; to ruin. Dubo-dena, v. a. To exhaust, to ruin, to demolish, to drown.

इरियाना doo-riyana, v. a. To lead shout (as a horse), to lead in band.

पुलाना doo-lana, v. α. To move, shake, swing, agitate. [turtle.

ভুতি dóoli, s.f. A small turtle; a female ভুতিকা dóolika, s. f. A small bird resembling a wagtail.

हुब doob, s. m. A dip, a dive, immersion. हुबना doob-na, v. n. To dive; to drown; to be immerged or deluged; to set, to sink; to be destroyed or ruined; to be absorbed (in business, study, &c.) Dil doobna, To faint.

चेश deg, s. m. Step, pace.

Tee musjid jooder bunance (lit. to build a separate mosque of a brick and a half). To withdraw, through pride, from the society of others. Derk pao, Three eighths. Derk powoa, A weight, three eighths of a ser. Derk bukayum miyan bagh men, lit. The gentleman is in his garden consisting of a tree and a half, (and the bukayum, Melia semper-

virens, herementioned, is a trecof no use or estimation) is applied to a person who assumes cousequences without reason.

डेद गत derh-gut, s. f. A kind of dance. डेना den-a, s. m. A log tied to the neck of a vicious ex.

er der-a, s. m. A dwelling, a tent. adj. Squint-eyed.

खल del, s. m. A jump of earth. डेला del-a,

हेन्द्र deorha, e. m. Half as much again , a [a half. mode of reckening.

डे वहाना deorhana, v. a. To take once and हेबटी deorhee, s. f. A threshold, a door, antichaniber, porch.

डेवटीराइ deorhoedar, e. m. A door-keeper. g ag dehoor, of A volley, several muskets discharged at once.

Est dehooree, s.f. A threshold, a door, antichamber, porch.

हन dyn, s. m. Wings of birds.

देना dyna, s. m. A branch, a bough. 37 does, s. f. A wooden spoon, ladle

The doug-ur, s. m. A mountain.

The don-ga, s. m. } A spoon; a canoe;

Tel don-dee, s. f. Proclamation by bent of drum.

str donr, s. f. A species of snake. Ster dónra, I

war dok, s. f. Vomiting.

डोकना dok-na, v. n. To vomit.

ETT dokra, adj. m. Old (man).

Elat dok-ree, ads. f. Old (woman).

डोची dó-kee, nart. act. Vomiting, Bis dob, s. m. A dip, a dive, a plunge, a

dip (in die or colouring). होबटेना dob-dena, v. a. To dip in die or

Elat do-ba, s. m. A reservoir ; fainting. जोस dom, ) s.m. A low easte of Hin-

doos; the name of a खोलखा तर्गात, caste of Mahomedans, the males of which are musicions, and the females sing and dence in the company of females only.

हासनपना doman-pun-a, s. m. The art or practice of a male or female of the dom caste. हामनी dom-nee, s. f. A female of the caste called dom.

ST dor, s. f. String, cord, thread, rope. s. m. A fillet of thread or cord tied round the arm or wrist.

stan do-ruk, a. m. A fillet of thread or cord tied round the arm or wrist; it is also applied to the string tying a packet or parcel.

Witt do-ra, s.m. Thread, line, cord; edge of a sword: Ankh ka dora, A bloodshot eye, vessels distended with blood on the tunica coninnetive of the eye (from intexication or other cause), Gurden ka dora, A graceful motion of the neck in dancing. Dorch dalna, v. a. To stitch a quift; to utter a long continued sound like the Amaduvade (Fringilla amandava).

effect dóriya, s. m. Striped muslin ; a. dog-keeper; lace.

\$17 doree, s. f. A string, cord, thread, rope.

sta dol. s. m. A bucket fordrawing water. हो बची dol-chee, s. f. A small bucket for drawing water.

where doldel, s. m. Roving, perambuinting.

The art eldina, v. n. To move, to shake or be chaken; to roam, vamble, rove, wander; to swing.

eter dó-la, s. m. A kind of sedan ; a wife from an interior family, married by a person of rank, who gives a present to her parents. She ranks below wives of equal family, but above concubines.

डाजा d6-la, s. m. Manner ; coition.

डाजारेना dola-dena, w. a. To give a daughter to a superior by way of tribute.

elst do-lee, s. f. A kind of sedan (for women.)

El su dounja, s. m. A scaffold.

हों हो down-dee, e. f. Proclamation by beat of drum.

Tat dourhee, s. f. Threshold, door, antichamber, adj. f. Hall as much again; raised one half higher (a tone in mucio).

eter doul, s. m. Manner, method, mode ; shape, fashion, form,

z dhub. The fourteenth consonant in the Nagures alphabet, or the fourth of the third series, and aspirate of the preceding letter : it

has the power of dh in Holy read-house. vitation, by fixing one's self in a house till dinner comes on table.

en dhung, s. m. Behaviour, manners, breeding, gracefulness, mode, method.

33737 dhun-dhóra, s. m. Publication or proclamation by best of drum.

ढंटोरिया dhun-dhóriya, s. m. A crier, a proclaimer by beat of drum.

डन dhuk, s. m. A weight.

देशना dhtik-na, v. a. To cover, to coneeal. s. m. A lid, cover, pollid,

दक्ती dhuk-nee, e. f. A lid, cover fof a

टकार dhak-ar, s. f. A belch, eructation, bellowing.

डकार्डना dhukar-léna, v. n. To belch.

दक्षेत्र dhuk-él, e. m. A shove, push, thrust. दक्षेत्रदेश dhukél-déna, v. a. To push, precipitate.

दक्ता dhuk-eina, v. a. To shove, push, justle.

दकेल dhuk-eloo, s. m. A pusher.

dhukk, s. m. A city or district, Dhacca or Dacca; covering or disappearance.

drum.

breeding, gracefulness, mode, method.

दरिया dhút-iya, ह. f. A cord used in-

egi dhut-tha, s. m. A plug, cork; bung.

टडकीया dhur-kouwa, s. m. A raven. टड्या dhur-wa, s. m. The name of a bird, a lind of myma.

zuelt dhun-dhéra, s. m. Publication or proclamation by beat of dram.

द्वारोदिया dhun-dhó riya, s. m. A crier, a proclaimer by heat of drum.

हना dhuna, v. n. To be demolished, razed, destroyed.

zwa dhun-ek, s. m. A bird with a very large bill (Buceros).

SUBURY Chup-dhup-ana, v. a. To thump a drum (as children do).

टपना dhup-na, v. n. To be covered, to be concealed or hidden. s.m. A cover, covering.

द्व dhub, s. m. Shape, form; manners, breeding, behaviour, mode, method, manner, brack, knowledge, fashion, style, stay, address, deaterity, art, position.

Zati dhub-ra, adj. Turbid.

दबीखा dhub-éels, adi. Well-made, grace-

द्वा dini)-60a, s. m. A copper coin equal to a pice (1980).

दशनाना dhum-lane, n. n. To roll. दशन dhul-uk, s. f. Rolling, tilting. दशना dhul-uk-na, n. n. To roll, be spilt. दशना dhul-ka, adj. Blear-eyed; spilling. दलकाना dhul-kana, v. a. To tilt, overtura, spill, pour, roll.

to be poured out to flow, will; to roll; to incline, decline Din thebra, To decline the day (towards evening). Obultes phirtes obtain (lit. rolling and turning shade), is applied, to the changeable state of worldly concerns, (met.) to a person of a capitatous or unsteady temper.

दलसञ्जाना dhul-mul-ana, v. n. To move from side to side, to totter.

देखामा dhul-ana, v. a. To cause to cast (metal), to cause to pour.

and dhulyt, s. m A person in the equipage of great men armed with sword and buckler; a constable, a targetier.

EXTRI dhuwana, v. a. To cause to be knocked down, razed or demolished.

टह्ना dhúbna, v. n. To full, to be demolished to tumble down (as a house, &c.), to be rased, destroyed.

gueri dhuh-purna, n. n. To fall, to soss.

art dhaee, adj. Two and a half.

दोकना dhank-na, v. a. To cover, to shut.

zin dhang, s. f. A precipice, cliff.

हांचा dhán-cha, s. m. A frame, a plan. हांग्ना dhámp-na, v. a. To cover, conceal,

दोसन dháns-na, v. a. To blume, to accuse. दोसा dhán-sa, s. m. Calumuy, undeserved abuse, defamation.

दाका dhak, s. m. A tree (Butea frondosa). दाका dha-ka, s. m. A thick wood of dhak trees; a city or district. Diacca or Datea.

STET dha-ta, s. m. A handkerchief tied over the turband and over the cars.

दादो dha thée, s. f. Rack, torment, torture; a noose or gin fastened on a horse's nose. दाइस dha-rus, s. f. m. Furnness of mind, confidence, animation, encouragement, comfort.

टाइस देना dharus déna, v. a. To animate. टाइस ग्याना dharus bundhána, v. a. To encourage comfort, keep in spirits frança-

TER dha-ree, s. m. A kind of musician, a tree dha-rhús, s. m. f. Firmness of mind, confidence, animation, encouragement, comfort.

टादिन dha-rhie, s. m. A kind of musi-टादी dha-rhie, s. f. ) cian, a singer. टान dhan, s. m. Hedge, enclosure.

down or raze (a building, de.), to demolish.

STAT dha-ba, s. m. A net; the caves of a house, extending three or four cubits beyond the wall, so that people may sit under them.

are dhal, s. m. Declivity, slope, s. f. A shield, target, buckler.

fusion); to pour out, tilt, spill; (met.) to do mischief, mar, spoil.

दानवां dhal-wan, adj. Sloping, declivous ;

and dhalee, s. m. A warrior armed with a shield, a shield-bearer.

zre dhalóo, adj. Slant, sloping. pari. act.
Spoiling, doing miscuief, casting, &c. Dhalooblar kurna, To shift goods, &c., occasionally
over shallows, &c.

GIET dhá-ha, s. m. The precipitous or high bank of a river.

दिन dhig, s. m. f. Side ; near, close to.

facts dhit-haee, s. f. Forwardness, assurance, impudence, audacity, audaciousness, boldness, presumption, presumptuousness, petulance, pertness.

farmi dhib-ka, s. m. Protuberance.

दिसदिसी dhim-dhim-ee, s. f. A kind of tambourin.

fage dhillúr, adj. Lazy.

adj Forward, impudent, familiar, bold, daring, presumptuous, confident, pret, part, pass. Seen.

होद dheerh, s. m. Pregnancy; a large belly.

तील dheel, e. f. Looseness, relaxedness, remiseness, laziness, insttention, delay.

हे जा dhée-la, adj. Loose, not tight ; remiss; lazy, inattentive, dilatory.

हीनाई dhee-la-ee, s. f. Looseness, remissness.

दोड़ा dhée-ha, s. m. A rising ground. इंद्रमा dhéondh-na, v. a. To seek, to search

दंदगाडांदगा dhóondhna-dhándhna, v. a. To search for, to seek.

दुंदवाना dhoondhwana, v. a. To cause to seek.

g and dhook-na, v. n. To enter, penetrate; to take aim, look, have regard or inclination (to); to sympathize.

हुक्की जगाना dhóokkee-lugána, v.a. To take

दुचना dhéol-na, v. n. To be poured out, to be spilt, to roll.

दुलाना dhool-wana, } v. a. To cause to general dhool-lana, be carried; to spill (water, &e.)

दुलाई dhoo-lace, s. f. Act of carrying ; price paid for carrying, or for transporting.

द्वा dhóoa, s. m. A bank, a mound, a clod of earth.

desig dhoonr-dhanr, s. m. Search.

Za dhoondh, s. m. Search.

दूंटन dhoon-dhun, s. m. Seeking, searching, investigating.

हंडना dhóondh-na, v. a. To seek, search for. Dhoondhna-dhandhna, To search for, seek. इंडिया dhóon-dhiya, s. m. A mendicant of the sect of Jyn.

ह कमा dhook-na, v. n. To shut, close ; to steal on, draw nigh, approach; go into, enter.

द्वा dhóo-ka, s. m. Tapping or shoving, by way of calling the attention of one spoken to. द्वा देना dhóoka déna, v. a. To peep, to

tap.

dred batel-leaves, s. m. A drummer.

ZHI dhoo-sur, s. m. A caste of Hindoos.

हेज dhéoo, s. m. A wave.

दें जारी dhéak-lee, s. f. A mode of joining breadths of cloth or of cutting out cloth; a machine for drawing out water, being a lever supported on a long post, having a bucket suspended to one end, and a weight of earth or stone to the other.

देशा dhen-ka, s. m. A machine for pounding with.

देख्स dhén-rus, s. m. A kind of gourd

देंड़ी dhéa-ree, s. f. The capsule of the poppy (er of the cotton tree), a poppy head; an ornament worn in the ear. [belly.

देश dhen-dhá, s. m. Preguancy; a large देह dherh, s. m. Name of a tribe of workers in leather; a crow.

dher-hee, s. f. An ornament worm in the ear.

dher, s. m. A heap, accumulation. adj. Much, abundant, enough.

हरा dher-a, ady. Squinting, squint-eyed.

27 dhér-ee, s. f. A heap.

of clay, chalk, &c. Dhela-chouth, s. f. The fourth day of the bright part of the Hindoo month Bhadon, a festival on which the Hindoos pelteach other with stones, or throw them into each other's houses, and if abused, consider the abuse an honor.

dicant; a tribe of Jats.

देशा dhy-ya, s, m, A measure of two and

देवारेकर dhyya-tekur, adj. Desolated. दोबा dhó-a, s m. Fruit and flowers presented by inferiors on festival days. Ziei dhon-cha, adj. Four and a half. Te dhond, s. f. A capsule or seed-ves sel (especially of the poppy). दोन dhok, s. f. Salutation. डोक्ना dhók-na, v. a. To drink, to tope. होना dhó-ka, s. m. A piece of stone. Zizi dhó-ta, s. m. A child. दोना dhó-na, v. a. To carry, to bear. Zir dhor, s. m. Cattle. Gir dho-ra, s. m. The representation of a tomb carried about in the Mocharram. 311 dh6-ree, s. f. Eagerness, ardour. होच dhol, s. m. A large drum. दोलक dhó-luk, s. f. A small drum. दोलकी dhól-kee, दोनिया dho-luk-iya, s.m. A person that plays on the dholuk. द्रोजन dh6-hun, s. m. A friend, a sweet-दोचना dhol-na, s. m. A little amulet in the shape of a drum. होना dhó-la, n. prop. Name of a famous lover in Hindoostan. s. m. A boy. होतिया dhó-liya, s. m. A drummer. and dho-lee, s. f. A bundle of one hundred betel-leaves. s. m. A drummer. al al dhoun-cha, ady. Four and a half.

### गा

or nuh, The fifth letter of the third class of consonants in the Nagures alphabet, or the fifteenth consonant: it is scarcely ever used as an initial letter. It has the power of a, uttered with the point of the tongue pressed back on the palate.

# a tuh, The first letter of the fourth or

dental class of consonants, or the sixteenth consonant in the Naqueee alphabet. It has the sound of t in most of the continental languages of Europe, or, as expressed in the provincial pronunciation of butter in Yorkshire.

At theen, adv. Till, up to, while, to the tuk, ward, near to, to, at (or denoting after a genitive form, the objective case), and tuk-tuk, s. m. The sound of feet.

And tuk-tuk, s. m. The sound of feet.

And tuk-tuk, s. m. To look at, to look, to observe, to sim at, to watch, v. n. To be looked at, to be stared at, to look.

तकना túk-la, s. m. A spindle. तकारी túk-lee, s. f. A weaver's reel. तकवाही tuk-wá-hee, s. f. Watching, overseeing, superintending, looking sharp after (as after a silversmith). daria tukan, s. m. Motion, agitation. gesture. amer tuk-ána, v. a. To aim. तकीनी tuk-cenee, E. f. A small pillow. तक्षण túk-oos, s. m. A spindle. as tukr, s. m. Buttermilk, with a fourth part water. danz tukr-st, s. m. A churning stick. तच क túk-shuk, s. m. One of the principal mythological Nagus or serpents of patal; a snake of a middle size and of a red colour. तन्त्री túk-shun-ce, ह. f. A carpenter's तचन tuk-shun, s. m. A carpenter. वस्तिका tuksh-shill-a, s. f. The name of a city, the Taxila of Ptolemy in the Punjab. तख्री tülch-ree, s. f. Scales त खान tukh-án, s. m. A carpenter. तगना túg-na, v. a. To quilt, to stitch together. तम्ह beg-ur, s. m. A tree (Tabernementana coronaria). anti tug-ace, s. f. The price paid for quilting, &c.; the act of quilting, aurar tug-ana, v. a. To cause to be quilted, to get stitched together. awn tugga, s. f. A strand or thread of a twist.

twist.

Auf) tuggee, s. f. A strand or thread of a twist; a kind of fishing-line not used with a rod. Ti-tuggee, A thread of tree strands. Choutuggee, One of four strands.

Ten tunges, s. m. Two pice (pysa).

तचना tuch-ana, v.a. To be heated, to parch. तचाना tuch-ana, v.a. To parch, to scorch. तज tuj, s.f. The bay tree or its bark (Laurus cassia), woody casais.

तजना tūj-na, v. त. To abandon, desert, quit, leave.

तर tut, s. m. A field; a shore or bank. तर्भ tut-ústh, s. m. An indifferent person, one neither a friend nor a foe.

तह tur, s. m. Party, division, faction ; an initative sound.

तड़करा tur-uk-na, v. n. To be cracked,to be split, to burst, to crack.

तहता tur-ka, s. m. Dawn of day. Turkeh, adv. In the morning early, at dawn of day. तहताहाना tur-tur-ana, v. n. To trickle,

drop, patter, bluster, welter; to warp or crack with noise (as a plank exposed to the sun).

तहतहाहर tur-tur-ahut, s. f. The act of dropping.

तड्य tur-up, s. f. Haste, hurry, outrageousness, explosion, fury, leap, jump.

तहमङ्ग tur-pur-a, s. m. The noise of falling water.

तड्यही tur-prir-ee,s.f. Flutter, palpitation.
तड्यहा tur-up-na, v.n. To flutter, palतड्यहा tur-up-na, pitate, flounce, be
agitated, writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle,
toss; to be very desirous about any thing.

agitation; to cause to flutter or stumble.

तड्योक्त tur-péela, adj. Hasty, hurrying. तड्य tur-úph, s. f. Agitation, tossing about, palpitation. [to palpitate. तड्याइत्वा tur-phur-ána, v. n. To flutter,

तहफड़ाइट tur-phur-shut, s. f. Act of fut-

tering, palpitation.

तहफाना tur-úph-na, v. n. To flutter, to palpitate; to be very desirous about any thing, to be agitated, to writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss.

तड़फाना tur-pha-na, v. a. To put in great agitation; to cause to flutter or stumble.

साहा túr-u, s. m. An island.

are rener tur-ak-ree, s. f. The beam of a balance.

a star tur-aka, adj. Pretty, shewy, gaudy.

तहान tur-ag, s. m. A pond, a pool, deep enough for the growth of the lotus and other aquatic flowers; a trap for catching deer.

तहाहा tur-ara, s. m. Throwing water.

लहादा tur-aya, s. m. Gaudiness in dress, wearing smart clothes. Turayadar, s. m. One who dresses well and is particular in baving fine and well-made clothes. [vanity.

agray tur-awa, s. m. Show, estentation, area tun-dool, s. m. Rice (cleaned from the huse), any grain after threshing and winnowing; a vermituge plant.

त्यां tún-doo-loo, s. f. A plant of which the seeds are used as a vermifuge.

an tut, pron. That.

तत्त्री tútree, s. j. A playful, wanton girl. ततहरा tu-túh-ra, s m. A vessol for warming water, a kettle.

तताना tut-fina, v. a. To warm.

ware tutar, s. f. Embrocation, pouring of water on a diseased part. Interna, v. a. To embrocate.

archief tútkál, adn. At that time, then, a.m. Present, time being, or the time when an act occurs.

तकाराधी tutkal-údhee, e. m. A man wise or intelligent for the time being, one having presence of mind, &c.

तत्त्रण tut-kshún, s. m. Time present, time being. adv. At that time, instantly, immediately. तत्ता tútta, adj. Hot, fiery, passionate,

furious, outrageous.

any thing closely and anxiously, engaged, attentive, addicted to, adept.

तल tutr, adv. There, therein.

तलभवत tutr-bhúwut, adj. Venerable, respectable, reverend.

ard tútwuh, s. m. An element, a principle, the essence; essential nature, the real nature of the human soul, considered in the shasters, as one and the same with the divine spirit animating the universe: the philosophical etymology of this word best explains its meaning, at that, that divine being, and it thou, that very God art thou; the Supreme Being or Brumh; truth, reality, the essential substance, opposed to what is illusory or fallacious; an element or elementary property differently enumerated in different systems, from the three which are the same with the three goons, to twenty-seven, which include the elements, organs, faculties, matter, spirit, life, and God; a first principle, an axiom; mind, intellect; slow time in music; a musical instrument.

तत्वज्ञान tútwuh-gyán, s. m. Knowledge of divine truth.

नथ tuth, adj. True, right.

तथा tuthá, s. f. Power, ability, might. adv. or conj. So, thus, ditto, and.

तथागत tuthe-gút, s.m. A Jyn or Booldh तथागि tuthápi, adv. Nevertheless, yet,

तथान्त tuthás-too, adv. Be it so, yes.

wards, in that case, therefore, so soon. Tuduntur, adv. After that, after which. Tud to, adv. Then, in that case. Tub blee, adv. Still. nevertheless, however, notwithstanding. Tud sch, adv. Thence, since that time. Tud-lee, adv. At that very time, in that case only.

तहा túd-a, adv. Then, at that time. तहन tud-dhún, adj. Miserly, niggardly. तही tud-hée, adv. At that very time.

तन tun, s. m. The body, person. Tunitunha, adv. Alone, solitary. Tun-o-mum marna, To restrain one's desires and be silent. Tun-dih, A person of application. Tun-dihee, s. f. Application, exertion, attention, diligence. Tun-dooroom, adj. Heathy, vigorous. Tun-dooroom, s. f. Health, vigour. Tun dena, To pay attention. Tun-purwur, Careful of the body, over-attentive to the body. Tun-purwure, s. f. Self-indulgence.

तनक tún-uk, adj. or adv. Slight, small, a little. adv. Slightly.

तनय tún-uy, s. m. A son ; a male descendant.

तनवा tun-uyá, s. f. A daughter.

विनया túniya, s. m. A kind of covering for the waist.

तनी tún-ee, s. f. A string with which garments are tied; a daughter.

तनु tún-oo, s. f. The body.

तनुक tún-ook, adj. or adv. Slight, small, a little. adv. Slightly.

तनुत्रण tunoo-koop, s. m. A pore of the skin. [tingle.

तन्तनाना tun-tun-ana, v. n. To twang, to तन्तनाहट tun-tun-ahut, e.f. Sharp prick-

ing pain from inflammation.

तन्त túntoo, s. m. A thread; offspring, race, descendants.

तन्त्रकीट tuntoo-keet, s. m. A silk-worm. and tuntr, s. m. One of the books held sacred by the Hindoos; a religious treatise teaching peculiar and mystical formula and rites for the worship of the deities, or the attainment of superhuman power; it is mostly in the form of a dialogue between Shiv and Doorga, who are the peculiar deities of the Tantrikus: there is a great number of these works, and their authority, in many parts of India, seems to have, in a great measure, superseded that of the Veds: according to one account, a Tuntr comprises five subjects, the creation and destruction of the world, the worship of the gods, the attainment of all objects, magical rites for the acquirement of six (super human) faculties, and four modes of union with spirit by meditation: a variety of subjects are, however, introduced into many of them; whilst some are limited to a single topic, as the mode of breathing in certain rites, the language of birds, beasts, &c.; a branch of the Veds, that which teaches muntrus or mystical and magical formulæ; demonstration, clear and right conclusion; raiment, vesture; a medicament, adrug; aprincipal medicament, or perhaps a charm, considered as producing medicinal effects; a charte, an enchantment.

तकी tun-tree, s. m. A musician.

weariness, syncope,

तन्द्रान् tun-drá-loo, adj. Slothful, sluggish, overcome with sleep or fatigue.

and tun-droe, s. f. Sleepiness, drowsiness; lassitude, fainting, exhaustion.

तदा tunna, v. n. To stretch, pull tight; to sit upright.

a sharp pricking pain from bullammation.

ay tup, s. m. The hot season, summer; derout susterity, religious penance. s. f. Heat, warmth.

त्राक्त tup-úk-na, v. n. To throb, to palpitate. Tupukna phorek ka, The throbbing of a phlegmon or boil, when coming to suppuration.

तपन túp-ut, adj. Hot, warm, fervent. s. f. Heat.

तथन túp-un, s. m. The sun; a division of hell, the hot season; mental distress, pining, grieving s. f. Heat, glow, fervour, warmth, burning.

तपना tupne, v. n. To be giorified; to glow, be heated, frisk about.

तपनी tup-un-ee, s. f. The Godaveree river. तपनी tup-ree, s. f. A mound, e small height, an acclivity.

penance, mortification, the practice of mental or personal self-denial; a world, the region inhabited by saints or devotees after death; virtue, moral merit; duty, the special observance of certain things, thus the Tupus of a Brahmun is sacred learning; of a Kshutree, the protection of subjects; of a Vys, almsgiving to Brahmuns; of a Soods, the service of the same sect; and of a Rishi or saint, feeding upon herbs and roots.

auze tup-úsyuh, s. m. The month Phalgoon (February-March).

तप्रश्न tup-ús-ya, s. f. Devout austerity, religious penance, devotion.

तपश्चिन tup-uswin, ) s. m. An ascetic, a re-तपञ्ची tup-uswee, ligious engaged in the practice of rigorous and devout penance.

furnit tup-fissee, s. m. A devotee, a performer of austere devotion, an ascenic adj. Deyout, practising austere devotion. Tupsee, or Tupusseemuchilee, s. f. The mango fish (Polynemus paradisea).

aut tup-a, s. m. A worshipper, an ascetic, a devotee.

तपाना tup-ana, v. o. To pour out a libation; to best, to warm, to cause to glow, to make another warm himself at the fire or in the sur-

तपास tup-ás, s. f. Sunshine, the sunbeams; toil, labour.

तभी tup-oe, s. m. A devotee, a worshipper.

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aulaz tup-6-wut, s. m. A country, part of central India, or Holy land.

तप्र tupt, adj. Hot, warm, fervent, heated, inflamed, burnt with heat, pain or sorrow.

तप्रकृत् tupt-krich-chhruh, s. m. A sort of penance, drinking hot water, milk, or ghee, for

तथा tuppa, s. m. Division, district, parish, तद tub, adv. Then, at that time, so soon ; afterwards. Tub nek, Till then. Tub-torce, or, Tub-tueen, or, Tub-lug, adv. Till then, so long.

तबही tub-hee, adv. At that very time. Tubhee-to, Then indeed. Tubhee-sch, Thence, thenceforth.

and tub-uy, adv. Exactly then.

au: túmuh, s. m. Darkness, gloom; the quality of darkness, incident to humanity ; illusion of mind, headstrong passion, anger; irascibility or promptitude to the vindictive passions.

तम tum, s. m. The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the Tumuhgoon, or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion, &c.; darkness, gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमक tum-uk, s. f. Vanity, arrogance, pride; growing red in the face.

तमकना tum-uk-na, v. n. To grow red (in the face); to be enraged without cause, or to break out into violence at a temperate and reasonable speech.

तजना tum-ka, s. m. A stroke of the sun. तमत túm-ut, adj. Desirous, cupidinous, longing or hankering after.

तमत्रभागा turo-turn-ana, v. n. To grow red in the face; to glow, to sparkle, to twinkle, to

तसत्त्राहर tum-tum-ahut, s. f. The state of growing red in the face, glow.

aws tum-us, s. m. The third of the qualities incident to humanity, the Tumuh-good, or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion, &c.; darkness (physical or moral), gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमस्त्रिनी tumuswin-ee, s. f. Night.

तमाल tum-al, s. m. The sectarial mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead; a tree bearing black blossoms (Xanthocymus pictorius).

तमानज tum-aluk, s. m. A kind of potherb (Marsilea dentata).

तमाजिका tum-alika, e. f. A district in Bengal, the modern Tumlook.

तमानी tum-alee, s. f. A medicinal plant used as an emollient in affections of the mouth and fauces.

afren tum-isra, s. f. A dark night, or one during the wane of the moon. s. m. The dark half of the month, from the full to the change.

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तमोद्भा tumo-goon, s. m. The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion, &c.; darkness, gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमोझ tumoghn, s. m. The legislator of Booddh.

तमोलिप्नी tum-o-liptee, s. f. The district of Tumlook in Bengal.

awiga tum-o-vrit, adj. Overcome with rage, fear, &c., or any of the effects of the property of darkness.

तस्यान tum-bá-loo, s. m. A pot, pipkin.

तिस्या tum-biya, ह. m. A pot.

and tum-boo, s. m. A tent.

तकांच tum-bol, s. m. The betel leaf. Tumbol and, To bleed from the bridle (a horse's mouth).

तस्यो जिन tum-bo-lin, s. f. A woman whose business it is to sell betel leaf; name of a tree. assist tum-bó-lee, s. m. A caste whose business it is to sell betel leaf.

ar tur, adv. Under, beneath.

तरई túr-nee, s. f. A star.

तर्भ túr-uk, s. f. A beam, a rafter.

तरकारी tur-ká-ree, s. f. Esculent vegeta-

arge tur-kool, s. m. The fruit of the tar tree (Borassus Cabelliformis).

acan túr-khe, adj. Rapid (a stream).

at & tur-fing, s. f. A wave, an emotion; whim, conceit, fancy, caprice; becoming state and dignity.

तरिङ्गी tur-un-gin-ee, s. f. A river.

तर्ड़ी tur-un-gee, adj. Braggart, fanciful, fantastical, whimsical.

araz túr-chhut, s. f. Dregs, sediment,

ara tur-un, s. m. A raft, a float ; swurg or paradise; crossing over, passing, going across; escaping, being saved; one who is saved or delivered.

acfortur-un-i, s. m. The sun; a ray of light; a float or raft,

तर्दिष túr-un-i, े s.f. A ship, vessel, boat; तर्यो tur-un-ee, the succotrine aloe

aloe (A. perfoliata); a plant (Hibiscus mutabilis). as we tur-und, s. m. A raft or float, made of bamboos, &c. tied together, and sometimes floated upon jars or hollow gourds inverted;

the float of a fishing line.

तराड़ी tur-ún-dee, adj. A boat, a vessel. तरता túr-tura, s m. A kind of dish.

ละส túr-un, s. m. Passing over; escaping, being saved; one who is saved or delivered.

तरना tur-na, w. n. To cross over, to pass over, to be ferried; to be saved.

तर्ज tar-unt, s. m. A fog; a hard shower, a torrent of rain; the ocean.

तरकी tur-un-tee, s. f. A boat.

atua tur-pun, e.m. A libation of water to the manes of deceased ancestors; satisfaction, gratification.

तर्भना túr-uph-na, v. n. To flutter, palpitate, flounce, be agitated writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss; to be very desirous about any thing.

तर्जन tur-bóoj, s. m. A water-melon (Cucurbita citrullus).

are tur-ul, adj. Capricions, changeable, fickle, inconstant, ticklish, volatile, unsteady; libidinous, lecherous; wanton.

A kind of bamboo; bottom, depth, lower or under part.

तर्व túr-uv, s. m. A tree.

arar tur-wur, s. m. Any large tree.

तरवरिया tur-wur-iya, s. m. A sword; a swordsman, a fencer.

सरवार tur-war, s. f. A sword, a scimitar.

तर्सना túr-us-na, v. n. To long, desire auxiously, be agog; to pity.

तरा túr-a, s.m. The bottom of any thing. तर्देन tur-a-in, s.m. Stars.

arra tur-áce, s. f. A marsh, mead, meadow. Turace khewa, adj. Living in, or near water (water-fowl, water-spaniel, &c.)

तराकड़ी turkk-ree, s. f. The beam of a balance.

तराव tur-án, s. m. Revenue.

तराना tur-ana,v. a. To cause to pass over or swim; to save

art tur-ce, e. f. A boat.

av túr-oo, s. m. A tree.

नक्जीवन tur-oo-jeewun, s. m. The root of a tree.

age. udj. Young, juvenile, adult; new, fresh, novel.

तन्त्र tur-oon-ace, s. f. Adolescence, कर्यापन turoona-pún, s. m. youth, pu-

berty.

तह बी túr-oo-nee, s. f. A young woman from 16 to 30 years of age, generally however one about the first age.

wit tur-eh, adv. Under.

The falling of water from a spout, or from any height.

तरेत tur-ét, s. m. A buoy.

तरेवा tur-úy-ya, s. f. A star.

was turk, s. m. Doubt, disputation, discussion, reasoning; the science of reasoning, logic; (in logic) a proposition.

तर्जनिस्ता turk-vidya, s. f. The science of reasoning or logic.

तकरि tur-karee, s. f. Esculent vegetables. तिकत tur-kir, adj. Doubtful, disputations.

तिकेच turk-in, s. m. A logician,a disputant, a follower of the Turk shaser.

तिक turk-il, s. m. Cassia tora.

तजा túr-kee, s. f. A kind of ornament for the ears made of the leaves of the tar tree. s.m. A logician, a disputant, a follower of the Turk shastr.

rist turkoo, s. f. A spindle, an iron pin upon which the cotton is first drawn out; it also serves as the distaff, the cotton being next transferred from it to the wheel.

तकेट tar-koot, e. m. Drawing out the cotten upon the distaff or upon the wheel.

तज़री tur-kóo-tee, s. f. A spindle or a distair.

নর্দায়ত tur-koo-pind, s. m. \ A ball of নর্দায়ত tur-koo-peethee, s.f. | clay, &c. mon the lower end of the spindle to assist in giving it a rotatory motion.

तकुल tur-kool, s m. The fruit of the tar tree (Borassus Mabelliformis).

तर्नेनासक tur-kool-asuk, s. m. A concave shell or saucer in which the lower end of the spindle is placed and whirled round.

तन् भाषा turkoo-shan, इ. m. A small whetstone for sharpening spindles, &c.

तन्त्री túr-kha, adj. Rapid (a stream).

तजन túr-jun, s. m. Wrath, anger.

तजनी túr-jun-ee, s. f. The fore-finger.

dation tur-tur-ata, adj. Very greasy; dripping with moisture.

तर्तरामा turtur-ana, v. n. To bluster, to

तत्र। इट turtur-ahut, s. f. Bluster, boast. तपेशा tur-pun, s. m. Satisfaction, given or received; either the act of pleasing or the state of being pleased; satiety, fulness; a religious rite, presenting water to the manes of the deceased.

तर्भ turb, s. f. A musical tone. तर्मनः tur-rá-na, v. n. To grudge, grumble, murmur. Trier turrara, s. m. Rapidity, flow. Turrara bhurna, To gallop.

dafter tur-wur iya, s. m. A sword; a swordsman, a fencer.

तर्वार tur-war, s. f. A sword, a scimitar.

तर्थ tursh, s. m. Thirst ; wish, desire.

तर्पण túr-shun, s. m. Thirst, thirsting ; it is also used metaphorically.

तिषत túrsh-it, adj. Thirsting, athirst, thirsty.

at turs, s. m. Compassion, mercy. Turs
khana. To compassionate, to pity.

तहींना tur-sá-na, v. a. To cause to long, set agog, tantalize, tease, vex.

and the third day past or to come (not including the present, i.e. two days intervening).

तन tul, s. m. Depth, bottom, lowness, inferiority of position, the place under or underneath; the sole of the foot.

तल अपर tul-bopur, adj. Upside down;

तज्ञ túl-uk, adv. Till.

तसक्ट túl-chhut, s. f. Dregs, refuse, scum, sediment, offals, leavings.

तज्ञाना tultulána, v. n. To shake.

तलना túl-na, v. a. To fry.

तजपट tal-put, adj. Ruined, destroyed.

तन्त्रभा túl-up-na, े v. n. To flutter, to तन्त्रभा túl-uph-na, palpitate, be rest-less, be agitated, to flounce.

तज्ञाना tul-mul-ána, v. n. To be tantalized; to grieve, to be agitated.

तलविद्या tul-wur-iya, s. f. A soimitar, a. m. A swordsman, one armed with a soimitar, a sword-player, a fencer.

तलवार tul-war, s. f. A sword, a scimitar.

तला समा tul-was-na, v. a. Spoken of the feet of an animal which are worn by treading on hard rocky ground.

aren't túl-a, s. f. A leathern fence worn by archers on the left arm. s. m. The stand or support of any thing, that which is under or below it; the bottom of any thing; the sole of a sibe; protection.

तसातज tul-a-túl, s. m. One of the seven divisions of the infernal regions.

तलाव tul-ao, s. m. A pond, reservoir of water

low, one who acts at the command of another.

तली tulee, s. f. The bottom of any thing ; the sole of a shoe; beneath, under; impairable powder. तन्या tal-oos, हे s.m. The sole of the foot.
तन्या tal-ws, Tulooa chaina, or,
Tuloph fulch hath dhuma, To fiatter Tuloch

sublanch (lit. to stroke the soles of the feet) Signifies excessive flattery, adulation. Tulwon set, ag lugnee, (lit. burning in the soles of the feet) Implies excessive anger.

as tul-eh, adv. Below, down, beneath, under Taleh-vopur, adj. Upside down; confused. Taleh tuleh dekhna, To see clandestinely. Taleh kee zumeen copur hones, is used to express great disturbance and confusion.

तलेया tul-úy-ya, s. f. A small pond.

तरेहा tul-uyha, s. m. A turtle dove.

afmar tállika, s. f. A key.

तवरी tuwing, s. m. The dental class of letters in the Nagures alphabet, beginning with त tuh.

तश्रता túsh-tur-ce, s. f. A salver, a small plate, a saucer.

GRT tis-ur, s. m. A shuttle; a kind of coarse silk the produce of a particular worm (Bombyz paphia), that feeds on the anna (Terminalia aloka tomentosa), &c.

a west tus-la, s. m. A vessel used by Hindoos to dress their victuals in.

तक्तर tus-kur, s. m. A thief, a robber, a stealer; a kind of potherb ( Medicaga esculoua); a tree ( Vangueria spinasa )

awatat tuskur-tá, s. f. Thievishness,

तस्वरी túskur-ee, s. f. Theft ; a passionate woman.

तस्त्र tusiu, s. m. A razor-strop.

तसा tús-soo, s. m. An inch.

तहरनहस् túhus-núhus, adj. Rumed, destroyed, dispersed.

awi tuhan, adv. Thither, there. Tuhan tuhan, In each place.

तहाना tuhána, v. a. To fold, to ply, to wrap.

as' tubeen, adv. Thither, there, exactly there.

at to, inflect of the 3d pers, pron. sing. Him, her, it, that.

arism tan-ga, c. m. A small two-wheeled car without covering, and on which one person only can sit *Tanga-sumar*, One who rides on a tanga.

with violent gesticulation, and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Ship and his votaries.

ara tant, s. f. A loom; cat-gut, sinew, the string of a musical instrument. Tant bajes

our ragboojka, He understood from the first word.

Tout bandhue, To put to silence as idle talker.

Art tan-ta, s. m. A string (of camels, horses, &c.), adrove; a train, a series, a range, a row.

aiasī tamb-ra, s. m. A copper colour (in pigams); a false stone resembling a ruby.

aist tam-ba, s. m. Copper.

नाइत tá-it, s. m. An amulet or charm. नाई tá-ee, s. f. An aunt, paternal uncle's wife, father's elder brother's wife; an earthen

frying pot.

साझ tá-co, ) s. m. A paternal uncle, fa-साझ tán-co, ) ther's elder brother.

ara tak, s. f. Look, fixed regard, glance, peep; aim, view, the act of aiming, pointing (of a dog). Tak bandhna. To covet, to point (as a dog). Tak rukna, To aspire.

ताक्ता tak-na, v. a. To stare at, aim, peep, see, spy, watch, view, behold, look, look for, attend.

ताकवाक tak-bak, s. f. Nick of time.

ताग tag, े s. m. Thread.

नागा tá ga, ) मा प्राचित । तागतीच tag-tór, s. m. Lace.

तासना tag-na, v. a. To thread.

सामा tá-ga, s. m. Thread.

and a ta-tunk, s. m. An ornament worn in

Try tar, s. m. The palm tree (Borassus Mabelli formis), s. f. Understanding. Turbaz, adj. Intelligent, quick of apprehension. Turbazee, s. f. Quickness of apprehension.

ताङ्क tá-ruk, c. m. A reprover, punisher, chastiser.

args ta-runk, a m. An ornament worn in the ear.

ताइन ta-run, ] a. m. Beating, whipping,

वाडना tar-na, f punishment, admonition, reproof, penalty. Tarna kurna, To reprove, punish, chastisa.

ताड्ना tár-na, v. a. To understand, conceive, comprehend, guess, apprehend.

are all tar-neeyuh, adj. Reproveable, worthy of admonition, punishment, &c.

तार्डी ta-ree, s. f. The juice of the palm tree (toddy); hilt of a dagger.

with violent gesticulation, and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Shir and his votaries.

ਗਾਜ: ta-túh, ady. Venerable, reverend, respectable.

ara tat, s. m. Father. adj. Hot, warm.

बासनी tat-née, pron. inflect. f. Of her, that or it.

तातनी tat-nou, pron. inflect. m. Of him,

तातल ta-túl, adj. Hot, warm.

नाना ta-ta, adj. m. Hot, heating (food). नाने ta-teh, pron. inflect. From him, her, it or that.

ताल्यांक tat-kalik, adj. Of that time or period.

array tut-purj, s. m. Object, purpose, intent, design; meaning, purport; explanation; the apprehension of an implied wish or thought; need.

तारात्रस्य tád-atm-yuh, s. f. Likeness, similarity.

साइण्यू tá-drish-yuh, adj. Such like, like

লাদ tan, s. f. A tune, a tone, the key note in music, stretching, tension, knitting (eye brows).
নান্তৰ tán-duv, s. ms. Dancing with vio-

ent gesticulation.

AITA ETT tan-tórna, m. a. To crack a joke, to drop a word which shall excite quarrelling er induce conversation, to animadvert; to strike

up a tune.

and the na, s. m. The warp, the threads that are extended lengthwise upon a loom. Jana bana kurna. To fidget to dance attendance Fanch tanaa, To wander here and there without profit.

ताना tá-na, v. a. To heat, prove, assay.

तानी tá-nee, s. f. The warp; the price paid for weaving.

arffarst tan-trik, s. m. A scholar, a man completely versed in any science; a follower of the doctrine taught by the Tuntres.

area tan-na, v. a. To extend, stretch, expand, pull, knit (the eye-brows). Tumboo tanna, To pitch tents.

arg tap s. m. Warmth, heat, burning (moral or physical); pain, sorrow, distress. s. f. Fever Tup-tillee, s. f. An induration of the spieen, attended with, or preceded by fever; spienitis, ague-cake.

नापन tá-puk, s. m. Fever, morbid heat.

तापन tá-pun, s. m. The sun; heating, inflaming.

atu a tap-na, v. a. To bask in the sun or before a fire, to warm one's self at (or over) a fire, to warm, to heat.

arus tá pus, ady. Performing penance.

s. m. A practiser of devout austerities, a devotee, an assetic.

arra tapit, adj. Inflamed; distressed, puned.

तापी ta-pee, s. f. A name of the Taptee or Surat river; a name of the Jumna river. adj. Oppressed by heat, morbid, moral or physical; any thing heated or glowing.

area tapyuh, s. m. A mineral substance, sulphuret of iron, said to be procured from the

ताबड़तीड tabur-tor, adv. Successively, [copper. repeatedly.

तामचीनी tam-cheenee, s. f. Enamelled तासदा támra, e. m. A gem of inferior value of a copper colour.

वासर्थ tam-rús, s. m. A lotus (Nymphæa nelumbo); copper; gold.

ताम लक्षी ta-raul-kee, s. f. A plant (Flacourtia cataphracta).

वामिना tam-lipt, s. f. A district in the south of Bengal, Tumlook.

ताम पर्ध-mus, adj. Affected by or appertaining to the third quality, that of darkness or vice; partaking or influenced by the principle of inertness, ignorance or mental darkness, inert, stupid, ignorant. s. m. Darkness, illusion, irascibility; an incendiary, a malignant and nzischievous man, a villain.

सामग्री tá-mus-ce, adj. Dark, irascible, vindictive.

तामा tá-ma, s. m. Copper. ताका tám-ba, र्

तासेश्वर tam-ésh-wur, s. m. Calx or scoriæ Inut. of copper.

area tam-bool, s. m. Betel-leaf, the areca तान्त्रकराम tambool-rag, s. m. A kind of pulse (Ervum lene).

ताम्बलयद्वी tambool-wallee, s. f. A small plant bearing a pungent leaf, with which the areca nut, a small quantity of caustic lime or chunam, and catechu, and occasionally cloves, cardsmoms, &c., form the Pan or betel of the Asiatics ( Piper betel ).

ताब्बलो tam-boo-lee, s. f. Betel (Piper betel) or its pungent leaf, which together with the areca nut is eaten very generally by the natives of the east. s. m. The Pan bearer of a prince or sovereign; a servant whose business it is to prepare and furnish the Pan.

arear tam-bra, s. m. A copper colour (in pigeons); a false stone resembling a ruby.

ares tamr, s. m. Copper ; a kind of sandal wood represented as of a dark red colour and smelling like a lotus; a dark or coppery red.

ताक्त्रवर्गी tamr-kurnee, s.f. A name of the female elephant of the west.

वानकार tamr-kar, s. m. A brazier, a copper-smith.

arean tamr-gurbh, s. m. Blue vitriol or sulphate of copper.

तासपड़ tamr-putt, s. m. A copper plate, such as Hindoo grants of land, &c., are frequently inscribed on.

तास्त्रपार्गी tamr-purnee, s. f. A river in the peninsula and the district in its vicinity.

areaux tamr-pooshp, s. m. A kind of ebony (Bauhinia variegata); a piant (Kempferia rotunda).

सास्त्रका tamr-pfoshp-a, s. f. Trumpet flower (Bignonia suave -olens).

ताञ्चलको tamr-póoshp-ee, s. f. Lythrum fruticosum.

तास्त्रफल tamr-phúl, s. m. Alangium hexapetalum

ताम्बर्की tamr-vurnee, s. f. The blossom of sesamum.

तास्त्रका tamr-whilee,s. f. Bengal madder (Rubin manjith).

तास्त्रीं क tamr-véej, s.m. A kind of vetch-तास्त्रक tamr-vriksh, s. m. A sort of sandal wood.

areast tamr-sar, s. m. A red kind of sandal (Pterospermum santolinum).

तासाज tam-rakoo, s. m. One of the eighteen divisions of the known continent.

ताकिक tám-rik, s. m. A brazier, a coppersmith.

ताकिका tam-rik-a, e. f. A copper vessel for marking time.

areal tam-ree, s. f. A copper or metallic cup of prescribed capacity, and perforated by a small hole at the bottom, answering the purpose of an hour glass : it is put into a vessel of water, the water gradually filling it and the cup sinking marks the time that has elapsed.

art tar, s. m. A high note or tone in music; a wire, a chord.

तारक tá-ruk, adj. A protector, a preserv-तारहरना tar-tootna, " n. To be disjointed, to be separated.

तार या tá-run, s. m. A raft, a float ; the act of freeing, salvation, deliverance; one that sets free or delivers.

तार शतर्या tarun-turun, s. m. f. The Saviour, and the person saved.

तारका tárna, v. a. To free, rid, exempt. from further transmigration, absolve from sin,

तारतन्य tar-tum-yuh, s. m. Distinction. discrimination.

arrang tar-tor, s. m. A kind of sewing or needle-work, open work, pulling out some threads, &c.

art ar tar-na, v. a. To free, to rid, to exempt from further transmignation, to absolve from sin, to save.

तारपतार tar-put-ar, adj. Dispersed, &c. तार बांधना tar bandhna, v.a. To continue or repeat an action without interruption.

are tara, s. m. A star; the pupil of the eye. Tarch giana, To count the stars, i. z. to get no sleep.

artium tera-puth, s. m. The atmosphere, the firmament, heaven or sky.

तारामगुड्ज tára-műndul, s. m. The starry sphere.

artantárik-a, s. f. The apple of the eye; a star.

anten tarin-ee, s.f. A goddess peculiar to the Jyas; a name of Doorga; deliverer.

arel ta-ree, s. f. The clapping of hands; akey; abstraction, absence of mind, absorption in thought or devotion.

are ta-roo, s. m. The palate.

artin tark-ik, s. m. A philosopher, a sophist, a follower of either of the six schools of Hindeo philosophy.

ताकिक: tar-kik-úh, adj. Relating or at-

airs tar-na, v.a. To free, to rid, to exempt from further transmigration, to absolve from ain, to save.

music, musical time or measure, chime; slapping or clapping the hands together or against the arms previous to fighting; a musical instrument of bell-metal or brass (a sors of cymbol) played with a stick; the palm tree (Borassus flabelliformis). Tal dena, To chime; to slap the hands on the arms before fighting. Tal marna, or,—thokna, To strike the hand against the arms preparatory to wrestling.

ताइक tá-luk, s. m. A bolt, a latch, a kind of lock for fastening a door with.

array tal-putr, s. m. A hollow cylinder of gold with or without a ring attached to it, thrust through the lobe of the ear, and worn as an ornament.

तानपार्शी tal-purnee, s. f. A sort of anise (Anethum panmorium).

are your tal-pooshp-uk, s. m. A medicinal application to the eyes.

तालसकाना tal-muk-hána, s. m. A medicinal herb (Barleria longifolia).

तालमूली tal-moo-lee, s. f. A plant (Curculigo orchioides).

बालइन tal-vrint, s. m. A fan.

arer tá-la, s. m. A lock.

ताला ख्या iál-akhya, s. f. A perfume.

stell ta-lee, s. f. A sort of key or pin; clapping of the hands together; a species of the mountain palm (Corypha takera); a plant (Flacourtia cataphracta). Talee et hath sen bujnee, Is used to express an impossibility. Talee bujnana, To clap the hands (generally by way of censure and ridicule); to hoot. Talee marna, To hoot.

বাৰ tá-loo, s. m. The palate, the ridge or slit in the root of the mouth; a disorder in horses, the lampreys.

ars tao, s. m. A sheet of paper; proof, trial, essay; speed.

ara tao, s. m. Heat; passion, rage; strength, power; splendour, dignity; twist, coil, contortion. Tao dena, To twist; to stroke the whiskers; to heat (as iron). Tao pech khana, To be heated; to be angry.

तावत tá-wut. adv. So much, so far, so many,unto,until,the correlative to आवत yawat.

तायना táo-na, v. a. To heat, to raise heat by blowing with bellows, to anneal; to prove, to assay; to twist.

and tash, s. m. Cloth of gold, brocade.

THE tas, & m. The cards, a game at cards; brocade, cloth of gold.

तासु ta-soo, } pron. Of him, that तासुकी tasoo-kou, or it.

ताहि tá-hi, pron. To him, her, or it.

rice tá-hir-ee, s. f. A kind of dish, viz.
rice boiled with bures, which consists, of pulse
(Phascolus radiatus) ground in a wet state mixed
with ginger, pepper,&c. and driedin small lumps.

निकृतिक tik-tik, s. f. A sound used in driving a cart.

तिकोनिया tik-ó-niya, adj. Triangular. तिका tikka, s. m. A small piece of flesh,

a steak, a chop, a collop, a slice.

fam tikt, adj. Bitter; fragrant.s.m. A bitter taste, bitterness; fragrance, perfume.

तितक tik-tuk, s. m. A kind of gourd (Trichosanthes diaca); a sort of Gentian (G. cherayta).

Tam wartikt-gin-dha, s. f. A plant (Lyco-podium imbricatum).

तित्रहादी tikt-toom-bee, A bitter gourd. तित्रहाद्या tikt-doog-dha, s.f. A medicinal kind of moon plant.

fanya tikt-putr, s. m. A cucurbitaceous plant (Momordica miata).

तित्त पर्वन् tikt-purwin, s. f. A potherb (Hilancha repens); a plant (Menispermum glabrum).

विज्ञानद्व tikt-bhud-ruk, s. m. A kind of oucumber (Trichosanthes diseca).

रिकारोरिसिया tikt-ro-hinika, s. f. A medicinal plant, निक्षवर्षी tikt-wullee, s. f. A plant (Aletris kyacinthoides).

विकासाज tikt-shak, s. m. A plant (Capparis trifoliata).

तित्रसार tikt-sar, s. m. A sort of Mimosa (M. catechu).

विकास tik-tik-a, e. f. A bitter gourd.

तिखरा करना tikhra kurna, v. a. To trifallow, to plough three times.

factival ti-khár-na, v. a. To confirm, to prove, to establish by argument; to inquire earnestly; to trifallow.

faut ti-goon, s. m. A tone in music.adj.
Threefold, triple.

farger ti-goon-a, adj. Threefold.

form tigm, s. m. Heat, also the heat of spices, or pungency. adj. Hot, pungent, world; sharp (as a wearea).

fame tich-chún, adj. Sharp, virulent, bitter, severe.

निजारी tij-ree, े s. f. A tertian fever or ague.

fault tin-tee, s. f. A plant, commonly called Teores.

fan tit, adv. Thither, there.

नितना titna, } adj. So many, so much, नितनी titnee, Titneh-men, In so much (time).

নিবহিনহ titur-bitur, adj. Dispersed. বিনিয়া titik-sha, s. f. Patience, resignation, sufferance, endurance.

विविश्व a titikshit, } adj. Patient, resign-विविश्व titikshoo, } ed.

fafarat titímba, s. m. An obstacle, impediment, strategem.

forces titil, s.m. One of the seven Kuruns or astronomical periods so called; a sort, of sweetmeat made of sesamum, ground, and baked with sugar.

fafat tittir, s. m. The Francoline partridge.

farafit tittiri, s. m. The Francoline partridge; the name of a moons, and one of the early teachers of the Tyttiri or black Ynjoor Ved; the Ynjoor Ved, named after its teacher. far tith, s. f. A lunar day, one thirfally tithi, tieth of a whole lunation. fall and tithi-kshuy, s. m. Day of new moon.

निवरी ti-dur-ee, adj, Three-doored. निवर tidhur, adv. There.

factor tidhá-ra, s. m. A plant (Euphorbia antiquorum); the meeting of three streams.

तिन tin, pron. pl. inflect. Them, those. He, she, it, that. Tinken, To them or those, &c. तिनवाना tín-uk-na, v. n. To flutter, palpi-

tate, throb.

निजका tin-ka, s. m. A straw, a bit of the stalk of grass. Tinka danton men lena, To make submission, confess inferiority, or ask for quarter. Tinkeh choonna (lit. to pick straws), To be intoxicated.

faf-agi tin-tir-ee, s. m. The tamarind tree.

fast tinnee, s. f. A kind of rice.

fare tin-doo, e. m. A species of ebony, from the fruit of which a kind of resin is obtained, that is used in India as pitch for caulking vessels, &c. (Diospyros glutinosa).

तिन्द्की tin-doo-kee, s. f. The resinous fruit of a sort of ebony.

factor ti-bara, adj. Thrice, s. m. A hall or room with three doors.

বিদিয় tími,s.m. A fabulous fish of an enormous size, said to be one hundred Yojuns long, বিনিয়িক tim-in-gil, s. m. A large fabulous fish.

faffig af vertical timingil-gfl, s. m. A fabulous fish larger than either of the preceding.

faffig timit, adj. Wet, moist, moistened, damp; steady, fixed, unmoved, unshaken.

fair timir, s.m. Darkness; gutta serena, total blindness from affection of the optic nerve. fairs tim-ish, s.m. A kind of pumpkin gourd; a water melon.

far tíyuh, s. f. A woman, a wife.

fatger tir-koo-ta, s. m. A mixture of dry ginger, long pepper, and black pepper.

faरखा tir-kha, s. f. Thirst, desire faरखंडी tir-khóon-tee, s. f. A trivet.

fare tir-chha, adj. Crooked, across, crosswise, bent, oblique, awry, askant; perverse; affected, foolish. Tirchha dekhaa, To squint, to look askant. Tirchha lugna, v. n. To strike obliquely, to glance. Tirchhee ankh kurna, To look angrily, to cast unkind looke. Tirchhee nuzur, Leer, ogle, side glance, squint.

faterer tir-chhé-na, v. a. To crook, to place in a transverse position, slant, v. n. To be perverse; to be affected.

तिरक्तियाना tir-chhi-yána, v. n. To edge, to go obliquely.

farfarian tir-tir-ana, v. n. To trickle, to

farat tir-na, v. n. To swim.

facus the-pud, s. m. A tripod.

faculferer tir-pon-live, s. m. A building with three doors or arches.

facular tir-phul-a, s. m. A mdicine composed of three myrobalans.

বিৰোৰত্ব tir-bá-chuk, s.m. An agreement confirmed three times.

THE WAST tir-bhun-ga, adj. Standing awry, or bending (properly with legs, loins and neck bent).

farwart tir-bhún-gee, adj. Having the position described under tribhunga, an epithet of Krishn. s. f. A species of poetical measure.

fare tir-us, adv. Indirectly, underhandedly, secretly, covertly; crookedly, awry; a particle of abuse or depreciation.

fates tir-suth, adj. Sixty-three.

farent tir-us-kar, s. m. Disrespect, abuse, reprosch.

तिर्दिक्षया tir-us-kriya, s. f. Disrespect, contempt, represch.

farena tir-us-krit, adj. Reviled, abused, reproached, censured.

fact tir-a, (contraction of Tera), Thy, thine.
factor tir-ans, v. a. To cause to pass over
or swim; to save.

facin tiránweh, adj. Ninety-three.

facts tir-ao, s. m Swimming.

facts tir-as, v. f. Thirst.

faराव जाना tiras-ána, रे. a. To be faराव जाना tiras-lúgna, रे thirsty.

factal tirisee, adj. Eighty-three.

निरिया tír-iya, ε. f. A woman, maid, fe-male, wife.

নিবিষাৰ্থিন tiriya-churitr, s. m. Female wiles.

fafturez tiriya-bed, s. m. The science of women, knowledge of women.

fafcurere tiriya-raj, s.m. Amazon country, potticoat government.

fact tir-ee, adj. Three.

factfact tiree-biree, adj. Dispersed.

faret tir-end, s. m. The float of a fishing line, a float or buoy.

Tares tirenday s. m. A float.

facificatir-6-hit, adj. Covered, concealed, hidder, removed or withdrawn from sight.

factor the founda, s. m. A buoy, beacon, fater the mir-a, s. m. A spot of oil, &c. swinning on water; an ocular spectrum, or mark appearing before the eye from the internal state of that organ.

निर्मिदाना tir-mir-ana, v. n. To vibrate, dazzle, thrill, shake; to glisten as grease or oil swimming on water. fafficiez tir-mir-shut, s. f. Vibration.
faffici tir-mir-se, s. f. Vertigo, darkness
(Perhaps amaurosis or blindness from disease).
fasa tir-hoot, s. f. A district on the
Gunduk, Pirhoot.

faction tirhootiya, adj. Belonging to Tirhoot, produced in Tirhoot.

seed; the oil and seed being both much used in oriental cooking (Sesamum orientale): a mole or spot, compared to a seed of sesamum. Tilon men tel nuhcen kuhna, (lit to say there is no oil in the seeds of sesamum, is) To say snow is black, to deny the most evident truth.

faces til-uk, s. m. A wark or marks made with coloured earths or inguents upon the forehead, and between the eye-brows, either as an ornament or a sectarial distinction; a freckle, a mole, a natural mark on the person; a title, especially in composition, implying pre-eminence.

निसमा धी-uk-a, s. f. A kind of necklace. ath. Spotted, freekled, a person having moles or spots; chief, principal.

तिनकट til-kút, e. m. The farina of sesamum.

तिसकास्य til-ká-luk, s. m. A mole or spot on the body; a man so marked.

facque til-koot, s. m. A sweetmeat, composed of pounded sesamum and sugar.

Terret til-un-ga, s. m. An inhabitant of Tyling, in which the first soldiers were clothed and disciplined in the European manner; (hence) a soldier or rather sepoy.

तिसकी til-un-gee, s. f. A kind of (child's)

तिलचड्डा til-chútta, s. m. A cock-roach (Blatta).

तिज्ञायनी til-chaolee, s. f. Mixture composed of rice and sesamum seeds; a mixture of black and gray hairs in the head.

तिबच्ची til-chéoree, s.f. A kind of sweetmeat.

तिवद् tf-lur-a, s. m. A necklace of three strings.

तिसतेस til-tyl, s. m. Sesamum oil.

fareig til-dhen-oo, s. f. Sesamum made up in the shape of a cow, for the purpose of being presented to Brahmuns.

facuaif til-purnee, s. f. Red sanders (Pierocarpus santolinus).

रिवर्षश्चर til-pich-chut, s. m. A sort of sweetmeat made chiefly of ground sessmum.

तिजिपिञ्च til-pinj, े s.m. Barren sesamum, तिल्पोज til-pej, bearing no blossom, or its seed yielding no oil.

fager til-bur, s. m. A kind of bird.

तिसमय til-múy, adj. Made or composed of sesamum.

विचमयर til-muybor, s. m. A kind of peafowl, marked with spots resembling the seed of the sesamum.

विलामकरी til-shuk-ree, s. f. A kind of sweetmeat made of sesame and sugar.

facer til-há, adj. Oily.

facit til-ace, s f. A small frying-pan.

तिलावडी til-áo-ree, s. f. A plain in the vicinity of Sirkind, abounding in robbers; hence it is applied to any situation of danger,

तिस्का til-oo-a, s.m. A kind of sweetmeat (eaten particularly by the Hindoos when the sun enters Capricorn).

facilitil-on-ha, adj. (Spoken of a lamp) Sloped so that the oil may reach the wick.

तिलोत्तमा til-6ttum-a, s. f. One of the courtezans of Swurg, the paradise of the Hindoos. विजीदन til-óu-dun, s. m. A dish of milk, rice and sesamum.

fam tilee, s. f. The spleen or milt. Tuptilles, s. f. Disorder of the spleen.

fagret tiwara, s. m. A hall or building with three doors.

तिवासी tiwasee, adj. Stale, three days old. fay tish, s. f. Thirst.

faun tish-na, s. f. Thirst; temptation.

fau tish-yuh, s. m. The eighth nukshutr or lunar mansion, an asterism figured by an arrow, and containing three stars, of which one is Cancri. adj. Auspicious, fortunate, lucky.

तिया tish-yah, s.f. Emblic तिचपुचा tishyuh-p6oshp, J myrobalan (Phyllanthus emblica), or suspicious flower.

विस tis, inflect. pron. That, which, &c. Tis-coprant, adv. Moreover. Tis-pur, or, Tis-peh, adv. Besides, over and above, moreover, yet, nevertheless, still, then, after that, thereon, whereat. Tis-pur-blee, adv. Thereon, nevertheless, yet, still.

विस्तायत tis-rá-yut, s. m. A third person, an umpire.

तिस्त tisoot, s. m. Name of a medicine. fasat tihúttur, adj. Seventy-three

faget tihra, adj. Triple, three-fold.

विस्ताना tihrana, v. a. To tertiate, to do the third time, to triple.

faggraz tihrá-wut, s. f. Triplication. fast thereh, pron. Your, of you. farsts tibáce, a.f. The third part; the third part of a piece of cloth for making tronsers.

विद्वायत tiháyut, s. m. A thirá persen ; a

court of inquiry, three or four persons by whom any cause is arbitrated, an arbitrator.

तिहारी tiháree, f. fagit tihareh, m. pron. Your, of you. तिहारी tihárou, m.

faff tihin, pron. pl. Those very, them, themselves

faz tíhoon, adj. Three.

तिचया tikshun, adj. Pungent, hot ; angry, passionate; sharp, acute, penetrating, ardent, virulent, bitter, severe.

तीकड tée-kuth, s. m. Posteriors.

तीक्रर tée-koor, a. f. A starchy substance obtained from the root of the Curcuma angustifolia.

तीच्या tée-kshun, adj. Hot, warm, pungent, ardent; zealous, active, warm; keen, intelligent; angry, passionate; sharp (as a sword), penetrating.

ती चए कब्ट्रक teekshn-kuntuk, s. m. Thorn apple (Datura metel).

सी का कन्ट् teekshn-kund, s. m. The onion.

ती चणकान teekshn-kurmmun, adj. Active, zealous.

ती चणगन्य teekshn-gundh, s. m. Morunga Hyperanthera; the gum olibanum tree; small cardamoms.

ती चण्यान्या teekshn-gun-dha, s. f. Mustard seed; orris root; Pandanus odoratissimus,

ती चारते व teekshn-tyl, s. m. Resin ; the milky juice of the Euphorbia ; spirituous or vinous liquor.

तो च्यापल teekshn-pútr, s. m. Coriander. ती का फल teekshu-phul,

ती का पुच्च teekshn-pooshp, s. m. Cloves. तीच्छारस teekshn-rus, s. m. Saltpetre.

ती इस मा क teekshn-shook, s. m. Barley.

तीखा tee-kha, adj. Pungent, hot, warm ; angry, passionate; sharp (as a sword), pene-trating.

ती खी tée-khee, adj. f. Sharp (tone in mu-

तीखर tée-khoor, s.f. A starchy substance obtained from the root of the Curcuma angustifolia.

ती छ न tec-chhun, adj. Ardent, sharp. तीज teej, s. f. The third day after a lunar

fortnight.

ते। आर tee-ja, s. m. The third day after the death of a relation, on which oblations are offered (used among Mahomedans).

adj. Bitter; pungent, hot, तोत leet, तीता téeta,

afar téctur, s. m. A partridge (Perdix

Francolinus). Teetur keh moonh luchhmee (lit. good fortune proceeds from the mouth of the partridge, which is a small bird, of little estimation), A saying used when a person of mean understanding is chosen to decide in matters of which he is incompetent to judge.

तीतरी teet-ree, s. f. A butterfly; a sort of

medicine.

alar téeta, adj. Bitter; pungent, hot, acrid.

ale teen, adj. Three.

तीनतरह teen-teruh, adj. Dispersed, scattered, ruined.

तीनधान teen-thán, s.m. The private parts ; penis (only).

तीव técyuh, s. f. A woman or female in general.

तीयल técyul, s. f. A suit (of female's

alt teer, s. m. A shore, a bank; an arrow.

तीर्य técruth, s. m. A holy spot visited by pilgrims, especially at sacred waters.

on the north of Behar: being bounded on the west and east by the Gundukee and Cousikee rivers, on the south by the Ganges, and on the north by the skirts of the Himalch mountains.

and teern, adj. Crossed, passed over; spread, expanded.

तीर्णपदी teern-púd-ee, s. f. A plant (Curculigo orchicides).

any place of pilgrimage as Benares, Gya, Juggernauth, &c. but especially particular spots along the course of sacred streams, as the Ganges, &c, and in the vicinity of some place of water or sacred springs.

तीर्दाज teerth-raj, s.m. The city of Pryag or Allahabad.

त्रभाषी teerth-rajee, s. f. The city of Benares, the most eminent of the Teerths or places of pilgrimage.

ती की tée-lee, s. f. A bar (as of a cage, &c.);

are tee-wur, s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game; a fisherman, one who lives by fishing.

त्रवरी téc-wur-ec, s.f. The wife of a hun-

all teevr, adv. Much, excessively, endless.
adj. Much, excessive, endless, unbounded, unlimited; pungent, hot, warm.

নী সমহন্য teevr-vedna, s. f. Agony, excessive pain, the pain of damnation.

तीत्रा teev-ra, s. f. A river in the east of Bongal.

तीस tees, adj. Thirty.

तीसरा tées-ra, adj. Third.

तीसरे tees-reh, adv. In the third place, thirdly.

ती ही tee-see, s. f. Flax (Linum usitatis-

gur toong, adj. High, tall.

तुक took, s. f. One line of a poem, a ryhme; a moment.

तकता took-la, s. m. A kind of paper तकती took-lee, s. f.

तक्व tóok-kul, s.f.) कार्ल तकाचीरी took-ak-sheeree, s.f. The man-

নগা tóo-ga, so bamboos.

3 toong, adj. High, tall, elevated, lofty. s. m. A tree (Rottleria tincteria); top, vertex, altitude.

নুদ্ধর toong-bhúdr, s. m. A restive elephant, or one in rut. s. f. A river in the Mysore country, the Toombhudr.

हरूने toongee, s. f. A kind of basil (Ocymum gratisminum).

a toochehh, adj. Void, empty; contemptible, despicable, worthless.

त चढ़ too-chchhúd-roo, The castor oil tree, as having no sap.

तह्रवाना toorwana, ) v. a. To cause to तहाना too-ra-na, ) break.

तर् too-tue, s. f. A vessel with a spout. तराना toot-rana, v. n. To lisp, speak तराना toot-rana, imperfectly as a child.

त्व tootth, s. m. A collyrium extracted from the Anomum Zanthorhiza; blue vitriol sulphate of copper, especially medicinally considered as an unjun, or application to the eyes. समाजन tootth-an-jun, s. m. Blue vitriol,

considered as a medicinal application to the eyes.
নাম কা toonkee, s. f. A fine kind of bread
or wafers thin as muslin.

हुन्तुनाना toon-too-nana, v. n. To sound. हुन्द्र toond, s. m. The belly. s. f. The navel.

तन्दक्षी toond-koopee, . f. The navel.

तुन्द्यदिकान toond-purim-arj, ) s. m. A तुन्द्यदिकान toond-purim-irj, I lazy man, a sloth, a sluggard, passing his whole time in stroking his sides.

हर्न téon-dil, adj. Having a prominent or elevated navel.

as toon, s. m. Toon, a tree of which the wood bears some resemblance to mahogany and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela toona). adj. Tormented, vexed, injured, cut, broken, cut down, &c.

agara toon-váyuh, s. m. A tailor.

तपन too-puk, s. f. A musket.

GH toom, 2d. pers. pron. pl. You. Toom ap, You yourself Toom ko, or, Toomhon ko, or, Toomhen, To you. Toom tunou, pron. 2d. pers. mas. gen. pl. Your, of you.

तमाई too-maee, s.f. The price of carding. दुनाना too-mana, v. a. To cause to be

carded.

तुन्द too-mool, s. m. Mingled or tumultuous combat; uproar, clangour, tumult, tumultuous sound or noise; Beleric myrobalan.

Gest toom-ba, s. m. A hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water,

विद्या toom-biya, s. m. A pot.

तन्दी toom-bee, s.f. A long gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria); a small hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.; a kind of pipe (chiefly used by those who exhibit snakes ).

तरई too-ruee, s. f. A kind of vegetable (Cucumis acutangulus).

तुर्व tóo-ruk, s. m. A Turk ; a soldier, a Mahomedan.

हर्ग too-rug, s. m. A horse.

हर्गी too-rug-ee, s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa).

त्रगत्रह्मचळक tóorag-bruhm-chúryak, s. m. Necessary celibacy, leading a life of continence in consequence merely of being without female society.

हर्गी too-rug-ee, s. m. A horseman, cavalier, &c. adj. Equestrian, riding, mounted, or carried on a horse.

at stoo-rung, s. m. A horse.

at 1 too-rung-ee, s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa).

हरन too-runt, } adv. Quickly, instantly, directly.

तरपन toorpun, s. f. A kind of stitch.

तर्पना too-rap-na, v.a. To sew (in a particular manner j, to stitch.

तरपाना toorpána, v.a. To stitch, darn, hem. तरमती toormutee, s. f. A kind of hawk

( Falco fasciatus, or Falco dubius). तरही toor-hee, े s. f. A trumpet, a clarion. तरी too-ree,

त्री too-ree, s, f. A brush, or a fibrous

stick used by weavers to clean and separate the threads of the woof; a painter's brush or fibrous stick used for that purpose

तरीय too-ree-yuh, s.m. The divine Being, or universal Spirit.

a too-rooshk, s. m. Incense ; a country, perhaps Tooran or Toorkinian, the original country of the Turks.

तुक्का too-roosh-ka, s. m. pl. The inhabiants of Toorooshk.

त्त toort, adv. Instantly, त्रतंपतं toort-phoort, quickly, hastily, gafa toortão, directly, present-

ly, immediately. Toortee phoortee, adv. Hastily, quickly.

तत्रा toortoora, adj. Nimble, active ; flipand tool, adj. Alike, like. Tool bythna, To be weighed against valuable things, which

are to be given in alms; to sit straight and compact (as in a boat which might be overset by sitting uneven or carelessly). Tool ruhna, To stand fronti to front, ready for battle or opposed. .

तुल्लाना tool-too-lana, v. n. To become soft (from moisture, as a mud wall in the rains, as a sore or boil when suppurating, or as fruit getting ripe).

तजना tool-na, n. n. To be weighed or balanced; to be drawn up in arrray (as one army against another).

तन्त्री tool-see, s. f. A small shrub held in veneration by the Hindoos, Holy Basil (Ocymuns sanctum): Toolsee is said to have been a nymph beloved by Krishn, and by him metamorphosed into this plant. Toolsee ka heera, Beads made of the wood of the Toolsee plant. Toolsee dana, A. gold ornament. Toolses das, n. prop. Name of a Gosacen, and author of the Toolseckrit-Ramayun.

तुला too-la, s. f. Measure by weight ; a measure or weight of gold and silver, 100 pulus or about 145 ounces troy; a balance, especially a fine balance, goldsmith's or assay scales; the sign Libra of the zodiac; the practice of being weighed against gold or any kind of valuable substance, which is afterwards given to priests.

त्वाकोडि tóola-koti, s. f. An ornament of the feet or toes; a hundred millions.

तनाका भ toola-kósh, s. m. A sort of ordeal, in which the accused is tried by being weighed in a scale.

तनावीन tools-beej, s. m. The berry of the Abrus precatorius, from which the goldsmith's or jeweller's weight in India is taken; the berry weighs about 1 fe grain troy, the factitious weight about 2 nd.

तुलावा toolawa, s. m. Part of an Indian carriage, which rests on the axletree arm and supports the body of the carriage,

- दिशिका toolika, s. f. A small bird said to resemble the wagtail.
- तिवासना tooli-phul-a, s. f. The Simul or silk-cotton tree.
- and too-lee, s. f. A steelyard; a fibrous stick or brush used by weavers for cleaning the threads of the wood; a painter's brush or fibrous stick used for that purpose.
- तच्य tool-yuh, adj. Like, resembling, equal
- हर्मान tool-yuh-pan, s. m. Drinking to-
- Tar toovur, s. m. A tribe of Raypoots.
- त्वरी too-wur-ee, s. f. A kind of lentil
- an toosh, s. m. The husk or chaff of rice, &c.; Beleric myrobalan.
- त्यानस too-sha-nul, s. m. A conflagration of chaff or of the husk of corn; a capital punishment; burning; twisting dry straw, &c. around the limbs of a criminal, and setting it on fire.
- GNIT too-shar, s. m. Frost; cold; thin rain, mist; ice or snow.
- त्रवारा too-shara, adj. Cold, frigid, frosty. द्वित too-shit, s. m. A kind of subordinate deity, one of a class of thirty-six.
- ar toosht, adj. Pleased, satisfied, rejoiced, gratified.
- agar toosht-ta, s. f. Delight, satisfaction, gratification.
- afe toosh-ti, s. f. Pleasure, satisfaction, gratification, content.
- तु toos, s. m. The husk of corn or rice.
- Too, pron. 2d. pers. sing. Thou. Too too,
  Sound of calling a dog.
- तूबर too-úr, s.f. A kind of pulse (Cytisus
- त्वां करना toon-tan kurna, v. a. To dispute, to wrangle, to abuse.
- त्वा toom-ba, s. m. A hollowed gourd, the
- नंबी toom bee, s. f. A small gourd; the snout of a crocodite alligator, &c.; a kind of musical pipe (chiefly used by those who exhibit snakes).
- तकारना too-karna, v. a. To thou.
- of which bears some resemblance to mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela toona.).
- त्यार too-neer, s. m. A quiver. त्यार too-tuee, s.f. A vessel with a spout. त्यार too-tuk, त्यार too-tiya, } s.m. Blue vitriol, tutty.

- নুৱৰ tootún, s. m. Chips, clippings, filings, fragments.
- at toon, s. m. A quiver; a tree the wood of which bears some resemblance to mahogany, and is used for furniture,&c. (Codrela toona).
- सम्मा toomna, v. a. To card or separate (wool or cotton) with the finger, preparatory to combing.
- त्रणरी toom-ree, s. f. The snout of a cro-codile, alligator, &c.
- तिया too-miya, s. m. Thread made of canded cotton, in opposition to that made of what has been beat only.
- নুৰো tóom-na, v. a. To card or separate (wood or cotton) with the finger, preparatory to combing.
- αν toorn, adv. Quick, swift, quickly.adj. Quick, expeditious.
- तन tool, s. m. Resembling.
- र्जनाची tool-nálee, s. f. A thick roll of ectton, from which it is drawn out in spinning.
- तृची tóo-lee, s. f. A steelyard: a weaver's fibrous stick or brush; a peneil, a painter's brush, or a stick with a fibrous extremity, used as one; a rod. &e., dipped into crucibles to try if their contents are in fusion.
- age too-wur, s. m. A tribe of Rajpoots; a bull without horns though of an age to have them; a beardless man; a cunuch,
- तृत्तिन too-hin, e. m. Snow, frost.
- न्ही too-hee, pron. Thou thyself.
- त्या trin,s.m. Grass,any gramineous plant.
- स्याजका trin-jumbh, adj. Graminivorous, one whose food is grass.
- ह्रगाजाति trin-játi, s. m. The vegetable kingdom.
- त्यादाज trin-raj, s. m. A palmyra tree. त्यादत trin-wút, adj. Like grass, like a
- हरावस trin-wut, adj. Like grass, like a straw; worthless, insignificant.
- ल्लास trin-ús, adj. Grassy, made, &c. with
- लगाजिन trin-ágni, s. m. Conflagration of chaff; burning a criminal wrapped upin straw.
- स्तीय tri-téeyuh, adj. Third. Triteeyuh prukriti, s.f. A emuch; the neuter gender. द्व g tript, adj. Pleased, satisfied, contented.
- ह्य सामान्यक, Treased, satisfied, contented, satisfied, tranquil.
- afu tripti, s. f. Pleasure, satisfaction, content. [lans.
- दफला tri-phul-a, s. f. The three myroba-स्मित्त tri-moortti, s. f. Trinity; the three principal Hindoo gods.

त्यावन tri-sha-wunt, adj. Thirsty.

æित trí-shit,adj. Thirsty,thirsting (physically or metaphorically).

ৰেখাল trish-núj, adj. Thirsty (physically) or metaphorically), desiring, longing for, cupidinous.

त्रवार trish-na,s. f. Thirst; ambition,desire, wish, avarice.

त्याच्य trish-nakshúy, s. m. Content,resignation, patience.

a teh, pron. They, those. postpos. From, by, with, in, than.

a ten, prepos. From, by, with, in.

तंतालीस ten-talees, adj. Forty-three.

तेतीस ten-tées, adj. Thirty-three.

तें दुखा tén-doo-a, s. m. A leopard (Felis leopardus).

संदू tén-doo, s. m. A fruit (Diaspyros ebenum or glutinosa).

तेईस te-ées, adj. Twenty-three.

तेज tej, s. m. Ardour, splendour, glory, refulgence, strength, energy; fire; sharpness, pungency.

तेजनक tej-núk, s. m. A kind of reed (Saccharum Sara).

तेजनी téj-nee, s f. A plant (Aletris hyaeinthoides).

तंजपात tej pát, s. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassia, cassia.

तेजमान tej-mán, adj. Glorious, splendid, energetic.

ते जबती tej-wút-ee, s. f. An aromatic plant (Pothos officinalis).

तेजवन tej-wunt, adj. Glorious, splendid, energetic.

ন সন্ধ tej-us, s. m. Splendour, light, lustre; dignity, consequence; strength, power; semen virile.

तेज स्तर tej-us-kúr, adj. Restorative, invigorating, provocative, tonic.

तेजस्वो tej-ús-wee, adj. Glorious,lumin-वेजीसब tej-o-múy, ous,brilliant,splendid, energetie; famous, celebrated.

तेजोषदा tej-o-munth,s.m. A tree (Premna spinosa).

तंजीवती tej-o-wútee, s. f. A plant bearing a fruit resembling pepper.

तता téta, adv. So much, thus much.

तेपची tép-chee, s. f. A kind of stitch. तेमन tém-un, s. m. Wetting, moistening, moisture, wet, damp; a sauce or condiment. तेसनी tém-un-ee, s. f. A chimney, a fire-

de tér-a, pron. 2d. per. sing. gen. case, Thy, thine.

तर्स ter-us, s. f. The thirteenth day of lunar fortnight.

तेरह tér-uh, adj. Thirteen. Teruhwan, adj. Thirteenth.

तक्स ter-oos, E. m. The third year past or to come, year before last, year after the next.

तेल tel, s. m. Oil. Tel churhana, v. a. To anoint the head, shoulders, hands, and feet of the bride and bridegroom with oil mixed with turmeric during the marriage ceremony.

तेजिन tel-in, s. f. Wife of an oilman.

तेलिया tel-iya,s. m. Name of a colour,dark bay. Teliya soorung, adj. Light bay coloured.

तें बी tél-ee, s. m. A caste whose business is to sell oil, an oilman.

तेवन téwun, s. m. A garden, a pleasure garden or play-ground; play, sport, pastime.

तेवर tewur, s. m. Swimming or giddiness in the head.

तवर म téo-rus, s. m. The third year past or to come, year before last, year after the next.

নিবাৰা teo-rá-na, v. n. To have a swimming in the head, to be giddy, to be faint, to atagger, to fall down senseless from a blow.

तेवरी téo-ree, तेवरही téor-hee, तेवही téo-ree, frown to come on.

ন্ম téon, adv. So, in like manner, as; at the same time, then.

तेवीधा téon-dha, adj. Dim-sighted, purblind.

तेष्ठ teh, s. m. Anger, passion, vehemence. तेष्ट्र tehur, s. m. A female ornament worn round the ankles.

तेहा téha, s. m. Steadfastness, peremptoriness, perseverance, speaking with warmth, vehemence.

तेही tehee, adv. Exactly then.

a ty, adj. So many. Tyber, So often.

a tyn, pron. Thou.

तंतीस tyntées, adj. Thirty-three.

तैतिन ty-til, s. m. One of the astronomical periods called Kurun.

तेचिर tyt-tir, s. m. A flock of partridges, a Francoline partridge.

वित्तिरीय tyt-tir-eeyuh, adj. Relating to the Titliri portion of the Titliri portion of the Titliri as student, a text,

teacher, section of, &c.: the texts of this Ved being disgorged by Yajnyuwulkyu in a tangible form, and picked up by the rest of Vysumpayumu's disciples, who for the purpose assumed the shape of partridges.

तिनिर्देशक tyt-tir-eeyuk, s. m. A follower

at the rank than the state of the tyl, s. m. Oil, expressed oil, prepared from sesamum, mustard, &c.; storax, gum Benzoin, incense.

तलिङ्क tyl-kitt, s. m. The oil cake, a cake made of the oily seed, after expression.

নাড় ty-lúng, s. ns. The part of the peninsula south of Orissa, the modern Carnatic. নাড়া ty-lún-ga, s. m. An inhabitant of the country called Tylung, or the Carnatic; a sepoy or native foot soldier dressed in the European costume.

तेवचीरिका tyl-chóurika, s.m. A cockroach, or oil-stealer.

तेलागाची tyl-má-lee, s. f. A wick, the cot-

तैनस्करिक tyl-sphút-ik, s. m. A sort of gem, (Amber १)

तेचिनी ty-lin-ee, s. f. The wick or cotton of a lamp.

तिविधाला tyli-sala, s. f. An oil mill.

रेडी ty-lee, s. m. An oilman, an oil grinder or preparer. adj. Relating or belonging to oil, oily, &c.

at tysa, adj. Such. adv. So, in that manner, in like manner, at the same moment.

arto, A conjunction introducing the answer to a conditional proposition; Then that; as, Jo too awega to pawega, If thou will come, then shalt thou receive. An adverb denoting asseveration or emphasis; as, Myn to ata tha, pur oceach anch nuh deeya, I was in fact coming, but he prevented me.

at ton, adv. So, in that manner, then.

नोंद tond, s. f. A pot belly.

सोंदी ton-dee, s. f. The navel.

तरिंच ton-dyl, ) adj. Pot-bellied, gor-तरिंचा ton-dy-la, bellied, corpulent. वर्षा ton-heen, adv. Exactly then.

Also tor, s. m. The breach made by a gun, &c.; the strength of a current; whey. Tor kurna, To make a breach (as a ball). Tor jor, s. m. Cutting out (as cloth by a sailer); arranging a speech, &c. Tor daina, To break and destroy, to pull down. Tor tar, s. m. Breaking and destroying; plain speaking. Tor dena, To break, to spoil. Tor phor, s. m. Breaking, plain speaking. Tor lena, To gather, to pluck (fruit).

तोड़ tor, ) s. f. A net work thrown over a तोड़ tor, ) woman's palkee, &c.

तोड़ता tór-ta, s. m. A dried pod of toree, kept for seed!

ते(इसा tór-na, v. a. To break, tear, rend, burst, spiit, demolish; to change (money), to pluck or gather (fruit, flowers, &c.), to reduce (in arithmetic). Dum torna, To be at the point of death. Rotes torna, To eat the bread of idleness. Torna jorna, (to break and join), Expresses absolute power over any thing.

तीष्त tó-rul, s.m. A large thick ring worn on the wrist.

तोड्याई tor-wace, s.f. Price paid for breaking or changing coin.

तोड्वाना tor-wana, v. a. To cause to be broken, or to be changed (coin).

a bag containing one thousand rupees; the match of a gun; a bank, as island, a bar; a plough-share; a piece of rope; an ornament like a chain. Toreldar, A matchlock.

तोड़ाना to-ra-na, v. a. To cause to be broken or changed (as money).

तोड़ी tó-ree, s. f. Mustard seed. adv. Till,

तोतना tót-na, v. a. To weave tape or ribband.

तोतजा tót-la, adj. Stutterer, stammerer, lisping, lisper, stuttering, stammering, speaking imperfectly as a child.

तोतज्ञाना totlána, v. n. To lisp, to speak imperfectly as a child.

तोता tó-ta, s. m. A parrot ; the cock of a matchlock.

alaf tó-tee, s. f. A female parrot.

तोपड़ा tóp-ra, s. m. A fly ; a kind of pige-

तोषना tóp-na, v. a. To bury, to cover.

तोपाना to-pá-na, } v. a. To have buried, ह्याना too-pá-na, to cause to cover.

तोबड़ा tob-ra, s. m. The bag in which horses eat their corn.

alust tom-ree, s. f. A hollowed gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria).

ata toyuh, s. m. Water.

নীয়নাল toyuh-kám, s. m. A sort of cane, growing in or near water (Calamus fasciculatus).

तोयहरू toyuh-krichehh, s. m. A sort of penance, drinking nothing but water for a fixed period.

तोषद tó-yud, s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyporus rotundus).

तोषधर toyuh-dhur, s. m. A potherb (Marsilia dentata).

सोयपिष्यको tóyuh-píppul-ee, s. f. A plant (Jussieua repens).

तीयपुष्मी tóyuh-póoshpee, s. f. Trumpet

तोयश्वादन toyuh-prusad-un, s. m. The clearing nut plant (Strychnos potatorum): the nut being rubbed upon the inside of a water jar, occasions the precipitation of the impurities of the water poured into it.

तोयवस्तो tóyuh-wüllee, s. f. A kind of gourd (Momordica charantia).

art tor, s. f. A kind of pulse; a net thrown over a woman's palkee.

of a door or gateway; decoration of a gate-post; a bundle of flowers enclosed in a cloth of gold tissue and hung at a gateway or door; strings of flowers suspended across gateway; on public festivals.

containing various dishes of food, presented to others by greatmen; a nobleman, a minister of state; pride. Toruhposh, s. m. A covering for dishes, &c. Toruh-bundee, s. f. The arrangement or sending out of trays of food as presents.

alret tor-hee, s. f. A trumpet.

तोरी tó-ree, a. f. A vegetable.

तोच tol, s. m. Weight, weighing. Toul तोच toul, tal, Weighing and measuring. तोचा tóla, s. m. A tola, a weight of gold or silver; it is stated in books at 16 mashus of 5 ruttees or 6 grains each, and weighs therefore 105 grains troy; in practice it is calculated at 12 mushus jeweller's weight, and weighs nearly double, ar 210 grains.

तोष tosh, s. m. Pleasure, joy, happiness. तोडी tó-hee, pron. To or for thee, thee.

Tou, adv. Then, that time, in that case, moreover, that also, for, yes, well. Tou bhee, adv. Even then; still, yet, nevertheless. Tou lon, or, Tou lug, adv. Then, in that case, till, then, so long.

तों toun, adv. So, in that manner, then. वीसना touns-na, v. a. To be affected or overcome with heat.

तीन toun, pron. correl. That.

तीन toul, s. m. Weight, weighing. Toul tal, Weighing and measuring.

तीलना toul-na, v. a. To weigh, to balance ; to confront (as two armics). Toulna nuzuron men, To estimate the worth of any one.

तीलवाई toul-waee, े . f. The price for weighing.

ती जाना tou-la-na, v. a. To cause to be weighed.

तीनिया tóu-liya, s. m. } A vessel used by तीनी tóu-lee, s. f. } Hindoos.

that case only, at that very time.

ans tou-hoo, adv. Still, then even, never-

बात tyukt, adj. Left, resigned, abandoned, deserted.

ख्डना tyújna, v. a. To quit, to abandon,

to leave, or resign. द्याम tyag, s. m. Abdication ; leaving, abandoning, renouncing, parting from, separation, deserting.

ह्यागना tyágna, v. a. To leave, to abandon, to desert, to forsake, to quit, to abdicate, resign.

त्यागिन tyágin, s. m. An abandoner, a deserter, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c.

ratiff tyagee, part. act. Leaving, relinquishing, abandoning. s. m. An abandoner, a deserter, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c.

स्याच्य tyajyuh, adj. Fit to be left, forsaken, or avoided.

स्यों tyón, adv. So, in like manner, as; at the same time, then.

स्रोधा tyon-dha, adj. Dim-sighted, purblind.

নত্ত trung, m.f. The city of Hurischundr, suspended, it is suposed in the air.

ल्या trup-a, s. f. An unchasto woman ( a shame to her family).

लवार राजा trúpa-rúnda, s. f. A whore, a harlot.

ल्य try, adj. Three.

rate tryee, s. f. The three Veds collectively, that is, omitting the Uthurvun, which not being a text-book for the customary religious rites of the Hindoos, is considered very commonly rather as an appendix to the other three, than a fourth work of equal authority; a plant (Conyza serratula).

त्रशेषक्र tryee-dhurm, s.m. Duty enjoined by the Veds, modes of sacrifice, &c., prescribed by them.

लयादभो tryodúsh-ee, s. f. The thirteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

At trust, adj. Timid, fearful.

ন্ম tran, s. m. Safety; preserving, protection; deliverance, salvation; a coat of mail.

Tran kurna, To free, to protect. Tran kurta,
s. m. A Saviour, a Deliverer.

लाजी trá-nee, s.m. A Saviour, a Deliverer. लायभाजा trayumán, adj. A preserver, presorving. त्रास tras s. m. Fear, alarm, terror.

लासदायी tras-dayee, adj. Terrifying,fear-exciting.

त्रासा trá-sa, } adj. Afraid.

लासित trá-sit, र

লাভ trah, interj. Mercy! save! Trahi
লাভি trahi, Trahi kurna, To complain,
to repent of sin, to cry out for mercy.

लाहिकार trahikar, s. m. Calling out for deliverance or mercy, cry for mercy.

for tri, adj. Three.

বিষয়ে tri-kut, s. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia).

रिकार tri-kút-oo, ) s. on. The aggregate fat ब्राटा tír-koot-a, of three spices, viz. black and long pepper, and dry ginger.

ित्रवादक tri-kún-tuk, s. m. A sort of fish (Silurus); a plant (Ruella longifolia).

fant trik-a, s. f. A triangular frame or bar across the mouth of a well, over which passes the rope of the bucket, or to which one end of it is tied to guard against its slipping; a frame at the bottom of a well, on which the masonry rests.

Frances trikal-úgyuh, s. m. A name of Boodah, founder of the Bouddh sect. adj. Omniscient; who knows or is acquainted with, the past, present, and future.

दिकाचदर्भी trikal-durshee, s. m. A Reeshi or divine sage; a name of Booddh. adj. Omnis-

fazz tri-kóot, s. m. The name of a mountain in the peninsula; any mountain with three peaks; sea salt prepared by evaporation.

निकास tri-kón, s.m. The vulva ; a triangle. निकास tri-gún, s.m. The aggregate of three human objects, or virtue, wealth, and love.

नियम tri-gurtt, e. m. A country, in the northwest division of India, or m. pl. Trigurtta, its inhabitants: apparently part of Lahore, said by Mr. Wilford, to be the modern Tahora, but differently described in the various Cosh.

বিশ্বর্ণ tri-gúrtta, s. f. A lascivious woman, a wanton.

fargul tri-goon, adj. Thrice, three times, triple; possessing the three goons or properties; the aggregate of the three qualities incident to human nature.

fau trin, s. m. Grass, meadow grass.

नियाता trin-ta, s. f. The state or abstract property of grass.

faurfana trin-atri-ket, s. m. A portion of the Yujoor Ved; a follower of that branch of the Ved.

fazyst tri-dún-dee, s. m. A wandering devotee, one who carries three long bamboo

staves in his right hand; the religious man who has obtained a command over his words, thoughts and actions, or mind, body and speech.

বিৰুৱা tri-dúl-a, s. f. A creeping plant (Cissus pedata).

facty tri-dúsh, c. m. A god, a deity, an immortal; from enjoying perpetual youth, or being subject, as well as mortals, to the three conditions, of birth, being, and destruction.

facultite tri-dush-ahar, s. m. Umrit or Ambrosia.

বিহাৰ tri-dósh, s.m. Disorder of the three humours of the body, vitiation of the bile, blood, and phlegm.

favara tri-put-ák, s. m. The forehead marked naturally with three horizontal lines.

ित्यव tri-puth, s. m. A place where three roads meet.

विषद tri-púd, s. m. A tripod.

बिपदी tri-púd-ee, s. f. A creeper (Čissus pedata); the girth of an elephant.

বিষাই tri-pad, s. m. Fever (personified), the demon of fever is described in the Poorans, with three feet, and three heads, alluding probably to its three stages of cold, hot, and aweating.

Tagus tri-poond, s.m. Three curved horizontal marks made across the forehead with cow-dung ashes; they are worn especially by the followers of Shiv, or Sulti, and are indispensible in proceeding to worship the former.

fay tri-poor, s. f. A district of Bengal, the modern Tipperah.

त्रिपोलिया tripóu-liya, s. m. A building with three doors or arches.

निपाला tri-phúl-a, s. m. A medicine composed of the three myrobalans.

[Authorized triben-ee, s. f. The conflux of three sacred rivers; especially that of the Ganges, Jumna, and supposed Suraswutee, under ground at Allahabad, which city, is also so named.

विश्वकृत tri-bhún-ga, adj. Standing awry or bending (properly with legs, loins, and neck bent).

Tang tri-bhang-ee, adj. Having the position described under tribhanga, s. f. A species of poetical measure.

িন্দ্ৰৰ tri-bhóo-wun, s. m. The three worlds, viz. heaven, earth, and hell; the universe. Tribhoowun-oojagur, adj. Splendour of three worlds.

निममु tri-mud-hoo, s. m. A portion of the Rig Ved; a follower or student of the Trimudhoo section of the Rig Ved.

ियामी tri-marggee, s. f. The meeting of three roads.

fৰস্কুত tri-moo-koot, s. m. A mountain with three peaks.

तिस ति tri-moortti, s.m. A Jyn saint ; the united form of Bruhma, Vishnoo, and Skiv, or the L'indoo triad; one possessing three forms or modes of being. s. f. Trinity.

faule tri-yúsh-ti, . m. A medicinal plant

Mollugo pentaphylla).

िवया triya, s. f. A woman, maid, female, wife. Tiriya-churitr, s. m. Female wiles. Tiriyabed, s. m. The science of women, knowledge of woman. Tiriya-raj, s. m. Amazon country, petticoat government.

ियामक tri-yámuk, s. m. Sin, as the impeder of the three objects of life.

िवयामा tri-yama, s. f. The Yumoona or Jumna river.

Tatta tri-ratr, s. m. Three nights collectively, or the duration of three nights.

िल्लोक tri-lók, s. m. The three worlds, i. e. heaven, earth, and the regions under the earth; the universe.

নিবানী tri-ló-kee, s. f. The aggregate of the three worlds, or, heaven, earth, and hell collectively. Trilokee-nath, s. m. Lord of the universe.

विवर्ग tri-vurg, s. m. Three human objects or pursuits, as, love, duty, and wealth; three conditions of a king or state, prosperity, evenness and decay; or loss, gain, equality; the three qualities of nature, purity, blindness, and depravity.

िवयर्भेक tri-vúrn-uk, s.m. A plant (Ruellia langifolia).

विवेगी tri-ven-ee, s. f. A name of the Ganges; the name is especially applied to the river at Allahabad, where it receives the Jumna, and is supposed to receive under ground the Surusmutee.

विद्य पर्वा trivrit-purnee, s. f. A potherb (Hilancha repens).

नियरण tri-shur-un, s. m. A sanctified teacher of the Jyn sect; the refuge or asylum of the three worlds.

fawa tri-shool, s. m. A trident, a three pointed spike or spear, especially the crest of Shiv. TARH tri-shtoobh, s. f. A sort of metre.

the stanza consisting of three lines of various lengths.

fares tri-shring, s. m. A hill with three peaks; a triangle,

ित्र हुने tri-shring-ee, s. m. A kind of fish (Cyprinus denticulacus).

faren tri-sundhiya, adj. The three periods of the day, or, dawn, noon, and eve.

िसम्प्री tri-soo-purn, s. m. A portion of the Rig and Yujoor Veds.

लटी troo-tee, s.f. Loss, destruction.

लेता tret-a, s, f. The second Yoog or age

of the Hindoos, said to consist of 1,296,000 years; the silver age.

नेपुर try-poor, s. m. The modern city of Tipperak in Bengal.

विद्य try-vidyuh, s. m. A scholar in the three Veds, or one who possesses three sciences.

लोटकी tró-tuk-ee, s.f. A Raginee, or one of the female personifications of music.

लोटो tro-tee, s. f. The beak or bill of a bird; a kind of pike ( Esox scolopax ).

त्वन twuk, s. f. The bark of the bamboo ; bark in general.

लक्काड्ड twuk-kundoor, s. m. A sore or wound.

त्यकचीरा twuk-shéera, e. f. The manna of the bamboo.

लचा twúch-a, s. f. Skin; bark, rind; woody cassia.

खरा twúr-a, s. f. Haste, speed.

afra twur-it, s. m. Despatch, haste. adv. Quickly, swiftly, adj. Quick, swift, expeditious.

## य

w thuh, The seventeenth consonant of the Naguree alphabet, and second of the dental class, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by th.

चर्च thuee, s. f. A heap of clothes, dc.

EN thumbh, s. m. A pillar, a post.

ENSI thumbh-na, v. n. To cease, to be restrained, to stop; to be supported.

s.m. Clot, lump (congealera thuk, यका thúk-ka, ed). Thukkeh keh thuk-

keh, adj. Congcoled, thick, conglomerated. सक्तम् thák-thuk, adj. Very wet, drench-

चना thúk-na, v. n. To be wearied or fatigued, to tire, to fag.

want thuk-a, adj. Tired, weary.

चकाना thuk-ana, v. a. To tire, harass, weary, fag, fatigue, jade-

wifan thuk-it, adj. Wearied, stopped, motionless, astonished.

चका thuk-ka, s. m. Clot, lump (congealed). Thukkeh keh thukkeh, adj. Congealed, thick, conglomerated.

धन thun, s. m. Udder. Thundar, An animal with a large udder, or having an udder. थनी thún-ee, s. f. A blemish in horses.

युनेना thun-el-a, s. m. Inflamed breast (of a woman); name of an animal.

of Thuneslasur, a famous Hindoo surine in Koorookshetr, near Kurnaul.

शपन thup-uk, s. m. A pat, a tap.

चपड़ा thúp-ra, s. m. A box, slap, claw,

thip-ree, s. f. The clapping of hands. Thupres bujana, To clap the hands. Thupres marna, To hoot.

संपेड़ा thup-ér-a, s. m. A slap, a box, a clout, buffet; the scalp.

wars thup-pur, s. m. A box, a slap, claw,

was thum, s. m. A pillar, a post.

खन्दा thúm-ra, adj. Thick, corpulent.

यसना thúm-na, यसना thúmb-na, यसना thúmb-na, v. n. To cease, to be restrained, to stop; to be supported.

श्रद thur, s. m. A lion or tiger's den.

श्रामा thur-thur, adj. Trembling.

श्रम्भा thur-thur-ána, v.n. To tremble, quiver, shiver, shake, quake, vibrate.

चर्चराहर thur-thur-ahut, े s. f. Tremour, चर्चरी thur-thur-ee, shaking, trembling, quivering, shivering, vibration.

थरहरना thur-hur-ana, v.m.To tremble, to quiver.

यत्रीना thur-rana, यज thul, s. m. Place, firm or dry ground; a lion's or tiger's den.

चल्लना thúl-uk-na, v. n. To palpitate, to flutter.

यनबर thul-chúr, adj. Moving on land, terrestrial (an animal).

श्राच्या करना thul-thul-kurna, । v. n. To श्राच्याना thul-thul-ana, । undulate, to fluctuate as a thick or glutinous fluid, to shake as the flabby flesh of a fat man.

धार्वाद्रा thul-béra, s. m. Place of abode, and means of attaining one's desires.

धानिया thuliya, s. f. A salver, a platter, a flat dish, generally of bross.

was thu-wiee, s. m. A mason, a bricklayer, an architect.

en tha, v. n. past tense, Was.

win thang, s. f. A den of thieves.

wish thang-ee, s. m. A receiver of stolen goods.

with thambh, s. m. A post, a pillar, a support, prop, an obstacle.

शांसना thambh-na, v. a. To support, to prop; to shield, protect, keep, retain, maintain,

to shelter; to prevent, withold, restrain, calm; to stop, to pull up (a horse), to bear, assist, resist.

पांचला thaon-la, s. m. A mound or bason of earth about the root of a tree. [tired.

यानना thák-na, v. n. To fatigue, to be यानो thá-tee, े s. f. A trust, what is

given in charge, a charge,

for cattle, a manger; a piece of cloth; a stall for cattle, a manger; a piece (of coin); as, Ek than ushrufes, One gold mohur. Tecnon than, The private parts of a male.

याना thá-na, s. m. A station, a guard; the inside of the lines of an army; a heap of bamboos.

यानी thá-nee, s. m. Householder, master of the house. s. f. A den of thieves.

श्राप thap, s. f. A tap, a pat, a flap, paw; the sound of small drum.

with cowdung); to tap. s. f. A religious ceremony performed at a certain season, at Agra and its vicinity.

भाषा thá-pa, s. m. A mark of the paw. भाषा thá-pee, s. f. The noise of tapping;

the instrument with which potters beat their earth, or with which terraces are beaten.

दास tham, s. m. A post, a pillar, prop, support; an obstacle.

errers thambh-na, v. a. To support, to prop; to shield, protect, keep, retain, maintain, to shelter; to prevent, withhold, restrain, caln; to stop, to pull up (a horse); to bear, assist, resist.

थार thar, s. m. A large flat dish.

a tree for holding water; the excavation in which a tree is to be planted; a large flat dish.

धानी tha lee, s. f. A salver, a platter, a flat dish; a mound or basin about the root of a tree for holding water.

चाड thah, s. f. Bottom, ford.

दाही thá-hee, s. f. Fordableness.

fer thir, adj Fixed, stable, settled, tranquil, calm, smooth.

चिर्वा thir-uk-na, v. n. To set one's self off well in dancing, to dance with expressive action and gesture.

feral thir-ta, s. f. Rest, settlement, tranquillity, steadfastness.

शिरामा thir-ána, v.n. To settle (as liquor). शोर theer, adj. Tranquil, calm, smooth. इस्युकाना thook-thoo-kana, v. n. To spit on the mention of any disease, as a preservative against it, or, as a caution against an evileye. यकहाई thook-haee, adj. Base, contemptible (sit to be spit upon).

वुकाना thoo-ká-na, v. a. To cause to spit;

मुड्टिना théor-dil-a, adj. Miserly, narrowly. यतकारना theot-karna, v. a. To drive away scornfully.

युवनी thooth-nee, s. f. The mouth of a camel, horse, &c.

चुधाना thoo-thá-na, v. a. To frown, scowl,

हुपाना theo-pana, v. a. To cause to be supported, propped or plastered.

इन्युन theol-thool, adj. Gently falling or dropping (as water from a small height).

thook, s. m. Spittle, saliva. Thook chatna, To break one's promise. Thook aena, To leave, to give up. Thook tagakur chhorna, To treat with sovereign contempt. Thook tagana, To apply spittle (a term of abuse and of most indecent meaning).

यकना thóok-na, v. a. To spit.

प्राप्ति thóo-nee, s. f. A pillar, post, column.

युष्या thooth-na, s. m. The mouth of a द्वा thooth-nee, s. f. camel, horse, &c. द्वा thoo-nee, s. f. A pillar, post, column. युष्ट thoo-hur, s. m. A plant (Euphorbia nerifolia).

से से प्रेट the-ee-the-ee, s. m. Merry-making. The-ee-the-ee kurna, To make merry.

धेमची thég-lee, s. f. A patch (in a gar-

संबोधियी theyee-theyee, s. f. Merry-mak-

चेता the-wa, s. m. A stone set in a ring. देखा thy-la, s. m. A purse tiedround

चे बिया thy-liya, s. f. the waist ; a bag ;

wholesale dealer.

27 thok, s. m. A mount, heap, ready money; share, portion. Thokdar, s. m. A wholesale dealer.

ther, s. m. The spathe of a plantain tree before it shoots from the stem.

riest thó-ra, adj. A little, small, scarce, few, scanty, seldom, some, less. Thorathora. A little, by degrees. Thorathora hona, To be ashamed, to shrink with shame. Thora-buhoot, adj. More or less. Thorch schikora, adj. Very little.

and spoiled (as the head of a mallet); toothless.

बोधना thoth-la, adj. Blunt, not sharp,

without a point. adj. Hollow, empty; toothless. Thothee bat, s. f. Word without meaning, nonsense.

at the end of the pole of a palker, &c.; head, topping.

शोधना thop-na, v. a. To support, to prop; to plaster; to pile, to heap.

चोरियाना tho-pi-yána, v. n. To trickle.

थोपी thó-pee, s. f. Box, thump.

बोहर th6-hur, s. m. A plant (Euphorbia neriifolia).

## 2

duh, The third letter of the dental class and eighteenth consonant in the Nagurez alphabet, corresponding to the letter d, uttered with the point of the tongue pressed on the upper foreteeth.

a duee, part. Given; gift. s. m. Destiny, the Deity. s. f. The Godhead. Duee lugna, To be unfortunate. Duee mara, adj. Struck by

the Deity, accursed.

Z'w dund, s. m. A stick, a staff; fine, penalty, punishment, castigation by americanent or putting to death; a measure of time, or 24 minutes.

दंडनत dúnd-wut, s. f. Hindoo salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

दंडी dún-dee, s.m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand; the penis.

हैंद्रनाम dundun-ama, v. n. To enjoy one's self, to be contented and independent, to live at one's ease.

हंटाइ dun-dá-roo, s. m. A blister, a pim-

tw dunsh, s. m. A gadfly; a tooth; the sting of a snake.

दंशन dunsh-un, s. m. Biting, stinging.

दंशमूल dunsh-mool, s. m. A plant (Hype-ranthera morunga).

दंशित dúnsh-it, adj. Bitten, stung. दंशी dúnsh-ee, s. f. A small gadfly.

देश र dunsh-ér, adj. Mischievous, noxious. देश duksh, s. m. A son of Bruhma, said to have been born from the thumb of his right hand, for the purpose of peopling the world. Duksh is said to have had sixty daughters, of whom twenty-seven are represented as the

whom twenty-seven are represented as the nymphs who form the lunar asterisms, and wives of the moon: one of his daughters also was Suti, or Doorga, the wife of Shiv, and seventeen were married to Kusyup, and were the mothers of all created being. Duksh was on one occasion

decapitated by Shiv; he is sometimes regarded as an Uvutar of Brahma himself; a mooni and legislator who flourished in the beginning of the Treta yoog; a scholar; a pundit; a dexterous or clever man. adj. Clever, able, dexterous.

स्थाता dúksh-ta, s. f. Dexterity, clever-

s. m. A name of Shiv. Duksh having on one occasion made a sacrifice, to which he invited all the gods, except his son-in-law Shiv, and his wife Suti, they went unbid, and being received unpolitely, the latter threw herself into the fire, and was burnt; a furious quarrel enaued between Shiv and Duksh, in which the god decapitated his father-in-law.

दिश्व dúk-shin, adj. Right (not left); south, southern

zfanysı dukshin-poorvva, s. f. The south-east quarter.

Tam dúkshin-a, s. f. A present to Brahmus upon solemn or sacrificial occasions, a fee, reward; a form or figure of Doorga, in which the right side is said to be advanced; donation to Brahmuss, personified as a goddess, said to be born from Krishn's right side.

द्विशामिन dűkshin-ágni, s. m. One kind of sacred fire, that which is taken from the domestic or consecrated fire, and is placed to the south.

द्विशाचन dúkshin-áchul, s. m. The Muluya mountain.

द्विशासुन dúkshin-ámookh, adj. Turning the face southwards.

हिंच गायन dikkshin-ayun, e. m. Southing. Dukshinayun'sooruj, The winter solstice, sun's southing, the period of the sun's being in the southern hemisphere, southern declination.

दिचियोिय dukshin-eeyuh, adj. Meriting or deserving a reward.

र्चियोन dukshin-én,adv.Southward,southerly.

aring of a reward. Meriting or deserving of a reward.

इच्ची dúkshee, adj. Capable, able, well qualified.

इसम dúkhun, s. m. South ; the southern part of India.

दखनो dukhun-ee, adj. Southern (generalty, things or persons from the south). Dukhunce poodeena, Horse-mint.

दिश्चन dúkh-in, s. m. South; the southern part of India.

हाइना dokhin-a, adj. Southern. s. f. Southerly wind.

द्वित्रयन dukhin-ayun, s. m. Southing. Dukhinayen soorej, The winter solstice, sun's southing, the period of the sun's being in the southern hemisphere, southern declination.

दिखनी dukhinee, adj. Southern (generally, things or persons from the south). Inkhinee poodeena, Horse-mint.

दगह dug-úr, s. m. A kettle-drum.

दगहना dug-úr-na, v. a. To disbelieve a true testimony.

इनडा dúg-ra, s. m. Highway.

दगहाना dug-ra-na, v. a. To propel, to roll. दगहाना dug-dug-a, adj. Shining.

दगदगाना dug-dug-ana, v. n. To glow, gleam, twinkle.

रगरगास्ट dug-dug-shut, s. f. Splendour, sparkling, twinkling (as of a star).

ट्रमधना dug-údh-na, e. a. To burn; to tease, vex; to chide, threaten, upbraid, revile, pester.

दंगमगाना dug-mug-ána, v. n. To tremble.

द्रमहा dúg-la, s.m. A kind of quilted vest worn as armour.

grad dugdb, adj. Burnt, scorched, consumed by fire.

द्रश्वताक dugdh-kák, s. m. A raven, or perhaps the carrion crow.

दङ्ख dun-gul, s. m. A kind of chair.

दश्चन dún-ga, s. m. Wrangling, confusion, muting, sedition, rebellion.

z a dun-gyt, adj. Mutinous, turbulent, mutineer, seditious.

दक duchh, s. m. See दच duksh.

दक्तिगर्वर्धतिमांत, ह. f. See दक्तिसार्वप्रक्षेत्रांत. इंडमा वर्धा-na, ह. a. To oppose, confute,

fight. इड्डना dur-úk-na, v. n. To split, to be rent or torn, to crack.

zer dur-ér-a, s. m. Hard, impotuous

दृद्धुंडा durh-moon-da, adj. Beard-shaven, beardless.

दहियल dúrhi-yul, adj. Having a long

raw dund, s. m. A stick, a staff; punishment, castigation by amercement or putting to death, fine, penalty; a measure of time, or 24 minutes.

दशुक्त dund-uk, s. m. A sort of metre, the stanza of which exceed. 27 syllables and may extend to 200.

दशहसा dund-ka, s. f. A country on the north-east coast of the peninsula, containing the velebrated forest Dundkarunyah, in which Ram resided some time.

दश्डदका dund-dhúkka, s. f. A sort of

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copper vessel of given capacity, placed in a vessel of water: when filled with water it sinks, marking a certain portion of time.

दश्डनीति dund-neeti, s. f. Ethics, the system of morals taught by Chanyukyuh.

द्राह्मीय dund-néeyuh, adj. Punishable,

Ensured dund-pal, s. m. A small kind of fish (Cyprinus barbiger !)

हर्ज्यत dund-wut, s. f. Hindoo salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

द्राहाद्राहो dunda-dundee,s. f. Single stick; cudgelling, fighting with sticks or staves.

द्रश्रामान dunda-yuman, adj. Standing

द्विष्टत dund-it, adj. Punished, chastised, sentenced, fined.

दिश्हिन dun-din, s. m. A stuff or macebearer.

दशही dun-dee, s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand; the penis.

द्वह्य dund-ytih, adj. Punishable, deserving

दतना dút-na, v. a. To oppose, confute, fight.

दतवन dut-wun, र . m.- A tooth-brush,

दतीन dut-bun, I generally of a twig. दन्त dutt, s. m. The name of a king : a

title or surname of a man of the Vys or third tribe. adj. Given, presented, made over, assigned.

दस्तापुत्र duttuk-pootr, s. m. A son given away by his natural parents to persons engaging to adopt him: one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old *Hindoo* law.

दत्तवदानिक dutt-prudánik, s. m. Resumption of a gift, taking back a thinggiven.

ट्नाक्षम् dutt-átmun, s. m. A yonth or orphan who gives himself to persons disposed to take the place of parents.

दत्तानपकस्त्रन duttanup-kurmmun, s. m. Non-resumption of gifts.

दिन dútti, s. f. Gift, donation.

दरनाना dud-lana, v. a. To chide, to snub.

ट्टियान dud iyal, s. m. Descent (by ancestors), pedigree, ancestors, paternal grandfather's famely.

exist dud-6-ra, s. m. A bump (occasioned by the bite of an insect).

दृद् dúd-roc, s. m. Cutaneous and herpetic eraptions.

दद्रोगिन dúdroo-rógin,adj. Herpetic, diseased by Herpes.

दद् dúd-roo, s. m. Herpetic eruptions.

curdled or coagulated by heat, or by the addition of buttermilk: it is an article of food of general use and high estimation among the Hindoos, and is considered medicinally as the remedy or preventative of most disorders. Dudhi kado, Coagulated milk and clay, thrown by people at each other in sport, on the festival of Krishn's birth-day.

द्धिपुरिक्षका dúdhi-péosh-pika, s. f. A flower

(Clitorea ternata).

द्विका dudhi-phul, s.m. The elephant or

wood apple

mooni or saint, famous for having devoted himself to death, that the gods might be armed with his bones in lieu of thunderbolts; they being the only effective weapons against the denon Taruk.

दध्यानी duth-yance, s. f. A medicinal plant. इन dunt, s. m. A tooth; an elephant's

tusk or tooth.

represent dunt-dha-wun, s. m. A tree yielding an astringent resin (Mimosa catechu); a plant (Mimusops elengi); a tooth-brush, or a fibrous stick used for cleaning the teeth.

z muga dunt-putruk, s. m. A kind of jasmine (Jasminum pubercens): the petals, or leaves of the flower, resembling teeth in colour and shape: this comparision is frequent among the poets.

दलपोर dunt-peer, s. f. The tooth-ache.

flower of which is compared to a tooth (Strychnos potatorum). [teeth.

दल्लान dunt-múl, s. m. The tartar of the टलामांच dunt-máns, s. m. The gums.

र नागठ dunt-shuth, s.m. Elephant or wood apple; common lime (Citrus acidu); a plant bearing an acid fruit (Averrhoa earambola).

दलकारा dunt-shut-ha, s. f. Wood sorrel (Oxalis monodelpha).

द्वाशाया dunt-shan, s. m. A dentifrice,composed chiefly of the powdered fruit of the Chebulic myrobalan and green sulphate of iron.

दन्तम् dunt-shool, s. m. The tooth-ache.

दलाब्द् dunt-arv-vood, s. m. A disease of the teeth or guna; gum boil, ulceration of the guns.

दली dún-tee, s. m. An elephant. adj. Toothed, tusked.

दन्तिवीज duntee-véej, s. m. A strong purgative nut, the fruit of the croton.

दल्ल dun-toor, दल्ल dun-tél, इल्ल dun-tyl, bour, &c.) इन्स dún-tyuh, ady. Dental, of or belonging to the teeth (as a class of letters in the Naguree alphabet).

दम्दनाना dundun-ana, v. n. To enjoy one's self, to be contented and independent, to live at one's ease.

ple.

दवा dún-na, s. m. Membrum virile. दवट dúp-ut, s. f. Course, gallop.

हण्डमा dup-ut-na, v. n. To gallop, to rush ; to rebuke, to reprimand.

दण्डामा dup-tá-na, v. a. To gallop.

दमद्याना dup-dup-ána, ) v. a. To

इषद्यक्राना dup-dup-kurna, shine.

दयदपाइट dupdup-áhut, s. f. Shining, splendour.

sculk, to be awed, to lie in ambush, to lurk, to set (a dog), to twinkle. Dubuk ana, or,—jana, or,—ruhna, v. n. To sneak, to sculk. Dubuk bythna, v. n. To crouch.

टबकर dúb-kur, s. f. A trap.

दबकाना dub-kā-na, v. a. To snub, check, chide, thresten, awe, daunt; to conceal, hide.

दशकी dub-kee, s. f. Ambush, crouching.

दबकोचा dub-kée-la, adj. Sculking, soul-

Zay dub-ung, adj. Ill-bred, brutish,

Zani dub-na, v. n. To be snubbed, to crouch, to shrink, to be pressed down, be moved down, give way, to be awed; to be concealed. Dub chulna, or,—nikulna, To be awed, be overpowered. Dub jana, To retire, to withdraw, to be mortified, to be suppressed. Dub murna, To be crushed to death. Dubana, v. n. To advance. Dubeh paon, With silent steps, softly, gently.

द्वा dúb-a, s. m. Ambush. Duba marna,

₹ चाना dub-ána, v. a. To press down; to snub, chide, keep under, to check, curb, restrain, repress, awe, depress, bow down, suppress. Dubach dalna, To keep concealed, to hide (generally furtively). Duba marna, To overcome, to get the better of; to crush to death. Duba lena, To encreach upon.

zara dub-io, s. m. Strength, power, authority, pressure, crush, suppression, depression, resignation, submissiveness. Dubao manna, v. a. To stand in awe.

द्योचा dub-se-la, s. m. Name of a medi-

देशपांच dubeh-paon, adv. With silent steps, softly, gently.

दंबेल dub-el, s. m. A subject, a person under dominion.

दबीचना dub-6ch-na, v. a. To conceal, to hide (generally furtively).

टबोस dub-ós, s. m. A flint.

द्वी बना dub-ós-na, v. a. To tope, to tipple. दस dum, v. m. Taming, subduing; selfcommand, endurance of the most painful austerities; self-restraint, subduing the senses, suppressing the appetites, passions, &c.

दशक dum-uk, s. m. A tamer, a subduer (of the passions, appetites, &4.). s. f. Ardour;

इसकरा dúm-uk-na, v. n. To shine, to

दमका dúm-kul-a, s. m. A squirt, a fireengine; a jack er crane (for raising veights). इसडा dúm-ra, s. m. Gold, silver, riches.

दमड़ी dum-ree, s. f. The eighth part of a pysa or pice. Dumree keh teen teen hona, To be ruined, demolished.

इस्ट्रमाना dum-dum-ana, v. n. To shake

दशन dum-un, s. m. A hero; a kind of flower (Artemisia); taming, subduing.

হম্বা dim-na, v. n. To glitter, to flash; to bend with elasticity, to spring.

दक्षाना dum-ana, v. a. To bend (with elas-

दशासा dum-ama, s. m. A large kettledrum.

दस्पती dum-pútee, m. du. Husband and

द्रभा dumbh, s. m. Arrogance, pride, boast ; hypocrisy.

zail dum-bhee, adj. Hypocritical, proud. s. m. A hypocrite, an impostor.

zw dum-yub, adj. Subjected or tamed. s. m. A steer, a young bullock.

zar dya, s. f. A gift; affection, tenderness, sympathy, compassion, mercy, clemency; kindness, favour. [passion.

द्याकर dya-kur adj. Kind, shewing com-दयाकत dya-kurit, adj. Compassionate.

द्यासान dya-man, adj. Charitable, merciful, kind.

दयायुत dya-yookt, } adj: Kind, compas-दयायुत dya-yoot, sionate, benevolent, friendly.

दयान dy-aloo, } adj.Tender,compassion-दयान dy-aloo, } ate, merciful, gracious, liberal, generous, beneficent, kind, दयानल dyáloo-twúh, s. m. Tenderness, compassionateness,

दयावत dya-wút, adj. Merciful, tender, charitable, टयावन dya-wunt, दयावान dya-wán, kind.

द्यागील dya-sheel, adj. Kind, compassionate; affectionate.

दवित dy-it, adj. Beloved, dear, desired. टियता dy-it-a, s. f. A wife.

दिवताधीन dyit-adhéen, adj. Hen-pecked, subject to a wife.

दयी dy-bu, pret. Gave, given.

Et dur, s. m. Price.

दरकरा dur-uk-na, v. n. To split, rend, be torn, to crack.

इरका dar-ka, s. m. Crack, crevice, cranny. इरकाना dur-ká-na, v. a. To cause to crack or split.

दरदर dúr-dur, a. m. Cinnabar.

ETETI dur-a, adj. Half-pounded, coarsely ground.

दरदा dur-da, s. f. A country bordering on Cashmeer, the mountains about Cashmeer and above Peshawur, s. m. A tribe of barbarians.

दर्बहरा dur-búh-ra, s. m. An intoxicating spirit drawn from rice.

ETHI durma, s. m. A kind of mat.

दर्ब dúr-us, s. m. See दर्भ dursh.

318 dur-hée, s. f. A fish, a sort of carp (Cyprinus).

ZTI dar-a, \ s. f. A natural or artificial Zf dúr-ee, excavation in a mountain, a cave, a cavern, a grotto, &c.; a valley.

दर्शती dur-an-tee, s. f. A sickle,

ZII dur-ár, s. m. A crack, a fissure, rift, rent, breach.

दि dur-idr, adj. Poor, needy, indigent, distressed, wretched.

दरिद्ता duridr-ta, s. f. Poverty, indi-·gence, wretchedness.

ट रही dur-fd-ree, adj. Poor, wretched, in-टरीबा dur-ée-ba, s. m. A stall (in a market) where betel is sold.

दर्द dur-droo, s. m. Cutaneous eruption,

दर्शितीवविष्युक्त-régee, adj. Herpetick, afflicted with Herpes.

zu durp, s. m. Pride, arrogance, boasting. दर्भेश dúr-pun, s. m. A mirror, looking-

दर्ब durb, s. m. Wealth, property; substance, matter, a thing.

Zw durbh, s. m. Koosa or sacrificial grass (Poa cynosuroides); a kind of reed (Saccharum spontaneum); another species (S. cylindricum).

टर्निन dur-rá-na, v. n. To go straight and quickly, without fear or delay. adj. Straight for-

दर्व dury, s. m. Substance, thing, wealth. दर्भ dur-vee, s. f. A ladle or spoon.

टर्भ dursh, s. m. Sight, seeing ; the conjunction of sun and moon, or day of new moon when it rises invisible.

टर्डिक dursh-úk, adj. Who or what shews, displays, explains, makes clear, &c. s. m. An exhibiter, one who points out or shows any thing.

टर्मन dursh-un, s. m. Sight, seeing, looking; aspect, appearance; interview; a shasher, one of six religious or philosophical systems, the Patunjul, Sankhyuh, Vyseshikuh, Nyayuh, Mimansa, and Vedant; visiting any sacred shrine, worshipping in the presence of any image.

दशनधारी durshun-dharee, adj. Beautiful, handsome.

दर्भनप्रतिक dúrshun-prutibhóo s. m. A surety for appearance.

दर्भनी dur-shun-ee, adj. Payable at sight (a bill of exchange). s. f. A bill of exchange payable at sight; offering, present. adj. Handsome, sightly. Dursunee-juwan, A beautiful youth.

दर्भनीय dúrshun-éeyuh, adj. Beautiful, handsome, agreeable; visible, to be seen.

दर्भनीयमानीdurshunéeyu-manee,adj. Vain, conceited, thinking one-self handsome

दिशित dursh-it, adj. Visible, apparent; shown, displayed; explained; seen.

दल dul, s. m. The leaf of a tree ; a large army; a heap or quantity; wild rice Duldar, adj. Fleshy, thick. Dulwal, Commander of an

दलक dúl-uk, s. f. Glitter.

दलका dál-ak-na, v. n. To glitter.

टलकपाट duluk-pat, s. m. A folded petal or leaf.

दलकोष dul-kósh, s. m. A sort of jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

दलदल dúl-dul, s. f. A quagmire, a alough, a box

द्बद्दा dúl-dul-a, adj. Quaggy, boggy.

दलदलाना dul-dul-ána, v. n. To shake, to

दलदलाइट dul-dul-ahut, s. f. Tremour.

दबदबी dol-dul-ee, adj. Swampy.

दलदहृदयdul-ud-hridy,adj. Broken-hearted, cut to the heart, &c.

दलन dúl-un, s. m. Breaking to pieces, dividing, tearing asander, splitting.

द्वाना dul-na, v. a. To grind coarsely, to split pulse.

putr tree, the bark of which is used for wrapping woollens in, and for hookah snakes, &c.

cegal dul-poshp-ee, s. f. A fragrant plant (Pandanus odoratissimus).

द्खबादख dul-bá-dul, s. m. A mass of clouds; a large army; a large tent.

दलमस्त करना dulmusul kurna, v. a. To thrash, crumple, rumple, rumple.

द्वदाना dul-wá-na, v. a. To cause to be coarsely ground (corn).

इलवेश dul-wy-ya, s. m. One who grinds

दलस्या dul-sóo-sa, a. f. The fibre or vein

दलहारन dul-há-run, िं. f. A woman

दलहारी dul-hú-ree, J whose business is to deal in grain.

इन्हारा dul-há-ra, s. m. One whee busi-

celea dul-adhuk, s. m. Sesamum growing wild or spontaneously; an aquatic plant (Pistia straticites); a plant commonly called Nagesur (Mesua ferrea); a tree (Mimosa virisha); a sort of jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

द्वाना dul-á-na, v. a. To cause to be coarsely grounded.

दलामन dul-amúl, e. m. A tree (Vangueria spinosu).

दिनद् dul-idr, s. m. Wretchedness, poverty, indi-

हिन्ता dul-fdr-ta, s.f. | poverty, indigence.

दिनादी dul-fd-ree, adj. Poor, wretched, indigent, needy, unfortunate.

द्वारा dul-iya, s. m. Half-ground or coarsely pounded grain, split pulse.

दिश्चित्र dúl-i-hun, s. f. Any sort of pulse which may be split, as dal.

दनो dul-ee, s. f. A clod of clay or mould. दनेंदो dul-en-tee, s. f. A handmill.

दबेर्नास dul-égundhi, s. m. A plant (Echi-

carfie duv-ágni, s. m. A wood on fire or the conflagration of a forest.

In drish, adj. Ten: Duson-disa, The ten regions, sides or quarter (of the world). Duson dwar, The ten psssages for the actions of the faculties, viz., the eyes, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anns, and crown of the head. It seems, however, that properly there are only nine, the last not being acknowledged in any Sunskrit works of authority which have been consulted.

दशकासन्बन्ध dushkam-juvyusun, s. m.

The aggregate of ten vices, proceeding from the quality of desire, viz. hunting, gambling, sleeping during the day, abusiveness, lechery, drunkenness, dancing, singing, playing and hypocrisy.

दश्युष dúsh-goon, adj. Ten times, ten-

हमयाम dush-gram, s. m. A district or collection of ten villages.

दश्न dush-un, s. m. A tooth.

दशपुर dush-poor, ह. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus): a district, part of Malwa in Bundelkhund.

दश्म dush-um, adj. Tenth.

दशकान dush-mal, s. m. A collection of ten garlands.

হয়নী dush-mee, s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight; the tenth or last stage of human life, the last ten years of a century. adj. Very old or aged.

दशस्त्र dush-mool, s. m. A tonic medicament prepared from the roots of ten plants.

टग्रम dúsh-ruth, s. m. A proper name, a sovereign of *Ujodhya* or *Oude*, and father of Ram.

दशक्या dush-lúkshun, s. m. Ten marks or attributes.

दश्स्त dush-sút, adj. A thousand.

ट्राइस्त dúsh-suhúsr, adj. A myriad.

The tenth of Jeth, shookl-puksh, which is reckoned the birth-day of Gunga: whoever bathes in the Gunga on that day is supposed to be purified from ten sorts of sins. The tenth of Asin, shookl-puksh, on which, after the worship and religious exemncies performed during nine nights (nuvuratree), they throw the images of Devee into the river. On this day, it is said, Ram marched against Ravun, for which reason it is called Fijy dusmee: the day is celebrated with great pomp by Hindoo princes; the weapons and instruments of war are hallowed; and if war be intended, the campaign Is then opened.

ट्या dúsh-a, s. f. A state, condition, period or time of life, as youth, menhood, old age, &c.; circumstances.

दशांश dush-ansh, s. m. Tenth part.

ट्यानिक dush-S-nik, s. m. A plant (Croton polyandrum).

द्शापन dush-a-phul, s. m. Result of circumstances, or of condition of life.

ह्याचा dush-arn, s. m. A country, part of central *Hindoostan*, lying on the S. E. of the Vinthya mountains.

दशासी dush-arna, s. f. A river rising in the Vindhya bills, the Dosarene of the ancients. दशाई dush-arh, s. m. A country in the

wouth of India, the kingdom of Yudoo: m. pl. The Yadav or people of Dusharh.

Visingo; the deity of whom there are said to have been ten descents from heaven, for the purpose of protecting or punishing mankind.

carifqua dúsha-vishésh, s. m. Existing circumstances, peculiar condition.

रमी dúsh-ee, s. f. Thread; the unwove threads at the end of a piece of cloth.

दशीला dush-éela, adj. In good oircum-

enfect dushen-driya, m. pl. The ten organs of sense and action, viz., the skin, eye, tongue, nose, ear, organ of speech, hand, foot, anus, and pudendum.

ten regions, sides or quarters (of the world).

Duson dwar, m. pl. The ten passages for the actions of the faculties; viz., the eyes, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head.

Zen dús-un, s. m. A tooth.

दसम dús-um, दसमां dus-wan,

दसमी dus-mee, s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight.

\*\*RETI dusúhra, s. m. The tenth of Jeth, shookl-puksh, supposed to be the birth-day of Gunga: whoever bathes in the Gunga on that day is supposed to be purified from ten sorts of sins. The tenth of Asin, shookl-puksh, on which, after the worship and religious ceremonies performed during nine nights (nunurare), they throw the images of Deve into the river. On this day Ram is supposed to have marched against Ravun, for which reason it is called Vijy dusmee: the day is celebrated with great pomp by Hindoo princes; the weapons and instruments of war are hallowed; and if war be intended, the campaign is then opened.

threads at the end of a piece of cloth.

इसीला dus-6e-la, adj. In good circum-

दशेखा dus-ó-kha, s. m. Moulting (of birds). Dusokha jharna, To moult.

दसोंदिसा dúson-dís-a, f. pl. The ten regions, sides, or quarters (of the world).

ceffere dúson-dwar, m. pl. The ten passages for the actions of the faculties; viz., the eyes, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head.

दर्शीचा dus-oun-dha, } s. m. A panegy-

दस्ता dús-ta, sm. Zinc, tutenag, Lapis calaminaris. दस् dús-yoo, s. m. An enemy; a thief; an oppressor, aviolator, a committer of injustice, &c. दस्ति dúsyoo-vritti, s. f. Theft, dishon-

est mode of subsistence.

दह duh, s. m. A deep whirlpool, very deep water, an abyss. Kunwul-duh, A place abounding in water-lilies.

दहन dúhuk, s. f. Ardour.

टहकरा duhuk-na, v. n. To burn, to be burnt, to be ruined, lost, destroyed; to regret.

दहताना duh-ká-na, v. a. To burn, to kindle; to ruin, destroy, lose; to cause to regret; to heat, (iron &c.)

ट्रहड्टइड जलना duhur-duhur julna, v. n. To burn with great fury.

दहत duhut, adj. Scorehing, burning.

दहन dáhun, s. m. Burning, combustion; fire, or the deity Ugmi; the marking-nut plant; lead-wort (Plumbago zeylanica, &c.)

दहना dúh-na, adj. Right, the opposite of

दहनीय duhun-éeyuh, adj. To be or what may be burnt, combustible.

दहनीपन duhun-ópul, s. m. The sun-gem, a crystal lens.

दह्रजना duhúlna, v. n. To shake, to tremble, to fear.

दहनाना duh-lana, v. a. To agitate.

दहरेरा duh-séra, s. m. A weight of ten

हराई duháee, s. f. The figure ten; the tenth part; the decimal places of figures in arithmetic, the tens.

दहाइना duhárna, v. n. To roar (as a tiger). दहाना duhána, v. a. To burn.

-f- dobit and - D.

दिस्त duhit, part. pass. Burnt.

द्विता duhina, adj. Right, the opposite of left.

ated milk. Duheewala, s. m. A seller of sour milk.

दर्शनः duhéngur, s. m. A vessel for carrying sour milk in (particularly at festivals).

दहेड़ duher, } s. m. A bird (Coracias).

दहन duhel, ] इहाडी duhéndee, s. f. A vessel in which

sour milk is kept.

दाइन dá-ik, ) s. m. Giving, a donor, a दाई dá-ee, ) giver.

ZTÉ dá-ee, s. f. A milk-nurse; a midwife. Dace ko sompna, To put out to nurse. Dace khilace, A dry nurse. Dace junace, s. f. A midwife. Dacepilace, s. f. A wet nurse.

হাজ dá-oo, s. m. An appellation of a father or of an elder brother. दास्टी dáoo-dee, s. f. A shrub that bears a flower like chamomile (Chrysanthemum indicum); a kind of firework like that shrub; a kind of armour. adj. Relating to David, of David.

दाएला daeja, s. m. Dowry, dower.

civate dane-bane, adv. On the right and left.

zis dand, s. m. Fine, punishment, oppression, injustice, injury.

दांडाभंडा dánda-ménda, s. m. The frontier or boundary between the lands of two proprietors. दांडी dán-dee, s. f. A balance.

दांत dant, s. m. A tooth. Dant conglee katna, To bite the finger, is a term expressive of being surprised. Dant kuchkuchana, To grin, to shew the teeth. Dant kutkutana, v. a. To gnash the teeth. Dant kateerotee khana, To be the most intimate friend of any one. Dant ka durd, The tooth-ache. Dant khutteh kurna, To dishearten, to displease. Dant tulch conglee dubana, or, katna, To stand in amaze, to be amazed, to wonder. Dant nikalna, To laugh, to grin; to express or confess inability and helplessness. Dant pur churhana, To detract from the virtues or praise of another. Dant peesna, To gnash the teeth, to grin. Dant bujna, or, -bajna, v. n. To chatter the teeth, squabble, wrangle, chattering of the teeth, squabbling, wrangling, sparring. Dant rakhna, or,-hona kisee-pur, To desire any thing exceedingly; to hate. Dant lugna, s. m. Trismus or locked-jaw. Dant lana, or,-nikalna, To teeth, grow (as teeth). Danton zumeen pukurnec (lit. to bite the ground), To be reduced to extremities, to suffer great pain. Danton marna, To gnash the teeth (with anger).

दांबन dán-tun, s. m. A tooth-brush made from the branch of a tree.

दांतपीस्ना dant-péesna, v. n. To gnash the teeth, to grin.

ciaffa a fam dánta-kilkil, s. f. Quarrel. ciaf dán-tee, s. f. The tooth of a saw or other instrument, cog (of a wheel). Dantee dena, To insist upon. Dantee purna, v. n. To be notched or indented (the edge of a tool). Dantee lugna, To have a locked jaw.

zia daon, s. m. Ambuscade, ambush, snare; time, turn, opportunity, vicissitude; twisting of one another in wrestling. Daon chulma, To have the advantage. Daon chulma, To take advantage of. Daon pukurna, To wrestle. Daon bythna, To lie in ambush, to lurk.

ziara dan-wan, s. m., Burning, stubble,

zra dak, s. m. A donor, one who makes
presents, especially to Brahmuns; a sacrificer,
one who pays all the expenses of the ceremony,
and employs the officiating priests.

seven lunar mansions, considered mythologically as the daughters of Duksh, and wives of the moon. s. f. The nymph and asterism Rohins; a plant (Croton polyandrum).

राजिक्या dákshi-kántha, s. f. A place in the north of India, in the country of Vuhleck or Bulkh.

दाचि कन्यीय dákshi-kúntheeyuh, adj. Produced or born, &c. in Dakshikuntha.

दान्य dákshyuh, s. m. Cleverness, dexterity, ability.

दाख dakh, s. f. A raisin, grape.

cicatrix, blemish, freekle. speck, a mark made by burning with a hot iron, brand, stigma, cautery. Dag churhana, or,—lugana, To vilify, to defame. Dag dena, Te mark by burning with a hot iron, to cauterize, brand, scar; to blemish. Dagdar, adj. Scarred, cauterized, spotted, marked. Dag lugna, To be datasged, to get a bad name. Dag lana, To vilify. Dag hona, To be cauterized or kenred.

दानना dag-na, v. a. To cauterize, to mark by burning with a hot iron; to fire (a gwa, &c.)

दाइक dár-uk, e. m. A tooth, tusk.

दाहिस dár-im, े s. m. The pomegranate दाहिस्त dar-imb, े tree, or its fruit, (Punica granatum),

दार्डिमपुष्पक dárim-póoshpuk, s. m. A medicinal plant (Andersonia rohitaka).

दाडिमांप्य dárim-príyuh, s. m. The parrot, as being fond of the pomegranate.

हाइ darh, 8. f. A jaw-tooth, or grinder.

ETET dár-ha, s. f. A large tooth, a tusk.

दाहिका dár-hik-a, हे. f. The beard. Dar-राही dár-hee, े hee bunana, or, moondhna, v. a. To shave.

ETa dat, s. m. Bountifulness.

दावन dá-tun, s. f. A tooth-brush made of the branch of a tree.

दातका dat-úvyuh, adj. To be given, what

दाता dá-ta, adj. Liberal, generous. subst. Giver, benefactor, donor.

दाङ dá-tri, adj. A donor, a giver, giving, bestowing.

दान datr, s. m. A sort of sickle, a large knife or da.

हाइ dad, s. m. A ringworm, Herpes.

दादमर्देन dad-múrdun, s. m. A plant used to cure the ringworm (Cassia alata).

ETECT dad-ra, s. m. A kind of song.

दादा dá-da, s. m. Paternal grandfather ;

टादी dá-dec, s. f. Paternal grandmother. टाइर dá-door, s. m. A frog.

of a sect, born in the state of Jypoor. Dadoopanthes. A follower of Dadoo.

दाधना dádh-na, v. n. To burn.

era dan, s. m. Act of giving or bestowing gift, donation; a present, a special gift; alms, charity; anything demanded by law or custom, as toll, &c.; the fluid that flows from the temples of an elephant in rut. Danputur, s. m. A deed of conveyance or gift. Dan-poon, s. m. Charity, alms.

टानधका dán-dhurmm, s. m. Almsgiving, charity; the rules for making donations.

दानपति dan-púti, s. m. A liberal or munificent man.

दानपत्र dan-putr, s. m. A deed of conveyance or gift.

दानवीस्य dan-yógyuh, adj. Fit for or meriting a donation.

दानव da-núv, s. m. A demon, a Titan or giant.

हानगील dan-sheel, adj. Liberal, munifi-

ZITI dana, s. m. Grain in general, a grain, berry, seed, corn, speck, pimple.

दानी da-nee, adj. Munificent, liberal, bountiful, charitable, giving.

दानीय dan-Seyuh, adj. Worthy of having any thing given, or worthy or fit to be given.

दावना dab-na, v. a. To press down, to suppress, to snub; to squeeze. Dab rukha, To conceal, to steal and conceal; to press (particularly with the thighs), to retain by pressure, to gripe (as money). Dab lena, To outgrow.

दावाजन dabánul, s. m. Fire in a forest. दास dam, s. m. Price, the twenty-fourth part of pysaor pice.s.f. A string, a cord, a thread or rope.

दामनो damnee, adj. Relating to the artemisia flower. s. f. A string, a rope, especially for tying cattle.

दामिनिम dam-lipt, s. m. A country, the modern district of Tunlook.

दामा dá-ma, s. m. A rope, a string, a cord. दामाचाइ dam a-sáh, n, prop. A merchant, who dying insolvent, his effects were divided among his creditors in proportion to their claims.

टाबाचाडी dámassahee, s. f. Proportioning, equal assessment, dividend (of a bankrupt's property).

द्रामिनी dam-in-ce, s. f. Lightning

रामी damee, s. m. An assessment, Dames lugana, To assess.

civilet dam-6-dur, s. m. A name of Kriskn: Yusodha his foster mother having in vain passed the folds of a rope round his body, whilst a child, to keep him in confinement.

दारिकाक dám-bhik, adj. Hypocritical, s. m. A hypocrite; a kind of crane (Ardea nivea).

दाव dáyuh, s. m. Inheritance; a nuptial

दायक dá-yuk, ady. Liberal, giving, a donor.

दायजा dáyuja, s. m. A dowry, portion, nuptial present.

दावभाग dayubhág, s. m. Partition of heritage, apportioning inheritance, &c.

दायविभाग dáyuvibhág, s. m. Portioning or portion of inheritance, division of property amongst different heirs.

दावा dáya, s. m. Demand, claim, plaint. दावाद dayád, s. m. A son; a kinsman, near or remote; an heir.

हाबाह्य daya-dűv, s. m. An heir, a kins-

दाबाटी dayádee, s. f. A daughter, an

दायापवर्त्तन daya-puvurttun, s. m. Priva-

दाचित dáyit, adj. Condemned, sentenced; awarded, adjudged.

दार dar, s.f. A wife.

दार की नी dar-chée-nee, s. f. Cinnamon.

दारण da-run, s.m. The clearing nut plant (Strychnos potatorum).

zrrz dá-rud, s. m. A sort of poison brought from the country named Durud.

दाराभीच dat adheen, adj. Dependant upon a wife, subject to her.

टारिका dá-rik-a, s. f. A daughter.

दर्गिट्यादाद darika-dán, s. m. Giving a daughter in marriage.

Tree da-ridr, } s. m. Poverty, in-

erfect da-rid-ree, adj. Poor, indigent, needy, wretched, unfortunate.

रारी da-ree, s. f. A female slave taken in

Tra dá-roo, s. m. Wood, timber; a sort of pine (Pénns devudares).

राइज darooj, adi. Made of wood, wood-

टाइस dá roon, adj. Horrible, anstere, ter-

rific, frightful, fearful; dreadful, shocking. s. m. Horror, horribleness; lead wort (*Plumbago zeylamas*).

ट्राइनिशा dá-roo-nísh-a, s.f. A plant (Cur-

दाइसर dároo-my, adj. Made of wood, woody, wooden.

दासकी da-roo-stree, s. f. A doll.

Curcuma (C. santhorrhison).

grada-réo, s. f. Spirituous liquor ; gun-

राइडा da-róo-ra. s. m.) Wine, spirituous राइडी da-róo-ree, s.f.) liquor.

द्राञ्च darh-yuh, s. m. Hardness, fixedness, stability.

বাজিকা dárv-vik-a, ) s.f. A sort of colly-বাজী dárv-vee, rium from an infusion of the Curouma canthor hizon; a sort of potherb.

दान dal, s. f. Pulse, vetches. s. m. A sort of grain (Paspalum frumentaveum). Dal gulnee kisee kee, u. n. To have an advantage, to avail.

ZIST da-la, s. f. Colocynth.

दानिद् da-lidr, s. m. Poverty, indigence. टानिदी da-li-dree, adj. Poor, indigent.

दालिस dá-lim, s. m. The pomegranate.

Zia dao, s. m. A bill or kind of hatchet with a hooked point; vicissitude, turn, opportunity, stake, wager, a stroke at any game; a bet, &c.; a forest, a forest on fire. Dao bandhna, or, —budna, To bet, to wager.

दावना dáo-na, v. a. To thrash, to tread. दावा dá-wa, े s. m. The husband of a दावा dá-ya, े nurse.

दावाकि dav-agni, है m. The conflagra-दावाकि dav-anul, tion of a forest, kindled by a tempest or some other cause.

ZIM dash, s. m. A servant.

Trage dash-poor, s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus). [vince.

ZTR dash er uk, s. m. Malwa, the pro-ZTR das, s. m. A servant, a slave; a Soodr or man or the fourth tribe; a Soodr affix or appellation.

दासद da-sut-vuh, s. m. Slavery, servitude. दासदाकी das-dá-see, s. f. The female slave of a slave; male and female slaves.

THUE das-poor, s. m. A fragrant grass (Coperus roundus).

THI da-sa, s. m. A piece of wood sticking out from a wall to support the thatch or changput; a reaping hook. दासी dasee, s. f. A maid-servant.

दाहीपुत्र dasec-pootr, s. m. The son of a slave girl.

दास्य das-yúh, s. m. } Slavery, servitude.

flagration, s. m. Burning, combustion, conflagration, ardour, inflammation: morbid heat; actual or potential cautery. Dah dena, To light the funeral pile. Dah rukhna, To grudge.

হৈছেন dá-huk, ady. Burning, inflammatory; cauterising, caustic. s. m. A plant (Plumbago seylanica).

दाइ उदर dah-jwur, s. m. Inflammatory

दाहन dá-hun, s. m. Burning, reducing to ashes: cauterising.

दाइना dáh-na, v. a. To burn adj. Right (not left).

दाइसर dah-súr, s. m. A place where dead bodies are burnt.

2188 (and harun, s. m. The root of a fragrant grass(Andropogon muricatum); this root being woven into screens, and kept wet, for the purpose of excluding or tempering the hot winds.

दाहिना dá-hin-a, adj. Right (opposed to left). दिन् dik, s. m. Quaeter, region, side;

point (of the compass).

Temufa dik puti, s. m. A regent of a quarter of the universe, as the Sun of the east; Saturn of the west; Mars of the south; Mercury of the north; Venus of the south-east; Rahoo of the south-west; Chundr of north-west; and Jupiter of the north-east.

दिस्पास dik-pal, s. m. A regent of a quarter of the universe, as Indr of the east; Ugni of the south-east; Yum of the south; Nyrit of the south-west; Vuroon of the west; Muroot of the north-west; Kovver of the north; and Eesan or Shivof the north-east; this word is applicable to the Dikputis, as that term is to these also.

rang dik-shool, s. m. An inauspicious planetary conjunction, as for the Sun and Venus to be in the west, dc.

िखनाना dikh lá-na, v. n. To shew, exhibit, denote, direct. Dikhlace dena, To appear, be apparent, seem.

दिखान dikh-lawa, s.m. Shew, pageantry. दिखाई dikhaee, s. f. Shewing, show, display, appearance. Dikhaee dena, To appear. दिखा dikhaoo, adj. Comely.

TERRY dikhá-na, v. a. To cause to see, to shaw, exhibit, display, expose.

दिखाद dikháo, s. m. Divplay, show. दिश dig, s. m. Quarter, region, tract, side. way; (in compos.) -wards, as Outtur-dig, Northwards; point (of the compass).

दिशन dig-aut, s. m. The horizon.

दिगन्तर dig-un-tur, s. m. Space, the at-

mosphere.

Tenser dig-um-bur, adj. Naked, unclad, unclothed; dressed in, or enveloped by the atmosphere, clouds, &c. s. m. A Bouddh mendicant, wearing coloured clothes, or going naked; any mendicant not wearing clothes; a name of Shis, from his being naked; a Jyn of the great division, which represents the images of their saints, either naked or plainly attired.

दिगवान dig-wan, ्रे s. m. A watchman, a

दिशवार dig-war, J guard.

farmed dig-shool, s. m. The quarter to which it is deemed unlucky to travel on particular days.

दियाज dig-gaj, s. m. An elephant of a quarter or point of the compass, one of eight supposed to be attached to the north, northeast, &c., supporting the globe.

दिग्गी dig-gee, s. f. A large tank,or reser-

veir, in form of an oblong square.

दिश्विजय dig-vi-jy,s.m. Subjugation of an extensive country,either in arms or controversy.

रिश्विजयो dig-vi-jyee, s. m. A conqueror or subjugator of an extensive tract of country, or the world.

दिग्वित्यक्रम dig-vijy-krum, s.m. Invasion, going forth to conquer the world.

दिन्तिभाग dig-vi-bhag, s. m. A quarter or point of the compass.

रिक्याची dig-vyapee, adj. Spreading through all space.

दिशो dighee, s. f. A large tank, or reservoir, in form of an oblong square.

दिठीना dit-hou-na, s. m. A patch, an artificial mole on the face.

fee dirh, } adj. Firm, strong.

दिद्ता dirh-ta, } ह.f. Firmness, strength.

दिदाना dir-hans, v. a. To prove, to strengthen.

fafa diti,s. f. One of the wives of Kusyup, and mother of the Dytyus or infernal race, opposed to the gods.

दिख dit-yuh, s. m. A Titan, a demon or giant.

fafu didhi, s.f. Firmness, stability, fixed state of mind or being.

fan din, s. m. Day. Din kaina, To pass time with difficulty. Din ko din, rat ko rat

nuh janna, To be totally absorbed in thought or business. Din khoolna, To begin to prosper after adversity. Din gunwana, To spend carelessly, or trific away, time. Din churhua, The day being faradvanced; the period of a woman's menstruation being protracted. Din churhuna, To commence any business late in the day; to eat the bread of idleness, or earn ene's wayes without labour. Din shulna, v. n. To grow late, to decline (the sun). Din diya, Day-light. Din dhouleh, actv. In day-light. Din purna, To be unfortunate. Din phirna, To begin to prosper (after adversity). Din budin, Day by day. Din bhurneh, Expresses time spent in pain and trouble. Din moendna, To grow late, to close (the day).

दिनकर din-kúr, s. m. The sun.

टिनच्छो निम् dín-jyótis, s.m. Sunshine,day-

दिनाई din-man, s. m. The length of day. दिनाई din-aee, s. f. A tetter, a ringworm. दिनान din-ant, s. m. Evening, sun-set, close of day.

feet can din-Grumbh, s. m. Morning.

दिनायसान din-avusan, s. m. Evening, close of day.

दिनी din-ee, adj. Aged (generally applied to animals).

दिनीं धा din-óun-dha, s. m. Disopia or dayblindness.

दिया diya, s. m. A lamp. part. past. Given. s. m. A gift.

दियासचाई diya-sulace, s. f. A match (for catching fire).

दिखनाना dil-wa-na, v. a. To cause to give or to pay.

दिखवाची dil-w&-lee, s. m. An inhabitant of Delhi.

दिखेंदा dil-wy-ya, e. m. One who causes to give or pay.

coasion, consign, assign, to cause to yield, to cause to give up.

হিন্দান্য dil-á-sa, s. m. Comfort, consolation, encouragement, support (of mind):

दिलीय dil-éep, s. m. The name of a king and ancestor of Ram, the ruler of Delhi or Hustinapoor.

fam dillee, s. f. The name of a city, once the metropolis of Hindoostan, called also Skahjchanabad.

दिवस div-us, } s. m. A day.

दिवाकर diva-kur, s. m. The sun.

दिवातन diva-tun, adj. Daily, diurnal, of or belonging to the day.

दिवानिश diva-nish, s. m. Day and night.

fara divandh, adj. Being blind by day.

दिवासध्य diva-mudhyuh, s. m. Mid-day,

दिवारात्र diva-ratr, s. m. A day and night. दिवारात्रि diva-ratri, s. f. Day or night; a day and night.

feeren diwala, s. m. Bankruptey.

celebrated on the day of the new moon of Kartik, when the Hindoos, after bathing in the Gauges, or other river, put on their best attire, perform a sraddh, and at night worship Lukshmee, and indulge in excessive gambling. The houses and streets are illuminated at night; and in Hindooston, the night is universally spent in gaming.

বিষাধান divo-das, s. m. A king of Benares, and founder of the Indian school of medicine. বিষয় divyuh, adj. Divine, celestial; beautiful, agreeable, charming; an ordeal; an oath.

दिव्यवस्ती dívyu-dhúrm-mee, adj. Virtuous, agreeable.

ि व्ययञ्चास्त divyu-punch-amrit, s. m. A mixture of five articles, ghee, curds, milk, butter and sugar.

दिवादल divyu-rútn, s. m. The famous gem

दिव्यस्त dívyu-rús, s. m. Quicksilver.

दिव्यवस्त्र divyu-vustr, adj. Clothed or invested in celestial raiment.

द्वियोपपाइक divyóp-pádook, adj. Divine, celestial, of heavenly birth or being.

fan dish, s. f. Region, space, quarter,

fant dish-a, s. f. Side, region, quarter, point (of the compass).

heavens, consulted on commencing a journey; quarter towards which it is deemed unlucky to travel on particular days.

दिसमा dishna, v. n. To appear, be seen, to seem. v. a. To see.

दिसा dis-a, s. f. Side, region, quarter, point (of the compass). Disa kurna, To travel. Disa jana, or,—phirna, To go into the fields (for a privy).

fautat dis-awur s. m. A climate.

दिसावरो dis-awry-ee, s. f. A sort of pan or beter leaf. adj. Foreign (goods).

fast dih-ra, s. m. An idol temple.

दिहली dib-lee, s.f. A threshold.

family dihoo-ree, s. f. Threshold, door. Dihooredar, s. m. A door-keeper.

Frail dillee, s. f. Name of a city, the metropolis of Hindoostan, called also Shahjuhanabad.

হীৰা déeksha, s.f. Sacrificing, offering oblations; receiving the initiatory muntr or incantation.

दी चित deekshit, adj. Initiated; performed (as the Deeksha ceremony).

Fifther deckshi-tri, s. m. A spiritual father, the communicator of the initiatory weathr or prayer.

दोखना deekh-na, v. n. To look, to appear. दोड deeth, े s. f. Sight, glance, look, दोडि deethi, vision.

दीचित deedhit, s. f. A ray of light, a sun or a moon beam; light in general.

distressed; humble. Deen-dyut, adj. Merciful to the poor: Deen-nath, Lord of the poor: Deen-bundhor, The friend of the poor: are all epithets of the Deity.

दीनचेतन deen-chétun, adj. Distressed, defected.

दोनना deen-taee, । s f. Poverty, indi-दोननाई deen-taee, । gence; humility. दोनमुख deen-mookh, adj. Down-cast, of melanchely aspect.

বীৰা dee-na, v. a. To give, to grant, to yield, afford, allow, permit, emit, let, produce, lay (eggs). s. m. Giving.

दोनार dee-nar, s. m. A weight of gold ; a coin, a dinar.

दीनी dee-nou, 3d pers sing, per tense of देनी To give.

continent, a region or clime of the earth.

First dee-puk, s. m. A light, a candle, a lamp; an aromatic seed (Ligasticum ajmuen); a musical mode, sing at noon in the hot weather; a kindof firework. adj. Making luminous; kindling, inflaming.

होपनिङ् deep-kftt, s. m. Lamp-black, soot. होपनुषी deep-k60-pee. रे s. f. The wick

होपखोरी deep-khó-ree, of a lamp. होपखंड deep-dhwúj, e.m. Lamp-black, the condensed smoke or soot of a lamp.

रोपन dee-pún, adj. Inflaming, light or heat-exciting; tonic, stimulant; stimulating, exciting.

(Michelia champaca).

होपमाना deep-mala, हे. f. A row of होपमाहिका deep-malika, lamps, an illumination.

दोषप्रच deep-briksh, s. m. The stand or stem of a lamp, a candlestick.

दीपांचा deep-shikha, s. f. The fizme of

दीपाली deep-alee, s. f. The day of new moon in the month Aswin or Kartik (September-October), a festival with nocturnal illuminations in honor of Kartikeyuh; the Decwalee, as it is usually termed; a row or range of lamps.

The deept, adj. Luminous, splendid, radi-

Zifg deepti, s. f. Light, lustre, splendour. दीसक dee-muk, s. f. The white ant

दीई deergh, adj. Long, applied either to space or time. a. m. The Sal tree; a long vowel. दीधेक बढ़क déergh-kún-tuk, र s.m. A sort दोध बन्दर déergh-kun-dhur, of crane

(Ardea nivea).

दीच काल deergh-kal, s. m. A long time, a

long period. दीचं की ज deergh-keel, s. m. A tree ( Alan-

gium hexapetalum). दीवं केश deergh-kesh, adj. Long-haired. दीवेज इन deergh-jung-ul, s.m. A kind of

दीधनाना deergh-jung-ha,adj. Long-thighed. s. m. A crane, a camel.

टीर्घितिहा deergh-jibha, s. m. A snake. टी बंजीव deergh-jeev, s. m. Long life.

दीधं जीवी deergh-jeevee, adj. Living or existing a long time.

दीर्धतन deergh-tún-oo, adj. Tall, long.

दोधंदर्शी deergh-dur-shee,adj. Far-seeing, provident, wise. s. m. A wise or learned man, a seer, a prophet.

टोइंडिट deergh-drish-ti, s. m. A wise or provident man. adj. Wise, provident, far-soeing. दोधनिद्रा deergh-nidra, s. f. Death.

टोर्घनिकास deergh-nishwas, s. m. A long or deep-drawn sigh.

दोधपच deergh-puksh, s. m. The fork-tailed shrike.

दीवपत्र deergh-putr, adj. Long-leaved. longifolium. s. m. Garlin.

टी च पत्र deergh-putruk, s. m. Garlic ; a thorny plant; a kind of Bassia growing in marshy places.

दीर्घ एला deergh-patra, s. f. A sort of Eugenia.

टीर्चपर्क deergh-parn, adj. Long-leaved, longifolium.

दी धेप सुव deergh-pulluv, adj. Having long shoots or tendrils. s. m. The sur plant (Crotet. aria juncea).

दीवं पाद deergh-pad, s. m. A heron.

टीचे कल deergh-phul, s. m. A plant (Cassia fistula).

टी घमन deergh-mool, adj. Having a long root, s. m. A kind of Bilwa tree; a sort of sensitive plant.

दोधम्ला deergh-moola, s. f. A creeper (Echites frutescens); a plant (Hedysarum gange-

दोधमुखी deergh-moolee, s.f. A plant (Hedysarum alhagi).

टोबराज deergh-ratr, s. m. A long period : a long night.

दोषरोगी deergh-rogee, adj. Being long ill. टीवंश deergh-buns, adj. Being of an ancient family.

दीधवर्श deergh-vúrn, s. m. A long vowel. टीचंद्रन deergh-vrint, s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica)

दीर्घष्टिन्तका deergh-vrin-tika, s. f. A plant (Mimosa octandra).

दीचे भारत deergh-shakh, s. m. The Sal tree (Shorea robusta).

दीर्घम्ल deergh-sootr, adj. Dilatory, slow. tedious.

दीर्घमलता deergh-sootr-ta, s. f. Dilatoriness, tediousness.

दीवस्त्री deergh-sootree, adi. Dilatory.

टी चेखर deergh-swur, s. m. A long vowel ; a long note, a minim or semibreve.

दीवीय deergh-áyoo, s. m. Long life.

दोघोयस deergh-ayoos,adj. Long-lived.s.m. The silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).

दीवट dée-vut, s. f. A lamp-stand.

दीवली deev-lee, s. f. A small lamp. टीया dée-wa, s. m. A lamp.

टोवानी dee-wá-lee, s. f. A leather strap, a

होति deevi, s. m. The blue jay.

दीवना dées-na, v. n. To look, to seem, to appear, to be visible. Deesch, adj. Inke. adv.

दोचा déek-sha, s. f. Sacrificing, offering oblations; receiving the initiatory muntr or incantation.

होतिस deek-shit,adj. Initiated; performed (as the Deckshu ceremony).

होचि ट deek-shitri, s.m. A spiritual father. the communicator of the initiatory muntr or

g'gwi doon-doo-bheo, s.m. A large kettledrum.

द्र: ख dookh, s. m. Pain, ail, ache, grief. sorrow, affliction, distress, unhappiness; diffieulty, trouble; labour, fatigue; annoyance. Dookh ka mara, adj. Afflicted. Dookh ka hurta, s, m. Dispeller of grief or pain. Dookh-dace, or Dookh-dance, adj. Giving or occasioning pain, troublesome, vexatious. Dookh pana, To be afflicted. Dookh bhurna, To labour, to toil, to suffer distress or trouble. Dookh-hurun, Anodyne. Dookh hurta, Dispeller or grief or pain.

इ: सकर dookh-kur, adj. Causing pain ; afflicting, occasioning sorrow or trouble

ड:खिन dookh-chhinn, ady. Afflicted, pained, distressed.

द: खजीबी dookh-jeevee, ady. Living in pain or distress

g: agr dookh-ra, s. m. Misfortunes, calamities.

3: acra dookh-dugdh, adj. Afflicted. pained, distressed.

इ: खदाई dookh-daee, adj. Giving or

इ: खटानी dookh-dance, occasioning pain, troublesome, vexatious,

ट: जना dookh-na, v.n. To ache, pain, smart.

द:खबद्धल dookh-búhool, ady. Painful, distressful, abounding with trouble, &c.

इ: जुभागिन dookh-bhagin, ) adj. Suffer-

इ:कभागी dookh-bhagee, ing pain, having pain as their portion.

इ: खन्न्य dookh-lábhyuh, adj. To be obtained or effected with difficulty.

इ: खभागर dookh-ságur, s. m. Deep distress; the world.

द्र: खहन dookh-hún, adj. Removing pain.

दु:खाना dookhána, v. a. To inflict pain to torment, to hurt, to pain.

3: for doo-khit, ady. Pained, suffering pain; afflicted, in distress or pain, sick.

इ: विद्या doo-khi-ya, adj. In distress or pain, unfortunate, poor, indigent, afflicted.

द: विदारा doo-khi-yara, m.) adj. Afflict-

इ: खिदारी doo-khi-yaree, f. J ed, in distress or pain, sick, sorrowful, sad, wretched, grieved.

द्र:खो dóo-khee, | adj. Suffering pain,

इ: विन doo-khin, sorrowing ; afflicted, in distress or palu; sick; affected.

द्र: शास्त्र dooh-shas-un, adj. Ungavernable, ill-managed, intractable.

3: 1 dooh-sheel, adj. Ill-behaved, reprobate, abandoned.

दु:सम dooh-sum, adj. Improper, unsea-

द्र:समय dooh-súmuy, s. m. Time of affliction, distress or trouble.

द्र : सन्द्र dooh-sühnh, adj. Intolerable, difficult to be brone.

g: Hrsz dooh-sádhyuh, adj. Difficult, arduous, not easily accomplished.

3: Wif dooh-spursh, adj. Difficult or unfit to be touched.s.m. A. plant (Hedysarum, alkagi). 3: Waf dooh-spursh-a, s. f. A prickly sort

of nightshade. 3 as I dook-ra, s. m. The fourth part of a pysu or pice.

gast dook-ree, s. f. A snaffle.

द्रकान doo-kan, s. f. A shop.

दुम्या dóo-gun, s. m. A second degree or one in music.

द्व ग सा dóo-gun-a, द्रगुशा doo-goon-a, ady. Two-fold, double.

द्रशन doo-gun, gra doogdh, s. m. Milk.

दुरुवा doogdh-ta, s. f. Milkiness, the nature of milk.

दुरवताबीय doogdh-taleeyuh, s. m. Milk and mangoes, mango fool.

दुम्बर्भन doogdh-phén, s. m. The froth or skim of milk, syllabub, cream.

दुक्सानी doogdh-phénee, s. f. A small medicinal shrub so called.

द्राज्यका doog-dhi-ka, s. f. A sort of Aselepias (A. rosea): the Hinder derivative Doodhee, is also applied to Euphorbia hirta and thymifolia.

They doogdhin, I adj. Milky, having दुग्बी doogdhee, I milk.

द्रश्चितिका doog-dhin-ika, s. f. A plant described as a red sort of Apany (Achyranthes aspera).

दिन doo-chit, adj. Of two minds, दिनता dóo-chit-a, I wavering, distracted.

इत doot, interj. Away ! begone ! avaunt ! s. f. Splendour, light, beputy; spite, malice. Doot dubuk, Reproof, reprimand.

games doot-kar, s. m. ) A reproof. दुनकारी doot-karee, v. f. ) Dootkarna, v. a. To reprove.

इताना deo-tá-na, v. a. To press down ; to snub, to chide, to keep under.

sfa doo-ti, s. f. Splendour, light, beauty. इत्तादेना doot-ta-dena, v. a. To drive away

scornfully; to deceive, balk, cheat. 33 dooddhee, s. f. A medicinal herb

(Euphorbia kirta and thymifolia). BUTE doo-dhar, adj. f. Milch, giving

इधेल doo-dhyl, S milk. इन्द् doond, s. m. A sort of

दुन्द्न doon-dum, drum, a large दुन्दिश doon-doo-bhi, kettle-drum.

GENIC doondoo-mar, s. m. A sort of red

guest doo-pútta, s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. Dooputta tankeh soma, To draw the sheet over one's head (either from security and carelessness or after death). Dooputta hilana, or—phirana, v. a. To hold out a flag of truce, to offer to surrender (a fort.)

उपहरिता doo-puh-riya, s. f. A kind of flower (Pentapetes phanicea). adj. Meridian.

दुवधा dcob-dha, s. f. Doubt, suspense, uncertainty, dilemma.

दुवला doob-la, adi. Lean, thin, poor, barren, meagre; weak.

दुबलाई doob-lace, s. f. \ Leanness,

दुबनापन dóobla-pán-a, s. m. thinness, दुबनापा dóob-la-pa, s. m. meagreness.

इसारिया doo-bhá-shiya, s. m. An interpreter.

इभुक doo-bhook, । s. m. A famine, a scar-

gwa doo-bhuk, f city.

T door, prep. A depreciative particle, implying pain, trouble, (bad, difficult, ill.) Inferiority, (bad, vile, contemplible). Prohibition, (away, hold, forbear.) It corresponds in general to the English prefixes, in, un, &c., as infamous, unbearable, and the like. Door-jun, s. m. An enemy. Door-din, Day of adversity. Doornam, s. m. Infamy. Door-buchan, s. m. Abuse. Doorbul, adj. Weak, norveless, faint. Doorbula, s. f. Weakness, faintness.

इरना dóor-na, m. n. To be hidden, or concealed, to be absent, to disappear, to lurk. इरह dóor-drisht, s. m. Bad luck, misfortune.

इरन door-ant, adj. Ending ill, having a

हर्भियह door-bhigrúh, s. m. A tree (Achyranthes aspera).

दर्भियहा door-bhigruhá, s. f. Cowach.

इराचार door-achare, adj. Wicked, de-इराचारी door-acharee, praved, following evil practices; disregarding or deviating

from established practices; irreligious, profigate

\$ That door-atma, cdj. Vile, wicked, bad.

a. m. A rassal, a scoundrel, a villain.

दुराधर्ष door-adhursh, s. m. White mus-

इराना door-ana, v. a. To hide, to coneeal. इरारोइ door-aroh, adj. Of difficult ascent. s. m. The palm tree; the date tree.

इरारोहा door-aroha, s. f. The silk-cotton

इरालम door-blubh, adj. Difficult of at-

इराजमा door-alubha, s. f. A prickly plant, the Juwasa (Hedysarum alhagi).

द्वराजाप door-Alap, s. m. Abusive or seurrilous language, abuse.

इरिज door-it, adj. Sinful, wicked. s. m. Sin. इरिड door-ishth, adj. Very bad, very wicked. s. m. Great crime, extreme wickedness.

द्वरी doo-ree, s. f. The two on dice.

হত বা doo-rookha, adj. Double-faced; that which is the same on both sides, not having a wrong side.

sant door-bottur, ady. Unanswerable.

gri doorg, adj. Difficult of access or approach, inaccessible, impervious; impenetrable, impassable; difficult of attainment, unattainable. s. m. A fort, a strong-hold, a Droog or bill fort; a pass, a defile, a difficult or narrow passage over a stream, or a mountain, or through a wood &c.

इतिका doorg-kurmm, s. m. Enterprize,

इंगत door-gut, adj. Poor, indigent, distressed; suffering pain or affliction.

दुर्गति door-gúti, s. f. Hell; poverty, in digence; meanness, abjectness.

z was door-gundh, adj. Ill-smelling, ill-scented, fetid. s. m. Any ill-smelling substance, stink, stench. Doorgundh ana, To stink.

दुर्गन्नो door-gun-dhee, adj. Ill-smelling. दुर्गन्न door-gun, adj. Inaccessible, difficult of access or approach; unattainable, difficult of attainment; deep, profound.

दुर्भमता doot-gum-ta, s. f. Depth, profun-

the wife of Shiv, and mother of Kartikeyah and Gunes; also called Ooma, Bhawanee, and Parvaice: as Doorga she is a goddess of terrific form and irascible temper, and particularly worshipped at the Doorga pooja, held in Bengal in the month of Assain or about October; a word; a Hindoo book containing the narration of the goddess Doorga.

इमिश्वारी doorg-adhi-karee, s.m. The इमिश्च doorg-adhyuksh, governor of a fort, or fortress.

दुर्गीनवसी doorga-núvumee, s. f. The ninth of the light half of Kartik, sacred to Doorga as Jugguddhatree.

हुगरिश्रयम् doorg-ashryun, s. m. Taking refuge in a fortress.

352 door-ghut, adj. Difficult of accomplishment, arduous.

हुजैन door-jun, adj. Bad, wicked, vile; malicious, mischief-making. s. m. A bad man.

इचनल door-jun-twah, s. m. \ Wicked-इजनताई door-jun-tace,s. f. \ ness, villainy.

हु देनच doorj-jy, adj. Invincible, difficult to be subdued or overcome.

3 Sat doorj-jur, adj. Difficult of digestion, indigestible.

senfa doorj-ját, adj. Inauspiciously born or produced; improper, s. m. Misfortune, calamity; disparity, unconformity, impropriety.

s softa doorj-jati, adj. Vile, wicked; Iow, out cast.

इस्ति door-néet, adj. Ill-behaved, ill-governed; impolitic. s. m. Misconduct; impolicy.

guiffa door-neeti, s. f. Impolicy; misconduct, impolicy; misconduct.

दुर्भ door-dum, adj. Difficult to be subdu-

इद्देश doord-dúrsh, adj. Difficult to be seen or met with.

FENT doord-dúsh-a, s. f. A state of calamity or misery, or adversity.

इदिन door-din, s. m. A dark or cloudy day; rain or cloudy and rainy weather.

or figuratively), ill-examined, imperfectly investigated; looked at with an evil eye.

इन्डिन doord-dyv,s. m. Bad luck,misfortune. इनोम door-nam, s. m. Infamy, a bad name, obloquy, a discredit, slander.

द्वांशा door-name, s. m. Piles or hæmor-rhoides.

दुनीभी door-namee, adj. Infamous.

द्विदार door-niwar, adj. Difficult to be stopped, hindered, contradicted, &c.; invincible. unconquerable.

हु च्या doorb-búl, adj. Feeble, thin, emaciated; weak, impotent, infirm, faint, powerless; poor.

दुष्य सार् door-bul-tá, s. f. Feebleness, weakness, impotence.

दुर्वेद door-booddhi, adj. Silly, ignorant.

इसेच door-bhúksh, adj. To be eaten with

दुर्भेगा door-bhúg-a, s. f. A wife not loved or liked by her husband; a bad or ill tempered woman.

zwisz door-bhágyuh, adj. Unfortunate, unlucky.

gwis door-bhao, s. m. Bad disposition, all-temper, bad behaviour, ill-manners.

gray door bhiksh, s. m. Dearth, famine.

simple, a blockhead. s. f. Folly, foolishness.

दुर्माना doorm-mun-a, adj. Sad, distressed, meditating or thinking sorrowfully.

gray & door-mookh, adj. Scurrilous, foul-mouthed; hideous, ugly.

grundor-moos, s.m. A pounder, an instrument for pounding pavements with, a rammer.

exercitant price s. m. Dearness, any thing of high price or value.

दुर्को धा doorm-médha, adj. Of little or contemptible understanding, dull, stupid, ignorant, uninformed.

हुर्योधन dooryodhun, s. m. The elder of the Kooroo princes, and leader of the war against his cousins, the Pondoos and Krisha.

**まま** doorl-libb, adj. Difficult of attainment or acquirement, hard to be got or met with; scarce, rare; excellent, eminent; dear, beloved. 3. m. A plant, a sort of Hedysarum.

इञ्चभा doorl-lubha, s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade.

इ सु ज ज doorl-lukshun, s. m. An evil mark, an unlucky sign, an evil omen.

इजीच door-vúch-un, है .m. Censure, दुर्जीच door-vúchyuh, abuse; any unlucky or ill-omened speech.

दुई न door-vritt, adj. Vile, wicked, leading a low or infamous life, following disreputable habits or business, a cheat, a juggler, a rogue, a blackguard, &c.

gefra door-vritti, s. f. Leading a disreputable life, following a degrading business, &c.; juggling, fraud.

इंड्रिय door-hridy, adj. Evil-minded, badhearted.

दलकी dool-kee, s. f. Trot. Doolkee jana, or, -chalna, v. n. To trot.

Gast doo-lur-a, adj. Two-fold, of two rows or string. s. m. Anecklace of two rows or strings.

swell doo-lur-ee, s. f. A necklace of two strings.

इसनी doo-luttee, s. f. A kick of the two hind legs of a quadruped. Doolutee marna, To wince, to kick with the two hind legs.

दु ज्वन्द् dool-bund, s. m. A turband, or the fine cloth of one.

ব্ৰসিহাৰ deol-miyan, s. m. A small purse.

इन्हिन dool-hin, े s. f. A bride,

इस्टेश dool-hyya,

देवहा dool-ha, ो s. m. A bridegroom.

दण्डा dool-ha, J

Tars doo-lace, s. f. A sheet or covering of two breadths used by females.

इलाना doo-la-na, v. a. To agitate, toss, shake.

serve doo-lar, s. m. Love, affection.

g mill doo-sha-la, s. m. A pair of shawls. 3 act doosh-chur-a, adj. Acting ill, bebaving wickedly.

उद्दार doosh-chur-it, adj. Misbehaving, doing or designing ill. s. m. Evil purpose or action, misconduct, error.

Good doosh-kur, adj. Difficult to be done. दुक्त doosh-kurmm, s. m. Wickedness,

द कामार doosh-kurm-mee, s. m. A wicked person, a sinner, a criminal.

Grand doosh-kool, s. on. A low family or

इक्त्वीन doosh-koo-leen, adj. Of a low or degraded family.

दुक्तत doosh-krit, s. m. Sin, crime, guilt. इन्तरी doosh-krit-ee, adj. Wicked, an evil door.

gra dooshkh, s m. Pain in general.

3 doosht, adj. Low, vile ; wicked, depraved, bad, faulty; enemy.

दृष्ट्यारिया doosht-charinee, f. adi. दृष्ट बारी doosht-cháree, m. Wicked.

दृष्ट्या doosht-chet-a ade. Malevolent ;

दुष्टता doosht-ta, s. f. Wickedness, badness, depravity.

दृष्ट्याव doosht-bhao, adj. Innately bad. दुष्टभावता doosht-bhaota, s. f. Wickedness,

innate depravity. genfa doosht-muti, ab. Wicked, deprav-

ger doosh-ta, s. f. A harlot, a wanton.

द्वास doosh-nam, s m. Abuse.

gran doo-spursh, m. | adg. Not to be gant doo-sparsh-a, f. I touched, unpleasant to the touch. s.m. A plant (Hedysarum

दु महित doosh-prokriti, ady. Of a bad nature or disposition.

great doosh-prap, adj. Difficult of attainment, difficult to be got or reached.

दुव्याम् doosh-práp-yuh, adj. Remote, unattainable, difficult of approach or attainment,

दुस्पन doos-tyúj, adj. Difficult, to be relinquished or parted with.

sent doos-sur, s. m. Double stakes at dice, &c., playing double or quits.

इहन doohun, s. m. Milking.

इन्ता dooh-na, v. n. To be milked.

इस्रा dooh-ra, adj. Double.

इहराना dooh-rá-na, v. a. To fold, to double, to repeat, to reduplicate.

इहाई doohaee, s. f. Crying out for justice, exclamation; an oath, plaint. Dohacetihaee kurna, To make reiterated complaints.

इहाना doo-há-na, v. a. To cause to milk. 3 377 doo-har, s. m. A milker.

दिना doo-hit-a, s. f. A daughter.

इडिवर्पत dochitoo-púti, s. m. A son-inlaw, a daughter's husband.

द्रश्चित doo-hitri, s. f. A daughter.

इड़ेला doo-hela, adj. Difficult, weighty.

इहार doohyuh, adj. To be milked, milkabla

द्वा doon, s. m. The two or dence at cards, dice, &c.

द्राया doo-goo-na, adj. Double, two-fold. द्रज dooj, s. f. The second day of a lunar fortnight.

द्रज्ञ dooj-bur, s. m. A man who marries a second wife, a bigamist.

द्रजा doo-ja, ada. Second. other.

द्रत doot, s. m. A messenger or envoy, a news-carrier; an ambassador; a go-between, an angel who passes between God and man.

द्रातका dou-ti-ka, s. f. A female messenger, a confidant, &c.

दिवा doo-tiya, adj. Second.

दूती doo-tee, s. f. A female messenger, a confidant, a procuress, a go-between, a bawd.

gu doodh, s. m. Milk; the juice or milk of certain bushes. Doodle-adharee, adj. Living on milk. Doodh-pilace, s. f. A wet nurse. Doodh pilana, To suckle. Doodh burhna, v. n. To be weaned (a child). Doodh bhace, s.m. A foster-Doodh bhatee, s. f. A ceremony perbrother. formed the fourth day after marriage, wherein the bride and bridegroom eat milk, boiled rice, and sugar, together.

द्रधन doodhal, \ adj. Giving much milk. gare doodhar, smilch.

दूरिया dóo-dhi-ya, adj. Milky. s. m. Name of several plants with milky juice. Doodhiya putthur, A white stone of which plaster is made, and utensils are formed.

दूधी doo-dhee, adj. Milky, containing milky juice.s. f. Starch; name of several plants with milky juice, as, various species of Asclepias, Echites, Euphorbia, &c. (Asclepine rosea, &c.) द्वना dóo-na, ad. Double, two-fold.

द् doob, s. m. Name of a grass (Agrestis linearis).

दूबड घरड doobroo-ghusroo,adj. Unknown, insignificant, helpless, hiding through weakness.

gar dóo-bur, adj. Weak, lean; difficult द्रविदा dóc-bi-ya, s. f. A kind of green

(colour), grass-green.

द्रभन doo-bhuk, s. m. A famine, a scarcity. gr door, adj. Distant, remote. adv. Far, far off; widely, deeply, Door bhagna, To abstain from, to abhor, abominate, avoid, shun. Door kurna, To remove, to dispel, to reject, to avert, to keep at a distance. Door kona, To be removed, to be remote, or dispelled. Door ho, Begone, avaunt, be off !

दर्गामी door-gamee, adj. Going far.

द्राता door-ta, s. f. Remoteness, distance.

दूरर्भन door-dúrshun, s. m. Foresight ; long-sightedness.

द्रारी door-durshee, adj. Long-sighted, far-seeing (literally or metaphorically). s. m. A pundit, a learned man, a teacher; a prophet, a seer; a vulture.

gren door-drish, s. m. A learned man; a vulture.

grefe door-drishti, s. f. Long-sightedness : foresight.

दरवाची door-vasee, m. \ adj Residing

दूरवासिनी door-vasinee, f. in a foreign land, outlandish.

द्राष्ट्र doorústh, adj. Remote, far off.

द्रोकत dooree-krit, adj. Removed, placed far off.

Remote, far off. हुनी doorvva, s. f. Bent grass, the Doob

(Panicum dactylon).

दृबहा dóolha, s. m. A bridegroom.

द्रवस dóo-shuk, adj. III, low, contemptible, infamous.

द्रवत dóo-shun, s. m. Blame, fault, defect, offence.

gfra doo-shit, adj. Calumniated, falsely Saccused, especially of adultery ; contaminated, cerrupted, spoiled; violated; blamed, censured.

द्रविता dóo-shit-a, e. f. A girl who has been violated or deflowered.

. f. The secretion or द्वी doo-shee,

दर्भोका dóo-shee-ka, I rheum of the eye. द्रव्य doosh-yuh, ad). Reprehensible, contemptible, vile, bad.

THE doo-sur, s. m. The second.

द सरा dóosra, adj. Second, other, an equal, a match. Dooreh, In the second (place), secondly.

द्रिया dóo-hiya, s. m. A kind of fire-place.

whose drik-kurn, s. m. A snake, whose eyes are his ears . in the opinion of the Hindoor, the snake has no visible external ear.

gr drig, s. m. The eye.

ganla drig-gol, s. m. A small circle on the axis of the earth, within the greater circle of the armillary sphere, and accompanying each planetary circle.

हस्य व dring-mundul, syn. A small circle within the great circles of the armillary sphere, accompanying each planetary circle or orbit.

g drirh, adj. Hard, firm; able, powerful; bulky, massive, solid; strong; confirmed. इड आगड drirh-kand, s. m. A bamboo.

हड़कारी drirh-káree, adj. Persevering, determined.

हरता drich-ta, s. f. Firmness, hardness; steadiness; solidity; strength.

दहनिश्चय drirh-nischy, adj. Certain, con-

firmed, corroborated, undoubted. इद्रम्स drirh-phúl, s. m. The cocoanut.

इडबन्तिनी drirh-bun-dhinee, s. f. A creeper (Echites frutescens).

इडअसि drirh-bhúkti, adj. Faithful, de-

इहमिं drirh-mooshti, adj. Miserly, niggardly, close-fisted.

इड सोमा drirh-lóma, alj. Having coarse hair on the skin. s. m. A wild hog; coarse hair, bristles.

इड्स्ट्रिका drirh-sóotri-ka, e.f. A plant, from the fibres of which bow strings are made.

हटसीहट drirh-soulid, adj. Firm in friendship, constant.

ga song drirh-skundh, s. m. A plant, a sort of Mimusops.

ESTS drirh-ang, adj. Firm-bodied, hard,

strong. s. m. A diamond.

हत्रामित drirha-bhúkti, s. f. A faithful mistress or wife.

इडायभ drirha-yóodh, s. m. A hero, one firm in battle.

gwi drisha, s. f. The eye.

ewil drishee, J

हजीपस drish-6-pum, s. m. The white lotus (Nelumbium speciosum

gra drish-yuh, adj. Visible, to be seen; beautiful, pleasing. s. m. (In arithmetic), A given quantity or number. दश्य drish-yutwih, s. m. Vision, sight. इष्ट drisht, adj. Seen, visible, apparent.

हरकूट drisht-kóot, s. m. A riddle, an enigma.

हरवत् drisht-wit, ) adj. Seeing, behold-हरवान् drisht-win, ing, having seen.

geren drish-tant, e. m. An example, illustration, a parable, simile, trope.

zfz drishti, s. f. The eye; sight, seeing, vision, view.

द्रश्चित drishti-krit,s. m. A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis).

eferra dríshti-nipát, s. m. A look, a look at or on.

द्वारत drish-ti-pát, s. m. A look, a glance. देवादा de-ára, s. m. A white-ant hill.

view, observe, mark, inspect, behold, perceive, experience. Dekhna bhalna, To see, to look at. Dekha dekhee, s. f. Emulation, competition, the looking at each other, or being within sight (of objects).

देखवेशा dekh-wyya, े s. m. A spectator, दिखवेशा dikh-wyya, beholder, observer, viewer.

देखा dékh-a, s. m. Sight, seeing.

देखादेखी dekha-dekhee, s. f. Emulation, competition, the looking at each other, or being within sight (of olijects).

देगलर deg-úm-bur, ady. Naked.

देखा dej-a, s. m. Dowry, portion.

देजू dej-oo, e.m. Part of a portion or dowry. देज den, verbal n. To give, giving.

देशान dén-len, s. m. Pecuniary transactions upon interest, debts and credit; barter,

हेना dén-a, v. a. To give, to grant, to yield, afford, allow, permit, emit, let, resign, cause, occasion, produce, to lay (eyys). s. m. Giving. Dena pana, s. m. Profit and loss, settling of one's affairs.

देवदार deb-dár, s. m. The mast tree (Uvaria longifolia).

देशी deb-ee, s. f. A Hindoo goddess, the wife of any deity or divine being; the goddess Doorga; a queen.

देवरा deb-ra, adj. Left, opposite of right. देकारवा de-marna, v. a. To dash on the ground, to throw, to stamp.

≥ déyuh, adj. To be given, fit or proper for a gift.

art der-a, s. m. A dwelling, a tent.

Radeo, s. m. A deity, a god; a husband's brother; a term or surname applicable to a Brahmun, also to a man of the Kayuth class.

देखा dév-uk, adj. Divine, celestial, like a deity.

देवजहूँ स dev-kúrddum, s. m. A fragrant paste of sandal, agallochum, camphor, and saf-flower.

देवकांडर dev-kán-dur, s.m. Water-cresses. देवकांड dev-kásth, s.m. A kind of pine (Pinus devdaroo).

eafar dev-kir ee, s. f. One of the female personifications of the modes of music.

देवकी dev-kee, s. f. Wife of Vusoodev, and mother of Krishn.

देवकीय dev-kéeyuh, ads. Divine, belonging or relating to a divinity.

देवज्ञान dev-koond, s. m. A natural spring. देवज्ञान dev-koosoom, s. m. Cloves.

Rayinees, or female personifications of the modes of music.

देवगायन dev-gáyun, s. m. A celestial quirister.

देवितरी dev-gir-ee, s. f. One of the female personifications of music.

देवस्त dev-grin, s.m. A celestial or planetary sphere, the dwelling of the gods; a temple. देवड्डी dev-úttee,s.f. A sort of gull (Larus ridibundus).

24377 dev-than, s. f. The second day of the moon of Kartik shookl-pukeh, on which Vishnoo is said to awake from his sleep of four months

a tree of paradise; the tree of plenty; any venerable and ancient tree; usually the place of assembling in a village.

देवता dev-ta, s. f. A god, a deity or divine being ; divinity.

देवताङ dev-tár, s. m. A kind of grass (An-dropogon serratus).

देवती ई dev-teerth, s. m. The part of the hand sacred to the gods, the tips of the fingers. देवल dev-utwuh, s. m. Divinity, the abstract attribute of divine being.

हेवटच dev-dútt, adj. Given by the gods, god-given, or given to the gods (a name or epithet).

देवदानी dev-dance, s. f. A sort of creeper, commonly called Hateghosh.

ইবহাৰ dev-dá-roo, s. m. A species of pine (Pinus devdaroo): in Bengal it is usually applied to the Uvaria tongifolia, and in the peninsulate to another tree (Erythroxylon sideroxylloides).

देवधाः dec-dhanyuh, s.m. A sort of grain cultivated in many parts of Hindoostan (Andropogon Saccharatus).

हेपम्प dev-dhoop, s. m. A fragrant resin (Bdellium) used in incense.

देवजन dev-núl, s. m. A kind of reed Arundo bengalensis).

देवन: गरी dev-nágur-ee, s. f. The Devnagures character used by the Hindoos in their sacred writings.

देवनासर्वा dévna-műrwa, s. m. A shrub (Voymum).

देवनिन्द्रक dev-nin-duk, s. m. A herotic, an unbeliever, a reviler of the gods.

देवनिन्दा dev-nín-da, s. f. Heresy, atheism.

देवनिष्यंत dev-nirm-mit, adj. Natural, created.

देवपथ dev-púth, s. m. Heaven, the firmament, the celestial path or way.

देवपूजक dev-poojuk, s. m. A worshipper of idols, or the gods.

देवपूजा dev-póc-ja, s. f. Idolatry, the worship of the gods.

हेवब सुभ dev-bállubh, s. m. A tree used in dying (Rottleria tinctoria).

देवभवन dev-bhuvun, s. m. The holy fig tree; paradise; a temple.

देवनाइ dev-más, s. m. The eighth month of pregnancy.

Rat dev-ur, s. m. A husband's brother, particularly his younger brother.

देवरावा devur-ance, s. f. Husband's younger brother's wife.

देशक्यी dev-roopee, adj Godlike, of divine

देवन devul, s. m. A temple where idois are worshipped, a temple, a pagoda.

देवखता dev-lút-a, s. f. Double jasmine.

देवजी dév-lee, s. f. A fish-scale ; the scale or scrab of small-pox ; s. small lamp.

any one of the seven superior worlds, from earth to the highest or Sutyach lek, in opposition to those below the earth; the particular sphere or heaven of any divinity.

देववर dev-vúr, s. m. A divine boon or blessing.

देववायी dev-vá-nee, s. f. The language of the gods, the Sunstrit language.

ইন্ত্র dev-vriksh, s. m. A tree (Echites scholaris; a tree of heaven or paradise; a plant yielding a fragrant resin (Bdollium).

देवज्ञत dev-vrút, s. m. Any obligation or vow ef a deity.

देवस्थान dev-sthan, s. f. A place of idols, a temple.

देवसभा dev-súb-ha, a.f. An assembly of the gods.

देवस्त्र devúswuh, s. m. The property applicable to religious purposes, endowments, &c:

देश dév-a, s. m. A god, a deity; a giver. s. f. A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis); a plant (Marsilea quadrifolia).

देवामत deva-gut, s. f. Sudden misfortune, accident.

देवाल dewal, s. m. A giver.

देवालय dev-áluy, s. m. A division of heaven, the residence of the gods; a temple.

देवाचा dewala, s. m. Bankruptey.

देवालिया dewáliya, ady: Bankrupt.

cated dewalee, s. f. A Hindoo festival (celebrated on the day of the new moon of Kurtik). The houses and streets are illuminated all night; and in Hindoostan the night is universally spent in gaming.

देवाल ई dewa-le-ee, s. f. Barter, traffic.

ইনী dév-ce, s. f. A goddess, the wife of any deity or divine being; the goddess Doorga; a queen; a plant (Trigonella corniculata).

हेवी को इ devee-kótt, s. m. A town, the city of "an, probably Davicotta on the Coromandel coast.

देवो स्वान devot-thán, s. f. A place of idols, a temple.

देशोदान dev-od-yán, s. m. A sacred grove. देश desh, s. m. A country, a region, whother inhabited or uninhabited, a territory.

देशकार desh-kár, s.m. A musical mode sung in the morning.

देशकारी desh-káree, s. f. A mode of music, a Raginee.

देशस्त्राम् desh-tyég, s.m. A'bandoning one's country, emigration.

देशभुद्धा desh-dhurmm, s. m. Local law, the law or usage of the country.

देशनिकाना desh-nikala, s.m. Banishment, exile.

देशब्दहार desh-vyuvhár, े s. m. Local देशबेदहार desh-beo-hár, े usage, oustora of the country.

देशभाषा desh-bhá-sha, s. f. The language of the country, the vernacular dialect.

देशाख desh-akh, s. m. A musical mode sung at noon in the spring.

हेणाचार desh-achar, s. m. The custom and usage of the country.

देशादन desh-atun, s. m. Wandering through the country.

देशाधिपात desh-ádhi-púti, s. m. The ruler of a country, a governor, a king.

देशान्तर desh-Antur, ) s. m. A foreign देशावर desh-awur, country.

देशावरी desh-awur-ee, s. m. A kind of betel-leaf; a kind of dove.

देशी desh-ee, adj. Of or belonging to a country; indigenous. s. f. Appearance.

देख désh-yuh, adj. Local.

देह deh, s. f. The body. Deh doorana, To conceal or cover the privities. Deh sumbhalna, To keep up one's spirits, to be firm, to recover one's self.

देहच्य deh-kshúy, s. m. Disease,sickness. हेड इत deh-chy6ot, adj. Separated or detached from the body (as exerement or the spirit, dec.

देच लाग deb-tyag, s.m. Voluntary death;

death in general.

देखवाला deh-yatra, s. f. Death, deine. रहरा dehra, s. m. A temple where idels are worshipped by Jyns, a Hindoo temple.

Gest deh-lee, s. f. The threshold of a door, the lower part of the wooden frame of a door, or a raised terrace in front of it.

देहदत deh-wit, ) adj. Corporeal, inha-देहवान deh-wan, S biting a body.

देह लाबादी dehátm-vádee, s. m. A Charvak. a materialist.

देहिन dehin, ) adj. Corporeal, embodied, देशी dehee, I having body; living, a living being.

dehoo, 2d pers. sing. imper. of Denoun, To give.

देना dy-ja, s. m. Dowry, portion.

देख dyt-yuh, s. m. A demon, a Titan or giant of Hindoo mythology.

देखवन dyt-yujóog, s. m. An age of the demons, consisting of 12,000 divine years, or the sum of the four yoogs or ages of men.

हन dyn, adj. Diurnal, daily, relating to a day. e. m. Poverty, wretchedness.

इनिक dyn-ik, adj. Diurnal, of or relating to a day.

देनिकी dyn-ik-ee, s. f. A day's hire or

wages. ness; poverty, humbleness.

हैवा dy-ya, s. f. A mother; the stand that children run to in playing at hide and seek. देशी dy-you, Gave, given.

हैंब dyv, adj. Of or relating to divinity or a deity, divine, celestial, &c. s. m. Destiny, fate, fortune.

देविन के dyv-chin-tuk, s. m. A fatalist. देविचना dyv-chiu-ta, s. f. Fatalism, reliance on fate.

देवच dyvúg-yuh, adj. Prophetic, foretelling, acquainted with fate, s. m. An astrologer. देवसा dyv-ugyá, s. f. A female fortuneteller.

देववृत्र dyv-y6og, s. m. An age of the gods or immortals.

टेबबोम dyv-yóg, e.m. The occurrence of any unforeseen event, the intervention of destiny. देवले खक dyv-lekhuk, s. m. An astrologer, a fortune-teller.

देववासी dyv-vánee, s. f. A voice from

देवान a dyva-gut, s. f. Sudden misfortune, accident.

देवात dyv-at, adv. By chance, by acci-देवी dovee, I dent, unavoidably, accidentstly, fatally jut length. w dyv-yuh, s. m. Fate, fortune.

et do, adj. Two. Do-kal, s. m. Both worlds.

Do-gundes chittee, A fomenter of quarrels; a gobetween, one who flatters both parties in a dispute. (Allusion to a game among children, who rub a tamarind seed on one side till a mark is made, then throw it like a die : the caster wins if the mark turns up. The seed thus prepared is called chittee : and if it be fraudulently marked on both sides, so as always to win, it is called dogundee). Doghuriya,s.m. The space of two hours. Do-challa, s. m. A roof sloping two ways. Dochitate, s. f. Suspense, absence or abstraction of mind, Do-chitta, adj. Wavering, doubtful, of two minds, absent or abstracted (in mind). Do-jiya, or Do-jeewa, adj. Pregnant. Do-jee seh hona, To be pregnant. Do-took, adj. Two-pieced; clear, plain, clean. Do-took hona, To be adjusted, to be completed. Do-dhara, adj. Two edged (sword). Do-parta, adj. Double, of two folds. Do-pulka, (having two eyelids), s. m. A kind of pigeon; a kind of stone for a ring. Do-puhur, s. f. Midday, noon. Do-puhriya, s. m. A kind of flower (Pentapetes phoenicea). adj. Meridian. Do-pubres, adj. Of noon or mid-day. Do-putta (two-breadthed), s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. Do-putta tanteh sona, To draw the sheet over one's head (either from security and carelessness or after death). Do-putta hilana, or, -- phirana, v. n. To hold out a flag of truce, to offer to surrender (a fort). Doblashiya, s. m. An interpreter. Do-rung, adj. Piebald, of two colours; hypocrite. Do-runga, adj. Capricious, double-dealer. Do-rungec, s. f. The property of having two colours; duplicity, hypocrisy, double-dealing, deceit, capriciousness. adj. Of two colours, capricious, double. faced. Do-lura, s. m. A necklace of two strings.

Do-lokes, s. f. A scimitar made of two plates of steel joined together. Do-scota, s. m. A kind of cloth, the threads of which are double. Do-scra, s. m. A weight of two seers.

दॉकना dónk-na, v. n. To growl.

दोको donk-ee, s. f. Bellows.

eft donr, s. m. A species of snake.

दीज dó-oo, adj. Both.

दोज dok, s. m. A two year old foal.

दोगाङ्ग do-gá-ra, adj. Twice, doubled; a musket carrying two balls.

दोनोवा do-jéewa, ads. Pregnant.

दोका dó jha, adj. Married to a second wife.

दोदना dód-na, v. a. To deny.

বীলা dó-na, s. m. A flower (a species of Artemisia); leaves folded up in the snape of a cup for holding betel, flowers, sweetnessts, &c. বীলাভী do-ná-lee, ady. Double-barrelled (a

gun).

दोनों dó-non, adj. Both. Donon wukt milnek, Expresses the evening twilight, when day and night meet.

दोपसा do-pústa, adj. Pregnant.

Ziar dó-bur, adj. Double.

cla do-beh, s. m. A title of Brahmuns.

दोसबान do-bhy-an, adj. Two-fisted, ambidextrous, strong.

रोगुंहा do-moonha, adj. Having two mouths. s. m. A serpent which has two mouths (Amphisbæna).

cle dol, s. m. Swinging; a festival on the 14th of Phalyoon, the swinging of the juvenile Krishn; a litter, a swinging cot, a dooly; a swing, Dol-mal kurna, v. a. To wave, swing, undulate; hesitate.

होतायमान dolayuman, adj. Swinging, being swung; doubting, perplexed, vacillating.

दोखिका dó-lik-a, s. f. A swing.

blemish; s. m. Fault, blame, vice, defeat, blemish; sin, offence, transgression, crime; disorder of the humours of the body, or defect in the functions of bile, circulation, or wind. Dosh hona, To be sick after child-birth, from neglect of regimen.

दोषक जन dosh-kúlpun, e. m. Reprehending, condemning.

alignant, censorious, adj. Malicious,

दोषण dosh-un, s. m. Objection, blame.

दोषना dosh-na, v. a. To accuse, to blame.

दोषयत dosh-wút, } adj. Faulty, defec-दोषयान dosh-wán, stive; wicked.

दोरिक dó-shik, ady. Faulty, defective, bad.

दोषिन dó-shin, adj. Faulty, defective; दोषी dó-shee, bad, wicked; criminal. दोशा do-shd, e.m. A low caste of Hindoos, residing in and about Patna, hog-keepers.

All do-see, s. m. Thick sour milk; a

metre, called Doha; a stanza of four lines, containing thirteen and eleven syllabic instants alternately.

होइसड do-húttur, s. f. A slap or pat with both hands.

रोहता dóh-ta,s. m. Son-in-law, daughter's दोहती dóh-tee,s. f. Daughter's daughter.

হাস্ত্র dó-hud, s. m. Wish, desire ; the longing of a pregnant woman, especially as a sign of impregnation.

हो हद व स्था dohud-lükshun, s. m. The fortus the embryo, sometimes confounded with the womb.

दोष्ट्रको dohud-wut-ee, } s.f. A preg-दोष्ट्रिका dohud-anvit-a, annt woman longing for any thing.

दोहन dó-hun, s. m. A milk vessel, a milk pail; milking.

दोहना doh-na, v. a. To milk.

दोहनी dőh-nee, s. f. A milk vessel, a milk pail.

होडर dó-hur, s.m. A double sheet, a sheath.

टोहरा dóh-ra, s. m. A distich. adj. Double, दोहराइ doh-rao, s. m. Repetition, doubling, reduplication.

दोहन्वती dohul-wat-ee, s.f. A pregnant woman longing for any thing.

दोहा doha, s. m. A couplet, distich.

27878 do-háce, s. f. A crying out for justice, exclamation; an oath, plaint (crying twice alas!) Dohace tihace kurna, To make reiterated complaints.

erer do-han, s. m. A young bullock, a

दोड़िन dó-hin, m. दोडिनो dó-hin-ee, f.

ef doun, s. f. Fire.

दौराहा doung-ra, s. m. A heavy shower.

दीजा dounj-a, s. m. A scaffold.

assault, endeavour, struggle, effort, race, running, course, career, military expedition.

tigue, toil, bustle. Dourdhoop kurna, To use great labour and exertion for the accomplishment of any object, to bustle, to toil.

दोड़ना dourna, v. a. To run, to gallop, course, drive, assault, rush, invade; toil.

course, arive, assault, rush, invale, arive, arive, assault, rush, invale, arive, arive, assault, rush, invale, arive, arive,

a lid); a highwayman (who robs on horseback).

दोड़ाच dourak, s. m. A racer, a runner, दोड़ाची dóura-dóuree, s. f. Running,

contest in running, race, hurry.

orgallop, to run, drive, impel, actuate, expedite, speed, despatch.

रोड़ाहा dou-rá-ha, s. m. A messenger, runner, courier, guide.

होड़ी dóu-ree,s.f. A drawn game at Chou-

Transition of the state of a cup for holding betel, flowers, sweetnests, &c.

ett dou-ra, s. m. A large basket (without cover.)

दीराक्य dour-átmyuh, s. m. Wickedness, depravity.

a rope with which a string of cattle are bound together.

दौर्गीख dour gun-dhi, s. f. Fætor, bad

दोजिन dour-jun-yuh, s. m. Wickedness, depravity, vileness.

दीर्क ह्य dour-vulyuh, s. m. Weakness, debility.

दौशीय dour-bhag-yuh, s. m. Ill luck,misfortune.

दौड़िल dou-bitr, s. f. A daughter's son. दौड़िलो dou-hit-ree, s. f. A daughter's daughter.

दुर्निता dy60-til-a, s. f. A plant (Himionites cordifolia).

बुत dyóot, s. m. Gaming, playing with dice, or any thing not possessing life.

द्वातकार dyoot-kar, s. m. The keeper of a gaming house; a gambler.

of full moon in the month Kartik (October-Notember), the night of which is spent in games of chance, in honor of the goddess of fortune, Lukhahmee.

दातसभा dyéot-súbha, s. f. A gaming house or assembly.

यूताधिकारी dyóot-adhikáree, s. m. The keeper of a gaming house.

द्योगनी dyó-ránee, s. f. Husband's younger brother's wife, The drawing of m. A man of an ont-cast tribe, descended from a degraded Kehntiree.

res or ismale personifications of music.

द्विणनामन d vivin-nashun, s. m. A plant (Hyperanthera morunga).

gar drúv-yuh, s. m. Wealth, property; substance, matter, thing; elementary substance, nine kinds of which are reckoned: viz. earth, water, fire, air, ather, time, space, soul, and intellect; a drug, a medicament, any thing used in medicine.

द्रव्यवत् druv-yuwút, } adj. Rich, weal-

द्रव्यसङ्ख् drúv-yu-súnchuy, 8 m. Accumulation of property.

द्रव्यार्क्जन druv-yarj-jun, s. m. Gain, acquisition, acquiring property.

द्राचा dráksha, s. f. A grape.

द्राधिमा drá-ghim-a, s. m. Length.

द्भावन drávuk, adj. Diuretie ; solvent,discutient.

हावनर drav-kúr, s. m. A kind of borax. हावन drá-wun, s. m. The clearing nut; fusing.

दाविका drá-vik-a, s. f. Saliva.

the coast of Coromandel, from Madras to Cape Comorin, or the country in which Tamul is spoken; a native of Dravir or Dravid; a Brahmson of Dravir, or rather of the south, five, Dravirs being specified, or Dravir, Kurnat, Goojjerat, Muharashtr, and Telung.

दाविङ्क drá-vir-uk, s. m. Zedoary (Curcuma zerumbet); black salt.

दासा draksha, s. f. A grape.

द्रिकिस droc-kil-im, s. m. A tree, a sort of pine (Pinus devdaros),

दत droot, adj. Quick or swift; flown, 'escaped, run away.

द्रतपद droot-púd, s. m. A quick pace or step. adv. Quickly.

दूस droom, s.m. A tree in general; a tree of Swurg or paradise.

द्रमनख droom-nukh, s. m. A thorn, or oclaw of trees.

द्रमञ्जाधि droom-vyádhi, े s. m. Lac, the द्रमासय droom-ámuy, े animal dye, or 'disease of trees.

tree, or sovereign of trees.

द्रमञ्ज droo-sulluk, s.m. A tree (Chironjia sapida).

caru drek-kan, s. m. The regent of onethird of a planetary sign, the Breasus of European astrology, whence the word is probably derived.

the same as an Adhuk; a measure of capacity, the same as an Adhuk; a measure of four Adhuk; in common use, a measure of thirty-two seers, or rather more than sixty-four los. avoirdupois; the sixteenth part of a Kharee, or forty-eight gallons; a proper name, the military preceptor of the Pandoos; a raven, or perhaps the carrion crow.

दोसकाम dron-kák, s. m. A raven.

होषास्त्र dron-mookh, है. m. The cadistrict, the principal of four hundred villages. दोह droh, e. m. Spite, malice, hatred, mischief, trespass, injury; offence, wrong; rebellion.

হৈছিল লব droh-chin-tun, s. m. Injurious design, malice propense; the wish, thought, or attempt to injure.

Zisiz dro-hat, s. m. A sort of metre, the Doha or stanza of Hindee poetry.

adj. Hurting, harming, dró-hiya, ing, endeavouring to hurt, mischievous, spiteful, malicious, malignant, inimical; rebellious.

द्रीरियको dróu-nik-ee, s. f. A vessel holding a dron by measure.

चुन्द dwund, s. m. A pair, a couple (male and female especially).

हुन्ह dwun-dwith, s. m. A pair, a brace; a couple of animals, or male and female; union of the sexes or coupling.

इन्द्रवारी dwindwuh-charee, अ. m. The ruddy goose, flying in couples.

ह्याचि dwuyag-ni, s. m. A plant (Plumbago zeylanica).

दादम dwa dush, adj. The twelfth.

दादगी dwa-dush-ee, s. f. The twelfth day of the half month.

grac dwa-pur, s. m. The third of the four Yoogs or great periods, comprising 864,000 years; doubt, uncertainty.

ETC dwar, s. f. A door, a gate, a means, an expedient, a medium or way by which any thing takes place or is effected.

Tt dwar, s. m. A door, a gate; or rather the door or gateway, a passage, an entrance; a way, a means, a medium or vehicle.

etter dwar-ka, s. m. Dwarka, the capital of Krishn, supposed to have been submerged by the sea, but represented by a small island off the north part of the Malabar coast.

हार पाल dwar-pal, s. m. A warder, a door-

हारविस्त्रज dwar-wali-bhooj, s. m. The

gret dwa-ra, adv. By means of.

arfir dwa-riu, ) s. m. A porter, a warder, a door-keeper.

fe dwi, dual only, arti. Two.

favga dwi-goon. adj. Twice, two times; multiplied by two, doubled.

हराजी हत dwi-goonee-krit, } adj Douh-हिराजी अत dwi-goonee-bhoot, led, increased, augmented.

First dwij, add Twice-born. s. m. A man of either of the three first classes, a Brakman, a Kausaree, or a Vys, whose investiture with the characteristic string, at years of puberty, constitutes, religiously and metaphorically, their second birth.

हिज क्राञ्चित dwij-kóotsit, s. m. A tree (Cor-

हिजदास dwij-das, s. m. A Soodr or man of the fourth and servile tribe.

दिन्दा dwi-júnma, adj. Twice-born, regeperate. s. m. A. Brahmun.

दिजिपिया dwij-priya, s. f. The moon-plant (Asclepius acida).

दिज सेवक dwij-sevuk, s. m. A man of the fourth and servile tribe, a Soode.

दिजा dwij-a, s. f. A plant (Siphonanthus Indicus); gum olibanum.

दिजायनो dwij-ayun-ee, s. f. The characteristic thread or cord which designates the three first classes of the *Hindoos*.

हितीय dwit-eeyuh, adv. Second.

fed at dwit-eeya, s. f. A wife, according to the ritual, a weman wedded after the ceremony prescribed by the Feds, a second solf as it were; the second day of the fertnight.

हितीयामा dwit-eeyabha, s.f. A scitamineous plant (Curcuma zanthorrhiza). [ways. दिशा dwid-ha, adv. Of two kinds in two दिशा dwi-dha-too, adj. Having two na-

feu dwip, s. m. A plant (Mesua ferrea). feuu dwi-púth, s. m. A plac) where two

roads meet.

feue dwi-púd, adj. Two-footed. s. m. A biped, including four genera, gods, demons, men, and birds.

दिसख dwi-móokh, s. m. A serpent. s. f. A leech.

दिस्खाहि dwi-mookh-shi, s. m. A sort of serpent (Amphishema).

ferm dwir-fokt, adj. Repeated, said twice; said or told in two ways.

বিব্যাস dwir-óokti, s. f Tautology, répetition.

हिन्द्र dwi-roop, adj. Of two forms.

दिविध dwi-vidh, adj. Of two kinds, in two ways. [animal.

दिशक dwi-shuph, s. m. Any cloven-footed दिशक dwi-suptah, s. m. A fortnight.

दिह्दया dwi-hridya, e.f. A pregnant wo-

man.
Find dweep, s. m. An island, any land surrounded by water; the word is hence applied to the seven grand divisions of the terrestrial world, each of these being separated from the next by a peculiar and circumambient ocean; the seven Dweeps, reckening from the central one, are Jumboo Knos, Pluvsh, Salmulee, Krounell, Sak, and Pooshkur: the central Dweep, or the known continent, is again portioned into ten divisions, likewise termed Dweeps; viz., Kooroo, Chundr, Vuroon, Soumyuh, Nay, Komarika, Gubhustiman, Tamrapoorn, Kuseroo, and Indr.

होपी dweepee, adj. Islander. s. m. A tiger. हेप dwesh, s. m. Enmity, hate, hatred.

देशी dwesh-ee, adj. Hostile, inimical, adverse, obnoxious. s. m. An enemy.

द्वे व्य dwésh-yuh, adj. Hateful, detestable. द्वे व्यान dwésh-yuta, s.f. Aversion, dislike, detestableness.

etestationeress.

a dwyt, s. m. Duplication, doubling or being doubled; duality, in philosophy, the assertion of two principles, as the distinctness of life and soul, spirit and matter, god and the universe.

ह तबादी dwyt-vadee, s. m. A philosopher who asserts two principles.

हेंच dwydh, adj. Two-fold, of two serts.

है भी करण dwydhee-kúrun, s. m. Making two, separating, disuniting.

हाई dwuyúrth, adj. Having two senses, meaning two things; having two objects. s. m. A two-fold meaning, double-entendre.

## ध

Nagures alphabet; it is the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by dh, as in mudhouse, but a soft dental.

धंधना dhúndh-ka, s. m. A kind of drum. धंधनो dhúndh-kee, s. f. A small drum. घंधना dhúndh-la, s. m. Deception, trick. धंबनाना dhundh-lá-na, v. a. To trick.

wat dhun-dha, s. m. Business, employment, work, avocation, occupation.

west dhun-dhar, adj. Solitary.

भंपारी dhun-dhar-ee, s. f. Solitude.

warren dhun-dhá-la, s. f. A procuress, a bawd.

शंसना dhúns-na, v. n. To be pierced stuck into, to be penetrated to be thrust into, to sink, to enter, run into.

धक्यक dhúk-dhuk, s. m. Palpitation, धक्यकी dhúk-dhuk-ee, s. f. perturbation, apprehension.

धक्षकाना dhuk-dhuk-ana, v. n. To palpi-

धकरहवाना dhúk-ruh-jána, v. n. To be founded at a sudden disaster.

चक्न dhuk-el, s. m. Shove, push, thrust. Dhukel dena; To push, to precipitate.

भनेलना dhuk-el-na, v. a. To shove, to push, to jostle.

धकेल dhuk-el-oo, s. m. A pusher.

धक्रमधक्षा dhúkkum-dhúkka, s.m. Shoving and jostling, justling.

wat dhúk-ka, s. m. A shove, jolt, push, jog. Dhukka dena, To shove, push, jolt.

धगड़ा dhúg-ra, } s.m. A paramour. Dhug-धगड़ dhuggúr, } gur-baz, s. f. An adulteress, Kazee, or, Bukhshee ka dhuggur, Independent of judge or general (an expression of pride).

धगोजना dhug-ól-na, v.n. To roll, to wallow. धनकना dhuchúkna, v. n. To give way,

भवतना dhuchúkna, v. n. To give way, sink (as a bog, slough, &c.)

धन dhuj, s.m. f. Shape, form; attitude, posture; figure, appearance, person, Dhuj pulutnā, To change one's attitude in sword-playing &c.

মন্ত্রা dhúj-a, s. f. A slip of cloth, a standard, a ship's pendant, a flag, a banner. s. m. Attitude, posture.

weiler dhuj-ée-la, adj. Well-looking, per-

used dhúj-joe, s. f. A slip of cloth or paper, a shred. Dhujjian oorana, To disgraco, to expose one to infamy. Dhujjian kurna, To tear to pieces.

बङ् dhur, s. m. The body.

धड़क dhur-uk, s. f. Palpitation ; fear. धड़का dhur-uk-na, v. n. To palpitate ;

to blaze.

pense; palpitation; thunder.

frighten.
ঘত্তমত্ত্ৰৰ dhúrdhur-júlna, v. n. To
burn with great fory. Dhurdhur ruhna, v. n. To
flutter, to palpitate.

धड़बड़ाना dhurdhur-ána, v. n. To flutter, to palpitate.

पहला dhur-úkka, s. m. The sound of hammering,&c.; frightening,alarming; a crowd.

चड्डा dhurúlla, s. m. The sound of hammering; frightening, alarming, bullying, bravado; a crowd.

Dhura bandhna, To make up a standard to weigh by, with bricks or any thing else; as, by having one weight (of a pound suppose) it is doubled, quadrupled, and so on, till the weight requisite is obtained.

घड़ाका dhur-aka, s. m. A crash, report of

a gun, explosion.

dhur-ee, s. f. A line, particularly the black lines made on the lips with missee; a weight of five seers; the quantity weighed at once.

घडु चा dhúr-oo-a, ) s. m. A bird, a kind घडुवा dhúr-wa, of myna or jay.

भत dhut, s. f. A word used to encourage elephants.

धतीनगर् dhut-éen-gur, ady. Ignoble, spurious.

uat dhut-bo-ra, s. m. A plant (Datura fastuosu, or thorn-apple.)

धर्तात्वा dhut-bo-riya, adj. A cheat, an impostor.

भध्यता dhúdh-uk-na, v. n. To blaze.

वधकर dhudh-úch-chhur, s. m. In versification, certain words or letters, which are reckoned by poets to be unlucky. (The letters, Eh, त g, त n, in the beginning of a verse; र र, त j, स s, in the middle; and स k, ट १, त gyu, in the end of a sentence are of this description).

done! what happiness! how fortunate. s. m. Fortune, prosperity, an expression of praise, thanks, riches, property of any description, thing, substance, wealth, opulence. Dhun putr, s. m. An inventory of property. Dhunman, or, Dhunwan, adj. Affinent, rich, wealthy. Dhunmana, To thank. Dhun-andh, adj. Blinded with wealth or riches, purse-proud.

धनंत्रद dhun-un-júy, s. m. Fire ; a tree (Pentaptera arjuna).

धनक dhan-uk, s. f. Embroidery, lace.

धनवटी dhun-kut-ee, s. f. The season for cutting rice.

धनग्रित dhun-girbbit,adj. Purse-proud. धननर dhun-titur,adj. Opulent,powerful. धनरपा dhun-trishna, e. f. Covetousness.

यनद् dhun-ud, adj. Beneficent, liberal, who gives away property, &c.

vacue dhun-dand, . m. Fine, amerce-

धनदपं dhun-durp, s. m. Pride of wealth.

धनदावी dhan-dayee, adj. Liberal, munificent. s. m. A benefactor, a donor.

धननार dhun-tin-tur, n. prop. The धननारी dhun-tin-ter-ee, name of a physician in the court of Indr. adj. Powerful, streng, wealthy.

धनपति dhun-puti, s. m. The god of riches,

धनप्रिय dhun-priyuh, adj. Fond of wealth. धनप्रिया dhun-priya, s. f. A vegetable (Ardisia solanacea).

धनसद dhun-mud, adj. Proud, inflated with the pride of wealth.

धननीम dhun-lobh, s. m. Desire of wealth, greediness, avarice.

धनवान dhun-wan, धनवान dhun-wan, धनाका dhun-adh-yuh,

धनव्यव dhun-vyúy, s.m. Expenditure, extravagance.

धनस्थानि dhun-súm-putti, s. f. Accumulation of wealth.

चन्य dhun-séo, s. m. The fork-teiled shrike.

पनहरी dhun-hur-ee, adj. A thief, a pilferer. s. f. A sort of perfume commonly called Chor.

धनहा dhun-há, s. m. A cultivator of rice. adj. (Of a country) in which rice is cultivated. धनहीं q dhun-héen, adj. Poor, reduced to

धनाधिकारी dhún-adhi-káree, s. m. An

धनाधिकारिका dhún-adhi-kárinee,s.f. An heiress.

धनार्क्जन dhun-árj-jun, s. m. Acquisition of property.

धनायी dhun-arthee, adj. Seeking for wealth, covetous, miserly.

धनाभा dhun-asha, s. f. Thirst of wealth, longing after riches.

धनाची dhun-ash-ree, s. f. One of the musical modes.

धनिक dhún-ik, adj. Pious. s. m. A creditor.

धनिया dhún-iya, s. m. Coriander seed (Coriandrum sativum). Dhuniyeh kee khopreo men paneo pilana, v. a. To harass, to disturb, to tantalize.

stost dhun-ish-tha, s. f. The twentyfourth Nukshutr or lunar mansion; the dolphin; it comprises four stars and is figured by a drum or tabor.

धनी dhún-ee, adj. Rich, wealthy, fortu-

mate; an epithet of the Deity. s. m. Owner, proprietor. s. f. A beam.

चनु dhon-oo, s. m. A bow ; the sign Sagit-

turius

Ta dhan-ook, s. f. A bow. Dhunookdhare, s. m. An archer. Dhunook-dhur, s. m.
An archer, armed with a bow, an epithet of
Krishn. Dhunook-dhura, s. m. A ceremony in
honor of Shiv. Dhunook-bach, s. f. Tetanus.

धनुकी dhún-oo-kee, s. f. The bow with which cotton is cleaned. adj. Arched.

धनु: घट dhun-oo-pút, s. m. A tree (Buchamania latifolia).

भन्: भारता dhun-oo-shakha, s. f. A plant, from the leaves of which a tough thread is extracted, of which bow-strings were formerly made (Sanseviera zeylanica).

धनुर्धर dhun-oor-dhur, s. m. An archer, a

bowyer, one armed with a bow.

धनुभौरी dhun-oor-dharee,s.m. An archer, a bowyer.

धनुम्हाचा dhun-oor-mala, s. f. A plant, from the leaves of which bow-strings were made. धनुमेता dhun-oor-lut-a, s. f. The moon-

plant. धन्य dhún-oosh, s. m. A bow.

with a very large bill (Buccros).

घरेडर dhun-esh-wur, s. m. Koover, the Indian Plutus.

ষরাইত dhunna-séth,adj.Successful; true speaking.

च्चीटा dhun-nó-ta, s. m. Cross beams that sustain the supports of thatch.

धन्य dhún-yuh, adj. Fortunate, well-fated, lucky; good, virtuous. interj. Well done! what happiness! how fortunate! an expression of praise, worthy of greatness or glory!

धन्त्राक dhun-yak, s. m. A plant bearing a small pungent seed used by the Hindees as a condiment (Coriandrum satistum).

and it dhun-wun-tur-i, s. m. The physician of the gods, said to have been produced at the churning of the ocean; a celebrated physician who appears to have been the founder of the Hindoo medical school.

धन्ययास dhun-wuy-vas, s. m. A plant (Hedysarum alhagi).

धना dhún-wa, s. m. A country scanfily supplied with water, a desert, a waste; a firm spot, land, ground.

and dhun-wee, s. m. An archer, a bowman; a name of Urjoon; a tree (Pentaptera arjuna); a wag, a wit, a sharp or shrewd man.

इप dhup, s. m. Voice, sound, noise, crack. अपाद dhup-ar, s. m. Running, race. चया dhúp-pa, s.m. A stain on cloth; a slap, box, thump, blow; deception.

भुज्या dhúb-ba, s. m. A stain on cloth.

धमञ्ज dhum-uk, s. f. Noise of footsteps over-head, thumping, &c.; threat, threatening, awe. s. m. A blacksmith.

भावना dhúm-uk-na, v. n. To throb, to shoot (as the pain of a head-ache); to palpitate, to thump; to finsh, to glimmer.

चसका dhúm-ka, s. m. Great heat; threatening, chiding; thump, noise produced by the fall of any heavy body.

ध्यकाना dhum-ká-na, v. a. To threaten, menace, chide, snub, cow, daunt.

धनका हठ dhum-ká-hut, हैं .f. Threaten-धनकी dhúm-kee, ing, threat, menace.

धमधमाना dhum-dhum-éna, v. n. To make a noise (with the feet by running about over-head). धमध्य dhum-dhéo-sur, adj. Corpulent. धमाना dhum-áka, s. m. A kind of cannon

carried on an elephant,

धमानीकरी dhum-a-choukree, s. f. Noise, tumult, bustle.

धमाधम dhum-a-dhum, s.m. The sound of stamping, thumping.

warre dhum-ar, s. m. A chime or time in music: running through fire on religious occasions (among Mahomedan mendicants).

सहाज dhum-Al, s. m. A chime or time in music; a kind of song which is sung during the Holee, or festival held at the approach of the vernal equinox; running through fire on religious occasions (among Mahomedum fukeers).

धर्मोका dhum-6-ka, s. m. A kind of tambourin.

HEA Tes dhum-mal, s. m. Running through fire on religious occasions (among Mahomedan mendicants).

the navel (or rather the unbilical vein, perhaps the aorta or celiack artery, as it is said to pulsate) which is supposed by the Hindoo physicians to be occasionally removed from its place, and thus to occasion various morbid symptoms. This is called diamun dignes, or naf tulna, or, —oakhurna, and the cure is attempted by friction of the belly s.m. Holding, possessing, having; a measure or weight, a breast, a female breast.

dhur, s. m. A mountain; a name of Sheshnag, a fabulous serpent, said to uphold the earth; a name of Vishnoo, in the form of a tortoise and of a boar.

bettil need thurnee kind, s. m. An esculent root or bulb.

Secta, the wife of Ram, earth-born, being turned up from the soil by a plough, as Junut was ploughing a spot to prepare it for a sacrifice.

भरती dhurtee, s. f. The earth. Dhurtee

घटभावना dhur-dhum-films, v. n. To proproceed with tumultuous rapidity; to move with violence, to rush.

धरन dhúr-un, s. f. A beam.

axen dhúr-na, v. a. To place, put down, lay, assume, put on, apply; to give in charge; to soize, catch, lay hold of, hold, keep. Dhurna dona, or,—bythna, A mode of extorting payment of a debt or compliance with any demand.

धरनी dhurnee, धरनेन dhur-net,

धरवाना dhur-wá-na, v. a. To cause to place, &c.

WIT dhur-a, s. f. The earth.

water dhur-a-na, v. n. To owe.

WITA dhur-it-ree, s. f. The earth.

husband of a Hindoo widow among the lower classes: this connection, being contrary to the spirit of the Hindoo institutions, is formed without any particular ceremony, except marking the bride's head with minium.

atige dhur-6-hur, s. f. A trust, a charge, any thing given in charge, a deposit.

uni ahurt-ta, s. m. A debtor.

dhurmm, s. m. Virtue, moral and religious merit, according to the law and the Veds, justice; usage, practice, the customary observances of caste, sect, &c.; duty, especially that enjoined by the Veds; fitness, propriety; innocence; any peculiar or prescribed practice or duty; thus, giving alms, &c., is the dhurm of a householder; administering justice, the dhurm of a king; piety, that of a Brahmun; courage, that of a Kshuttrie; law.

चर्मा कार्य dhurm-karyuh, s. m. Any indis-

pensable act of religion.

want far dhurm-kriya, s. f. Righteous conduct, acting according to law; any religious act.

भारत स्था से अ dhurm-kshetr, s.m. A plain in the north-west of India near Delhi, the scene of the great battle between the Kooroos and Pandoos.

भू स्वाप्त (dhurm-gruhun, s.m. Observance of moral or religious institutes, accepting or following the taw.

स का बादिना dhurm chá-rin-ee, s. f. A virtuous woman, an honest wife. चक्ति dhurm-chá-ree, adj. Virtuous,

धन्मिन्तन dhurm-chin-tun, s. m.) Virtu-धन्मिनिन्ता dhurm-chin-ta, s. f. ous reflection.

wei s dhurm-úgyu, adj. Knowing one's duty, conversant with virtue.

सुन्त्र प्राच dhurm-gyan, s.m. Knowledge of moral, legal, and religious duty.

प्रस्ते स dhurm-un, s. m. A sort of tree; a kind of large snake, net poisonous.

चक्य dhurm-ut-wuh, s.m. Morality, piety; inherent nature, peculiar property, &c.

प्रशाही dhurm-dré-hee, adj. Wicked. प्रशाहनी dhurm-dhwúj-ee, s.m. A religi-

ous hypocrite or impostor, one who makes a livelihood by assumed devotion.

बर्मानिवन्द्र dhurm-ni-bundh, s. m. Piety, virtue.

धका निवासी dhurm-ni-bun-dhee, adj. Pious, holy, engaged in or conducive to virtue.

चन्द्री निवारित dhurm-nish-pútti, s. f. Duty, moral or religious observance, discharge or fulfilment the of duty.

भद्मेपनी dhurm-pfit-nee, s. f. A man's first wife and of same class.

पर्श्वपन्न dhurm-pútr, s. m. Glomerous fig tree ( Ficus glomerata).

Pandoo prince Youdhisthir; one so considered, as a son for piety or duty.

धर्माप्रधान dhurm-prudhán,adj. Eminentin piety.

प्रशासिको dhurm-bhá-gin-ee, c. f. A vir-

च क्रमच dhurm-múy,adj. Moral,righteous, made up or replete with virtue, &c.

घटा मूज dhurm-mool, s.m. The foundation of Hindoo law and religion (the Veds).

The regent of the dead; of Yoodhishir; also of Urjoon; a king in general.

भवा ोंची dhurm-ro-dhee, adj. Illegal, im-

चक्तवत dhurm-wút, m. ) adj. Virtu-

धर्म्भवान dhurm-wan, m. ) upright, just.

Tarre dhurm-viváh, s. m. Legal marriage of five sorts, as the Brahma, Dyva, Arsha, Gandhurb, and Prajaputya.

प्रकृतिवेश्वन dhurm-viv-échun, s.m. Judicial investigation.

भक्त भारत dhurm-shala, s. m. A court of justice, a tribunal.

विकास dhurm-shastr, s. m. The body or code of Hindoo law; any work on the subject. प्रकारी ब dhurm-sheel, adj. Virtuous, just, pious.

of laws, especially the work of some saint or divine person, as Menu, &c.

धर्मा सभा dhurm-súb-ha, s. f. A tribunal, a court of justice.

pieus or virtuous person. A saint, a

अस्ति प्रति विश्वासिक dhurm-adhurm-pureeksha, s. f. Ordeal by drawing lots or slips of black and white paper.

भन्मीिकारी dhurm-adhi-karee, s. m. A

च का कि व dhurm-adhyúksh, s.m. A magistrate, a judge, &c.

धना निसार dhurm-anosar, s. m. Conformity to law cr virtue, course or practice of dut । अस्य विसार dhurm-avutar, s. m. An incarnation of justice, used as a term of respect.

भक्षीसन dhurm-asun, s. m. The scat of the judge, the bench.

धरिक्षेष्ट dhurm-ishth, adj. Very pious or virtuous.

प्रकर्मि dhurmee, adj. Virtuous, pious, just. प्रकर्में प्रदेश dhurm-op-desh, s. m. Moral or religious instruction.

धन्तीपरंगक dhurm-op-déshuk, s. m. A gooroo or spiritual preceptor.

wa dhuv-uh, s. m. A husband; a tree (Grislea tomentosa).

ध्वत dhúv-ul, adj. White; handsome, beautiful. s. m. White (the colour); a tree (Grisley tomentosa); an inferior mode of music.

भवतपत्र dhuv-ul-puksh, s. m. The fortnight of the moon's increase.

धवनक्षां त्रका dhúvul-mrítika, s. f. Chalk. धवनित dhúv-ul-it, adj. White, whitened. धवनीकत dhuv-ul-ce-krit, adj. White,

made white.

धवली सूत्र dhuv-ul-ee-bhoot, adj. Become white.

who are Moseulmans

धमना dhús-uk-na, v. n. To give way, to sink (as a quagmire or slough).

धरन dhus-un, s. f. A quagmire; the state of being thrust into.

য়স্থা dhús-na, v. n. To be pierced, stuck into, to be penetrated, to be thrust into, to sink, to enter, run into.

ध्यम dhús-um, s. m. A swamp.

घमान dhus-au, } s. m. A slough, bog, घमान dhus-ao, quagmire, a swamp. घमान dhus-ana, v. a. To cause to be thrust into, to sink.

wing dhan-gur, s. m. A cast whose husiness it is to dig the earth.

घांचना dhandh-na, v. a. To gormandize.

with dhan-dhal, s. f. Wrangling, subterfuge, trick, cheating, juggle, chicanery. Dhan-dhulpuna, s. m. Chicanery, juggle, cheating, subterfuge.

wiwel dhandh-lee, s. m. A wrangler.

घांयचांय dhaen-dhaen, s. f. The report of cannon heard at a distance; a sound made by burning anything.

चांचया dhan-wy-ya, s. m. A thrasher.

शांसना chans-na,v. n. To cough (a horse). शांसी dhans-ee, s. f. A cough (of a horse).

wig dhách, s. f. A nurse.

शास्त्रा dhách-márna, v. n. To cry, to groun. Dhach mar rona, To cry, to groun, to weep bitterly.

time; fear, terror; a tree (Butea frondsea); a post.

WITH Charkur, s. m. A mongrel.

भासा dhá-kha, s. m. A swing ; a tree (Bu-(tea frondosa).

हारा dhá-ga,s. m. A thread. Dhaga dalna, v. a. To quilt.

भारी dhá-tee, & f. Advancing towards on confronting an enemy.

खाड़ dhar, s. f. धाड़ा dhá-ra, s. m.

भाव dhat, भाव dhatoo, } s. m. Ore, metal, minera ;

धातको dhat-kee, e. f. A tree (Grislen tomentosa).

Semen virile.

of the body, as phlegm, wind and bile; any constituent part of the body, as blood, flesh, &c.; a primary or elementary substance, viz. earth, water, fire, air, and \*Ukus\* or atmosphere; the property of a primary element, odour, flavour, colour, touch, and sound; an organ of sense; a mineral, a fossil; a metal; a grammatical root.

भात का गोत्र dhátoc-kashéesh, s. m. Red sulphate of iron.

utan dha-toop, s. m. The alimentary juice or chyle.

signa dha-too-bhrit, adj. Promoting the animal secretions.

धात्माचिक dhátoo-mákshik, s. m. A mineral substance, a sulphuret of iron.

भातमारियो dhátoo-márinee, s. f. Borax. भातराजन dhátoo-rájuk, s. m. Semen, the seminal fluid.

चात्वस्थ dhátoc-vúllubh, s. m. Borax.

angered dhátoo-vádee, s. m. An assayer, a miner, a mineralogist.

भारतेरी dhatoo-vyree, s. m. Sulphur.

भारतभेडर dhátoo-shékhur, s. m. Green sulphate of iron, or green vitriol.

भार पन dha-too-pul, s. m. Chalk.

भारत्रपुरिष्य का dhátri-póosh-pika, s. f. A tree (Grislea tomentosa.)

भाविका dhá-tri-ka, s. f. Emblick myroba-

utal dha-tree, s. f. A mother, a fostermother, anurse; the earth; Emblick myrobalan.

धान dhan, s. m. The rice-plant, or rice before it is separated from the husk.

धाना dha-na, v. n. To run, to make haste; to toil and labour, to drudge; to worship.

वानी dha-nee, s. f. A kind of rice in the husk; a light green colour.

archer; a watchman armed with a bow; a caste of hill people using bows and arrows.

धानुक dha-nooshk, s. m. A bowyer, an

भान का dha-noosh-ka, s. f. A tree (Achy-ranthes aspera).

erra dhan-yuh, s. m. Corn in general, but especially rice (Oriza sativa); coriander, a meaaure equal to four sesamum seeds.

भान्यराज dhan-yuraj, e. m. Barley.

चा व्यवस dhan-yuwut, adj. Abounding in corn, having abundance of it.

wru chap, s, f. A foot.measure; as far as a man can run without taking breath.

धासाई dha-bhaee, s. m. Foster-brother, धास dham, s. m. A dwelling, a house, a place.

arn dham-nee, s. f. Any tubular vessel of the body.

भागवन dham-wut, adj. Splendid, luminous, eminent, exalted, illustrious.

भागा dhá-ma, s. m. A large cane basket. भागिन dhá-min, s. m. A kind of serpent (which is said to suck cows and to be harnless);

भार dhách, s. € A nurse.

a kind of wood kind of bamboo.

great. Dhade mer rona, To cry, to great, to weep bitterly.

urrent; edge (of a sword, &c.); sharpness.

Dhar pur marna, or, Dhar marna, To contemn, to despise.

wit dhar, s. m. Debt; slight sprinkling rain; end, bound, a line or limit.

WICH dhá-ruk, s. m. A debtor.

with dha-run, s. m. Holding, having, keeping, maintaining, bearing, upholding, sustaining, assuming.

tude, keeping in the right way; fortitude, firmness, steadiness, resolution; mental retention, memory. v. a. To hold, bear, have, keep, place, owe, sustain, support, uphold; to pour (mater).

बारकी dhar-nee, s. f. Any tubular vessel of the body.

धारन dhá-run, verbal n. s. Holding, bearing, sustaining, upholding, assuming, keeping. धारना dhár-na, v. a. To hold, bear, have,

keep, place, owe, sustain, support, uphold; pour (water).

WILL dhá-ra, s. f. A stream, a current.

urcrett dha-ra-sar, s. m. A heavy fall of rain, a large drop or shower.

भारित dhá-rit,adj. Upheld, assumed, sus-

and dha-ree, s. f. A line, lineament; a small buttress; a plant used in dying (Lythrum fruticosum: Grislea tomentosa); (used in comp.) bearing, holding, having, wearing. Dhareedar, adj. Lined, striped, streaked.

चान्सिक dhár-mik, adj. Virtuous, pious,

WIE dhao, s. m. A plant (Grislea tomen-

भावन dha-wuk, adj. Running, going, swift, expeditious; cleaning, what cleans or cleanses.

धारत dhá-wut, adj. Running, going quickly.

धावन dhá-wun, s. m. Going, motion; cleansing, purifying.

धावना dháo-na, v. n. To range, roam, rove; to run, ran at, attack; to trulge; to worship.

चावनिका dháo-ni-ka, s.f. A prickly night-shade.

धावनी dháo-nee, s. f. A sort of creeping plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides).

भाषकान dhao-mán, adj. Running, going, swift, expeditious.

aren dhá-wa, s. m. Running; over-running an enemy's country, attack, assaulting; a stock, a store; crowding together; name of a tree. Dhava marna, To go expeditiously from a distant place; to run on or about.

शाबित dha-wit, adj. Purified, cleaned, cleaned; gone, gone or run away; run to, advanced to or against.

wis dhah, s. f. Cry, noise. Dhah marna,

To cry, to groan.

Fig. dhik, adv. An interjection of reproach or menace, or of contempt and aversion, fie, shame, &c.

fugit dhik-kar, s. m. Disrespect, repreach, censure, contempt; curse, anathema.

चिकारना dhik-kar-na, v. a. To reproach, to curse.

चिकारी dhik-ká-ree, adj. Damned, cursed. चिकारा dhing-ana, s. m. Clamour, oppression.

fund dhim-cha, s. m. A kind of tama-

fur dhiya, s. f. A daughter.

furant dhir-kar, s. m. Disrespect, reproach, censure, contempt; curse, anathema. चिर्वाच dhir-kal, s. m. A caste of people

who work on bamboos.

facia dhir-aj, s. m. A potentate, a monarch, an emperor.

चिराना dhir-ána, v. a. To threaten, to bully.

भी dhee, s. f. Understanding, intellect.

धींग dheeng, धींगडा dheeng-ra, } s. m. A paramour.

धीराधांगी dhéenga-dhángee, s. f. Teasing. धीरा dhée-da, s. f. A virgin, a maid.

धोन्द्रिय dhéen-driyuh, s.m. An intellectual organ, as the mind, the eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin.

धोमत dheem, s. m. Slowness; gentleness. धोमत dhee-mut, m. adj. Sensible, धोमत dhee-mut-ee, f. wise, learned. धोमर dhee-mur, s. m. A fisherman; a

caste of fisherman.

will the ma, adj. Slow, lazy; gentle, mild, temperate, absted, allayed. Dheemeh dheemeh, adv. Gently, softly.

धोभादे dhee-mā-ee, s. f. Slowness, tardiness; gentleness, mildness.

भीमान dhee-man, alj. Sensible, wise, learned.

patient, sedate. s. m. Resolution, firmness, patience, deliberateness, sedateness.

भोरज dhée-ruj, s. m । Patience, sedate-भोरता dhéer-ta, s. f. ) ness, gravity ; firmness, deliberateness.

भीरत dheer-út-wuh, s. m. Firmness, for-

Witt dhée-ra, adj. Gentle, patient, deliberate, sedate, grave.

चीरिया dhée-riya, s. f. A daughter.

धोदर dhée-wur, s. m. A fisherman; a caste of fishermen.

भोवरी dhee-wur-ee, s. f. A fisherman's wife; a sort of harpoon for catching fish with. भोवान dhee-wan, adj. Intelligent, renowned, famous.

भोगति dhee-shukti, s. f. An intellectual faculty or power of the understanding, as attention, comprehension, &c.

चुंगार dhoon-gar, s. m. Seasoning with which any thing is fried.

पुंगरना dhoon-gar-na, v. a. To season with spices.

yw dhoondh, s. m. Dim-sightedness; haziness, mistiness.

चुंचनार dhoondh-kar, s. m. Darkness, obscurity, mistiness.

घुंबराना dhoondh-ra-na, v. n. To be dull, misty.

भुंचना dhóondh-la, adj. Foggy, misty, dull-भुंचनाई dhoondh-lace, s. f. Dimness, cloudiness, mistiness.

धंघेजा dhoon-dhel-a, adj. Knavish.

wig Tdhoon-wa, s. m. Smoke.

चुनाइपुनाइ dhóokur-póokur, s. f. Palpitation, agitation.

धुकड़ी dhoo-kur-ee, s. f. A purse.

चुकाधुकी dhook-dhook-ee, s.f. An ornament worn on the breast; perturbation, anxiety, apprehension; consideration, reflection.

धुना dhóot-ta, s. m. Trick, deception.

Dhootta dena, To deceive.

gq dhoon, s. f. Inclination, propensity, application, diligence, perseverance, ardour, ambition, assiduity; pains in the bones; sound, musical sound.

धुनकना dhoo-núk-na, v. a. To card or comb (cotton).

पुनवी dhoen-wee, s. f. The bow with which cotton is carded.

धुनि dhóo-ni, s. f. Sound, musical sound. धुनिया dhóo-ni-ya, s. m. A carder, a comber (of cotton).

धुनिहाब dhoo-ni-hao, s. m. Pains in the bones.

धुनेहा dhoo-neha, s. m. A carder of cotton, a comber.

भुत्रमार dhoon-dhoo-mar. s. m. An insect (Coccinetta).

भुजा dhóon-na, v. a. To comb, to card (cot-

ton); to beat (the head), Sie dhoonna, To beat one's head with vexation, &c.

year dhoobla, s. m. A petticoat, or any loose garment for covering the legs.

धुमना dhoom-la, adj. Blind, dim-sighted.

gr dhoor, s. m. Beginning; limit, end.
Dhoor seh dhoor tuk, From beginning to end.

धुर्पट dhóor-pud, s. m. A kind of song. धुर्सांक dhoor-sánjh, s. f. Dusk, twilight ;

वृद्धाना dhoo-ri-yana, v.a. To throw dust;

af dhoo-ree, s. f. An axletree.

वृत्तवाना dhool-wá-na, v. a. To cause others to wash.

चुनाई dhoo-la-ee, s. f. Washing; price of

धुनागा dhoo-lana, v.a. To cause to wash. धुनेंडी dhoo-len-dee, ) s. f. The first day

of the month Chyt, on which it is the practice to scatter ashes, and thoov-ka, s. f. The introductory stanza to a song, forming afterwards the burthen of each verse.

इस्र dhoos-toor, s. f. Thorn-apple (Datu-

gur, dhoos-sa, s. m. Flannel, a kind of coarse stuff made of shawl-wool.

पुंचां dhéon-an, } s. m. Smoke.

gur dhoon-dhur, e. f. Fogginess, dulness.

gloomy. dull,

ight dhoon-dhoon-kar, s. m. Heavy ight dhoon-dhoon-kal, rain obscuring the whole heaven; gloomy weather, gloominess; desolateness; name of a game.

visit dhoon-wa-ra, s. m. A chimney.

भूबाराना dhoon-wa-rana, v. a. To smoke.

भूनक dhóo-nuk, } s. m. Rosin, resin.

Smoke; funigation by way of exorcising one possessed; or, as a medical application; a fire lighted by a *Hindoo* mendicant, over which he sits, imbibling the smoke, by way of penance. It is often practised by them in the manner of *dhurna*, to extort compliance with their demands: hence, *Dhoonee dena*, To dun, to importune; to smoke. *Dhoonee lugance*, To insist obstinately, or to persevere in a demand; funigation by way of exorcising one possessed;

or, as a medical application. Dhomes lena, To inhale smoke, or undergo furnigation.

pour that proceeds from the combustion of any fragrant gum or resin, the use of which is authorized by the shasters; the perfume burnt by Hindoos at the time of worshipping. s. f. Samehine, the heat of the sun. Dhoop-dance, s. f. A pot for keeping dhoop.

भू बकाला dhoop-kala, s. m. The hot wea-

भूपना dhoop-na, v. a. To smear with pitch, to pitch, to perfume.

ष्ट्रमञ्ज dhoop-briksh, s. m. A species of pine (Pinus longifolia).

चूपाङ्ग dhoop-ang, s. m. Turpentine.

bustle, noise, fame, rumour, report.

ध्रमकत dhoom-kétoo, s. m. A comet or falling star.

पुन्यान dhoom-dham, s. f. Pomp, parade, tumult, bustle, noise.

भूतप्रभा dhoom-prubha, s. f. A supposed division of hell, the hell of smoke.

सुसरा dhóom-ra, मुख्या dhóom-la, व्या dhóo-ma, of the colour of smoke, compounded of black and red, purple.

wr dhoor, e.f. Dust.

भूर भानी dhoor-dhá-nee, s. m. A tall stout fellow. s. f. A firelock (without a chamber). धर संभा dhoor-sún-jha, s. m. Evening.

भूरादेना dhéora-déna, v. a. To deceive, to wheedle, to take in.

चूरियाबेला dhóoriya-bela, s. m. A species of jasmine.

इंटिबामहार dhéoriya-mullar, s.m. A musical mode (particularly sung in the beginning of the rains).

सून dhoort, adi. Fraudulent, crafty, cunning, sly, dishonest, knavish, &c; mischievous, injurious, s. m. A gamester, a rogue, a cheat.

भूतता dhoort-tá, s. f. Knavery, roguery, knavishness, cuming, slyness,

धूल dhool, } s. f. Dust.

भुजन dhoo-luk, s. m. Poison.

red vegetable powder thrown about at the spring festival called the Hooles.

ध्रमना dhoos-na, v. a. To ram, to stuff; to butt (as horned cattle).

a. m. Grey (the colour); any thing of a grey tint.

घसाधासी dhoosa-dhasee, s. f. Cramming and stuffing.

ਬਾਲਾ dhoo-há, s. m. A scarecrow.

En dhrit, adj. Possessed, held, contained.

Bacus dhrit-rásh-truh, s. m. A proper name, the father of Dooryodhun, and uncle of the Pandoo princes; a good king.

earm dhrit-atma, adj. Firm, steady,

efa dhriti, s. f. Steadiness, firmness; a metre, a stanza of four lines of eighteen syllables each.

ध्तिमत dhriti-mút, m. ध्तिमतो dhriti-mút-ee, f. ध्रिमान dhriti-mán, m.

घंडाकृष्टि dhénga-móoshti, s. f. Fisticuffs. धेन dhén-oo, s. f. A milch cow, one that has lately calved.

WII dher-a, adj. Squint-eyed.

चेना dhel-a, s. m. Half a pice or pysa-

www dhyri, s. m. Steadiness, firmness,

चर्य कित्रत dhyrj-kúl-it, adj. Steady, calm,

भेदत dhy-wut, s. m. The sixth note of the

शोद्धा dhó-a, s. m. A present of fruit.

with dho-ee, s f. Pulse which has been soaked previous to boiling, a mash.

शोधा dhón-dha, s. m. A small mound of earth; (met.) a pot-belly, a large belly.' शोबाखा dhon-wa-la, s. m. A chimney.

মান dhok, s. f. Salutation, bowing down to idols.

धोकड dho kur, adj. Robust, athletic.

art dhó-kha, s. m. Deceit, deception, delusion, blunder; disappointment; doubt, hesitation; a scarecrow; any thing imaginary, not real, a vapour resembling water at a distance, (French, mirage). Dhokha khana, To be deceived. Dhokha dena, To deceive.

with dhor, s. m. A sort of snake, a kind of water-snake.

घोता dhó-ta, adj. False, treacherous, perfidious,

wist, passing between the legs and fastened behind.

Wir dhó-na, v.a. To wash. s.m. Washing.

धोप dhop, s. f. A kind of sword.

धोब dhob, s. m. Washing.

धोविन dhó-bin, s. f. A washer-woman, a washerman's wife.

घोबी dhó-bee, s. m. A washerman.

धीयंडीडकार dhoyéndee-dukár, a. f. A sour belch.

घोर जि dhor-uni, s. f. Tradition.

witt dhó-ra, s. m. Name of a medicine.

चौदा dhó-wa, adj. Washed.

भो जा dhó-sa, s. m. A coarse kind of shawl. भी dhóu, s. f. A kind of wood (Lythrum fruticoaum; Grislea tomentosa).

Ti dhoun, s.m. A weight of 20 seers, pron.
Whether, [asthma.

श्रीक dhounk, s. f. Breathing, panting; the भाकना dhounk-na, v. a. To blow with the bellows, &c.

चेंकनी dhounk-nee, s. f. Bellows.

witer dhounj, s. f. Thought, consideration, contemplation, reflection.

घोतास dhoun-tal, adj. Rich, wealthy; strong, stout; bold; vicious, mischievous.

शंताली dhoun-tá-lee, s. f. Riches; strength; courage; viciousness, mischievousness. शैंस dhouns, s. m. Assault, threatening. शंसामञ्जूत dhouns-dhur-t lla, s.m. Bluster-

ing, bullying, tumult, the impetuous assault of a crowd or body of men.

भोतिया dhouns-a, s. m. A large kettle-drum. भौतिया dhouns-iya, s. m. The leader of a hue and cry or posse comitatus.

घौत dhout, adj. Washed, cleaned, purified. घौतजिन dhout-shil, s. m. Crystal.

thour, s. m. A large kind of dove.

घोरा dhóu-ra, } adj. White.

चौतिक dhourt-tik, adj. Belonging to a cheat, knavish, fraudulent, dishonest, &c.

चील dhoul, s. f. A thump, a rap, a slap. चील जड़ना dhoul júrna, धील मारना dhoul-márna, घील नगरना dhoul-lugana, घील नगरना dhoul-lugana,

fer loss. चानध्या dhoul-dhuppa, s. m. Thumping and slapping.

भारता dhóu-la, adj. White. Dhoula-gir, s. m Name of a mountain.

चानाई dhou-lace, s. f. Whiteness.

धीवाना dhou-la-na, । e.a. To thump, धीवियाना dhou-li-yana, । to box, to slap, to cuff,

tion, reflection, thought, consideration, imagination, advertency, but especially that profound and abstract consideration which brings its object fully and undisturbedly before the mind; mental representation of the personal attributes of the divinity to whom worship is addressed.

आनयोग dhyan-jóg,s. m. The performance of religious abstraction.

ध्याना dhyán-a, v. a. To meditate on, to think on, to adore, to know.

barr dhyán-ee, adj. Considerate, contemplative, given to meditation (on divine matters), religious.

ध्यानीय dhyan-éeyuh, adj. To be meditated upon.

ध्यानी dhyan-óun, v. a. To meditate ध्यानी dhyao-nóun, on, to think on,

to adore, to know.

Ha dhroov, adj. Fixed, stable, firm; true, right. s. m. The polar star or north pole itself.

अवतारा dhroov-tara, s. m. The polar star. अवपट dhroov-pud, s. m. A kind of song. अवर dhroov-pud, s. f. A plant (Hedysarum gangeticum); a small tree, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made; the introductory stanza of a song, it is distinct from the verses of the song, after each of which it is again repeated as a burden or chorus; a virtuous woman.

M dhroo, s. m. The pole (of the earth), polar star.

wir dhwuns, s. m. Loss, destruction.

स्त्रंत dhwins-un, s. m. Loss, destruction. स्त्रंत dhwins-it, adj. Lost, destroyed.

होनी dhwunser, aa). Lost, destroyed. होनी dhwunsee, s.f. A mote in a sunbeam. adj. Destructive, destroying.

ध्यज्ञा dhwúj-a, s. m. A flag or banner ; a standard, a ship's pendant ; a flag-staff.

खड़ी dhwuj-ee, e. m. A standard-bearer. सनमोदी dhwun-mó-dee, e.m. The humble bee.

eaff dhwun-i, s. m. Sound'; the sound of a drum.

च्चनित dhwin-it, adj. Sounded, making a • pone as a drum, &c.

ध्यतिनाचा dhwuni-na-la, s. f. The Vina or lute; a pipe, a fife; a port of trumpet.

as a crane, a gull, &c. feeding upon fish.

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nuh, The twentieth consonant of the Naguree alphabet, having the sound of n. adv. No. not. नंग nung, adj. Naked; shameless. नंगा nung-a, Nunga kurna, To bare, to uncover. Nunga jhooree, s. f. Searching, examining (as people leaving a workshop, to prevent pilfering). Nunga-madurzad, Stark naked. Nunya moonga, or, Nunga moomunga, adj. Naked. Nunga-sir, Barehearded Nungee tulwar, A drawn sword. Nungee shumsher, A drawn sword; one who speaks his mind freely and without reserve. Nungeh paon, or, Nungeh pyron, Barefoot, barefooted.

नंगटा núng-ta, adj. Naked.

नंगधडुंग nung-dhur-úng,adj. Stark nakèd. नंगिधालेना núngiya-lena, a. a. To take and strip.

नंद nund, s. f. A sister-in-law, husband's sister. s. m. The foster-father of Krishn.

नंदन nún-dun, s. m. A son ; the grove or garden of Indr, elysium.

नंदीका nun-dó-la, e. m. An earthen vessel. नंदीकी nun-dó-see, । s. m. Husband's sis-नंदीके nun-dó-ce, । ter's husband.

नंधना núndh-na, v. n. To begin.

नक nuk, (In comp.) Nose, as, Nuk-ghisnee, s. f. Rubbing the nose on the ground in prostration, or by way of humiliation.

नक्षत्र nuk-chúrha, adj. Angry, fretful, ill-tempered, warm, passionate, fastidious.

नकछिकनी nuk-chhik-nee, s. f. A sternutatory plant.

नकटा nuk-ta, adj. Nose-clipt, noseless. s. m. A rogue; name of a bird.

नकड़ा nuk-ra, s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

नकतोड़ा nuk-tó-ra, adj. Droll, waggish, roguish. [ease.

नक्वासा nuk-wasa, s. m. Name of a dis-नक्दीर nuk-seer, s.f. The veins of the nose, Nukseer phooina, To bleed at the nose.

नकार nuk-ár, s. m. Refusal, denial. नकारना nuk-ár-na, v. a. To refuse.

नक्ट núk-oot, s. m. The nose.

न कुल núk-ool, s. m. The Bengal mungoose (Viverra ichneumon).

नक्षण्या nukool-ésh-ka, ) s.f. A plant, नक्षण्या nukool-ésh-ta, ) the mungouse if wounded in a conflict with a poisonous snake, is supposed to prevent the effects of the venom by the use of this plant.

नकूदा nuk-60-a, s. m. The nose ; a disease of the nose; the point of any thing.

नक्ज nuk-el, s. f. The wooden or iron instrument fixed to a camel's nose, and to which the string by which he is led is fastened; a cavesson. Tar núk-ka, s. m. The ace at cards, or on dice. Nukka dooa, A kind of game at dice.

नद्यो núk-kee, é. f. Speaking through the nose, nasal sound.

नकोशंड núkkee-moonth, s. f. Name of a game.

नक nuk-k60, adj. Infamous

नतामान nukt-mál, s. m. A tree (Galedupa arborea).

नक nukr, s. m. An alligator; the nose.

नकराज nukr-ráj, s. m. A shark.

an asterism in the moon's path or lunar mansion, of which twenty-eight, distinct in name, figure, and number of stars, are enumerated: the Pouranic and popular enumeration of those constellations is twenty-seven; Ubhiyit, the twenty-seventh, being considered as formed of portions of the two contiguous asterisms, and not distinct from them. Besides the common division of the zodiac into twelve signs, the Hindoos divide it into twenty-seven Nukshutrus, each of which has its appropriate name, and two and a quarter of which are included in each sign.

বহানবান nukshútr-chúkr, s. m. A particular diagram for astrological purposes.

नश्चना nukshútr-mála, s. f. A necklace containing twenty-seven pearls; the table of the asterisms in the moon's path.

नचानी nuk-shút-ree, adj. Born under a lucky planet, fortunate.

rug nukh, s. m. A finger or toe nail. Nukh sikh, or, Nukh seh sikh-tuluk, From top to toe, entirely, throughout, (lit.) from the (toe) nails to the hair on the crown of the head.

नख nukh, s. m. The string of a paper kite. नखदारी nukh-khá-dee, adj. Who or what eats with nails or talons.

नस्त núkh-ut, s. m. A star; a constellation.

नखती nukhút-ree, adj. Fortunate, born under a lucky planet.

नखपद nukh-púd, s. m. A scratch, the mark of a finger nail.

नखरेखा nukh-rékha, s.f. ) The marks left नखरेखा nukh-lékha, by the nails; नखांक nukh-ank, s.m. ) a scratch.

निख्याना nukhi-yana, v. a. To claw, to scratch.

Tail núkhee, s. f. A perfume, a dried substance of a brown colour, and of the shape of a nail; apparently a dried shell-fish, used as a perfume; a vegetable perfume, different from the one above, though known by the same name Nukhee, adj. Nailed, clawed, having nails or talons.

नग nug, s. m. A mountain; the stone of a ring, or a stone on which a name, &c. is cut, a jewel, gem, precious stone.

नगचाई nug-cháec, नगचाईट nug-cháhut,

नगचाना nug-chá-na, v. n. To approach. नगज núg-uj, adj. Mountaineer.

नगरा núg-na, s. f. Heart-pea (Cardiospermum halicacabum).

नगरीना nug-dóu-na, s. m. Wormwood. नगन núg-un, adj. Naked.

नगपति nug-púti, s. m Himaleh, the personified range of snowy mountains dividing India from Tartary, &c.

नगिम्द nug-bhid, s. m. A plant (Plectranthus scutellaroides).

नगभू nug-bhóo, adj. Mountain, mountainear.

नगर núg-ur, s.m. A town, a city. Nugurnurce, s.f. A courtezan.

नगरजन nugur-jún, s. m. Town's-folk, citizens.

नगर खरुपियारे nugur-swuróop-inee, s. f. A species of metre.

नगरी núg-ree, s. f. A town, a village. adj. Of or belonging to a town or village.

नगरी भाना nugur-opant, s.m. Suburb, skirts of the town.

नगात्रय nug-ashruy, adj. Living in or frequenting mountains.

ৰন্ধ nugn, ৰন্ধ nung, ৰন্ধ nung, ed mendicant,

नस्त्रत्व nugn-útwuh, s. m. Nudity, nakedness.

নৰাস্থ nugn-hóo, s. m. Ferment, a drugused to throw the mixture for spirituous liquors into fermentation.

नवना nugn-a, s. f. A naked woman.

especially a kind of religious mendicant, who wanders about without clothes; a Boulddh, a Jyn.

निवका núg-ni-ka, s. f. A girl before menstruction or about ten years old; a naked woman, नग्नीकरण núgnee-kúrun, s. m. Stripping,

undressing. नक्तीकृत núgnee-krit, adj. Stripped, un-

dressed, naked. नचवाना nuch-wá-na, े स. व. To make to नचाना nuch-á-na, े dance.

Tagar nuch-wy-ya, s. m. A dancer.

Tor, a tribe who are generally jugglers, rope-

dancers, &c., a tumbler: in caste, the son of a degraded Kshuttree by a woman of the second class or caste; a sort of reed (Arundo tibialis, or, A. karka); a subordinate mode of music.

नटखर nút-khut, adj. Roguish, waggish, artful, trickish, shrewd. s. m. A cheat.

भटखरी nut-khút-ee, s. f. Trick, roguery, artifice, artfulness.

बटन nút-un, s. m. The art or act of dancing, pantomime, &c.

azarittan nut-narayun, s. m. A Rag or mode of music, according to some, the sixth, or to others, a subdivision of Deepuk or of Megh.

नटपरिका nut-pútrika, s. f. The egg-plant (Solanum melonyena).

नटचा nut-bur. ) s. m. A juggler, rope-नटचा nut-wa, ) dancer, mimic, actor, &c.; a chief dancer or actor.

नटसर्डन nut-mun-dun, s. m. Yellow orpi-

नरा nút-a, s. f. A shrub (Casalpinia bonduccella).

महिन nút-in, े s. f. A female rope-

नरिनी nút-in-ee, dancer, tumbler,

whore, a nach girl, a dancer, an actress; red arsenic.

সন্ত nur, s. m. A sort of reed (Arundo tibialis, or, A. karka); a particular tribe whose employment is making a sort of glass bracelets.

बड़कीय nuc-kée-yuh, adj. Abounding in reeds (a field, &c.)

नड्कीन nur-méen, s. m. A small fish, a kind of sprat haunting reedy places.

नड्डान nur-wan, adj. Reedy, abounding in reeds.

नत nút-uh, s. m. The arc or distance of any planet from the zenith.

नतम् व nút-mookh, adj. Down-faced, looking down.

Astronomy).

नताङ nut-ang, adj. Bent, curved, bowed, steeping.

wars nut angee, s. f. A woman.

गति nuti, a. f. Bending, bowing, stooping; curvature, crookedness.

नित्रो nút-in-ee, s. f. Grand-daughter, daughter's daughter.

नतत nutyt, s. m. A relative.

Te nuth, s. m. f. A large ring worn in the nose (on the left nostril); a rope passed through the nose of a draught ox.

ज्यना núth-na, s. m. A nostril, a ring for

the nose r. n. To have the nose pierced (a bullock). Nuth nah churhana, To be angry or displeased.

नश्नी núth-nee, s. f. A small ring worn in the nose; a ring inserted in the hilt of a sword. नह mid, s. m. A river, applied only to one of which the personification is male, as the

Bruhmapootr, Sone, Indus, &c.

नदी núd-ee, s. f. A river in general; the common personification of rivers being female. नटीकान nud-ee-kánt, s. m. A tree (Bar-

नदीकान्स nud-ee-kant, s. m. A tree (Barringtonia acutangula); a small 'tree (Vitex neoundo).

नदीकास्ता nud-ee-kanta, s. f. The rose apple (Eugenin jambu); a shrub (Leea hirta).

मदोकूल nud-ee-kool, s. m. The bank or shore of a river.

नरीकुलप्रिय nud-ee-kool-priyuh, s. m. A sort of reed (Calamus ratang).

ৰৱাল nud-eej, adj. Aquatic, water-born ; a tree (Pentapiera arjuna); the marshy datetree.

नदोतीर nud-ee-teer, s. m. The bank of a river.

नदीसकी nud-ee-súrj, s.m. A tree (Pentaptera arjuna).

नदेशे nud-éyee, s. f. A plant (Premna herbacea).

नदोत्रा nud-6-la, s. m. A large earthen pan. ननका nún-ka, s. m. A little child, a son : an expression of endearment.

ननर nún-ud,

नंद nund, (s. f. A sister-in-law, ननदिया nún-diya, husband's sister.

ननादया nun-diya, husbai

বলিন্তার nuni-hal, s. f. Maternal grandfather's family.

নহ'ন nún-dun, s. m. A son; the grove or garden of Indr, elysium. adj. Delighting, rejoicing, making pleased or happy.

निह्द nún-dik, ) s.m. Toon, a tree,

नांद्यज्ञ nundi-vriksh, the wood of which resembles mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrella Tuna).

मिल्मो nún-din-ce, s. f. Wife's sister.

नन्दोई nun-dó-ee, े s. m. Husband's sis-नन्दोसी nun-dó-see, l ter's husband.

बन्दोह्य nun-dó-la, s. m. An earthén vessel,

न्हा nun-há, adj. Small, diminutive, neat, natty, tiny.

नपुष्ण nup-fon-suk, s. m. A cumuch, a hermaphrodite; an impotent or imbecile man; the neuter gender. adj. Unmanly, coward.

नम nubh, s. m. The sky, ether, atmosphere. समस् mubh-chúr, adj. What moves in the sky; aerial s. m. A bird; a cloud; air, wind.

नमस्ति nubhusthft, adj. Abiding in heaven or in the sky. s. m. A division of the infernal regions, a hell.

नम: núm-uh, s. m. Salutation, reverence, bowing, obeisance, adoration.

नमकीन num-kéen, s f. Pickled lemons.

नमत् núm-ut, } adj. Bending, stooping, bowed.

नमन num-un, adj. Like, resembling.

नमस्ति num-us-ft, adj. Reverenced, respected, worshipped.

नमस्तार num-us-kár, s. m. Respectful or reverential address or salutation, adoration.

समस्तारी num-us-karee, s. f. A sensitive

नमस्य num-us-yuh, adj. Venerable, respectable, entitled to salutation or civility.

मत्रित num-us-yit, adj: Reverenced, respected, worshipped.

नसर् num-éroo, s. m. The seed of the Eleocarpus.

समेश्रह num-égooroo, s. m. A spiritual teacher.

नद्भ numr, adj. Bending; (met.) courteous.

नम्बम्ख numr-mookh, m. adj. Looking नम्बम्खी numr-mookhee, f. down, having the head bent.

नवन ny-un, s. m. The eye.

नयना ny-na, s. f. The pupil of the eye.

नथनो त्व a nyn-6t-suv, s. m. A lamp; any lovely or desired object.

नयनी पान्त nyn-opánt, s. m. The outer angle or canthus of the eye.

नयनीयभ nyn-6u-shudh, s. m. Green sulphate of iron, or the salt in a state of partial decomposition by exposure to the atmosphere.

Aut ny-a, adj. New. Nych sir sch, adv. Anew, afresh.

at rur, s. m. Man, individually or generally, a man, a male, mankind. adj. Masculins, male.

बर्द्ध núr-uk, s. m. Hell, the infernal regions, including a number of places of torture of various descriptions.

नरकतुष्ड nur-uk-koond, s. m. A well or pit in Tartarus, eighty-six such are enumerated.

नर्जर núr-kut, । s. m. A reed of which नर्जन núr-kul, । mats are made (Arun-do tibialis).

नर्कल nur-kus, s. m. The wind-pipe.

नरक्षा nur-kús-tha, s. f. The river of hell.

नरजा núr-ja, s. m. Smell scoles

नरपति nur-púti, s. m. A king, a sovereign prince.

नर्जिय nur-priyuh, adj. Favourable or friendly to mankind.

नरपुर nur-poor, s. m. One of the three loks or regions of the universe, the abode of man, the earth.

or the central part of the known continent; the birth-place of men.

नरमाना nur-má-na, v. a. To soften.

नर्सेध nur-medh, s. m. A human sacrifice.

नरस्य nur-roop, adj. Having the human form. s. m. The human form.

नरहणी nur-róo-pee, adj. Having the human form.

नदस्या nur-sin-ga, s. m. A horn (musi-cal), a wind instrument.

नरसिंगिया nur-sín-giya, s. m. One who plays on the horn.

tar or incarnation of Vishnoo, which is said to have happened in the Sut-joog, upon the following occasion. Hirnya Kusyup, an impious prince, was enraged at his son Pruhlad for worshipping the Almighty, and tried every means of destroying him, by poison, by throwing him into fire, into the ocean, &c., yet Pruhlad lived. "If your God is present every where," says Hirnya

Kusyup, "let him come from an alabaster pillar;" on which, it is said, Nursingh appeared, with the lower part of a man and the upper of a lion, destroyed the father, and set the son on the throne, &c.

नरभी núr son, adv. The fourth day past or to come, some days ago or hence.

नरहर nur-húr, s. m. Shank, leg.

नराधस nur-adhum, s. m. A low or vile man, a wretch.

नरिया núr-iya, s. f. A tile.

न्ही nur-ee, s. f. A kind of leather, skin ; a weaver's shuttle.

नहस्र nur-bokh, adj. Male, masculine.

The throat, the wind-pipe. Nure-

नरेटी nur-ét-ee, s.f.) tee dubana, To throttle. [sovereign.

बरेन्द्र nur-éndr, s. m. A king, an anointed

नरेश nur-ésh, नरेश्वर nur-ésh-wur, ेड, m. A king.

न्यान nurt-tuk, s. m. An actor, a mimic ; a juggler, a dancer, a player of any description; a reed (drundo kurka). न संको núrt-tuk-ee, s. f. An actress, female dancer or singing girl. [acting.

नर्सन nurt-tun,s.m. Daneing,gesticulating, नद्रद nur-dwút-uk, s.m. A stanza of four parts, having seventeen syllables in each.

THE T NUTH-ud-s, s. f. The Nermuda, or Nurbudda river, which rising in the Vindhya mountains, runs westward to the gulph of Cambay.

नल nul, s. m. A reed (Arundo karka); the name of a king, and hero of several poetical works famous among the Hindoos, especially the poem called Nyshudh; a tube, spout, joint of bamboo or other hellow wood; the bamboo which fowlers use to entangle game by applying birdlime to the top of it. Nul chulana, Setting the bamboo in motion, denotes a magical practice adopted for the discovery of theft. Two pieces of split bamboo, of equal lengths, are applied to one another side by side, and held by two men, one at each end. It is said that any persons taken at random may be employed for this purpose. Then the magician pronounces certain incantations, the efficacy of which is pretended to be such that the bamboos spontaneously move towards the place where the thief or the stolen goods are, and drag the men along with them. Nul dur nul, One tube within another.

ducts. Ahunce nula, or Bhoosen nula, A sort of fireworks, roman candle, made of iron, buffalohorn, or bamboo, placed on the ground. Dum nula, A variety of the above mentioned, but with occasional globes of bright light bursting up. Huth nula, Of the like sort as above, but small, held in the hand.

निका núl-ik-a, s. f. A perfume.

নতিন núl-in, s. m. A lotus or water-lily (Nelumbium speciosum, or Nymphæa nelumbo); the Indian crane.

निवा núl-in-ee, s f. An assemblage of lotus flowers; a place abounding in lotuses.

निवा núl-iya, A. m. A caste whose employment is to eatch birds with birdlime by means of the nul, or reed.

and núl-ee, s. f. A tube, pipe, spout; the windpipe, ureter &c.; a gun-barrel; the bone of the leg, the tibia; a weaver's shuttle, or the little tube within the shuttle on which the woof is wound.

नजुद्धा nul-60-a, s. m. A tube, a joint of bamboo to convey letters in ; straw.

मल्ब nulv, s. m. A furlong,a distance measured by four hundred cubits.

नव núv-uh, adj. New ; nine.

লবকালিকা nuv-ukal-ika, s. f. A young-woman, either one recently married, or one in whom menstruction has lately commenced. नवपहा nuv-ugruha, s. m. pl. The nine planets, or sun, moon, five planets, and the ascending and descending nodes.

नवक्रात्र nuv-nchhátr, s. m. A student, a

नयजोजना nuv-ujóvun a, s. f. A girl just grown up to puberty.

नवता núv-ut-a, s. f. Novelty.

নৰ্দ্ধাৰ nuv-udwar, adj. Having nine doors; an epithet applied to the body, which has nine inlets or outlets, as the nostrils, ears, mouth, eyes, anus, &c.

ন্দ্ৰি nuv-unid-hi, s. f. The treasure of Koover, the god of riches, consisting of nine fabulous gems.

नवनी nuv-un-ce, s. f. } Fresh butter.

नवनीत nuv-un-éet, s.m. }

नवम्भिता nuv-uphtil-ik-a, e.f. A bride, a newly married woman; a girl in whom menstruction has recently commenced.

नयम् nuv-ubúd-hoo, s. f. A bride, a newly married woman.

नवदाना nuv-ubala, s. f. A girl just grown up to puberty.

नवस nuv-um, adj. Ninth.

नयसानिका nuv-umálik-a, s.f. Double jasmine (Jasminum zambac).

नवजी núv-um-ee, s. f. The ninth day of a lunar half month.

नवयौषना nuvu-you-vun-a, s. f. A young woman.

Tata nuvu-rutn, s. m. Nine precious gens, or, a pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called Comed; the nine men of letters at the court of Virrumadityuh, or, Dhumunturee, Kshupunukuh, Umursingh, Sunkoo, Vetalubhutt, Ghutukurpur, Katidas, Vurahumihir, and Vururoochi.

নৰম্পুল nuvu-ratr, s. m. The period of nine days, from the first of the light of Assoin to the ninth; part of the time devoted to the worship of Doorga. [hing.

नवस núv-ul, adj. Beautiful. s. m. A sap-नवस्का nuvu-várika, s. f. A newly married woman.

नवक्त nuvu-vústr, s. m. New cloth.

বৰ্মায়ের nuvu-shayuk, s.m. A name given to any of the nine inferior classes, the cowherd, gardener, oilman, weaver, confectioner, watercarrier, potter, blacksmith, and barber.

बद्दाद्व nuvu-shráddh, s. m. The first series of Shraddhs collective.y, or funeral offerings on the first, third, fta, seventh, ninth, and eleventh days after a person's demise.

नवस्तिका nuvu-sóotí-ka, s.f. A woman recently delivered.

नवा núwa, adj. New.

part. A ninth, a ninth

नवाह्य nuwara, s. m. A boat ; a particular kind of boat, a barge.

नवाना nuwana, v. a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

नपाद nuv-ann, s. m. New rice or grain; a ceremony observed on first eating the rice, &c. of the last harvest.

नवास्तर ruv-am-bur, s. m. New and unbleached cloth.

नवारना nuwarna, v. n. To travel, to walk, to wander, to stray; to go round, to surround; to shut out, to exclude.

नवारी nuwaree, s. f. A flower, a sort of

नवी núvee, s. f. The string with which a cow's feet are tied when milking, a tether.

नवीकत núvee-krit, adj. Renewed, revived, done or made anew.

नवीन nuvéen, adj. New ; youthful.

नवीनता nuvéen-ta, s. f. Newness.

नवीभत nuvee-bhóot, adj. Renewed, revived.

नच्य núv-yuh, adj New, recent, young, &c. नशास nush-ik, e. m. A bird, said to be a sort of crow.

नद्भन nush-yún, adj. Perishing, decaying, wasting, being destroyed.

नम्र nush-wúr, m. ् adj. Mischievous, नम्रा nush-wur-á, f. destructive.

नष्ट nusht, adj. Lost, destroyed, removed, annihilated.

नष्टचन्द्र nusht-chundr, s. m. The moon on the fourth lunation of either half of Bhadr.

न टचेतन nusht-chét-un, adj. Fainted, insensible. [tion.

नक्षता nusht-tá, s. f. Destruction, annihila-नक्षा nush-ta, s. f. An adulteress.

नसा nús-a, s. f. The nose.

ৰ বাৰা nus-ána, v a. To destroy, to annihilate, to spoil, to squander. v. n. To be destroyed or annihilated.

नसी nús-ee, s. f. A coulter, a ploughshare. नसीड nus-eeth, adj. Ill-omened.

नस्त nust, s. m. A sternutatory, snuff, &c ; the nose.

नका nús-ta, s. f. A hole bored in the septum of the nose.

नस्य nús-yuh, adj. Nasal, relating or belonging to the nose. s. m. A sternutatory snuff. नह nuh, s. m. Nail (of the finger &c.), talon. Nuh lena, To trip, to stumble,

नमुक्त núh-uk, adj. Meagre, lean.

नहडू nuhútta, s. m. A scratch with the nail or talon.

बहुनो nuhûn-ee, s. f. An instrument for cutting nails; a kind of chisel used in polishing and turning brasa, &c.

नहर्मी nuhúr-nee, s. f. An instrument for paring the nails with.

नहस्यामा nuhul-wá-na, v. a. To cause to be bathed or washed.

नहराना nuh-lá-na, v. a. To cause to bathe. नहान nuhán, s. m. Bathing, ablution.

नहाना nuhán-a, v. n. To bathe, to wash.

नहानी nuhán-ee, s. f. Menses. नहारमंह nuhár-moonh, adj. Without est-

ing. नहारुआ nuhár-oo-a, s. m. A guinea worm

(Filaria medinensis).
নতি núhi, adv. No, not.

नहियर núhiyur, e. f. Wife's family.

नहीं nuheen, adv. No, not, nay.

नहीं al nuhéen-to, adv. Otherwise, else. मा na, adv. No, not.

नाईन ná in, s. f. Female of Nace; a barber's wife.

नाई náce, े s. m. A barber.

नांडिया nán-diya, s. m. The bull and vehicle of Shiv.

नांच nanh, adv. No, nay.

ৰাজ nak, s. f. The nose. Nak kutana, To dishonour. Nak kute konee, To lose one's honour. Nak churhana, To be angry or displeased. Nak rukhna, To preserve one's honour. Nak sukorna, To turn up one's nose, to be displeased.

নাস nak, s. m. Heaven, paradise, ether, sky, atmosphere.

नामहा nák-ra, s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

The eye of a needle; an alley, avenue, lane.

Nakeh bundee, Shutting up a road.

नाका ná-ka, s. m. An alligator.

नाकुल na-kool, adj. Relating or belonging to an ichneumon.

ना कुली ná-koo-lee, s. f. A plant; the ichneumon plant, a vegetable supposed to furnish the mungoose with an antidote, when bitten in a conflict with a anake (Serpeat ophiaxyltm!)

माञ्चल na-kshatr, s. m. A month, one computed by the moon's passage through the twen-

ty-seven mansions, or of thirty days of sixty ghurees each.

नाचित्रक na-kshut-rik, adj. Relating or belonging to the lunar asterisms.

नाचित्रको na-kshút-rik-ee,s, f. The state or condition to which a person is subjected agreeably to the asterism presiding over his nativity-

animan face, with the tail of a serpent, and the expanded neck of the Koluber Naga; the race of these beings is said to have sprung from Kudroo, the wife of Kusyun, in order to people Patal, or the regions below the earth; a serpent in general, or especially the spectaclesmake, or Cobra Capella (Coluber Naga); a small tree (Mesua ferrea); a sort of grass (Cuperus pertennis); a tree used in dying (Rottleria tinetoria); one of the astronomical periods called Kurun; it is one of those termed invariable, and always corresponds to the last half of Umavusya or new moon.

नामकत्या nag-kún-ya, s. f. A race of females said to inhabit Patal or the regions under the earth, and to be of serpentine extraction, but very beautiful.

नामकेशर nag-késh-ur, s. m. A small tree (Mesua ferrea).

नागरिन हा nag-jív-ha, s. f. A plant (Ascle-

नागिजिञ्चिका nag-jívhi-ka, s. f. Red arse-

नागजीवन nag-jéevun, s. m. Tin.

नागदन्त nag-dunt, s. m. Elephant's tooth or ivery.

नागरनी nag-dun-tee, s. f A sort of sunflower (Heliotropium Indicum).

नावरीन nag-doun, s. m. A kind of wood, by touching which it is said that letters spontaneously fall off.

नागरीना nag-dóu-na, s. m. A plant (Artemisia vulgaris).

नामन ná-gun, े s. f. A serpent (fe-नामिनो ná-gin-ec, male).

नागपद्यमी nag-punch-um-ee,s f. A Hindoo holiday, the 5th of Srawun, sooki-puksh, on which day they worship a enake to procure blessings on their children.

नागपाम nag-pás, s. m. } A running noose नागपांच nag-pháns,s.f. of a rope, dc.

a sort of noose or knot, used in battle to entangle an enemy.

नागपुष्प hag-póoshp, s, m. A tree used in dyeing (Rottleria tinctoria); a small tree (Mesua ferrea); a flower (Michelia Champaca).

नागफ्नी nag-phún-se, s. f. A hedge plant (Cactus Indica). नागचल nag-bún-dhoo, s. m. The holy fig tree (Ficus religiosa).

नागवला nag-búl-a, s. f. A creeping plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides).

Trans nag-bel, s. m. Betel plant (Piper betel)

বাৰ্মাৰা nag-bhá-sha,s.f. A Prakrit language, said to be used by the serpentine race who inhabit Patal.

नागि भिद्र nag-bhid, s. m. A sort of snake (Amphishena).

नामातः nag-matri, s. f. A name of Munusa, a goddess supposed to preside over snakes; red arsenic.

(as a buck, a blood, a wag, &c.); town-born or bred. s. m. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis); a form of writing, the Dernaguree alphabet.

Track nag-rung, s. m. The orange; in India usually applied to the Silhetorange (Citrus aurantium).

नागरमुख्या nágur-móosta, s. f. A grass (Coperus).

নাৰ্ম) সা nágur-mótha, s. m. A sweet smelling grass (Cyperus pertenuis, C. juncifolius, or rush-leaved Cyperus).

नागरी ná-gur-ee, s. f. A sort of Euphorbia; a clever or intriguing woman. adj. The most common Hindee character of writing, called Den-naguree.

नागन ná-gul, s. m. A plough.

नागलाक nag-lók, s. m. The region under the earth, the abode of serpents and hydras, Patal: not being accessible to the sun, it is supposed to be illuminated by very resplendent jewels.

नागा ná-ga, s. m. A caste of Hindoo mendicants.

নামার nag-áng, s. m. Hustinapoor, or ancient Delhi.

ৰাগাস্থলা nag-án-chul-a, s. f. A stick or pole driven into a square piece of earth in the centre of a newly dug pond, a boring rod.

नागाव हा nag-abha, s. m. Hustinapoor, or ancient Delhi.

नाजिन ná-gin, s. f. A serpent (fe-नाजिन) ná-gin-ee, male).

नार्वेशर nag-ésh-ur, e. f. A flower (Mesna ferrea), Indian rose chesnut.

नागेश्वरी nag-éshur-ee, adj. Of the colour of the Nageshur, yellow.

नागोद nag-6d, s.m. Armour for the front or the belly.

नागोद्द nag-6-dur, s. m. A breast-plate,a cuirass.

नागीर na-gour, हामपास nag-pas, आ. A country near

नाडुना nángh-na, v. a. To step across,

cross, jump over, pass, leap over. নাৰ nach, s. m. Dance. Nach nuchana, To make to dance; to tesse.

नाचना nách-na, v. n. To dance.

বাৰ naj, s. m. Contraction of Unoj, grain.

TIZ nat, s. m. The Carnatic.

নাত্রক ná-tuk, e. m. An actor, acting, dancing, &c.; a play, a drama; the first of the ten species of dramatic compositions of the first order.

नाटकीय na-tuk-éeyuh, adj. Dramatic.

नारा ná-ta, adj. Dwarf, dwarfish, dapper,

माटापन na-ta-pún, s. m. Lowness (of sta-

मादिका ná-tik-a, a. f. A short or light comedy, the first of the dramas of the second order.

ara nat-yuh, s. m. The science or art of dancing or acting, or the union of song, dance, and instrumental music.

नाद्याचा natyuh-shala, s. f. A theatre, a building for dramatic exhibitions.

713 nath, s. m. Non-existence.

नाड़िका nár-ik-a, s. f. An Indian hour, or twenty-four minutes.

नाडियल nári-putr, s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

नाड़िन्यञ्च nári-mún-dul, s, m. The celestial equator.

ná-ree, s. f. Any tubular organ of the body, as an artery, a vein, an intestine; a fistulous sore, a fistula, a sinus; an hour of twenty-four minutes; the pulse, either at the hand or test, &c.

नाइनिय na réech, s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

नाड़ीनज्ञ náree-nukshútr, s. m. The planet of a person's nativity.

नाडीवरा narec-vrun, s. m. An ulcer.

Frat ná-tur, adv. (If) not (then) otherwise, else.

नाता ná-ta, s. m. Belationship, kin, alliance. Natchdar, s. m. f. Relation, relative.

मानिन ná-tin, s. f. Granddaughter,daughter's daughter.

नाती ná-tee, s. m. Grandson, daughter's

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ nath, s. m. A master, a husband, a lord; an affix to the names of a class of Yogess, as, Gorukhnath; a rope passed through the nose of a draft ox, s. f. A seton.

ৰাখনা náth-na, e. a. To bere a bullock's nose and put a string in it to guide him by.

नायक nath-wút, adj. Dependant, sub-

नाट nad, s. m. Sound in general; a semicircle, used especially as an abbreviation or bieroglyphic in mystical works.

नादाहा na-da-há, s. m. A spout, a canal.

नाइयी na-deyée, s. f. A sort of reed growing usually near water (Calamus fasciculatus); a plant (Premna herbatea); the China rose.

नाधना nadh-na, v. a. To yoke.

নাৰজ ná-nuk, n. proper. Name of a religious mendicant, the founder of the sect of Sikhs

नानकमंदी nánuk-pún-thee, s.m.A Sikh, नानकमता nánuk-mút-a, or follower नानकमाही nánuk-shá-hee, of Nanuk.

ara na-na, s. m. Maternal grandfather, adj. Various, many. v. a. To bend, to bow.

नानामकार nána-pruk-ár, adj. Of various नानामांति nána-bhánti, kinds, sorts,

नानाभांति nana-bhanti, ) kinds, sorts, modes, methods.

नानारूप nana-róop, adj. Multiform, vari-

नानावर्ष nana-vurn, adj. Variegated, many-coloured.

नानाविश्व nana-vidh, adj. In various ways; of various sorts or kinds.

नानो na-nee, s. f. Maternal grandmother. नान्द्र nand, s. f. A large earthen pan.

नान्दिया nán-di-ya, s. m. The bull and ve-

नान्दीमुख nan-dee-mookh, e.m. A shraddh

or funeral obsequies performed on joyous occasions, as initiation, marriage, &c. in which nine balls of meat are offered to the decoased father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather, to the maternal grandfather, great grandfather, and great grandfather; and to the mother, paternal grandmother, and peternal great grandmother.

नास्त्रना nándh-na, e a. To begin.

Tru nap, s. f. Measure.

erusife nap-jókh, s. f. Measuring and weighing

नापना nap-na, v.a. To measure, to weigh. नापित na-pit, s.m. A barber, a shaver, a

surgeon. नापितशासा nápit-shála, s. f. A barber's

anop. भाभवा ná-bhuk, s. m. A myrobalan (Terminalia chebuta).

नासि ná-bhi, नासी ná-bhee, े s. f The navel. नाभिगोलक näbhi-góluk, s. m. A prominent or ruptured navel.

नाशिक्टन nábhi-chhédun, s. m. Division of the umbilical cord.

नामिनाडी nábhi-náree, े s. f. The umbili-नामिनाडा nábhí-nála, े eal cord.

TIM nam, s. m. Name, appellation, character, fame, reputation, honour. Nam nikalna, To become celebrated; to investigate the perpetrator of any crime. Nam lekur mang-khana, To beg alms in the name of another. Nam lena, To praise; to repeat the name of God. Nam hona, To be conspicuous, famous, or renowned.

नामकर्षा nám-kurun, s.m. Naming a child first after birth; acquiring or taking a name (of honour).

नामकर्गा nám-kúrna, v. a. To become

नामद्वीना nam-doo-bona, v. a. To lese one's honour or reputation.

नासरेना nam-déna, v. a. To give name to, to make conspicuous.

TITUTE namedhur-na, v. a. To name, to fix a name on (particularly a bad name), to nick-name, to miscal.

नासभ्याना nam-dhur-wána, e. a. To be defamed; to give a name to a child.

नामना nám-na, v. a. To name, to praise, to panegyrise

नामरखना namrúkh-na, v. a. To name. नामग्रेच nam-shésh, adj. Dead, deceased.

नाम होना nam hóna, v. n. To be conspicuous, famous, or renowned.

नामी होना namee-hona, v. n. To be cele-

rram na-ynk, s. m. A guide, a leader, a conductor; a chief, a head, pre-eminent, principal; a native officer of the lowest rank, corresponding to corporal in our corps; a person well conversant in dancing, singing, &c.

नायम ná yun, s.f. Female of Naee, a barber's wife.

a damsel, a lass; the mistress of a house, particularly (now) of a brothel; a bawd.

agun: the fibre of which rope is made; the stalk of the lotus; the neck.

नारक né-ruk, m ) adj. Infernal, hellish. नारकी nár-kee, f. s. m. Hell or the infernal regions.

नारकी ná-ruk-ee, adj. Infernal, being in hell, condemned to, or deserving it.

नारकी ná-rung-ee, s. f. An orange (Citrus aurantium)

Hindoo sage, the son of Bruhma, and one of the ten original Moonis or Rishis; he is a friend of Krishn, a celebrated legislator, and inventor of the Verna or lute; and who, by carrying tales, occasioned frequent quarrels among the gods; (net.) a disputant, one fond of altercation.

Traffic nar-bi-war, s. m. The membrane in which the fectus is enveloped, secundines.

नारा ná-ra, s. m. Red thread.

নাবার্য্য nará-yun, s. m. A name of Vishnoo,considered as the being who existed before all worlds and moved on the waters of creation.

नारायग्राचेत्र nará-yun-kshétr, s. m. Four cubitson eithersideoí the stream of the Ganges.

नार्यस्तेल nara-yun-tyl, % m. An oil of great reputed efficacy in many complaints, expressed from a variety of plants.

নাহায়কা nará-yun-ee, s. f. A name of Lutshnee, the goddess of prosperity, and wife of Vishnee; a plant (Asparagus racemesa). adj. Of or relating to Narayun.

नारिकेल na-ri-kel, } e. m. The coconnut.

नारिया ná-ri-ya, e. m. A person who feels the pulse.

বানী ná-ree, s. f. A woman in general, a female; the pulse, an artery; the umbilical cord; a kind of greens.

नारीच na-réech, e. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

নাহীহু মন্ধা náree-dóoshun, s. m. A vice or breach of duty in a woman, of which six cases are reckoned, viz. drinking spirits, keeping bad company, quitting a husband, rambling abroad, and sleeping or dwelling in a strange house.

नारीप्रसङ्क nárce-prusúng, .m. Libertinism,

TIE na-roo, s. m. The guinea-worm.

नाच nal, adv. Along with, accompanying. s. m. A tube; barrel, bore, or chase of a gun; the naval-string; stalk of the lotus.

नाना na-la, s. m. A rivulet, brook, canal, gutter, furrow, ravins.

नामको nál-kee, s. f. A sort of sedan or litter, generally used by people of rank.

नाजिका nú-li-ka, s. f. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

नास्ति ná-li-ta, s. f. A sort of potherb (Hibiscus caunabinus).

नालो ná-lee, s. f. A stalk or culm ; any tubular vessel of the body ; the pulse.

माजीवस nalee-vrún, s. m. A fistulous or sinous sore.

Tra nao, s. f. A boat, ship, vessel; any thing long and hollow within

नावना não-na, v a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submitto, to cause to stoop. नाविक návik, ्र ads. Belonging to a ves-

नावको náo-kee, sel, a boat, &c. s. m. The helmsman of a vessel, the steersman, the pilot; a sailor.

नाम nash, हे. m. Annihilation, loss, de-नास nas, struction, non-existence, death.

नामक na-shúk, s. m. A destroyer.

ৰাম্ৰ násh-un, ε. m. Destruction, perishing.

नामपानी nash-pá-tee, s. f. A pear (Pyrus communis).

नामयन nash-yun, ads. Destroying, annihi-

नामित nash-it, ads. Destroyed.

नाशिनी nash-in-ee, f. adj. Destructive, नाशी nash-ee, m. destroying, a destroyer.

नास nas, s. f. Snuff. Nasdan, s. m. A snuff-box.

भास nas, s. m. Non-existence, annihilation, death.

नासक nás-uk, s. m. A destroyer.

नासना nás-na, v. n. To flee, to run away. v. a. To destroy.

Traure nas-pal, s. m. The rind of an unripe pomegranate (used in dying). Naspale: rung, The colcur extracted from Naspal.

नासम्भ na-súm-ujh,adj. Unintelligent,not understanding.

नासमञ्जी na-súm-jhee, s. f. Ignorance.

नासा ná-sa, s. f. The nose s.m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

नावादिक्क कावर्त nása-dukshin-ávuru, s. m. Wearing the nose-ring in the right nostril by women who have money and children

नासावंश nasa-vúnsh, s. m. The bridge of the nose.

नासाबासाबर्दा masa-vama-vartt, s. m. Wenring the nosering in the left nostril, a mark of sorrow or distress.

नासामाख nasa-shokh, s. m. Drying of the nostrils.

नारिका nás-ik-a, . f. The nose.

नारिकासन násika-múl, s. m. The mucus of the nose, snot.

नारित nás-ti, adv. Non-existence, not so, it is not.

नासिको nás-tik, नासिको nás-tik-ee, thodox Hindoos to any one who denies the divine authority of the Veds, or doubts the legends of the Poorans.

नारिशकता nas-tik-tá, s. f. Atheism, denial of the deity, of a future state, of the divinity of the Veds; Bouddhism, heresy, &c.

नास्तिका nas-tik-yuh, s. m. Infidelity,

नास्ति nas-ti-twúh, s. m. Non-existence. नास्य nás-yuh, s. m. The rein of an ox passed through the septum of the nostrils.

नाइर ná-hur, s. m. A tiger.

नाहि ná-hi, नाहीं na-héen, adv. No, not.

नि:कार्या nfh-ka-run, adj. Causeless, unfounded.

नि: चित्र mh-kshipt, adj. Threwn or sent away; spent; passed.

नि: चेप nih-kshep, s. m. Throwing, sending, putting away; spending; passing (as timp); wiping away (as tears).

नि:फल nih-phul, m. ) ad). Fruitless, नि:फला nih-phul-a, f. ) barren.

नि: ग्रंबर nih-shun-suy, adj. Undoubted.

বি: মন্ত্ৰ níh-shunk, m. adj. Fearless.

বি: সাক nih-shubd, adj. Silent, voiceless লি: সাব nih-shesh, adj. Complete, entire. লি: সাবহু nih-shreyus, s. m. Final beatitude, the release of the soul from the body, and its reunion with the primary and universal spirit. লি: স্বাস্থ nih-shwas, s. m. Breathing out,

expiration; sighing.
লি: মন্ত্ৰ nih-sung, adj. Separated, unconnected.

नि: सहा nih-sutyuh, adj. False, untrue.

नि:सन्धना nih-sutyutá, s. f. Insincerity, falsehood.

नि: उर्ग nih-sur-un, s. m. Death, dying; a means or expedient : exit, a going forth, or out; final beatitude.

नि: सह nih-suhuh, adj. Intelerable, unbearable; irresistible unable to support or bear. नि: सहस्य nih-suhutvah, s.m. Inability to bear or support; impatience; unendurance.

নি: বাহ nih-sar, adb. Sapless, pithless; worthless, vain, unsubstantial s. m. A plant (Trophis aspera).

निःस्त nih-sookh, adj. Disagreeable, distressing; unhappy.

नि: इंडर nih-sneha, s. f. Linseed (Linum utilitiesimum).

नि: खुड nih-sprihub, ad). Free from desire ; disregarding, indifferent to.

नि: ख nfh-swuh, adj. Poor, indigent,

नि:खाद nih-swadoo, adj. Insipid, taste-

निकटक nik-un-tuk, adj. Happy, without enmity or opposition; plain, easy.

निकंद ni-kund, adj. Rooted up, extirpated. famz ni-kut, adj. Near, proximate. adv. About, with.

निकाती nik-tee, s. f. A balance, small scales. farmyz ni-kup-ut, adj. Without deceit or fraud, sincere, candid.

faragy ni-kum-ma, adj. Useless, good for nothing.

निकट ni-kur, s. m. A flock or multitude ; a heap, a bundle; pith, sap, essence.

निकरना ni-kúr-na, v. n. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out, secode, depart, proceed, to be uttered, to appear, result, prove, to turn out, to escape, to rise, slip, spring.

निकल्या nikul-chúlna, v. n. To escape; (met.) to surpass another, to be advanced or promoted; to speak much or display one's talent (spoken of a person who from the modesty of a stranger had formerly been silent).

निकलजाना nikul-jana, v. n. To escape, to go away.

निवसना ni-kul-na, v. n. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out, secole, depart, proceed, to be performed or accomplished, to exceed, to be uttered, to be taken off, to be produced, to appear, result, to prove, to turn out, to begin, to be invented, to escape, to rise, to slip, to spring.

निकलपडना nik-ul-pur-na, v. n. To come out, to be drawn forth.

निकल्लागना nik-ul-bhágna, v. n. To run away, to get off, to be off.

निकसना ni-kus-na, v. n. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out, secede, depart, proceed, to be uttered, to appear, result, prove, to turn out, to escape, to rise, slip, spring.

family ni-ka-ee, s. f. The price paid for weeding a field; the act of weeding. frair nika-na, v. a. To weed.

Frank ni-kam, adj. Voluntarily, willingly,

implying certainty.

निकान ni-kál, s. m. Contrivance, outlet. issue, vent, discharge, expulsion, projection. Nikal dalna, To deduct, to strike out. Nikal dena, To cashier, to exclude, to expel, to eject, to discard, to drive or turn out. Nikal lana, To bring off. Nikal lena, To dig up, to take out, to extract.

निकालना ni-kal-na, v.a. To cause to issue, to take out, to turn out, to expel, to cause to ex ceed, to utter, to discover or find out, to invent, to take off, to exclude, to extract, protrude, leduce, extricate, to exhibit, to produce, put forth, hatch, to pull, to do, to perform, to accomplish, to pick.

निकास ni-kás, s. m. Skrits, suburbs, outer boundary of land attached to a town, &c., issue, outgoing, discharge, outlet, vent, source, origin, spring; adjustment of accounts, accomplishment.

निकासना ui-kas-na, v. n. To cause to issue, to take out, to turn out, to expel, to utter, to discover or and out, to invent, to exclude, to extract, to deduce, to extricate, to produce.

निकासी ni-ka-see, s. f. Taxes collected on goods passing out of a town, duties, &c. Nikasee kee chitthee, s. f. A permit, a passport. निकासा nf-kas-ta, s. m. A prop, a pillar.

নিয়ন্ত্ৰ ni-koonj, s. m. An arbour, a bower. a place overgrown with creepers.

निज्ञका ni-koombh, s. m. A plant (Croton polyandrum ).

निकोचक ni-kó-chuk, s. m. A tree (Allangium hexapetalum ).

निकासना ni-kós-na, v. a. To grin.

faga ni-krit, adj. Dishonest, wieked, perverse; low, base, vile,

निकृति ni-krí-ti, s. f. Wickedness, dishonesty.

free ni-krisht, adi. Outcast, despised, low, vile.

निचित्र ni-kshipt, adj. Rejected, abandoned, foregone, given or thrown away

निचेष ni-kshép, e.m. Abandoning, parting with, throwing away.

निख्क ni-khúng, s. f. A quiver,

fares ni-khút-too, adj. Idle, thriftless, merciless.

foregre ni-khund, adj. Half, mid.

निखरना ni-khár-na, v. n. To be peeled, skinned, cleaned, cleared, settled.

निखराना nikh-rá-na, v. a. To settle, to purify, to clear.

निखर्क ni-khúrb, adj. m. Dwarfish, adwarf. s. m. A billion.

निख्या ni-khurba, adj. f. Dwarfish, a

निखारना ni-khár-na, v. a. To strain ; to bleach, to clear.

निस्तित ni-khil, adj. All, entire, complete. facile ni-khôt, s. m. Plain dealer, any thing without blemish.

निखाडना ni-khór-na, । v. a. To peel, skin, निकोरना ni-khór na, S decorticate, clean. निहासना ni-khós-na, v. n. To grin.

निग्रह ni-gur, s. m. An iron chain for the feet, a fetter, but especially the heel chains of an elephant; fetters, the stocks.

निगत ni-gút, adj. Naked. निगन्दना ni-gúnd-na, v. a. To quilt.

निगन्दर्ग ni-gun-da, s. m. निगन्दर्ग ni-gun-daee, s. f.} Quilting.

निगम ni-gum, s. m. The holy writings or Veds of the Hindoos collectively; certainty, assurance.

निगमन ni-gum-un, s. m. Certain or logical conclusion, the winding up of a syllogism.

বিশার ni-gár, s. m. Eating, swallowing. বিশারবা ni-gul-na, v. a. To swallow, gulp

निराह्वी ni-gá-lee, s. f. A small hookka snake, the wooden pipe of a hookka stake.

Trag ni-goorh, adj. Profound, obscure;

fangre ni-goorh-arth, adj. Having a hidden sense or purpose.

निगोहा ni-gó-ra, e. m. Wretch, wight.

नियम ni-grüh, s. m. Aversion, disfavour, discouragement, dislike.

নিম্মুর ni-ghún-too, s. m. A vocabulary, a collection of words or names.

বিষাবি ni-gha-ti,s. f. An iron club or mace. বিষাবি ni-gha-ti,s. f. An iron club or mace. বিষাবি ni-gha-ti,s. f. An iron club or mace. mestic, dependant.

निचय ni-chuy, s. m. Certainty.

বিশিব না nl-chint, aid. Free from thought, anxiety, or care, unconcerned, careless, at leisure. Nichial hona, To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished.

বিশিষ্ট্ ni-chin-tace, ε. f. Carelessness, fearlessness, thoghtlessness, unconcern, leisura. বিশাস্থ ni-chór, ε. m. The end or termination of any affair; the burthen, or that on which any thing depends.

निबोड्ना ni-chór-na, v. a. To wring, squeeze, press, strain, express, to extort, exact. नियोड् ni-chó-roo, adj. Rapacions.

দিকাবং ni-chhá-wur, s. f. A propitiatory offering, sacrifice, victim.

निज nij, adj. Own, particular, individua).
personal. Nij-ka, adj. Own, peculiar. Nij-kij
sek, Properly, se is requisite.

franfam nijh-tijh, s. f. Correctness, propriety, good order.

निकाना ni-jha-na, v. a. To spy, observe, behold.

निकारना ni-juót-na, v. a. To twitch.

বিজ্ঞান ni-jhól, adj. Steady, easy-paced, walking or running smoothly without agitation (epithet of an elephant), निटारा ni-tá-ra, s.m. Determination, final settlement, decree.

निरुद्धा nit-hul-la, s. m. Idleness. adj. Idle. निरुद्ध ni-théor, adj. Harsh, obdurate, relentless, cruel; sly, cunning, shrewd.

निद्रता ni-thoor-ta, हे. f. Cruelty, ob-

निहर ni-dur, adj. Fearless, dauntless. adv. Without fear, fearlessly.

निदान ni-dhál, } adj. Still, motionless.

fact nit, adv. or adj. Always, continually, eternally, ever, constant, invariable, the base of an obtuse-angled triangle. Nitprati, or, Nitnit, Constantly, perpetually.

नितंचड nit-ooth, adv, Constantly.

नित्रज्ञ ni-tumb, s. m. A woman's buttocks. नित्र क् nit-ram, adv. Always, continually, eternally.

निराज ni-tul, s. m. One of the seven divi-

That an i-tant, ady. Much, excessive adv. Much, excessively.

निसी nit-tee, s. f. Small scales, such as goldsmiths use.

free nit-yuh, adj. Eternal, everlasting, continual, perpetual; past, present, and future; regular, fixed, invariable, adv. Always, eternally continually.

निस्त्रकर्मे nityu-kurm, e.m. Indispensable act or ceremony, as observance of the five great sacrifices, or any daily or necessary rite.

निखना nit-yutá, s. f. perpetuity, eternity. निखना nit-yudá, adv. Always, constantly, and eternally.

निस्त्रान nit-yudan, s. m. Daily alms. निस्त्रपत्रय nityu-pruluy,s.m. The constant loss of living beings.

नितायुक्त nityu-yóokt, adj. Always busy or engaged in.

निल्यभीयन nityu-yluvun, adj. Ever or al-

Frequency nitya-nudhya-yuh, s. m. A period when the perusal of the Veds is invariably prohibited, as the day of full moon, new moon, the eighth and fourteenth days of the half month-

for earfweig nit-ya-nit-ya, ady. Eternal and perishable, permanent and temporary.

निष्मा nith-ra,adj. Clear (water whose impurity has subsided).

नियारना ni-thár-na, v. a. To pour; to purify water or other liquid by letting the feculent matter subside and pouring off the clear.

বিহেম্ব ni-dúr-shun, s. m. An example or illustration; injunction, precept; authority, text. বিহামবাৰ ni-dédh-kal, s. m. The hot season, two months previous to the rains, about May and June.

বিহাৰ ni-dan, adv. At last, at length, lastly, after all, altogether. s. f. (In medicine) Knowledge of the symptoms of diseases (Diagnosis).

निर्दिश्वित ni-dig-dhí-ka, s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini).

fafer ni-disht, adj. Ordered, directed; advised, enjoined; explained, pointed.

निर्म ni-désh, s. m. Order, command, direction, instruction; the word of command.

निरंशी ni-desh-ee, ad Showing, directing, pointing ont.

निद्रा ní-dra, s. f. Sleep, sleepiness, sloth. निद्रायमान ní-dra-yumán, adj. Sleeping, asleep.

facted ni-dra-loo, adj. Sleeping, sleepy, drowsy, slothful. s. f. A sort of perfume.

निद्ति ní-drit, adj. Sleepy, drowsy.

free of dhur-uk, adv. or adj. Without fear, 'earlessly, abruptly.

निधन ní-dhun, adj. Poor.

निधनता ni-dhun-tá, s. f. Poverty.

Figure ni-dhan, s. m. A Nidhi or divine treasure, belonging especially to Koover, the god of wealth; a receptacle, a place or vessel in or on which any thing is collected or deposited; place of cessation or rest; a place, house, mansion, abode, the subject in which any quality inheres.

Fifty ní-dhí, s. m. One of Koover's divine treasures, nine of which are enumerated, viz. The Pudm, Muhapudm, Sunkh, Mukur, Kathchup, Mookoond, Nund, Neel and Kharb: their nature is not exactly defined, though some of them appear to be precious gema: according to the Tantrik system they are personified and worshipped as demigods; a receptable, a place of asylum or accumulation, as, a treasury, a granary, a nest, &a.; a treasure, any sum or quantity of wealth or valuables.

निनद nin-ud, } s. m. Sound in general.

farrer nin-aya, s. m. A bug.

fariar ninan-wa, s. m. The thrush, aph-

निन्द्ज nin-duk, adj. Reproachful, abusive, scurrilous, consorious, querulous. s. m. A calumniator, scorner.

निन्द्वाई nin-duk-áee, s. f. Querulousness,

निन्दन nin-dan, adj. Abusing, blaming. s.m. Roproach, censure, blame, निस्ना nínd-na, v. a. To vilify, defame, revile, reproach.

निन्दा nin-da, s. f. Censure, reproach, scorn, defamation, reproof, blame, abuse, reviling...

निस्त्र nind-ás, s. f. Drowsiness.

faction inda-stooti, a. f. Irony, ironical praise.

निहिन्स nin-dit, adj. Abused, reviled, reproved; low, despicable, worthy of being reviled. हिन्दा nind-yuh, adj. Bad, vile, despicable,

reprehensible. Bad, vile, desp

Ninety-nine. Ninety-nine. Ninety-nine. Ninety-nine. Ninety-nine the pher men purna, To be entirely absorbed in the acquisition of wealth; to be involved in difficulties.

निष nip, s. m. The Kudumb tree (Nau-clea cadamba).

fauz m-put, adv. Very, exceedingly.
fauzar mi-put-na, v. n. To terminate, to be finished.

निषदाना nip-tá-na, v. n. To settle, decide, conclude, terminate.

fruzza nip-tá-ra, s. m. End, finishing. fruzza nip-tá-roo, s. m. Who finishes, terminates, &c.

निषतन ni-pút-un, s. m. Falling.

निपान ni-pat-it, udj. Fallen, fallen down. निपाट ni-path, s. m. Reading, study of the sacred books, or public perusal of popular poems.

निपास ni-pat, s. m. Death, dying; falling, coming down, alighting; irregularity (in grammar); a particle (in ditto).

faura ni-pan, s. m. A trough or ditch near a well for watering cattle; any reservoir of water.

नियुक्त ni-p6on, adj. Clever, skilful, expert, conversant, eminent.

निम्ता ni-póo-ta, adj. Childless, having no son.

निवटेरा nib-tér-a, s. m. Determination.

निवस्ता ni-búr-na, v. n. To be accomplished, to be spent, to be ended.

निवञ्च ni-bundh, s. m. Epistasis, suppression of urine or constipation; binding, confinement.

frae ní-bul, adj. Weak.

निवलाई ni-bul-ace, s. f. Weakness.

निवादन ni-bá-run, s. m. Ending, finishing, cessation, separation.

বিষাত্র ni-bar-na, v. a. To keep one's engagements, &c.; to accomplish, to perform, manage; to spend, to end; to separate.

fastes ni-bá-run, s. m. Prevention, hindering, forbidding, stopping.

निवादना ni-bar-na, v. a. To forbid.

formance, sufficiency, supply, maintenance; performing or keeping an engagement, keeping, guarding.

নিবাছনা ni-bah-na, v. a. To accomplish, achieve, perfect, perform; to protect, to guard, to take care of; to keep one's faith; to behave; to afford; to conduct.

বিৰাছ ni-bá-hoo,ndj. Lasting, permanent, sufficient for one's purpose.

निवडना ni-bér-na, v. a. To end, to put an end to, complete, perform, finish, spend.

निवेदा ni-ber-a, s. m. End, finishing.

निवदन ni-béd-un, s. m. An address, a petition, representation to a superior.

বিশ্বা nibh-na, v. n. To serve, succeed, pass, live, last, to be accomplished, perfected, or performed.

faviar ni-bhá-na, v. a. To perform; to guard; to keep one's faith; to behave; to afford; to conduct.

निसकी nim-kee, s. f. Pickled lemons.

निमकोड़ी nim-kouree, s. f. The berry of the Neem tree (Melia azad-dirachta).

निमन nim-un, adj. Stout, strong, tight,

निसनाई nim-un-áce, e.f. Strength, stoutness.

निसनाना nim-ná-na, v. a. To strengthen, to ameliorate.

निमाना nim-å-na, adj. Simple, without guile; singular, unlike to all others, sheepish. निमान nim-ikh, s. m. A moment (of time),

a twinkling of the eye.

লিখিল nim-itt, s. m. Cause, motive, instrumental cause; for the sake of; (met.) fortune.

লিনিম nim-ish, s. m. The twinkling of an eye; the twinkling of an eye considered as a measure of time.

निकी खन nim-ée-lun, s. m. Death, dying ; twinkling of the eye, shutting of the eyelids, winking.

निसंघ nun-esh, s. m. 'I'winkling of theeye; a momentary space of time, the twinkling of the eye considered as a measure of time.

from nimn, adj. Deep, profound (literally or figuratively); low (ground), stroping.

निकाता nimn-tá, s. f. Depth, profundity.

निका nimb, s. m. A tree (Melia azad-di-rachta).

নিৰ্বাস nimb-túroo, a. m. The Coral tree (Erythrina fulgens), it is considered as one of the trees of paradise.

निस्त्र ním-boo, s. m. The common lime (Citrus acida).

नियत ni-yut, adj. Self-governed, subdued, restrained.

नियताला niyut-átma, adj. Self-regulated, self-controuled or restrained.

नियताहार níyut-ahár, adj. Abstemious. नियतन्द्रिय níyut-éndriyuh, adj. Ofrestrain-

ed or subdued passions.

नियन्ता ni-yún-ta, s. m. A charioteer, a coachman; a ruler, a governor, a master.

नियम ní-yum, s. m. Agreement, contract, engagement, assent, promise; any religious observance voluntarily practised, as fasting, watching, pilgrimage, praying, &c.; a religious observance or obligation in general; rule, precept; usage, practice.

नियमन ni-yum-un, . m. Binding, restrain-

ing, checking.

नियमित ni-yum-it, adj. Regulated, prescribed.

नियर ní-yur, adv. Near.

नियराई ni-yur-áce, s. f. Nearness.

नियासक ni-yá-muk, s. m. A boatman, a sailor, a steersman; a pilot, a helmsman; a charloteer.

नियाय ni-yhyuh, s. m. Justice, equity, right, decision. Niyayuh kurna, To judge, to administer justice, to decide.

नियायक ni-ya-yúk, s. m. A judge-

नियाचिक ni-ya-yik, s. m. A reasoner, arguer, logician, sophist.

नियायी ni-ya-yee, s. m. A distributor of justice; a logician.

नियार ni-yar, s. m. Forage, fodder, food of cattle.

rate, distinct, different, extraordinary, uncommon.
s. m. The scoria left after refining gold, silver, or
other metals; from which a minute portion of
those metals h obtainable, Niyareh, adv. Apart.

fariful ni-ya-riya. s. m. One who extracts metals from their scoris. adj. Prudent, cantious, not easily imposed on.

नियुत्त ni-yookt, adv. Engaged in,applying or attached to; authorized, called, appointed.

नियत ni-yoot, adj. A million; ten hundred thousand.

নিযুত্ব ni-yooddh, s. m. Close fight, personal struggle.

नियोग ni-yóg, s. m. An order or command; authority, appointment.

नियोगी ni-yó-gee,adj. Engaged in any pur.

suit, closely attached to it or engrossed by it; appointed, authorized, entrusted withat tority, &c. s. m. A minister, a deputy, an agent, &c.

নিৰীজন ni-yé-jun, s. m. Ordering, commanding, directing-

नियोजित ni-yo-jit, adj. Entrusted with, appointed to; directed, ordered.

far nir, adv. Negation, privation. prep. Out, without (on the outside), without (not having).

নিত্র nir-úksh, ad). Having ne latitude, s. m. (In astronomy) The terrestrial equator.

Incara nir-uksh-désh, s. m. A firstmeridian, as Lunka or Ceylon, a place where the sun is always vertical, and the days and nights are equal; the equatorial region.

निद्धार nir-un-kar, } adj. Withoutform निद्धान nir-un-kal, } (the deity), incorporeal.

for a nír-m-koosh, adj. Unchecked, uncontrolled, self-willed.

facear nir-ukh-na, v. a. To look at, to view, to see.

বিশ্লের nir-un-jun, adj. Void of passion or emotion; unstained, unblackened s. m., The Supreme Being,

निर्द्वमा nir-un-jun-å, s. f. The day of full

निरतन nir-tuk, s. m. A dancer.

fat at nir-un-tur, ady. or adv. Without interstices; without interval'; continuous; uninterrupted, continual; unbounded; incessantly, constantly.

निर्न्यास्त्राम nfruntur-abhyas, s. m. Private study, reading to one's self the sacred works; diligent and uninterrupted pursuit, exercise, practice.

facucial nir-up-radh, adj. Faultless, blameless.

facurial nir-up-radhee, blameless.
facura nir-up-eksh, adj. Independent of, unconnected or unconcerned with; careless, indifferent, negligent; without purpose or hope.

निर्देश nir-ur-thuk, ady. Vain, fruitless, unprofitable; unmeaning, insignificant, obsolete.

face af-rus, adj. Dry; insipid, testeless.
s. m. Issipidity, want of flavour or passon;
dryness; want of juice.

forem nir-ust, adj. Expelled; abandoned, deserted, left.

निरस्त nir-ustr, adj. Without or destitute of arms, weapons, &c.

निरहरार nir-hun-kar, adj. Humble, free from pride.

fact nir-a, adj. Mere, pure, only, unalloyed, single, simple. factore nir-a-kar, adj. Devoid of form or figure, incorporeal; the Divine Spirit, God.

Trental nira-kankshee, adj. Content, without desire, not coveting any thing.

fatter nir-a-dur, adj. Without respect; of had dispositions, disrespectful, unceremonious, unpolite, disrespected.

factsic nir-adhar, adj. Without support or prop.

निरापद nir-a-pud, adj. Prosperous, fortu-

निरामच nir-amuy, s. m. The wild goat ; a hog, a boar.

निरामान् nir-a-maloo, s. m. The wood ap-

निरासियी nir-a-mish-ee, adj. Living without meat; free from sensual desires.

निरायाच nír-a-yas, adj. Not giving trouble, ready, easily attainable.

निरायम nir-a-yoodh, adj. Unarmed, defenceless.

निराज्य nir-a-lusyuh, ad. Not slothful, active.

farten nir-h-la, adj. Apart, aloof, retired, lonely, private; pure, mere, simple, unmixed, unalloyed; rare, strange, odd, extraordinary. Niraleh, or, Niraleh men, Apart, in private.

বিশ্যে nir-ash, ad). Hopeless, despairing; disappointed. [ing

निराणिस् nir-ashis, adj. Without a bless-निराणो nir-ashee, s. f. Despair.

निराभ्य nir-ash-ruy, adj. Without refuge, destitute.

निराहार nir-a-har, adj. Fasting through necessity or choice.

निरिन्दिय nir-in-driyub, adj. Imperfect, mutilated, maimed.

निरी चया nir-ée-kshun, s. m. Looking at, regarding, seeing; expecting, hoping.

निरीजमाना nir-eeksh-mán, adj. Looking at, regarding, hoping, expecting.

नि तिचित nir-eck-shit, adj. Seen, beheld, looked at; hoped, expected.

निरीचा nir-ée-cha, s. f. Looking at, regarding; hope, expectation.

factor nir-tesh,s.m. The body of a plough.

fram nír-ookt, adj. Obsenre, obsolete.
s. m. One of the Vedangs or works considered
as supplementary to and connected with the
Veds, forming part of scriptural or sacred
science; glossarial explanation of obscure terms,
especially those occurring in the Veds.

নিক্রি nír-ook-ti, s.f. The Vedang or portion of scriptural science, which explains obscure and obsolete terms. निक्सर nir-oot-tur, adj. Non-plussed, without an answer.

निक्यम nir-oc-pum, adj. Unequalled, having no resemblance or likeness

facy ni-roop, adj. Without form the Deity), incorporeal.

Taguer ni-roo-pun, s. m. Ascertaining, determining.

निक्षित ni-roo-pit, alb. Ascertained ; appointed, deputed, directed to de any thing.

निरेखना ni-rekh-na, v. a. To behold, to spy, to look out.

ady. In high health नियोग मां-rog, निरोगी ni-ro-gee, and spirits, healthy. fina nir-gut, adj. Gone out or forth; expended, extinct, departed.

fanag nir-gundh, ady. Inodorous, void of fragrance or smell.

किने अपूर्वी nir-gundh-pooshpee, e. f. The Simul or silk-cotton tree.

निराम nirgum, s. m. Going forth or out, exit.

निरंच nir-goon,adj. Void of all properties; bad, worthless, unskilful, having no good or estimable qualities; unstrung, as a necklace. s. m. The Supreme Being, as being without passions or human qualities.

निर्मेशन्त nirgoon-twuh, s. m. The state of being free from all qualities, an attribute, capecially of the Supreme Being.

Trund nir-goon-thee, s. f. A shrub (Vitex negundo): the root of the lotus.

faraz nir-ghúnt, s. m. A vocabulary, an index.

निधिन nir-ghin, adi. Not odious, not detestable.

frai nír-cha, s. m. A kind of greens (Corchorus capsularis).

निक्त nir-chhul, adj. Simple, guileless.

निजन nir-jun, adj. Without a person or individual, desert, uninhabited, lenely, unpeopled, unfrequented.

निजर nir-jur, adj. Immertal, imperishable, undecaying. s. m. Ambrosis, the food of the gods.

fa se nir-jul, adj. Dry, desert, without water, void of water s. m. A desert, a waste.

निजित nir-jit, adj. Conquered, subdued, overcome; unconquered.

जिजीय nír-jeev, adj. Lifeless, inanimate. fame nir-jhur, adj. A cascade or torrent. the precipitous descent of water from mountains, &c.

निणय nir-nuy, a m. Certainty, positive

conclusion; investigation; (in law) sentence, decision; (in logic) complete ascertainment. faulla nir-neet, adj. Ascertained, deter-

mined; sentenced, decreed.

नित nirt, s. m. Dance.

निसना nirt-na, v. a. To dance, to jump about playfully.

नितीना nir-tá-na, v. a. To make dance ; to make pure, to clean,

adj. Unkind, unmerci-निदंदे nir-duce, निर्देश nir-duy, ful unfeeling, cruel. निर्देशी nir duyee, I hard-hearted, devoid of pity or charity, merciless.

निरंडन nir-duhun, e. m. Marking nut.

निर्देहनी nir-duhun-ee, s. f. A sort of creeper, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made ( Sanseviera reglanica).

निदिष्ट nir-disht, adj. Described, depicted, pointed out, skown; ascertained, determined. निरंश nir-desh, s. m. Order, command : description; depicting, pointing out or exhibiting. feefy nir-desh, adj. Faultless, withfacial nir do-shee, ) out defect or blemigh.

Tag a nir-dwund, adj. Not double ; free from either of two alternatives, neither glad nor sorry, &c.; not acknowledging two principles.

निधन nir-dhun, adj. Poor, indigent.

निर्धर्भ nir-dhurm, adj. Impious, unrighteous, immoral, void of law or religion.

निधर्मर nir-dhar, 3. m. Certainty, as-निधौरण nir-dhar-un, certainment.

fauffa a nir-dha-rit, adj. Ascertained, determined.

निन सक्तार mir-num-us-kar,adj. Uncourte-निनिध nir-nath, adj. Having no superior,

master, protector, &c. निर्वायता nir-nath-ta, s. f. Being without

a master; widowhood. निपच nir-puksh, (adj. Helpless, friend-

निषेख nír-puchh, less.

former nir-phul, adj. Fruitless.

निवंश nir-bunsh, adj. Childless, without offspring; extinct (as a race or family).

निवन्त nir-bun-dhoo,ady. Friendless, without relations.

निवेल nír-bul, adj. Weak, feeble, powerless; without strength.

निवेशका nir-bul-tá, s. f. Weakness, fee-bleness, impotence, prostration of strength. Tax nir-bush, adj. Powerless, enfeebled.

fafail nir-bis-ee, s. f. Zedoary (a spicy

plant somewhat like ginger in its leaves, but of a sweet scent, Amomum zedouria: Curcuma zedouria).

নিবীর nir-beej, adj. Without seed, childless; extinct (a race or family).

frafa nír-booddhí, adj. Ignorant, unwise, void of understanding, senseless, irrational.

निवृक्त nír-boojh, adj. Not to be understood, incomprehensible.

frat nir-byr, adj. Free from hatred or enmity.

निभेव nir-bhuy, adj. Fearless, undaunted.

fanz nír-mud, adj. Sober, quiet, unintoxicated s. m. An elephant after the frontal juice has ceased to exude, one out of rut.

निमेनु व्य nír-mun-oosh, adj. Uninhabited, desolate.

निर्मस nír-mum, adj. Disinterested, claiming or wishing for nothing.

निमेमल nir-mum-twuh, s. m. Disregard of worldly interests or possessions.

fane nír-mul, adj. Clear, clean, free from ditt or insurities (literally or figuratively), pure, limpid, pellucid, transparent, spotless.

निसंखता nir-mul-tá, s. f. Pureness, limpidness, pellucidness, clearness, transparency.

france nir-mul-twuh, s. m. Purity, cleanness (physical or moral).

निर्मे जो nir-mul-ee, s. f. A seed with which water is cleared (Strychnos potatorum).

fasiu nir-men, s. m. Manufacture, production, making; pith, marrow, essence.

fantee nir-mál-yula, adj. Clear, clean. s.m.
The remains of an offering presented to a god;
purity, clearness, clearness.

निर्मित nir-mit, adj. Made ; fabricated,

निर्मेल nír-mool, adj. Baseless, unfounded; eradicated.

नियों हो nir-mo-hee, adi. Not fascinated, without affection, free from attachment, unkind नियोस nir-yas, s. m. Extract, decoction, infusion: any natural exudation of a plant, as gum, milk, extract, &c.

fatter nir-lujj, adj. Shameless, immodest, impudent.

निहिन्न nír-lipt, adj. Unsmeared, unanointed; undefiled, uncontaminated (by passion,&c.). s. m. A name of Krishn.

निस्त्रिम nír-lobh, निस्त्रिम nír-lo-bhee, ousness, not covet ous, void of avarioe, contented.

নিবল nir-vun, adj. Bare, open (a country). নিবাৰ nir-van, adj. Liberated from existence; dead, deceased, s. m. Eternal happiness, emancipation from matter, and re-union with the deity: it is especially employed in this sense by the *Bonddhs* and *Jyns*, understanding by it perfect and perpetual calm.

faulta nir-vat, adj. Calm, still, not windy, having ceased to blow. s. m. A calm.

Fig. 7; váh, s. m. Accomplishment, completion, an end; carrying on, supporting, maintaining; providing means; sufficiency, adequacy.

निर्विकार nir-vi-kar, adj, Unchanged, unaltered, uniform.

fafar nír-vighn, ady. Unobstructed. s. m. Absence of obstruction or impediment. adv. Freely, unobstructedly.

निविस्था nir-vin-dhya, s. f. A river that rises in the "indiya mountains.

निविवक nír-vivek, adj. Foolish, undiscri-

निर्विषी nir-vish-ee, s. f. A plant (Curcuma zedoaria).

নিৰ্মীত nír-veej, adj. Seedless; impotent. নিৰ্মীত nír-veerj, adj. Tame, feeble, spiritless; impotent.

निष्टें त nir-vrit, adj. Ended, terminated; happy, content; emancipated; free from occupation or interest.

fagin nir-vrítti, s. f. Final emancipation from existence; death; happiness; rest,repose tranquillity, ceasing or abstaining from; completion, accomplishment, conclusion.

नियद nir-ved, adj. Not having the Veds, infidel, unscriptural.

नियर nír-vyr, adj. Friendly, without enmity.

निवरा ní-vur-a, s. f. A virgin, a girl unmarried.

निवान ni-wan, adj. Low (ground).

निवाना ni-wa-na, v. a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

fratt ni-war, s. m. Hindering, opposition, impediment. s. f. Tape (of a coarse kind). Ni-warbaf, A tape-weaver.

निवार या ni-wá-run, s. m. Hindering, opposing, an impediment.

निवारना ni-war-na, v. α. To prevent, to hinder, to prohibit.

farifica ni-wa-rit, adj. Hindered, check-ed, opposed.

निवारी ni-wa-ree, s. f. A flower, a sort of jasmine.

निवादमा ni-wao-na, v. a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

निवास ni-was, s. m. A house, a dwelling, a residence.

निवासी ni-wa-see, m. ) adj. Dwelling, निवासिनी ni-wa-sin-ee, f. ) abiding in, inhabiting a. m. f. An inhabitant.

निवृत्ति ni-vrit-ti, s. f. Final emancipation iron existence; rest, repose, tranquillity.

निवेदन ni-véd-un, ह. m. An address, a petition, representation to a superior.

faw nish, s. f. Night.

নিমন্ত ní-shunk, adj. Fearless, free from doubt or suspicion. adv. Boldly.

निया nish-a, s. f. Night.

निशासर nish-a-kur, निशासाथ nish-a-nath, } s. m. The moon.

বিশাবি nish-a-chur, adj. Nocturnal, night-walking, what goes or moves about by night.
s. m. A Rakshus, a fiend, an imp or geldin, a demon; a robber, a thief; a nocturnal animal, an animal that watches and feeds by night.

বিশাৰতী nish-a-chur-ee, s. f. A woman who goes to an assignation, a harlot, a whore; a she-devil, a female fiend; a sort of perfune.

নিয়াল ni-shant, adj. Quiet, tranquil, patient, s. m. A house, a dwelling; the end of the night, or break of day.

নিমান্দার্থী nishant-naree, s. f. A female, a house-wife.

বিষয়ের nish-andh, adj. Blind at night.
বিষয়ের nish-a-pooshp, s. in. The white
water-lily.

नित्रपुष्पा nishi-pooshp-a, s. f. A flower (Nyctanthes tristis).

নিমীয় nish-eeth, s. m. Midnight; night. নিমীৰা nish-el-a, adg. Intoxicating, inebrient.

বিষয় ni-shyt, s.m. A crane (Ardea nivea).
বিষয় nis-chuy, s.m. Certainty, ascertainment, positive conclusion; trust, belief, faith.
adj. Actual, real, ascertained certain, sure, indubitable.adv. Certainly, actually, indubitably.

निहर nish-chúr, s. m. A prowler.

निश्चराई nish-chur-éec, s. f. Prowling.

নিহুল nish-chul, adj. Immovable, still,

निञ्चा nish-chul-a, s. f. The earth.

ৰিস্থলাক nish-chul-ang, s. m. A kind of crane (Ardea vivea); a mountain, a rock.

লিছিল nish-chit, adj. Certain, ascertained, determined, concluded. s. m. Certainty, conclusion.

निञ्चल nish chint, adj. Thoughtless, inconsiderate void of reflection; free from thought, anxiety, or care, unconcerned, careless at leisure. Nishchint hona, To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished.

निद्वारा nish-chook-kun, s. m. A sort of tooth powder prepared of sulphate of iron, &c., it destroys the tartar, but blackens the teeth.

निश्चेष्ट nish-chesht, adj. Powerless, helpless; incapable of effort.

বিশ্বস্থ nish-chhidr, adj. Without flaw or defect; without vent, having no holes or rent. বিশ্বস্থাৰ nish-shwas, s. m. Breath expired, breathing out, expiration.

লিমত্ব ni-shung, s. m. Union, meeting, association.

for a ni-shtidh, s. m. The name of a mountain or mountainous range, forming one of the principal ranges of the universe, and described as lying immediately south of \*llavrut\*, and north of the \*Himala\* range; a country in the south-east division of India; the sovereign of \*Nishudh\*.

निवस्क , ni-shun-nuk, s. m. A sort of pothorb (Marsilea dentata).

musical notes, or more properly the last and highest of the scale; a man of a degraded tribe, or an outcast, especially the son of a Brahman by a Soodr woman. [den.

निषद्ध ni-shiddh. adj. Prohibited, forbid-निषद्धता ni-shiddh-ta, s.f.) Prohibition, निषद्ध ni-shedh, s. m. forbiddance. निषद्ध ni-shek, s. m. The ceremony per-

formed upon impregnation taking place.

tion.
「中華和歌歌 nish-kun-tuk, adj. Without thoms; free from trouble.

निकार nish-kunth, s. m. A plant (Capparis trifoliata).

निकापट nish-kup-ut, adj. Without fraud or deceit, open, artless, honest, sincere.

निकार्ष nish-kursh, s. m. Certainty, ascer. tainment.

বিজ্ঞান nish-kam, adj. Free from wish or desire. adv. Unwillingly.

निकार्या nish-karun, adj. Causeless, groundless.

Transmit nish-krum-un, s. m. Going forth or out; taking a child for the first time out of the house, in the fourth mouth, considered as an essential ceremony, and accompained by sacrifice, &c.

বিতা nish-thá, s. f. Confirmation ; faith, belief.

নিতাৰ nish-thán, s. m. Sauce, condiment. নিতা nish-tháor, adj. Harsh, contumelious (as specel); hard, solid. निष्यता nish-theoreta, s. f. Harshness of speech, reviling, abuse.

निकानि nish-putti, e. f. Completion, conclusion, termination, consummation.

frag mish-ptinn, adj. Done, finished, concluded, completed.

निकाराज्ञन nish-pur-a-krum, adj. Weak, destitute of power.

निकादन nish-pá-dun, a. m. Doing, effecting, accomplishing; concluding; producing, causing, engendering.

निकारित nish-pa-dit, adj. Done, effected, made, produced.

निष्णाप nish-pap, ् व adj. Sinless, inno-

नियापी nish-pa-pee, cent. THE nish-pootr, adj. Sonless.

निमान्य nish-poo-roosh, s. m. A cunuch or impotent man; a coward.

निमायोजन nish-pruyo-jun, adj. Causeless, groundless.

Tray nish-prih, adj. Content, not envying any person, nor coveting any thing; exempt from desires

France nish-phul, adj. Barren, unfruitful; seedless, impotent.

Truster nish-phul-a, ) s. f. A woman past नियम की ufsh-phul-ée, f child-bearing, one in whom menstruation has ceased.

निस nis, e. f. Night.

faug ni-sunk, adj. Fearless, free from doubt or suspicion, adv. Boldly.

freez ni-sun-kut, adv. Without trouble or difficulty; with ease.

निसञ्जाच ni-sun-koch, adj. Without contracting; without shame or reserve

निस्चर nis-chur, s. m. A night-prowler, निस्चराई nis-chur-áce, s. f. Night-prowling. Nischuraee kurna, To prowl at night.

Towart ni-sun-dhaec, s. f. Solidity. निवरित्र mi-sun-dhi, adj. Solid, tight, not leaky.

লিভাৰে ni-sur-na, v. n. To issue, to go forth, to come out. निसास ni-sas, s. m. Breath.

निहि ní-si, s. f. Night.

fafers ni-sín-dhoo, s. m. A shrub (Vitex negundo).

निसनी ni-sén-ee, 7 s. f. A wooden ladder, निमनी ni-sy-nee, a ladder.

Frenuz nis-kup-ut, adj. Without fraud or deceit, open, artless, honest, sincere.

factor nis-tar, e. m. Release, acquittal, salvation, final liberation, beatitude,

निसारमा nis-tár-na, v. a. To release, acquit; to beatify or exempt the soul from further transmigration.

निस्तार बीझ nis-tar-véej,s. m. The cause of final liberation, faith in any deity, &c.

fregret nis-tá-ra, s. m Definitive settlement, decision, decree, adjustment; blessing.

निस्ताल nis-tej-us, a.b. Dall, obscure ; dull, spiritless; powerless, impotent.

निकाल nis-tok, s. m. Definitive ment, decision, decree, adjustment.

निसन्द ní-spund, adj. Still, steady, immoveable.

निस्पृत्त nf-sprih, adj. Content, unenvious.

निक्पुद्रा mi-spri-ha, s. f. A plant (Gloriosa superba).

निसान्देष्ट nis-sun-deh, adi. Free from doubt, undoubted. adv. Undoubtedly.

निस्तास nis-was, s. m. Breath, aspiration. निहरू ni-hung, adj. Naked; free from care. Nihun laria, A careless child or person.

निहत्र nfh-chay, s. m. Certainty, ascertainment.

Torent ni-huttha, adj. Unarmed.

निहाई ni-háce, s. f. An anvil.

निस्ताका ni-há-ka, s. f. An iguana or the Gangetic alligator.

निद्धानी ni-há-nee, s. f. The menses.

निहारना ni-hár-na, v. a. To look at, to regard, to watch, to look after, to spy, to see. निस्ताल ni-hál, adj. Exalted, pleased, hap-

निहरना ni-hóor-na, v. n. To condescend, to incline or bend downward, decline, to stoop, to bow, to lean.

निहराना ni-hoo-rana, v. a. To cause to crook, to bend, to bow.

निहड़ना ni-hóor-na, v. n. To bend downwards, to bow down, to incline, to steep.

farett ni-hó-ra, s. m. Favour, obligation, kindness; begging, requesting humbly, coaxing. fafag ni-kshipt, adj. Thrown or sent away.

निराप ni-kshép, s. m. Throwing, sending, putting away.

नींद neend, s. f. Sleep. Neend oochot hona, To be unable to sleep, or to have sleep broken. Neend bhur sona, To sleep sound, to be at case.

नींदना néend-na, v. a. To deny ; to blame, to censure. v. n. To sleep.

मोद्र neen-doo, s. m. Sleeper.

ala neem boo, s. m. Lemon, lime.

नीकी née-kou, J gant ; well.

an neech, adi. Low (in stature), short, dwarfish; low (in condition), vile, base, mean, vulgar. Neech-conch, s. f. Inequality; the ups and downs of life.

Plat née-cha, adj. Below, down, low. Neecha concha, Up and down, uneven ground, abrupt. Neechch sooron seh bolna, To sing with a low voice, or hum a tune.

नीचाई nee-cha-ee, s. f. Lowness.

anée-cheh, adv. Below, beneath, under, down. Neecheh oopur, Upside down. Neecheh jana, To descend, to submit, to subside, to succumb.

a) far née-ti, s. f. Polity, political science, treating especially of the administration of government, including the practice of morality in private life, both by the sovereign and his subjects.

नीतिजया néeti-kútha, s. f. Any work on polity or good government.

नीतिज nee-tig-yuh, s. m. A statesman, s

नीरिसन neeti-mút, adj. Moral, eminent for royal duties.

नीतिविद्या néeti-vídya, s.f. Political science. नीतियास्त्र néeti-shástr, s. m. The science of political ethics, or any work treating of it.

नीद need, s. f. Sleep.

Ty neep, s. m. The Kudumb tree (Nauclea kadamba); a species of Ixora (I. bandhuca); a sort of Asoca or Nil Asoka.

नीय née-boo, s. m. Lemon, lime.

नीस neem, s. m. A tree (Melia azaddirachta), the margosa tree,

नोसन née-mun, adj. Strong; well-finished; solid

नोभावत nee-má-wut, s. f. System of the followers of Neemanund, a Hindoo mendicent. नीर neer, s. m. Water.

नीर ज neer-új, adj. Aquatick. s. m. A sort of Costns (G. speciosus); a lotus in general; an otter.

नीरजब nee-ruj-us, adj. Having no pollen (as a flower). s. f. A woman not menstruating. नीर्य nee-ruth, adj. Fruitless, profitless,

devoid of taste, &c., morally or physically; tasteless, unpleasant.

नीरोग née-rog, adj. Healthy, free from sickness.

नीरोगता nee-rog-ta, s. f. Health.

नील neel, adj. Blue, dark blue or black.

The neel, s. m. Indigo, blue (Indigofera tinctoria); the river Nile, the blue mountains, one of the principal ranges of mountains, dividing the world into nine-portions, and lying immediately north of Havrut or the central division; one of the divine treasures of Koover; a gem (the sapphire); the blue or hill Myna, a bird so called; blue vitriol. Neel ka math bigarna, (ht.) A vat of indigo being spoiled, is used (met.) To express the persecutions of fortune; and on hearing something very wonderful and incredible. (The phrase is said to originate from a notion entertained by dyers, that when their dye, through any accident, has been spoiled, it may be restored by telling some miraculous story).

नीसक nee-lúk, adj. Blue (stained or dyect blue), s. m. One of the terms used in Becj-yanit, as we use the letters a, b, x, y, in algebra.

risans neel-kunth, s. m. A bird (Coracias bengalensis); a name of Muhadeo: (he is called by this name because his throat was stained blue by swall-wing the poison produced by over-churning the ocean, with the mountain Mundur, by the Soors and Usoors, to procure the Umril); a gallinule; a sparrow; a wagtail; a peacock; Morunga (Hyperanthera morunga); a blue jay.

नीलकराज् néel-kunth-áksh, s. m. The Elwoarpus seed.

नीसकास néel-kum-ul, s. m. The blue lotus.

नीच जुक् सटक neel-koo-roon-tuk, s. m. blue Barleria (B. corulea).

नोलकोञ्च neel-krounch, s. m. A sort of curlew or heron.

hy the name of Leel-gave and Rojk), the white-footed antelope of Pennant and Antilope picta of Pallor

नीसल nee-lúj, s. m. Blue steel.

की विकित्यही neel-jhin-tee, e.f. Blue Barleria.

नीलपद्म neel-pudm, s. m. The blue lotus (Nymphaa carulea).

नीसपाचन neel-pa-chun, s. m. Steeping or maceration of indigo.

नीलपाचनभागङ neel-pachun-bhand, s. m. An indigo vat.

नोजिपिक neel-pichchh, s. m. A falcon.

नीचपुरिषका neel-pooshp-ika, s. f. The indigo plant.

नीलप्र neel-prishth, s. m. A sort of fish, the Roki (Cyprinus denticulatus).

बीसबड़ी neel-búr-ee, s. f. A lump of indigo.

नीसम uselum, ) s. m. A gem of a नीसमिश neel-muni, blue colour, the sap-

को स्टिन्त néel-mrit-ti-ka, s. f. Iron pyrites; black mould. नोससर neel-tim-bur, s. m. Black or dark blue raiment.

नोचनोह neel-16h, s. m. Blue steel.

Prentis a neel-16-hit, adj. Purple, of a purple colour. s. m. A mixture of red and blue, purple.

नोजनर्स neel-vúrn, adj. Blue, of a blue colour.

ৰীজা née-la, adj. Blue, dark blue or black.

Neela peela, Black and blue. Neela thotha, Blue vitriol.

नीबाई neel-á-ee, s. f. Blueness.

नीवाङ neel-ang, s. m. The Indian crane ; the blue jay.

नीवाञ्चन neel-an-jun, s. m. Blue vitriol.

नीसाम neel-am, s. m. Auction.

नी बाब्द neel-ám-bur, adj. Dressed in dark blue cloth. s. m. Black or dark blue raiment.

नीजाइसन् neel-ash-mun, e.m. A blue stone, a sapphire.

allowers nee-lik-a, s. f. A plant (Nyctanthes tristis), a species with blue flowers; the indigo plant.

नीतिनी née-lin-ce, s. f. Indigo (Indigofera tinctoria.)

नी बोपन neel-6-pul, s. m. A blue stone (Lopis lazuli).

नीवा née-wa, s. m. Stillness.

नीसरना née-sur-na, v. n. To issue, to go forth, to come out.

नीहार nee-har, s. m. Frost, hoar frost; heavy dew.

To nooh, s. m. Nail (of the finger, &c.), talon. Nooh lena, To trip, to stamble.

बहुत noo-hútta, s, m. A scratch with the nail or talon.

नतन nóo-tun, adj. New, recent, fresh, young, &c. [velty.

तृतन्त् noo-tun-twih, s. m. Newness, no-न्द्र nood, s. m. The mulberry tree (Morns Indica).

जुड़ा noo-dha, s. m. A sort of tobacco.

नून noon, s. m. Salt.

नुनिश्चा nóo-ni-ya, s. f. A sort of greens, purslain (Portulaça oleracea).

about a finger and a half in breadth, used as an ornament for the ankles and toes. (In it are bits of copper or tron, of the size of a vetch, which cause it to sound like a number of small bells, when the wearer walks).

₹ fa nrí-ti, s. f. Dancing, the science or practice.

कत् ari-too, s. m. A dancer, a mimic, an

actor's practice in general.

बहेब nri-dev, s. m. A king.

awa nri-dhurm, s. m. Manly property or duty.

क्ष nrip, क्यति nri-púti, े s. m.A king,a soverign.

च्यनीति prip-néeti, s f. Royal policy.

हमदूज nrip-dr6om, s. m. A tree (Cassia fistula).

स्पापिय nrip-priyuh, s. m. A thorny species of bamboo (Bambusa spinova).

zuin nrip-ansh, s. m. Revenue, the royal portion; of grain, a sixth, eighth, or twelfth; of fruits,&c., a sixth; and of merchandize, a fiftieth.

द्याभीर nrip-a-bhéer, s. m. Music played at the royal meals.

न्द्रपास्य nrip-á-muy, s. m. Consumption.

ऋषावर्त्त nrip-a-vurt, s. m. A kind of gem.

न्द्रपास्त्र nrip-ásun, s. m. A throne.

स्पोचित mrip-6-chit,adj. Kingly, princely, suited to a king.

boar, incarnation of Vishnoo.

or supposed descent of Vishnoo, in the shape of a man, with the head and claws of a lion; a chief, a noble, a great or illustrious man.

neh, A particle affixed to the name of the agent with a transitive verb in a past tense.

न जन ne-6on, s. m. Butter.

नेक nek, नेक nek-oo,

नेग neg, s.f. Presents at marriage and on other festive occasions made to relations and to particular servants, and considered by them as perquisites which they are entitled to.

नेशीजीशी negee-jogee, adj. Tenants and dependants, to whom it is customary to give the neg.

नेटा nét-a, s. m. Snot, snivel.

नेतो net-ee, s. f. A cord used to whirl round the churn-staff with.

नेत्र netr. s. m. The eye; the string of a churning rope.

ने लिपचड netr-pind, s. m. The ball of the

नेत्र अन netr-run-jun, s. m. Collyrium. नेत्र श्रेण netr-rug, s. m. Any disease of the

नेत्रज्ञीस netr-lót, s. m. A prisoner. नेत्राच्य netr-tímboo, s. m. A tear. ने को सब netr-6t-suv, s. m. Any pleasing or beautiful object.

नेत्रिक netr-bushudh, s. m. Green sulphate of iron considered as a collyrium; collyrium in general.

नेवापा netr-oushudh-ee, s. f. A drug.

निरुष्ठ ned-ishth, s. m. A tree (Alangium hexapetalum).

नेपाल ne-pal, n. prop. The country of Nepal.

नेपालिका ne-pá-lik-a, s. f. Arsenic.

नेपुर né-poor, s. f. An ornament for the toes and feet, or worn on the ankles.

TH nem, s. m. Vow, compact, agreement; any religious observance voluntarily practised; piety.

नेश्चार्य ném-dhurm, s. m. Abstinence, good conduct.

নিবল nem-ee-chukr, n. prop. A prince descended from Purcetshit, who is said to have removed the capital of India to Kousambi, after the inundation of Hustinapoor.

नेश्वी nem-ee, adj. Conscientious, absternious, continent, chaste. s. f. A tree (Dalbergia Oujeinensis).

ने ह आ né-roo-a, s. m. Straw.

नेरे nér-eh, नेरो ner-én, } adv. Near, beside.

नेव néo, s, f. The foundation (of a house, &c.). Neo dalna, To lay the foundation.

नेवज्ञी ne-wún-jee, s. f. Name of a flower.

नेवतना néot-na, v. a. To invite.

ने बसा neo-ta, s. m. An invitation, or the presents sent along with an invitation to the person invited, or made by a guest.

नेवताना neo-tá-na, v. a. To invite.

नेवना néo-na, v. n. To stoop, to bow.

नेवर né-wur, } s. f. A sore in the feet of a horse.

नेयल né-wul, े s. m. Aweasel, a ferret, a

नेवला néo-la, } mongoose (Fivera mun-

नेवाना ne-wá-na, v. a. To bend.

नेवार ne-war, s. f. Tape.

नेवारना ne-war-na, v. α. To shut out, to exclude.

नेह neh, s. f. Affection, kindness, love, friendship; oil.

चेड्डी ne-hee, s. m. A friend.

नेहत ny-rit, s. m. The ruler of the southwest quarter.

नेश्वती ny-rit-ee, s. f. The south-west quarter.

नेक nyk, adj. Many, various.

ने कहा ny-kút-yuh, s. m. Proximity, vicin-

नेकासेट nyk-bhéd, adj. Various, multiform, manifold.

नेकरूप nyk-róop, adj. Multiform.

नेश्वस ny-gim, s. m. An Oopnishud or portion of the Veds.

नैज nyj, adj. Own.

नैजाना ny-jána, v. n. To stoop.

नैन nyn, हैना ny-na,

नेनस्ख nyn-sóokh, e. m. Name of a flower.

नेना ny-na, s. m. A tether. नेपाल ny-pal, adi. } Produced in Nepal

नेपालिक ny-pal-ik, or brought from thence.

नेपाली ny-pal-ee, s. f. Double jasmine; red arsenic; Sephalica (Nyctanthes tristis).

नेपुण ny-poon, s. m. Dexterity, cleverness,

नेपुत्रस्य ny-poon-yuh, s. m. Dexterity, cle-

elebrated as the residence of the Rishis, to whom Soutes related the Muhabharut.

नेयभिक ny-yum-ik, adj. According to rule, regular, enjoined.

नेवा ny-ya, s. m. A boatman, a ferryman.

नेयाचिन ny-ya-yik, s. m. A logician, a follower of the Nyayuh of logical philosophy.

नेराख nyr-ash-yuh, s. m. Despair.

निरित ny-rit, s. m. The ruler of the southwest quarter.

नेरिती ny-rif-ee, s. f. The south-west quarter.

ने द्वा nyr-ookt, adj. Obsolete, uncommon, belonging to the glossary of the Veds.

नेतृता nyr-goon, e. m. Absence of qualities or properties.

ने बेल् nyr-mul-yuh, s. m. Cleanness, pu-

entable articles presented to a god, which may afterwards be distributed to his ministers or worshippers, especially when it has been presented to any form of Vishnoo.

ny-hur, s. f. A wife's mother's fa-

नोक्सोक nok-jhók, e. f. Pulling and hauling.

नोच noch, s. m. A pinch, a scratch.

नोचना noch-na, v. a. To pinch, to gripe,

नोन mon, s. m. Salt.

नीना nó-na, v. a. To tie the feet of a cow when milking, s. m. A kind of custard apple (Annona reticulata).

नीनापानी nóna-pánee, s. m. Salt water,

brine; sea water.

नोनिया nó-ni-ya, s. m. Purslain (Portulaca oteracea); a maker of or dealer in salt, a salt-petre manufacturer.

नोनो nó-nee, s. f. Efflorescence of salt on a wall.

नो nou, adj. New, young, fresh, raw, newly.

नीकर nou-kur, s. m. A servant.

नौकरी nón-kur-ee, s. f. Service, attendance.

Fran non-ka, s. f. A boat.

or divisions of the earth; they are usually denominated the nine dweeps (islands), or Vurshus (countries), which constitute Jumbos dweep the centrical portion of the world, or the known world.

नीगरी nou-gur-ee, s. f. An ornament for females worn on the wrist.

new moon.

नीची nóu-chee, s. f. A young girl kept by

नीकायर nou-chhá-wur, s. m. A propitiatery offering, sacrifice, victim.

नी जोबना nou-jó-bun-a, s. f. Just grown up to puberty (a girl).

बोहना nourh-na, v. n. To bend; to incline downwards; to be obedient, क steep.

नौदामा nour-hans, v. a. To bow, to bend.

नीता nou-ta, s. m. A portico; invitation. adj. Stooping.

and noudh, s. m. A young plant or fresh shoot or branch of a plant.

alar non-na, v. n. To bend down, to bow, to incline downwards; to submit, to be obedient, to stoop.

नी भाषा nou-má-sa, s. m. A feast given in the ninth month of pregnancy.

नोंसी nou-mee, s. f. The ninth day of a hmar fortnight.

or a pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called Gomed; the nine men of letters at the court of Vikrumaditynh, or Dhumounturi, Kshupunuk, Umur-Singh, Sunkoo, Vetalbhutt, Ghutkurpur, Kalidas, Vurahumihir, and Vururoochi. s.f. An orna-

ment worn on the arm and wrist and consisting of nine different gems.

नौलासी nou-lá-see, adj. Tender, soft.

नोधित nóu-shikh, s. m. A novice, a stu-

नी वास्ट्र nou-sá-dur, s. m. Sal ammoniac, अक्षार nyuk-kár, s. m. Contempt, disre-

व्यवस्थ nyug-ródh, a.m. The Indian fig.

न्ययोधो nyug-ró-dhee, s. f. A plant (Salvi-

यह nyúst, adj. Deposited, consigned, delivered.

Nyayuh doctrine, logic, logical philosophy; policy, good government; justice, equity, reason, argument, disputation, sophistry. Nyayuh shastr, s. m. Logic. Nyayuh kurna, To administer justice, to decide.

न्यायक nyayúk, s. m. A judge.

न्यायता nyayutá, s. f. Fitness, propriety.

ज्ञायाचार nyayachar, s. m. A virtuous

न्याचार nyayádhar, s. m. An example of virtue or propriety.

द्याचिक nyayik, s. m. A reasoner, arguer, logician, sophist.

न्याचिन nyayin, adj. Right, fit; legical. न्याची nyayée, s. m. A distributor of justice; a legician.

न्याच्य nyayúh, adj. Right, proper, fit.

Transfer, s. m. Forage, fodder, food of cattle.

distinct, different, extraordinary, uncommon.

s. m. The scoria left after refining gold, silver, or other metals, which a minute portion of those metals is obtainable. Nyarch, adv. Apart.

আহিবা ny-áriya, s. m. One who extracts metals from their scoria. adj. Prudent, cautious, not easily imposed on.

and nyao, s. m. Justice, equity, right, decision. Nyao kurna, Te judge, to administer justice, to decide.

ar nyoon, adj. Blameable, vile, wicked, despicable; less, deficient, defective.

चूनता nyoon-tá, s. f. Deficiency, inferio-

च्यू नाष्ट्र nyoon-ang, adj. Maimed, mutilated, imperfect.

न्यू नाधिक nyoon-adhik, adj. Unequal, more

न्य ने न्द्रिय nyoon-endri-yuh, adj. Imperfect, wanting some organ; as blind, deaf, &c. योतना nyót-na, v. a. To invite. त्योता nyó-ta, s. m. An invitation, or the presents sent along with an invitation to the person invited, or made by a guest.

न्योताना nyo-tá-na, v. a. To invite.

## प

प puh, The twenty-first consonant of the Naguree alphabet, corresponding to the letter p. पंपाना pun-pá-na, v. a. To cause to flourish, to promote the prosperity of another, to refresh.

पंचार pun-war, s. m. A plant (Cassia obtusifolia); a tribe of Rajpoots.

यंबारा pun-wa-ra, s. m. A story, tale, fable. यंबारिया pun-wa-riya, s. m. A bard, a story-

पंतरि pun-wa-ree, s. f. A betel-garden. पत्रह puk-ur, s. f. The act of seizing, seizure, capture, catch, hold; objection, difficulty. एकह्ना puk-ur-na, v. a. To catch, lay hold of, seize, apprehend, take, capture, gripe, handle;

of, seize, apprehend, take, capture, gripe, handle; to object. ব্ৰহ্মবা puk-ra-na, v. a. To cause to be

caught, seized, or laid hold of; to deliver over, to give in charge, to hand.

u来可 p fk-ns, v.n. To be dressed or cooked, to ripen; to suppurate (as an inflammation, boil, &c.); to turn grey (hairs). Puka-pukaya, Reedy cooked.

पक्ता puk-la, s. m. A sore between the toes produced by moisture.

पक्षत्रई puk-wá-ee, s. f. Price paid for cooking.

यक्षवान puk-wan, s. m. Sweetmeats, viotuals fried in butter or oil.

पक्राना puk-wá-na, v. a. To cause to be dressed or cooked, to cause to ripen.

war puk-a, adj. Ripe, mature, matured; boiled, dressed (opposite to raw), cooked, baked (as bricks), made of brick; cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, proved, expert.

सकाई puk-á-ee, s. f. Ripeness.

पकाना puk-á-na, v a. To ripen, to dress victuals, to cook, to bake.

पकाव puk-áo, s. m. Suppuration.

पनोड़ा puk-6-ra, s. m. A kind of dish पनोड़ी puk-6-ree, s. f. made of peuse-पनोड़ी puk-6u-ree, s. f. meai.

पक्क pukk, adj. Ripe, mature, matur-पक्का puk-ka, ed; boiled, dressed (opposite to raw), cooked, baked (as bricks), made of brick; cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, proved, expert. Pukka kurna, To establish a claim, agreement, or proposition, so that no doubt or subject of dispute can remain; to build with bricks.

पतिभाग pukti-shool, s. m. Inflammation of the bowels, cholic.

um puk-wih, adj. Mature, dressed, cooked, matured by nature or by art; fully matured, on the eve of rottenness or decay; perfect, come to perfection; able, shrewd, experienced, mature (as the understanding); grey (the hair); digested.

प्रकार puk-wuh-krft, s. m. The Nimb tree, the leaves of which are applied to phlegmonoid swellings to induce suppuration.

पकाच puk-wán, s. m. Dressed food.

पक्षाण्य puk-wa-shuy, s. m. The abdomen, the stomach.

पञ्च puksh, s. m. The half of a lunar month or fortsight, comprising fifteen days; a partisan; a friend; a side, a flank.

पञ्चता puksh-tá, s. f. The taking up a side or argument.

पच्चर puksh-dhúr, s. m. A partisan.

पचपात puksh-pat, s. m. Adopting a side or an argument whether right or wrong, partisanship; a partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with.

पञ्चपानिका puksh-pati-tá, s. f. Adherence, friendship, fellowship.

पञ्चपाती puksh-patee, s. m. A partisan, a friend, an adherent.

पचाश्वास puksh-a-ghát, s. m. Palsy, hemiplegia.

पश्चिमी púk-shin-ee, s.f. } A bird.

पचिराज pukshi-raj, s. m. King of the birds, usually applied to Guroor.

पचित्राता púkshi-shála, s. f. A nest, an aviary.

pukh, s. m. A period of fifteen days, a fortnight; two; side, party, assistance, protection.

पदादी pukh-ree, s. f. A petal or flower-leaf. पदादी pukh-rou-ta, s. m. A bit of gold orsilver leaf covering absers or mouthful of betel.

पदान pukhán, । s. m. A stone.

पद्धारना pukhár-na, v. a. To wash.

पदाच pukhál, s. f. A large leather bag for holding water, generally carried on bullocks, a water bag.

पदावज pukhá-wuj, s. f. A kind of drum, a timbrel.

पदावनी pukha-wuj-ee, s. m. One who beats the pukha-wuj, a drammer.

पहेरू pukhér-oo, s. m. A bird.

ver pukhés, s. m. Mark, stamp.

पदीड़ा pukhóu-ra,s.m. The shoulder-blade. पम pug, s. m. The foot. Pug put tar.

bojna, To beat time with the foot.

way, foot path, track. Pug-dundee lenu, To track, to trace.

unel pug-ree, s. f. A turband. Pugree utukua. To be obstinate, to persist or persevere. Pugree chhuputaa, To practise deceit, to act treacherously.

uncuel pug-dún-dee, s. f. A by-path, byway, foot-path, track. Pug-dundee lena, To track, to trace.

पगधारना pug-dhár-na, v. n. To travel, to go, to leave, to depart.

करना pug-na, v. n. To be dipped in or covered with syrup; (met.) to be in love.

चगला púg-la, adi. Foolish.

पगा pug-a, } s. m. A rope fastened

bullock, a tether.

pared for building walls or plastering.

पराराचा pug-oo-rá-na, v. n. To ruminate, to chew the cud.

www punk, s. m. Mud, mire, clay.

ugair punk-kéer, s. m. A lapwing.

पङ्गङ्क punk-gűr-uk, s. m. A small fish (Macroynathus Pancalus).

us are punk-gráh, s. m. The Mukur, a marine monster.

uga punk-új, s. m. A lotus.

usum punk-dhóom, s. m. One of the divisions of hell.

of mud or mire.

पङ्चास punk-vás, s. m. A crab.

पद्ध गति punk-shook-ti, s. f. A cockle.

Wall pun-kér, s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallieneria; also, Trapa bispinosa).

पहचर pun-kri-chur, s. m. An ospray.

पहें च pun-ker-ooh, s. m. The Indian crane.

usial punk-tee, s. f. A line, a row, or range; a sort of metre, a stanza of four lines, each line consisting of ten syllables.

पञ्च punkh, s. m. A feather, a wing.

ver pún-kha, s. m. A 'au.

ufwar pun-khi-ya,s f. A small fan, s. m.

A kind of mendicant, who fans every body; a wicked man.

pún-khee, s. f. A small fan ; a bird; a kind of woollen cloth which comes from the hilly countries.

पक्ष pun-gut, e. f. A row or line.

user pung-la, adj Bandy-legged, a cripple.

पङ्गार pun-gás, s. m. A fish (Silurus sagittatus).

y pún-goo, adj. Lame, crippled, halt, one who has lost his legs, &c., a cripple.

पङ्का pun-goo-tá, s.f. Deformity, mutila-

पङ्का pún-gool, s. m. A horse of a glossy or allvery white colour.

पच्छना puch-khun-a, adj. Consisting of five parts or divisions (s house, &c.)

पन्ता puch-khá, s.f. Six days f om Shrawun to Revtec, on which several kinds of work are unlawful.

पच्योचिया puch-tó-liya, s. m. A kind of

पचन् púch-un, adj. What cooks or matures, &c.

पद्मा puch-na, v. n. To be digested; to rot; to be consumed; to take pains, to labour. पद्मच puch-puch, s. m. The noise made by walking in damp places.

पचपचाना puch-puch-ána, v.n. To be damp, to be wet; to sweat.

प्रचयन púch-pun, adj. Fifty-five.

पचमञ्चा puch-muh-la,adj. Of five stories

प्रसंख puch-mél, adj. Mixed, confused. प्रसम्बद्धा puch-ump-cha, s. f. A species of Curcuma (C. Zanthorhison).

पचनडा púch-lur-a, adj. Of five strings (a necklace, &c.)

पचलड़ी púch-lur-ee, s. f. A neeklace consisting of five rows or strings.

पचलीना puch-lo-na, s. m. A medicine composed of five kinds of salt.

पचाडाबना pucha-dalna, v. a. To digest, to rot, to ferment.

प्रवास puch-an-veh, adj. Ninety-five.

पदाना puch-6-na, v a. To digest, to cause to rot, to rot, to ferment.

प्याद puch-io, s. m. Digestion.

पचार puch-is, adj. Fifty.

पचासी puch-á-see, ad). Eighty-five.

पचीस puch-ées, adj. Twenty-five. पचीसी puch-ées-ee, s. f. A game played

with cowries instead of dice, and so named from the highest throw, which is twenty-five. पन् का puch-60-ka, s. m. A squirt, a syringe. पचीतरा puch-ó-tur-a, s. m. A duty of five per cent. on merchandize.

परीनी puch-ou-nee, s. f. The stomach. 43€ púch-chur, s. f. A wedge. Puchchur marna, To tease, to harass, to distress.

पन्नी puch-chée, adj. Adherent, sticking, joined; (met. in music) in unison. Puchehee hona, To be stuck together as with glue; to be in unison; to be strongly attached by love.

प्रजीकारी puchchée-káree, s. f. Mosaic ; patching or darning of damaged cloth.

पक्स puch-chhum,) s. m. The west. पिकास puch-chhim,

weel puch-chhee, s. m. An ally, an assistant, favourer, an advocate, a patron; a bird.

पद्धना puchhur-na, v. n. To fall, to tumble down. Puchhur jana, v. n. To be overcome. पक्रवाना puchh-ta-na, v. n. To regret, repent, rue, grieve.

पळ्तावा puchh-tá-wa, s. m. Regret, penitence, contrition, concern, compunction, grief, sorrow, remorse

पक्तर puch-huttur, adj. Seventy-five.

पञ्चा púchhna,s. m. The act of scarifying (tattooing); inoculation; a sacrificator (name of un instrument). [ing.)

पञ्जनी puchh-nee, s. f. Scarifying (tattoo-पद्धवा púchh-wa, s. f. The westerly wind. पहाड puchhar, s. f. A fall or throwing down; the act of winnowing. Puchhar khana, To fall down, to suffer pain.

पक्राइना puchhar-na, v. a. To Throw down, to abase, to conquer

पिक्रवाय puchhi-yao, s. f. A westerly wind. पड़ीडना puchhór-na, v. a. To winnow with a basket used for this purpose.

प क्रेंच puj-eb, s. f. An ornament for the feet. पडार्डा puj-óu-ra,adj. Low, mean, shabby. un punch, adj. Five. s. m. A council, an assembly, a meeting, a company; arbitrators.

पत्रक punch-uk, adj. Five, or relating to five, made of five, bought with five, &c. s. m. Any collection or aggregate of five, a five.

पञ्चलका punch-kum, s. m. Five actions of the body, vemiting, evacuation by bleeding or by stool, diseased excretion by faces or purging, and blowing the nose.

पञ्चकोसा punch-kón, s. m. A pentagon.

पञ्चकोच punch-kól, s. m. The aggregate of five spices, long-pepper, its root Chai or Piper Chavya, Plumbago, and dry ginger.

पञ्चनोपा punch-kó-sha, s. m. pl. The five sheathes supposed to invest the soul, or the Unnumnyuh kosh, that supported by food, the gross form; the Pranu-muyuh kosh, the organs of action; the Muno-muyuh kosh, the organs of perception, with the munus or mind; the Vijnanuhmuyuh, the same with the Booddhi or intellect; and the Anundu-muyuh, consisting of the elements of indentity and divine wisdom.

पञ्चली pun-chuk-kee, s. f. A water-mill. पञ्चना punch-khún-a, adj. Consisting of five floors, stories, or apartments (a house, &c.) पञ्चाच्य punch-gűvyuh, s. m. Five articles derived from the cow; milk, curds, clarified butter, cow's urine, and cow-dung.

पञ्चार punch-goon, adj. Five times, fivefold.

पञ्चत punch-tútwuh, s. m. The five elements collectively; (in the Tuntrus) the five essentials of certain rites; or wine, meat, fish, sexual intercourse, and mystic gesticulations.

पञ्चतपा punch-tup-a, s. m. An ascetie, who in the hot weather, sits amongst four fires, and has the sun for the fifth.

पञ्चरा punch-ut-a, s. f. Death, dying, i. e. the separation of the five elements of whose aggregate the body consists.

unafter pun-chu-teer-thee, s. f. Any five principal places of pilgrimage, especially Visranti, Soukur, Nymish, Pruyag, and Pooshkur; bathing on the day of the Equinox.

पञ्च pun-chu-twúh, s. m. Death.

पश्चम pun-chu-dha, adv. In five ways,

पञ्चल punch-núkh, s. m. An elephant ; a tortoise; a tiger, any animal having five toes

पञ्चर punch-núd, s. m. The Punjab or country of five rivers, viz. the Yumoona, Sutudroo, Vepasa, Chundrubhaga, and Vitustha.

पञ्चपञ्चन e punch-punch-nukh, s. m. Five kinds of animals allowed to be killed and eaten, the hare, porcupine, alligator, rhinoceros, and tortoise.

पश्चमार्गी punch-pur-nee, s. f. A small shrub. पश्चपक्षव punch-pulluv, s. m. The aggre-

gate of five sprouts, viz. of the spondias, roseapple, Bel or marmelos, citron, and wood-apple.

पञ्चात punch-pátr, s. m. Five plates collectively; a Shraddh in which offerings are made in five vessels.

पञ्चिषिरिया punch-piri-ya, s. m. Any person, Hindeo or other, who worships the five peers or saints of the Muhomedans,

पञ्चमाचा punch-pran, s. m. pl. The five airs supposed to be in the body, and necessary to life.

प्रवच punch-bundh, s. m. A fine equal to the fifth part of any thing lost or stolen.

पञ्चभद् punch-bhúdr, s. m. A horse with five auspicious marks, or, spotted on the chest, back, face, and flanks; a sauce or condiment of five vegetables.

पञ्चमत punch-bhoot, a. m. The five elements: earth, sir, fire, water, and Akas.

पञ्चभवासा punch-bhoot-átma, s. m. Man as formed of the five elements.

waw panch-um, adj. Fifth. s. m. One of the seven musical notes; the seventh called Punchum, from being said to be performed by air drawn from five places; the navel, the breast, the heart, the throat, and forehead; one of the Rags or modes of music.

पञ्चमकार pun-chum-kar, ». m. The five essentials of the left hand, Tuntr ritual, viz. Mudyah, wine, man's flesh, Mutsyah fish, Mytheon copulation, Moodra gesticulation.

पञ्चलहायज्ञ punch-muha-yug, s. m. The five great sacraments of the Hindoos, or the worship of spirits, progenitors, gods, Vede, and mankind, by offerings of perfumes and flowers, obsequial rites, oblations with fire, the study of the Veds, and hospitality.

पद्मास्य punch-más-yuh, s. m. The Koil or Indian cuckoo.

पन्ना pun-chum-ee, s. f. The fifth day of a half month.

पञ्चल punch-mool, s. m. The assemblage of five roots, the Bel, Premus longifolia, Cassia, Gmelins arbores, and the trumpet-flower.

पञ्चम्बी punch-moo-lee, s. f. A similar aggregate of five roots, considered as the smaller one, viz. Hedysarum gangeticum, H. lagopodioides, Solanum melongena, S. jacquini, and Tribulus lanuginosus.

vara punch-rutn, s. m. A collection of five precious objects, or, gold, a diamond, a pearl, a ruby, an amethyst.

पञ्चल प् punch-lúk-shun, s. m. A. Pooran or mythological poem: a Poorun should comprehend five topics, viz. the creation of worlds, their destruction and renovation, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the Munoos, and the actions of their descendants.

waste punch-loh, s. m. A metallic alloy containing five metals; copper, brass, tin, lead and iron.

पञ्चमाद्या punch-shá-kha, s. m. The hand. पञ्च स्थान punch-soo-gun-dhuk, s. m. The aggregate of five aromatic vegetable substances, viz., cloves, nutmeg, camphor, aloe wood, and

पञ्चला punch-soo-na, s. m. pl. The five things in a house by which animal life may be accidentally destroyed, viz., the fire place, the slab on which condiments are ground, the broom, the postle and mortar, and the water-pot.

पञ्चानि punch-agni, s. m. A collection of five fires, amidst which a devotee performs penance during the summer season, or four fires lighted severally to the north, south, east and west, and the sun overhead; five mystic fires supposed to be present in the body.

THIS punch-ang, s, m. Five modes of devotion, or silent prayer, burnt-offering, libations, bathing idols, and feeding Brahmuns; an almanac describing solar days, lunar days, and the periods of asterisms, Yous and Kuraus; reverence by extending the kands, bending the knees and head, and in speech and look.

чэтыта punch-adhyayuh, s. m. Five readings, sections, or chapters. s. f. The aggregate of five chapters of the Shree Bhagwat, detailing the sports of Krishn with the Gopees.

पञ्चारत punch-amrit, s. m. A mixture of milk, curds, sugar, ghee, and honey : the aggregate of any five drugs of supposed efficacy.

ugree punch-aml, s. m. The aggregate of five acid plants, viz., the jujube, pomegranate, sorrel, spondias, and citron.

पञ्चायत pun-chá-yut, s. f. A meeting of any particular society (generally as a court of inquiry); a jury, an inquest.

पञ्चायती pun-cha-yút-ee, s. f. Relationship. ugres pun-chal, s. m. A country in the north of India

पञ्चावन pun-chá-wun, adj. Fifty-five.

पञ्जिन्द्रव punch-én-driynh, s. m. The five organs of sense, viz., the eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin; or those of action, as hands, feet, windpipe, anus, and parts of generation.

ਪੜ੍ਹੀ pan-chon, s. m. Associates, friends.

पश्चीरा pun-chó-ra, s. m. An earthen vessel with a narrow neck and a hole in the bottom : when filled with water and the mouth stopped, no water flows from the hole below till the hand or whatever stopped the mouth be removed. It is used as an experiment to illustrate the doctrine of the horror vacui by the followers of Aristotle. usaren pun-chhala, s. m. Tail of a paper

user pun-chhee, s. m. A bird in general. ugr pún-jur, s. m. A skeleton ; the ribs. पञ्चरी púnj-ree, s. f. A rib.

पञ्चान pun-jab, s. m. Name of a country. पञ्चाबी pun-já-bee, adj. Of or belonging to the Punjab. s. m. f. A native of Punjab.

पश्चित्रा pún-ji-ka, s.f. The register or journal of Yum, the record of human actions.

पञ्जीरी pun-jee-ree, s. f. A medicine com-

posed of sugar, glee, flour, de. given to puerperal women; caudle.

s. m. A shutter, the valve of a folding-door; fine or coloured cloth, the sound of falling or heating.

पटका pútkun, s. f. A knock, a fall. Patkun khana, To fall down. Patkunee dena, v. a. To dash on the ground, to throw against any thing with violence.

uz क्रा put-uk-na, v. a. To dash against anything, to throw on the ground with violence, to knock. v. n. To crackle, to crack.

प्रकार pút-ka, ) s. m. A cloth worn

girdle. Zuroe putka, The golden girdle (an ensign conferred by the Peshwa on generals, who are invested with authority immediately by him). Putka bandhna, To determine on, or prepare for any act. Putka pukurna, To hinder, to obstruct.

पटकाजाना pútka-jána, v. n. To fall from one's rank or estimation.

पटकाना put-ká-na, रे. a. To dash पटकारना put-kár-na, against anything, to throw on the ground with violence, to knock.

uzer put-ra, e. m. A plank; a plank to sit on, a plank on which a washerman bests clothes; unripe grain (Cicer arietinum). Putra kur dena, v. n. To deprive one of his power or strength, to convict an adversary and leave him without a reply.

पटन put-un, s. m. Roofing.

UZ-11 put-na, v. n. To be paid, to be procured; to be watered; to fill; to be covered, to be roofed, to be piled, &c. s. m. Name of a city, Patna in Behar.

पटनी pút-nee, पटौनी put-ou-nee, } s. m. A ferryman.

WZYZ put-put, s. f. The sound of beating.
WZYT pút-ra, s. m. A plank, a plank to sit
on, a plank on which a washerman beats clothes;
unripe grain (Cicer arietinum). Putra kur dena,
n. To deprive one of his power or strength, to
convictan adversary and leave him without reply.

पटरान) put-rá-nee, s. f. A queen who is installed or consecrated with the king, a princess.

write on; a narrow slip or plank or board to write on; a narrow slip or plank of wood, iron, &c.; the vanes of a venetian window; a firm seat on horseback; a title.

पटवाना put-wá-na, v. a. To provide money; to water.

पटवार put-war, । s.m.One who keeps पटवारी put-wa-ree, accounts of lands, a land steward.

प्रसन put-sun, s.m. A plant (Crotolaria juncea).

uzura put-sal, s. m. A college, a school.
uzu put-a, s. m. A foil, a wooden scimitar
for cudgelling with; a board on which Hindoos
sit whilst eating their meals or performing religious ceremomes. Putch-baz, A fencer, a cudgeller; (met.) a coquette, a wanton, a strumpet.
Puta kama, v. a. To discharge from service.

warm put-ak, s. m. A kind of bird; a sound, a crash.

पटाका put-á-ka, s. f. A flag, a banner.

uziwi put-a-kha, s. m. A cracker, a squibuziwi put-a-na, v. a. To irrigate, to water; to prepare a chouka with cowdung dissolved in water; to place the beams on the roof of a house; to pay money.

VETUE put-a-pút, s. m. The sound of beating or of the falling of drops of rain.

четче put-a-pur, s. m. Name of a fruit.

uzra put-ao, s. m. Irrigating, flooding a field; roofing a house with tiles, &c.

परिया pút-iya, s. f. A slate or slab of stone.

पटीना put-ce-na, s. m. Name of a bird.

पटीमा put-ee-ma, s. m. The planks on which cloth is spread for printing.

पट जना put-eel-na, v. a. To exact, to subdue; to beat

uz pút-oo, adj. Clever, dexterous, skilful, diligent, smart, sharp.

परुत्व prit-oo-twub, s. m. Cleverness; elo-

pearls, a braider, a maker of fringe and tape; tow made from the Hibiseus cannabinus.

the waist, a girdle. Putooka bandhua, To determine on, or to prepare for any act.

पट्टत put-6ot, s. m. पट्टता put-6o-ta,s.f. vity, skill.

uzer put-ér-a, s. m. Papyrus.

with other put-el, s. m. Cudgelling; sovereignty; a chief among the Koonbox tribe; a
title of Makrattas, the head man of a village.
Putel daina, To interrupt, to throw obstacles
in the way of a business; to beat.

पटेचा put-61-a, s. m. A kind of boat, flatbottomed; or log or beam used to roll or harrow ground.

पटेंबी put-el-ee, s. f. A small flat-bottomed boat.

परेत put úyt, s. m. A cudgeller.

well at put-uyla, s. m. A kind of boat, flatbottomed; a log or beam used to roll or harrow ground.

uztas put-6-tun, s.m. Roofing with planks or boards, transom.

पटोड़िया put-6-hiya, s. m. An owl.

परीनी put-bu-nee, s. m. A ferryman.

To putt, s. m. Wove silk; a plant (Corchorus olitorius), from the fibres of the bark of which, called Jute, a coarse sackeloth and cordage are prepared; a royal grant or order written on copper, stone, &c.

पहुन put-tun, s. m. The name of a city. पहुदेशी putt-devee, s. f. A principal queen,

uzzw putt-rung, s. m. A plant used in dyeing (Casalpinia sappan).

पद्भाग putt-shak, s. m. A sort of potherb (Corchorus capsularis).

Wat put-ta, s. f. An ornament of the forehead, s. m. A lock of hair; a dog-collar; name of harness; a deed, particularly a title deed to land or a deed of lease. Putta teorana, To fiee, run away.

ufga pút-til, s. m. A plant (Casalpinia bonduccella).

the bark of which is used as an astringent; the red species of the Lodh (Symplocos racemosa).

well pút-tee, s. f. Plaster, a bandage, a fillet; a quarter of a place; the side pieces of the frame of a bedstead; a row or line; a kind of sweetmeat; division of the hair which is combed towards the two sides and divided by a line in the middle; a written order or patent. Lusdar puttee, Sticking plaster. Puttee pukurkeh hitch ruhna, denotes excessive weakness and laziness. Puttee torsa, To be bedrid. Puttee sch puttee milana, expresses the most intimate proximity.

a cloth to cover with from rain, &c.

पड़ा pút-tha, s. m. A young full-grown animal, a youth, a wrestler; a sinew, a tendon; a plant with long leaves.

पठाना puthá-na, । v. a. To send.

पडित pút-hit, adj. Read, studied ; recited,

ufset put-hiya, s. f. A young full-grown animal (generally applied to kids, fools, &c).

परेवा put-hy-ya, part. pass. Sent.

पडोना put-hou-na, v. a. To send.

पड़ जाना pur-jana, v. n. To lie down; to repose, to cease (us the wind), to abate.
पडना pur-na, v. n. To fall; to lie down,

repose; to befall, happen, occur; to encamp; to drop; to be confined to bed by sickness. Pur ruhna, or, Purch ruhna, To remain helpless, poor or destitute.

TENSION pur-pur-ana, v. n. To prattle, to chatter; to throb with pain (as the tongue from an aerid substance).

wsi-i pur-a-na, v. a. To lay down; to put to sleep, to cause to repose; to cull, to pluck, to gather.

पड़ापड़ pur-a-par, adv. With reiterated strokes.

पदापाना púr-a-pána, v. a. To find or get easily.

पहान pur-ao, s. m. Haiting place; camp, encampment; an army; a crowd, an assembly. पहिचा pur-iya, s. f. A female buffalo calf.

ugist pur-6s, s. vs. Neighbourhood.

पद्मोदिन pur-o-sin, s. f. A female neighbour.

पड़ी की pur-6-see, s.m. A male neighbour. पहन pur-hun, s. f. The set of reading.

पद्भा purh-na, v. a. To read, repeat, say, decipher, speak.

पहनेवाका purh-ne-wala, s. m. Reader.

पदन्त pur-húnt, s. f. A reading, a spell. पदयन purh-yúl, s. f. Sweepings.

पद्रा pur-há, part. pass. Read, learned, of much reading.

पद्रायुक्त purha-góon-a,adj. A learned, experienced man.

ugraf pur-ha-na, v. a. To cause or teach to read, to instruct, to teach, to teach to speak or sing (as birds).

पहिन् pur-hin, s. f. A mullet.

volume pun, s. m. Measure of account, in couries or shells, twenty gundas or eighty couries; a stake at play, a bet, a wager; a vow, a promise, a resolution.

que pund, s. m. A catamite; a cunuch. quest pún-da, s. f. Wisdom, understanding; science, learning, s. m. A Brahmun who presides at the temple of an idol.

ufficed pun-dit, s. m. A scholar, a teacher, a learned Brahmun, or one read in sacred science, and teaching it to his disciples. adj. Wise, learned Pundis khanuh, s. m. A prison gool of the art of pundit fee. s. f. The learning of

ufagara pun-dit-ace, s. f. The learning of a Brahmun, learning.

पविद्वामी pundit-snee, s. f. The wife of a

Delhi, and nominal father of Yoodhishthir and the other loar Panduv princes.

प्राप्त pún-dook, s. m. A turtle-dove.

wave pan-doo-bee, s.f. A water-fowl, the

que of pun-doo-res, s.f. A bird (Falco).

पत्र put, s. f. Good name, honour, character. s. m. Lord, master, husband.

पतङ्क put-fing s. m. A moth ; a paper kite; the sun.

पत्र put-ung-a, s. m. A spark. Putunga hona, To go rapidly about a business.

The fall of the leaf; autumn. Put shur hona, To lose its leaves in autumn (a tr(t); (met.) to decay (a person from old age).

पतिहम put-din, adv. Each day, always,

पतन pút-un, s. m. The act of falling; falling from dignity, virtue, &c.

पतनी pút-nee, s. f. A wife.

पतिरङ्ग put-rin-ga, s. m. A bird (Merops viridis).

पति (बा pút-ri-ya, ) s. f. A prostitute.
पति (बा put-óo-riya, ) Putooriya-baz. A
whoremonger.

पत्रचा pút-la, adj. m. Fine, thin (cloth or liquids); lean, meagre, delicate, weak.

पत्रचार put laee, s. f. Thinness, fineness, meagreness, attenuation, weakness.

was put-16, s. m. The dead leaves fallen from a tree; the leaves cut off from the culm of a reed (Saccharum spontaneum) and used for thatching.

यतवार put-war, यतवास put-wal, } s. f. A rudder, helm.

Ψατ pút-a, s. m. A sign, mark, symptom, hint, token, direction, address or place to which one is directed, label.

जताका put-a-ka, s. f. A standard, a flag or banner; a flagstaff; an emblem carried as an ensign or banner, a symbol, a sign; a mark.

पताकी put-ú-kee, a.m. An ensign,a standard bearer.

षताच put-41, s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth.

पति púti, s. m. A lord, master, owner ;

with put-igh-nee, s. f. The murderess of her husband; a line on the hand, indicating that a woman will be faithless or treacherous to her husband.

पित pút-it, adj. Fallen; fallen from virtue abject, wicked, guilty, abandoned; degraded, outcast.

पितवपावन pútit-phwun, adj. Purifying the guilty (an epithet of the deity).

पतित्व pu-ti-twúh, s.m. The sonjugal state. पतिवाला puti-prána, s. f. A faithful wife. पतिब्दा pút-im-bur-a, s. f. A bride choosing her husband: a pungeut seed (Nigella Indica).

प्रतिया pú-ti-ya, s. f. A written opinion given by Pundits; a letter.

परिवास pu-ti-yana, v. a. To confide in, to trust, to believe, to depend on.

प्रतियादा pu-ti-yara, s. m. Trust, confidence, belief, dependance.

पतिज्ञत puti-vrút, s. m. Chastity.

पतिज्ञता púti-vrút-a, s. f. A good and virtuous wife.

पतिसेवा púti-séva, s. f. Devotion to a husband.

पतीरी pu-tée-ree, s.f. A kind of mat.

पतील pu-téel, adj. Thin, fine. पतीला pu-tée-la, s. m. A pan, a pot.

पत्नी pú-too-kee,s. f. A small pot, a pan. पत्रिया pu-too-riya, s. f. A prostitute.

पतोह put-6h, s.f. Daughter-in-law, पतोह put-6-hoo, son's wife.

पतीवा put-bu-wa, s. m. A leaf.

पसन pit-tun, s. m. A town, a city; act of ordering goods from a manufacturer.

पन्तनी put-tun-ee, adj. Commissioned, manufactured by order.

पनार put-tur, s. m. A leaf; a letter, epistle; a deed; plate or clamp of metal.

মনত put-tul, s. f. A plate or trencher formed of leaves.

u т pút-ta, \*. m. A leaf; a trinket. Putta hona, To run away, to flee.

पत्तान put-tal, s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth.

uff pútti, s. m. A company, a platoon, consisting of one chariot, one elephant, three horse, and five foot.

पनिपंति pútti-púnk-ti, s. f. A line of infantry.

पनिसंहति pútti-súng-huti, s. f. A body of troops.

pút-tee, s. f. A leaf; hemp, of which an intoxicating potion is made.

thar put-thur, s.m. A stone, stone. Putthur chhates pur rukhna, To be patient by compulsion or from being without remedy. Putthur puseeina, To be softened or melted (a stony heart). Putthur pance ho jana, The melting of a stony heart; a difficult task to be facilitated. Putthurbasee, s. f. Stone-throwing, playing with stones. Putthur sa phenk marna, To reply rashly without understanding the meaning of one's question Pathur seh sir phorna, To teach or instruct a fool Putther hone, To be heavy : to be stable, to stand still; to be unmerciful,

पत्यर कचा putthur-kul-a, s. m. A firelock.

पत्यरचरा putthur-chut-a, a.m. A sort of greens; a skinflint; name of a serpent; a sort of fish, adj. One attached to his own house, who remains there even in distress.

VALUE putthur-choor, s. m. A plant (Plectranthus aromaticus).

vacun's putthur-phor, s. m. A woodpecker (Picus).

und put-nee, s. f. A wife.

was putr, s. m. A leaf; the leaf of the Laurus cassia; the leaf of a book; gold-leaf, &c., any thin sheet or plate of metal.

पत्राम putr-goopt, s. m. A species of Eu-

ver put-rung, s. m. Red sanders (Pterocurpus santalinus).

पत्रवाहिका putr-ná-ri-ka, s. f. The fibre or vein of a leaf.

पत्रपुष्ण putr-poeshp, s. m. A plant, a red sort of Basil (Ocymum pilosum).

पत्रपुष्णक putr-pooshp-uk, s. m. A kind of birch, from the bark of which Hookka snakes, &c., are made.

पत्राचन putr-run-jun, s. m. Emballishing a page, illuminating, gilding, &c.

पतिशारा putr-shir-a, s.f. The vein or fibre of a leaf.

war pút-ra, s. m. An almanack, an ephemeris, a calendar.

wars put-rank, e. m. Page, paging.

पहाङ्क putr-áng, s. m. Red sanders (Pterocarpus santalinus); red or sappan wood (Casalpinia sappan); Bhojputr, a tree so called, a kind of birch.

प्रतिका pútri-ka, s. f. A leaf, a written leaf or page, a writing, a letter.

पत्रीपक्तर putro-pús-kur, s. m. A tree (Cassia esculenta).

walter putr-orn, s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica).

ger puth, s. m. A road, path, way.

पथरकता púthur-kúl-a, e. m. A firelock.

पण्डचरा puthur-chut-a, s. m. A sort of greens; a skinflint; name of a serpent; a sort of fish. adj. One attached to his own house, who remains there even in distress.

प्राचा puthur-chóor, s. m. A plant Plectranthus aromaticus).

प्यरफोड puthur-phór, s. m. A woodpecker (Pione).

प्राचा puth-ra-na, n. n. To be petrified; to become hard (a bail), to indurate

पदरी puth-ree, s. f. Grit, gravel ; the flint of a musker; stone in the bladder, calculus; a giszard.

प्रशास puth-ree-la, adj. m. Stony.

afan path-ik, s. m. A traveller, a passenger, a way-farer; a guide, one who knows the way.

पश्चिम puthi-droom, s.m. A sort of khyur (Mimosa alba).

परिवन puth-in, s. m. A division of bell.

wa path-yuh, adj. Proper, fit, suitable, agreeing with, but applied chiefly medically, with respect to diet, regimen, &c.

प्रा puth-yá, s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula).

uz pud, s. m. A foot ; a footstep, the mark of a foot, step; a word; an inflected word; rank, dignity, character; station, degree, place; a foot or rather line of a stanza.

पदक pud-uk, s. m. An ornament of the

पदक्कम pud-krum, s. m. Step, pace.

पर चत pud-chyoot, adj. Fallen from station or dignity, disgraced.

पटना púd-na, adj. Having the quality че pud-dóo. of letting wind; (met.)

परोड़ा pud-6-ra, a coward. परनी pud-bee, s.f. A path, a road; rank, character; title, titular name, surname, pa-

पदशस्त pud-bhun-jum, s. m. Explanation of obscure or obsolete words; etymology.

чин pud-um, s. m. The lotus (Netumbium speciosum, or, Prunus ceresus); ten billions (according to the shaetr), or one thousand billions (according to the Dustoor-ool-uml, or Royal ordinances of Ukbur).

पदवी púd-wee, s.f. A road, a path, a way ; station, situation, rank, degree; place, site.

wars pud-ank, s. m. Foot-mark, vestige. पहात pud-fit, s. m. A footman, a pedestrian, a foot-soldier.

पदातिक pud-á-tik, s. m. A peon, a footman, or foot-soldier.

पराना pud-a-ua, v. a. To cause to let wind; (met.) to frighten or put to flight.

पटाई pud-arth, & m. Thing, substantial or material form of being; a rarity, a good, a blessing, a delicacy or exquisite food; a category or predicament in logic, of which seven are maintained, viz., substance, quality, action, identity, variety, relation, and annihilation; another enumeration gives sixteen. पदान pud-ás, s. f. Inclination to let wind, flatulency.

पटासन pud-á-sun, s. m. A footstool.

पदासा pud-á-sa, adj. m. Inclined to let wind, flatulent.

पदोड़ा pud-ó-ra, adj. Having the quality of letting wind; (met.) a coward.

pud-dee, s. f. A path, a way, an alley.

year pud-dhútee, s. f. A road, a line, a
row or range; a ritual, a manual, a work upon
any act or ceremony, detailing the mode of its
performance, and collecting the texts connected
with it; a family name, a surname or title;
manner, custom.

un pudm, s. m. A lotus (Nelumbium speciosum), it is often confounded with the waterlily (Nymphoza); a large number, ten billions.

uşıa püdm-uk, s. m. A kind of leprosy.

মন্ত্রনান্ত pudm-káshth, s. m. A fragrant wood used in medicine, and described as cooling and tonic.

पद्मको pud-muk-ee, s. m. The Bhojputr or birch tree, the bark is used for writing upon, and wrapping shawls, &c.

पद्मचारियों pudm-chá-rin-ee, } s. f. A पद्मा púdm-a, small

tree (Hibiscus mutabilis).

पद्मर्शन pudm-dúr-shun, s. m. The resin of the Pinus longifolia.

(C. speciosus).

पदापुळ pudm-póoshp, e. m. A shrub (Webera corymbosa).

पदामुखी pudm-m60-khee, s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade.

पद्माराज pudm-rág, s. m. A ruby.

पञ्चलको pudm-vurn-uk, s. m. A species of Costus (C. speciesus).

war púdm-a, s. f. The goddess of riches, Lukshmee.

पद्माकर pudm-a-kur, s. m. A large deep tank or pend; one in which the lotus does or may grow.

पद्मार pudm-at, s. m. A sort of Cassia (C. tora).

पद्मावत pudm-á-wut, n. prop. A celebrated princess whose adventures are related in a romance entitled Pedmanutee.

पद्मावती pudm-awét-ee, s. f. The wife of the sage Jurulkaroo; a river, the main stream of the Ganges, between the Cossimbasar river and the sea.

पद्मासन pudm-á-sun, s. m. A posture in religious meditation, sitting wish the thighs crossed one hand resting on the left thigh, the

other held up with the thumb upon the heart, the eyes directed to the tip of the nose; a seat or throne made in the shape of a lotus, one especially on which idols are placed.

पद्मिनो púd-min-ee, s. f. A woman of one of the four classes into which the sex is distinguished, the first and most excellent.

पद्मोत्तर púdm-ót-tur, s. m. Safflower.

पद्म púd-yuh, s. m. Metre, verse.

पशास्त्रा pu-dhár-na, v. n. To go, proceed, depart, arrive.

A termination affixed to nouns to denote the abstract quality, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, ness, &c., as Luruk-pun, Childhood; Buniya-pun, The business of a Buniya.

पनकपड़ा pún-kup-ra, s. m. Soft cloth wetted and applied to a wound or sore.

पनगोटी pun-go-tee, s. f. Chicken-pox.

पनघट pun-ghut, s. m. A passage to a river, a stair or quay for drawing water.

पनच् pun-uch, s. f. A bow-string.

पनचारा pun-chak-kee, s. f. A water-mill.
पनचारा pun-cha-ra, s. m. An earthen vessel with a narrow neck and a hole in the bottom. When filled with water and the mouth stopped, no water flows from the hole below till the hand or whatever stopped the mouth be removed. (It is used as an experiment to illustrate the doctrine of the horror vacui by the followers of Aristotle). [meat.

भन्तवा pun-túwa, e.m. A kind of sweet-पन्नपूना pun-úp-na, v. n. To commence increasing in bulk (n man, tree, &c.); to prosper, to flourish, to thrive, to shoot, to grow, to be refreshed or restored.

पनपनास्ट pun-pun-ahut, s. f. The whizzing of an arrow or shot.

पत्रपाना pun-pá-na, v. a. To cause to flourish, to promote the prosperity of another, to refresh.

पनवहर pun-but-ta, s. m. A betel-box.

पन्भन्ता pun-bhút-ta, s. m. A kind of drink made from rice.

प्रवादा pun-wá-ra, s. m. A plate or dish made of leaves to eat on.

पनवादी pun-wa-ree, } s. f A betel-gar-पनवादी pun-wa-ree, } den.

पन्स pún-us, s. m. The bread-fruit tree (Artocarpus integrifolia).

प्रमुख्य prin-sa, adj. Insipid, s. f. A pustule, a malady, postular and phlegmonoid inflammation of the skin or external organs.

पनसारसङ्ग pun-sar-hútta, s. m. A quarter where are many druggists' shops. पनसारी pun-sa-ree, s. m. A druggist.

पनशास pun-sal, ) s. m. A stand where

पनसङ्खा pun-sú-la, water is provided पनसङ्खा pun-súl-la, for passengers.

पनशोई pun-só-ee, s. f. A small boat so called.

पनहाना pun-há-na, v. a. To cause the milk to come into the udders of animals.

पनहारा pun há-ra, s. m. A man who carries water in pots on his head, or in a bangy.

पनहारिन pun-há-rin, र.f. A woman who

pots on her head, s. m. f. A faithless person, a promise-breaker.

पनिह्याई pun-hi-yaee, adj. Afflicted with

पन्ही pun-hee, s. f. A slipper.

var pun-a, A termination affixed to nouns to denote the abstract quality, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, ness, &c., as Buch-pun, Infancy, childhood; Khonta-pun, Wickedness.

पनाना pun-á-na, v. a. To cause the milk to come into the udders of animals.

पनारी pun-á-ree, े «. f. A drain or pipe by पनानी pun-á-lee, ) which water runs off from the roof of a house.

पनिया pún-i-ya, s. m. Water; a watersnake or any thing living in water.

पनियाना pun-i-yana, v. n. To irrigate, to water, to yield water.

पनियाचा pun-i-yala, s. m. A' fruit (Flu-

पनीर pun-éer, s. m. Cheese.

मनीरक pun-ée-ruk, ) s. f. A young flow-पनेशी pun-ér-ree, े ering shrub.

प्रशिक्षा pun-se-ha, s. m. Any thing living in water, aquatic; a water-snake.

प्रमा punth, ) आजा. A road, path, way ;

पद्म pun-núg, s. m. A snake.

ver part of a shoe; an emerald; a leaf.

पद्मी plin nec, e. f. Tinfoil. s. m. A tribe of Pathans.

ччет рир-га, s. m. A crust.

पपित्राक्षक púpriya-kuth, s. f. A kind of white-coloured kuth (extract of Mimosa catechu).

uus) pup-ree, s. f. A scab, a scale, scurf; scales formed by the drying up of moist earth; thin cakes of bread.

यवहोत्रा pup-rec-la, adj. Scurfy.

पपनी pup-nee, s. f. The eyelash.

wilet pup-ec-ha, s. m. A sparrow-hawk (Falco misus.)

uut pup-úy-ya, s. m. A sort of child's whistle; a tree and its fruit (the Papaw tree, Curica papaya).

पपीटा pup-6-ta, s. f. The evenid.

weqτ pum-pa, ε. f. A river in the south of India.

чт риу, г. т. Milk, water, adv. One, upon, over, at, to, nevertheless, yet. conj. But. г. f. A fault.

पद्या puy-syá, s. f. A shrub (Asclepias roses); a medicinal kind of moon-plant.

पविचा puy-swin-ee, s. f. Milch-cow.

पवान puy-án, s. m. Departure.

पदाल puy-al, s. f. Straw.

पद्योधर puy-6-dhur, s. m. A woman's breast; a sort of rush (Scirpus kyson'); a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus, &c.)

पयोधिक puy-6-dhik, s.m. Cuttle-fish bone. पयोगिधि puy-o-nidhi, s.m. The ocean.

पदीर payor, s. m. The khayar (Mimosa catecha).

for a month, which with prayer and residence in a cow house, is an expiation for receiving an unsuitable present; offering of milk to Vishavo, and subsisting upon it for twelve days; also for one or for three days as a religious set.

waltant puy-6sh-nee, s. f. A river that rises in the Vindhya mountain.

ur pur, adj. Distant, removed, remote, far; other, different, strange, foreign adv. and conj. Over, above, through, after, at, by, for, of; but, yet, however, prep. On, upon, at, notwithstanding.

परकार pur-uk-na, v. त. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try.

परकाञ pur-kaj, s. m. The business or interest of another.

परकाजी pur-ká-jee, adj. Attentive to the business or interest of others, serving others, beneficent.

परकान pur-kán, s. m. A trunnion.

यद्भाग pur-ka-na, v. a. To accustom, to

परकोड pur-kée-yuh, alj. Another, belonging to another.

परकोशा pur-kée-ya, s. f. The mistress or wife of another.

परचेत्र pur-kshetr, s. m. Another's field ; another's body; another man's wife.

परच pur-ukh, s. f. Inspection, examination, trial, proof, experiment. करखना pur-ukh-na, v. a. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try.

TCGT pur-khaee, s. f. The act of examining; the price paid for examination, inspection, trial or proof.

पर्धाना pur-khá-na, v. a. To cause to inspect, examine, try or prove.

परचेया pur-khy-ya, s. m. An inspector, examiner, prover, assayer.

पर्गाक pur-gách, s. m. Epidendron.

परश्चे pur-ghút-ee, s.f. A mould in which silver or gold is cast previous to working it; apparency, clearness.

पर्वा pur-uch-na, v. n. To be made acquainted, to be introduced.

पर्वा pur-cha, s. m. Examination, trial, proof, experiment.

पर्वामा pur-chá-na, v. a. To introduce to a person, to engage in conversation.

पर्चृतिया pur-chóo-niya, s. m. A mealmerchant.

पर्चनी pur-chóo-nee, s. f. The act of selling flour, meal, &c.

प्रती pur-chhút-ee, s. f. A small thatch thrown over mud walls.

or candle over the heads of a bride and bridegroom, to drive away evil spirits, propitiate good ones, &c.; to kindle (a fire).

with pur-chhá-een, s. f. Image (from shade or reflection), shadow, shade. Purchhacen upnes sen bhagna, To be frightened at one's own shadow.

ucfag pur-chhidr, s. m. A fault or defect in another.

परवह púr-junk, s. m. A bedstead.

पर्जतन pur-jút-un, s. m. Travelling.

पर्जवर pur-ju-wút, s. m. Quit-rent, tax. परजा púr-ja, े s. f. A subject, tenant,

प्रजा prúj-a, frenter, people. पर्जित púr-jit, adj. Conquered, subdued.

परत pur-ut, s. m. A fold, plait, ply, layer, crust, incrustation, a stratum.

परतम pur-tum, adj. Greatest.

Ttal purtul, s. m. The baggage of a horseman carried all on one bullock or trettoo, a pack-horse, a pad-horse.

परतना par-tul-a, s. m. Sword-belt, shoulder belt.

परता pur-ta, s. m. A reel (for winding thread).

परती pur-tee, s. f. Waste land.

परतीत pur-téet, } s. f. Fuith, confidence, पतीत pra-téet, trust. Purteet kurna,

To examine; to believe; to trust.

weeter pur-da-da, s. m. A great grandfather by the father's side.

परदार pur-dár, s.f. Another's wife.

परहारगमन purdár-gúm-un, s. m. Adultery, adulterous intercourse or intrigue.

परदु: ख pur-dookh, s. m. The pain or sorrow of another.

परदेश pur-désh, s. m. A foreign country.

परदेशी pur-désh-ee, adj. Foreign, exotic. s. m. A foreigner; one residing abroad.

परदोषको सेन párdosh-kéerttun, s. m. Scandal, calumny, censoriousness.

परहेकी pur-dwesh-ee, adj. Hostile,inimical, adverse.

पर्द्रक्ष pur-druv-yuh, s. m. Another's property.

परहोड़ी pur-dró-hee, adj. Tyrannising over another.

पर्यन pur-dhún, s.m. Another's wealth.

पर अना खाटनसुख purdhun-aswadun-sóokh, s. m. Feeding luxuriously at another's expense:

प्रभूत pur-dhurm, s. m. Another's duty or business, the occupation of another caste.

परन pur-un, s. f. A very quick time in music.

परनाना pur-ná-na, s. m. A great grandfather by the mother's side.

परनाजा pur-ná-la, s. m. ) A gutter, a परनाजी pur-ná-lee, s. f. ) drain, a conduit. fbut.

परन्तु pur-un-too, conj. Afterwards, alse, परन्त्र pur-untr, adj. Subservient, obedient, dependant.

पर्यञ्च pur-punch, s. m. Delusion, fraud, imposition, treachery, deceit, artifice.

परपञ्ची pur-prin-chee, ady. Insidious, fraudulent, artful.

परपद pur-pad, s. m. Eminence, high station; final felicity.

परपराना pur-pur-ana, v. n. To smart.

ututiez pur-pur-abut, s. f. Acrimony, smart.

बर्परियह pur-puri-gruh, s.m. The family or dependants of another.

Train cuckoo.

whore; a perasite plant.

परपूर्न pur-poo-run, adj. Brimful.

bill of exchange.

a festival, a holiday, an anniversary festival, a feast; a chapter, a section.

परवा pur-bul, } adj. Predominant, pre-प्रवा pru-bul, } valent, violent, strong, powerful.

of another, under the authority of another, dependant, precarious.

परञ्चा pur-brumh, s. m. The Supreme Being.

परभाग pur-bhág, s. m. Excellence, superior merit, supremacy; good fortune, prosperity; the last part, residue, remainder.

परभूमि pur-bhéo-mi, s. f. A foreign or an enemy's country.

TEER pur-bhrit, adj. Cherished or nourished by a stranger, fostered, adopted. s. m. The Indian cuckoo, which is supposed to leave its eggs in the nest of the crow to be hatched.

परम pur-um, adj. Best, most excellent ; chief, principal, preceding, first, supreme.

यसमाति puram-guti, s. f. Chief object or refuge, as a god, a protector; final felicity, eternal felicity, heavenly bliss.

पर्भत pur-mut, s. m. A different opinion or doctrine.

परसभास pur-um-dham, s. m. Paradise. परसभ्द pur-um-pud, s. m. Eminence, high station; finel felicity; heaven or heatitude.

परसराज pur-um-raj, s. m. A supreme monarch.

Parched grain of joar or bajra (Holcus sorgum and spicatus).

परमहं स pur-um-húns, s. m. An ascetic, a religious man who has subdued all his senses by abstract meditation.

परमानि pur-um-águti, s. f. Translation to heaven, final beatitude.

invisible base of all aggregate bodies; thirty of them are supposed to form a mote in a sunbeam; the lowest measure of weight; a measure of time, the sub's passage pastanatom of matter.

पर बाका pur-um-at-ma, s.m. The Supreme Being, considered as the soul of the universe.

परमहेत pur-um-adwyt, s. m. Pure unita-

परमानन्द pur-um-anand, s. m. Great pleasure.

TENTE pur-um-ann, s. m. An oblation of rice to progenitors or gods, boiled with milk and sugar.

visig: pur-um-ayoo, s. m. The longest period of life, either in men or animals.

परभाष्ट्र pur-um-arth, s. m. Spiritual knowledge; any excellent or important aim or object; the best sense; the first pursuit, the best end, virtue, merit.

utaref pur-um-arthee, adj. Religious, seeking the best end, virtuous.

पर जिल pur-mfl-oo, s. f. A kind of dance.

परमेव pur-méo, s. m. A gonorrhœa, a (venereal) clap, a gleet.

Supreme Lord, God, the Almighty,

परस्य pur-um-púd, s. m. Eternal felicity. परस्यर pur-um-púr, adj. Traditionary or successive, proceeding from one to another, from

father to son, &c. s. m. A great-great grandson.

WEST pur-am-pur-a, s. f. Race, progeny, lineage; order, method, continuous arrange.

ny, lineage; order, method, continuous arrangement, regular series or succession; communication from one to another in succession, tradition.

परस्योग pur-um-pur-éen, adj. Hereditary, what has come by inheritance or descent; traditional.

परक् púr-roo, e. m. A potherb (Eclipta prostrata).

परना pur-la, adj. Of the other side.

परनीक pur-lok, s. m. Heaven, paradise.

परकोकगम् purlok-gum, s. m. Death, dying.

पद्वल púr-wul, ) s. m. A plant (Tricho-पत्तवल púl-wul, ) santhes dioica).

पर्वण pur-wush, adj. Subservient, dependant, subject.

पर्यान pur-wan, s. m. The yard (of a sail).

Purwan churhna, To grow up (a phrase peculiar to women).

eyelids in which the eyelashes fall off, a stye or stythe.

yew pur-ush, s. m. A kind of gem.

पर्गाद pur-shad, s.m. Viand, victuals, भगर pru-sad, food that has been offered to the delties; kindness, favour, blessing, gift; leavings of agreat man or spiritual guide. पर्भ pur-shoo, s. m. An axe, a hatchet.

demi-god, the first of the three Rams, and the sixth water or supposed descent of the god Vishnoo, who is said to have appeared in the world as the son of the sage Junualugai, for the purpose of repressing the tyranny and

punishing the violence of the Kshuttree or military tribe, and contemporary with Dushuruth Ram. He is, from his father, called Jumudugni. Renooka, wife of Jumudugni, was interrupted in bringing water from the river by Kartuveery-Arjoon, a prince of the Kshuttrees, who was sporting in the water with his thousand wives, for which Purchooram's father Jumudugni cursed him. The Kshuttree prince killed Jumudugni; and Jumudugni vowed not to leave a Kshuttree on the face of the earth; he is reported to have extirpated them twety-one times; the women with child each time producing a new race; and, they say that there have been no Kshuttrees since; those so called being of spurious breed or Vurunsunkurs. Purshooram appears to typify the tribe of Brahmuns, and their contests with the Kshuttrees morrow.

uza púr-us, s. m. Touch.

परसन्। púr-us-na, v. a. To touch.

परिवा púr-si-ya, e.m. A reaping hook, a sickle.

परसूत pur-sóot, } s. m. The whites, flour प्रसत्त pru-sóot, } albus.

with pur-son, adv. The day before yesterday; the day after to-morrow.

प्रमञ्ज्ञ pur-sum-bundh, s. m. Relation or connection with another.

पर्यक्तानी púr-sum-bun-dhee, adj. Related to another, belonging to another.

changing. adv. Mutually, reciprocally.

परस्परानुसति púr-uspur-ánoo-muti, s. f. Mutur! concurrence or assent.

परस्परोपकार púr-uspur-opkár, s. m. Mutual assistance; offensive and defensive alliance,

बरस्परीपनारी púr-uspur-opkáree, e.m. An ally; an associate, a helper.

परक्षेपट purusmúy-púd, s.m. The transitive or active verb.

परिस्त pur-hit, adj. Friendly, benevolent; good or profitable for another.

ward, reverse, over. s. m. A company, a body (of troops). [paste.

utio; pur-an-tha, s. m. A kind of cake, utin pur-ak, s. m. A religious obligation of an expiatory kind, fasting for twelve days and nights, and keeping the mind attentive, and organs subdued; a sacrificial sword or scimiter.

पराक्रम pur-á-krum, s. m. Power, strength ; valour, prowess.

पराक्रमी pur-a-krum-ee, adj. Powerful,

पराग pur-ng, s. m. The pollen or faring of a flower; fragrant powder used after bathing; the name of a mountain.

versite pur-ang-mookh, adj. Turning away, having the face averted.

पराचीन pur-a-chéen, } adj. Old, of former गावीन pra-chéen, } times, ancient.

प्राच्य ρúr-a-juy, s. m. Overthrow, defeat, discomfiture.

पराजयमाचा pur-a-juy-man, adj. Overcoming, surpassing, defeating.

पराजित pur-a-jit, adj. Conquered, defeated, overcome.

WITT pur-a-tha, s. m. Bread made with butter or ghee, and of several layers, like pieorust.

परात pur-át, े s. f. A large plate (of पराती pur-á-tee, े brass).

परास्त्रिय purát-príyuh, s. m. A kind of reed (Saccharum spontaneum).

परादन pur-á-dun, s. m. A horse of the Persian breed.

पराधिकार pur-a-dhi-kar, s. m. Another person's office or post.

पराधिकार चञ्ची pur-adhikár-churchcha, s.f. Officiousness, interference with another's concerns.

पराधीन pur-a-dhéen, adj. Dependant, subject, subservient, bumble, under another.

पराधीनता pur-adhéen-ta, s.f. Subjection, dependance.

प्राच pur-án, े s. m. Breath ; soul, life ; प्राचा pran, sweetheart, mistress. Pran-puti, Soul's lord.

परानदा pur-án-sa, s. f. The practice of medicine, administering remedies.

पराना pur-á-na, v. n. To run, to flee.

पराच pur-ann, ad. Living at another's expense. s. m. Food supplied by another.

पराद्रभोजी pur-ann-bhójee, adj. Living at another's cost.

पराभव pur-a-bhúv, s. m. Discomfiting, overcoming.

पराभृत pur-a-bhoot, adj. Defeated, discomfitted, overcome.

परामर्श pur-a-mursh, s. m. Discrimination, discriminating, distinguishing, judgment; counsel, advice, consideration, reflection.

पराकोधना pur-a-módh-na, s. m. Wheed-

प्राथम pur-a-yin, s. m. Adherence to any pursuit, attachment to any object; dependance on. adj. Adhering or attached to; connected with, depending upon.

- परायत्त pur-a-yútt, adj. Dependant, subject.
- verat pur-á-ya, ad). Strange, foreign, belonging to another, extraneous, other, of another.
- (Momordica charantia).
- pur-arth, adj. Having another object or sense &c.; designed or purposed by another. s. m. For the sake or good of another.
- पराधेवादी pur-arth-vadee, adj. Officious, intermeddling.
- ber, a lack of lacks of crores, or a number equal to half the term of Brumh's life, or as many mortal days as are equal to fifty of his years.

  THE pur-al, s. f. Straw.
- परावर् pur-a-vurtt, s. m. Reversal of a
- परावर्त्त व्यवहार puravúrtt-byuvhár, s. m. Appeal (in law).
- utter pur-a-vritt, adj. Reversed (as a judgment).
- The pur-a-shur, n. prop. The father of the poet Vyas.
- wandering mendicant.
- षराश्चय pur-ash-ruy, adj. Dependant or relying upon another, s. m. Dependance.
- पराचवा pur-ash-ruya, s. f. A parasite plant.
- uzīf≒a pur-ásh-rit, adj. Subject, dependant.
- WITH pur-as, s. m. A tree (Butea frondo-sa); oakum made of the bark of that tree.
- urra purá-soo, adj. Dead, expired.
- परास्ता pur-a-sóo-ta, s. f. Death, extinction; drowsiness, sleepiness.
- weres pur-ast, adj. Defeated.
- पराह pur-ah, s. m. The next day. s. f. Flight, a general emigration.
- uria pur-á-hun, s. m. The afternoon, the latter part of the day.
- wie pur-i, prep. (In comp ) About, around, round about, entirely.
- परिकाश puri-kutha, s. f. A work of fiction, a tale, a story, the history or adventures of any fabulous person.
- परिकल्पित puri-kúlpit, adj. Made, invent-
- परिकी न puri-keerttun, e. m. Saying, telling; talking of, boasting.
- परिकार puri-krum-a, s.f. Walking round or about, circumambulating, going about; actof

- going round to the right by way of aderation, circumambulation, going about.
- ufcar puri-kruy, s. m. Redemption, purchasing or purchasing back; giving up part of a treasure to preserve the rest.
- uft for puri-klish, s. m. Vexation, trou-
- Wicker puri-klisht, ady. Vexed, annoyed.
- ufa for a purik-shit, n. prop. The name of a king, the son of Ubhimwnyoo, and grandson of Urjoon.
- Trust puri-khá, s. f. A moat, a ditch surrounding a fort, &c.
- ufc сата puri-khyát, adj. Famous, cele-
- परिद्याति puri-khyáti, s. f. Fame, reputa-
- परिचय puri-chúy, s. m. Acquaintance, in-
- परिचया puri-chúrjya, s. f. Service, dependance; veneration, worship.
- परिचारक puri-cháruk, s. m. A servant, an attendant.
- परिचित puri-chit, adj, Known, acquaint-
- परिचेय puri-chéyu, adj. To be known as
- with puri-chhed, s. m. Segment, division; the division of a book, a section or chapter.
- परिजन puri-jun, s. m. Dependants, servants, family, followers.
- परिकास puri-nam, s. m. Maturity, fulness, ripeness; end, last stage or state.
- परियामदर्भी purinam-durshee, adj. Who looks forward or to the end.
- wita: puri-túh, adv. Around, every way, all round.
- परिताप puri-tap, s. m. Pain, anguish ; sorrow; a division of hell.
- परिताप puri-tosht, adj. Pleased, delighted. परिताप puri-tosh, s. m. Pleasure, satisfaction, delight.
- परित्यता puri-tyákt,adj. Void or deprived of, left, quitted, abandoned.
- परिस्ता puri tyag, s. m. Abandonment, quitting, desertion.
- परिसानी puri-tyages, adj. Abandoning, quitting.
- परिताच puri-tran, s. m. Preserving, protecting.
- परिवान puri-dhan, s, m. A lower garment; vesture, clothes.
- with puri-dhi, s. m. The circumference of a circle; the disk of the sun or moon.

परिपञ्चता puri-pukwú-ta, s. f. Maturity, perfection; shrewdness; digestion.

परिपञ्ची puri-punthee, s. m. An enemy, an antagonist; a robber, a highwayman, a bandit,

परिपाक puri-pak, s. m. Maturity, perfection; cleverness, shrewdness; digestion.

परिणामिनी puri-pakin-ee, s. f. A drug (Convolvulus turpethum).

परिपादी puri-patee, s. f. Order, method, arrangement; arithmetic.

परियासन puri-pálun, s. m. Protecting, cherishing.

wit wifen puri-palit, adj. Protected, cherished.

ufiganti puri-péosh-kur-a, s. f. A sort of cucumber (Cucumis madraspatanus).

परिपूजन puri-poo-jun, s. m. Worshipping, adoring.

uftufan puri-péo-jit, adj. Served, worshipped, adored.

पर्पम् puri-poorn, adj. Full, entire, complete; satisfied, content.

परिप्राता puri-póorn-ta, s. f. Completion, entireness, fulness; satiety or satisfaction.

ufrig puri-pel, s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

परिञ्च puri-pluv, s. m. Bathing, immersing; inundation.

परिञ्ज puri-ploot, adj. Immersed, inundated; bathed.

परिभाव puri-bhúv, े s.m. Disrespect, con-परिभाव puri-bháo, े tempt, disgrace.

TENTAL puri-bhasha, s. f. A technicality, conventional term in any science; (in grammar) a maxim given by the ancient grammarians as a summary interpretation of the rules of Panini; (in medicine) prognosis; abuse, ridicule.

परिकोश puri-bhóg, s. m. Possession, enjoyment.

परिश्वम puri-bhrúm, s. m. Wandering, going about; error.

with the puri-bhrusht, adj. Fallen, degraded, deprived of.

परिमाण्डल puri-mun-dul, s. m. A ball, a globe, a circle.

परिनगडनता puri-mundul-ta, s. f. Rotundity, circularity.

परिमन्द् puri-mund, adj. Slow, dull.

परिसल puri-múl, s. m. An exquisite scent, especially arising from the trituration of fragrant substances; the trituration of perfumes.

परिचाया puri-man, s. m. Measure ; measuring. परिजित puri-mit, adj. Meted, measured; regulated.

परिनित्रभुल् purimit-bhooj, adj. Temperate,

परिभिताहार purimit-ahar, adj. Eating moderately.

परिमोहन puri-mohun, s. m. Fascinating, beguiling.

परिमोहिनो puri-móhin-ee, f. } adj. What परिमोही puri-móhee, m. } is bewitching, fascinating.

परिन्तान puri-mlan, adj. Soiled, stained; waned, withered; diminished, impaired.

witen puri-vurtt, s. m. Going or turning back; turning round, revolving; exchange, barter; requital, return; the end of a period of four ages, or destruction of the world.

uta priri-wa, s. f. The first day of a lunar fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane.

परिवाद puri-vád, s m. Abuse, reproach, reproof; charge, accusation.

परिवादक puri-vá-duk, s. m. An accuser, a plaintiff, a complainant or calumniator.

परिवादी puri-vá-dee, s. m. An accuser, a reprover; (in law) a plaintiff.

uftant puri-war, s. m. Family, attendants, dependents; dependent.

परिवार ar puri-warta, s. f. Subjection, dependance.

परिवास puri-vás, s. m. Abiding, abode.

परिवाह puri-váh, s. m. An inundation, an overflowing, natural or artificial.

uffaz puri-visht, adj. Surrounded, en-

परिवत्त puri-vett, adj. Gone round, revolved; exchanged.

परिवटन puri-védun, s. m. Anguish, pain, misery; marriage, marrying.

ufragu puri-vésh-un, s. m. Surrounding, enclosing; serving up dinner, distributing food to guests, &c.

परिजेटन puri-vésh-tun, s. m. Surrounding, encompassing; circumference.

परिवेष्टित puri-vésh-tit, adj. Enclosed, surrounded, encompassed; covered, veiled.

uficula puri-vyádh, s. m. A tree (Pterospermum acerifolia); a sort of reed growing in water (Calamus fasciculatus).

uft goest puri-vrújya, s. f. Ascetic devotion, religious austerity, abandonment of the world; leading the life of a medicant.

परिवाजक puri-vra-juk, e. m. A religious mendicant.

परिशक्तीय puri-shun-kun-éeyuh, adj. To be doubted, to be feared or apprehended.

परिभाष puri-shap, s. m. Cursing, reviling. परिश्व puri-shooddh, adj. Cleaned, puri-

fied; discharged, paid.

परिजेष puri-shesh, s. m. Remainder; completion.

ufcal's puri-shodh, s. m. Cleansing, purifying, correcting a discharging a debt of obligation.

ufculu puri-shosh, s. m. Drying, evaporation.

परिश्रम puri-shrum, s.m. Labour, trouble, pain, toil; distress, fatigue.

परिश्वमी puri-shrum-ee, adj. Active, laborious.

परिश्वान puri-shrant, adj. Overcome with distress or fatigue, exhausted, wearied.

परिचानि puri-shranti, s. f. Labour, trouble; fatigue, exhaustion.

with purish-kar, s. m. Decoration, embellishment; initiation, purification by essential rites.

परिकृत pur-ish-krit, adj. Adorned, decorated, embellished; purified by initiatory rites.

परिकृतभूमि pur-ish-krit-bhóomi, s. f. An altar, or ground prepared for a sacrifice, or for the victim and the utensils employed.

ufters puri-sun-khyá, e. f. Total or complete enumeration or specification, implying exclusion of any other; reckoning, enumerating.

ufteria puri-sun-khyát, adj. Counted, enumerated.

परिसमापन puri-sum-apún, s. m. Finishing entirely.

ufcewin puri-sum-apt, adj. Finished, done entirely.

मरिसमामि puri-sum-ápti, e. f. Entire com-

परिसाधन puri-sa-dhún, s. m. Accomplishing, effecting; determining, ascertaining.

परिश्रीमन puri-séem-un, s. m. Boundary, extreme term or limit.

uft win puri-hur-un, s. m. Seizing, taking; leaving, abendoning.

wft star puri-húr-na, v. a. To leave, forsake, abandon, desert; to take away, to clear off. wft grt puri-hár, s. m. Disrespect.

परिहास puri-hás, s. m. Mirth, sport, pas-

परिहासवरी puri-has-védee, s. m. A jester, a wag, a wit.

परिहीसा puri-heen, adj. Waned, faded, wasted; deserted by, deprived of.

परीचन pur-eek-shuk, s. m. An experimenter, an assayer, a prover; an investigator, a judge.

परीच्या pur-eek-shun, s. m. Trial, experiment, examination.

uritar pur-eek-sha, e, f. Discrimination, investigation, examination, test, trial, experiment; trial by ordeal of various kinds.

परीचित pur-eek-shit, n. prop. The grandson of Urjoon, to whom the Bhagout was related.

परीचित pur-eek-shit, adj. Tried, examined, tested, proved.

परीधावी puree-dha-wee, s. m. The fortyfirst year of the Indian cycle.

परीवर्त pur-ee-vurtt, e. m. Exchange,

परीवाद pur-ee-vad, s. m. Reproof, censure, abuse.

परीकार pur-ee-war, s. m. Dependants, family, retinue.

परीवास pur-ee-wah, s. m. A natural inundation or overflow.

परीक्ष pur-ee-has, s. m. Mirth, sport, amusement.

पस् pur-60, s. m. A knot or joint in a reed.

uni pur-cosh, s. m. Harsh and contumelious speech, abuse; yellow Barleria; a sort of tree (Xylocarpus granatum).

प्रवासन pur-oosh-búchun, s. m. Harsh language, reproach, abuse.

पर्यवाच् pur-oosh-vách, s. f. Harsh orcontumellous speech.

पर्वीति pur-oosh-ókti, s. f. Abusive or harsh language.

पर्वातिक pur-oosh-óktik, s. m An abuser, one uttering harsh and scurrilous language.

पहल pur-60s, s. m. The knot or joint of a cane or reed.

vi pur-eh, adv. Beyond, yonder, at a distance. Pureh ruhna, To remain at a distance.

contrition, repentance s. f. Examination, trial.

q a pur-ét, ads. Dead, defunct. s. m. A departed soul, a spirit of the dead, a kind of goblin, a ghost, a spirit, an evil spirit, a fiend.

परेतना pur-ét-na, v. a. To reel (thread or yarn).

via pur-ét-a, s. m. A reel (for winding yara).

परवा pur-éwa, s. m. A pigeon.

पर्ड pur-éh, s. m. Soup.

tible; absent, past s. m. An ascetic, a religious hermit; invisibility, absence, secreey; (in grammar) past time or tense.

volence, doing good to others, the helping of others, beneficence.

charitable, good to others, acting for others, beneficent, hospitable.

utluzu pur-op-désb,s. m. Giving advice, counselling, admonishing.

परोक्षी pur-osh-nee, s.f. A cockroach.

परीस pur-ós, s. m. Vicinity.

परीसना pur-ós-na, v. a. To serve up dinner, to distribute food to guests, &c.

urion pur-6-sa, s. m. A dish of food which is sent to a friend.

मरोसी pur-6-see, a. m. A neighbour.

victuals to the guests, one who serves up dinner, a waiter.

परोहन pur-6-hun, s. m. Carriage, vehicle, instruments of transportation.

ble; absent, past. s. m. An ascetic, a religious hermit; invisibility, absence, secrecy; (in grammar) past time or tense.

वकट pur-kút, s. m. A heron.

पक्टी purk-kut-ce, s.f. The waved-leaf fig tree (Ficus infectiosa).

पर्ची púr-cha, s. m. Examination, trial, proof, experiment.

प्रवीता pur-chá-na, v. a. To introduce to a person, to engage in conversation.

मर्चेनिया pur-chéo-niya, e m. A meal merchant.

पर्नेनो pur-choo-nee, s. f. The act of selling flour, meal, &c.

पर्कती pur-chhúttee, s. f A small thatch thrown over mud walls.

पद्धाः pur-chha, s. m. Self-sown paddy (१९६०); a spindle for winding thread on.

पर्का pur-chhán, पर्का pur-chháeen,

पर्दांचा pur-chhan-wa, tion), shadow, shade. Purchhacen upnes sek bhama, To be irightened at one's own shadow.

पर्ज purj, s. f. A musical mode or raginee; handle of a shield. Purjdar, aðj. Back-hilted (a scimitar).

पर्नेड pur-jank, s. m. A bedstead.

पजनी pur-jun-ee, s.f. A sort of Curcuma (C. zanthorrhizon).

war purn, s. m. A leaf; the Pan or betel leaf; the Pulas tree (Butea frondosa).

पर्धानर purn-nur, s. m. A man of leaves, an effigy stuffed with leaves, made to represent a

person deceased, whose body cannot be found, and for whom obsequial rites are performed with this representative.

पर्याभाचान purn-ma-chal, s. m. The Kumranga, an acid fruit (Averrhoa carambola).

पर्शतिक purn-lút-a, s. f. The betel plant.

पर्यावक्की purn-wullee, s. f. A tree (Butea frondosa).

पर्वात्राह्म purn-shá-la, s. f. A hut of leaves and grass, a hermitage.

vaffe purn-6-si, s. m. A sort of Basil (Ocymum sanctum), with small leaves.

walf purnee, s. m. A tree (Butca frondosa). s. f. An aquatic plant (Pistia stratiotes); the leaf of the asafotida (?).

the residence of holy anchorets, a hermitage.

पर्दोदा pur-dá-da, s. f. A great grandfather by the father's side.

पद्दि pur-dá-dee, s. f. A great grandmother by the father's zide.

पह न purd-dún, s. m. Wind downwards, letting wind.

which a cripple can move about.

yuz pur-put, s. m. A medicinal plant with bitter leaves (apparently the Oldenlandia biflora, though the Hindee name Papur is also applied to the Gardenia latifolia).

प्रेटर्भ purput-droom, s. m. Bdellium.

www pu-rput-ee, s. f. A thin crisp cake made of try pulse.

पर्या ह . . . . yunk, s. m. A bedstead.

पर्श्वट- jurj-yút-un, s. m. Wandering about, roaming.

पर्य ल pur-jyant, s. m. Limit, term, boundary, extent.

पर्यवसान pur-jyu-wusan, s. m. End, conclusion.

wanta pur-jyayuh, s. m. Order, arrangement, regular and methodical disposal or succession; manner, kind; opportunity, occasion; the text of a vocabulary, or the order of the synonyms for any term.

पन्नी pur-la, adj. Of the other side.

user purv, s. m. A festival, a holiday, an anniversary festival, feast.

verattl purv-káree, s. m. A Brahmun who performs ceremonies for hire out of season.

पञ्चनामी purv-gamee, s. m. A man who associates with his wife on festival or holy days.

पर्छ जिला purv-nik-a, s. f. Specks with pain on the edge of the cornea of the eye.

waa par-vut, s. m. A mountain, a hill; a kind of fish (Silurus pabda).

प्रवासका purvut-kak, e.m. A'raven.

पर्वतवासी pur-vut-vasee, adj. Living, &c. in the mountains,

पर्वतात्र्य pur-vut-ashruy,adj. Mountaineer, living, &c. in the mountains.

पर्वेतिया pur-vut-fya, s. m. A kind of pumpkin.

पञ्चतीय pur-vut-éeyuh, adj. Mountainous, mountaineer, &c.

change of the moon, the junction of the 15th and 1st of a lunar fortright, or the precise moment of the full and change of the moon.

using pur-wal, s. m. A disease in the eyelids in which the eyelashes fall off, a stye or stythe.

पञ्चित pur-vit,s.m. A sort of fish (Silurus pabda).

पूर्त pur-shoo, s. m An axe, a hatchet.

The first of three Rams, being the sixth mythological Uvutar of Vishnoo, as the son of the Mooni Jumudugni.

qui pul, s.m. A moment, the 60th part of a gharee or dund (2½ puls being equal to one minute). Pul-ot, For an instant. Pul marich, adv. Immediately, instantly, in the twinking of an eye. Pul marna, To make a motion of the eyelid.

यहर् pul-uée, s. f. A young branch or spray of a tree.

वस्त pul-nk, s. m. f. The eyelid ; a mo-

ঘরত púl-ung, s. m. A bed (rest out curtains), a bedstead. Pulung-posh, s. coverlet, a counterpane.

पत्र हो pul-ung-ree, s. f. A small bedstead.

प्राटन púl-tun, s. f. A battalion.

भूखट ना púl-ut-na, v. n. To return, to turn back, to retreat; to overturn, to rebound; to change.

पन्द्राचना pull-ut lena, े v. a. To take back, पन्द्राचना pulta lena, े to take in return, to take revenge.

ung: pul-tass. m. To turn, stead, exchange, recompanse, revenge, retaliation.

पन्टा खाना púlta khána, v. a. To turn over head and heels; to overturn, to be tilted; to rebound.

प्रचटाना pul-tá-na, ७. a. To turn, cause to turn, return, convert, repel.

प्रमुद्धाः pul-tao, s. m. Contradiction, reaction, rebound.

down on the ground resting on the buttocks.

पराद्वा púl-ra, s. m. A scale, i. e. one side of a pair of scales.

पत्था भारता pultha marna, v. n. To sit down on the ground resting on the buttocks.

यनको pul-thée,s. f. A mode of sitting on the ground resting on the buttoks.

पजना pul-na, v. n. To be reared, nourished or fattened, to thrive.

प्रस्त pul-wúl,s. m. A vegetable (Trichosanthesdicica). Pulwul-lutes, The plant of pulwal. प्रस्ताना pul-wá-na, v. a. To cause to nourish, to bring up, &c.

पलवार pul-war, s. m. A kind of boat.

पन्तवारी pul-wa-ree, s. m. Boatmen (be-longing to a pulwar.)

ver púl-a, s. m. A spoon, ladle for taking out oil &c.

warfin pul-ag-ni, s. m. Bile, the bilious humour.

पताक pul-áng, s. m. The Gangetic porpoise.

पनार्क pul-an-doo, s. m. An onion.

पहार pul-ad, s. m. f. A Rakshus, male or female.

पर्वाना pul-á-na, v. a. To fice, run away, escape.

पनानी pul-á-nee, s.f. } Thatching.

पबाद्धा pul-án-na, v. a. To saddle a horse or bullock.

पनायन pul-á-yun, s. m. Flight, retreat. पनायनपरायस puláyun-puráyun,adj. Fugitive.

पन्यभान pul-ayuman, adj. Running away. पन्यम pul-ash, s. m. A. tree bearing red bioseoms (Butea frondosa); sort of Curcuma (C. reclinata); ancient Behar or Mugudha.

wernes pul-å-shuk, s. m. Curcuma reclinata; the Pulas tree.

पनाम पण्डा pulásh-púp-ra, s. m. The seeds of the Butea frendosa used in medicine.

पराभा व्य pulash-akhyuh, s. m. Asafætida. पराभी pul-ásh-ee, s. f. Lac. s. m. A goblin; a sort of Minusops (M. kanki).

usi púl-ee, s. f. A ladle used to take out oil with.

पनीत pul-éet, s. m. A ghost.

thun nikalna, To beat severely.

पर्नोता pul-ée-ta, s. m. A match (of a gun); a candle. Puleeta char jana, To flash in the panue चन pul-éthun, s. m. Dry flour laid under and over bread when it is rolled. Pulethan putana, To contrive the ruin of any one. Pule बनेव pulso, s. m. Soup; pounded rice or flour put into soup to thicken it.

पलीडा pul-bu-tha, adj. First-born.

पञ्चव pul-luv, s. m. A sprout, a shoot, the extremity of a branch bearing new leaves, a twig. यञ्चक pul-luv-úk, s. m. A kind of fish (Cyprinus denticulatus).

पद्मा púl-la, s. m. Space, distance ; assistance; a border of cloths; a sheet (generally applied to chintz or shawl); a bag; one shutter of a door, &c.; border, margin.

पञ्जी pul-lee, s. f. A small village ; a house

To pul-160, s. m. The hem or border of a garment. Pulloodar, A garment with a silver or gold border.

पित्रवड़ा pul-hin-da, s. m. A shelf upon which water-pots are placed, a place where

water is kept.

ष्वन puv-un, s. f. Air, wind, physical or personified as a deity. s. m. Regent of the winds, and of the north-west quarter. Purcun kapoot, The son of Puvun, i. c. The ape Hunooman. पवनव्याचि puv-un-byádhi, s. m. Wind, as

affected morbidly, or rheumatism, &c. पवनाल puv-un-al, s. m. A kind of grain

(Andropogon saccharatus.) पवतास्त puv-un-áhut, adj. Rheumatic.

पवाद puv-ace, s. f. A chain fastened to horses' legs to prevent their being stolen; chains with which the legs of a criminal are fastened, fetters; the leg of a boot or stocking.

afaa puvit, adj. Purified, cleansed.

wfax puvite adj. Pure, clean, purified physically or morally, holy, undefiled, nice. s. m. The brahminical cord.

प्रविश्वा puv-itr-tá, s. f. Purity, holiness. ufact puv-it-rá, s. f. Holy Basil (Ocymum sanctum); a river, a little to the north-west of Hardwar, the Pubur; the twelfth of the light fortnight of Shrawun, a festival in honor of Vishnoo, s. m. The brahminical thread; a string of silken beads; a knotted piece of Koosha grass, used in religious ceremonies of the Hindoos.

wiser puv-it-ree, s. f. A ring of Kowha grass (Poa cynosuroides), or of gold, silver, or copper, worn on the ring-finger and forefinger by Hindoos during religious worship.

way push-oo, s. m. An animal in general.

पश्चा push-oo-ka, s. f. Any small animal. पश्किया push-oo-kriya, s, f. Copulation, coition.

पशुगावली push-oo-gayutree, s. f. A parody of the holy verse of the Veds, whispered into the ear of an animal about to be sacrified. qual push-oo-tá, s. f. The condition or nature of an animal, beastiality, brutality.

पश्च push-oo-twih, s. m. Nature of an animal.

पशुपका push-oo-dhurm, s. m. Action or property of animals; promiseuous cohabitation; the marrying of widows.

पशुपल्यल púsh-oo-púlvul, s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

पशुपान push-oo-pal, s. m. A herdsman.

पश्चापालन push-oo-palun, s. m. Tending or rearing cattle.

पशुरका push-oo-rújjoo, s. m. A string or tie for fastening cattle.

पशुराज push-oo-raj, s. m. A lion.

पशुरोबन púsh-oo-rómun, s. m. The hair of an animal.

पराचरीतकी púshoo-huréetkee, s. f The hog-plum.

पञ्चात push-chât, adv. After, afterwards, behind, westward.

पञ्चानाप push-chat-táp, s. m. Repentance.

पश्चिम púsh-chim, adj. West, western ; bchind, after: Hindoos in their prayers, usually facing the east, and consequently having the west behind them.

पणान push-án,) s. m. A stone, a rock. पखान pukhán, J

unt pus-ur, s. f. Grazing cattle at night. पसरना pús-ur-na, v. n. To be spread, stretched out, distended, expanded.

पश्ची pús-lee, s. f. A rib, the precordia. Pusice phurukuce, A thrilling over the ribs, is applied to a perception of the condition of an absent person.

प्राप्त pus-hée, s. f. A kind of wild rice growing in shallow ponds.

पसा pus-a, s. m. Two handfuls, as much as can be held in both hands open.

until pus-ace, s. /. A kind of rice.

पनाना pus-á-na, v. a. To skim, to pour off superfluous water (from boiled rice).

पसारना pus-ár-na, v. a. To spread, distend, stretch out, reach, extend, expand, open, display.

uniti pus-á-ra, s. m. Expansion, the act of spreading out. Pasara kurna, To procrastinate and find obstacles to an easy matter.

पसारी pus-á-ree, s. m. One who sells spices, a spicer.

प्रमीजना pus-cej-na, v. n. To perspire, to sweat, to melt; to compassionate.

पसीना pus-ée-na, s. m. Perspiration, मसेव pus-eo, sweat. पसंबद्धा pus-év-ha,

पस्जना pus-бој-na, v. a. To stitch.

पताना pus-tá-na, v. n. To regret.

us puh, s. f. Dawn. Puh phutna, v. n. To dawn, to grow luminous.

पहचान puh-chan, s. f. Acquaintance, knowledge, recognisance.

पहचाद्वा puh-chán-na, v. a. To know, to recognise, to distriminate, to distinguish.

पहुनावा puh-ná-wa, s. m. Clothing, dress. पहचा pu-hún-na, v. a. To put on, to wear, to dress. z. m. Dress, clothing.

UET puhur, s. m. A division of time consisting of eight ghurees, a watch or three hours.

पहरना púhur-na, v. a. To put on clothes, to dress, to clothe one's self, to wear.

VETT puh-ra, s. m. A watch, a sentinel; tour of watch; a corporal and six. Puhra dena To watch. Puhreh men dalna, To give in charge to a watch or the guard. Puhrch men purna, To be given in charge to a watch or the guard. पहराना puh-rá-ua, v. a. To cause to dress,

to clothe, invest, to dress.

पद्धरावनी puh-rao-nee, s. f. A woman who dresses the guests at a wedding, a tirewoman; vestments bestowed on guests at a wedding, dress, clothing.

पहरिया púh-ri-ya, े ह. m. A watchman, a यहरू आ púh-roo-a, sentinel, guard.

पहरू puh-róa, पहल puhul, s.m. A flock of cotton ; beginning aggression; the side of a rectangular figure.

पहला púh-la, adj. First. adv. Before,

rather, soon. पहिला pú-hi-la, J

पहले puh-leh, adv. At first, soon, rather. Publich par, On the other side.

usis puhár, s. m. A mountain. Puharsec-raten, Long nights (especially of sorrow).

पहाड़ा puhár-a, s. m. The multiplication table fin arithmetic).

पनादिया puhár-iya, adj. Belonging to, or of a wountain. s. m. A mountaineer.

पहाडी ouhar-ce, s.f. A hill, a small moun-पहिचा puhin-na, v. a. To put on, to wear, to dress. s. m. Dress, clothing.

पश्चिम puhíya, s. m. A wheel.

पितरावन puhi-rá-wun, s. f. Dress, cloth-

पहिरावनी puhi-ráo-nee, s. f. A woman who dresses the guests at a wedding, a tirewoman; vestments bestowed on guests at a wedding, dress, clothing.

पहिलो puhir-ua, b. n. To put on clothes, to dress, to clothe one's self, to wear,

पित्र pubile, adj. First adv. Before, ruther, soon.

ufge publish, adv. At first, in the first place, first,, sooner, before, chiefly, rather. Publish per, On the other side.

ufsaler pubilou-ta, adi. First-born.

us puhoonch, s. f. Arrival, reach; sagacity, penetration; access, admittance; a receipt.

पहुंचना puhóonch-na, v. n. To arrive, reach, extend, amount, befall, belong,

पञ्चना pubbonch-a, s. m. The wrist.

पद्धवाना puhoon-chána, v. a. To cause to arrive, convey, transmit, bring, conduct, to cause, to occasion,

पहली puhóonch-ee, s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist, a kind of bracelet.

पच्डना puhóor-na, v. n. To lie down, to repose, to lie, to rest.

यञ्जर puhoo-núee, s. f. Hospitality, entertainment.

чту ра́hoop, s. m. A flower.

पहेली puhélee, s. f. A riddle, an enigma.

पहार puh-núv, s. m. The name of one of the degraded Kshuttree races sentenced by Sugar to wear beards, perhaps a Parthian.

ufmat puh-nik-a, s. f. A plant (Pistia stratioiter).

un puksh, s. m. The half of a lunar month or fortnight, comprising fifteen days; a past san; a friend; a side, a flank.

पञ्च puksh-tá, s. f. The taking an e side or argument.

verst puksh-dhur, s. m. A partisun.

uarura puksh-pat, s. m 'Adopting a side or an argument whether right or wrong, portisanship; a partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with.

waruifaar puksh-pa-ti-ta, s. f. Adherence, friendship, fellowship.

पच्चपाती puskh-pá-tee, s.m. A partisan, a friend, an adherent.

unitara puksh-a-ghat, s. m. Palsu, bemiplegia.

पश्चिमो püksh-in-ee, } s. f. A bird. util púksh-ee,

ufurta pukshi-raj, s. m. King of the birds, usually applied to Guroor.

पविभावा pükshi-shala, s. f. A nest. an

पाई paée, s. f. A coin, the fourth part of an anna,

ura prockt, adj. Linear, in or by line, or row.

Tive pan-ga, s. m. Culinary salt obtained from son send las by the process in use on the sea coast of Beneal.

vis panch, and Vive. Panch-sat, s. f. Perplexity.

uitai panch-was, adj. Fifth.

पांजर pan-jur, s. m. The ribe, the side; a side or quarter.

मांडे pan-deh, । s.m. A title of Brokenuns;

vie pan-rel, f a school-ranster.

utar pant; a f. A row; a line (of utar pantee, ) writing); a note; a rank of soldiers.

wiaz pan-tur, s. m. A desert field.

which pan-yutee, s. f. The foot of a bed. wis paon, s. m. Leg, foot. Paon oothana. or, -chulana, To go quickly. Paon oorana, To interfere unprofitably in any one's affairs. Paon octurna, To be dislocated (the foot). Paon ka ungootha, s. m. The great toe. Paon kampna, or, -thurthurana, To fear to attempt any thing. Paon kaim kurna, To occupy a fixed habitation; to adopt a new resolution. Paon kisee ka ookharna, To move any person from his place, intention or resolution. Paon kisee ka gulch men dalna, To convict one by his own arguments. Paon kee oungles, s. f. A toe. Paon chul jana, To totter, to become unstable. Paon jumana, To stand firmly. Paon zumeen-pur nuh thuhurna is used to express excessive joy. Paon dalna, To prepare for and commence an undertaking. Paon digna, To slip. Paon tulch mulna, To give one pain, to annoy.. Paon torna, To desist from visiting any person; to visit one very often; to be tired. Dubch paon ana, To come gently and unperceived as a spy. Paon dho dho peena (lit. to drink the water with which one's feet are washed), denotes perfect confidence. Paon nikalna, To exceed one's proper limits; to withdraw from an undertaking; to be a ringleader in a criminal action. Paon pukurna, To beseach submissively; to prevent one from going. Paon purna, To entreat submissively. Paon-pur paon rukhna. To imitate or adopt the conduct of another, to walk in the steps of another; to sit at ease, to sit cross-legged. Paon paon, adj. Afoot. Paon peena, To stamp with impetience. Paon poojna, To honour another; to avoid another. Paon phook phook ruthna, To do any thing carefully. Paon phylakur sona (lit. to sleep with the logs extended), is applied to signify perfect content and security. Paon phylana, To insist, to be obstinate. Puon burhana, To take the lead among one's equals; to desist from one's former courses. From how justs, Numbress of the fact.

sleeping of the feet. Paon ruguma, To go about foolishly and unprofitably; to be in the segmics of death. Paon lugua, To make obeisance. Paon sabit rukhna, To persevere firmly in a resolution. Paon seh paon bandhna, To watch one close. Paon seh paon bhirana, To be near. Paon sona, To be mimbed, to sleep (the foot).

पांबद्धा paonra, s. m. A cloth or carpet spread to walk on.

utauta páon-páon, adj. Afoot, on foot.

पांचराडी paon-rôtee, a.f. A loaf of bread. पांचय pan-shav, s. m. Rock or fossil salt. पांच pan-shoo, a.m. Manure.

Wirgar pan-shoo-ka, s. f. A fragrant plant (Pandanus odoratiesimus).

परिश्वासीस pan shoo-kasees, a.m. Sulphuret of iron.

पांत्रज pan-shooj, s. m. Salt extracted from soil, rock or fossil salt.

uinga pan-shoo-putr, s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium album).

पांचाल pen-shool, s. m. A kind of tree (Casalpinia bonducella).

wis pans, s. m. Manure, a dunghill.

Pans ho-jana, To rot; to become mellow (land). पांचना pans-na, v. a. To manure, to dung.

पांसा páns-a, s. m. A die.

vie páns-oo, s. f. The ribs.

vind off the warp from.

पाइती pacen-tee, e. f. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

पाए paeh, s. m. A peasant residing in one village and caltivating land belonging to another village.

पाच pak, s. m. An electuary medicine, confection.

भाका påkur, । s. m. The waved leaf भाका दिया pakuriya, Indian fig-tree (Ficus venosa).

पासना pák-na, v. a. To boil in sirup.

पाकफल pak-phul, s. m. The Caronda (Carissa carondas).

पानरञ्जन pak-rún-jun, s. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassia.

पानन pakul, adj. Producing maturity; suppurative, producing suppuration in a boil. s. m. A sort of Costus (C. speciosus).

प्राक्ति pá-kuli, s. m. A sort of plant (Bauhinia candida).

पानली pa-kul-ee, s.f. A sort of sucumber (Cucumis utilatissimus).

TRANST pak-shale, s. m. A kitchen.

पाकसंडसी pak-súar-sec, s. f. A table-vice, a bench-vice.

पाना pak-yuh, s. m. Billubun, a medicinal salt, impregnated with iron; nitre, saltpetre. पान pak-shyu, adj. Relating to a side or

narty

TITE Pa-khund, s. m. Wickedness, de-TITE pa-shund, seit, hypoerisy, hereay; a heretic, a heterodox Hindoo, adopting the exterior marks of the classes, but not respecting the ordinances of the Veds.

पाडवड़ी pa-khundee, े क्षेत्र. Hypocritical, पाववड़ी pa-shundee, े deceitful, hereti-

पादर pá-khur, s. f. Iron armour for the defence of a horse or of an elephant.

urrent pa klin, s. m. A shed, any small building leaning against the wall of a yard or area.

wrw pag, s. f. A turband; sirup.

पागन pá-gul, s. m. A fool, idiot, madman. पागा pága, s. m. A troop of horse (among Marhattas), a stud.

unge pá-goor, s. m. Act of chewing the cud, rumination.

वास्त्राना pa-goo-rá-na, p. a. To chew the

पाचन pá-chuk, adj. Digestive, tonic, what effects digestion. s.m. The bile which assists in digestion; a digestive, a stomachic, a solvent; a cook.

uran pa-chun, adj. Digestive; suppurative, s.m. A medicinal proparation, an infusion, a decoction, &c. of various drugs, chiefly carminatives or gentle stimuli given to bring the vitiated humours in fever, &c. to maturity, a sort of dist drink; a digestive.

याचनक pa-chun-úk, s. m. Borax.

पाचनी pa-chun-ee, s. f. A sort of myrobalan (Terminalia chebula).

पाचड pa-chúl, adj. Whatever causes digestion, &c.

WIN pachh, s. m. The act of inoculating, incculation.

पाक्रना páchh-na, v. a. To inoculate.

pách-lien, adn. Behind, after, afterure pách-lieh, wards, in the absence.

write pan-chal, adj. Belonging to, dwelling in, ruling over &c., the country of Funchal, s.m. The sovereign of Funchal; the company or association of five trades, the carpenter, weaver, barber, washerman, and shoemaker.

पाडीपना pajec-pan-a, a. m. Meanness. पाट pat, e. m. Breadth (of cloth or of a river), expanse, extension; tow: silk; a millstone; a throne, seat; a board, abuttor, plank, slab, plank on which washermen bost clothes.

पाटनम pat-kriin, e. m. A silk-worm, पाटन pa-tum, s. f. A roof. s. m. Name of a city.

urzwi pat-na, w. a. To roof, to cover, to shut; to fill, fill up, overstock, hear, pile, accumulate; to water, irrigate; to pay.

WIZER pat-um-bur, s. m. Silk cloth, a silk garment.

पाटरानी pat-ra-nee, ह. f. The queen or principal wife of a Royali.

wize pa-till, a.j. Of a pink or pale red colour, s. w. Pale red, rose colour.

ure at partales, s. f. The trumpet-flower (Bignonia manaoleus).

ure ferga patuli-poots, s. m. The name of a city, supposed to be the ancient Palibothers, and the modern Patna.

पाटलोपन patul-opul, s. m. A ruby.

पाइन pa-túv, adj. Clever, sharp, dexterous s. m. Cleverness, talent; eloquence.

पार्टिक pat-wik, adj. Cunning, crafty, fraudulent; clever, dexterous.

पारिका pát-hik-a, s. f. A small shrub (Abrus precatorius).

TIZT pá-to, s. m. A plank on which washermen beat clothes.

पारिन pa-tée, scribed as having many teeth.

stead; a kind of mat; a kind of board on which children learn to write; divisions of the hair which is combed towards the two sides and parted by a line in the middle; a kind of sweetmeat.

utelt pa-teer, s. m. A pungent root, a sort of radish; sandal.

पाइनी pa-téo-nee, ह. m. A ferryman.

que path, s. m. Studying the Veds or sacred writings, considered as one of the five great sacraments of the *Hindoos*; reading, perusal or study in general; a lecture, lesson.

reader of the *Powans* or other sacred works, or a *Pundit* who declares what is the law or custom according to the sacred writings; a spiritual preceptor; a reader, a student; he who gives lessons, a teacher, a professor; a title of *Brahmuns*.

पाडम path-bhóo, s. m. Lecturing, teaching. पाडम path-bhóo, s. f. A place where the Veds are read or studied.

पारमञ्जूरी path münch ree, s. f. A small bird (Gracula religiosa).

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पाउ भारता path-shala, s. f. A college, a

पारशालिनी path-shá-lin-ee, s. f. A small bird (Gracula religiosa).

साटा pat-há, s. m. A young animal full grown (generally, a goat or elephant), a youth or young wrestler.

पाडान pat-han, s. m. Rdellium.

पारित pat-hit, adj. Instructed, taught, lec-

Traf pat-hee, s. m. He that gives lessons a teacher, a professor; a Brahmun, especially one who has finished his sacred studies; a plant (Plumbago zelanica). s. f. A young goat; a kind

पाठीन pat-heen, s. m. A sort of fish (Silurus boalis); a public reader or lecturer on the Poorans, &c.

ura path-yúh, adj. To be read or studied. WIE par, s. f. A scaffold.

पाइना par-na, v. a. To let fall, to cause to fall, to knock or throw down; to finish, to kill; to collect lamp-black.

पाड़ा pá-ra, s. m. A quarter of a town, a ward.

पारा par-ha, s. m. A hog-deer (Cenrus porcinus).

wiel par-hee, s. f. Crossing a river (when travelling on it; a young buffalo, a buffalo calf).

पाचि pá-ni, s. m. The hand,

पारिणस्डीती pani-gribée-tee, . f. A bride, one wedded according to the ritual.

पारिणयहण páni-grúhun, s. m. Marriage ; laying hold of the hand; the junction of the hands of the bride and bridegroom, forming part of this ceremony.

पाणियहिंगिक páni-gruhun-fk, adj. Matrimonial.

याचि नि pánini, s. m. A Mooni and inspired

याजिनीय pani-neeyuh, adj. Connected with or derived from Panini the grammarian (as a scholar, a rule, &c.)

याचित्रभंज pani-bhooj, s. m. The glomerous fig-tree (Ficus glomerata).

Treet pan-dur, odj. Pale or vellowish white. s. m. Pale or yellowish white (the colour); many-flowered jasmine.

पाक्रस पुरिक्षका pándur-póoshp-ik-a, s. f. A plant commonly called Sectula (perhaps Phrynium dichotomum).

यास्डव pan-dúv, s. m. A descendant of Pandoo : especially applied to Yoodhishthir and his four brothers.

पारिक्सी pan-dit-ée, s.f. Scholarship, learn-

Wite pan-doo, ad). Pale or yellowish white. a. m. Pole or yellowish white (the colour); the name of a sovereign of ancient Delli, and nominal father of Yoodhisthir, and the other four Pandur princes & f. A plant, commonly called Mushani (Glycine debibis).

पार्टक अवस pándoo Jcumbul, s. m. A kind of stone (Limestone or marble?)

भारतस्माम pan-doo-nag, . m. A plant (Rottleria tinctoria).

पाराडपुत्र pan-doo-pootr, a m. Either of the Panduv princes.

पार्डभम् pan-doc-bhóom, s. m. A country with a light coloured soil.

पाराहरू निवा pen-doo-mrittika, s. f. The opal; a pale soil.

TITET pan-door, adj. Of a yellowish white colour. s. m. A pale or yellowish white; the white leprosy, vitiligo.

पालडर्ड्स pan-door-droom, s. m. A plant ( Echites antidysenterica).

पायुक्तीमा pan-doo-loma, s. f. A plant (Glycine debilis).

wresqui pan-doo-vurn, adi White, s. m. Whiteness.

पा गडिशक्तरा pándoo-shúrkkursa, s f. Light coloured gravel (disease). A SERVICE S

Wia pat, s. m. Falling; sin, wiekedness; a leaf; an ornament worn in the upper part of the ear; a draught or check on a banker. Parau-a-lugae, applied to trees, indicates the fall of their leaves in autumn: metaphorically, the phrase signifies that one's power or ability is exhausten; and, this expression is often applied to patience exhausted by the scorn of a beloved person; or to a destitute condition from adverse fortune.

पातक pá-tuk, s. m. Sin, crime.

чта та ра-tuk-wá, s. m A messenger. पातकी pa-tuk-ée, adj. Wicked, sinful, a sinner.

पातञ्च pa-tun-júl,s. m. The Yog system of philosophy.

Trat pa-tur, s. f. A prostitute, a dancing girl. adj. Weak, lean.

чтат pá-ta, s. m. A leaf. adj. Preserved. protected.

पातान pa-tal, s. m. The regions under the earth, and the abode of the Nagas or serpents; a sort of apparatus for calcining and subliming metals, formed of two earthen pots, the upper one inverted over the lower, and the two joined together by their necks with cement, and placed in a hole containing fire,

पानि páti, s. m. A master, a lord, a bus-

Wifaca pa-tik, s. m. The Gangetic porpoise.

wifaa pa-tit, adi. Lowered, depressed, humbled.

पातिची pá-til-ee, क. f. A small carthen vessel or pot, especially used by religious mendicants.

पाती pá-tee, a. f. A letter, a note, an epistie; a leaf.

पाउन pa-took, e. m. An equatic animal of a large size; figuratively the water-elephant.

una pa-tri, adj. Who or what protects or nourishes.

पादता pa-tri-th, s. m. A plant (Ocymum pilosum).

पान्त pat-truh, s. m. A preservative from sin, a preserver, a saviour.

पानृता pat-trutá,s. f. The quality or power of a preservative from sin.

una pair, s. m. A vessel in general, a plate, a cup, a jar, &a.; a leaf; a receptacle of any kind, what holds or supports. adj. Capable, worthy, able, aligible, fit.

पालना patr-ta, s. f. Capacity, fitness.

पासना path-na, e. a. To make up cow dung into cakes for fuel.

Tree pathur, s. m. A stone.

पाइत pasthéjuh, s. m. Provender, or provisions, &c. for a journey.

The foot; a foot, a quarter; the foot or line of a stanza; the line of a hymn or stanza of the Rig Ved; wind downwards.

पादनाटक pad-kút-uk, s. m. An ornament for the feet or toes.

पादगरिङ्कर pad-gun-dir, s. m. Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet.

ureasu pad gruhun, s. m. Respectful obeissnee, touching the feet of a Brahmun or superior.

uiculati pad-ghab-ra, adj. Frightened out of one swits.

पारचलर pad-chutwur, s. m. The religious fig-tree (Ficus religiosa).

पार पापका pad-chapul-yuh, s. m. Beating or shuffling with the feet.

पाटचार pad-char, adv. On foot.

मादचारी pad-chá-ree, s. m. A footman, a foot soldier.

भारत pa-dúj, s. m. A Soodr, or man of the fourth and servile class.

पाइत्व pad-túl, s. m. The sole or the low-

or part of the foot. adv. As low as or under the feet.

पादरादी pad-daree, s. f. A chap in the feet, a chilblain.

पाइना pad-na, v. n. To let wind.

पादप pa-dup, s. m. Afootstool, a cushion, &c. sar the teet.

पारपद्सा pa-dup-roo-ha, s. f. A creeping or a parasite plant.

wreur pad-pa,s. f. A shoe, a slipper.

पादमञ्जालन pad pruksh-alun, e. m. Washing the feet.

पादमणाज pad-prun-am, s. m. Bowing to the feet, prostration.

पाइष्हार pad-pruhár, s. m. A kick.

पादम्ख pad-mool, s. m. The heel.

पादरोहरा pad-ro-hun, s. m. The Indian fig-tree.

पादवन्त्रीक pad-vulm-éek, a. m. Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet.

पादिवस pad-vik, s. m. A traveller, a way-,

पाद्रशब्द pad-shubd, s. m. The sound or noise of feet.

पाट आखा pad-shá-kha, s. f. A toe.

बारगोय pad-shotb, s. m. Swelling of the feet, gout.

WIZERIZ pad-sphót, s. m. Kibe, chilblain, a sore or ulcer in the foot.

पाटचत pad-hút, adj. Trodden on, kicked, touched with the feet.

पारहर्ष pad-húrsh, s. m. Tingling of the feet after pressure upon the crural nerves.

पादहारक pad-há-ruk,s. m. One who takes or steals any thing with his feet.

पादाङ्की pad-an-goo-lee, s.f. A toe.

पादाङ्क pad-an-gooshth, s. m. The great

पादाकृष्टिका pad-au-goosh-thik-a, s. f. An ornament or ring worn on the great toe.

pared by melting common salt with a small proportion of myrobalans: it contains sulphur.

पाराई pad-árddh, s. m. Half a line of a stenza.

पादासन pad-á-sun, s. m. A foot-stool.

पादाहत pad-á-hut, adj. Kicked, trodden, touched by the fapt.

पादी pá-dee, adj. Footed, having feet. s. m. A footed aquatic animal, an amphibious animal.

पाइक pa-dook, adj. Who or what goes on foot or with feet.

पाइका pá-doo-ka, s. f. A shoe,a slipper.

ure pá-doo, . f. A shoe.

will a pad-6-duk, s. m. Water for the feet, especially that in which the feet of a Brahmun have been washed.

WTE pad-yúh, s. m. Water, &c. for cleaning the feet.

पादापात्र pad-yuh-patr, s.m. A metal vessel for washing the feet.

чтыт ра-dha, s. m. A school-master.

चान pan, s. m. Drinking in general; a hand; a leaf; betel leaf (leaves of Piper betel). चानदान pan-dán, s. m. A box for holding

betel or its apparatus.

पानपाल pan-patr, s. m. A glass, a drinking

joy, suffer, overtake, reach, accept, obtain, attain, s. m. Finding, getting, &c.; a plant growing in stagnant water.

प्राची pá-nec, s. m. Water ; sperm ; lustre, character, honour. Ponce kurna, v. a. To abash; to facilitate. Pance ka boolboola (a bubble of water), indicates instability. Paner chulno, v. n. To be afflicted with the fluor albus. Pance juna, v.n. To be afflicted with the fluor albus; to be disgraced; to shed tears. Panec deta, To offer a libation of water to satisfy the manes of a deceased person, after the corpse has been burnt. Pance nah mangna, To be slain with the single stroke of a sword, &c., and die instantly. Panes purna, v. n. To rain. Pance pec pec korna, To curse excessively (i. e. till the throat, being dry, must be moistened by drinking). Pance bhurna, To confess inferiority. Pance murna, v. n. To dry up, to be evaporated; to exhibit signs confirming a suspicion. Pance men ag lugana, To revive a contention which had subsided. Panee sch putla kurna, To abash, to put to shame.

पानीय pa-néc-yuh, adj. Drinkable, to be

षानीयनकुत panec-yun-k661, s. m. An otter.

पानी बप्रञ्ज panéeyu-prish-thúj, s. m. An aquatic plant (Pistia stratioites).

णानी यम् जल paneeyu-mool-uk,s. m. A plant (Serratula anthelmintica).

पानी वासवद punéeya-mul-uk, s. m. A fruit (Placourtia cataphracta).

wrag panth, adi. A traveller.

Wirst pan-hur, s. m. A kind of reed.

TT pap, s. m. Sin, fault, crime, wicked-ness, vice.

पापकर pap-kurta, adj. Wicked, abandoned. भाषकर्मी pap-kurta, adj. Sinful, wicked, a sinner. wruma pap-krit, adj. Sinful, wicked, a sinner.

aspect of the stars, as the conjunction of the aim or Boadle with the moon in its last quarter; Rakoo; Saturn; Mars.

पापल pap-úghn, adj. Removing sin.

पाएचची pap-chél-ee, s. f. A plant, commouly called Uknidhi (Cissampelos hexandra).

पापड़ pá-pur, s. m. A thin crisp cake made of any grain of the pea kind. Papur belna, To undergo great labour or pain.

WTWET pap-ra, s.m. A plant (Gardenia latifolia).

THE TEST pap-ra-khár, s. m. Ashes of the plantain tree (Musa paradisiaca) used instead of salt for seasoning the cakes called papur unus of pap-dársh-ee, adj. Malevolent.

looking at faults.

पापहञ्चन pap-drish-wun, adj. Conscious of guilt, knowing an act to be wicked.

पापनामी pap-násh-ee, adj. Purifying, sindestroying.

पापपति pap-púti, s. m. A paramour, a gallant.

पापपुर्व páp-poo-roosh, s. m. A personification of all sin.

पापमुद्धि pap-booddhi, adj. Evil-minded, wicked.

पापमित pap-muti, adj. Of a corrupt mind, deprayed.

भाषमुत्र pap-mookt, adj. Freed from sin, liberated from all crime.

utuel'n pap-rog, a. m. A disease, considered as the punishment of sin in a former life; smallpox, leprosy.

पाप करिया त pap-sum-mit, adj. Equal in sin, of like.

WINT pa-pa, s, m. A weevil, an insect bred in rice.

чтчтап рар-átma, s. m. A sinner, a reprobate, a wretch.

पापिन pa-pin, adj. f. Sinful, bad, पापिनो papin-ée, a sinner, criminal,

wicked (woman).

wrwt pa-pee, adj. Wicked, sinful, bad, a sinner, criminal.

पासन pa-mun, ady. Diseased with herpes.

base; stupid, as an idiot, a fool.

with pam-ree, s. f. Silken clothes, silk dress; the wife of a man of inferior casts.

Wratt pa-ma, s. f. Cutaneous eruption, herpes, scab.

पासारि pa-má-ri, s. m. Sulphur.

पावड pa-yuth, s. m. A scaffold.

unand pa-yun-tee, v. f. The foot of a bed,

uram pa-yúl, adj. Sure-footed, easy-paced (un elephant). s. f. An ornament for the foot or ankle; a bamboo ladder.

पास प्रान्त प्रान्त adj. Made of or from milk or water. s. m. An oblation of milk, rice, and sugar.

will pa-ya, s. m. The leg or foot of a table, chair, &c.

पासिक pá-yik, r. m. A foot-soldier, a footman; a messenger, a harbinger.

urfam pa-yfl, adj. Sure-footed, easy-paced (an elephani). r. f. An ornament for the foot or ankle.

wire par, s. m. The opposite bank or shore.

adv. Over, across, on or to the other side,
through, beyond adj. Last, past, the end, the
extremity. Par kurna, To ferry over, to cross;
to finish, accomplish, carry through; to perforate, to transfix; to relieve; to carry off.

urca pa-rák, adj. What purifies, protects, cherishes, pleases, &c.; what enables any one to cross (a river, or go through the world).

urcal par-khée, s. m. An examiner, a discriminator.

wirn pa-rag, adj. Crossing, crossing over; going over or beyond the world.

urran par-gút, adj. Crossed, gone over the world, pure, holy. s. m. A Jin or Jyn deifted teacher.

पारजादिक par-já-yik, s. m. An adulterer. पारजा pa-rún, s. m. A cloud; eating or drinking after a fast, breaking a fast.

une pa-rud, s. m. Quicksilver.

country, part of Orissa.

पारदारिक par-dár-ik, s. m. An adulterer.

पारहार्क par-dárjyuh, s. m. Adultery.

far-seeing, wise,
urcefum par-desh-ik, adj. Foreign, a-

broad s. m. A traveller; a foreigner.

urczn par-desh-yuh, m. adj. Belongurczn par-desh-ee, f. ing to another country, s. m. A traveller, one gone to a foreign country, s foreigner.

To finish, to accomplish.

पार्वार्डिक par-mar-thik, adj. Preferable,

wir we par-um-puri, s. m. Traditional in-

struction, tradition; continuous order or succession.

पार अविष्ये प्रदेश parum-purj-opdésh, s. m. Traditional Instruction.

पार्च pá-rul, s. m. A plant (Bignonia chelonoides, or Bignonia suare-olens).

पार लो किक par-lou-kik, ad). Belonging or relating to the next world.

पाइवती par-vut-ee, s. f. Doorga, the wife of Shiv.

WITTE par-war, adv. On both sides (of a river); quite through, through and through."

woman by a Brahmin; a son by another's wife, an adulterine; an iron weapon.

पारणीक par-shéek, s. m. Persia ; a native of Persia ; a Persian horse.

stone adj. Persian.

पारसपक्षर parus-putthur, s. m. The philosopher's stone.

पारसपोपल parus-péepul, s. m. A tree (Hibiscus populniquides).

पारवान pár-sal, s. m. or adv. Last year. पारविन pár-sik, s. m. Persia.

पार की par-sée, s. m. A Persian, the Persian language.

पारपीक par-séek, s. m. The kingdom of Persia; a Persiau, au inhabitant of Persia; a Persian horse.

\*\*To pa-ra, \*. m. Quicksilver, mercury.

\*\*s.f. A river, said to flow from the Pariyate mountains, or the centrical and western portion of the Vindhya chain.

पारापार par-a-par, s. m. The two banks of a river.

বাহারর par-a-yún, s. m. Totality, entireness, completeness; reading a Pooran or causing it to be read.

पार्विक par-ayun-ik, s. m. A lecturer, a reader of the Poorans.

पारावत par-a-wut, s. m. A sort of ebony (Diospyros glutinosa).

पार (वर्त) parsa wittee, s.f. A river in the peninsula; the fruit of the Annona reticulata; a form of song peculiar to the cowherds.

पाराबार par-a-war, adj. On both sides (of a river). s. m. Limit (of sea); sea, ocean.

VIXING pa-ra-shur, n. prop. A name of the poet Vyas, s. m. The rules of Parashur or Vyas, for the conduct of the mendicant orders.

ous mendicant or Brahmun, who having passed through the three stages of student, householder, and ascetic, leads a vagrant life, and subsists upon alms.

पा रका की pari-káng-kshee, t. m. An ascetic, one who devotes his days to devout contemplation.

uifceria pari-ját, s. m. A tree of paradise; the coral tree (Erythrina fulgens).

urfranza pari-nayuh, s. m. Property received at the time of marriage by a woman.

wiftawi pari-táthya, s. f. A trinket worn on the forchead, where the hair is parted.

पारितोडिक pari-tosh-ik, adj. Delighting, making happy. s. m. A reward, a gestuity.

पारिपा व pari-pun-thik, s. m. A robber, a thief, a highwayman.

wife wife pari-patr, o. m. The name of wife wife pari-yatr, a mountain, apparently the centrical or western portion of the Vindiya chain, which skirts the province of Malwa.

urflew pari-bhudr, s. m. The coral tree (Erythrina fulgens); the Nimb tree; a sort of pine (Pinus Devadaru); the Surui, also a sort of pine (P. longifolia).

धारिकाक pari-bhavyuh, s. m. A drug, a sort of Costus (C. speciosus).

arfive pari-shud, s. m. A spectator, a person present at an assembly or congregation.

पारीक्ट्र par-éendr, s. m. A lion ; a large snake (Boa).

पात्र्य pa-réosh-yuh, s. m. Aloe wood or Agallochum.

पार्यका par-thuk-yuh, a.m. Severalty, individuality, difference.

पार्थित par-thív, adj. Earthen, made or derived from earth; ruling or possessing he earth. s. m. A king, a prince, an earthen vessel.

urang par-vún, s. m. The general funeral ceremony to be offered to all the manes at the Purv, or junction of the sun and moon, at which double oblations are offered; three cakes to the father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather; and three to the maternal grandfather, his father, and grandfather; and the crumbs of each set to the remoter ancestors in each line.

पाळात pár-vut,s. m. A tree called the large Nimb (Melia sempervirens).

in her capacity of daughter of Himala, the sovereign of the snowy mountains; the olibanum tree (Boswellia thurifera); another tree (Celtis orientalis).

पाई तीय par-vut-seyuh, adj. Mountaineer, पाई parsh-wuh, adj. Near, proximate, by the side of s. m. A side, the part of the body below the armpit; side of any square figure.

पाइभाग parsh-wuh-bhag, s. m. The side, the flank.

पार्श्वणल parsh-wushool, s. m. Spaam of the chest, stitch.

मार्चिक parsh-wik, adj. Lateral, belonging to the side, &c. s. m. A partisan, a sidesnan, an associate or companion.

**que** pal, s. m. f. A sail; a small tent; layers of straw, leaves, &c., between which unripe mangoes are ripened.

पाड क pa-luk, adj. Who or what protects, nourishes, &c. s. m. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian, a keeper; a kind of greens ( a species of spinach); a bedstead.

पालका हो páluk-jóohce, s. f. A medicinal plant (Justicia nasuta : also, Ixora undulata). पालकपुत्र pa-luk-póotr, s.m. An adopted son.

vient? pá-luk-ree, s. f. Blocks of wood placed under the feet of a bed to raise it. (It is the custom to have two such blocks recydy to raise the head of a bed, to give it a sloping position).

पानको pal-kee, s. f. A litter, a sedan.

Palkes misheen, Entitled to be carried in a Palkee (formerly this privilege was granted by a

King or Viceroy). Palkee suwar, One who
rides in a Palkee.

urer pa-lunk, s. m. Olibanum tree (Boswellia thurifera); a sort of beet-root (Betw bengalensis); a hawk.

पानकी pa-lún-kee, s. f. Incense, the resin of the clibanum.

पाल द्वार pa-lunk-ya, s. f. Gum olibanum. पालन pa-lun, s. m. Bringing up, preserving, guarding, protecting, cherishing, nourishing, rearing, breeding.

wrett pal-na, v. a. To guard, preserve, protect, bring up, rear, cherish, nounsh, breed, educate, patronise. s. m. A cradle.

Tien pa-la, s. m. Frost, hoar-frost, si ow; trust, charge; a heap of earth made by children to separate the two parties in a game called kubudde; leaves of a tree named Thurberee (a species of Ziemphus). Pala purna, v. n. To snow. Pale purna, v. n. To fall within the power of another.

पालागन pa-la-gun, s. m. Obeisance by embracing the feet, freverence, respect, veneration.

belonging to the Pulas tree, made of its wood, &c. s. m. Green (the colour).

try in India, the western part of Bohar.

पालिक pa-lik, s. m. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian, a keeper.

पानित pa-lit, adj. Cherished, nourished. पानित pa-lind, s. m. A sort of Jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

urforer pa-lin-dhee, s. f. A plant commonly called Teoree (Convolvulus turpethum), the black sort.

with pá-lee, adj. Who or what nourishes or protects. s. m. A cowherd. s. f. A battle between birds; s place where birds fight, a cockpit; a covering of a pot.

TITE pao, s. m. A quarter, a fourth part.

TITE pá-vuk, adj. Who or what renders
pure, a purifier, purificatory. s. m. Fire; a
saint, a person purified by religious abstraction; a tree, the wood of which is used to
procure fire by attrition (Premna spinosa);
leadwort (Plumbago zeylanica); marking-nut
plant (Semicarpus anaeardium).

write pa-wun, adj. Purified, pure; purifying, expurgatory, purificatory, s. m. Water; penance, expiation, purification by acts of austerity and devotion; the Eleocarpus seed; a kind of grass ( Costus ).

भाषनध्वनि pawun-dhwuni, s. m. A conch shell

arrant pao-na, s. a. To get, acquire, find, enjoy, suffer, overtake, reach, accept, obtain, attain. s.m. Finding, getting, &c.; a plant growing in stagnant water.

पानमान pao-mán, adj. Purificatory, purifying

पावना páo-la, s. m. A quarter of any coin (as of a rupee, &c.)

पावस pá-wus, 8. m. The rainy season. पावित pa-vít, ads. Purified.

ural pa-wee, adj. Who or what purifies.

WIN pash, s. m. A fetter, a chain, a tye, the string for fastening tame animals, or the net or noose for catching birds, deer, &c.; a noose as a weapon of combat.

पासक pá-shuk, s. m. A die, particularly the long sort used in playing choupur.

urner pash-buddh, adj. Noosed, snared, caught, or bound.

पाश्चन्द्र pash-bundh, s. m. A noose, a snare, a halter, a net, &c.

uni pa-sha, s. m. A die; a throw of dice.
unive pash-it, adj. Tied, fettered, bound.
uni pa-shee, s. m. One armed with a net
or noose.

बाह्य pash-chát-yuh, adj. Behind, being behind; subsequent; western.

पापन pa-shuk, s.m. An ornament for the feet.

pa-shund, s. m. A heretic, an imposter, one who not conforming to the orthodox tenets of Hindoo faith, assumes the external characteristics of tribeorsect, a Jyn, a Bouddh, &c

पायवडी pa-shún-dee, s. m. A heretic.

पापाया pa shán, s. m. A stone in general. पापायाओं शे pashán-bhédee, s. m. A plant (Plectranthus scutellaroides)

THE pas, s. m. A rope, a noose. adv. At the side, near, beside, about, at.

THE ph-sa, s. m. A die (plur. pasch, dice, the oblong dice with which chowpur is played); a throw of dice.

utel pa see, s. f. A net; a rope with which the legs of a horse are bound s. m. A fowler; one whose business it is to make or sell tares. (So named from the rope round his leg when he climbs the two tree).

Wisia pa-hat, s. m. The mulberry tree (Morus Indica).

पाइरल pa-hán, s. m. A stone.

पाइन pá-hoon, s. m. A guest.

पाइना pa-hoo-ná, s. m. A guest ; a sonin-law.

पाइनी pa-hoo-née, s.f. A female guest.

чт≅ ра-hóo, в. т. A person.

पिक pióo, adj. Beloved, dear. s. m. Husband, sweetheart, lover.

पिक pik, s. m. The Indian Cuckoo (Cuculus Indiaus).

पित्रक्त pik-bun-dhoo, s. m. The mango

पिकारनी pik-by-nee, } adj. Possessing fusion pik-by-nee, a voice like the Kokila; an epithet of a female.

funta pik-aksh, s. m. A vegetable, and perfume, commonly called Rochunes (having red blossoms).

पिकाइ pik-áng, s. m. A small bird, called

furinez pik-a-nund, s-m. The spring

fum pikk, s. m. A young elephant.

पियलना pi-ghúl-na, v. n. To melt or to be melted, to be in fusion, to fuse, to flow (a metal).

fपञ्चाना pigh-lá-na, v. a. To melt, to fuse; to soften (an angry or a hard person), assuage, mollify.

विष्याय pigh-lao, s. m. Fusion, flux.

fur ping, adj. Of a tawny colour. s. m. Tawny (the colour).

fus afunt ping-kúp-i-sha, s. f. A cock-roach.

पिङ्गचस् ping-chúk-shoo, s. m. A crab.

Furn pin-gul, adj. Of a tawny colour, brown, yellowish s. m. Tawny (the colour), a dull brown, or yellow; a fabulous being in the form of a Nag, or serpent of the lower regions, to

whom a treatise in prosody is a cribed, he is hence considered as a Mooni, or inspired and divine personage; the 51st year of the Hindoo cycle.

বিশ্বস্থা pin-gul-fk-a, s. f. A sort of crane.
বিশ্বস্থা ping-ash, s. m. A sort of fish
(Pimelodius pangasius).

fus CI pin-góc-ra, s. m. A cradle.

पिचलना pich-úk-na, v. n. To be squeezed; to be shrivelled.

पियकाना pich-ká-ns, v. a. To squeeze, to press together, to shrivel, to wrinkle to burst. पियकारी pich-ká-ree, s. f. A squirt, a sy-

Turos pich-und, s. m. The belly.

पिचरिङ्का pi-chún-dik-a, s. f. The instep. पिचरिङ्क pi-chúnd-il,adj. Big-bellied, corpulent.

fuefuer pich-pich-a, adj Flabby, watery, clammy.

fur and pi-chind, s. m. The belly or abdomen.

fuिरिश्चित्र pi-chin-dil, adj. Big-bellied, corpulent, pot-bellied.

fug pi-choo, s. m. A sort of leprosy.

पियुक्त pi-chook, s. m. A plant (Vangueria spinosa).

fugar pi-chóok-ka, s. m. A squirt.

चित्रसङ् pi-choo-mund, } s. m. The Nimb चित्रसङ् pi-choo-murd, } tree (Melia azast-dirachta).

Try or pi-chool, s. m. The tamarisk tree (T. Indica); a plant (Barringtonia acutangula); the diver or water-crow.

पिञ्चट pich-chút, s. m. Inflammation of the eyes, ophthalmia.

fu pichchh, s. m. The tail of a peacock; a tail in general.

पि क्ल्टला pich-chhul-dúl-a, s. f. The jujube (Zizyphus nujuba).

पिक्यान pichchh-wán, adj. Tailed, having a tail.

पिकितिका pich-chhi-tik-a, s. f. The Sison (Dalbergia Sisu).

fuf war pich-chhil-a, s. f. The silk cotten tree (Bombax heptaphyllum); a potherb (Basella rubra and lucida); a timber tree (Dalbergia Sisu); an esculent root (Arum Indicum).

पिञ्चना pi-chhul-na, v. n. To slip, to

पिछलपाई pi-chhul-paee, s. f. The ghost of a woman.

Tuge of pichh-la, adj. Hindermost, hind, hinder, latter, last, late, modern. Pichhleh paon huina, To withdraw from one's agreement.

पिक्रवाहा pichh-wá-ra, s, m. } The rear, पिक्रवाहो pichh-wá-ree, s. f. rearward, the back part. adj. Hinder, hindmost, hindermost, in the rear, abaft.

TWEIST pi-chhá-ree, s. f. The rear; the ropes by which a horse's hind legs are tied. adv. In the rear, behind. Pichharce marna, To attack in the rear.

रिकादा pi-chhán-na, v. a. To know, to be acquainted with, to recognise.

पिञ्चत pi-chhóot, adv. Behind, afterward. s. m. Back of a house.

fusa pi-chhét,s. m. The back of a house; a yard or enclosure behind a house.

fue it pi-chhou-ra, s.m. A cloth or sheet worn round the waist or thrown carelessly over the head.

पिकीरी pi-chhou-ree, s. f. Diminutive of Pichhoura.

fusz pin-jút, s. m. The concrete rheum of the eyes.

विञ्चन pin-jun, s. m. A bow used for cleaning cotton.

fust pin-jur, ad. Yellow or tawny, reddish yellow. s. m. A sort of colour, tawny brown, a reddish yellow, or a mixture of red and yellow; a horse, probably a bay or chesnut horse; yellow orpiment; a cage, the ribs or the cavity formed by them; the thorax.

To be or grow lean.

पिञ्च pin-jul-ee, s. f. Two blades of Koosa grass used as a vessel, or to take up articles with at sacrifices.

পিল্লিকা pin-jik-a, s. f. A roll of cotton, from which the threads are spun.

पिडियारा pin-ji-yara, s. m. One whose business it is to beat or separate cotton.

पिञ्चल pin-jool, s. m. The wick of a lamp.

पिञ्च प pin-jóosh, s. m. The wax of the ear.

पिञ्च ट pin-jet, s. m. The excretion, or concrete rheum of the eyes.

पिट काकी pit-unk-akee, e. f. Colocynth.

fuz err pit-unk-ash, s. m. A species of pike (Esox scolopax).

पिटना pit-na, v. n. To be beaten.

furfusear pit-pit-iya, adj. Combing or carding ( wool, cotton, &c. )

fuzici pi-tá-ra, s. m. A large basket, a

firster pi-tá-ree, s. f. A small basket, a portmanteau.

fuga pit-túk, s. m. The tartar or excretion of the teeth.

विद्याना pir-wá-ná, v. a. To cause to press, squeeze or pound.

funs pind, s. m. \ An oblation to de-

functions, as a ball or lump of meat, or rice, mixed up with milk, curds, flowers, &c., and offered to the manes at the several Shraddh by the nearest surviving relations.

रिवाह गोस pind-gós, s. m. Gum myrrh. पिवाह तीवज pind-ty-luk, s. m. Incense, oli-

रिपक्टान pind-dán, e. m. Presentation of the obsequial cake.

fungum pind-péoshp, s. m. The flower of the Assca tree (Jonesia Assca); the China rose; a lotus; a flower (Tabernamontana coronaria). fungum pind-péoshp-uk, s. m. A potherb

(Chenopodium album).

पियह भना pind-phúl-a, s.f. A bitter gourd. पियह मुखा pind-móos-ta, s.f. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis).

fueste pind-mool, s. m. The carrot (Dancus carota).

fune a) spind-lee, s. f. The calf of the leg.
fune a) spind-véej, s. m. A flowering shrub
(Ucander odorum).

fuget pin-da,s. m Body, person; a lump of clay; a bundle or ball of string, clew.

fuert pin-dár.s. m. A tree (Trewia nudi-

fuester pin-dá-ra, s. m. A plunderer, a pillager (among Marhattas).

fuests pind-a-loo, s. m. An esculent and medical root, described as sweet, cooling and diuretic.

fufaser pin-di-la, s. f. A sort of cucumber (cucumis Madraspatanus).

furst pin-dee, s.f. A long gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria); a sort of palm (Phanix dactylifera); a flowering shrub (Tabernamontona coronaria, flor. plen.); the upper part of a Shirling; a lump of any thing that may be contained in the fist; a small clue or ball of string; a small alter of sand a cubit square, on which oblations to the manes are offered.

funcia pin-dec-túk, s. m. A tree Van gueria spinosa); a shrub (Tabornæmontana coronaria).

पिराही तगर pin-dee-túg-ur, s.m. A plant, a species of Tabernæmontana.

रियादीर pin-déer, s. m. Cuttle-fish bone. रियाद क pin-dook, s. m. A turtle-dove.

fursites pin-dól, s. f. A kind of white earth used by the *Hindoos* to cover or wash the walls of their houses with.

पिन्द्रोनि pin-dő-li, s. f. Orts, leavings of a meal, or fragments dropped from the month. पिन्द्राक pin-yák, s. m. Asafoetida.

पिराम pin-yak, s. m. Asafætida. पिरापापुडा pit-páp-ra, s. m. A medicinal

plant (Oldenlandia biflora).

furat pitur, s. m. pl. Fathers, fore-fathers, ancestors.

functik pitr-ace, s. m. A kinsman, a paternal relation from three generations. s. f. Verdigris.

पितरी pit-rou, s. m. dual, Mother and father, parents.

Transfer pit-la-na, v. n. To be contaminated with verdigris (as food, especially of an acid quality, kept in copper vessels).

fuar pit-a, s. m. Father.

furing pita-muhuh, s. m. A paternal grandfather; a name of Bruhm, the great father of all.

पितासही pita-mühee, s. f. A paternal grandmother.

Tuarant pit-am-bur, s. m. Silk cloth of a yellow colour; (vulgarly) a silk cloth.

fufati pi-ti-ya,s. m. A paternal uncle, a father's brother.

fue pitr, s. m. A father.

fuza pitrík, adj. Paternal, ancestral, parental, obsequial, relating or belonging to parents or progenitors.

पिल कर्म pitri-kúrm, s.m. पिल कार्य pitri-kárj,s.m. पिल क्रिया pitri-kríya,s.f.

पिस्ता pitri-gún, s. m. class of progenitors, the sons of the Rishis or Prujaputis.

पित्र व्हल pitri-grih, s. m. A burial ground, a cemetry.

fuzzione pitri-gha-tuk, s. m. A parricide.
fuzzione pitri-turp-un, s. m. The part of
the hand between the middle finger and thumb,
sacred to the manes; gifts in honour of decessed relations, distributed at the Shraddhs or
funeral ceremonies; the act of throwing water
out of the right hand at seasons of ablution,
by way of offering to the manes, or deceased
ancestors in general.

functate pitri-tithi, s. m. Day of new moon, on which she rises invisible.

fuz all pitri-teerth, s. m. Gaya, the city so called, where the performance of funeral sacrifices is thought to be peculiarly efficacious and meritorious; the part between the fore-finger and thumb, sacred to the manes.

fue and pitri-dan, s. m Gift in honour of deceased ancestors.

funfun pitri-pitri, s. m. A paternal grandfather.

पिट्यम् pitri-prús-oo, s. f. A father's mo-

fuzzin pitri-prapt, adj. Received from a father; inherited patrimonially.

fuzza pitri-bun-dhoo, s. m. A remote or cognate kinsman by the father's side, as the son of the paternal grandfather's sister, of the paternal grandmother's sister, and of the father's maternal uncle.

विक्शिति pitri-bhúkti, s. f. Filiai duty to a

पित्रभोजन pitri-bhó-jun, s. m. Food offered to the manes.

पित्रमन्दिर pitri-mun-dir, s. m. The paternal mansion; a cemetry.

विद्वज्ञ pitri-jag, s. m. Obsequial rites. पित्रजोक्ष pitri-lók, s. m. The world or

sphere of the manes: it is variously situated, buprincipally in the Bhoover region or midheaven.

THE AN DITTI-VID, S. M. A cemetry, a place

where dead bodies are burnt or buried.

Tuesa pitrivyuh, s. m. A paternal uncle.

fuz wis pitri-shraddh, s.m. The obsequial ceremony of a father.

पित्रक्षान pitri-sthan, s. m. A 'guardian, a protector; the abode of the manes.

fuz east pitri-swus-a, s f. An aunt, fa-

पित्रह न pitri-hún, e.m. A parricide. पित्र pitt, s.m. Bile, the bilious humour. दिन्ह pitt-úghn, adj. Antibilious.

विनाहों pitt agh-nee, s. f. A plant (Menispermum glabrum).

funces pitt-jwur, s. m. Bilious fever.

fund pittúl, adj. Bilious, relating to the bilious humour. s. m. Brass; the Bhojputs or Birch tree, of which the bark is used for writing upon, &c.

पिनला pittul-å, s. f. A plant (Jussieua repens).

function pitt-lana, v. n. To be contaminated with verdigris (as food, especially of an acid quality, kept in copper vessels).

Turn pitta, s. m. Bile, the gall-bladder; (ironically) anger, emotion of mind. Pitta nikalna, To chastise. Pitta murna, To subside, cool (anger).

पित्यायक्षा pit-pap-ra, s.m. A medicinal plant (Olderlandia bistora).

पिरही pid-ree, s. f. A tom-tit.

fuer pid-da, s. m. Name of a bird.

चित्रान pi-dhán, s. m A covering, a cover or concealment; a lid, a top or cover; a wrapper or cloak, &c.

पिन pin, s. m. A sound.

चिनकी pin-kee, s. f. Intoxication from eating opium; drowsiness, nodding.

पिनिजयारा pin-ji-yara, s. m. One whose business it is to beat or separate cotton.

पिनपिनाना pin-pin-ana, v. n. To twang, to whiz.

चिनियनाइट pin-pin-ahut, e. f. The whizzing of an arrow or shot.

पिनहाना pin-há-na, v. a. To clothe, to put on, to adorn, to dress,

fuনাৰ pin-ak, s. m. The bow of Shiv; a trident or three-pronged spear; the trident of Shiv. fu-ানী pin-ak-ee, s. f. A musical instrument, a sort of viol.

fugi pin-na, s. m. A cake of mustard seed remaining after the expression of the oil and given to cows, &c. for food.

पिन्नी pin-nee, s. f. A kind of sweetmeat. पिपासन pip-a-sun, adj. Thirsty, thirsting. पिपासन pip-a-sa, s. f. Thirst.

पिपासित pip-a-sit, } adj. Thirsty, athirst.

पिपीतको pip-ée-tuk-ee, s. f. The twelfth of the month Yysakh, when giving away water, is an act of merit.

पिमोसन pip-ée-luk, इ. m. A large black ant.

पिपोिनिका pip-ée-lik-a, s. f. The common small red ant.

fuwer pipp-ta, s. f A kind of sweetment. fuwer pip-pul, s. m. The holy lig tree (Ficus religiosa).

पिष्णज्ञ pipp-lúk, s. m. A nipple.

पिष्णकी pipp-lee, s. f Long-pepper. पिष्णकी मूल pipp-lee-mool, s. m. The root

funding pipp-lee-mool, s. m. The root of long-pepper.

पिय piyuh, adj. Beloved. s. m. A husband, a lover, a sweetheart.

पियाना pi-yá-na, v. a. To give or cause to drink, to water.

faurt pi-yar, s. m. Love, affection, fondness. Piyar kurua, To fondle, caress.

fuarat pi-yá-ra, adj. m. Beloved.

fuarat pi-yá-ree, adj. f. Beloved, pleasant. fuara pi-yál, s. m. A fruit (Chironjia sapida: Buchanania latifalia).

fuaru pi-yas, s f. Thirst. Piyas murna, Applied to thirst without drinking. Piyas boojh-

ana, To quench thirst. Pigas murna, To suffer thirst. Pigas lugna, To be thirsty.

fuguer pi-ya-sa, adj. m. Thirsty. Piyaseh murna, To be very thirsty.

पिवासी pi-yá-see, adj. f. Thirsty.

चिराना pir-á-na, e. n. To have pain, to be painful, to pain, ache, ake.

पिरोना pir-ö-na, v. a. To thread (as a weedle), to string (as pearls).

पिनई pil-úee, s. f. The spleen; a disease from enlargement or inflammation of the spleen. पिनचना pil-úch-na, v. n. To adhere.

पिनड़ी pil-ree, s. f. Forced meat.

प्रजना pil-na, v a. To attack, to assault.
v. n. To be bruised, thrushed, treated, pressed, ground.

पिर्वापना pil-pil-a, adj. Soft, flabby, flac-पिर्वापनाना pil-pil-ana, v. a. To soften.

বিজাত্ব pil-pil-ahut, s. f. Softness. বিজাল pi-lá-na, v. a. To give or cause to

चित्रका pil-oo-a, s. m. A worm.

चिद्वा pilla, s. m. A puppy, whelp, cub.

पित्रत piv-út, } adj. Drinking.

fung pish-ung, adj. Of a tawny or brown colour. s. m. Tawny (the colour).

fun sar pish-ung-tá, e. f. Tawniness.

fungi pish-ung-ee, adj. Brown, tawny. fungi pish-ach, s. m. A sprite, a fiend, an evil spirit of a particular class, a demon, a spectre, a malevolent being, something between an infernal imp and a ghost, but always described as fierce and malignant.

funrace pish-ach-grust, adj. Possessed of a demon, a demoniac.

पिशासद् pish-ach-dróo, s. m. A tree (Trophis aspera), the favourite haunt of goblins.

पिशासनी pish-ach-nee, s. f. A female sprite or fiend.

furra pish-ab, s. m. Urine.

fufrat pish-it-á, s. f. Spikenard.

fung pish-oon, adj. Cruel, wicked; vile, low, coatemptible; stupid, a fool. s. m. A spy, an informer.

पिश्वनवास pishoon-vakyuh, speech, abuse, bad report, detraction, alander.

fungar pish-oon-a, s. f. A gramineous plant (Trigonella corniculata).

fuest pish-tuk, s. m. A disease of the eyes opacity of the cornea.

fueu pish-tup, s. m. A world, a division of the universe.

fungt pis-na, v. n. To be reduced to meal, to be ground, bruised or broken to powder; to be ruined or distressed; (met.) to be desperately in love.

fusit pis-áce, s. f. Price paid for grinding.

fuere pis-ach, c. m. An evil spirit of a particular class, a demon, a spectre.

पिसाचनी pis-ach-née, e. f. A female sprite or spectre.

पिसान pis-an, s. m. Meal, flour.

fuerer pis-a-na, v. a. To reduce to meal, to grind.

पिसाब pis-ab, s. m. The act of making water.

पिस pis-60, s. m. A flea.

pee, adj. Beloved. s. m. A lover, a sweetheart, a husband.

when peek, s. f. The juice of the betel-leaf chewed and spit out. Peekdan, s. m. A vessel for holding betel spittle, a spitting-pot.

पीच peech, s.f. Rice-water, water in which rice has been boiled, rice-gruel.

पोचना péech-na, v. a. To tread under foot. पोच pee-chéo, s. m. The fruit of the Capparis.

which rice has been boiled, rice-gruel.

धीखना peechh-wa, s. m. The hinder part (of a saddle particularly).

The pée-chha, s. m. The hinder part, the rear; pursuit, persecution, following; absence. Peechha kurna, To pursue, to chase, to follow; to recoil (a gun, &c.). Peechha pherna, To leave, to withdraw. Peechha leua, To persue, to importune, to be obstinately persevering.

Pécchheh, adv. In the rear, after, behind, ago, afterwards, astern, in the absence. Peechheh dalna. To leave behind, to ourstrip, to surpass. Peechheh purna, To dance attendance, to run after, to importune, to dun, to persecute, to torment, to be out-stripped. Peechheh lugna, To pursue, to follow.

भोजाना pee-jana, v. a. To drink or to be drunk; to absorb; to stifle one's passions; to refrain from answering

पीइना péenj-na, v. a. To clean cotton from the seeds.

Transpect-na, v. a. To beat, thrash, dash, atrike, knock, pound. Chhatee peeina, To lament, regret, repent.

पीड peeth, s. m. A stool, a seat, a chair. s. f. The back. Peeth keh peechheh dai lena, To protect, effected. Peeth seh peethel purna, To take refuge of shelter. Peeth thokna, To animate, encourage. Peeth dona. To run away, to flee, to turn tail: to turn, to shrink from, to veer: to turn away in displeasure. Peeth pur hoth phorna. To put on the back, to encourage. Peeth phorna. To turn one's back, to depart, to flee, to leave, to withdraw. Peeth lugna. To have a sore on the back (a horse): to mount or to back a horse. Peeth lugna, To turn down in wrestling.

wist péc-tha, s. m. A kind of food made of rice and flour.

पोडियाड रेंच peethiya-thenk, adv. Closely. पीड रेंचर pee theu-ta, s. m. Page (of a book). पीड peer,s. f. Pain, labour (in childbirth).

पीड़न peer-úk, adj. What gives or causes pain.

पीड़ा péc-ra, e. f. Pain, anguish, suffering. पोड़ाकर pec-ra-kúr, adj. Giving pain, afflicting, tormenting.

ulfer pee-rit, adj. Pained, suffering pain or distress; sick, afflicted.

Wier peer-ha, s. m. A stool or chair.

पीइ।इड्ड peerha-bundh, s. m. A preface or introduction to a book.

पोड़ी peer-hee, s. f. A stool, a chair; a generation of progenitors.

यो बड peend, a.m. A roller.

With peet, adj. Of a yellow colour, s. m. Yellow (the colour), s. f. Love, affection, kindness, friendship Peet Fee peet ruheh our weet ka meet hath lugen, Let friendship continue and the eweets or benefits of it will be obtained.

Thank peet-kund, s. m. The carrot.

पीतवाड peet-kashth, m. Yellow sanders. पीतवीचा peet-ghó-sha, s. f. A sort of creeper with yellow flowers.

पीतचन्द्र peet-chun-dun, s. m. A yellow iragrant wood, considered as a yellow epocies of Sandal wood.

योतसा peet-tá, e. f. Yellowness.

पीतत्वड peet-toond, e.m. The taylor-hird (Sylvia sutoria).

पीतदान poet-da-roo, s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus Devadors); another kind of pine (Pinus longifolia).

alas magnifera); a tres (Pentaptera tomentosa); the waved leaf fig-tree.

Thrush peet purnee, s. f. A. plani, commonly called Bichhuil; a name applied to the nettle, or a plant of the same class. Tragia involucrata.

The Myna (Turius salsa).

Tayar peot-poship, s. m. A species of Kurnikara; a sort of Tabernamorana.

भीतपुष्पी peet-péosop-ee, s.f. Yellow bar-

भीतम्ब peet-phul, e.m. Trophis aspera. भीतम् pee-tum, ada. superl. Most beloved. a.m. A lover, a sweetheart, a husband.

चीत्रमच्या peet-muni, s. m. A yellow gene, a.

पीतमसन्त peet-mus-tak,s.m. A small bird (Laxia philippensis).

पीतस्य peet-moond, s.m. A gallimle. पीतस्य pee-tum-bur, s.m. A silk cloth of yellow colour; (vulg.) a silk cloth.

पीत्यूपी poet-yoo-thee, . f. Yellow jas-

पीतरञ्ज peet-rukt, e. m. A yellow coloured gem, perhaps the topaz.

Three peet-rus, s. m. Turmeric (Curcu-

The pee-tul, s. m. Brass.

पीतला peet-la, ady. Brazen.

पीसनी ह peet-loh, e. m. Yellow longs, queen's metal, or a mixed metal.

THATTE peet-shal, s. m. A tree (Pentap-

पीतमार pect-sar, s. m. Sandal; a yellow gem, a topar; a tree (Alangiam herapetalua), पीतस्वादिम peet-sphut-ik, s. m. A precions gem, the topar.

Tarsac peet-am-bur, s. m. Silk aloth of a vellow colour; (rdg.) a silk cloth.

wife peeti, s. f. Love, affection, kindness, friendanip.

पीटडी peed-ree, s. f. A tom-bit.

पीन peen, adj Heavy, fat, bulky, corpulent, large.

योगज péc-xuk, s. f. Intextication and drowsiness from ophun.

ular péc-mus, s. m. Cold, catarrh ; cold, affecting in the nose, inflammation of the schneiderian membrane, s. f. Chair or lister.

What per-nus ce,adi. Having a cold.

पोना pée-na, v. a. To drink; to smoke (tobucco), a.m. Drinking, &c.; the drugs or refuse (af biasced, &c.), the off cake.

The holy fig-tree (Fiers religions) & f. I me pepper (Peper longues).

पीपना peop-lass m. The point of a sword. पीपनामून peop-la-mool, s. m. The roof of

the long-pepper tree.

Why pee-pa, a. m. A pipe, barrel, cash.

The peeb, s. f. Pus, matter, corruption, purulent running.

पीवियाना pee bi-yana, v. n. To suppurate. पीवियान्ड pec-bi-yahat, s. f. Suppuration. पीय pee-yoo, adj. Beloved, dear, s. m.

Husband, sweetheart, lover.

Tru pee-yoos, s. m. The food of the gods, ambrosis, nectar; the milk of a cow during the first seven days after culving.

Tr peer, s. f. Pain, ache, sickness; feeling, pity, compassion, mercy.

Will pee ra, adj. Yellow.

that pee-ra-ee, s.m. A tribe or caste who best a kind of drum called dhel.

पीना pec-la, adj. Yellow.

भीजाई pec-lá-ce, s. f. Yellowness.

where pee-lam, s. m. Satin.

wieft péo-lee, s.f. A gold-mohur.

of a town in Robilkhund.

places to the Careya arborea, and in others to the Salvadora persica; it is very commonly assigned also to all exotic and unknown trees; the bloseour of the Saccharum sara; an insect.

Tana Pécloo-purace, c. f. A plant

(Bryonia grandis).

thans pee vak kur, s. m. A tippler, a toper, a drinker.

Tatt per-ree, s. f. A plant (Asparagus

पीवा pee-wa, a.f. Water.

There possess, a. To grand, to britarate, to braise, to powder; to grand (the teeth), a. m. The corn or grain for grand ug.

Mist pes-hur, s. m. Mother's house.

पोड़ pee-hoo, s. m. A flea.

ger poori, s. m. A heap, a quantity, a collection.

the musculine gender (in grainmar).

ufan poonshch-chinh, s. m. The penis.

read poons-win, s. m. The first of the eremember comonics of Hindoo initiation; a religious and donestic festival held on the mother's perceiving the first signs of a living conception.

tita poess twih, s. m.Semen virile; man-

gura poo-kar, & f. Bawl, calling out

पुक्षा दरेना pookar-déna, v. a. To proclaim publicly, to call.

garrant poo kar un, e. a. To call aloud, to bawl, to bry out, exclaim shout,

प्रवास pookh-raj, s. m. A topaz

HART pooch re . m. A thin cont

guilt poo-cha-ra, J of clay for laying on a wall; the sponge of a gum. Poochara dena, To lay a thin coat of clay on the walls of a house, to white wash a wall. Poochara pherma, To sponge a gun.

3 to poochehh, s. f. A tail

पुक्रवा boochh-wy-ya, s. m. An inquirer. पुज्रवाना pooj-wa-na, v. a. To cause to worship; to cause to fill or complete.

y sriet poo-já-na, v. a. To chuse to worship; to fill, to complete.

पुजापा poo-já-pa, e. m. The apparatus of worshipping.

पुञ्ज poonj, s. m. A heap, quantity, collec-

yz poot, s. m. A menstraum, solvent,

Hux.

(of an animal).
3 1 poo-ra, s. m. A large parcel (of phy-

sio, &c.) पुरिचा péo-ri-yu, s. f. A parcel (of physic,

Tel péo-ree, s. f. A skin with which a drum is made.

gesta poond-reek, s.m. The elephant of the south-east quarter; a sort of snake (Amphisbona); a sort of leprosy; a white letus.

पुण्डरियक poond-ree-yuk, s. m. A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis); u drug commonly called Poonderiya.

que péon-yuh, adi. Virtuous, pure, righteous, s. m. Virtue, moral or religious merit; a good action.

पुरायकारी poon-yuh-kurra, adj. Pious, vir-

पुण्डमञ्च poon-yuh-gundh, s. m. The Chumpuk flower (Michelia champaca).

पुरावतीचे poon-yuh-teerth, s. m. A holy shrine or place of pilgrinage,

gozza g pour-yu-trín, s. m. White Koosa

पुनवद्शन poon-yu-durshun, s. m. The blue

पुरस्काल poon-yu-phul, s. m. The reward or consequence of good actions.

gray poon-yu-bhoo, s. f. The holy land of the Hindows; the central part of Asia, bounded on the worth by the Himala, on the south by the Vimilitya mountains, and on the east and west by the sec.

gaze for poon-yu-bhoomi, s. f. The holy land of the Hindges; the mother of a male child.

पुरस्कोक poon-yu-lók, ह. m. Heaven, paradise. [righteons.

मुख्यमान poon-yu-wan, ada. Virtuous, pions, मुख्यमीन poon-yu-shéel, adj. Virtuous.

पुरवस्तान poon-yu-sthan, s. m. A sacred place, boly ground.

year poon-ya, s. f. The commencement of collection for the new year. (Tseed by land holders).

grant poon-ye-ee, e. f. A vartuous action, performed (according to those who hold the dactrine of the meterpsychosis) in one state of existence, the reward of which is received in a future transmigration; merit of an ancestor revanded in his descendants.

guerrat poon-yu atme, adj. Holy, pious.

useless poon-vo-duy, s. m. Good formus, as the result of victuous acts in a sormer life.

ya poot, s. m. A hell to which the childless are said to be condemned.

gam poot-la, s. m. An idol, image.

yard poot-les, s. f. The papil of the eye, an image, a pupper, an idoi, a doll, the frog of a horse's hoot. Pootice ha were known, To honour or esteem as the apple of the eye.

yark poo-ta-ee, s. f. The act of plastering; price oaid.

पुल pootr, s. m. A son.

पुत्रकास्या pootr-kam-ya, s. f. Wish or adico-

মুদ্ধতাৰ pootr-jeev, s. m. A tree, from the fruit of which necklaces are made of supposed prolific efficacy (Nigella Patranjica),

पुत्रपति विका poetr-pou-tréen, ud). Descended from son to son.

पुल श्रेषी pootr-shrence, s. f. A plant (Sal-

gfara pootri-ka, s. f. A daughter; a doll,

ginarga pootr, ka-péetr, a.m. The son of a daughter, appeinted to raise issue for her father; one of the twelve heire acknowledged by the old Hindoo law; a grandson.

पुत्री pootree, s. f. A daughter; a plant (Siphononchus Indica).

unife pootreshti, s.f.A. sacrifice performca for the purpose of obtaining children.

पुनः पुनः poonuh-poonuh, ) odn Repeated पुनः पुनः poonuh-poonur, ) lj.agam and again,

पुन: पुना péonub-péona, s. f.The Permison river in Beker

цит роб-паг. циста роб-пот ávuh, } adv. Again. पुनक्त poon-ur-fokt, adi. Repeated, said over egain s. m. Tautolog e repetition.

पुणवित्त poon-ur-dokti, s. f. Repetition,

पुत्रकारण poon-ur-cotthan, a. w. Resur-

पुसर्वार poon-ur-junna, adj. Re-born,

पुत्रनेवर pon-unr-núva, s. f. Hog-weed (Boerhania diffusa-alata).

पुत्रके poon-un bheo, s. A a virgin widow remartied.

पुत्रकेश poon or yos-oo, a m. The seventh of the lunar esterisms.

पुनवाना poen-wie na, n. a. To cause to be abused or represented by another.

ufa póoni, ada. Again.

पनी त poo-neet, ady. Pure, clean.

पुद्ध हा poon-makshirt, s. m. An asterism under which makes are proceeded.

gar pon-na, v. a. To abuse

पुत्राम poon-nág a m. A tree, from the flowers of which a yallowish dye is prepared (Rottleria tinetaria).

TT poor, s. f. A city.

containing large buildings surrounded by a ditch, and extending how less than one kis in length, is called a city, a Poor or Nugur; if it extends not less than half a Ros it is called a Ake, or town; if less than that a Kurusi, or small market town; and any claster of bouses less than that, is a Gram, or village.

grier provule vir, ad). One who goes first or believe w.m. A leader, a preceder

पुरिनिद्धा poo-rundya, m. proj. Name of पुरिनिद्धा poo-ry-niva, a district and town, Parneal in Bengal.

graque poor dév-ta, s. f. The tutchary detty of a town.

gegre poor-dwar, a. m. A city gate.

पुरक्षिता poorum (१४, ६ क. Ar. old man, का elder ( a patron.

year noo-run-dur, s. m. A sort of Penper (Piper danga).

unwight poor value, adj. Inhabiting a city of town.

grass (Sa) turns countries.

TOTAL poor in kar, a m Honouring, respective, wer highing

Triple a, s. se A large village, a town, an assemble of habitations.

Triple pooling, s. st. A secred and poetical

work, supposed to be compiled or composed by the poet Vyes, and comprising the whole body of Hinder theology; each Peeran should treat of five topics especially the creation, the destruction and renovation of worlds, the genealogy of gods and heroas, the reigns of the Muneos, and the translations of their descendants; but great variety provails in this respect, and few contain historical or genealogical matter. There are eighteen sel nowledged Poorans; 1. Bruhm: 2. Padrs, or the lotus: 3, Bruhmand, or the ogg of Bruke: 4, Uyni, or fire; 5, Vishnou; 8, Ouroor, his bird or vehicle 7, Bruhm-nyrurt, or transformations of Bruken, i.e. of Krishn, identified with the Supreme : 8, Shir D, Ling : 10, Narvd, son of Brahm: 11, Skund, son of Shir; 12, Marku wiey, so called from a Mooni of that name: 13. Bhunishyut, or prophetic; 14, Mutsyuh, or the lish: 15, Varak, or boar: 16, Koorm, or tortoise 17, Yawan or dwarf, and 18, The Bhogurus, or life or of Krishy; which last is by some considered as aspurious and modern work : the Bruhm ayourt is also of very modern origin. The Poorans are reckoned to contain four hundred thousand stangas. There are also eighteen Coppoorates or similar poems of inferior sanctity, and different appellations : the whole constitute the popular or poetical creed of the Hindoos, and some of them or particular parts of them, are very generally read and studied.

quiren poo-rá-na,

great po re-tur. adj. Old, ancient. us law poo-ra-tum,

प्राना poo-ra-ma, v. a. To fill. adj. Old.

Tropo-rec, v. f. A city a town.

Times pooree-man, e. m. The thorn apple (Datyon).

gita pooresh, s. m. Forces, excrement,

35 p60-100, s. m. The name of a king. the sixth m march of the lunar line , the faring of a flower. . f. The name of a river, said to rup a little to the north-west of the Servoot!

That poortookha, s. m. An old man, an elder, an amoestor.

gree poo-roo kheh, s. m. Ancesters an-

was plo roosh, a m. A man, generally or individually, a male, manking; God, the Eupreme being.

greate poorcosh-ker.e. on Manly act. wirility; effort, exertion; any set of man, manbood.

TETT poo-roosh ta & / Manhood manlines ; valour

years poo-roosh-twith to me Marbood civility, mandy nature or property; valouprowess,

3 Tuest poo-roosh-dwesh-ee, adj. Manhating, misurthropic.

पुस्वस्थिकी poo-roosh-dweship-ee, s. f. An iii-tempered or factions weman.

पुरुषमाञ्च peo-roosh-matr, adj, Of the beight or measure of a man

पुरुविजेत pooroosh-verjit, adj. Desolate, destitute of human beings.

Twu: pec-roo-shah, s. m. pl. Ancestors, the ancients, predecessors.

Taren poercosh-idhum, . m. A low man, au onteaste.

पुन्तारिकार pooroosh-adhikar, s. m. Manly office or duty.

quer poorcosh-iyoo, a.m. Life of man, human existence.

पुरुषा poo-roosh-arth, s. m. A human object, as the gratification of desire, acquirement of wealth, discharge of duty, and final emancipation, adv. For or on account of mar-

प्रधानी péoreosh-ashee, s. m. A Rakshus, a cannibal.

पुत्रमा péoroosh-éttum, s. m. Au excellent or superior man

TELEN poo-roor-vas, n. prop. The son of Booddh, and second king of the lunar denasty.

पुरेन pooren, s. f. The placenta; the plant of the lotus.

HEIST poo-re-dha, 7 s. m. The family or utlea pooro-hit, domestic priest, conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices of a house or family.

प्रोडितानी poo-re-hit-anee, s. f. The wife of a Poorchit, or lamily priess.

wef poor kha s. m. An old mar an elder, nn ancestor.

gran poor-chuk, s. f. Deceit, trick, coax-

wai poor va, e. f. An easterly wind.

gains poor-wana, v. a. To cause to fill.

Taut poor-wy-ya, s. f. Easterly wind gut poor-kha, s. m. An old man, an older,

an angester.

ya pon-khel, s. m. Ancestors, ancestry. uni poor-sa, adj. Of man's height. s. m. The extent of a man's reach in height when extending the arms and fingers, a fathom.

To pool, a w. A bridge, an embankment. Pool bardhna, r. a. (lit. To make a brulye) To limit; to abound

garrisa pool-kit, adj. Joyful.

geral tool-kee, s. m. A son of Kudumb (Nanclea Caclamba).

2

yoysist pool-poolsna, v. n. To fear, to dread: to take a morsel into the month, and from the want of teeth, being unable to chew, to turn it about.

gagaraz pool-por-lahut, s. f. Fear; the act of turning about a morsel in the mouth.

THE INT pool ham, t. a. To persuade.

The pro-lin, s. m. An island of alluving formation, or one from which the water has recently withdrawn, or a small island or bank left in the middle of a river, upon the fulling of the waters any island.

पुलिन्दा poolinda, e.m. A bundle.

पुरिक phot-ling, s. m. The musculine gender (in grammer)

gबाल poo-wal, s. f. Straw.

grad poosh-it, ad. Nourished, nurtured grad poosh-kur, s. m. The sky, heaven, atmosphere; a letus (Nelumoium speciosum, or Nymphaa nelumbo): a drug (Lostus speciosus); a calebrared place of pilgritings, now called Poliur, in the province of Ajmere, about four miles from the city of Ajmere, consisting of a small town on the bank of a lake, whence its name; one of the seven great dweeps or civisions of the universe; a pond or lake; a mountain in Poochkurdweep.

पुजार मूजक pócshkur-móoluk, s. m. The root of the Costus speciosus.

genft of pooshkur-in-oo, s. f A square or large pond; a piece of water, a lake

gune poosh-kul, adj. Fixee lent, eminent, chief, beet; much, many; full, filled, complete, s. m. The mountain Meroc; the holy place Pousikier.

ge possit, ali. Nourished, cherished;

पुष्ट possit-uec, adj. Restorative, provo-

ge at possit-tå. s. f. Patners; invigoration, restorati, e power.

gery poosht-ing, adj. Fat, fattened.

पृष्टिक्कर poesh-ti-kur, s. m. Any food or

gfer poosh tid, all. Nourshing, oberishing,

gfeet poosh-tid-& a. C. A. plant (Physolic Retions)

gur possing. A. m. A flower integeneral; the means, the vehicle or ented Notes, in discuss of the yes, specks on the eye, altaga, guest possing-lik, c. m. Cal's of bress, the

chariot of Mooner; a discoss of the eyes, albugo, specks on the eyes a bracelet of diamonds or jowels; green vitriol.

प्रधान र वास्त्र pooship-kurun-dák, s.m. Uvunter or Ouga, or the grove in its vicinity considered as sacred to Muhadev.

supplied w poeshp-ke-seesh, s. m. The green sulphate of iron.

gurafiz poshp-keet, e. m. Any insect af-

you and poosing ket-oo, e. m. Calx of brass.

you are poosing channer, e. m. A plant
Artemisia; a tragrant plant (Pandanus oderacissumus, having a jurge bushy flower.

The elephant of the north-west quarter.

Hunder poosing-puth, s. m. The vulva.

george poeshp poor, a. prop. Patalipoote, er Patalipoten.

wood apple.

THERE possip-mas, s. m. Spring.

cus planicous).

honey or flowers.

yarty pooshpien-oe, s. m. The dust or farms of nowers.

पुरुष्टीचन pooshp-ro-chun s. m. a plant (Mesua ferrea).

цегил poosnp-wat, ads. Having flowers,

unaver poochp-v6-tec, a f. A flower

yarman pooshp-shoon-yuh, delj. Not bearing fowers, flowerless.

TRICKS poosbp-summy, a m. Spring.

HARRY proshpear, a m. The nector or honey of flowers.

unrein possip-been, adj. Flowerless not dowering.

oda fig tree, a voman whose reastroation ma

प्रताहन pooshp-an-jun, e.m. The cals of brace.

granted porship-hiphles of Presenting or assay of dever, held in last hands opened, and tolkersh

The tarter of the least pensor metros. When possess, and Phoresed in those seems.

State to hip-it-2 af. A woman during measuration

ufstarur pooshp-il-agra, s. f. A form of metre; the line consisting of four or six short syllables, a pyrrhic, or a dautyl, two trochees and a spondee.

Tart possip-ec, ady. Flowering, bearing

way poosh-yub, s. m. The eighth lunar asterism, comprising three stars, of which one is Cancer; the month Pous (December - January).

पञ्च पञ्च poeshyuh-pooir, s. m. An adopted sen. Poospost kurna, To adopt.

प्रशास poos-tuk, e. m. A book, a manuscript,

ugu poo-hup, s. m. A flower.

q eq T póo-a s. m. A pancaka.

y poon, s. m. A sound of letting wind.

wift péon-gee, s. f. Flute, pipe ; a kind of pipe played on by jugglers.

95 poonchh, s. f. A tail.

Tent poonchh-na, v. a. To wipe.

Tierr poon-chhar, adj. Tailed.

gal poon-jee, & f. A capital in trade, stook, principal sum, band.

un poog, s. m. The betel-nut tree (Areca faufel, or catecha); a heap, a quantity, a multitude; the fruit of the faulet, the betel-nut.

प्रापल poog-phil, s. m. The areca mit.

garate poog-rot, ". m. The marshy date tree (Phanix, or Elate paludosa)

ge poochh, e.f. Inquiry, investigation. Poochh-pachh, a f. Inquiry, interrogation,

पुरुषा péochh-na, v. a. To ask, inquire, question, interrogate.

poo-chice, o. f. The tail of a fish.

usas poo-jūk, adj. Worshipping, a worshipper.

पनत pon-jút, ady. Worshipping, reverencing.

पञ्च poo-jun, s. m. Worship, worshipping изгет phoj-na, v. a. To adore, reverence, worship, vanerate.

versita pooj-née-yuh, l'adi. To be wor-पुलासान pooj-man, ( , shipped or revereneed, deserving respect, venerable.

wan pooja, r. f. Worship, calture, respeat, howage of superiors, or adoration of the smils

u sire poo james, s. m. A worshipper. Thru pea-jit. adj. Worshipped, adored, reverenc d.

very project of Worshipful, venerable, fit for or deserving adoration, &c. s. m. A fatherपुज्यसान poojyu mán, adj. Being revereneod or respected.

wz poot, s. m. A bone lying over the tail of a cow.

पुरुकी poot-kee, s. f. The anns; a term of To pooth, a m. The butteck, the hip.

vot poo-tha, s. m. The paper or paste board cover of a book.

wer poo-ra, s. m A hand of cake made of pease-meal.

wait péo-nee s. f. Rolls of cotton prepared for spinning.

पत poot, s. m. A son.

पुतना péot-na, s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chébula); the name of a female detrou killed by Krishn , a disease, atrophy and wasting in a child, ascribed to the malignant operations of the female fiend Poster.

प्रमान poot-phul, s. m. The jack fruit.

Gatt poot-ree, s.f. A proper, an image, प्तला poot-la, s. m. J

unell poot-lee, s. f. A small puppet or image, the apple of the eye.

Warran poot-atma, s. m. A saint, an ascetic, a pure or purified person; a man of a cleanly person, or purified by ablution.

yfa póoti e. f. Purity, purification

That pootis, s. m. Grey bondue (Cosalpiniu honducella).

प्रतिकर्णक pooti-kurn-uk, e. m. Fetid ulceration of the car.

Thates pootika-mookh, s. m. A bivalve shell.

uivane poeti-kashth, s. m. A sort of pine (Pince Dreadary).

पविकता pouti-phul a. M.f. A plant (Psorasa corilifolia).

प्रिका poeti-phul-ec, e.f. A medicinal plant (Serratula anthelmintles).

Wage pooti-Titsh, a na A plant (Bignonia Indica).

granife or pooti-shierija, s. f. The pole or eiver eat.

प्राप्त boot y and, s. 27. The mask-deer; an insect with a fetid sureil, the winged bug.

VETTI poo-dée-na, s m. Garden mint (Malu sation).

पुत्रसमाद poon-sul-ace, a f. A thin roller on which cotton is prepared for spinning.

gat pooruée, s. f. Rolls of cotton prepared for gainning.

Tel poo-non, 1 of. The day of full moon. wall poor yo,

urg poop, s. m. A cake.

uver peop-la, s. f. A sort of sweet cake,

fried with ghes or oil.

प्यानी poo-pa-lee, s. f. A sort of cake or biscuit made of meal or barley, half baked or fried.

as, m. Pus, matter, dis-मूब póo-yuh, पुरान poo-yún. f charge from an ulcer, wound or sore.

yaras poo-ya-lus, s. m. Suppuration at the joints, white swelling.

TIT poo-ruk, ad Filling, completing, or that which fills or completes.

un poo-run, adj. Filling, completing; full, filled, complete, perfect, accomplished, entire, total, exact, ripe. s. m. Act of filling, completing or making up; multiplication (in arithmetic); a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

We all poor-née, s. f. The cross threads in weaving a piece of cloth.

Tra poo-rub, s. m. The east. adj. Eastern; former, prior, preceding.

uty poc-ra, ady. Pull, complete, entire, exact, perfect, sufficient, just, total, ripe, powerful. Poora kurna, v. a. To fill, to fulfil, to accomplish, to complete; to re-imburse.

TTT poo-ra-ée, s. f. Fulness, completion.

ufca poo-rit, adj. Filled, full, complete. प्रिया péo-ri-ya, v. f. A musical mode or raginec.

TT poo-ree, s. f. A kind of Cresh cake fried in butter or glee. Tkind.

TTU poo-roosh, s. in. Man, male, man-

war poorn, adj Full, filled, complete, perfect, accomplished; all, entire, total; strong, powerful, able; exact; ripe.

पूजा काम poorn-kam, adj Satisfied, satiated. yarara poorn-koombh, m. A water-ves-

sel, one filled with holy water, used at the consecration of a king; a full cup or jur.

पणपान poorn-patr, s.m. A full oup or vessel; a vessel filled with clothes or ornaments, which are scrambled for by the guests and relations at a featival; a vessel ful of rice, presented as a sacrifice to the superintending and officiating priests :it is properly a measure of 256 hardfuls of rice; it may also be composed of as much as will satisfy one great enter.

& s. j. The day of पखेला poorn-má,

प्यामाभी poorn-masee, I full moon. цинти poorn-mas, s. m. A monthly sacrifice, performed on the day of rell moon.

went poor-na, v. a. To weave (as a spider). v. n. To be filled. Chouk corna, To make the quers or squares.

TUTETT poern-shooti, s. f. The oblation presented at the conclusion of a religious sacrifice, the final oblation; the burnt-offering which completes any ceremony.

v få póortti, s f. Fulness, completion.

well poort-tee, adj. Filling, completing.

un poorb, adj. Anterior, prior, former, preceding; east, eastern.

gain poorb-arddh, adj. The former or prior half.

ust poor bee, & f. A raginee sung before evening, udj. Eastern, from the east; a kind of rice from the east or Bengal.

ya poorv, adj. First, former, prior, preceding, initial; east, eastern; before, in front of. प्रकत poorv-uk, adj. Prior, before, precedmg.

प्रकास poorv-kal, s.m. Former time.

पूर्वकाचीन poorv-ka-léen, adj. Ancient, belonging to former times.

nama poorv-krit, adj. Done formerly, or in a prior existence.

पर्वशास्त्र poorv-gun-ga, s. f. The Nermuda river, formerly called the Ganges.

प्रेज poor vúj, adj. Born or produced before either in time or place; eastern, born in the east; elder. s. m. An elder brother.

wast poorv ja, s. m. pl. The deified progenitors of mankind; ancestors, progenitors in general.

पृश्विक poorv-dik, \ s. f. The castern प्वदिश poorv-dish, region.

प्रदेश poory-desh, s. m. The eastern country, or eastern part of India.

प्रदेश poory-deh, a. m. A former body, a Prior existence.

प्रविषय poorv-puksh, s. m. A proposition, an assertion; the first part of an argument, to which assent or refutation is necessary; the first half of a lunar month.

पुत्रवत pourv-pur-vut, s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

प्रयक्तिनी poory-phil-goonee, s. f. The eleventh lunar asterism; the first Phulgaonee, the twelfth Nakshutr, being termed Outera, or subsequent: this asterism figured by a conch contains two stars, one of which is Leonis.

प्रशाहपदा poorv-bhadr-prid-a, s. f. The first of the two lunar asterisms, and twentysixth of the whole, containing two stare.

watta poorv-rate, s. m. The first part of the night.

प्रज्ञा प poorv-lakshun, र on Indication of something about to occur, as sickness, &c.

sand poorv-shyl, a. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

प्रवृत्रक्षा poorv-sun-dhya, s. f. Dawn, daybreak.

usi poor-va,s. m. A small village.

युवरेफालानी péorva-phal-goonee, कर The eleventh lunar asterism.

usingue poorva-bhadr-pud, s. m. The twenty-sixth hunar asterism.

प्यानिमञ्जू péory-abhi-mookh, adj. Facing the east.

प्राच्यास poors-abbyas, s.m. Former practice, or experience.

gals poorv-arddh, s. m. The first or east half of any thing.

पूर्वाचाडा poorv-asharha, s. f. The first of two constellations, each called Asbarha, and the 20th of the lunar asterisms, containing two stars, of which one is Sagitarii.

म्बर्फ poorv-anh, s. m. The first part of the day, the forenoon,

val poor-vee, adj. Eastern, from the east; a kind of rice from the east or Bengal.s.f. A caginer sung before ovening.

पंचानर poorv-ottur, s. m. The north-cast. पुना póo-la, s. m. A bundle or truss of grass or straw. Poolch titleh goozran kurna (lis. To live under a bundle of straw), implies a very destitute condition.

पनी poo-lee, s. m. A small bundle of any grass or straw, &c.

ww poosh, s. m. The eighth mansion of the moon, comprising three stars in Cancer; the mulberry (Morus Indica).

THE poos, s. in. The ninth solar month, the full moon of which is near Pooshypin, three stars in Cancer.

प्रका prik-kd, s. f. A grammeous plant (Trigonella corniculata).

ष्ट्रक prich-chhák, s. m. An inquirer, an investigator, an inquisitive person.

g og g prich-chhún, s. m. Asking, inquir-

year prich-chha, s. f. Asking, questioning, a question or inquiry.

yant prit-ma, s. f. An army; a small army or division consisting of 243 elephants, as many chariots, 729 horse, and 1215 foot.

year pri-thuk, adj. Separate, apart. udv. Separately, severally.

guaru prithuk-kuran, s. m. Separating, distinguishing.

प्रयक्त prithuk-krit, ad). Separated, sundered made distinct.

gwara prithuk-twuh, s. on. Individuality, separateness, severalty.

प्रमुख्या prithúk-twách-a, e. f. A plant, commonly called Moorea (Sanseviera zeylanica). प्रवक्षणी prithuk-purnee, s. f. A plant ( Hemionites cordifolia ).

guntar prithug-atroa, s.m. Individualised spirit, or that of an individual, as detached from universal spirit or the soul of all,

प्रयम् आ prithug-goon add Having distinct properties.

प्याचि prithug-vidh, adj. Various, multiform, diversified.

प्रथवी prith-vee, I The earth.

प्रशिवी pri-thi-vee.

प्रियोगल pri-thi-vee-tul, s. m. The surface of the ground.

ष्टियोगाय prithivee-nath, ) s. w. A king, ष्टिकीपति prithivee-puti, a sovereign, प्रिकीयान prithivee-pal, a ruler.

ga pri-thée, n. prop. The fifth monarch of the solar dynasty in the second age; an afficient Raja, son of Ven, Raja of Bettom: he was married to a form of the goddess Luckhmer, taught men to cultivate the earth, &c. s. f. A pungent seed (Nigella Indica); a medicinal substance, commonly called Hingooputre.

gyar pri-th6o-dur, adj. Large-bellied, stout, corpulent. s. m. A rum.

प्रश्नी prith-vée, s. f. The earth ; a pungent wood (Nigella Indica); a [medicinal substance and condiment, perhaps the leaf of the asafarida plant, Hingooputree.

Test by prith-vec-bhur, s. m. A species of the Atyasti metre.

yfami prísh-mk-a, s. f. An aquatic plant Pistia stratioites).

gfaquit prishni-purnce, s. f.A plant (Hemionites cardifolia : Hedysarum lagupodioides).

gr prisht, udi. Asked, inquired.

ye prishth, s. m. The back; the rear, the last, the back or hinder part of any thing.

guefe prishth-drishti, m. A bear, from looking behind him.

चेर pe-ée, s. f. A small basket, a portmanteau.

pen, e. m. An imitative sound.

un peng, s. f. The exertion made by people in a swing, when two persons keep the swing in motion without assistance from by-standers. s. m. A bird (Gracula chatterech).

पंजनी penj-nec,s. f. Little bells fastened round the feet of pigeons and of children.

we peath, s. f. A market.

we pend, s. f. Pace, step , a rising ground, an eminence.

चेताना pen-tá-na, s. m. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

Ver pen-da, s. m. The bottom (of a vessel, box, pot, &c.)

पेद्यमा pekh-na, s. m. A play, farce, sham, comedy. v. a. To see.

पेखींनया pekh-ní-ya, s. m. A player, an actor.

चेचक péch-uk, } s. m. An owl.

येचा péch-a,

पेचु pech-oo, s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

az pet, s. m. The belly; the womb, pregnancy; the bore (of a gun, &c.); cavity, capacity. Pet and, To be purged. Pet katna, To pinch one's belly, to starve one's self; to be griped. Pet ka dook dena, To starve. Pet ka purda,s. m. The omentum. Pet ha panec nuh hilna, is applied to the steady motion of a horse which does not agitate the rider. Pet kee ag, s. f. Maternal affectien. Pet kee ag boojhana, To eat something. Pet kee baten, s. f. Bosom secrets. Pet keh paon bahurnikalna, To practise baseness or vitiousness Pet gurgurana, To have borborygmi. Pet girna, To miscarry (a female), abortion, miscarriage. Pet girana, To cause an abortion. Pet chulna, or chhootna, To be purged, to have a diarrheea or flux. Pet julna, To be very hungry. Pet jaree hona, To be fluxed, to be purged. Pet dalna, To procure abortion. Pet dikhana, To complain of poverty and hunger. Pet pukna, To burst with laughter. Pet pance hona, To be violently purged, to have watery stools. Petpalna, To be able to live decently; to be selfish. Pet peeth ek hona, To be greatly emaciated. Pet peth butana, To implore (1). Pet ponchhun, The last child of a woman. Pet posoo, adj. Glutton. Pet phoolna, To burst with laughter. Pet burhana, To eat voraciously; to encroach on the share or rights of another. Pet bandhna, To eat less than one's appetite demands. Pet-bhur, adv. Bellyful. Pet bhurna, To fill one's belly; to be satisfied. Pet marna, To commit suicide, to stab one's self. Pet men pythna, To worm one's self into the secrets of another, to become intimate. Pet men lona, To endure, have patience. Pet rukhana, To get with child. Pet ruhna, To be pregnant. Pet lug jana, To be starving with hunger. Pet lug ruhna, To be very hungry. Petwalee, adj. f. Pregnant. Pet sch, adj. Pregnant. Pet sch hona, To be pregnant. Pet hurburana, To have a griping or inclination to stool.

पेटक pet-uk, s. m. A basket for holding clothes, books, &c.

Ter pet-a, to f. A basket, a large basuz pet-ee. | - ket.

uerer pet-a-ra, s. m. A large basket, a portmanteau.

पेटार्थी pet-ar-thee, ] adj. Gluttonous, epi-

чेटте pet-ár-thoo, ∫ curean.

पेडिया peti-ya, s. m. A pension, daily food, board.

ver pet-ee, s. f. A belly-band, a girth; a portmanteau; a box, a tumbril, a case; the thorax, chest. Petee lurna, or marna, v. a. To copulate.

uz pet-oo, adj. Gluttonous, epicurean.

पेटी बार pet-bu-kha, s. m. A looseness, purging, flux.

पेड़ा pét-ha, s. m. A kind of gourd.

we per, s. f. A tree, a plant. Per lugana, To plant trees.

पेडना per-na, v. a. To press (oil by means of a mill), to squeeze, to rack.

Ter per-a, s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made with curds; a globular mass of leaven prepared for baking.

wet per-ce, s. f. A kind of sweetmeat made with curds; a kind of betel-leaf; the indigo plant after being once cut; the trunk of a tree.

पेड per-oc, s. m. The belly below the navel, the pubes.

wast pen-da, s. m. The bottom (of a vessel, box, pot, &c.)

पेनी pén-ce, adj. f. Sharp.

un pem, s. m. Love, friendship.

पेड़ी pem-ee, adj. Affectionate, lover.

va peyuh, s. m. Water, milk. adj. Drinkable, drink.

war peyée, s. f. A small basket, a portmanteau.

पेयप peyoosh, ) s. m. The milk of a cow uan peyoos, ) which has calved within seven days, biestings.

ut péroo, s. m. A turkey.

पराज per-6j, s. m. The turquoise.

पेल pel,

पेलड pel-úr, s. m. A testicle.

पंचडा pel-rá,

पेलना pel-na, v. a. To shove, to push; to stuff, to cram; to express, to squeeze out.

पेनपान pel-pal, part. Shoving, pushing,

पेना pel-a, s. m. A testicle ; fault, oppression; a prop, a support.

पेल pel-oo, adj. A wrestler.

पेयर ped-ree, s. f. A kind of yellow colour (said to be obtained from the urine of a cove, fed on the flowers of Butea frondosa, or according to others, on the leaves of the manyo tree).

मेवसी pcó-see, s. f. The milk of n cow which has calved within seven days.

सेशाच pesh-ab, s. m. Urine. Peshab-bund, s. m. Strangury.

पेशी pesh-ee, s. f. Spikenard (Valeriana jatamansi).

Trum pesh-un, s. m. Reducing to dust or powder; a band-mill, a stone and muller, any apparatus for grinding or pounding; a plant (a sort of Euphorbia with three lobes, commonly called Tekanta-sij).

पेषणी pesh-un-ée, s. f. A stone, slab, on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller.

puy, s. m. Milk, water. adv. On, upon, over, at, to, nevertheless, yet. conj. But.

चेचना pynch-na, v. a. To winnow.

चेंचा pynch-a, s. m. Return, retribution, s. loan, repayment of a loan.

चेंजनी pynj-nee, s. f. Little bells fastened round the feet of pigeons and of children.

round the feet of pigeons and of children.

पेटा pynd-a, s. m. A road, highway, path.
Pynda marna, To stop a road; to rob in the road.
पेताना pyn-tá-na, s. m. The foot of a bed,

the side towards the feet.

चेतीस pya-tées, adj. Thirty-five.

चेस्ट pyn-suth, adj. Sixty-five.

The py-kur-a, s. m. Iron chains on a culprit's legs, tetters; ornamental rings worn on the ankles.

The py-kee, s. m. One who carries about a hookka for hire at a fair or in a camp.

पेस् py-góo, s. m. A sort of green-coloured stone (brought from Pegu).

um pyj, s. m. A vow, a promise. Pyj kurna, v. a. To make a vow.

23 pyth, s. m. A duplicate (of a bill of exchange); entrance, ingress, admission, access.

uzar pyth-na, v. n. To penetrate, enter, rush or run into, pervade.

पठ जिला py-thál-na, v. a. To force in, to make to penetrate, to thrust, to run in, to introduce, to insinuate.

पेंड्रो py-ree, s. f. A ladder, a staircase; a flight of steps:

www.pynd, s. f. Pace, step; a rising ground, on eminonce.

war pyn-da, s. m. A road, highway, path. pynda marna, To stop a road; to rob in the road.

vary py-tur-s, s. m. Flourishing about before congelling, &c.

पतिका py-tal-a, adj. Shallow.

चेह्न py-trik, adp. Paternal, ancestral, belonging or relating to the father or to progenitors, bereditary, inherited from a father.

पेत कर जि pytrik-bhoomi, s. f. Father-land, the country of one's ancestors; a paternal estate. विनिक pyt-tik, adj. Biliary, bilious.

पेतिक py-trik, adj. Paternal, ancestral. पदन py-dúl, adv. On foot s.m. Infantry. पेन pyn, s.m. A reservoir of water; a

पेना py-na, s. m. A goad. adj. m. Sharp. पेनाना py-na-na, v. a. To sharpen.

पेनाला py-né-la, s. m. A gutter, a spout. पेदा py-ya, s. m. A wheel.

चेत्रान py-yán, s. m. Departure.

चेवान py-yál, s. f. Straw. चेर pyr, s. m. The foot.

परना pyr-na, v. n. To swim.

पेराई py-rá-ee, s. f. Place of swimming or distance over which it is necessary to swim; art of

swimming; wages for teaching to swim.

पराकी py-ra-kee, s. f. Act or art of swim-

पराना py-rá-na, n. a. To cause to swim. परान py-ráv, adj. Beyond man's depth, where it is necessary to swim.

पेरी py-ree, s.f. An ornament worn on the

us pyl, n. prop. A sage, the promulgator of the Rit Ved.

Till py-la, s. m. A vessel for measuring grain.

प्रकार विश्व py-winder-wer, s. m. An engrafted ber (Zizyphus jujuba).

cal, relating or belonging to a Pisach or goblin.
s. m. A mode of marriage, the ravishment of a girl by her lover.

ung py-shoon-yuh, s.m. Depravity, wick-

THY py-sa, s. m. A copper coin, a pice; money, cash. Pysa oorana, To spend extravagantly; to take the money of another by theft or deceit. Pysa khana, To spend extravagantly, to waste; to subsist by wages or the produce of labour; to take bribes; to embessile. Pysa doobona, To sink money, to lay out money without return. Pysa doobona, To be sunk (money). Pysa pherphar kurna, To turn the ponny. Pysele hajana, To lay out or expend money. Pysele wala, adj. Moneyed; worth one Pysa. Pysele wala, adj. Moneyed; worth one Pysa. Pysele wala, adj. bundna, To bribe, to give bribes.

THE py-sar, s. m. Access, ability, admission.

पाञा pó-a, s. m. A very young serpent ; a nursling of any animal ; a plant.

पेक्सिना po-4-na, v. a. To warm by the sun or the steam of water, to bask.

चो इस po-ees, interj. Ho! holla! (calling to people in the road to get out of the way), have a care!

पेंकना ponk-na, v. n. To be fluxed.

प्रांका pon-ka, s. m. The ship-worm (Teredo navalis).

Tint pon-ga, s. m. A blockhead; a sort of drum; a thin joint of bamboo. adj. Empty.

Tig pón-ohhun,s.m. Wiping; a rag, &c. with which any thing is wiped; any thing thrown away after wiping.

पेंछ्ना ponchh-na, v. a. To wipe.

पोटा pon-ta s. m. Snot.

Qiri pon-thee, s. f. A kind of small fish (Cyprinus chrysoparius).

vier po-khur,s. m. A pond, a lake.

पेप्ट pot, s. f. A bundle, a ball, package ;

पोटमच pot-gul, s. m. A reed (Arundo tibialis); a sort of grass (Saccharum spontaneum).

पोटना pót-la, s. m. A large bundle. भाटनिका pót-lik-a, s. f. A bundle or

packet. पाइजी pót-lee, s. f. A bundle, a parcel.

Trat pó-ta, s. m. An unfledged bird; the eyelid; the crop or eraw (of birds); the stomach; the mucus of the nose, snot s. f. A woman having a beard.

पादा por-ha, adj. Strong, firm.

पाइ के por-ha-ee, s. f. Strength, firmness. पात pot, s. m.

Brat pó-tee,s.f. | mal.

Tra pot, s. f. A vessel, a ship, a boat.
s. m. Naturo, disposition, quality; glass beads,
beads.

पातको pót-kee, s. f. A potherb (Basella lucida).

drag po-túj, s. m. An animal that produces young at once without the intervention of any medium; elephants and some other animals being supposed in *Hindoo* physiology to carry the young without the aid of an overium or uturus.

पातजा pot-ra, s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts.

पे। तड़ी pot-ree, s. f. The afterbirth.

चातना pót-na, v. a. To besmear, to plaster. चातरा pót-ra, s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts.

चेरता pó-ta, s. m. Grandson, son's son.

चेरितदा pó-ti-ya, s. m. A cloth worn at the time of bathing; a plaything.

पानी pó-tee, s. f. Grand-daughter, son's daughter.

देश poth, s. m. A small glass bead.

चेरवकी poth-kee, s. f. Red pimples on the eyelids.

पेरवा po-thá, s. m. A large book.

पेखी po-thee, s. f. A book.

नेरहना pód-na, s. m. A bird (Sylvia oliva-

पादनी pod-nee, s. f. Female of Podna.

प्रामा pó-na, v. a. To string (pearls), to thread (a needle).

Trust pop-nee, s. f. A wind instrument (of music) made by children, of the seeds of mange and the leaves of the Borassus; any wind instrument.

पे। प्राप्ता pop-la, adj. One whose teeth are fallen out, toothless.

पाय póyuh, s. f.) A kind of vegetable पादा póya, s. m. } (Basella alba and rubra).

Tree por, s. f. This space or interval between two joints or articulations (of the body, or of a bamboo, sugar-cane, &c.) Por-por, adv. Every joint.

ब्रास्टी pó-ree, s. f. A joint of bamboo, sugar-cane, &c.

पोस्ता po-réo-a, s. m. A joint or plalanx of the fingers; a joint of the tamarind.

प्राचन pó-luk, s. m. Straw bands at the ends of a staff, used with a churkhee, to frighten and restrain a furious elephant.

पाला pó-la, adj. Soft, hollow.

मानी pó-lee, s. f. A term of abuse, simpleton.

पोप posh, s. m. Nourishing, cherishing. पापन pó-shuk, s. m. A nourisher, cherisher.

पेरपस् po-shun, s. m. Nourishing, cherishing, breeding, rearing.

पेरबस्त pósh-na, v. a. To breed, to rear, to foster, to nourish, to tame.

पाञ्च posh-yuh, adj. To be cherished or taken care of.

पास्त्रुत póshyuh-póotr, s. m. Au adopted

चाकान poshyuh-varg, s. m. A class of persons or objects to be cherished, as parents, children, guests, and the sacred fire.

प्राप्तना pós-na, v. a. To breed, rear, foster nourish, tame.

पेरह poh, s. f. Dawn of day.

पोहना poh-na, v. a. To make bread.

pou, s. f. The one or ace on dice; a stand where water is provided for passengers. Pour phatma, To dawn (morning).

The pounda, s. m. A kind of sugar-cane, utter poun-sov-un, s. m. One of the Sunstars or essential ceremonies of the Hindoo religion; a religious observance, held when signs of a living conception take place.

ultar pourh-na, v. n. To repose, to lie down, to rest.

पौड़ा pour-há, adj. Strong, firm; wide,

पोराई pour-há-ee, a. f. Strength, firm-ness; breadth.

coloured species of sugar-cane; a man of a mixed caste, from the Vysyuh and female of the distiller caste, whose business it is to boil sugar.

पी बड़बह न poundr-vurddhun,s. m. A country, one of the divisions of central India (Belear). पोन्तिक pouttul-ik, s. m. A worshipper of

पोत्तिक pouttul-ik, s. m. A worshipper of idols. पोत्र poutr, s. m. A son's son, a grandson.

प्रतिक pou-trik, adj. Belonging to a son or a grandson.

ther in the male or female line, though more usually implying a son's daughter.

योधा póu-dha, s. m. A young tree, plant, sapling.

less (than one or any given number); three quar-

प्रान्धित poun-ur-fokt, s. m. Tautology. : प्रान्धित poun-ur-bhúvuh, s. m. One of the sons or heirs admitted by the old *Hindoo* law; the son of a twice-married woman.

पौनह pou-nuh, s.m. A spoon with holes पौना pou-na, in it like a colander for skimming with, &c.

पौन pon-neh, adj. One quarter less (either of one, or of the aggregate number which may follow).

wit nour, s. m. A fragrant grass, s. f. A gate, a door.

पौरसञ्ज pour-us-khyüh, s. m. Connexion or equality by inhabiting the same city for ten years, fellow-citizenship.

uterfura pou-ran-ik, adj. Of or belonging to the Poorans. s. m. A. Brahmun well read in the Poorans.

पौरिया póu-ri-ya, s. m. A door-keeper, a

will pou-rec, s. f. A gate, a door.

sure of a man, equal to the height to which he resches with both arms elevated, and the fingers extended. adj. The property of manhood virility, manliness; action, or action incidental to the state of humanity; semen virile.

पौस्यसा pou-roosh-ta, of Manhood, manly

strength or spirit.

पौरोडिस pou-ro-hit-yih, e. m. The character or functions of family priest.

पौर्यामा pour-ma-see, ] s.f. The day of पौर्यामा pour-nim-a, full moon. पौर्वदेशिक pourv-dehik, adj. Belonging to

a former body or existence. पौक्षिक pour-vik, adj. Prior, primary,

मीनी pou-lee, A gate, a door.

पीवा pou-wa, s. m. A quarter ; a weight or measure of a quarter of a secr.

with poush, s. m. The ninth Hindoo solar month, the full moon of which is near Pooshyuh, three stars in Cancer, December-January.

पौजारिको poush-kur-in-ee, s. f. A large pond or reservoir.

पौदिक poush-tik, adj. Preservative, protective, putritive, &c.; nutritious, fattening.

भौधा poushp, adj. Flowery, floral, relating or belonging to flowers, &c.

पौराक poushp-uk,s.m. The oxide of brass, considered as a collyrium.

पौका poushp-ee,s.f.Aname of Palibothra. पौड़ pouh, s. m. A stand where water is kept ready for travellers.

धाना py-ana, । v. a. Togive or cause to धानना py-aona, । drink, to water.

THE py-ar, s. m. f. Love, affection, fond-

Tener py-hra, adj. m. Beloved. Pyara janna, To esteem.

THE Py-are, udj. f. Beloved, pleasant.

THE Py-are, s. f. A fruit (Chironjia sapida); straw.

To quench thirst. Pyas booghana,
To quench thirst. Pyas murna, applied to thirst,
which vanishes without drinking. Pyas marna,
To suffer thirst. Pyas lugna, To be thirsty.

प्रासा py-asa, adj. m. Thirsty. Pyaseh murna, To be very thirsty.

wiff py-asee, adj. f. Thirsty.

w pruh, prep. in compos. Forth, for, forward: off, abroad, away: (English pre, for,) fore.).

प्रकट pruk-út, adj. Displayed, unfolded, m anifest, apparent.

प्रकल्प pru-kump, s. m. Shaking, trem-

प्रकश्च pru-kúmp-un, adj. Trembling violently, s. m. A hell.

प्रकल्पनान prukump-mán, adj. Shaking, trembling violently.

प्रकर pruk-ur, s. m. Aloe wood (Agallo-chun).

a prologue or prelude; a chapter, a section, a book, a place of pausing or stopping.

पक्ष prukursh, s. m. (In grammar) The effect of the prefix प (pruh) upon roots.

The part between the root and the branches; excellence, happiness.

way, mode, method, manner.

while prukash, adj. Open, manifest, blown, expanded; famous, celebrated; public. adv. Openiy, publicly. s. m. Sunshine, lustre, light; expansion, diffusion, manifestation; the word being equally applicable to physical or moral subjects, as the blowing of a flower, diffusion of celebrity, the publicity of an event, or the manifestation of a truth; publicity.

मकाशक prukash-úk, adj. What irradiates, what makes open or apparent, &c. s. m. An illuminator, an expounder, an illustrator.

प्रशासना prukash-tá, s. f. Manifestation, visibility; luminousness.

प्रकाशन prukash-ún, s. m. Illuminating, giving light; making clear or manifest,

प्रकाणभान prukash-mán, adj. Splendid, brilliant, radiant.

मकाशित prukash-ft, adj. Evident, apparent, manifest, visible; published, promulgated. प्रकाशी prukásh-eo, s. m. A discoverer.

Hen in prukéern, adj. Spread abroad, published, promulgated; expanded, open. s. m. A. Ohowree, a cow-tail used as a fan; a chapter, a section.

प्रकोश्चि prukéerti, s. f. Fame, celebrity ; declaration.

प्रकोदित prukéert-tit, adj. Declared, explained, said, revealed; celebrated, renowned.

प्रकृषित prukéop-it, adj. Enraged, incensed, una prukrít, Made, completed, accomplished.

werfa prúkriti, s. f. Nature ; in philosophy, the passive or material cause of the world, as opposed to the active or spiritual; and in mythology, a goddess, the personified will of the Supreme in the creation, identified with Maya or illusion, and in an especial manner the prototype of the female sex; in some systems Prakriti is considered the same with the Supreme Being; the natural state or condition of any thing; a form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, each line containing twenty-one syllables. (In anatomy), Temperament, the predominance of one of the humours at the time of generation.

प्रकृतिस्य prukrit-isth, adj. Natural, genuine, unmixed; inherent, innate.

ane prukrisht, adj. Chief, principal, pre-

प्रभूष्टल prukrisht-twith, adj. Eminence, superiority.

инти prukóp, s. m. Irritation, provocation, enruging.

प्रकारक prukép-un, s. m. Irritating, pro voking.

प्रकारिक prukop-it, adj. Irritated, provoked.

प्रकार prukrúm, s. m. Proceeding, going ; leisure, opportunity.

पक्रिया prúkriya, s. f. Bearing royal insignia.

प्रचालन prukshá-lun,s. m. Cleaning, washing.

प्रचारित pruksha-lít, adj. Washed, cleans.

प्रशिष्ठ prukshípt, adj. Thrown, cast, hurled. प्रश्री व prukshéen, adj. Decayed, wasting. प्रश्र prukhúr, adj. Very hot or acrid.

प्रस्तात prukhyát, adj. Celebrated, famous, notorious.

ष ह्याति prukhyáti,s. f. Publicity, notoriety; praise, eulogium, fame.

unz prug-út, adj. Obvious, notorious, public, issued out, apparent, manifest, visible.

प्रमहत्ता prugut-tá, s.f. Visibility, publicity, manifestation.

प्रगटना prugut-ná, v. n. To issue forth, to become manifest, to appear.

प्रजान prugum-un, s. m. Progress, ad-

मन्द्रा prugulbh, adj. Bold, confident; prompt, ready; resolute, energetic; strong, abla.

प्रशन्ता prugulbh-tá, s. f. Energy, resolution; confidence, boldness; power, eminence,

प्रशाह pragarh, adj. Much, excessive ; hard, difficult ; hard, firm. s, m. Pain, privation, pen-

प्रमोचल prugop-an, s. m. Protection, preservation, salvation.

प्रयह्ण prograhun, s. m. Taking, seizing, assuming.

प्रश्नट prughút, adj. Obvious, notorious, public, issued out, apparent, manifest, visible.

प्रभुत्ती prughti-ée, s. f. A mould in which silver or gold is east previous to working it; apparency, clearness.

प्रचन prughtin, s. m. A sort of bean (Pha-scolus mungo).

THE pruch and, adj. Excessively hot or burning; intolerable, insupportable; wrathful, passionate; violent, strong. s. m. A sort of Nerium with white flowers.

प्रचारम् नि pruchúnd-móortti, s. m. A tree (Tapia crateva).

प्रचरित pruch úr-it, adj. Pursued, practised (as an art or business).

used (as authority or law, &c.).

प्रचलन pruchul-un, e. m. Circulating, being customary or current.

प्रचित्र pruchul-it, adj. Current, customary, circulating, prevailing; recognised, received (us authority or law, &c.)

util pruchár, s. m. Custom, usage; conduct; currency; appearance, manifestation.

प्रचित pruchit, s. m. A species of metre.

uge pruchéor, adj. Much, many.

प्रचेत्र pruchél, s. m. A yellow fragrant wood.

प्रचीदन pruchódun, s. m. Saying, enjoining, prescribing; a rule or law; sending, directing.

प्रचोदित pruchodit, adj. Prescribed, directed; sent.

प्रचोदिनो pruchódin-ee, s. f. A prickly night-shade (Solanum jacquini).

प्रकृता pruch-chlun-á, s. f. Asking, addressing, inviting.

प्रचंद prach-chhúd, s. m. A wrapper, a

u see pruch-chhim, adj. Covered, clothed; unavowed, disguised; private, concealed, secret. s. m. A private door within a house; a lattice, a loop-hole; any private door.

प्रस्त pruchyóot, adj. Fallen from, deviat-

um prúj-a, s. f. Progeny, offspring; people, subjects; a subject, tenant, reuter.

प्रजाधने pruja-dhurm, s. m. The duty of children or of subjects.

भनापति pruja-púti, s. m. A name of

Bruhm; the epithet common to ten divine personages, who were first created by Bruhm; some authorities make them only seven in number; others reduce them to three; and others make them twenty-one; king, sowerign, lord of subjects, prince; father; son-in-law, daughter's husband; potter.

yanted pruja-hft, adj. Favourable or good for children or subjects &c., kind to them, useful to them, &c.

प्रजीवन pru-jée-vun, s. m. Livelihood, subsistence.

मज prúgyuh, adj. Wise, learned.

woman; understanding, wisdom, knowledge.

प्रचात prug-yat, adj. Known, understood; famous, notorious.

সন্ত্ৰাৰ prug-yan, ady. Wise, learned. s. m. Knowledge, wisdom.

प्रजाबान् prug-ya-wan, adj. Wise, intelligent.

पञ्चित prujwalit, adj. Blazing, radiant.

un prun, s. m. Promise, agreement, vow, resolution.

प्रणाति prunuti, s. f. Salutation, reverence, obcisance, courtesy.

ung prunuy, s. m. Affection, friendly or fond regard; acquaintance; asking, begging; affectionate selicitation; final emancipation or beatitude; trust, confidence; reverence, obeisance.

प्रसारी prunuyée, adj. Affectionate, kind ; intimate, familiar. s. m. A husband or lover.

प्रवास prunúv, } s. m. The mystical प्रवास prun-wúk, } name of the deity, or syllable Om.

uniz prun-ad, s. m. A disease of the ear, a noise or buzzing in the ear from thickening of the membranes, &c.

प्रवास prun-am, s. m. Respectfull or reverential salutation, addressed especially to a Brahmus or deity.

प्रवास prun-âl, s. m. } An issue from a प्रवासी prun-âl-ee, s.f. } pond, a drain, a gutter, a water-course, a conduit.

umm prunash, s. m. Loss, destruction.

प्रवासी prunashee, adj. Destroying.

प्राचान prunidhan, s. m. Great effort, stress, energy; profound religious meditation; access, entrance.

प्राचित्र pruni-putum, s. m. Saluting, bowing or doing homage to.

wfaura pruni-pat, s. m. Salutation, reverence, obeisance.

waff prin-ee, adj. Resolute.

प्रसल prutul, s. m. One of the seven principal divisions of the lower regions.

प्रतान prut-an, s. m. A disease, fainting,

waru prutap, s. m. Majesty, dignity, glory, the possession of rank and power, the high spirit arising from the possession of these; spirit, energy; splendour, brilliancy.

प्रतापन prutap-un, s. m. A hell.

प्रतापनान् prutap-wan, adj. Majestie, glorious, potent.

प्रतापस prutap-ús, s. m. A species of gigantic Asclepias with white flowers.

सताची prutap-ee, adj. Shining, splendid; dignified, powerful; glorious, potent.

प्रतारक prutaruk, s. m. A cheat.

पतारण prutar-un, s. m. } Fraud, cheating, प्रतारणा prutar-ná, s. f. } deceit, over-reaching, trick.

warfea prutar-it, adj. Cheated, deceived,

wfa prúti, prep. Again, against, back again, for, in exchange, instead, each.

प्रतिकश्ची pruti-kúrma, s. m. Retaliation, requital; remedy, redress.

प्रतिकार pruti-kar, s. m. Revenge, retalia-

ufag a pruti kóol, adj. Contrary, adverse, cross grained, reverse, inverted; contradictory, cross, perverse.

प्रतिकृत्ता pruti-kool-ta, s. f. Opposition, hostility.

प्रतिक्रिया pruti-kriya, s. f. Return, requital, retaliation; remedying, counteracting.

प्रतिच्या pruti-kshún, adv. Momentarily, every moment.

प्रतिमञ्जन pruti-gur-jun, adj. Echoing, reverberating.

winus pruti-gruh, s. m. Proper donation to Brahmuns, whatever is a fit present to a Brahmun at suitable periods; the acceptance of such a gift.

ufaura pruti-ghât, s. m. A return blow, repulse, rebound; warding off a blow; preventing, prohibiting.

परिवासन pruti-ghát-un, s. m. Killing,

मित्रातो pruti-ghát-ee,adj.Repelling; repulsing; hostile, opposed to.

प्रतिचित्तन pruti-chintun,s. m Thinking repeatedly, considering, meditating upon.

प्रतिकाया pruti-chháya, s. f. An image, a statue, a bas-relief, a picture.

ifafagi pruti-jivha, s f. The uvula, or soft palate.

प्रतिजीवन pruti-jeevun, . m. Resuscitation.

प्रतिज्ञ pruti-gyå, s. f. Promise, agreement. engagement, assent; admission, acknowledgment. (In logic) The proposition, the assertion to be proved.

प्रति जात prutig-yat, adj. Promised, agreed; admitted, acknowledged; propounded, asserted.

प्रतिकापत्रक prutigyá-pútruk, s. m. A bond, a written contract,

प्रतिवास pruti-tal, a. m. A kind of air or melody.

प्रतिदान pruti-dan, s. m. The return or redelivery of a deposit; barter, exchange; giving back or in return for.

प्रतिदिन pruti-dín, adv. Day by day, every

प्रतिदिशा pruti-dish-a, adv. Every where,

प्रतिञ्जनि proti-dhwini, s.f. ) Echo, an प्रतिञ्जान pruti-dhwin, s.m. echo, reite-

प्रतिनाद pruti-nad, s. m. ) rated or repeated sound, resonance.

प्रतिनिधि prúti-nídhi, s. m. A resemblance of a real form, an image, a statue, a picture, &c.; a surety; a substitute.

प्रतिनिश्च pruti-nish, adv. By night, every

प्रतिषद pruti-pút, े s. f. The first day of प्रतिषद pruti-púd, े a hunar fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane; rank, consequence.

प्रतिपत्ति pruti-pútti, s. f. Fame, reputation; knowledge, determination, ascertainment.

ufauz pruti púd, adj. or adv. Step by step, at each step; continuelly, every moment.

प्रतिषद्ध pruti-punn, adj. Known, understood, ascert ined, determined.

प्रतिपादन pruti-padum, s. m. Gift, donation; ascertaining, determining, rendering clear or intelligible.

प्रतिभावज pruti-pá-luk, adj. Who or what protects or defends. s. m. A king; a protector, a cherisher, a patron.

प्रतिपालन pruti-pal-un, s m. Protecting, defending, cherishing, patronising, protection, fostering, rearing, breeding.

प्रतिपालना pruti-pálua, v. a. To preserve, to keep, to cherish.

प्रतिपृत्त prutipóo-roosh, adv. Every man,

प्रतिय जन pruti-poojuk, s. m. A reverer, one who does homage,

प्रतिष् जन pruti-poojum, s. m. Exchange of civilities, mutual obcisance or reverence; offering homage or respect.

ufarea prúti-prúsuv, s. m Precept for an act which under other circumstances is forbidden.

प्रतिकच pruti-phúl, s. m. Return, requital, retaliation.

मिनियम् pruti-bundh, इ. m. Obstacle, impediment.

प्रतिकश्चन prúti-búndhuk, adj. Impeding, obstructing, an obstructer or opposer. s. m. An impediment.

uforase pruti-bimb, s. m. An image or picture; the reflection of an image or figure from a mirror.

प्रतिभय pruti-bhúy, adj. Formidable, fearfal, frightful. s. m. Fear.

ufaut pruti-bha, c. f. Understanding, intellect, especially as opening or expanding; sharpness, brilliancy of conception; light, splendour.

นโสมาช pruti-bháo, s. m. Corresponding character or disposition.

प्रतिभिद्ध printi-bhinn,adj.Separated, divided.

Hfar pruti-bhoo, e. m. A surety.

ufaires pruti-bhéd-un, s. m. Piercing, entting, penetrating; separating, dividing.

प्रतिका prútima, s. f. A resemblance, a figure, an image, a likeness, a picture; an idol, a statue.

मित्रान prutim-án, s.m. Resemblance, an image, a picture.

प्रतिमात्र pruti-mas, adv. Evrey month, monthly.

प्रतिमूपिका pruti-móoshik-a, s. f. A kind of rat.

प्रतियोग pruti-yog, ६ m. Opposition, contradiction, controversy; co-operation, association.

प्रतियोगिता prúti-yogitá, s. f. Mutual cooperation : opposition.

यातियोगी pruti-yogee, s. m. An oppenent :

प्रतिरच्छा pruti-rúkshun,s m.Preserving. प्रतिराह्म pruti-rátr, s. m. Every night.

ufactu pruti-roop, c. m. A picture, an image, the counterpart of any real form.

Afecta pruti-rodh, s. m. Opposition, impediment.

प्रतिरोधक pruti-rodhuk, s. m. A thief, a

प्रतिलक्षा pruti-lümbh, s. m. Censure, reviling, abuse.

ufacin pruti-lom, adj. Left, not right; reverse, inverted; low, vile, base, depraved.

प्रतिवचन pruti-vách-un, s. m. A reply, an

प्रतिवाका pruti-vakyuh, s. m. A reply, an

प्रतिवाच् pruti-vách, s. f. An answer, a reply.

प्रतिवाणि pruti-váni, s. f. An answer ; a rejoinder.

प्रतिवादी pruti-vadee, s. m. A defendant, a respondent.

प्रतिवासी pruti-vasee, adj. A neighbour,

प्रतिविश्व pruti-vímb, s. m. A resemblance or counterpart of real forms, as a picture, an image, a shadow, &c.

प्रतिविधा pruti-vish-a, s. f. A plant (Betu-

ufangi pruti-shunka, s. f. Constant fear or doubt.

प्रतिक्या pruti-shya, s. f. Catarrh.

प्रतिषद् pruti-shiddh,adj. Forbidden,pro-

ufadu pruti-shédh, s. m. Prohibition, forbidding, exception, contradiction.

ufas prutishth, adj. Famous.

a form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four ines, of four syllables each; consecration of a monument erected in honour of a deity, or of the image of a deity; endowment of a temple, portioning or marrying a daughter, &c.

ufasis prutish-than, m. Site, situation; the capital of the early kings of the lunar dynasty, opposite to Allahabad; the capital of Salivahan, in the Dukhin.

นโสโซส prutish-thit, adj. Kamous, celebrated; consecrated; endowed, portioned; placed, situated; established, fixed.

HTARE pruti-súr, s. m. Cicatrizing or healing, as a sore; a form of magic or incantation; a string worn round the hand at nuptials.

प्रतिसर्भ prnti-surg, s. m. The portion of a Pooran, which treats of the destruction and renovation of the world; secondary creation, or the creation of the world by the agency of Bruhma, and other divine beings as the agents of one Supreme Being.

ufacust pruti-spurddha, s. f. Emulation, rivalry, the wish or effort to excel or overcome.

uface pruti-spurddhee, adj. Envious, emulous, a rival; refractory, rebellious.

प्रतिस्थाय práti-syáyuh, s. m. Catarrh.

प्रतिद्व pruti-hút, adj. Disappointed; opposed, obstructed; fallen, overthrown.

प्रतिस्ति pruti-huti, s. f. Disappointment. प्रतिस्तास pruti-has, s. m. A shrub (Nerium çdorum). winfafring pruti-hinsa, s. f. Retaliation, revenge.

प्रतीक prut-éek, adj. Contrary, adverse ; inverted, reversed, against the natural order or state. s. m. A limb, a member; a part, a portion.

प्रतीकार prut-ee-kar, s. m. Revenge, retaliation; obviating, correcting; remedying, administering medicines.

प्रतीचन prut-sekshuk, adj Expecting; looking at.

प्रतीच्या prut-eckshun, s. m. Looking to or at, considering, referring to : respecting ; expecting, waiting for.

फ़रीचा prut-éeksha, s. f. Reference, regard to, consideration, looking to or at; hope, expectation.

प्रतीची prut-éekshee, adj. Expecting, looking or waiting for.

प्रतीची prut-éechee, s. f. The west quarter. प्रतीचीन prut-eecheen, adj. West, west-प्रतीच्य prut-éechyuh, J

иата prut-éet, чаў. Famous, celebrated, renowned; known. s. f. Faith, confidence, trust. Prutect kurna, To examine; to believe; to trust.

Ralfa prut-ceti, s. f. Knowledge, understanding : fame, notoriety.

प्रतोचमान prut-eeyuman, ads. Being believed or trusted.

we've pruteer, s. m. A shore or bank.

प्रतीयाप prut-eevap, s. m. Calcining or fluxing metals; throwing one substance into another to alterits form or state; adding any thing to a medicine during or after decoction; a public danger or calamity, as a plague, &c.

namit prut-60-nee, s. f. Pain shooting from the rectum along the bowels.

प्रत्यक् पर्वा prut-yuk-parnee, 7 8. f. A प्रत्यक्ष्यो prut-yuk-pooshp-ee, plant (Achyranthes aspera).

प्रस्क्षेत्र श्रेकी prut-yuk-shrénee, a. f. A plant, commonly called Dunter; aplant (Salvinia cucul-

प्रवास prut-yuksh, adj. Perceptible, perceivable, present, cognizable by any of the organs of sense.

प्रसन्दर्भन prut-yüksh-dürshun, s. m. A witness, an eye-witness.

प्रस्कामाया prut-yúksh-prumán, s. m. Ocular or visible proof.

असर् prut-yúkshee, adi. Seeing. perceiving, consciousness of what is perceptible,

प्रस्कात prutyúkshee-krit, adj. Manifested, displayed, made present or visible.

प्रसङ् prut-yung, s. m. An organ of perception. adv. On the body, or the limbs save-

प्रसन्तर prut-yunun-tur, adv. Next in succession.

प्रस्त prut-yapt, adj. Bordering, skirting, contiguous. s. m. The country of the Michelinus or savages.

प्रस्रव prut-yay, s. m. Trust, faith, belief, confidence; knowledge, apprehension; an affix to roots and words forming derivatives and inflec-

प्रस्कृति prut-yuyft, a b. Trusted, confidential.

प्रत्यदी prut-yuyee, adj Trusting, believing, having faith in.

प्रत्यवाच prut-yuváyuh, ह. m. Disappearance, either of what exists, or nou-production of what does not exist.

प्रत्यक्षम prut-yáshm-un, s. m. Red chalk.

प्रत्यहम् prut-yuhum, adm. Day by day, every day.

प्रसादिष्ट prut-ya-disht, adj. Removed, set sside; informed, apprised; warned, cautioned; declared (as from heaven).

प्रसारम prut-ya-desh, s. m. Information, apprising, informing; warning, caution; heavenly annunciation or declaration.

Trairi prut-ya-sha, s. f. Hope, expectation, desire.

प्रसामी prut-yá-shee, adj: Hoping, expect-

प्रताहार prut-ya-har, s. m. (In grammar) Combination of two or more letters of the alphabet to form a class of letters.

प्रतिक्त prut-yookti, e.f. Answer, reply.

प्रसाद prut-yoottur, s. m. A rejoinder, a reply to an answer, an answer.

प्रस्त्राच prut-yootthan, s. m. Rising from a seat, as a mark of respect.

प्रस्त्यम् prut-yoot-punn, adj Reproduced. regenerated; (in arithmetic) multiplied. s. m. Multiplication; the product of a sum in mulsipli-

प्रस्तुसन prut-yood-gumnn, s. m. Rising from a seat as a mark of respect, &c.; going forth or out, going to meet any one, &c.

प्रसम्बार prut-yoop-kar, s. m. Requital of aid or assistance, mutual assistance.

प्रत्यमकारी prut-yoop-karee,adj. Requiting a fayour or kindness,

प्रकृत prut-yoosh, s. m. The morning, dawn, day-break.

प्रत्येक prut-yek, ade. Singly, one by one, one at a time.

प्रथम pruthum, adj. First, prior, before, initial; chief, principal.

प्रशास्त्र prúthum-sáhus, e. m. The first or lowest degree of fine or punishment.

wert prutha. s. f. Fame, celebrity.

याचित prut-hit, adj. Famous, celebrated ; made known, declared.

प्रकृत pruthf-ti, s. f. Celebrity, notoriety. प्रकृत pru-théok, s. m. The young of any animal.

प्रद्विता pru-dúkshin, adj. Reverential salutation, by circumambulating a person or object, kesping the right side towards them.

war prud-úr, s. m. A disease of woman (Menorrhagia).

पर्भेक pru-dúrsh-uk, s. m. A teacher, an expounder; a prophet.

बर्चेन pru-dúrsh-un, s. m. Shewing ; explaining generally, not exclusively; explaining or specifying; prophecying.

मदिशित pru-dúrsh-it, adj. Mentioned, specified; shewn; prophecied.

ware prudan, s. m. A gift, donation.

महिन् prudik, ) s.f. Intermediate point
महिन् prudish, of the compass, or half
quarter, as north-east, south-west, &c.

uzły prudéep, s. m. A lamp.

पदीपन prudeép-un, s. m. A sort of mineral poison, of a red colour, and caustic operation.

पदेश prudésh, s. m. A place in general, a country, adistrict, &c.; sforeign country, abroad. परेड prudéh, s. m. Unguent, unction.

uclu prudósh, s. m. Evening, the first partoithe night; fault, offence, defect, transgrescion.

state of any thing or the cause of the material world; the Supreme God; chief, principal; the first companion of a king, his minister, his cunuch, or confidant, &c.; a president, courtier, noble, leader, chief, minister or counsellor of state.

प्रधानता prudhán-ta, s. f. Excellence, superiority, supremacy.

मधानधात prudhan-dhatoo, %. m. Semen

वधानमन्त्री prudhán-múntree, s. m. Prime minister.

प्यानीसम् prudhan-óttum, adj. Eminent,

weis prudhwins, s. m. Destruction, loss.

पर्देशे prudhwinsee, adj. Destroying, annihilating.

पुनास prunam, s. m. Salutation, bow, obei-

वनाज prun-al, s. m. ) A water-course, a union prun-alee, s. f. ) canal; a gutter, a drain, a conduit.

avis prupunch, s. m. Opposition; delusion, deceit, trick or fraud imposition, treachery, artifice; prolixity, copiousness, in style or composition; error, illusion.

प्राचित prupunch-ft, adj. Erring, mistaken; tricked, deceived, beguiled; declared fully, explained, treated at length.

पुषञ्जी prupunch-ee, adj. Insidious, fraudulent, artful.

प्रशासन prupuláyun, s. m. Flight,running away.

पुषनाचित prupulayit, adj. Routed, defea-

प्रवादी prupulayée, s. m. A fugitive, one who deserts his cause.

पुरितासह prupita-műhuh, s. m. A paternal great grandfather.

प्रियाम हो prupita-mühee, s. f. A paternal great grandmother.

पपुनाइ prupoonár, s. m. A sort of Cassia (C. tora).

yggr prupóon-na, s. f. A sort of grass (Hedysarum alhaji).

vyft ar prupóo-rik-a, s. f. A prickly nightshade (Solonum Jacquini).

herbaceous plant, used in medicine, and as a perfume, commonly called *Poondcrya*; in medicine it forms the basis of applications to ulcers and bad eyes.

प्राप्ति prupóutre, क क्र-A great grandson. प्राप्ति prupóutree, क f. A great granddaughter.

पुषु pruphooll, edj. Blown, as a flower; amiling; glad, pleased; shining.

पुष्त ज्यान pruphooll-nyun, adj. Having full or sparkling eyes.

प्रभूत्वदन pruphoofl-vudun,adj. Having a cheerful or smiling countenance, looking gay or happy.

पुष्क वि pruphoclift, edj. Blooming, in blossom; gay, lively, cheerfub

cation or action, continuance, uninterruptedness; a connected discussion, or narrative; a kind of song; atyle, composition (of a discourse).

feigned story, a work of imagination, whether founded in fact or not.

भवन prubul, adj. Strong, powerful, predominant, prevalent, violent.

प्रवास prubál, s. m. Coral.

NATE prubas, s. m. Travelling, journey, journeying, sojourning in a foreign country, abroad.

uarel prubásee, s. m. A traveller.

HATE prubáh, s. m. Stream, flood, flow, current, tide; breadth of a river.

walth prubeen, adj. Skilful, intelligent, accomplished, knowing, clever.

प्रशासन prubeents, s. f. Skill, accomplishment, cleverness, knowledge.

vag prúbóoddh, adj. Wise, learned.

nam prubesh, s. m. Entrance, admittance, access.

प्रवेशी prubeshee, adj. Penetrating.

ness, active or vigilant state of being; intellect, anderstanding; knowledge, wisdom; senso, conaciousness; demonstration, consolation, persuasion; awaking, either from ignorance or sleep.

দ্বী হব prubodh tin, s.m. A wakening, arousing, exciting, reviving; instructing; persuasion, persuading, production of conviction.

unifum prubodbit-a, s. f. A species of the Utijugatee metre.

una prubbavuh, adj. Born, produced; superior, powerful; the operative cause, or immediate origin of being, as the father or mother, &c.

имт prubhá, e. f. Light, radiance, splendour.

प्रधानार prubha-kár, s. m. The sun; the moon.

unital prubha-kéet, s. f. The fire-fly.

nभाञ्चन prubhan-jún, s. m. A tree (Hyperanthera morunga).

प्रभात prubhát, \*. m. Morning,dawn, daybreak

www.rat prubhat-ee, adj. Sung in a tune (or ragines) peculiar to the morning.

until prubhán, s. m. Light, radiance, shining.

waтa prubhão, s. ms. Majesty, dignity, magnanimity, high spirit; power, strength, influence; spirit.

and prubhas, s. m. A place of pilgrimage, in the west of India.

y prubhéo, s. m. Strong, able; always, eternal; a superior, an owner, a proprietor, amaster or mistress, &c. s. m. A master, a lord, principal.

gwan prubboo-tá, s. f. Greatness, power, government supremacy, lordship or sovereignty, superiority, influence.

पुनुसत्त prubhoo-bhûkt, adj. Faithful, devoted.

verfa prubhriti, s. f. Manner, kind; etcetera, others, rest, remainder (in composition). unz prubhéd, s. m. Kind, sort, difference.

पुमान prumúgn, adj. Immersed, drowned. पुमाना prumuthá, s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula).

प्रवाह्य prumuth-sluy, s. m. Hell, or abode of pain.

une prumúd, adj. Mad, intoxicated, figuratively with passion or literally with liquor; impassioned. s. m. Joy, pleasure, delight, rapture.

uner prumud-a, s. f. A woman, a handsome woman.

\*\* knowledge exempt from all error; consciousness, perception.

proof, testimony, authority, verification, attestation; instance, example; measure, quantity; detail; a scripture, a work of secred authority.adj. Authoritic, actual, substantial, real, approved of, edmissible, agreeable, acceptable. Pruman churkna. To rise to a high rank.

प्रभाषां प्रमाणिक prumán-póoroosh, s. था. An umpire, an arbitrator, a judge.

प्रतासाम pruman-abhao, s. m. Want or absence of proof or authority.

ble; reverend. s. m. Chairman of an assembly.

uniform pruman-ik-a, s. f. A species of
the Unovahtoobh metre.

पुलासा कर्या prumanee-kurun, e.m. Establishing or admitting as authority or proof.

प्रतासन् prumata-muhuh, s. m. A maternal great grandiather.

पुसातासङ्गी prumáta-muhée, s. f. A mater nal great grandmother.

प्रभाद prumad, s. m. Inadvertence, carelessness, error, inaccuracy.

प्रसारी pruma-dec, adj. Heedless, careless, indifferent, incrutious inconsiderate, unreflecting, प्रसार prum-it, adj. Known, understood, established, proved, measured.

प्रसिवास हा prúmit-akshur-á, s.f. A species of the Jugutes metre.

best, most excellent; first. s m. A chief, a sage, any respectable man; a tree used for dyeing (Rottleria tiactoria).

un a prum-ookh-twúh, s. w. Superioxity, predominance. प्रमुद्द prumóod, ्राब्द, Pleased, glad, प्रमुद्धित prumóod-it, content, happy.

THE prumeh, s. m. Urinary affection, as change in the colour, quantity, or consistence of the urine; twenty-one varieties are enumerated, including diabetes, gonorrhom, &c.

प्रभोद्यन prumochum, s. m. Liberating, setting free.

प्रतोचनी prumochun-ee, s, f. A sort of exember.

unit prumód, s. m. Pleasure, happiness, delight.

प्रभारित prumodit, adj. Happy, delighted. प्रभारित prumodec, adj. Happy, delighted; delighting, making happy.

प्रमोह prumóh, s.m. Fascination; fainting, insensibility.

wam pruyútn, s. m. Continued and persevering ellert, exertion; act, action; (in logic) active effort of three kinds, engaging in any act, prosecuting it, and completing it; caution, care.

प्रवास prayuta-wan, adj. Active, zealous, efterprising, assiduous, persevering.

rain pruyag, s. m. Sacrifice, oblation; a celebrated place of pilgrimage, the confinence of the Ganges and Jumas, with the supposed subterraneous addition of the Saruswete, the modern Allahabad. The term in composition is applied to many places of reputed sanctity, situated at the confluence of two rivers as Dev pruyag, in the Himala mountains, which with Pruyag or Allahabad, constitute the five principal places so termed and where worship is deemed peculiarly efficacious. Allahabad is one of the places where Bruhma is supposed to have consummated ten Uswamedhs or sacrifices of the horse, in commentoration of

yaya proy-an, e. m. Going forth or to a distance departure; death ; march of an assailing force, attack, invasion.

his recovery of the four Veds from Sunkhastor.

प्रवासकान pruyan-kál, s. m. Time of departure; death.

प्रयास pruyás, s. m. Trouble, labour, fatigue; desire for or pursuit of any object.

प्रमुक्त pruyóckt, adj. Endowed with, possessing as an attribute, &c.; associated or connected with; compact, closely united.

ways prayog, s. m. Occasion, cause, motive, object, consequence, result; device, contrivance; example, comparison; act, action.

uair pruyégee, adp. Having some object in view, calculated for some particular purpose.

प्रशेषक pruyoj fik, adj. Who or what causes or induces any act; who or what deputes or appoints. a. m. A founder or institutor of any ceremony; a law-giver, a legislator.

प्रवोजन pruyojun, s. m. Chuse, occasion ; motive, origin; purpose, object, intention, design use, exigence.

प्रयोजनी pruybjunce, adj. Necessary, re-

प्रयो जनवान pruyojun-wan, adj. Designing, purposme.

प्रयोज्य pruyójyuh, s.m. Carital, principal; a servant, a slave.

destruction of the world; death, dying, loss, destruction, dissolution, annihilation, fainting, syncope, loss of sense or consciousness. s. f. A general destruction, such as at the flood or resurrection; (met.) vexation, fatigue, oppression, languer, disgust.

ueru pruláp, s. m. Unmeaning or incoherent speech; discourse, conversation.

मन्यक prulepak, adj. Who crwhatanoints, smeam, &c.

प्रमाठन prulothán, s. on. Rolling on the ground, heaving, tossing (as of the ocean).

पन्नोडित prulothit, adj. Rolling, heaving, tossing.

यहोस prulébh, e. m. Desire, cupidity.

प्रचीयन prulobhún, s. m. Allurement, inducement; attraction, attracting, seducing.

प्रवर prúvur, s. m. Offspring, descendants; family, race, kindred.

प्रवासित privur-lulit, s, m. A species of the Ushies metre.

use pruvurt, s. m. Engaged in, undertaking; excitement, stimulus.

प्रवास pruverttűk, adj. Inciting, stimulating, inducing, who or what sets in action. s. m. The original instigator of any act, the author, the principal.

प्रवस्त्र pruvúsun, s. m. Going abroad, sojourning in a toreign country.

was pruvuh, s. m. One of the seven Va-

RAILM pruvarun, s. m. Prohibition, objection, opposition.

и итн pruvás, s. m.A temporary or foreign residence, a habitation away from home.

सवासत pruvasút, adj. Dwelling or being abroad or absent.

प्रवासन pruvasún, e. m. Dwelling abroad, sojourning, lodging; exile.

uarel pruvasee, adj. A traveller, a sojourner, one living away from home.

भवास pruváh, s. m. Stream, current, flow,

मनाहिका pruvahika, s. f. Diarrhoa.

प्रविद्याति pruvikhyáti, s. f. Celebrity, reputation.

দুবিশাস্ত্র pruvibhúkt, adj. Partitioned, divided, separated, shared.

पुरिकान pruvibhág, s. m. Division, a part.

ufar pruvir, s. m. A yellow fragrant wood.

ufaz pruvísht, adi. Entered, gone in or into; entered upon (as an affair), engaged in.
usian pruvéen, adj. Skilful, clever, conversant.

प्योगता pruveentá, s. f. Proficiency, skill.

usit pruveer, adj. Best, most excellent.

a. m. A here, a warrier; a chief, a person of rank or distinction.

ugan pruvritt, adj. Fixed, settled, determined done; engaged in, undertaking occupied.

ugfa pruvritti, s. f. Activity, occupation,

active life, as opposed to contemplative devotion; prosecution, perseverance; addiction to predilection for; tidings, intelligence; continuous flow, stream, current; Oujein or any holy place; (in arithmetic) the multiplier.

प्रेच्या pruvekshun, e. m. Foreseeing.

प्यक्तित pruvekshit, adj. Foreseen, anticipated.

पुत्रकात provekshyút, ad). Foreseeing, anticipating.

yaz pruvét, s. m. Barley.

undecorated, as wern by women in the absence of their husbands.

प्रेयोग pruvénee, s f. Unornamented hair. प्रेड pruvél, s. m. The yellow variety of kidney bean.

uam pruvésh, e. m. Entrance.

परेशक pruvesh-uk, adj. Who or what enters. s. m. An entry.

a house; entering, entrance.

एक्स prushun-shan, ) s.m. Praising, eu-

प्रांतन prushun-sun, logising प्रांत्रा prushun-su, s. f. Praise, eulogium.

प्रांत्नीय prusun-sunéeyuh, adj. To be praised, praiseworthy.

प्रभाग prushun-sa, s. f. Praise, applause,

पूर्ण जिल prushun-sit, adj. Praised, enlogis-

प्राप्तन prush-mun, s. m. Killing, slaughter; pacifying, tranquillising.

पुत्रक prushúst, adj. Happy, well, right; good, excellent, best.

un manushústi, s. f. Excellence, eminence; eulogy.

पुणाल prushant, adj. Calmed, calm, tranquillised.

प्रशासा prushaut-atma, adj. Peaceful,

unifed prushanti, s. f. Calm, quiet, tranquility, moral or physical.

पुशासन prushasun, s. m. Governing, rul-

prushn. s. m. A question, a demand, an inquiry.

पश्रद्वी prushn-dootee, s. f. A riddle, an enigma, an intricate or enigmatical question.

Tall prushnee, s. f. An aquatic plant (Platia straticites).

uer prushta, adj. Asking, demanding, an asker or questioner.

one who goes first or before; prior, preceding; chief, principal, best.

well prush-thee, s. f. The wife of a leader or chief.

timal; obtained gained attained; attached to, devoted to (person or thing), engaged in adv. Continually, incessantly, eternally.

पुर्वाञ्च prusukti, s. f. Adherence or attachment to.

The prusing, s. m. Introduction, insertion; association, connexion.

The prusum, adj. Pleased, rejoiced, delighted; complacent, gracious, favourable, kind. Prusum kurna, To please. Prusum kona, To be pleased with, to like.

पुसन्ता prusumn-tá, s.f. Favour, kindness, being pleased with.

प्रदम् क prusunn-móokh, m. } adj. A-प्रदम्को prusunn-móokhee, f. } greeable looking, smiling, looking pleased.

uga prusúv, s. m. Bringing forth, bearing (as young); birth, production.

unia prustivuk, s. m. A tree, commonly called Peepa (Buchamania latifolia).

usua presuvat, adj. Bearing.

प्राची prusuvuntee, s. f. A woman in la-

युस्त्रक्षक prusúv-búndhun, s.m. The footstalk of a leaf or flower.

weel prisavee, adj. Having or bearing young.

blessing, gift, propitiousness, approbation; food that has been offered to an idol, or of which aspiritual teacher has partaken.

महारो prusadee, adj. Offered to idols. महासम prusadrúk, adj. Who or what accomplishes or perfects.

सहाधन prusa-dhun, s. m. Accomplishing, effecting.

प्रसाधनी prusádhunee, s. f. A drug, commonly called Siddhi.

werfer prusadhit, adj. Accomplished, completed, done.

प्रसार prusar, ) s. m. Spreading, ex-प्रसारक prusarin, ) tending, expanding. प्रसारक prusarit, adj. Stretched, expanded, extended.

प्रसादी prusăree, adj. Spreading, expanding.

nfor prusiddh, adj. Famous, celebrated; notorious; adorned, crnamented.

ufuf prusiddhi, s. f. Fame, celebrity;

us prusóo, e. f. A mother.

Hea prusoot, s. m. The whites, fluor albus, adj. Born.

water prusócts, s. f. A woman who has borne a child, or one who is recently delivered.

water prusócti, s. f. Bringing forth (as young); birth, production; offspring, children, a son or daughter.

A flower, a bud, a blossom; frait.

प्रकोती prusóutee, s. f. puerperal women.

Renfernt pruskundika, s.f.) arrhæa

prústur, s. m. A stone or rock; a jewel, a precious stone.

RETE prustão, s. m. Opportunity, occasiou, reason; occasional or introductory eulogium.
RETERT prustão-na, s. f. Commencement, introduction.

प्रसारिक prustavík, adj. Suited to the occasion, appropriate, seasonable.

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NEW prusth, ads. Expanding, spread. s. m.
A measure of quantity, forty-eight double handfuls; table land on the top of a mountain.

usergus prusth-pooshp, s.m. A sort of Tool-

प्रस्तान prusthan, e. m. Going forth, proceeding, departing; march of an assailant; march.

wagrum prusthapun, s. m. Sending away; appointment on an embassy.

सञ्ज्ञापित prusthap(t, adj. Sent, despatched. सञ्जूट prus-phóot, adj. Blown, expanded. weaffa prusmriti, s. f. Forgetfulness, forgetting.

मञ्जूष prusrav, s. m. Urine.

wer prühur, s. m. A watch, an eighth part of the day, or a division of time consisting of eight phures, or about three hours.

प्रहाराजनिका pruhtirum-kulika, s. f. A species of the Surkuree metre.

western puhriya, bellman, a sentina)

प्रस्तिकी pruhurshinée, s. f. A species of the Utijugutes metre.

weffa pruhurshit, adj. Delighted, very

प्रसत् pruhúsut, adj. Laughing, laughing heartily.

महत्वन prubusun, s. m. Loud, violent or hearty laughter; mirth, merriment; seroesm, satire; reproof, ridicule, irony.

प्रकृती pru-husun-tee, s. f. Arabian jas-

प्रहार pruhár, s. m. Striking, wounding, killing; a blow, a stroke.

ust? prubarce, s. m. A striker, smiter, destroyer, debaser, humbler.

uşık pruhas, s. m. Lond laughter.

पहाची pruhásee, adj. Laughing aloud ; diverting, causing laughter.

पहेचिका prubélika, s. f. An enigma, a riddle, a puzzling or enigmatical question.

Hgg pruhrisht, ad. Pleased, delighted.

werz pruhlad, s. m. Pleasure, joy, happiness; the name of Hir nyakeku's pious son and regent of one division of Patal.

umife a pruhladít, adj. Rejoiced, delighted.

ura prak, adv. Before, prior, preceding, in place or time; east, eastern; at dawn, early in the morning.

NTATE pra-kar, s. m. An inclosure, a fence, a rampert, particularly a surrounding wall, &c., elevated on a mound of earth.

uter of pra-krit, adj. Low, common, vulgar, thence especially applicable to a provincial and peculiar dislect of the Sunskritlanguage, naturally belonging to or derived from the philosophical Prubriti, illusory, material, &c. s. m. Any dislect not Sunskrit, it is especially spoken by the female characters and the inferior personages of plays.

with a case prakrit-jwur, s. m. Common or usual fever, occurring from affections of the wind, bile, and phlegm, severally, in as many seasons, or the rains, autumn, and spring.

uta avez prákrit-prúluy, s. m. The total dissolution of the world.

unerafica prákrit-mítr, s. m. A natural friend or ally.

unane prak-kal, s. m. Former age or

साकारीन prak-ka-léen, adj. Anterior, ancient, of a former time.

पात्रच prak-tún, adj. Old, ancient ; prior, anterior, preceding, former.

पात्तनका praktun kúrm, s.m. Fate, destiny; any act formerly done.

पाक्षा भाग प्राथम phul-goonee, s. f. The eleventh of the lunar asterisms.

vation, the non-existence of any thing which may yet be. In law, the non-possession of property that may be possessed.

boldness, determination; arrogance, effrontery.

प्राचाको prag-gamee, adj. Going before, a

Ringerfau prag-jyótish, s. m. A country, Kamroop, part of Assam, being the scene of Bruhma's penance.

प्राच्यात prg-bháo, s. m. Prior existence ; superiority, excellence.

पास्य prag-yuh, adj. Chief, principal.

THE C pra-char, adj. Contrary to rectitude, deviating from the ordinary institutions and observances.

याचार्क pra-chárj, s. m. A scholar, a pu-

The east.

mer, prior, ancient, old, of former times, ancient.

s. f. A bound hedge, a fence, a wall.

पाचीनता pracheen-ta, s. f. Antiquity.

भाषीनपनस prachéen-pun-us, s. m. A tree (Ægle mermelos).

प्राचीना pra-chéen-a,s.f. A plant (Cissampelos hexandra).

प्राचीनामलक prachéen-ámluk, s. m. A fruit (Flacourtia eataphracta).

प्राचीद pra-cheer, s. m. A bound hedge, a fence, a wall, an inclosure, a rampart.

m. The eastern country, the country south and east of the Surus nuttee, which flows from the north-east to the south-west.

итэпчаг prája-pútyuh, s. m. A form of marriage, the gift of a girl respectfully, by her father to her lover; a name of Allahabad or Pruyog; a sort of renames, eating once a day for three days in the morning, once in the night for three days, subsisting three days on food given as alms, and fasting three days more; a particular ascrifica performed before appointing a daughter to raise issue in default of male heira; the asterism Rokines.

पाचा (पत्ना prája-putyá, s. f. Giving away the whole of one a property before entering upon the life of an ascetie or mendicant.

पास prág-yuh, adj. Patient in investigation; wise, clever, sensible s. m. A pundit, a learned orwise man; a skilful or clever man.

प्राचल prag-yutwúh, s. m. Learning, wisdom.

प्राञ्चलान prag-yuman, s. m. Respect for learned men.

प्राचनानी prag-yumanee, adj. Respecting learned men.

सरकार prag-yá, s. f. Knowledge, understanding.

भाजा prag-ya, ) s. f. A clever or intelli-भाजा prag-yee, ) gent woman.

प्राजी prag-yée, s. f. The wife of a Brah-

प्राकृति pran-juli, s. f. Putting the hands together to the forehead, a mark of respect.

पारिद्वाक prad-vi-vák, s. m. A judge, a magistrate.

breath; air, wind; life, vitality, soul; poetical talent or inspiration; a title of Bruhm, the Supreme Spirit; an aspiration in the articulation of letters; sweetheart, mistress. Pran-puti, Soul's load

urum pran-úk, s. m. An animal or seutient being; a plant (Celtis orientalis).

त्राज्ञान pran-tyág, क. Abandoning life, dying, suicide.

प्राच्या pran-dhá-run, s. m. Sustenance, supporting life.

प्राचानाच pran-nath, s. m. A husband.

प्राचीन्त pran-fint, s. m. A sort of collyrium.

प्राणानी pran-untee, s. f. Sneezing ; hickup. प्राणाप्रतिष्ठा pran-prutish-thå, s. m. The ceremony of imparting life to an idel.

yranger pran-prad-a, s. f. A medicinal plant, commonly called Riddhi.

याजाच pran-badh, s. m. Extreme peril or distress, fear of life-

प्रमुख्य pran-muy, ado. Living, breathing, endowed with breath of life.

पाणस्यकीय pranmuy-kosh, s. me One of the cases or investitures of the soul, the vital or organic case. क्षाचात्रा pran-yatra, s. f. Support of life, । प्राथमिक pra-thum-ik, adj. First, of the subsistence.

प्रायाच्या pran-vyúy, s. f. Death, expenditure of life.

पायाचंद्रम pran-sún-yum, s. m. A peculiar religious exercise; suspending the breath.

प्राथमिका pran-súm-a, e. f. A wife, considered as equal to, or as life.

Brange pran-har, ady. Destructive, taking away life.

प्रामहारी pran-haree, adj. Mortal, deadly. प्राथाधिनाथ pran-adhi-náth, e. m. A hus-

प्रत्यान pran-ant, s. m. Death.

band, as lord over life.

Wronfer w pran-ant-ik, adi. Fatal, destructive of life; capital (as punishment). s. m. Murder, assassination.

MINIUSICI prana-puháree, adj. Beadly,

RIGITATA pran-ayam, s. m. Breathing in a peculiar way through the nostrils, during the mental recitation of the names or attributes of some deity. It is differently performed: the Vydwas or followers of the Ved close the right nostril first with the thumb, and inhale breath through the left, then they close both nostrils and finally open the right for exhalation: the followers of the Tuntrus close the left nostril first, and exhale also through it.

wyart prá-nec, adj. Living, breathing, having life. s. m. An animal, a sentient or living being, an animated being.

प्रायाचित्र pránce-péera, &. f. Cruelty to animals.

BINTHIAI pránce-máta, s. f. A mother.

Traffic at pranee-binsa, s. f. Doing harm to any living creature.

wronifes pranee-hit, adj. Favourable or good for living beings.

TOTAL pran-esh, s. m. A husband, as sovereign of life.

Wish ar pran-esh-a, s. f. A wife.

प्रात: gratuh, ye. m. Early MIR: WIE pratuh-kal, morning.day-

प्रत:समय pratuh-sumuy, break,dawnof day-

HIAC pra-tur, adv. Morning, dawn.

MINHTHE pratur-bho-jun, s. m. Breakfast, the morning meal.

urfaufe a prati-pud-ik, s. m. A erude noun, a noun before any of its inflections are formed with appropriate affixes.

urafes pratyuyik, adj. Trusty, confidential, having faith in, s. m. A surety.

first, initial, initiative.

WIER pra-thúm-yuh, s. m. Firstness, priority.

mizing pra-dukshin-yuh, s. m. Circumarebalation.

पाइसीय pra-door-bhao, e m. Appearance, manifestation.

wiew pra-desh, s.m. Place, country.

WIST-Z pra-dhan-yuh, s. m. Supremacy, superiority.

मान्त prant, s. m. Edge, margin, border, end.

HIVE pra-puk, adi, Procuring, causing to obtain; obtaining, who or what obtains.

urqu pra-pún, s. m. Obtaining.

итfua pra-pit, adj. Procured.

ити prapt, adj. Obtained, gained, received, procured; fixed, placed; proper, right.

प्राप्तकाल prapt-kal, adj. Fated, destined, one whose fated time has come; opportune, in

MINETE prapt-booddhi, adj. Enlightened, instructed, intelligent; recovering, becoming conacious (after fainting).

HTHY prapt-arth, adj. Successful, having gained an object.

TRITER prapt-avusur, adj. Opportune, seasonable, taking or finding occasion.

uifn prapti, s. f. Gain, profit, income, produce, advantage, benefit, acquiring, getting, obtaining; improvement, success.

иты práp-yah,adj. Attainable,obtainable. पायल्य pra-bul-yuh, s. m. Power, vigour ; predominance.

MING pra-bhuvuh, s. m. Superiority, preeminence.

RIMIFUR pra-man-fk, adj. Exercising or proceeding from some evidence or authority, &c.; being of authority. s. m. A president, the chief or head of a trade, &c. A learned man, one who supports his arguments by reference to books, &c.

ura wa pra-man-yuh, s. m. Authority, proof.

WINTET pra-mad-yuh, s. m. A tree (Justicia adhenatoda). s. m. Madness, frenzy, fury, interication.

माद prayuh, adj. Like, resembling (used in composition), s. m. Fasting to death, as a religious or penitentiary act, and especially after abandoning all worldly goods, and desires; quantity, abundance.

wram pra-yun, s. m. Derth, voluntary death,

भायदिन prayush-chitt, s. m. Expiation, penance.

मायश्चित्तिश्चि prayushchitt-vidhi, s.f. Rules for penance or expiation.

斯代曼 pra-rúbdh, adj. Begun, beginning.
s. f. Fortune, fate, lot, destiny, predestination, venture, chance.

ится pra-rumbh, ъ m Beginning.

प्राचेत्र prar-thúk, adj. Asking, an asker, a solicitor.

वार्यमा prarth-na, s. m. Asking, begging, pedition, proyer.

urerly prarth neeyuh, adj. To be asked or begged s. m. The third or Dwapur age of the world.

प्राचित prar-thit, adj. Asked, begged, solicited.

area pra-labdh, s. f. Fortune, fate, lot, destiny, predestination, venture, chance.

urez pra vút, s. m. Barley.

मार्कोग्द्र pra-véen-yuh, s. m. Cleverness, skilfulness.

भावत pro-vrit, s. m. A veil, a wrapper, a clock or mantle.

माप्रिन pra-vritti.s.f.An inclosure, a fence, a bound hedge

итем pra-vrish s. f. The rainy season, two months, about July and August.

Wiestant pravrish-ayunce, s. f. Cowach (Carpovogon praviens).

माइप्रेक्ट pravrish-ényuh, s.m. The Kudumb tree (Nauclea Cadamba).

MIN pras, s. m. A bearded dart.

urea prá-suk, s. m. A die, dice.

ent; inseparably connected with.

ATRIZ pra-sad, s. m. A temple, a palace, a building consecrated to a deity, or inhabited by a prince.

निय priyuh, adj. Beloved, dear, desired. s. m. A husband, a lover; a sort of drug, commonly called Riadhi.

faयक priyuk, s. m. A bree (Nauclea Cadamba); a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

farate priyukar, adj. Kind, favourable, affectionate, doing good to, or treating kindly.

fare a priyukrit, udy. Kind, friendly, a friend, a benefactor.

fuzz privingoo, s. m.A medicinal plant, and perfune, described in some places as a tragrant seed; panick seed (Panicum italicum).

fuant priyutum, adj. Dearest, most beloved s. m. A favourite friend, beloved, lover, sweetheart, husband. प्रियतर priyutar, ads. Dearer, more dear. प्रियतर priyuta, s. f. Love, affection.

विषयभेन priyudurshun, adj. Handsome, lovely, good looking. s. m. A tree (Mimusops kauki).

विद्यभाषण priyubháshun, s. m. Speaking kindly.

furwier priyuman, adj. Beloved, affection-

पियम्बावन priyum-bhavook, adj. Become dear to or beloved by.

furging and priyum-bhavook-ta, s. f.
Amiability, becoming beloved the state or condition.

प्रियवर्शी priyuvárnes, s. f. A creeping plant (Echites frutescens).

प्रियवादी priyuvadee, adj Sweet or pleasant spokea, flattering, a flatterer.

विषय का priyusukh, s. m. A tree (Mimosa catecha).

faut w) priyusukhee, s. f. A female friend or companion, a confidante.

विश्वसन्त्रेण priyusundesh. s. m. A tree bearing a fragrant flower (Michelia Champaca).

furt priya, adj. f. Beloved, dear; mistress, sweetheart. Heh priyeh, My dear!

farter priyakhyuh, ady. Announcing good tidings.

furth privál, s. m. A tree, commonly called Piyal (Buchanania latifolia).

मीस preet, adj. Gracious, kind, affection are; beloved, dear to. s. m. Pleasure, delight.

प्रोत्तम pree-túm, adp. supert. Dearest, most beloved. s. m. A lavourite, friend, beloved, lover, sweetheart, husband.

iffa preeti, s. f. Love, affection, regard; the second of the twenty-seven astronomical yogs.

मोतिदान preeti-dan, s. m.A kind or friendly present

पीतिदाय précti-dayuh, e. m. A gift or token el affection.

मीतियम स preeti-pooryuk, adv. Through favour or kindness.

क्षीरिकसन्त precti-man, adj. Kina, affection-

पे ज्ञा prekshún, s. m. Any public show or spectacle, a sight.

with preksha, . f. Seeing, viewing, observing.

if च prekshit, adj. Seen, beheld, looked

na pret, adj. Dead, deceased, s. m. A departed soul, a spirit of the dead, a ghost, a goblin, a sprite, an evil spirit, fiend.

भतनी pret-nee, s. f. A female ghost, demon or evil spirit.

पंसक्स pret-kurm, s. m. Funeral or obsequial rites.

प्रतरह pret-grih, s. m. A cemetry, a burial ground.

मेतनदी pret-nodee, s. f. The river of hell. nave pret paksh, s. m. The dark half of the month

प्रतान pret-lok, s. m. The region of disambodied spirits, in which they remain for one year, or until the obsequial rites are completed.

मेश prem, s m. Love, affection, friendship, kindness, tender regard. Premrung-rate, adj. Coloured with the die of love, strongly attached, or in love, loving.

RHUT prem-pur, adj. Affectionate, loving, constant,

uell prem-ce, adj. Affectionate, lover.

Dem pre-run, s. m. Sending, directing. Rife prerit, alj. Sent, directed, despatch-

us preshth, adj. Most or very dear. wer presh-tha, s. f. A wife.

मोत prokt, adj. Said, declared.

भोबाह prot-sah, s. m. Effort, exertion ; stimulus, incitement.

पोद्धाहक prot-sahuk, s. m. The instigator or adviser of any act, or, in law, of any crime.

मोसाहन prot-sahun, s.m. Instigating; ex citing, stimulating.

Biante a prot-salift, adj. Incited, instigated, stimulated, encouraged.

wits proshth, s. m. A sort of carp (Opprihus Pausius).

wiever proshth-pud-a, s. f. One of the constellations, the twenty-sixth or twentyseventh, containing stars in the wing of Pegasus.

ulfe a pré-hit, s. m. A family priest conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices of a house or family.

प्रोच्च prék-shun, s. m. Killing animals in sacrifice, immolation of victims; killing, slaughter; sprinkling with water, &c.; a text to be repeared when animals offered.

माचित pro-kshit, adj. Sprinkled; killed. alaughtered; offered in sacrifice.

wis prourh, adj. Full grown; confident, bold, arrogant; able, clever.

are at prourh-tá, s. f. Strength, firmness; breadth.

witer prourhe, s. f. A woman from thirty years of age to fifty-five. adj. Strong, firm. Rife prourhi, a f. Enterprise, zeal, confident or audacious exertion; investigation controversy, discussion.

Wisuz proushth pud, s. m. The month Bhadr (August-September ).

wiswell proushth-pud-ee, s. f. Full moon in Bhudr.

and pluksh, e. m. Waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus infectoria); another tree (Hibiscus populneoides); the holy fig tree (Ficus religiosa); one of the seven Duceps or continents, into which the world is divided.

जब pluv, s. m. A diver or bird so called (Pelicanus fusicollis); waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus infectoria); a sort of grass (Cyperus roundus); fragrant grass in general, or another sort.

ञ्चन pluv-un, e. m. A deluge, an inunda-

Fin plaksh, s. m. The fruit of the Hibiscus populneoides.

MIT play, s. m. Submersion.

ब्रिहन plihun, s. m. } The spicen.

fart plihá, s. f.

ब्रीइम् plee-hughn, s. m. A medicinal plant (Andersonia rohitaka).

सीहन plee hun, s. m.) The spleen ; the ease of it, as in English : in the latter sense, however, it is equally applied to the enlargement of the mesenteric glands, &c.

श्रीहणल pleeh-shútroo, s. m. A medicinal plant, commonly called Rohers or Rohines (Andersonia rohitaka).

Traffic plee-hari, s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus religiosa), deemed an enemy to the spleen. Ma ploot, s. m. The third sound given to vowels, the profracted or continuous sound, being three times the length of the short vowel, and occupying three moments in its utterance.

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of phuh, The twenty-second consonant of the Naguree alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by ph.

Wat phun-ka, s. m. A handful (or rather mouthful ) of any thing eaten by being chucked in the mouth. Phunka marna, To sat by chucking into the mouth, to chuck food into the mouth.

फंशा phún-ga, s. m. A grasshopper.

फंटना phund-na, v. n. To be imprisoned. फंट्सान्तर phund-lana, v. a. To ensnare, to entrap.

wat phún-da, s. m. A neose, a net, a snare; perplexity, difficulty.

क सना phuns-na, v. n. To be entangled, to

stick, to be involved (in calamity, &c.), to be enenared, noosed or entrapped, to be caught.

फंसवाना phuns-wá-na, v. a. To cause to noose, strangle, &c.

फंसाव phun-são, s. m. Entanglement.

who strangles passengers or travellers.

দ্ধারী phuk-ree, s. f. The act of treating with rudeness.

फिना phúk-iya, s. f. A slice, a piece of fruit.

सत्तरिष्ट्या phuk-6-riya, s.m. A fop, an abmurd prattler, an indecent talker.

জনাহিত্যৰ phuk-o-riyát, s. f. Absurdity.
দক্ত phuk-kúr, s. m Wrangling, mutual
abuse, brawl, raillery. Phukkur-baz, An abuser,
an indecent chatterer.

फिला phá ki-ka, s. f. A sophism; a trick; illusion; fraud.

क्रम्बा phúg-oo-a, s. m. The season of the holes; presents made during the holes holidays.

Ther phun-ka, s. m. \ A handful (or ra-

The phun-kee, s. f. ) ther mouthful) of any thing eaten by being chucked into the mouth. Phunka marna, To eat by chucking into the mouth, to chuck food into the mouth.

wir phún-ga, s. m. A grasshopper.

দিল্লিকা phún-ji-ka, s. f. A plant (Siphomanthus Indica); a species of Hedysarum ( H. alhagi).

फञ्चिपतिका Phunji-póotrika, s. f. A plant (Salinnia cucullalu).

man phut-uk, s. m. Crystal.

भट तना phút-uk-na, v. a. To winnow; to dust, to shake or knock off any light thing which slightly adheres (as crumbs from a table cloth or dust from a table) v. n. To be separated s m. The tape in a pellet-bow which strikes the ball.

फटकरी phút-kur-ee, s m. Alum.

भटकी phit-kee, s. f. A fewler's net; a large cage; a rope tied to a tree to frighten birds with its sound.

There phut-na, v. n. To be torn, split, rent, broken, cracked, to burst, split.

सटपडना phut-pur-na, v. n. To be produced plentifully; to become fat suddenly; to be confounded with too much business.

water phut-phut-ina, n. a. To shake or flap or clap the wings as birds just going to fly; to give a sound as the shoes of a person walking.

mar phut-a, s. m. A crack. Phutch men paou dena, To interfere in any thing.

फरिक phút-ik, s. m. Crystal.

are played; aplacewhere goods are exposed for

sale; the shafts or pole of a carriage. Phurbas, s. m. A player at dice, a gamester; a prater, a talkative fellow. Phurbasee, s. f. Gambling, playing at dice.

wen phur-uk, verbal n. f. Fluttering, futter, vibrating, throbbing, palpitating.

फड़का phúr-uk-na, v. n. To flutter, to ribrate with convulsive involuntary motion, as the syelids or other muscles; to throb, to palpitate; to writhe (the shoulders, &c.)

फड़काना phur-kā-na, v. a. To cause to flutter, to cause convulsive motion in the muscles, &c.; (mst.) to shew.

फड़की phúr-kee, s. f. A coarse skreen.

भड़ भड़ रना phur-phur-ána, v. n. To flutter, to wave, to twinkle, to move with convulsive motion.

फड़ फड़िया phur-phúr-iya, s. m. A flutterer. adj. Quick, swift.

फड़ाना phur-ána, v. a. To cause to be torn, split or cleaved.

फिंड का phúr-in-ga, s. f. A cricket.

फिल्या phúr-iya, s.m. A pedlar, a retailer; the keeper of a gaming-house or dice-table.

way phun, s. m. The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello, &c. Phun oothana, n. a. To spread the hood (a snake).

फराकर phun-kur, s. m. A snake, especially the Cobra de capello, or coluber naja.

फराधर phun-dhúr, s. m. A snake.

फर्यमंति phun-muni, s. m. A jewel supposed to be in head of a sunke.

फकादान phun-wan, s. m. A snake.

फिणिकेशर phuni-keshur, s. m. Mesua ferrea.

फिलिखेन phuni-khel, s. m. A quail.

किंग्डिक phunij-jhák, s. m. A plant, called also Murooa.

फरियडक्का phunij-jhúk-a, s. f. A plant, commonly called Randooti, apparently a sort of Basil with small leaves.

will phun-ee, s. m. A snake.

फणीन्द्र phun-éeshwur, s. m. The great serpent Ununt.

फर्मराना phud-phud-ana, v. n. To ferment (as sour milk, curds, &c.); to be inflamed with lust.

मन phun, s. m. The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello, &c.

फनगा phún-ga, a. m. A grasshopper.

क्षत्रकाना phun-phun-ana, v. n. To hiss (as a snake); to spring up suddenly (as a fast-growing plant), to move about briskly (as a play-ful child).

फन्द्भा phund-na, v. n. To be imprisoned. । फन्द्भाना phund-lána, v. n. To ensnare, to entrap.

कल्दा phún-da, s. m. A noose, a net, a anare; perplexity, difficulty.

iump or leap over.

फाएर phuph-sa, adj. Swelled; insipid.

संभोड़ा phuphi-la, ) s. m. A blister.

nek, v. n. To be blistered; it is used to express
the mind being blistered, to be afflicted. Phupholch all keh phorneh, To satisfy a revenge that
has long been rankling in one's breast.

phub, s. f. Embellishment, ornament,

फबकना phúb-uk-na, n. n. To shoot forth (as a plant).

wear phub-ta, adj. Pertinent, fit.

had phub-tee, s. f. Ornament, conjecturing what a person is by his dress. Phubtee Eulina, v. a. To say what is conjectured by one's dress.

पावन phub-un, s. f. Embellishment, or-

फाबना phúb-na, v. n. To become, befit,

फबीना phub-éela, adj. Becoming, fit.

ust phur, s. m. A shield; a fruit.

us a phur-uk, s. m. A shield.

परवना phur-uk-na, w. n. To flutter, to vibrate with convulsive involuntary motion, as the eyelids and other museles; to threb, to palpitate; to writhe (the shoulders, &c.)

with phur-cha, s. m. Clearing away or dispersion (of clouds or of a multitude of people); fair weather; decision, definitive sentence (of a judge).

प्राचाना phur-chá-ha, v. a. To decide, to give a final sentence.

with phur-chhá, adj. Purc, honest, fair, candid, fair (not cloudy). Phurchha kurna, v. a. To clean, to settle, to sweep.

wipe, to settle, to clear away, (the clouds, &c.)

wickedness. phur-phund, s. m. Deceit, trick,

फा किन्द्रिश phur-phún-diya,adj. Deceitful, treacherous, wicked.

Will phuran-ree, s. f. ) nant. adj.

Hall dried.

wife at phur-iya, s. f. A kind of bordered vestment worn by Hindoos; a contractor for reaping.

that phur-ee, s. f. A shield, target; one of several fishes.

the act phur-oo-vulk, s. m. A betel-box.

The st phurooha, s. m. An instrument for raking together.

The first phur-rata, s. m. A piece of bamboo; a sound made by the flying of a flag or the breathing of a horse.

फरींच phur-rana, v. n. To fly (as a flag). फरींच phur-ran, s. m. A tree (its leaves resemble those of the Cypress or of the Tamarish, and make awhistling noise in the wind, whence the name).

we plul, s. m. The fruit of any plant, fruit in general; fruit (metaphorically), result, effect, produce, consequence; children, progeny; gain, profit, acquisition, advantage; recompense, reward; the blade of a sword or snife, the head of an arrow, spear, &c.; a sort of fragrant berry and drug, commonly called Kukoli; a nutmeg; a ploughshare; the quotient of a sum (in arithmetic). Phuldar, adj. Fruitful. Phul pana, To reap the reward of (good or bad actions). Phulphularse, Fruits of various kinds.

फलक phul-uk, s. m. A shield; s. bone, the os frontis, or bone of the forehead, a plant (Menu ferrea).

भावनासना phul-kámna, s. f. Desire of any consequence.

फार्को ph'il-kee, adv. Having or being armed with a shield, &c. a. m. A sort of fish, commonly called Phuluee.

फलकेशर phul-késhur, s. m. The cocon-nut

फलकायक phul-koshuk, s. m. The scrotum or testicles.

कच्छा phul-krishn, e. m. A small fruit of a black colour (Carissa carandas).

फलपहि phul-grahi, adj. Fruitful, bearing fruit in due season.

फल देश्डन phul-khún-dun, s. m. Disappointing.

प्रज्ञास phul-chum-us, s. m. The bark of the Indian fig, ground and eaten with ourds, by way of penance.

फलजनक phul-jún-uk, adj. Fruitful, producing fruit. [&c.

फलत phul-út, adj. Yielding fruit, profit, weday phul-tár, s. m. The fruit bearing tar, the female palm.

unaz phul-tray, s. m. The three sorts of fruit collectively, the Parovsh, and the Gmelina arborea, the three myrobalans.

works phul-trik, s. m. The three myrobalans collectively.

फाउट phul-úd, adj. Yielding or bearing fruit, results, &c. s. m. A tree.

warding or giving the fruit of good or bad ac-

फलन phul-un, s. m. Fructifying, bearing fruit, producing consequences.

फलना phúl-ns, v. n. To produce or bear fruit; to result, to be produced; to be fortunate. फलनिवृत्ति phul-nivrítti, s. f. Cessation of consequences.

फबर्निर्हेचि phul-nirvrítti, s. f. Final consequence or result.

फलनिकानि phul-nish-pútti, s. f. Bearing fruit; yielding profit or desired results.

भराम phul-pak, s. m. The ripening of fruit; the fulness of consequences; the Corondo. मुख्याकान्ता phul-pak-anta, s. f. An annual

plant, dying after bearing fruit.

भवपूर phul-poor, s. m. Common citron (Citrus medica).

भारतमानि phul-prapti, s. f. Obtaining the desired result or fruit.

भावन phul-boo-jhou-wul, s. m. A gume (called also munkela): "think of a number, double it, add ten to it, take five from it, &c. how much remains ?" "twenty-one," "the number was eight."

भारतीय phul-bhóg, s. m. Receipt or enjoyment of consequences; possession of rent or profit, usufruct.

फलभोगी phul-bhó-gee, adj. Who receives the profits, consequences, &c.

फलवान phul-wán, adj. Bearing fruit; फलवत phul-wút, yielding results, or consequences.

फलके छ phul-shréshth, s. m. The mango. फलकब्दन phul-sum-pút, s.f. Prosperity, कलकब्द phul-sum-púd, success.

westers phul-sid-dhi, s. f. Realizing an object, reaping the fruit of any act.

फलहानि phul-hani, s. f. Loss of fruit or profit.

फला का को phul-akankshee, s. f. Hope or expectation of favourable consequences.

फलाङ्ग phul-ang, s. f. A stride.

फलाना phul-ans, v. a. To make fruitful, to fructify, to cause to produce.

सलामेक्न phul-apeksha, s. f. Regard to or expectation of consequences.

फलाको phul ashee, adj. Living on fruits. फलाक phul-as, s. m. A step, a stride.

फिलिस phul-it,adj. Fruitful, bearing fruit; successful, yielding a result.

where phul-ive, s. f. A cod, a pod (or well phul-ee, the seed) of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas; a loop. Phulee-bush, s. m. A hook for drawing the strings through the holes by which the walls of a tent are laced to the top.

wife and phul-iyana, v. n. To bear fruit.

well phul-ee, s. f. A cod, a pod, (or the seed) of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas; a loop. Phulee-khus, s. m. A hook for drawing the strings through the holes by which the walls of atentare laced to the top. s. f. A shield; a medicinal plant, commonly called Priyungoo.

well phul-ee, adj. Bearing fruit, fruitful; productive of consequences. s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called Phuluee (Mystus kapirat).

দৰ্ম্য phul-60-a, s. m. A knotted fringe. দৰ্ম্য phuleroohá, s. f. The trumpetflower (Bignonia suave-olens).

फलोन्तमा phul-óttum-a,s. f. The fruit arising from sacred study.

फर्नोहर phul-ó-dny, s. m. Gain, profit ; joy, happiness ; consequence, result.

फलोहेग phul-oddesh, s. m. Regard to resuits.

they phul-goo, s. f. The opposite-leaved fig-tree (Ficus oppositi/olia); the name of a river which is said to run underneath Gya; a red powder, usually of the root of wild ginger, coloured with sappan wood, and thrown over one another by the Hindoos at the Holee festival,

फलान phol-goon, s. m. The month Phal-

फलानी phul goo-nee, s f. The constellation Phulgoonee.

und phúl-yuh, s. m. A bud, a flower.

कान्न phul-luk-ee, s. m. A fish caught in ponds, commonly called Phuluce (Mystus kapirat).

फसकड़ phus-kur, s. m. Sitting on the ground with legs extended.

फलक्त phus-ûk-na, v. n. To split, burst, break.

फलकाना phus-ká-na, v. n. To burst split, break; loosen, slacken.

or in anarrow passage), to be caught, to be noosed or ensuared, to be imprisoned, to be impeded, to be entangled, to be involved (in calamity, &c.)

फरफरा phus-phus-a, ads. Flabby, loose, not rigid.

THE phus-akéo, adj. Bad tobacco

. WHITI phusá-na, v. a. To cause to stick (as in mud, &c.), to mire, entangle, embroil, catch, to cause to be imprisoned, to squash.

महर्ना phuhár-na, v. n. To fly (as a Aag).

THE TITT phuhrána, v. n. To fly, wave, stream (as a flag in the air ), to flutter.

win phank, s. f. A slice, a piece of fruit. कांकड phan-kúr, e. m. A fop.

फांकाना phánk-na, v. a. To chuck into the mouth from the palm of the hand (grain, meal, &c.); to squander.

with phan-kee, s. f. A slice or piece of fruit; an objection (in logic).

wie phand, s. m. A noose, snare, net; (met.) perplexity, wier phan-da, difficulty.

फांदना phánd-na, v. a. To jump over, to lean over.

wiel phan-dee, s. f. A bundle of 50 or 100 sugar-canes.

फांपना phamp-na, v. n. To swell.

wing pham-phur, s. m. A hole, an ori-

wie phans, s. m. A splinter (of bamboo, &c.); a noose; an impediment.

फांडना pháns-na, v. a. To noose, to ensnare, to entrap, to throttle, to strangle, to choak. v. n. To be impeded, to stick (as in mud); to be perplexed.

फोशा pháns-a, s. m. A noose ; an impediment.

with phans-ee, s. f. A noose, a loop, halter, strangulation. Phansee dena, To strangle.v.a. To strang's, to hang. Phansee purvia, v.n. To be hanged. Phansee lugana, v. a. To kill one's self by strangling.

unty phag, s. m. Red powder (sprinkled in the time of the Holes); the act of throwing coloured powders in the Holes, the gambols of the

कागन pha-goon, s. m. The name of the 11th month, the full moon of which is near Poorraphul-goonee, February-March.

फाटक pha-tuk, s. m. A gate, a large shutter; an obstruction, impediment, a check; the bar of a court of justice, where the plaintiff and defendant take their station.

फाटना phát-na, v. n. To be torn, to be broken, split, rent, torn asunder, &c.

फाइडाइ phar-khaóo, adj. Ravenous; ravenous beast, &c.

फाइन्साना phar-khána, v. a. To worry.

फाइना phar-na, v. a. To tear, rend, split, break cleave (word, &c. ), to tear open, burst, rip. काड़ा phá-ra, adj. Cut, slit, torn, rent.

wift pha-ni, s. f. Flour or meal mixed with curis.

फाल phal, s. m. The share of a plough. s. f. A lump of betel-nut ( dreca); a step.

WIMST phal-sa, s. m. A fruit (Grewia asiatica)

पालान phál-goon, s. m. A tree (Pentaptera Arjuna); the eleventh Hindoo month, February-March.

फालानी phal-goo-nee, a. f. Day of full moon in the month Phalgoon, on which the Holes or great vernal festival of the Hindoos is celebrated; a name common to the eleventh and twelfth lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets first and last.

फाव pháo, s. m. A small quantity given above the quantity purchased, to boot.

फावड़ा pháo-ra, s. m. Mattock, spade, hoe. फावड़ी pháo-ree, a. f. A crutch on which a Jogee leans; a piece of wood or staff with a support at each end, which is held in both hands and laid horizontally, in performing the exercise of dund; an instrument like a small rake or hoe for removing a horse's dang.

फाइर phá-ha, s. m. A flock of cotton wet with utr or scented water.

पिक्ता phink-na, v. n. To be thrown.

फिकाना phik-ána, v. a. To cause or teach to throw.

फिकारना phik-arna, v. a. To bare or uncover the head, to unplait the hair of the head.

Than phikyt, s. m. A thrower (of a spear,

फिल्ल phin-guk, s. m. The fork-tailed

THE phit, s. m. Carse, malediction. adv. Fy! Phit phit, Curse on it Ffy upon it! िफटकरी phit-kur-ee, s. f. Alum.

िभारकार phit-kar, s. f. Curse, malediction, removing something to a distance.

पिटकारना phit-kar-ns, v. a. To curse.

fuzfart phit-kir-ce, s. f. Alum.

फिटाना phit-á-na, v. a. To beat up and mix, to froth.

fur phir, adv. Again, then.

fural phir-kee, s. f. A whirligig, any thing turning as on an axis.

फिरजाना phir-jana, v. n. To return, to revolt; to be distorted; to warp.

fuce phir-ut, s. m. Rejected things; money paid by a lewd woman to her paramour.

फिरतार इना phirta-ruhna, v. n. To wander, to perembulate, to walk about.

furt phir-na, v. n. To turn, return, walk

about, go round, circulate, roll, whirl, to wheel, wander, travel, ramble, change, revolt.

fund) phir-tee, part. f. or s. f. Returning, return, homeward-bound. Phirteekabhara, The hire of a return boat, carriage, &c.

furtiff phir-ana, v. a. To cause to turn, whirl, wheel, make to go about, return, change, roll, shift, wander.

Turia phir-ao, s. m. Return, restitution, rotation, turning.

फिनी phir-nee, s. f. A whirligig, any thing turning as on an axis.

फिल्ड सन्। phil-ús-na, v. n. To slip.

for all phil-lee, s. f. The leg.

fun phish, interi. Pish! pshaw! tush! फिसफिसाना phis-phis-ana, v. n. To be terrified.

फिल्ला phis-ul-na, v. n. To slip, to slide, to err. adj. Slippery.

फिसलहा phis-luha, adj. Slippery.

फिन्डाना phis-lá-na, v. a. To cause to slip, slide or err.

Tu varez phis-la-hut, s. f. Slipperiness.

) v. a. To फींचना phéenchna, फीं वडालना phéench-dálna, wash cloth,

to rinse, squeeze.

फोक pheek, s. f. The point of a scourge. फोका phée-ka, adj. Weak, vapid, tasteless, insipid; pale, sallow, light (in colour).

That c phoon-kar, e. f. Hiss (of a snake). भंकारना phoon-kar-na, v. n. To hiss (as a snabe).

क्रारी phoon-ká-ree, s. f. Hissing (of a snake). Phoonkaree marna, To hiss (a snake).

फंगी phoon-gee, s. f. A sprout, a bud, the point of an ear of corn.

महार phoon-har, s. f. The small drops of

के हारा phoon-há-ra, s. m. A fountain, a jet फक्ना phóok-na, s. m. A bladder.

पाकानी phóok-nee, s. f. A blowpipe ; a firelock or pistol.

We phoot, adj. Odd, unpaired.

फटकर phoot-kur,adj. Odd, unpaired ; separate, dispersed (as a horseman ).

फटको phóot-kee, a f. A blot, spot, stain. adj. Odd, unpaired.

कड़िया phóo-ri-ya, s. f. A sore, a pimple,

फत phoot, interj. Expression of disregard or contempt (Phoo, hoot.)

फनकार phoot-kar,adj. Arrogant, contempt ous, disdainful,

फटकना phoo-duk-na, v. n. To jump, leap. hop (applied to small birds ), to dance about in token of delight.

फरकी phood-kee, s. f. A bird (Certhia

फनगी phoon-gee, s. f. A sprout, a bud, the point of an ear of corn, &c.

फनक phoo-nung, s. f. Top, summit.

फनसी phóon-see, s. f. A pimple.

फनिया phóo-niya,

फदी phoon-nee, s. f. Penis puerilis. मची phoon-no,

फल्टना phoond-na, a. m. A tassel.

The husband of a paternal aunt.

फाफी phóop-phee, s. f. A paternal aunt. पुष्पकार phooph-kar, s. f. The hissing of

जुक्तारना phooph-ker-na, v. n. To hiss (a

फफियासास phóophiya-sás, s. f. The sister of a father-in-law.

भिष्मा phoophera, m.) adj. Descended फ़फ़्री phoopheree, f. from, or related through a paternal aunt. Phoophera bhace, The son of a paternal aunt; cousin. Phoopheree buhin, Daughter of a paternal aunt.

WT phoor, adj. True, right.

The phoorr, s. m. The noise of a bird, as a partridge or quail, suddenly taking wing; or of a small quantity of gunpowder exploding.

भर भराना phoor-phoo-rana, v. n. To tremble; to wave (as hair in the wind).

फरफरी phoor-phoo-ree, s. f. Trembling,

quivering, tremour, palpitation.

फरहारी phoor-há-ree, s. f. Horripilation. फर्न phoort, 7 s. f. Activity, quickness, फर्नी phoort-ee, alertness, agility.

फर्नीला phoor-tee-la, adj. Quick, nimble, active, smart, alert, expert.

फलका phool-ka, adj. Inflated, puffed up ; light. s. m. A blister; a kind of cake or small loaf; an area or arena for wrestlers.

भूजकारना phool-kárna, v. n. To inflate, to swell out (as a snake's hood ), to expand. फलकारी phool-karee, s. m. Flowered cloth. फ्लकी phool-kee, s. f. A cake or raised

फलकडी phool-jhur-ee,'s. f. A kind of fire-

ज्ञानवारी phool-waree, s. f. A flower-gar-

फन इया phool-hutha, s. m. Cudgelling.

फलाना phoo-lá-na, v. a. To cause to swell to inflate, distend; to fatten; (met.) to make proud or to puff up with flattery.

फलास्टा phoo-las-ra, s. m. Flattery.

पांच phoo-lel, s. m. Oil impregnated with the essence of flowers by steeping them in it, essence (as a perfume).

फर्बोरी phoc-lou-ree, s. f. Bread or cake made of fruit and pulse, and fried in ghee or oil.

फल phool, ady. Blown, opened, expanded as a flower.

मुद्रासन् phool-damun, e. m. A species of the Utidhviti metre.

फल्लनयन phool-nyun, adj. Full or largeeyed; smiling, looking happy.

मालाचन phool-lochun, adj. Full-eyed; looking pleased or happy, s. m. A large full eye; a species of the antelope.

फल्लयत Phool-wat, adj. Blossoming, मल्यान phool-wan, blowing.

मु भी phool-lee, s. f. A disorder in the eve. the albugo.

मुस्प्राना phoos-phoo-sana, v. n. To whis-

फ्रम्पावट phoos-phoo-sa-wut, e. f. Whispering, buzzing in the ear.

फस्डाक phoos-laco, s.m. A coax-फसर्वोनिया phoos-lou-niya, J er, a wheedler, a seducer.

मुस्लाना phoos-lana, v. a. To coax, wheedle, cajole, flatter, instigate, entice, seduce.

कहा कि न्दा phoo-sa-hinda, adj. Disgusting,

west phoos ka, adj. Weak, without strength, slack (as a knot).

क्रा phóoa, s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt; a lizard.

the phoonk, s. f. Act of blowing, a puff, a blast, blowing up (fire, &c.) Phoonk dena, To set on fire. Phoont-phoonk-kur paon dhurna, To act or walk carefully and cautiously.

फ़िक्रना phoonk-na, v. a. To blow with the breath to blow up (a fire, &c.), to inflame, set on fire, kindle, to blow (a horn, trumpet, &c.)

फेकार ना phoon-kar-na, v. n. To hiss (as a snake), to snort.

मंही phoon-hee, s. f. Small rain. witers phon-har, WETT phoc-har,

फलना phook-na, v. To blow

were phoo-kur, s. m. A fine sensible young fellow.

To phoot, s. f. A kind of melon (Cucumis momor dicu); a rig - cucumber bursting elasti-

cally (as the Cucumisutilatissimus: and Momordica mixta); odd, unpaired; difference of opinion, dissension, discord; separation; a flow, breach, break. Phoot purna, To arise (dissension). Phootphoot, or phoot-kur roma, To weep excessively. Phont bikhera, adj. Scattered, dispersed. Phoot ruhna, To be broken; to be dispersed; to be unpared. Phoot hona, To be divided in opinion.

फरन phoe-tun, s. f. Wrangling, disagree-

ment, misunderstanding. फटना phóot-na, n. n. To be broken, to be broken into or broken down; to be dispersed, to be separated, to separate, to be unpaired; to burst, split; to be made public, to transpire; to arise (as a smell), or to burst forth; to get promotion or advancement.

फटला phóot-la, adj. Bad (coin)

फडा phoota, adj. Broken.

फरी phóo-tee, s. f. Disagreement, dis-

फ्रिका phoo-pha, s. m. Father's sister's husband.

The phoo-phee, s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt.

पुष phóo-phoo, e. m. f. Father's sister's husband, or father's sister.

we phool, s. m. A flower, a blossom; boss, stud bunch of ribands, &c. a cockade; the menses, of which children are the fruit; swelling; bones of a dead person after the fleshy parts are burned; lights or fire (seen at night); pl. a ceremony performed in honor of a deceased person on the third day after his death. Phool oothna, v. n. To be performed (a ceremony in honor of the dead), to complete the forty days of mourning. Phool jana, v. n. To swell, to be delighted, to be pleased; to become fat. Phool jhurna, v.n. To speak elequently; to fall from a lamp (drops of burning oil). Phool purna, v.n. To break out (a fire). Phool bythna, v. n. To be glad.

फनकाबो phool-kobee, s. f. A cauliflower. फेजना phool-na, v. n. To blossom, to blow, to flower; to be pleased, to be in health and spirits, i. e. to bloom to flourish; to swell, to be inflated, to be puffed up (with prids, &c.)

मूजा phóc-la, adj. Swelled; blossomed. Phoola nuh samana, Not to be able to contain one's self from delight, to be overjoyed, to exult.

फेबाव phoo-láo, s. m. A swelling.

फेब्रा phoo-lee, s. f. A disorder in the eye,

the albugo. was phoos, s. m. Old dry grass or straw. Phoos men chingaree dalna, To excite contention

west phoos-ra, s. m. A rag. फसर phoos-ra, फेसी phéo-see, s. f. Chaff.

educated; stupid; obscene, foolish, rude (applied to roomen). c. f. A bad house-wife, a slut or slattern.

क्रुड्यन phochur-pún, s. m. Stupidity;

Talking obscenely.

The phoo-ha, s. m. A fictitious teat of pap, formed of cotton or other substance, by which milk is given to a young goat or the like, when

unable to suck the mother.

भुतार phoo-hat. } s. f. Small rain.

भेत phenk, s. f. Throw, cast. Phenk dena, v. a. To throw away.

To start phenk-na, v. a. To throw, to fling, to dark to let fly (a hank, de. at game), to set off (a horse) at full speed, to gallop.

में काव phen-káo, adj. Requiring to be thrown.

मेंट phent, ें s. f. Waist-band, a belt. मेंट phynt, े Phent bandhua, To get ready, to resolve.

फोटना pheat-na, v. a. To mix, to beat (as

केंद्रा phén-ta, ) s. f. Waist-band; a small

केंट्री phen-tee, s. f. A skein (of thread,

The phot, s. f. The waist when bound with a belt.

फोटना plet-us, v. a. To mix by tritura-

केटर phet-a, s.m. A small turband; a waistband without a fringe.

फेन phen, s. m. Froth, foam; cuttle-fish bone, supposed to be the indurated foam of the sea. फेनक phen-uk, s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

जनका phen-uk-a, s. f. The sonp berry. फनका phen-ta, s. f. Frothiness, vapour.

फेनल phen-फी, adj. Frothy, foamy.

फोनवत phen-wit, adj. Frothy, foaming, bubbling.

फना phen-a, s. m. Foam, froth.

फेनाना phen-ana,) v. n. To foam, to

फेनावमान phen-ayuman, adj. Foaming, frothing.

waffer phen-fl, adj. Frothy, foamy. s, m.
The scap plant (Sarindus detergens); the fruit of
the jujube; the fruit of the Vangueria spinesa.
करो phen-ee, s f. A kind of sweetmeat.

where phen-cos, s. m. Biesting, the milk of a cow, &c. for some days after calving.

The phephuree, s. . Inability to move. The pher, s. m. Turning, turn, return, change, meander, maze, curvature, twisting, coil, fold, circumference, equivocation, ambiguity; difficulty, distance. adv. Again back. Pherekhana, To wind (as a river), to meander; to go round about; to meet with perplexities. Pheredena, To return, to restore, refund. Pherepharkurna, To differ. Pherephar, adj. Alternate. Pherepharkurna, To alternate. Pheremen daina, To throw obstacles in the way of another.

invert. reverse, v. a. To turn, turn back, invert. reverse, evert, turn away, to make to walk backwards and forwards, to bring or carry back, to shift, repeat; plaster, stroke. Sir-pur hath phersa, To deceive by coaxing, Hath phersa, To caress, to fondle.

फेर्च pher-fiv, adj. Fraudulent, crafty, a regue or cheat; malicious, noxious, injurious.

wert pher-a, s. m. Turning, circuit, perambulation; a roll; a wooden frame with which line, sand, &c. is measured.

wards and forwards, going and coming; returning, alternation.

The pher-ee, s. J. Act of going round to the right by way of adoration, circumambulation, going about.

फेरीबाजा pheree-wala, s. m. A pedlar.

The pher-oo, s. m. A jackal.

Test phyn-ta, s. f. Waist-band; a small

फेनाना phy-nā-na, v. n. To foam, to froth. फेनाना phyl-nā, v. n. To be spread, to spread: to be expanded, dilated, diffused, scattered or dispersed; to become public.

भैताना phy-la-na, v. a. To spread, scatter, expand diffuse, widen, stretch out extend, distend, dilate, publish, proclaim, to branch out Hath phylana, To beg.

users physics, s. m. Spread, expansion, extension, diffusion, publication, display, extent; plenty, profusion.

werrar phy-la-wa, s. m. Prolixity.

with phone, s. f. The notch of an arrow.

with phon-phée, s. f. A pipe, a tube; any thing perforated or hollow.

फॉस्टर phon-har, s, f Small rain.

फोक phok, s. m. Dregs, sediment, grains.

फोस्ड pho-kút, s. m. An indigent person. फोरड pho-kúr, s. m. Dross, refuse, tra sh, grains. mie of phor nagona Tebreaks white harst,

mer phocaids in A boil, sore, abscess,

mer phó-la, s. m. A blister.

## व

which, The twenty-third consonant of the Nagure alphabet, corresponding to the letter b, and often confounded with the analogous semivowed with the analogous semivowed with the analogous semivowed with the analogous semivowed with the beat all times optionally interchangeable.

in bunk, s. m. A bending, a curvature, the reach or bend of a river.

चंकाई bunk-áee, s. f. A bending, curvature, the reach or bend of a river.

äπ bung, r. f. Calx of tin given internally as aphrodisiack; a name of Bengal.

the wrist (properly made of glass), a bangle.

दंशला bung-la, s. m. A kind of thatched house, a summer-house; a sort of betel-leaf or pan so called.

बंगा bung-ala, n. m. A joint or bamboo root. बंगाना bung-ala, n. prop. Name of Bengal. बंगो bung-ee, s f. A humming top.

इंचना bunch-na, v. n. To be read or perused.

a wai 27 bunjh-ôtee, s. f. A medicine taken to produce barrenness.

बंदवाना bunt wá-na, v.a. To distribute, to

बंदवेदा bunt-wyya, s. m. A divider, a चैदेत buntyt, distributer.

azīnī bun-tá-na, v. α. To share, divide, participate.

Tel bun-dee, s. f. A short robe, a short full Januh.

with hun-der-ee, a f. A ridge pole, the ridge of a house.

बहुद्धा bun-dó-ha, s. m. A whirlwind, a

aug bun-wur, } s. m. A creeper, a

www buns, s. m. Race, lineage, family, offspring, descendant; a bamboo.

बंशानीचन buns-lochun, e. m. The manna or sugar of the bamboo : it has been found by apalysis to contain selfcoous earth.

क्षावारी buns-awulce, s f. A genealogy. कंपी bun-see, s. f. A flute; a fishing hook; (in comp.) Of the race or lineage. der which Krishn washeenstamed to play the lute.

And bulk, which A crane (Ardea torra and putea) Buk dhyan lugana. To act with dissimulation s. f. Frattle, chat, foolish talk, gurrulity.

July huis, s. f. Prattle, chat, itse Buk flut kurna.

To prattle, to chatter, to gabble, Buk lugner,
Talkativeness, garrulity.

वक्ष के buk-chee, e.f. A plant the seed of which is used to cure the itch (Conyza or Serratula anthelminica)

बनकाक buk-jhuk, s. f. Prattle, chat, foolish talk, garrulity.

वजना bák-na, n. n. To prate chatter, chat, jabber, babble, cackle.

usus buk-buk, s, f Prattle, foolish talk, habble, clack, gabble. Buk buk kurna, To prattle, chatter, gabble.

वसबकाना buk-buk-and, v. n. To prattle, chatter, clack.

बकरा bák-ra, s. m. A he-gont.

वकरी buk-ree, s. m. j. A goat (generally), a female goat.

वक्ता buk-la, s. m. Bark, skip, rind, shell (of a fruit), busk.

वक्षाट buk-wad, s. f. Prattle, foolish talk. वक्षाटी buk-wa-dee, s. m. One who talks foolishly, an idle talker, prater, cackler.

बकवास buk-was, s. f Talkativeness.

बनवाहा buk-wa-ha, m. ) part. act. A बनवाही buk-wa-hee, f. ) chatterer, an idle talker.

बनसर búk-sa, adj. Astringent.

बजमूजा buk-sóo-a, s. m. The tongue of a buckle.

बक्सेला buk-sy-la, alj. Astringent.

बकायन buk-£-yun, ह. f. A tree (Melia sempervirens).

वकारा buk-ă-ra, s. m. A forerunner, a harbinger; a traveller.

विश्वा bûk-iya, s. f. A clasp-knife, a penknife.

बनुन búk-ool, s. m. A tree (Mimusops elengi).

बकेन buk-d-oo, s. m. The root of a grass of which rope is made.

बर्क द्वार buk-ót-na, v. a. To lacerate with the nails, to claw, to scratch.

बक्क búk-kum, s ात. Sappan or red wood (Casalpinia sappan).

बहार buk-kúl, s. m. Bark, skin, rind, sheft (of a fruit), busk.

tor, chatterer, jabberer,

wer bukh, s. m. The world.

बखरी bukh-ree, s. f. A cottage, a house. बखरन bukhán, s. m. Explanation, praise, description, definition.

बखाद्वा bukhánna, ) v. a. To बखान कर्ना bukhán kúrna, ) praise,commend; explain, define, relate

agir bukhár, s. m. ) A storehouse, a

बखारी bukháree, s. f. granary.

बिद्या bukhiya, s. m. A kind of stitch, strong quilting. [quilt

विद्याना bukhiyana, v. a. To stitch, to a cit bukhee, v. f. The side under the armpit.

a dest bukhéra, s. m. Wrangling, a tumult, broil, contention, dispute, quarrel.

बर्धेड्या bukhér-iya, adj. Quarrelsome, captious; a wrangler, a brawler.

ब अरना bukhérna, v. a. To scatter.

an bug, s. m. A crane (Ardea torra and putea).

बगचान bug-chal, s. f. Walking slowly (like a crane).

बगुरु त्रा लग्गा bug-chhunda lugna, nn. To be stupified or petrified with fear at the sight of a tiger.

बनकुट bug-chhóot, s. f. Galloping. Bugchhoot dourna, To gallop.

बगड़ bug-úr, s. m. A kind of rice.

Bugra kurna, To avoid the payment of one's debts or the performance of one's promise.

बगड़िया bug-riya, adj. A deceitful person. बगडना bug-ud-na, v. n. To return ; to be speiled.

बगराना bug-dá-na, n. a. To cause to return, to put to the rout.

बरापाती bug-pá-tee, s. f. The side under the armpit.

नगपानी bug-pan-tee, s. f. A row or line of cranes.

बगरेगड़ी bug-rend-ee, s. f. A plant (Jatro-

pha curcas).
ব্যালা būg-la, ) s m. A crane or heron

putea). Bugla blugut, A hypocrite.

बग र वे bug-huns, s.m. A bird, a grey goose. बगरना bug-ár-nu, v. a. To throw away ; to spread over.

विश्वा bug-iya,

बर्गीचा bug-se-cha, } s. f. A littlegarden.

बर्जा bug-óo-la, s. m. A whirlwind.

बध्नहा bugh-nuha, s.m. A medicinal herb with a fragrant root.

ৰঘনা bugh-na, s. m. The teeth and nails of a tiger which are hung round the ueck of a child.

TUTE bughar, s. m. The spices which are mixed with food to give its relish; seasoning, condiment.

बदारना bugbárna, v. a. To season.

well bughee, s. f. A horsefly.

बंड bughel, s. m. A tribe of Rajpoots.

बहुता bughela, s. m. A Rajpoot of the Bughel tribe; a tiger's whelp, a young tiger.

सङ्गई bun-kace, s. f. A bending, curvature, reach or bend of a river.

ay bung, s. f. Calx of tin given internally as an aphrodisiack; a name of Bengal.

बङ्ग bung-ree, s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist (properly made of glass), a bangle. बङ्ग bung-la, s. m. A kind of that ched house, a summer-house; a sort of betel-leaf or pan so called.

बङ्गा bunga, s.m. A joint of bamboo root. बङ्गाबा bunga-la, n. prop. A name of Ben-

वक्रानिन bung-a-lin, s. f. A woman of Bengal.

बङ्गाली bun-gá-lee, s.m. An inhabitant of Bengal.

ag hungee, s. f A humming top.

as buch, s. f. Orris root.

नचकाना buch-kána, adj. Small (generally applied to shoes and clothes). s. m. A duncing boy. बचकानी buch-ká-nee, s. f. A girl adopted by an old prostitute.

बचती búch-tee, s. f. Residue, remainder, surplus.

To abide by a promise, buchun bundh kurna, To give one's word, by promise, Buchun dalna, To duestion, to ask to inquire Buchun torna, To break one's word. Buchun dena, To promise, to agree. Buchun nibhana, or, —patna, To abide by a promise. Buchun bundh kurna, To bind by promise. Puchun bundh kurna, To give one's word, to promise to be agreed upon. Buchun manna, To obey. Buchun manna, To conclude an agreement. Buchun lena, To receive a promise. Buchun karna, To promise, to agree, to give or pledge or plight one's word, to affirm.

वचनदस buchun-dútt, adj. Betrothed, espoused.

बचना buch-na, v. n. To be saved, be spared, to escape, avoid, remain unexpended, recover. बचपन blich-pfin, s. m. Childhood, in-

ation buch and v. a. To save, preserve, protect, secure, reserve, extricate, spare, defend, guard, leave, avoid, conocal.

a will buch-sio, s. m. Protection, defence, safety, security, preservation, salvation, escape.

बहा buch-cha, s. m. A child, the young of any animal.

बच्छनाम buchchh-nág, s.m. A vegetable poison.

बद्ध buchh, s. m.

TEST buchh-ra, s. m. A calf.

बद्ध buchh-róo, s. m.

बिक्स buchhiya, s. f. A (female) calf.

act buchhera, s. m. A colt.

act buchheres, a. f. A foal, filly.

बजरा búj-na, v. n. To be sounded, to sound, to be famous. a.m. A rupee used among brokers).

बज्ञानी buj-un-tree, s. m. One who plays on musical instruments. Bujautree mulid, s. m. The quarter inhabited by musicians; a brothel; taxes on musicians and female dancers.

बजबजाना buj-buj-ana, v. n To effervesce with noise in putrefying.

agras bajur-battoo, em. A kind offmit.

in, a pleasure boat of a larger kind.

यज्ञाना buj-wā-na, v. a. To cause to sound, to cause to play on an instrument of music.

बनान buj-sk, s. m. A kind of serpent.

upon an instrument to perform a rescatte (music), to beat (a drum, &c.)

बजाबाना buj-á-lána, v. n. Te perform, accomplish, execute, effect, obey.

बिन्द् होना bujíd-hóna, v. n. To be in earnest, to be importunate, to insist.

and bujr, s. m. A thunderbolt; a diamoud.

adj. Hard. Bujr purch coopur, May lightning fall
on him I (an expression used in curving any one).

man. A title of Hunoo-

amas buy-ungee, s. f. A kind of tiluk or mark made on a Hindoo's forehead with red-lead.

काना bujh-na, v. n. To be insnared, to be caught (as game); to stick.

(as game), to entrap.

mz but, s. m. The Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indian); a single cowrie.

was butuée, s. f. The art of making gold thread.

बटचारा but-khur-a, s. m. A weight.

azar bút-na, v. a. To twist, to form by convolution (as ropes); to divide, share; gain, make profit v. n. To be divided, to be twisted. s.m. An instrument with which ropes are twisted.

TRUTT but-par, s. m. Highwayman, footpad, villain, cut-throat, assassin.

बहुद्धा but-par-ee, s. f. Highway-robbery. बहुद्धा but-ya, s. f. A silken cord adorned with three fringes, which women use to tie their hair behind; a narrow passage; a small measure

of weight.

बहुतो हो but-16-hee, s. f. A brass vessel in which Hindoos dress their food.

बटवाना but-wa-na, v. a. To cause to twist, &c. \_

ब्दबार but-war, s m. A tax-gatherer who collects a tax levied in kind.

azarat but-wa-ra, s. m. A share.

स्टाई but-see, s. f. Hire paid for twisting ropes, &c.

बहाक but-aéo, s. m. A traveller, a robber.

बरिया but-iya, s. f. A narrow passage ; a small measure of weight.

बहुजा but-ion, s. m. A purse, a small bag (generally used for holding betel-nut, c.), a brines vessel in which Hindoor dress their food.

बहेर but-er, s. f. A kind of quail (Perdrix olivaces).

बड़ोर but-or, s. m. A gathering, a crowd, a resort.

बहोदना but-or-na, v. a. To gather up, collect, purse, accumulate. [furer.

बड़ो ही but-6-hee, s.m. A traveller, a way-

discount; defect, blemish, injury, offence; a ball (of wood or stone); a box in which gems are kept, a casket. Butta-dkar, and Bhutta-dkai, adj. Level, even Butta-baz, A juggler, Butta-baze, The performance of a juggler, juggleg, sleight of hand.

He bur, s. m. The Bengal fig-tree (Ficus Bengalensus, or Indica); (in comp.) m contraction of Hell bura, Great: as, Bur-bola, A noisy talkative person: Bur-bhukoon, A blockhead: Burpata, adj. Big-bellied: a great eater; greedy, avaricious.

ब्द्रना búr-na, v. n. To enter.

bur-bur, s.f. Muttering, the light-headed talk of a person in a delirium.

quantle, chatter noncone, talk light-headedly, rave.

बहुबहिया bur-bur-iya, part. act. A chatterer, a mutterer, a grumbler.

Tswiner, or the personified saterism which is designated by a horse's head.

agarfa bur-wagni, s. m. Submarine fire.

নত্রানর bur-wa-núl,s. m. Submarine fire; in mythology, a being consisting of flame, but with the head of a mure, who sprang from the thighs of Oorwa, and was received by the ocean.

बहुवाम् द्व bur-wa-móokh, s. m. Submarine fire; the infernal regions.

बड़ हव bur-hul, s m. A sweet and acid truit of a yellowish red colour and nearly round. बड़ हे जा bur-hel-a, s. m. A wild hog.

enior, elder, eldest, principal, &c. Bura kurna, To enlarge, exalt, principal, &c. Bura kurna, To enlarge, exalt, promote; extinguish, put out (a tamp, .dc. as to use the direct phrase is deemed unlucky). Bura rusta pulvaria, To die. Burch petwala hona, To be patient.

excellence, bulk, bulkiness, biguess; magnifying, boasting. Burace kurna, or, —marna, To extol, magnify, boast, vaunt. Burace dena, To honour.

बद्धाना bur-ána, v.a. To talk in one's sleep or in a delirium.

बङ्ग्यन bur-a-pún, s. m. Greatness, grandeur, dignity.

बद्धापा bur-a-pá, s. m. Grandeur, dignity, elevation.

बही bur-ee, s. f. A dish made of pulse.

बर्ध का bur-son-kha, s.m. A kind of sugarcane with long joints.

बड़ मीयां bureh-meeyan, s m. An old man; Sir! (applied to an elderly man). बढ़ दे bur-huee, s. m. A carpenter.

बद्दता burh-tá, s. m. ्र Increase, augmen-

बढ़ ती burh-tée, s. f. tation, enhancement, overplus, more, promotion, aggrundizement, elevation.

बदन bur-hun, . f. A carpenter's wife.

बटना burli-na, v. n. To increase, enlarge, go on, proceed, advance, exaggerate, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.

बदनी burh-nee, s. f A broom; advance made for cultivation or manufacture or a contract.

बहुल bur-hul, s. m. A small round and acid fruit.

ment, enlarge, lengthen, make advance, forward, exait, elevate, raise, promote, aggrandize, rear up, extend, stretch out, amplify, dilate; to extinguish; to shut up (a skop); to remove the table cloth.

बहानामा burhá-lána, v. a. To bring forward, to lead on (an army).

ৰৱাৰ burhão,s. m. Prolongation, advancement, increase, enlargement.

बहाबा bur-há-wa, s. m. Population ; excitement, flattery.

बहिया bur-hiya, adj. High-priced.

बहेला bur-héla, s. m. A wild hog.

बहोतर bur-hó-tur, s. m. ] Interest, बहोतरी bur-hó-tur-ce, s. f. ] profit, ad-

बदन्त bur-hunt, s. f. Increase.

बार्यक्ष्य bun-ik-puth, s. m. Traffick, com-

सार्यक्रम् buu-ik-pootr, s. m. The son of a merchant, or a young merchant or trader.

बिधाअपुत्री bun-ik-pootree, \*. f. A young woman of the Buniya tribe.

विश्वास hún-ig-bhao, s. m. Traffic, trade,

बिज bún-ij, s. m. A merchant, a trader; the sixth of the astronomical periods called Kurum, corresponding to the half of a lunar day; trade, traffic.

बिश्च bun-fjyuh, s. m. Trade, traffic.

ब्दिया bun-iya, s.m. A shop-keeper, a merchant (usually a corn-chandler).

चत but, s. m. The worm which is destructive to shipping (Teredo).

ৰৱ but, contraction of ৰাৱ bat, A word, affair; or of ৰাৱ bat, Wind, generally used in composition; es, But-baleuree, adj. External, foreign, But burkno, s. m. Prolixity, talkativeness, chicanery, wranging, But-buna, An orator, a sophist. But sonha kurna, To ventilate. But-kuhao, s. m. Talk, conversation.

बतक bút-uk, s. f. A duck.

बतकड़ा but-kúha, adj. Loquacious, conversible.

बतकहान but-kuháo, s. m. ) Loquaeity,

बतक्त्री but-kuhée, s. f. ) conversibleness, discourse, dialogue.

बतकड़ but-uk-kur,adj. Loquacious, talka-tive.

TRACTOR but-ra-na, v. n. To talk, converse, speak,

बतलाना but-la-na, v. a. To shew, explain, point out, denote, teach, inform, express, signify, addice, acount for.

बता but-a, s. m. A bamboo lath, a thin slip of bamboo; an oblong stone on which powders are levigated.

सताना but-a-na, v. a. To point out, to shew, indicate, signify, explain, teach, tell, to ap-

peru, s. m. An upper turband; a small-bracelet of metal.

वतास but-as, s. f. Wind, air. Butasphener, s. f. A kind of sweetment, sugar-cakes. वतासा but-a-sa, ) s. m. A kind of sweet-

animi but-i-sha, I meat, sugar-cakes (of a spongy texture, or filled with air, as the word-implies); a bubble.

विवाना but-i-yana, v. a. To speak, talk, say, converse, discourse.

बती but-ee, s. f. A word.

बत्नी bu-téo-nee, adj. A tattler, an idle talker.

बतोली but-6-lee, s. f. Buffoonery.

बतोरी but-bu-ree, s. f. A flatulent or cedematous swelling.

बत्तो but-tee, s. f. A candle : a wick, a match, a stick (of scaling-waz, &c.); a tent or bourge.

बत्तीस buttées, adj. Thirty-two.

posed of thirty-two ingredients, usually given to mares after foaling.

बतीची buttéesee, s. f. A set of teeth; any aggregate consisting of thirty two parts. Buttee-see dikhana, v. a. To shew teeth; to laugh, to acoff or make faces at any one.

बतान bútsul, adj. Affectionate, kind.

wall butsa, s. m. A kind of rice.

बयुक्त buthéea, s. m. A kind of greens or potherbs (Chenopodium album).

बद bud, s. f. A bubo.

बदन búd-un, s. m. The mouth, face,

बदना búd-na, v. a. To wager, to bet; to settle, to predestinate, to take (as witness), to obey, acknowledge, agree, not to refuse.

बद्दी छट्टा búdree-chhúd-a, s. f. A kind of perfume, apparently a dried shell-fish; a tree, apparently a species of the Zisyphus.

बद्दीपत्रक búdree-pútruk, s. m. A sort of perfume, a leaf.

commonly called blue Sephalika or Nyctanthes.

Himalaya range, and a celebrated place of pilgrimage, the Bud reath of modern travellers, or a town and temple on the west bank of the Uluknunda river, in the province of Shrimagar.

बद्द búd-ul, s. m. A cloud; exchange, substitution. adv. In change, for.

बदनग búd-ul-na, e. a. To change, exchange, alter.

बदला bud-la, s. m. Exchange, lieu, stead,

a substitute, recompense, revenge, requital, Budla lena, v. a. To aiter; retaliate, take revenge. Budlah, In exchange, in return for.

बदलाई bud-láee, s. f. Price of exchange. बदलाना bud-lá-na, v. q. To cause to alter, to change

actif bad-lee, s. f. Exchange, relief (of watches); cloudiness; a small bit of cloud.

बद्धान bud-súl-a, s.m. A hogsty.

बदा bud-a, adj. Predestinated.

बदाबदी bud-a-bud-ee, adv. With emulation, or rivalship, contentiously.

बहि búdi, े s. f. The dark half of the बही búd-ee, lunar month from full moon to new moon, the wans of the moon.

बहुत buddh ali Royal tid shook

बड़ buddh, adj. Bound, tied; checked, suppressed; fixed, firm; withheld.

सङ्कीन buddh-kop, adj. One who governs or suppresses wrath.

बहुम्स buddh-mool, adj. Fast or firmly rooted.

a child, one whose hair has not been shaven.

a child, one whose hair has not been shaven.

a first buddh-shikha, s. f. A sort of pungent root, called by some a kind of garlic.

बहाइ वि buddh-anjooli, adj. Saluting respectfully, putting the hands joined to the forehead.

with bud-dhee, s. f. An ornament worn round the neck, hanging down to the waist and crossing behind and before; a belt, a sash, brace (of a carriage, &c.)

www budh, s. m. Killing, slaughter, slaying,

बचक budhúk, s.m. A slaughterer, a killer. बचका को budhu kankshee, adj. Wishing death.

are to kill. [ment. are to kill. [ment. are to budh-dund, s. m. Capital punish-

A kind of pot with a spout to it, a vessel for drinking water from.

बध्यान budh-sthan, s. s. A place of बध्यान budh-sthan, s. sn. } slaughter or execution.

THIS budhaee, s. f. A song in congrasents, &c. carried to the house of a woman on the sixth or fortieth day after childbirth.

aften budh-ik, s. m. A huntsman, sportsman, fowler, killer, slayer, executioner.

बिया búdh-iya, s. f. A bullock, any castrated animal. afer budh-ir, adj. Deaf.

ww búdh-oo, s. f. A woman, a wife, daughter-in-law, lady.

बचीपाय budh-o-payuh, s. m. Instrument or means of putting to death.

बद्धा budh-yuh, adv. Deserving death; condemned to death.

बध्यता budh-yuta, s. f. Fitness to be killed.

कहान budhyuh-sthan, s. m. of public execution.

er bun, s. f. A forest, n wood. Bun-kunda, or Bin-gontha, s. m. Cowdung found in the forests. Bun-jatra, s. f. The pilgrimage through the 84 forests of Bruj. Bun jharna, er, —marna, or, —mujharna, To beat the forests.

वन खंड bun-khund, s. m. A forest.

बनचर ban-chur, s. m. A monkey

कर के bun-uj, s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.

बन जर bun-jur, s. f. Waste land.

बन्डारा bun-jā-ra, s. m. A grain-merchant, a carrier of grain.

बनजारी bun-ja-ree, s. f. A kind of tent used by Bunjarus, adj. f. Half-boiled (grain).

ded with spangles.

वनतराई bun tur-áce, s. f. A plant (Luffa). वनपद्चा bun-pur-ns, v. n. To succeed, answer, suit, come to pass.

बनवास bun-bás,s.m. Living in the forest. बनवासी bun-bá-see, adj. Inhabiting the forest.

बन्बिनाय bun-bil-io, s. m. A wild cat.

annier bun-bhan-ta, s. m. Wild (Lyngun) egg-plant (Solamum melongena).

बनसानुष bun-ma-noos, s. m. A man of the woods, a wild man, an ourang-botang.

वनसन्त bun-mai, s. f. A garland of various flowers reaching to the feet: usually of the flowers of the toolese (Ocymum sanctum), koond (Jusminum multiflorum), mundu (Asclepiasgigantea), parijur (Erythrina fulgens), and lotus.

बन्दर bûn-ra, s. m. A bridegroom.

बनरी bun-ree, s. f. A bride.

बनवाई bun-waee, s. f. Price paid for making any thing.

ৰন্থাৰ bun-was, s. m. Living in a wood, separated from one's family; (met.) disinher ted (a son).

वसवया bun-wy-ya, ε. m. A maker.

वनसी bun-see, s. f. A fishing hook; (in comp.) Of the race or lineage; a finte. Bunsee-but, The fig-tree under which Krishn was accustomed to play the flute.

भूता bûn-a, s. m. A bridegroom ; part. Made, prepared, having made, &c.

बनात bun-at, s. f. Woollen cloth, broad oloth.

बनाती bun-at-ee, adj. Woollen.

বৰ্ণাৰা bunána, v. a. To make, prepare, form, fashion, shape, do, fabricate, build, compose, perform, make to agree, adjust, adorn, reconnile, pluck (a fowl), to dress (victuals), to mend, repair invent, rectify, mosk, feign.

बनायाजाना bunáya-jána, v. n. To be making, to be in hand.

बनाव bun-ão, s. m. Preparation, decoration, dressing, decking one's self; concord, understanding, reconciliation. Bunao kurna, To adorn, bedeck, decorate.

ৰত্বত bun-a-wút, s. f. Make, invention, affectation, contrivance, fabrication, formation, fiction, sham.

बनावना bun-ao-na, v. a. To make, to pre-

बनावरी bun-áo-ree, e. f. Preparation.

वनासपनी bunás-púttee, . f. Forest leaves.

बनिज bun-ij, em. Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.

वनिता bun-it-a, s. f. A wife, a woman.

विचा bun-iya, s. m. A shop-keeper, e. merchant (usually a corn-chandler ).

बनियायन b miyayun, e. f. Wife of a Buniya.

बनी bun-ee, . f. A bride.

बनेजा bun-él-a, adj. Wild.

बनेटी bun-úy-tee, ) s. f. A torch lighted बनेटी bun-ét-ee, at both ends and whirled rounds o asto form a double circle of fire.

बर्गेनी bun-úy-nee, s. f Wife of a Buniya (shop-keeper, &c.)

बनेबाक सहा bunyya-kunda, e. m. Cow dung dried for fuel (not made up).

बनेला bun-tiy-la, udj. Wild.

बट्टनबाट bundun-war, s. f. A wreath or garland of leaves and flowers suspended across gateways on marriages or public festivals.

THE bun-dur, s. m. A monkey.

बन्दरका bundur-khütt, ह. m. A sore that does not heal : s running sore, an issue.

बन्दरिया bundur iya, े ह. f. A female बन्दरी bund ree, े monkey. बन्दा bun-da, े e.m. Mistletoe, a kind of

der bun-da, Epidendron (Epidendrum

are) bun-dec, s. f. An ornament worn on the forehead; a dress shorter than the Jamu. s. m. A tribe called Bhat, who are generally burds or panegyrists; a bard.

बद्धीरहरू bundee grib,s. m. A place of confinement a prison.

बन्दीलम bundee-jun, a.m. A sort of ornament; a bard.

बन्द हा bun-doo-há, s. m. A whirlwind.

बन्दोड bun-dor, s. f. A female slave.

and bundle, s. m. The child of a slave.

The bundle, s. m. A pledge, a deposit

s. m. f. A binding, a bandage, a tie or fetter;

bondage, imprisonment; binding, tying. Bundle

men purna, ya, ana, To become a captive.

ment; a pledge, a pawn, a deposit.
बद्धा की bûn-dhuk-ce, s. f. An uncliaste
woman, a barlot, a wanton; a barren woman.

and bundh-tuntr, s. m. A complete army, or one with its four divisions, of chariots, elephants, horse, and foot.

वजन bun-dhun, s m. Binding, tying, confining, fastening; bandage, bond; bondage, imprisonment; obstacle, hinderance.

यञ्जनप्रकि bundhun-grunthi, e. m. The knot of a ligature.

बद्धमर क्लू bundhun-rujjoo, s. f. Any rope or string used for trying.

wager bundh-na, v. 2. To be tied, fastened, bound, continuous or uninterrupted, kept, enclosed, laid, formed or composed. Bundhee moothee, An undisclosed intentian.

बद्धानास्य bundhun-alny, s. m. A prison. इद्धार्द्द bun-dhaee, s. f. Bond, binding, fast-

बन्दान bun-dhan, e.m. Pension, a fixed allowance made to any one!

बक्राना bun-dhá-na, v. a. To bind, fasten,

a ser with but dha-nee, s.m. One whose business it is thearry stone, timber, &c. slung over his shoulder, a pensioner; a gunner, artilleryman.

but especially a distant or cognate kinsman, and subsequent in right of inheritance to the gentile or Sugar, the Bundhop, is of three kinds: the kinsman of the person himself, of his father, or his mother, as his father's brother's son, and his mother's sister's or brother's son; and the same reckoning upwants, as his father's father's sister's son, for a friend, a brother; a flower (Pentapetes phantices).

बन्दुजन bundhoo-jun, s. m. A relation, a friend.

बन्द्रजीय bundhoo-jeev, s. m. A flower (Pensapetes phænicea).

relations or friends; relationship, friendship.

बन्दुत् bundhoo-twuh, s. m. Relationship, friendship.

बहरन bundhoo-dútt, adj. Given by a kinsman. s. m. One kind of female property, that given to a girl at her matriage by her own relations.

and bun-dhoor, s. m. A flower (Pentapetes phanicea); a drug commonly called Birang; a crane; a drug commonly called Reeshubh.

To the state of th

बन्दा bun-dhoo-wa, s. m.A prisoner, one bound, a captive. [relationless.

बन्द्र bun-dhoo-heen, adj. Friendless,

a red flower (Pentapetes phanices, but also applied to the Ixora Bundhoor); a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

बन्द अपूछ्य bun-dhook-pooshp, s. m. A tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

बाह्य ज ban-dhéj, e.m. Parsimony ; stability, steadiness, persistence.

awa bundhytih, adj. Barren, unfruitful, not bearing bruit in due season; detained, confined, under arrest.

a barren cow; a perfome, commonly called Bala.

Tail bun-na, v.m. To be made, to be prepared to be mended or adjusted; to chime, to agree, to fall in with, to do, to answer, to serve, to be, to become, to avail, to counterfeit, to succeed. \* m. A bridegroom. Buna choma, Dressed, decked out, arranged. Bunna thunna. To be fully adorned or prepared, to be decked out. Buna bunaya, Pinished, ready made, complete, entire, perfect. Buna ruhna, To remain waiting.

activat bunna phir, s. m. A tribe of Raj-

बन्हा bun-há, s. m. A. conjurer.

bun-hace, s. f. A female conjurer,

au'n bup-unsh, s. m. Petrimony, heritage. aurgraf hup-a hona, v. n. To be raised, established, or pitched.

बपुरा bup-co-re, } adj. Helpless.

wurdt bup-ou-tee, s. f. Paternal estate; patrimony, heritage. [path.

walt bu-pha-ra, c. m. Vapour, vapou

वस्तारि bubra-khéree, s. f. Quarrelling, discention.

the act of cropping (especially the manes of horses).

चवरता bub-réo-ta, s. m. A clown, a lout, bumpkin, clumsy young man.

नववा búb-oc-wa, s. m. A child, a boy (a term of fondness).

bub-bor, s. f. A tree of the Mimosa

species, but the commonest is Arabica), the Acacia tree.

दर्बोदया bub-ésiya, adj. Talking nonsense. s. m. A catamite.

बहरी bub-esec, s. f. The piles.

www bub-uy, s. m. The seed of a sweet-scented herb (Ocymum pilosum); a sort of bird.

búbh-roo, adj. Large, great; tawny, to, bald-headed through disease. s. m. A large ichneumon; the name of a sage; a tawny or brown colour.

www burn, s. f. A spring (of water); a fathom; a measuring rod.

was burn, An interjection addressed to Shiv (much used by yillyrims to the temple of Bujnath or Vydynnath).

काकाना bum-uk-na, v. n. To swell.

दसन bum-un, s.m. Vomit, emetic. Bumun kurna, To vomit.

वर्गीस bum-éel, s. m. A sort of grass.

art bya, s. m. The little bird that learns to fetch and carry, &c., and which the Hindoos teach to snatch the ornamental patch or water from the forehead of their mistresses (Loxia Indica); an assizer.

बबार by ar, s. f. Wind, air, बबाजा by ala, adj. Flatulent.

बबाजीस by-a-lees, adj. Forty-two.

वयाची by-a-sée, adj. Eighty-two.

ar bur, adi. Best, excellent, s. m. A boon, a blessing, a choice, a good; a bridegroom, a son-in-law; the Indian fig-tree. s. f. Asparagus racemosus, conj. But, moreover, even. Burduce, Giver of a choice or blessing.

at bur-un, conj. Moreover, but, even,

at ara bur-io, s. m. Abstinence.

बर्ड् bur-fiee, s. m. A seller of betel-leaf, a cultivator of betel.

बर्खना búr-ukh-na, र-n. To rain.

or wa bur-gut, s. m. The Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indian).

बर्गा bur-ga, e. m. A rafter.

बरनेन bur-gel, s. m. An ortolan (Alauda).

at wfaut bur-jut-iya, s. m. An innocent kind of snake.

बर जना bur-uj-na, v. a. To forbid, to pro-

बरको bur-un-ee, s. f. An eye-lash.

fast, a vow, a religious rite or penance; use.
s. f. A thong, leathern girth, rope. part. Flaming, blazing.

बरतन bur-tun, s. m. A dish, plate, basin, &c., vessel, utensil.

बरतना bur-út-na, v. a. To consider, to

That bur-ta, part. pass. That which has been used.

परताना bur-tá-na, v. a. To distribute. s. m. Old dothes.

are bur-ud, s. m. A bull, a bullock.

areta bur-dan, s. m. A wedding gift (to a bride); the answer to a prayer addressed to God or to a saint.

बरहार bur-dar, adj. Wide, broad (cloth). बरही bur-dee, s. f. A drove of cattle loaded.

बर्देश bur-dyt, s. m. A panegyrist, a bard, बर्च bar-udh, s. m. A bull, a bullock.

बर धना bur-udh-na, v. n.} To bull a cow.

are bur-un, s. m. Colour, sort, class; tribe (among the Hindoos), as Brahmun, Kihuttriyuh, Vyshynh, and Shoodr: a letter of an alphabet; praise, description cony. Moreover, but even, rather. Burun kurna, To hire a priest for the performance of a sacrifice or any religious ceremony.

बर्मन bur-nun, s. m. Description, recital, explanation, praise. Burnen kurna, To explain, describe, extol, praise.

past the north of Bonares s. m. A fruit tree (Cratowa tapia). v. a. To merry. v. a. To burn.

बर्नी húr-nee, e. f. An eye-lash. बर्मा कर्ना búr-pa kúrna, v. a. To raise,

pitch, establish, produce, set on foot, cause, occasion, introduce.

बरपा रक्षना bur-pa runna, v. n. To continue firm or standing.

कर पा होना bur-pa hous, v.n. To be raised, set on foot, pitched, established, produced, occasioned, arar bur-ee, s. f. A poculiar kind of arts bur-ees, s. m. A year. goat (from Barbary).

atau bur-bus, s. m. Strength, vigour; prowess, bravery.

ac afear bur-bhus-iya, adj. Affected, an old person who affects the manners of youth.

way bur-mul-a, adj. Public, conspicu-0115.

बरसा bur-ma, \*. m. A kind of gimlet or borer worked with a string.

avair bur-yar, adj. Strong, violent.

acater bur-yar-a, adi. Strong, violent. s. m. A medicinal herb so called.

acciai bur-rá-na, v. a. To talk in one's sleep or in a delirium.

araz bur-wut, s. m. A tumour in the belly.

avea bur-wut, a. f. A kind of snake.

arag bur-wuh, s. m. A bird that feeds on

बरवा bur-wa, & f. A ragince or musical mode by which doer and serpents are said to be

ary bur-us, s. m. Rain ; a year ; an intexicating drug made of opium. Burns-ganth, s. f. The ceremony of tying a knot on the anniversary birth-day of a child; birth-day.

बर स्थान bur-us-wan, adj. Annual, anni-

बरहोड़ी bur-son-ree,s. f. An annual tax or rent

ar ar bur-há, a. m. A field where cows feed.

बर हेला bur-hela, s. m. A wild hog. बहरू बा bur-hela,

act bur-a, s. m. Cakes made of ground pulse fried in oil, or ghee. adj. Large, great.

Tin bur-at, s. f. The marriage procession. acra? bur-at-ee, s. m. The company and attendants at a marriage.

बद्दाना bur-ana, v. n. To abstain, to withdraw.

sally bur-ára, s. f. A thong, a rope (particularly of a swing).

acre bur-áo, s. m. Abstinence.

stig bur-ah, s. m. A boar; the third Uvutar or mythological incarnation of Vishnoo in the form of a boar.

बरियाई bur-iyaee, s. f. Boast, exultation. afrair bur-iyar, adj. Strong, violent.

afratet bur-iyara, adj. Strong, violent. s. m. A medicinal herb so called.

art buree, & f. Quicklime ; a dish made of pulse; wedding garment.adj. Strong, powerful.

way bur-oon, s. m. The god of water; a tree (Oralieva lapia, or, Capparls trifoliata).

ale bur-ej, s. m. A betel-garden.

with bur ethur, s. f. A washerwoman. att bur-etha, s. m. A washerman.

aver bur-ér-a, e. f. A wasp.

ar bur-ay, s. m. A seller of betel-leaf, a cultivator of betel.

ata bur-uyn, s. f. A (female) seller of betel-leaf, or rather cultivator of betel.

arler bur-6 tha, ) s. m. A washerman; बरीहा bur-bu-tha, a vestibule.

ger burg, s. m. An assembly of people of one class, a multitude of similar things; a class of letters pronounced on the same part of the mouth (as the gutturals, palatals, &c.); the square of a number.

Til burg-ee, s. m. The Murhattas are so called.

ast bur chhá, s. m. } A (long slender) and bur-chhée, s. f. | spear, a javelin, dart. Bur-chha-, or, Bur-chhee-burdar, A spear-

बक्त bur-chhyt, s. m. A spearman.

an burn, s. m. Colour, sort, class ; a tribe (amony the Hindons), as Brahmun, Kshuttriyuh, Vyshyuh, Shoodr; a letter of an alphabet; praise, description.

बरान burn-tin, s. m. Description, resital, explanation, praise. Burnun kurnu, To explain, describe, extol, praise.

बर्धाना bur-nu-na, v. a. To explain, describe, praise.

बलाभाका burn-mala,s.f. An alphabet.

TUTTE burn-bur, s. m. A person of a tribe originating in the intercourse of a man of one tribe with a woman of another.

af burt, s. m. Use, practice.

जतन bur-tun, s.m A dish, plate, bason, &c. ; vessel, utensil.

बर्तना burt-na, v. a. To use.

बन्तमान burtumán, adj. Present, existent; the present tense.

बसर् bur-ma, s. m. A kind of gimlet or borer worked with a string.

autar bur-ma-na, v. a. To bore.

बर्की burm-há, n. prop. The people of Ava are so called.

artez bu-rá-hut, s. f. Chattering, prate, rant.

aw bursh, s. m. Rain ; a year.

awai burs-wan,adj. Annual, anniversary.

वर्षी bur-sho, ् s. f. The rains, the third | बन्दियह bul-nigruh, s. m. Weakening, reauf bur-kha, I season (of the six), from the 15th of Asharh to the 15th of Bhadoe; rain.

बषांक bur-shaoo, part. act. Raining. बर्बा क bur-khaso,

अवरेत bur-sat, s. f. The rainy season, the rains.

autal bur-sat-ee, s. f. A disorder in borses, the farcy.

waiter bur-shana, v. a. To cause to rain, to shower down: to rain.

aulwa bur-sha-shun, s. m. Yearly pay or subsistence.

बर्षा ही bur-shou-ree, s. f. An annual tax or rent.

वर्शना búrus-na, v. n. To rain.

agia bur-sat, s. f. The rainy season, the rains.

actal bur-sat-ee, s. f. A disorder in horses, the farcy.

agier bur-sá-na, v. a. To cause to rain, to shower down.

aff bur-see, s. f. An annual ceremony in commemoration of deceased relations.

and bur-hee, s. f. A peacock.

and bul, s. m. A coil, twist, crook, convolution; side, direction. Bulkhana, To be twisted. Buldar, adj. Crooked, twisted, coiled, convoluted. Bul dena, v. a. To twist.

was bul, s. m. Power, strength; semen virile; a name of the elder brother of Krishn, Bulram; name of the king of Patal or the infernal regions; a sacrifice, an offering. Bul beh, interj. Bravo! Bul jana, or, Bul bul jana, To be sacrificed. Bul dena, or, Bulkurna, To sacrifice.

बलकना bul-uk-na, v. a. To open ; to speak indistinctly from excessive joy or intoxication. बलाना búl-gén-a, s. m. A sob.

बजताड bul-tar, s. m. The male palm or toddy tree (Borassus flavelliformis).

बबतोड bul-tor, s. m. A pimple, a sore, a small boil (supposed to be caused by the breaking or pulling out of a hair, as the word imports).

and bull-ud, s. m. A bullock that carries a burden.

बलदाज bul-dioo. ) s. m. A cowherd, a बलदिया búl-diya, bullock-driver, a बलटी bui-dee, drover, a grain-mer-

chant. बलदेव bul-deo, s. m. A name of Bulram. बलदेवा bul-deva, s. f. A medicinal plant,

commonly called Traymon. वजना búl-na, v. n. To burn. ducing strength or power.

agamen bul-buk-ra, s. m. A person who dies in a battle, &c. without doing any thing.

यन्त्रज्ञा bul-bul-ana, v. n. To ferment (as sour milk, curds, &c.); to be inflamed with last; to make a noise (a camel) from lust.

बन्धद bul-bhudr, s. m. A strong or robust

जनभाजा bul-bhana, v. a. To allure.

बलन bul-um, ी s. m. A lover, a husband. बसका bal-ma,

बन्दांड bul-rand, s. f. A widow who lost her husband while very young.

बन्दान bul-ram, n. prop. The elder brother of Krishn.

वसवसा bul-wátta, s. f. Strength, power. वलवन्त bul-wont, ad). Strong, power-

बजवान bul-wan, ful, able-bodied, aggren bul-wala, stout, lusty.

बलवर्डन bul-vurddhun, ads. Strengthening, ennobling.

बसना búl-wa, s. m. A tumult, riot, sedition, mutiny, alarm.

बहुन bul-hún, s. m. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.

यह bul-hee, s. f. A faggot.

बाबहान bul-héen, adj. Weak, infirm.

इस्टीनता bul-heen-tá, s. f. Exhaustion, weakness, prostration of strength, infirmity from fatigue or age, &co.

agy bul-a, s. m. An aquatic and medicinal plant (Sida rhombifolia, rhomboidea, and cordifolia).

वलाई लेना bulace-lena, \ v.a. To draw the बनाएं का buláen-iena, I hands over the head of another in token of taking all his misfortunes upon one's self (generally practised by women).

बलाका bul-a-ka, s.f. A sort of crane.

wenfear bul-anchi-ta, s. f. A sort of Veen or lute, called also Kam's lute.

agra bul-at, s. m. A sort of bean.

agrant bul-at-kar, s. m. Violence, oppression, exaction; (in lime)the detention of the person of a debtor by his creditor, and the violent measures taken by the latter (flogging, &c.) to recover his debt.

बलारिसका bul-at-mik-a, s. f. A sort of sunflower (Heliotropium Ludicum).

बनानित bul-an-wit, add. Strong, powerful

a stag bul-a-bul, adj. Strong and weak.

agra bul-ayuh, s. m. A plant (Capparis | trifoliata).

बहाजन bul-á-luk, s. m. The Caronda (Carisses carandas).

actin bul-ash, s. m. The phlegmatic humour.

afa buli, s. m. An oblation, a religious offering in general; presentation of food to all created beings, one of the five great sacraments of the Hindoo religion it consists in throwing a small parcel of the offering, ghee or rice, or the like, into the open air at the back of the house; an animal, or one which is fit for an oblation; a king and Dytyuh, also Muha Buli, the virtuous sovereign of Muhabulipoor, tricked out of the dominion he had obtained over earth and heaven, by Vishnoo, in the Vamun or dwarf Uvutar, and left, in consideration of his merits, the sovereignty of Patal, or the infernal regions.

aferzie bulidán, s. m. An act of sacrificing, or offering victims in sacrifice to God.

afer bul-in, ady. Shrivelled, wrinkled, flabby, flaccid.

बिहार bulihár, s. m, Sacrifice Buli-

बनिहारी buliharee, s. f. haree jana. To be sacrificed.

बना bul-ee, adj. Strong, powerful, robust, stout. s.f. A wrinkle, skin shrivelled by old age; the fold of skin in stout persons, especially femulas upon the upper part of the belly, or between the ensiform cartilage and the navel.

बल् आ bul-oo-a, adj. Sandy.

वस्ता bul-for-na, v. a. To scratch, to tear with the nails.

acter bul-60-la, s. m. A bubble.

adet bul-en-da, s. m. A whirlwind; h ridge-pole (of a cottage).

we's bul-en-dec, s. f. A ridge-pole (of a cottage).

बलया लेना bulyya léna, n. a. To draw one's hands over the head of another in token of taking his misfortunes on one's self (generally practised by women)

wer bull-yuh, adj. Strong, vigorous. s. m. Semen virile.

amy bullubh, adj. Dear, beloved. s. m. A favourite, a friend; a superintendant, a master.

बज्ञन ballum, s. m. A spear. Bullumburdar, A spearman.

वक्का buila, s. m. A pole or boat-hook.

and ballee, s. f. A prop, a pole, a long pole to steer or move a boat with. Bullee marna, To push or move (a boat).

ziez huwun-dur, s. m. A whirlwind, a dovit

वराई buwaec, e. f. A kibe, blister or chap on the foot, chilblain.

garett bu-wa-seer, s. pl. The piles or homorrhoids.

TATET buwaha, udj. Pocky, affected with Lues venerea.

asfewy buwesiya, adj. Talking nonsense, a babbler. s. m. A cutamite.

TH bus, s. m. Power, will, command, advantage, authority. Bus and, To be obtained, to come into one's power. Buskurna, To overpower, to bring to submission.

asfara bus-git, s. f. Residence.

way bus-un, s. m. Cloth ; a dress, a habit, a suit of clothes, apparel, attire.

वसना bús-na, v. n. To dwell, inhabit, settle, reside, abide, to be peopled.

बसनी bus-nee, s. f. A purse. यसना bus-unt, s. f. The spring; one of the musical modes of the Hindoos, the first of the six seasons, comprising Chyt and Bysakh : the small-pox; a phrase peculiar to the Bengalees. Busine phoolna, v. n. To put forth the blossoms of mustard plants. Ankhon men busunt phoolnee, To dazzle. Busunt kee khubur, Knowledge of, or care about, futurity.

वसनी bus-un-tee, adj. Of yellow colour. वस्याना busúr-ána, v. n. To come to an end; to succeed, to get away from. Busur kurna, v. a. To bring to an end, to finish, accomplish, execute, spend, pass. Busur jana,v. n. To be finished, to pass away. Busur le-jana, v. a. To bring to an end, finish, accomplish, execute, acquit one's self of, outstrip. Busur hona, v. n. To be finished, ended, spent, or passed.

बहाना bus-á-na, v. a. To people, to colonize, to cause to dwell, to bring into cultivation, to settle a country.

THE World, the earth.

बस्ता bus-oc-la, s. m. A kind of axe used by carpenters, an adze.

and bus-60-lee, e. f. An instrument for cutting bricks.

TENT bus-en-dha, adj. Stinking

aux bus-éra, s. m. A time before evening when birds return to their nest; a night's lodging; a bird's roost, a bird remaining on its roost Busera kurna, To roost.

वसीवास bus-o-hás, s. m. Home, dwelling-

place, residence, country. chattels, goods, baggage.

way bustr, s. m. Cloth, clothes, raiment, apparel.

agar bus-trá, s. m. A plant Callicarpa Americana).

and bus-tree, s. f. An abode, a village, a peopled or inhabited place, a population.

west bus-na, s.m. Cloth, a wrapper, packcloth.

THE BUT bublik-na, v. n. To be balked, to be disappointed, to be deceived, to stray, to be intoxicated.

बहराना buh-ka-na, v. a. To balk, disappoint, mislead, deceive, beguile.

बहु की buhun-gee, s. f. A bamboo stick with ropes hanging from each end for slinging baggage to, which is carried on the shoulder.

बहुजाना búh-jána, ) v. n. To flow, pass;

विक्रजान buhi-jana, f to go or swim with the stream; to be ruined, to be destroyed.

wear buhta, part. act. Running (vater), affoat. Bultch panee men hath dhona, To pay attention to one's friends, or to attend to one's own duty or affairs while the opportunity is favourable; to make hay while the sun shines.

war buhut-tur, adj. Seventy-two.

agyr ban-dha, e. f. Pain, distress ; obstruction, hindrance, prevention.

बहुन bahun, } s. f. A sister.

बहुना buh-na, v. n. To flow, to glide : to float; to blow, to pass away, drive.

वहने buh-néoo, े & m. A sister's hus-बहनोद्दे buh-néee, ) band, a brother-inlaw.

बहुनेसी buhun-fleg s. f. An adopted sis-

बहबहा buh-buhá, adj. Flowing, gliding along; brave, bold; public, notorious.

बहर buhr, e.f. A fleet.

बहुद्द्रा buh-ra, adj. Deaf.

auftur büh-riya, adj. A stranger. .

बहरी buh-ree, s. f. A falcon, a female hawk (Faloo calidus). Buhree-bucha, s. m. The male of the Buhree.

बहुत buhul, s. f. A two wheeled car (for riding in, not for baggage), a coach, a carriage. बहुजना buhul-na, v. n. To be diversed, te be amused.

वह जाना buh-lá-na, v. a. To divert, amuse, recreate.

बहुनिया buhul-iya, s. m. A kind of servant armed with bow, arrow, &c., a huntsman.

बहुली buh-lee, s. f. A two-wheeled car (for riding in, not for baggage), a coach, a carriage.

E WHAT buhus-un, was To argue, dispute, debate, talk.

बद्धादेश buha-déna, v. a. To set affont, demolish, destroy, ruin, impoverish, deprive of felicity or fortune.

TETT buhána, v. a. To make flow, set affoat or adrift, float, launch, swim away.

agr free ar bule phirms बहा बहा फिरना baha baha phirna, To

wander, to be in a distressed condition, to be intoxicated.

arry buháo, s. m. A flood, a flooding. flor, flux, afflux, effusion, fluidity.

विकास buhi-jana, v. n. To flow, pass ; to go or owim with the stream; to be ruined, to be destroyed.

afer bohin, s. f. A sister.

विद्याना búhir ána, v. n. To issue, to come out.

afect buhira, adj. Deaf.

बहिराना buhirána, v. a. To divert, to mouse, to recreate.

afra w bahir-desh e.m. Remote or foreign country.

a sign buhir-mookh, s. m. The neglect or violation of any moral or religious duty. adj. Impious.

wfser buhil-a, ad). f. Barren (generally applied to cattle).

as buliee, s. f. A book not stitched at the sides but at the ends; a register, book of accounts, ledger.

Tel buheer, 1 s. f. The baggage, &c. of बहीड buheer, I an army.

वहीरीबना buhéero-boona, Idem.

am buhoo, adj. Much, many; large, great. aga buhook, s. m. A plant (Asclepias gigantea).

बड्डनबर्क búhoo-kúntuk, s. m. A prickly plant (Hedysarum allege), the marshy date tree. वहारा búhoo-kál, s. m. A long time.

बद्ध ग्रम báhoo-gándh, s. m. Olibanum.

बद्धगद्धा buhoo-gundha, s. f. Arabian jus-

A STATE Duhoo-goon, m. ) adj. Many assign buhoo-goons, f. I times ; having many good qualities.

and bahoot, adj. Much, many, more, most. Buhoot yar hona, To become more intimate than formerly.

agara buhoot-at s. f. Excess abundance. बद्धतायत buhon-tayut, s. f. Abundance, plenty, multitude.

much, abundant, most.

Taga buhoo-truh, adv. In many ways or places, &c.

tude, muchness, abundance.

Birch tree.

बहर भी buhoo-durshee, adj. Experienced.

ৰস্তু বিজ্ঞান buhoo-doogdhi-ka, ধ. f. A. plant, yielding a caustic milky justice (Euphorbia of various sorts):

बहुदृष्ट buhoo-drisht, adj. Experienced.

बहरोड़ buhoo-dosh, adj. Full of faults or defects, very wicked, very bad.

बद्धधन buhoo-dhun, adj. Wealthy, rich.

बहुश्च buhoo-dha, adv. In many ways, sorts, &c., usually, generally, mostly, often.

बहुधानत búhoo-dha-gút, adj. Dispersed,

बड़पटु buhoo-putoo, adj. Very clever.

बद्धपत्र buhoo-pútr, s. m. Tale.

बह्च पत्नी búhoo-pútree, s. f. A drug (Trigonella fænum-grecum).

वड्डपर्वी búhoo-púrnee, s. f. A medicinal plant (Trigonella fænum-grecum),

agga buhoc-pootr, adj. Having many children s. m. A tree ( Echites scholaris ).

बद्धपुत्रो buhoo-pootree, s. f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus).

बह्मशाह búhoo-pruváh, adj. Flowing in many streams.

बहुबद्दन búhoo-búch-un, s. m. The plural number (in grammar).

बद्धमा buhoo-phul, adj. m. Fertile, fruittul. s. m. The Kudumb tree (Naucleu Cadamba).

fruitful. a.f. The opposite-leaved fig-tree.

बहुभाउद्या búhoo-bhágyuh, adj. m.) Fortu-बहुभाउद्या búhoo-bhágya, adj. f.) nate. बहुभाउद्या búhoo-mán, a. m. Respect, rever-

बड़ार्स buhoc-moorti, adj. Multiform.

कड़बंड buhoo-mool, adj. Many-rooted, having many roots.

बडमला búhoo-móolyuh, adj. Costly, precious

age buhoor, ade. Again.

variable (in colour); changeable.

come back.

यहराना builton-tains, v. a. To bring back, to cause to return.

agfe buhoori, adv. Again.

बद्धारिका bahoo-riya, s. f. A daughter-inlaw.

and buhoo-roop, adj. Multiform, s. m. Mimickey.

बहुद्धा búhoo-róopa, s. m. A chameleon.

बहुत्वी búhoo-róopee, ब mimick, ब mimick, ब mimick, ब क्रिकेट búhoo-róopyuh, s. m. Mimickry.

and buhoo-rekha, s. m. pl. Wrinkles, furrows, marks of care or pain.

asel buhooron, adv. Again.

ager buhool, adj. Much, many.

asses buhool-twuh, s. m. Abundance.

बञ्जन buhoo-vuch-un, s. m. The plural number (in grammar). [mysu).

बहुत्य búhoo-var, s. m. A fruit (Cordia बहुत्य búhoo-vidh, adj. Various, multiform, of many sorts or kinds.

against buhoo-veej, adj. Having many or much seed. s. m. The custerd-apple (Amona squamosa).

agalas buhoo-véerjyuh, s. m. Belleric myrobsian (Terminalia belerica).

क्ट्रजोहि bulloo-vrechi, s. m. One of the forms of grammatical composition, the compounding two or more words to furnish an epithet or attributive; as, बद्धसान bulloo-mal, Having many necklaces.

बहुशनु buhoo-shutroe, adj. Having many enemies.

बहु भाख búhoo-shákh, adj. Having many branches or ramifications.

बद्धस्ता búhoo-sóota, ह. f. A plant (Asparagus).

THE buhoo-soo, s. f. The mother of many children.

wife, a wife.

बहुद्धार buhoo-ar, s. m. A fruit (Cordia myza, and Cordia latifolia).

बहेड्रा, buhera, s. m. A fruit, the Belleric myrobalan (Terminalia belerica).

बह्न buhétoo, s. m. A vagabond, vagrant, wanderer.

बहेलिया buhelia, s. m. A fowler; a tribe of Hindoos.

बच्चानेटा buhm-néta, s. m. A young Brah-

ata bank, s. m. A crook, curveture, bending; a reach or jurning of a river; fault, offence,

wickedness. s. f. A semicircular ornament worn on the arms; a kind of dagger; an exercise with the dagger; a settee.

araugi bank-pútta, s. m. A kind of fencing with (wooden) dagger and cutlass.

बांकपन bank-pun, s. m. Foppishness, debauchery, disorderly conduct.

airt banka, s. m. A fop, beau, coxcomb back, brave, bully, a knife or hock to cut bamboo with s. f. Name of a river adj. Crooked, toppish, coxcombish, arrant.

aiming banka-chóor, s. m. A fop, beau, coxcomb, bully, bravo.

बांगा ban-ga, s. m. Raw cotton.

बांचना banch-na, v. a. To read.

Tier ban-chha, s. f. Wish, desire.

wife a ban-chhit, adj Desired, wished, longed-for.

बांजर ban-jur, adj. Lying waste or fallow (land).

aren banjh, adj. Barren.

wiz bant, s. m. Share, distribution; a weight (i. s. the standard by which things are weighed); food given to a cow while she is milked. Bant chont, Share, distribution.

बांटना bantna, v. a. To share, distribute, divide, participate, dispose.

ater ban-da, adj. Tail-less. s. m. A serpent which has lost its tail.

बांची bán-dee, s. f. A cudgel, a kind of dress.

atti ban-da, s. m. The name of a place in Boondelkhund; a parasite plant which grows on trees (Epidendrum, particularly tesselatum). atti ban-dee, s. f. A female slave, a bond-

maid. बांच bandh, s. m. An embankment ; confinement, imprisonment.

aiver bandh-ma, v. a. To bind, tie, fasten, shut, stop water, embank; to invent, contrive, devise, stop, pack, aim, build, compose, form, put, settle.

are bandh-noo, s. m. A mode of dying, in which the cloth is tied in different places, to prevent the parts tied from receiving the die; slander, plot, plan; a kind of silk cloth, a kind of parrot.

बां बां कर्ना ban-ban kúrna, v.n. To prate idly, to talk foolishly.

aig bans, s. m. A bamboo; a measure of about ten feet, used to measure tanks, ditches, and excavations in general. (A cube of one bans is called a chouka,) Pans pur churhna, v. n. To be branded with infamy.

who work on bamboos.

बांसरी bans-ree, s. f. A finte, fife, pipe. बांसजी bans-lee, s. f. A finte, fife, pipe ; a

वांसा ban-sa, s. m. The bridge of the nose. बांसी ban-see, a.f. Finte, fife, pipe. adj. Made of bamboo.

aigi ban-soo-ree, s. f. Flute, fife, pipe, aig banh, s. f. The arm; guarantee, protecter or security (as when a man trusts himself in the power of an enemy, a third person, who engages to return him to his house or fort in security, is his banh). Banh nukurna, To protect. Banh toura, To be destitute of friends or protectors. Banh dena, To ussist. Banh guhna. To protect. Banh churhana, To get ready, to

prepare.
aifgai ban-hiyan, s. m. A patron.

at ha, adv. Or, either.

Warhattas); a dancing girl. Bace jee, s. f. The mother bawd.

बार्च ba-ées, adj. Twenty-two.

art of base-see, s. f. The royal army (so called, because composed of the troops of twenty-two societies); a command of 22,000 men. Base-see tootna, To attack with one's whole force.

बाईहा bace-há, s. m. Rheumatism.

बाक bak, s. m. Language, dialect, speech. बाक्जा bak-la, s. m. A bean.

वाकस ba-kus, s. m. A bush of which charcoal is made for the manufacture of gun-powder (Justicia adhatoda, or, gandarussa).

aron bak-yuh, s. m. A sentence, speech, a word.

area ba-khur, s. m. An area or courtarea ba-khul, yard; several houses contained within one enclosure, a drug used as a ferment.

morne, To turn the reins; and this phrase is applied to the drying up of the smail-pox; thus, when the pustules begin to blacken and dry up, they say, Scella neh bag moree, or, Mala neh bag moree, Bag lena, To take the rein; to curb or pull up (a horse, &c.) Bag hath seh chhoona, The reins to have slipped from the hand, denotes the loss of choice, power or control.

aragic bag-dor, s. f. A long rein with which horses are led.

ann ba-ga, s. m. A vestment; honorary dress.

बागी bá-gee, s. m. A'horseman.

बास bagh, s. m. A tiger.

बाधन ba-ghún, बाधनी bagh-née, } e.f. A tigress.

बावकर bagh-um-bur, s. m. A tiger's skin.

बाधा bá-gha, s. m. A tiger.

बाधी bá-ghee, s. f. A bubo.

बादक ba-chuk, part. act. Speaker; (in grammar) an explanatory particle.

भाजा bá-cha, s. f. Speech, language, word ; affirmation, agreement, promise.

are bách-vuh, s. m. A sentence (in gram mar). adj. Speakable, fit to speak.

arm bachh, s. f. Selection; the corner of the lip. adj. Useless.

बाह्यना báchh-na, v. a. To choose, to selegt.

wreet ba-chha, . m. A calf, or the young of any animal.

बाजगाज baj-gaj, a. m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

बाजन bá-jun, ] s. m. pl. Musi-

बाजन बाजा bájun-bája, s calinstruments. बाजना báj-na, v. n. To sound (as a musical instrument); to be published, to resound.

arest báj-ra, s. m. A kind of grain, Indian corn (Holous spicatus).

aren ba-ja; s. m. A musical instrument.

बाजागाजा bája-gája, s. m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

बाजी bá-jee, s. m. A horse.

बाज bá-joo, s. m. An ornament worn on the arm, a bracelet.

TIE bat, s. f. Road, highway, path. s. m. A weight or measure of weight.

arfear bá-tik-a, s. m. A villa.

aret ba-tee, s. f. A habitation, dwellinghouse, home, a garden-house,

बाटे बाटे batch-ghatch, adv. Somewhere or other.

are bar, s. f. Edge (of a sword, knife, &c.), verge, edge, margin, a fence, a bedge, a line (of "soldiers); a place below Poina. Bar oorana, To fire a volley. Bur chirmana, or, -chirna, To sharpen. Bar jharna, To fire a volley. Bar dilwana, on -dena, To sharpen, to grind; to exorte, to instigate, to animate. Bar pukrana, To encourage, to teach. Bar bandhua, To enclose a field with thorns. Bar rulhna, To sharpen,

बाइव bá-ruv, s. m. Submarine fire; a Brahmain.

दाइवानस bar-wa-núl, s. m. Submarine fire. arer bá-ra, s. m. An enclosure; alms,

charity. affect ba-ri-ya, s.m. A whetter (of swords,

knives, dec.) arel barse, & f. An enclosed piece of ground, a garden, orchard, kitchen-garden; a house with the garden, orchard, &c., attached to it; cotton

are barh, s.f. Increase, promotion; a flood. बारना barh-na, v. n. To increase, enlarge,

go on, proceed, advance, exaggerate, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.

arm ban, s. f. Temper, quality, manners. s. m. An arrow, a rocket used in bastle; name of an Usoor, son of raja Buli; the boar or swell of the tide in the Indian rivers; a kind of rope made of moony, used to form the bottoms of beds, as well as for other purpos

arfures ba-nij-yuh, s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise.

Truff ba-nee, s. f. Speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Survey

arest ban-da, adj. Tail-less. s. m. A ser-

pent which has lost its tail. बात bat, s. f. Speech, language, word, saying, report, discourse; account, subject, que

tion, cause, business, affair, matter, circumstance, particular, article. But kurna, To converse, to talk, speak, say, address. Bat katna, To interrupt. Bat ka butukkur kurna, To multiply words, to talk much on little. But kee but, Unmeaning orders, commands not expected to be obeyed, words of course. Bat kee bat men, adv. Instantly. Bat kuhao, s. m. Conversation. chitchat. But koorsee nisheen hona, To be acceptable or approved of, a word or speech. Bat gurhna, To speak to the purpose, to (speak so that one's words) have effect or make impression. Bat chulana, To converse, to start a subject. Bat cheet, s. f. Conversation, chitchat, confabulation, discourse, talk. But talna, To put off, to excuse one's self. Bat daina, To throw away one's words, to ask in vain. But dhurana, To persist in making excuses, to put off, to evade. But pana, To accomplish one's wishes, to effect one's purpose, Bat phenkna, To jeer, to mock, to speak at (but not to). But pherna, To equivocate. But burhana, To prolong a contest. But bunana, To make up a story, to make excuses. Baten soonana. To abuse, to speak harshly. Baten soonna. To receive abuse or harsb reproof. But bandhna, To sophisticate, to prevaricate. Bat bigarna, To mar a plot, to spoil. Bat marna, To turn off, to evade, to divert a discourse, &c. Bat men kooch kurna, To perform a business in a short time, to lose no time in doing any thing. But rukhna, To assist, to agree, to comply. Bat rukhna, To make good one's words. Bat lugana, To calmoniate, to insinuate something maliciously.

ara bat, s. m. Pain in the joints, rheumatism.

and ba-tee, s. f. A candle; the wick of a lamp; a tent or bougie put into a wound to keep it open.

बातिनया ba-tóo-nia, s. m. A talkative, conversible, entertaining person,

बात्जी ba-t60-nee, adj. Conversible, talkative, chatty, entertaining.

are bad, s. m. Accusation, dispute, assertion, affirmation; rheumatism. Bad kurna, To argue.

षादर bá-dur, } s. m. A cloud.

भारता bad-la, s. m. Gold or silver thread or wire, brocade.

बादानुबाद bad-anoo-bad, e. m. Altercation.

बादली bad-lee, s. f. Silver cloth.

a plaintiff, an enemy, a mischief-maker, disputant, an arguer. Badee-chor, An inveterate thief.

TTER há-door, s. m A flying-fox, a bat.

are badh, s. m. Opposing, hindering.

poses, pains, &c.

area badhun, s. m. Pain; impeding, opposing area badha, s. f. Pain, distress; obstruc-

tion, hinderance, prevention.

arfar bá-dhít, adj. Obstructed, impeded; pained, tormented.

s. m. An arrow, a rocket used in battle; the name of an Usoor, son of raja Buli; the high tide in the Indian rivers commonly called the Bore; a kind of rope made of moonj, used to form the bottoms of beds as well as for other purposes.

बानगी ban-gee, s f. A pattern, a muster.

FIGURE ban-prasth, s. m. One who retires from the world with his wife and family, and is supposed to pass his life in devotion in the forests; an anchoret or hermit.

बानर bá-nur, s. m. A monkey.

बान्ड bán-weh, ady. Ninety-two.

stiff bana, s. m. Habit, profession; fashion in dress, peculiar to individuals or to bodies taken individually (so, regimentals may be called bana); uniformity; a kind of weapon; a rail; the woof in weaving. Bana bandhna, To be ready, to be determined.

WITT bana, v. a. To open.

wiw's ba-nee, s. f. The price paid for a work; ashes; the thread with which cloth is woven, speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Surusvutec.

बाबीबानी bance-bonce, a. f. The price of weaving.

ara tha-n60-a, s. m. Name of a waterbird,

Traff ba noo-see, s. r. } A kind of cloth.

Tract ban-da, s. m. Name of a place in Bundelthund.

बास्त्र ban-dhuv, s. m. A relation, a kinsman; friend.

arru bap, s. m. Father. Bap kurna, To consider as a father. Bap mera (my father!) and, Bap reh (O father!), are exclamations expressive of surprise, grief, &c.

बापरी bap-ráu, } adj Helpless, poor.

wru baph, s. f. Steam, vapour.

बायनी bab-née, s. f. A snake's hole.

भाषा bá-bar, s. m. A kind of sweetmeat. भाषा bá-ba, s. m. Father, dad; sire ! sir !

child! Baba jan, Dear child!

Master (a title given by Hindsos, equivalent to Mr. or Squire).

The bam, s. f. An eel (Ophidium simack).

चानकां म bam-ung, s. m. The left side.

कासन bá-mun, s. m. A dwarf

बाक्सनी bambh-née, } s. f. A snake's hole,

aregren bab-mun, s. m. Brahmun.

Brahmun; name of a medicinal herb, the moonplant; a stye on the eyelids; a lizard.

बाञ्चनहरी bahmun huttee, s.f. Name of a plant (Ovieda verncellata).

वादन bá-yun, s. m. Sweetmeat, cakes, &c. distributed at marriages and other ceremonies.

and bayub, adj. Apart, separate, distinct; strange. Fit but bayub hy, This is another thing.

The hass part in music, the base sound especially of tubia, dholuk, and pukhawuj), which are played on with the left hand. Bayan paon paoina, To acknowledge the cusning of an artful person.

girl not exceeding sixteen; verge, edge. s. m. A day of the week; door; water; child; hair; prohibition, obstacle. Bar lugana, v. a. To delay, to heritate.

चार देश har-déna, v. a. To load, give charge; to impose, give trouble, encumber; to give admission, to give leave.

witten ba-run, s. m. Forbidding, prohibiting, preventing; an elephant.

era of bar-na. s. n. To leave off, separate.

arawi bar-na, v. c. To kindle, light.

ure sure bar-um-bar, adv. Often, frequently, repeatedly. hena, To be vagabond, ruined, or harnssed. Barah-dures, s. f. A summer-house.

arrier? bara-khuree, s. f. The combination of the consonants with the symbols of the vowels.

बारादरी bara-dur-ee, s. f. A summerhouse.

बारासिंगा bara-singa, e. m. A stag (Cervus elaphus).

बाराइ ba-rab, s. m. A hog.

arra ba-ree, s. m. A window; the name of a caste of Hindoos whose business it is to sell torches and leaves which are used as platters; an ornameut worn in the ear and nose; a garden, an orchard, a house; a girl not exceeding sixteen; time, tour, turn. Baree-keetup, Auintermittentiever. Baree-lar, Anattendant who waits in turn with others.

वास्त्री bá-roo-nee, s. f. Spiritnous liquors. बाह्र ba-róo, s. f. Land. s. m. A child.

बाह्य ba-róo, } s.f. Gan-powder.

and bal, adj. Ignorant, unwise, uninstructed; young, infantine, a child.

बाज bal, s. m. An infant, a child; it wound bá la, s. f. usually means the young child, under five years old, bat is equally applicable till sixteen years of age.

Bal charitr, Tricks of children. Bal bandhee kourcemarna, To shootst without missing, to act with great care, not to mistake. Bal bal, Hair by hair, every hair. Bal beeta, A bent or disordered hair, is used to express "the smallest harm or inconvenience;" so, Bal beeka nuh koweh, Let not a hair be disordered (let not the least harm be done).

are bal, s. f. An ear or spike of corn; a crack in a cupor glass, m. The threadon which augar is crystallized. Baldar, A cracked vessel (of china, glass, &c.)

वालक baluk. s. m. A boy, an infant. वालकल baluk-twith, ) s. m. Childhood, वालकपन baluk-pun, childishness.

arear bal-ks, s. m. A young follower of

a Jogee or Sunnyasee. बालकोड baluk seyuh, adj. Childish, infan-

ৰাজন্ত bal-chhur, s.f. Name of a medicine or perfume.

वासताह bal-tor, e.m. A pimple. बासता bal-na, v. a. To kindle, to light. बासको bal-buchcheh, s. pl. Children. वासभोग bal-bhog, s. m. An offering to Krishn presented early in the morning.

বাজন ba-lum, s. m. A lover or beloved person; a husband; a kind of cloth. Balum theres, s. m. A sort of cucumber in season in the rains (a variety of Cucumis sativa).

THERE'S bal-rand, s. f. A widew, who when very young, lost her husband.

बाबराज bal-ráj,

बाजवायज bal-váyuj, s. m. Lapis lazuli.

Tier ba-la, s. f. A female child, a girl not exceeding sixteen; a medicinal and fragrant plant. s. m. An ear-ring; a male child, a boy. Bak-chend, The new moon.

Tieray bala-tup, s. m. The rays of the rising sun.

बाजापन bala-pún, s. m. Childhood, infancy.

वाजाभोजा bala-bhola, adj. Innocent, artless as a child. s. m. An artless child.

बालि báli, । s. m.A monkey, the son of बाली bálee, । Indr. killed by Ram.

बारिनी ba-lin-ce, s. f. The constellation Uswines.

बालिश bá-lish, s. m. A pillow.

and ba-lee, s. f. A female child; an earring worn in the ear passing through the centre of it.

water, from gravel, &c.

बाल bá-loo, s. m. A drug commonly called Elubalook.

बालक ba-look, s. m. A drug and perfume. बालका baloo-ka, s. f. Sand, gravel.

बालकागड़ balooka-gur, क्या. A sort of fish (Chelodipterus culins and butis).

बाल् कासय bálooka-múy, adj. Sandy, gravelly.

बाल bá-loo, s. f. Sand.

बाल के ha-look, s. m. A sort of poison.

बाज्यों báloo-chúr-ee, adj. (Silk cloth)

बालेय baleyuh, s. m. A plant (Sipho-बालेयभाक baleyuh-shak, ) nanthus In-

बाह्यपरीत baló-puv-éet, s. m. The sacrificial thread, or a substitute for it as worn by children; a cloth covering the privities.

बाल्य bal-yuh, s. m. Childhood.

ara bao, s. f. Wind, air; the venereal disease. Baokarookhbutana Tochest, to impose on, to deceive. Bao khance, To live in pleasure

and enjoyment; to court one's inspirations, i.e. to protract a miserable existence. Bao bundee, z.f. Sophistry, exaggerated praise of a sorthless being. Bao bandhaa, To provail over an adversary by flattery or invective without argument. Bao bhureekhal, Of lightestimation. Bao surna, Wind being discharged backwards.

बाबग bá-wug, s. m. Seed-time.

बावगोबा báo-góla, s. m. The colick, flatulency.

बावभन bao-jhúk, adj. A prattler, tri-बावभन bao-bhúk, fling talker, babbler.

बाबडी báo-ree, s. f. A large well.

aran ba-wun, adj. Dwarfish, diminutive.
s.m. The fifth supposed incarnation of Vishnoo in
the form of a dwarf.

बावन bá-wun, adj. Fifty-two.

बाबना bao-na, adj. Dwarfish.

बायबतास bao-but-as, s. f. Possession by a demon or devil, misfortune, calamity.

बाइरा báo-ra, adj. Mad, insane, crazy. बादरी báo-ree, s. f. A large well.

बावला báo-la, adj. Mad, insane, crazy.

arta bao-lee, s. f. A large well into which people descend by steps to get water; the drag (thing or animal with which hawks, dogs, &c. are taught to hunt); a trick. Baolee dena, To initiate, to train.

बावजेना bao-léna, s. m. Name of a defect in horses.

बावसूच bao-sóol, s. m. The colick.

बायीन ba-sheen, s. f. The female of a kind of hawk or falcon

THE bas, s. m. Abode, residence. s. f. Smell, seent, odour.

बासक bá-suk, ्र s. m. The chief of

area ba-soo-kee, serpents, which is labled to support the universe, and which was used as a string to whirl the mountain Mundur in churning the ocean for the umrit, &c.

बासन bá-sun, s. m. A basin, plate, dish, goblet, pot. &c.

बासना bás-na, s. f. Desire, inclination, choice, v. a. To scent, to perfume.

बाहर bá-sur, s. m. A day.

arar bá-sa, s. m. Lodging, abode, dwelling, temporary residence.

artif ba-see, adj. Stale; perfumed. adj. m. (used substantively) Inhabitant; as, Bun-basse, Inhabitant of the woods. Basse kurna, To make stale, to vomit.

बाइ bah, s. m. f. The arm.

बाहन ba-hun, s. m. A vehicle, carriage,

any animal or other conveyance on which a per -

बाह्ना bah-na, v. a. To shoot, to discharge a weapon; to comb (the hair).

arec ba-hur, adv. Without, out, out-

Foreign.

arfere bá-hir-uh, s. m. The left side (in sward exercise, &c.)

arfart bá-hir-ee, adj. Outward.outer, outside, extraneous, foreign; stranger, foreigner.

arg bá-hoo, s. f. An arm.

args ba-hooj, s. m. Sesamum growing wild or spontaneously.

arear ba-hoo-da, c. f. The name of a river, said to arise in the snowy chain of the Hima-luy, and probably the modern Behut, the classical Hydaspes.

an ornament worn round the upper arm.

बाह्यन bahoo-mool, s. m. The arm-pit.

बाइबुड bahoo-jooddh, s. m. Close fight, personal struggle, boxing, wrestling.

बाइन्स् ba-hool-yuh, s. m. Plenty, abundance, quantity.

विश्वारी bi-ár-ee, s. f. Supper.

যিলেল bin-jún, s. m. Sauce, condiments, particularly vegetables dressed with clarified butter, &c. and added to fleshor fish; (in grammar) a consonant.

ভিয়েল bin-dál, s. f. A medicinal herbfew bimb, s. m. The name of a tree bearing a red fruit (Momordica monadelpha, or, Byronia grandis).

for a bik, s. m. A wolf.

Twaz bik-út, adj. Difficult ; terrible.

Figure 1 bik-na, v. n. To be sold, to sell. Bik jana, (met.) To be dependent on, to be obliged.

विकरार bik-rar, } adj. Terrific, ugly.

विकल bik-úl, adj. Restless, uneasy, trou-

विकासना bik-ús-na, v. n. To blow or expand (as a flower); to be delighted, to smile,

विकस्ति bik-us-it, adj. Expanded, blown (as a flower); delighted.

विकास bik-áoo, adj. Saleable, for sale.

विकाना bik-ana, v. a. To sell.

family bik-ar, s. m. The change of any thing from its original state, deterioration; disease.

विकास bik-al, s. m. Afternoon.

fa ara bik-ao, s. m. Sale, vent.

frate bik-as, s. m. Shining, blooming, expansion, display; pleased, happy, delighted.

Sc.)
form bik-ree, s. f. Sale.

বিষয়ের bik-húrna, n. n. To be scattered dispersed or dishevelled; to become angry. বিষয় big-undh, s. f. Stink, fetor.

funger big-ur-na, v. n. To be spoiled, damaged or marred, to fail of success, miscarry, to quarrel, disagree, be at variance, be enraged.

विश्व big-ree, s. f. Spoil, damage, misunderstanding between friends, war, battle.

fanfa bi-gut-i, s. f. Badness.

fewer big-ha, s. m. A quantity of land containing twenty kuthas or 120 square feet.

fante big-år, s. m. Violation, difference, quarrelling, discord, misunderstanding, damage, injury. Bigar kurna, v. a. To quarrel, to forfeit friendship. Bigar pur ana, v. u. To be ready to quarrel.

বিবাছনা big-arna, v. a. To spoil, mar, damage injure, ruin, bungle; to cause misunderstanding between friends,

विश्वज big-hun, s. m. Hinderance, stop, prevention, intercuption.

far bich, adv. In, among, between.

factor bich-tik-na, v. n. To be disappointed, to be balked; to sprain; to runaway, to retreat; to withdraw a consent which has been given.

विश्वका bich-kunna, s. m. An ornament worn in the anterior lobe of the car.

faranten bich-kana, v. a. To balk, disappoint, to break one's promise.

বিষয়না bich-úl-na, v. n. To turn, to bend, slip, break one's promise, infringe.

विजय bich-wuee, े s. m. A mediator, विजयाने bich-wanee, interposer, arbitrator, agent, ambassador.

faur bich-ar, s. sn. Consideration, reflection, contrivance, judgment, opinion, thought, apprehension, will

fastica bich-ar-úk, part. act. Investigator, judge, inspector.

factor bich-ar-ut, part. Reflecting, think-

fact, think, investigate, comprehend, apprehend, conceive, judge.

विवाली bich-á-lee, s. f. Straw.

fafam bich-ftr, adj. Variegated, various; wonderful.

fa affe at bich-bulliya, s. m. A mediator, interposer, arbitrator, agent, ambassador.

fare bich-chhoo, s. m. A scorpion, the sign Scorpio of the Zodiac.

विक्रसमा bich-húr-na, । र म To separate, विक्रसमा bich-hóor-na, । to be separated.

ৰিক্সাৰ biehh-rae, s. m. Separation. বিশ্বস্য biehh-na, v. n. To be spread, to

spread.

বিজ্ঞা bich-hur-ne, v. n. To be separ-বিজ্ঞান bich-hul-ne, ated, to separate, to slip, slide, to slip out of place, to sprain, to turn away the face.

बिह्याना bichh-wá-na, v. a. To cause to

विकास bich-ha-ta, s. m. A stinging nettle (Urtica interrupta).

विद्धा देना bichhá déna, n. a. To spread ; (metonim.) To knock down, to drub.

रिकाना bichhá-na, v. a. To spread, to ex-

विक्षा bich-hoor-na, v. n. To separate, to be separated.

বিজ্ঞা bich-hoos, s. m. A sort of dagger; an ornament worn on the toes.

विकोड्ना bich-hórna, v. a. To separate. विकोड bich-hóh, ्रो s. m. Separation, ab-

familier bich-hoha, sence.

ৰিজ্ঞানা bich-hóuna, ) s. m. Bedding, bed-ৰিজ্ঞানা bich-hóna, clothes, bed, carpetting.

विजना bij-na, s. m. A fan.

विजली bij-lee, s. f. Lightning; a thunderbolt.

factives bij-ayúth, s. m. A bracelet worn on the arm, an armiet.

বিজ্ঞা bij-sla, adj Seedy, turned to seed. বিজিয়া bij-iya, s. f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa).

far bijuy, s. m. Triumph, Bijuy-dusmes (the victorious tenth). The tenth of Assin sould puchb, the anniversary of Ram's victory over Rawus.

किनोदी bijuy-ée, adj. Conqueror, vanquisher.

विज्ञोग bijóz, s. m. Separation, absence, (especially of lovers). adj Separated, parted.

विजी शी bijógee, s. m. f. An unfortunate, or miserable person.

विभावना bij-húk-na, v. n. To be alarmed. विभावना bijh-ká-na, v. a. To frighten, to scare, to alarm.

Fazar bit-up, s. m. A tree.

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Pagrar bit-ana, v. c. To scatter, sprin-

fastar bit-iya, e. f. A daughter.

बिटीना bit-one, v. a. To scatter, sprinkle. v. m. A son.

faziter bit-ou-ra, s. m. A heap of the cakes of dried cow-dung.

বিতাৰা bit-hans, ) v. a. To cause to facular bith-lans, sit down, to seat, set, settle.

fan bit, s. m. Wealth, substance, thing; ability, power, means.

वितना bit-na, v. n. To pass.

faren bit-urun, s. m. Giving charity, donstion, alms.

वितर्ना bit-úr-na, v. a. To bestow.

विताना bit-ana, v. a. To pass.

fan bit-fet, adj. Passed, gone.

जिल bitt, s. m. Wealth, substance, thing ; ability, power, means.

funt bitta, s. m. A span.

बिलिया bittiya, s. m. A dwarf (i. e. a span high).

विषय का bit-hur-na, े v.n. To be scatter-विषय का bit-hoor-na, े ed, to be sprinkled, to be spread.

factor bith-ra-na, v. a. To scatter, to sprinkle.

विदा bit-há, s f. Pain, affliction, distress. विदारना bit-hár-na, v. a. To cause to scatter, to cause to sprinkle.

विद्यारी bit-ha-ree,s, f. Cleansing the warp.

to be sprinkled, to be spread.

बिद bid, s. f. A little pit into which children in playendeavour to throw balls or marbles. बिदरी bid-ree, s. f. A kind of tutenag in-

laid with silver; used to make hookka bottoms cups, &c., and, so called from Beeder, the name of a city and province.

fact bid-a, s. f. Dismission, taking leave, farewell, adieu. Bida kurna, To bid farewell, to dismiss.

निदारण bid-a-run, a.m. Tearing, rending, breaking, cleaving, splitting, severing, dividing. निदारण bid-ar-na, v. a. To tear, rend. निदारण bid-ah-na, v. a. To turn the plough over a field after the seed is come up, to plough immediately after sowing for the purpose of covering the seed; to harrow.

forty bid-és, s. m. A loroign country, another country.

विदेशी bid-esse, adj. Foreigner.

बिदोरना bid-or-na, v. a. To serew ; to mock at, to laugh at, to ridicule.

विदार bid ya, s. f. Science, knowledge, intellect.

विद्यापर bid-ya-dhur, s. m. A sort of demigod or attendant in the celestial courts.

factive bid-yar-thee, s. m. A student.

विद्यादान bid-ya-wán, adj. Scientific, learned.

facta bid-wan, ads. Learned in the Beds.
fact bidh, s. f. A sacred precept, rule, order, law, statute, direction, decree, injunction;
manner, mode, kind, sort. s. m. Name of Brukma, providence.

विधना bidh-na, v. n. To be pierced or perforated.

favar bidh-wa, s. f. A widow.

favar bid-huwa, e. m. The deity.

বিষয়েশ bid-há-ta, s. m. He who has predestinated, i. e. the deity Bruhma; Providence. বিষয়েশ bid-hán, s. m. Common practice, precept, direction.

विधावट bid-há-wut, s. f. Perforation.

निक्ष bid-húns, s. m. Non-existence, annihilation, slaughter.

far bin, adv. Without, except, unless, far bin-a, not. Bin-janch, Without knowing, unwittingly. Bin-danch punce, without pating and drinking. Bin march touba kurna, To fear without a cause.

विनवार् bin-wace, s. f. Price paid for weaving.

विनसना bin-ús-na, v. n. To spoil, deteriorate, perish.

विना bin-a, adv. Without, except, unless, not.

favire bin-aee, favire bin-a-wut, s.f. Weaving.

विशास bin-as, s. m. Annihilation, disappearance, destruction.

विनीना bin-ou na, v. a. To adore, venerate, revere, laud.

fariest bin-ou-la, s. m. The seed of the cotten tree. (It is sould to be very fattening food for cattle). Binoula chabna, To say unpleasant things.

विनी bin-on-lee, s. f. Hail (of a small

family bin-tee, s. f. An apology, submission, solicitation.

fare bind, \ \ s.f.A spot, a dot, a mark; fare bin-dee, I the dot over a letter representing the nasal termination.

विकाना bindh-na, v. a. To sting, bite. w. m. To be bored or pierced.

fast bin-na, v. a. To knit; to weave. v. n. To be picked.

faun bip-ut, faufer bip-útti, faut bip-ta,

s. f. Adversity, calamity, misfortune, distress.

faur ar bip-ur-na, v. a. To attack, to assault.

faulla bip-ur-eet, part. Contrary, opposite. s. f. Mischief, ruin.

fan bipr, s. m. A Brahmun.

fact at bip-hur-na,v. n. To be perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, pert.

fath bip-huy, s. m. Thursday.

fane bim-ul, adj. Clean.

विश्वास bim-an, s. m. A car or chariot of the gods (sometimes serving as a seat or throne, and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving).

fare bim-ookh, adj. Having the face averted, turned from, averse.

faut biya, s. m. Seed.

वियारी biyaree, s. f. Supper.

fauler biyaloo, s. m. J

fagre biyah, e. m. Marriage. Biyah kurna, To marry, Biyah ruchana, To celebrate a marriage. Biyah-lana, To take in marriage, to bring home a wife, to marry.

faure at biyah-ta, f. ] adj. Married. salal biyaha, m.

विधानन biya-hún, s. m. Marrying, marriage, to marry. Biyahun-jog, adj. Fit for marriage, marriagable.

faurgerbiyah-na, v. a. To give or take in marriage, to marry.

विद्याम biyóg, s. m. Separation, absence (espscially of lovers).

वियोगी biyégee, s. m. A lover suffering the pain of absence.

Taxaa bir-kut, s. m. A kind of fukeer who has relinquished the world. adj. Wearied, disgusted.

विर्यन bir-chun, s. m. Flour made from the fruit of the ber (Rhamnus jujuba).

far ar bir-ta, s. m. Substance, ability, power.

facal bir-tee, s. m. Name of a plant (a species of Panicum).

face bir-nd, s. m. Fame, reputation, panegyrick.

बिरनी bir-nee, s. f. A wasp; a small

विरमना bir-um-na, v. n. To stop, to remain, to delay.

THE RIFT bir-ma-na, v. a. To stop; to tame, to reduce to obedience, to allure.

faces bir-la, adj. Scarce, uncommon, rare, wonderful; delicate, fine.

farar bir-wa, s. m. A plant, a tree.

विर्वाही bir-wa-hee, s. f. An orchard. Birwaheekurna, To make an orchard; to enclose with a hedge.

बिरसना bir-ús-na, v. n. To stay, to remain.

fars bir-uh, s. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers.

विरुत्त bir-hun, adi. f. (A woman) suffering the pangs of absence in love, (a female of lover) separated from the object of her affection.

faret bir-ha, e. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers; a kind of song peculiar to washermen.

factor bir-hiya, adj. Amorous, sensual, suffering the pangs of absent love.

far si bir-hee, adj. m. Suffering the pangs of absence in love, separated from one's love.

बिराजना bir-aj-na,v. n. To be conspicuous or splendid; to enjoy one's self; to live in health, ease, content, and independence.

facts bir-at, s. m. The embodied spirit. n, prop. Name cf a sovereign.

faxini bir-ana, adj. Strange, foreign; belonging to another, of another, v. a. To mock. farra bir-am, adj. Uneasy, unquiet, agi-

विश्वना bir-áo-na, o. a. To vex.

faftat biriyan, s. f. Time.

farlar bir-éeja, s. m. Galbanum.

fars bir-foddh, adj. Opposite, opposed to, contrary to, against.

facy bir-oop, adj. Disfigured, deformed, ugly. Biroop hona, To be disgraced.

facta bir-6g, s. m. Separation, absence.

faring bir-ogun, adj. f. Separated, distressed from separation.

farty bir-odh, s. m. Cumity, quarrel, contention, dispute, contrariety, opposition.

बिरोधी bir-ódhee, adj. Quarrelsome. fae bil,

s. m. A hole, burrow. विका bil-a,

विस्ताना bil-úk-na, v. n. To sob, to cry violently (as a child); to long for, to desire exgerly.

विशेषना bil-úkh-na, v. a. To see, to look at, to perceive, to behold v. n. To be displeased. विशेष bil-úg, adj. Separate. s. m. Separation, disunion, difference. Bilug manna, v. n. To be displeased, to be angry or offended.

विख्याना bil-úg-na, v. n. To Separate, to be separated; to curdle, to turn(as mile).

विस्त्राना bil-gana, v. a. To separate, to dis-

विलगाव bil-gáo, s. m. Separation.

विस्त्र मा bil-ung-na, v. a. To climb, to ascend.

factor bil-uch-na, v. a. To extract, to select (as passages from books), to pick,

विजरना bil-út-na, v. n. To become bad. विजनी bil-nee, s. f. A stye or stithe, the disorder in the eyelids.

less, to be tormented with pain, to complain from pain or grief, to lament, to blubber.

विख्या bil-umbh, s. m. Delay, procrastination, tardinesa.

विवस्त्रका bil umbh-na, v. n. To stay, tarry, delay.

विलया bil-ra, s. m. A he-cat; a kind of

विज्ञाना bil-ul-ana, v. n. To lament.

विस्ता bil-úlla, adj. Foolish, simple, silly. विस्ता bil-ús-na, v. n. To be pleased, to be satisfied, to be delighted.

विज्ञा bil-ust, s. f. A span.

विज्ञाह वंद bíluh-búnd, s. m Settlement, regulation.

বিজন্তবা bil-hur-a, s. m. A kind of basket (long and narrow) generally used for holding pan.

विज्ञा bil-úh-ree, s. f. A ladle for taking out oil; a small besket for holding betel-leaf. विज्ञा bil-áee, s. f. A she-cat; a grater for scraping pumpions, &c.

विवादकर bilace-kund, s. m. Name of a medicine.

विकांन्ट् bil-and, s. f. A span.

factor bil-ana, v. n. To vanish, to retire, to be lost v. a. To cause to vanish, to dissipate, to dispose of, to distribute.

विजाप bil-ap, s. m. Lamentation, a com-

विकासना bil-ap-na, v.n. To lament, to be-

famit bil-ar, )

विजाब bil ao ) s. m. A male cat.

famina bil awul, s.f. Name of a rayinee.

विजास bil-as, s. m. Pleasure, delight. विजासी bil-asec, adj. Voluptuous, addicted to pleasure.

विसोकना bil-6k-na, v. a. To see, look at, behold.

विसीना bil-ona, विसीना bil-oma,

विद्वार billar, } e.m. A male cat.

विञ्चाना billana, v. n. To weep or complain from grief or pain.

विद्वी billee, s.f. A she-cat; the bolt of a door, a bar.

विञ्चीलोटन billec-lótun, s. m. Valerian.

चित्रमें bish-nee, s. m. A rake, a debauchee, a lecher. adj. Delicate, nice, showy in dress.

ferry bish-ésh, s. m. Particular circumstance. adv. Peculiar, special, particular, abundant, adv. Particularly, specially.

विशेषका bish-esh-tá, s. f. Abundance.

faring bish-rant, adj. Rested, reposed.

विद्यान्ति bish-ranti, s. f. Rest, repose, cessation from toil or occupation.

विश्वास bish-ram, s. m. Rest, ease, repose, pause, a stop, a pause in writing. Bishrem lene, To rest, to repose, to pass the night (particularly used by wandering fukeers).

चिष bish, ) s. m. Poison, venom; (met.) चिष bikh, it is sometimes applied to bitter things. Bikhdleur, A snake.

fauguer bish-khupra, s. m. The name of a medicinal plant (Trianthema pentandra).

faveriver bish-khôpra, s. m. The name of an animal of the lizard kind, about a yard long, and said to be venemous (Lacerta iguana).

faun bish-um, adj. Unequalled (in a bad sease), difficult, bad, afflictive. Bishum-jumr, s. m. An inflammatory fever, a high fever.

विषय bish-uy, ) s. m. An object of sense, fava bish-uy, ) any thing perceivable by the senses; as, colour, sound, odour, flavour, and contact; an affair, matter, &c.

विषयी bish-ny-éc, } adj. Sensual, worldly.

faugt bish-ba, adj. Venemous (as rep-

विषहा bikh-há, रांटिश).

विशेखा bish-eln, विश्विद bish-iyur,

faul bish-tee, s. f. Rain.

fast bish-tha, s. f. Ordure.

from bish-un, u. prop. (in Hindon mythology), The Doity in the character of Preserver. famuz bishn-púd, s. m. A particular song in the name of Vishnoo.

বিশ্বস্থত bishm-jwur, s.m. An inflammatory fever, a high fever.

faraut bis-khupra s.m. The name of a medicinal plant (Trianth ma pentandra).

function to bis-khôpra, s. m. The name of an animal of the lisard kind, about a yard long, and said to be venemous (Lacerta iguana).

fann bis-un, s. m. Evil, fault ; desire,

विसनपर bisun-put, ) s. m. A habit of in-विसनपन bisun-pun, dulging desire.

भिष्य his-nee, s. m. A rake, a debauchee, a lecher, adj. Delicate, nice, showy in dress.

विस्वित्रामा bis-bis-ana, v. n. To yield a sound as in the fermentation of putrefying vegetables or of vinous liquors.

विस्तार bis-mar, s.m. The name of a bush. विस्तार bis-ra-na, v. n. To forget, to cause

to forget, to mislead.

gotten.
fauter bis-akha,s. f. The name of the 16th
mansion of the moon.

िस्तात bis-át, s. f. Means, capital stock,

विस्ताती bis-á-tee, s. m. One who sells every kind of things, a pedler, a haberdasher.

faris bis-andh, ) s. f. Fetor, fetid-

Tuerday bis-syundh, ness, stink.

বিষ্যাৰ bis-6n, s. f. An offensive smell (as of fish, onions, &c.)

বিদ্যালা bis-ana, v. a. To purchase.

विशादना bis-ár-ba, v. a. To forget.

faure bis-al, adj. Great, large.

विकाहना bis-sh-na, v. a. To buy, to pur-

विस्ती bis-for-na, v. n. To cry slowly, to

farent bis-ela, adj. Venemous.

factor bis-tar, s.m. Spreading out, abundance, copiousness, prolixity, diffusion.

farmer, bis-tar-na, v. a. To spread out, to extend, to diffuse.

face to bis-too-iya, } s. f. A lizard.

fara bihun, e. m. A seed.

बिह्नीर bih-nour, s.f.' A seed-plot, nursery (for planes).

fague bih-phuy, s. m. Thursday.

overcome with fear or agitation, beside one's self, unable to restrain one's self.

fagrat bihir-na, v. n. To rejoice, to take pleasure v. a. To enjoy, to take pleasure in, to rejoice, to delight.

fare? hib-ree, s. f A subscription to raise a certain sum, assessment, quota, rate, share.

विद्वार bibá-ee, s. f. A spirit supposed to tease infants by whispering alternately sad and pleasing things in their ears which is the cause of their laughing and crying when asleep or awake. विद्वार bibág, s. m. Name of a raginee.

fa gra bihan, s. m Morrow, morning.

fagial bihana, v. n. To spend or pass (the time).

farra bihaneh, adv. Early, soon.

fagra bihar, s. m. Diversion, amusement, aport. Bihar-usthul, Place of amusement. n. prop. Name of a province.

A name of Krishn, also name of a Hinder poet.

A vocative particle used in speaking to women; Lady. conj. Also, even

algr been-da, s. m. A roll of paper.

बीधना beendh-na, v. a. To bore.

बीचड bee-úr, ह. f. Seed-bed, seed-plot.

बीबार bec-ur, s. m. A hole (of a snake,

बीक beek, e. m. A wolf.

दीवा bee-gha, s. m. A quantity of land containing twenty kuthas or 120 feet square.

all beech, adv. In, into, among, between, during. s. m. Middle, midst, centre; difference; quarrel, hostility. Beech kee conglee, s. f. The middle finger. Beech purna, v. n. To differ, to raise a quarrel between. Beech bichao, Mediation, interposition, arbitration. Beech bichao kurna, To mediate, interpose. Beechon beech, s. m. The very middle, the very midst.

a ter bee-chha, ε. m. A scorpion; the sign

flor beej, s. m. Seed, sperma genitale (viri aut mulieris).

ৰীজন bee-juk, s. m. A ticket tied to goods or on bags to mark their contents, price, &c., a list, an invoice.

बाजना béej-na, s. m. A fan.

बीजाबर खन्ड beejabur-khund, s. m.A for-

बीजार bee-jar, ada. Seedy.

wish bee-jee, s. f. A weasel, a mongooso (Vivera Jehnsumon).

with the horas; to push, to shove, to shoulder.

alz beet, s. f. Dung of any animal; a factitious salt containing sulphur.

बीटना beet-na, v. n. To spill, to scatter. नीठा bee-tha, s. m. An annular cushion put on the head to carry a pot of water on.

बोड़ा bee-ra, s. m. A betel-leaf made up with a preparation of the areca nut, spices and chunam; a thong tied to the hilt of a sword by which it is retained in the scabbard, a sword knot. Becra outhana, v. a. To undertake a business. Becra dalna, To propose a premium for the performance of a task. (These expressions originate in a custom that prevailed of throwing a beer a of betel into the midst of an assembly, in token of proposal to any person to undertake some difficult affair then requisite to be performed; and the person who took up the betel bound himself to perform the business in question.).

are been, s. f. A kind of stringed instrument, a sort of lute.

बीवडा béen-da, s. m. A roll of paper.

बोतना beet-na, v. n. To pass, to come to pass, happen, befall.

बीन been, s. f. A kind of stringed instrument, a sort of lute.

नीनडी been-dee, s. f. The hair twisted or plaited behind; a tail.

बोन्धना béendh-na, v. a. To bore.

बीबी bée-bee, s. f. A lady, a wife.

बीसा bée-ma, s. m. Insurance.

alt beer; s. m. A hero; a brother; a jewel worn in the ear. s. f. A tusk; a sister. adj. Brave.

after beerta, s. f. Prowess, valour.

बोरन bee-run, s. m. Brother.

बीरवस्त्री beer-buhoo-tee, s. f. A small insect with a back red and soft like velvet, scarlet-fly, or lady-fly.

बीदा bée-ra, s. m. A betel-leaf made up with a preparation of the areca nut, spices and chunam.

with bee-ree, s. f. A betel-leaf made up with spices, &c.; the colour which adheres to the lips from chewing betel; a composition which being rubbed on the teeth stains their interstices of a red colour.

बीर्ख beerj, s. m. Seed ; sperma genitale (viri and mulieris); power strength.

alk bees, adj. Twenty.

alay bée-sa, s. m. A dog which has twenty nails.

बीसी bee-see, s. f. A measure of grain. adj. Twenty, a score.

बंदा boon-da, e. m. A point, a dot.

बंदिया boon-diya, s. f. A kind of sweetmeat like drops.

item boon-del-a, s. m. A Rajpoot of Bundelkhund.

वकड boo-kút, s. m. A claw. a art book-tá.

ब्यानी book-nee, s. f. Powder.

दुकलाना book-la na, n. n. To talk incoherently to one's self, to act or talk foolishly.

and book-ka, s. m. Handful.

gaft book-kee, s. f. A cloth brought over the shoulders under the armpits and tied behind; a handful. Book-kee marna, To pass a cloth under the armoits and tle it behind.

बुजना b6oj-na, s. m. A cloth used by menstruous women, a pessary.

वजाहरा boo-juh-ra, s.m. A vessel for warm बुक्तना boojh-na, v. n. To be extinguished, to be put out, to be quenched (thirst), to be damped or dejected (the spirits, do.)

a mint booj hana, v. a. To extinguish, to make to comprehend, to demonstrate, to push as with argument, to persuade, assure, instruct, signify, to cause to believe.

बहाना boo-rana, v. a. To cause to sink. बहुदा bood-dha, adj. Old.

बुद्ध boorh-bhus, ad). Affecting in old age the manners of youth.

ब्दा boorh-wá, adj. Aged.

астит boor-ha-pa, г. m. Old age.

afa ar boor-hiya, s. f. An old woman.

quest boon-da, s. m. A kind of ornament worn on the ears.

and boot, s. m. A hazard table; a blow with the fist.

बताना boo-tá-na, v. a. To extinguish.

बुत्ता boot-ta, s. m. Overreaching, fraud, trick, take in. Bootta dena, To overreach.

बुद्ध booddh, s. m. A wise or learned man. a sage; the planet Mercury; Wednesday; the ninth Uvutaror Hindooincarnation and the apparent founder of the religion of the Booddhus.

Tis bood-dhi, s. f. Sense, knowledge, wisdom, understanding, intellect, discretion.

विश्वत booddhi-bhrit, adj. Wise, intelligent.

विषय booddhi-mút, m. adj. Wise, learned; famed, known.

विद्यान booddi-man, m. )

बर्गबन boodhi-wan, m. े adj. Idem.

बिसतीbooddhi-muti.,

बुद्धिसीन booddhi-heen, वर्तेत, Ignorant, silly, a fool.

इक्टिनना booddhi-heenta, s. f. Folly, ig-

हारी दिय booddh-Gendriyuh, s.m. An organ of intellect, as the mind, eye, ear, nose, tongue and skin.

age bood-bood, s. m. A bubble.

बहुदाना bood-bood-ana, v.n. To mutter, to grumble.

Tw boodh, s. m. The son of the moon, and regent of the planet Mercury, with whom he is identified; a wise or learned man, a sage.

बुज्जन boodh-jun, s. m. A wise man.

wwart boodh-war, s. m. Wednesday.

बाधत boo-dhit, adj. Known, understood.

Test béon-na, v. a. To weave, to inter-

व्यक्त boo-bhooksha, e. f. Hunger.

वसचित boo-bhookshit, adj. Hungry. ar boor, s. f. Pudenda faminie.

avaler boor-bola, adj. Scurrilous.

THE HET boor-bhus-iya, adj. Affected, an old person who affects the manners of youth.

arar boor-la, s. m. A wasp.

art beo-ra, adj. Bad, worse. Boora manna, v. a. To take amiss or ill or as an affront, to be displeased or affronted. Boora lugna, v. n. To be unpleasant.

acra boorace, s. f. Mischief, badness, evil. wickedness. Boorace pur oothna, or Boorace pur kumur bandhna, To resolve on mischief.

बर्ज boorj, s. m. A cable.

a six boor-jur-ee, s. f. A term of abuse applied to a woman ).

az bourd, s. f. A term used at chess when the king only, on one side, remains on the board; ( hence also ) an opportunity of making some acquisition.

and boor-ha, adj. Wicked, bad.

and bool, s. f. Pudenda fæminæ.

बल्बना bool-boo-la, s. m. A bubble.

or toward for.

चलाज boo-lak, s. m. An ornament worn on the nose.

agrat boo-la-na, v. a. To call, invite, bid. बना भेजना boolá-bhéina, v. a. To send for.

बहासाना boolá-lána, v. a. To summon.

बनाइट boola-hut, s. f. Calling, call, a summons, bidding.

बस्रा bóol-la, a. m. A bubble.

ब इनी book-nee, s. f. Handsel, first sale. barley.

बहारन boo-há-run, s. f. Sweepings. वहारना boo-har-na, v. a. To sweep.

a with boo-ha-ree, s. f. A broom.

TETE boo-há-roo, s. m. A sweeper. Ten ofon, s. f. A sister; an aunt by the father's side.

booce, s. f. A word used to frighten children, a goblin.

at boond, s. f. A drop. Boond kee boond,

Rectified, twice distilled ( spirit, &c. ) get boon-da, s. m. A large drop. Boonda

bandee, Small and interrupted dropping of rain. and boon-dee, s. f. Drops of rain; name of a place; a kind of sweetmeat.

बन्तर book-na, v. a. To reduce to powder, to powder, pulverize, grind.

Tat booka, s. m. Powder; small pearls. Terr boochna, v. n. To sit in a confined

posture, to crouch. ब्दा béo-cha, m. ) adj. Ear-cropt, without

a Thoo-chee, f. ears.

am boojh, s. f. Understanding, comprehension, thought.

क्रमना bhojh-na, v. a. To understand, comprehend, think.

Teaching, instruction.

gz boot, e. m. A kind of pulse, chick-pea (Cicer arietinum ).

TEI boo-ta, s. m. A flower (particularly worked on cloth or painted on paper, &c.), a bush, a shrub. Boota-kudd, Is applied to describe the small stature and exquisite proportion of a beloved person. Bootch-dar, Flowered (cloth).

az boo-tee,s. f. Drugs; flowers or sprigs (on muslin).

बाइना boer-ne, v. n. To dive; to be immerged, to drown, to dip.

बुड सर्वा boor-murna, v.n. To be drowned, to drown.

बहिया bóo-riya, s. m. A diver.

a el boo-ree, s.f. A point of a spear; a spike in the end of a staff.

बता bóo-ta, s. m. Strength, power, ability.

बद boo-boo, e. f. A sister ; (on the west of India ) a lady, a favourite concubine or one of superior rank.

boor, adj. Barren (land). s. f. Chaff, husk Boor ka luddoo, Asortof sweetmeat made with the husk of grain. (The confectioners avon the imposition and cry out to passengers, "you will

repent if you eat it, or regret not tasting it." Hence greatmen are sometimes called Boorka luddoo, when they make a practice of encouraging their dependants to hope, but do nothing for them at last as, dancing attendance on them and neglecting them are each likely to produce regret. The term also means, any person or thing, which is fair without and foul within, or that promises well butturns out ill); a well-looking, but stupid fellow.

art hoo-ra, s. m. A coarse kind of sugar; saw-dust; powder.

बृंद brind, s. m. A heap, a multitude, a quantity, an aggregation.

the Hindoos commonly called Toolsee (Ocymum sanctum, or secred basil: this shrub is said to bea female metamorphosed; the circumstance however is variously told).

in the vicinity of Muthora, and the scene of Krishn's sports with the Gopees; a wilderness of Problem trees.

arm brik, s. m. A wolf.

grabriksh, s. m. A tree in general.

बुद्धा brit-ha, adj. Abortive, vain, in vain.

ite planet Jupiter identified astronomically with the planet Jupiter identified astronomically with the planet: in mythology he is the preceptor of the gods; Teursday.

वृहस्पविवार bribus-puti-bar, s. m. Thurs-day.

beh, A vocative particle used contemptuously, you fellow! you rescal! sirrah! O!

ay beng, s. m. A frog, paddock, toad.

बेंद्रा bén-da, adj. Crooked, athwart, awry. बेंद्रा béndh-na, v. a. To plait, braid.

वेश beg, s. m. Celerity, haste, rapidity; (adverbially) with haste, quickly, soon; dong. वेशार beg-ar,s. m. A person forced to work with or without pay.

forcing to work. Begares leng. To take forcibly or press, with or without pay.

नगी beg-se, adv. Quickly.

बेक beng, s. m. A frog, paddock, toad. बचना bech-na, v. a. To sell.

that feeds on carcases (Ursus Indicus: Indian badger).

बे का bej-ha, s. m. A butt or mark for archers.

art bét-a, s. m. A son, a child. Beta kur tena, To adopt a son.

बेटी bet-ee, s. f. A daughter.

ইতৰ bet-hun,s. m. The envelope, in which cloth purchased is folded up, to which the purchaser is cutitled; packeloth, wrapper.

ber, s. m. An enclosure. Ber bundee

kurna, To enclose a field.

which is floated by the Mahomedans in honour of Khwaja Khizr. (Besides the anniversary bera offered to propitiate him, hundreds of smaller ones with lamps may be seen on Thursdays of the month Bhadon particularly, which are offered by the Mahomedans to this saint). Bera par kurna or lugana, Torelieve from distress, to remove difficulties, to help one through a business (lit. to ferry over a raft). Bera par hona, To obtain deliver ance from misfortune or distress, to succeed.

बेडिया ber-iye, s. m. The name of a caste of Hindoos; dimin. of bera.

(of criminals, elephants, &c.), fetters; a basket used to irrigate fields with.

बहना berh-na, v. a. To enclose with a fence, to surround; to pound (cattle, &c.); to drive away cattle.

agt ber-há, adj. Crooked. s. m. Paling, railing.

बेसा ben, बेसा bén-oo,

बेत bet, s. f. A cane, a ratan (Calamus rotang).

anter bet-al, s. m. A dead body supposed to be occupied and animated by an evil spirit; name of a demon.

agregate. The original Ved is believed by the Hindoos to have been revealed by Bruhma, and to have been preserved by tradition until it was arranged in its present order by asage, who thence obtained the surname of Vyasor Vedvyas, that is, compiler of the Veds. He distributed the Indian sacred books into four parts, which are severally entitled, Rig, Yujoosh, Sam, and Uthurv; and each of them bears the common name of Ved.

बदन bed-un, sickness, ache.

बेह्बा bed-wa, s. m. A reader of the Veds. बेह्बल bed-ant, s. m. The name of a particular Hindoo philosophical system.

बरान्ती bed-ant-ee, s. m. One who is conversant in the Vedant system.

बेदिका bed-ik-a, s. f. An altar, platform. बेदी bed-ec, s. f. An altar.

Tu bedh, s. m. Bore, crack, hole.

बेधड्क bedhúr-uk, adj. Without fear बेधड्का bedhúr-ka, or doubt, fearless. बेधना bedh-na, v. a. To pierce, to perfo-

rate, to bore.

a first bed-hiya, } s. m. A borer, one who a will bed-hee, perforates goms, &c.

बेच ben, s. f. A flute, pipe, fife.

वेना bén-a, s. m. Name of a grass, Khus (Andropoyen muricatum); a fan.

बेनी ben-ee, s. f. The hair twisted behind. बेब beb, s. f. A sort of grass.

anter bem-at, s. f. A step-mother. Bematblace, Abrother born of a different mother by the same father, a half-brother by the father's side.

the jujube ( Zizyphus jujuba); also the name of the tree; time, turn, bout, vicissitude, delay, while.

over and over, repeatedly, again and again.

बरी ber-ee, s. f. The tree of Zizyphus

and bel, s. m. The name of a fruit (Cratova, or Eagle marmelos). s. f. A creeper, climber; tendril (of a vine); descendants, offspring.

बेसना bel-na. s. m. A rolling pin. v. a. To spread out, to laminate.

बेलनी bel-un-ee, s. m. A branch.

बेखब द्वा bel-boo-ta, s. m. A shrub, bush or creeper; flawers (on cloth).

बरा bel-a, s. f. A while, a time; name of a shrub (Jasminum zambac); a cup; an instrument of music resembling a fiddle.

बेबि bel-i, बेबी bel-ee, } s.f. A creeper, climber ; tendril (of a vine).

an bel-oo, Rolling.

बेसी bel-ou, adi. Dispirited, heartless. बेसपारी beo-pa-ree, s. m. A merchant.

account, explanation, history, detail of circumstances, enaccount of particulars or detailed account (in book-keeping.)

dature beo-rewar, adj. Explicitly, dis-

aagr beo-hur, s. m. A loan.

बेवहरा beo-húr-a, s. m. A creditor, a lender.

नेवहार beo-har, s. m. Profession, calling, trade, negociation, transaction, practice, custom. देवान bewan, s. m. The vehicle of selfmoving car of a Hindoo deity; a Hindoo bier.

बेशन bes-un, s. m. The flour or meal of pulse particularly of Chuna, Cicer arietinum).

बेसनी bes-un-ee, adj. Made of or mixed with besun.

बेसनीटी besun-outee, s. f. A cake made of pease-meal.

The bes-ur, s. m. The small ring worn in the nose.

(Falco nisus).

बेश्रा besoor-a, adj. Out of tune.

बेखा bés-ya, ) s. f. A courtezan, harlot,

aver bes-wa, prostitute.

बेह्न beh, s. m. A hole, a perforation.

बेहड behir, adj. Uneven, abrupt, rugged. बेहड़ा behinna, s. m. A comber, a carder (of cotton).

and byn-gun, s. m. The egg-plant (Sola-num melongena).

बेशनी byn-gun-ee, } adj. Purple (the co-बेसनी byn-jun-ee, } lour of the Solanum melongena).

Ter byn-ta, s. m. The handle of an axe or hatchet.

बरा byn-da, s. m. A mark placed on the forehead as a preparative to devotion among the Hindoos.

act byn-dee, s. f. An ornamental circlet made with a coloured earth or unguent or the forehead and between the eye-brows; an ornament worn by women on the forehead.

बेकान by-kal, s. m. Afternoon.

बेचुंड by-koonth, s. m. A name of Vishnoo; the heaven or paradise of Vishnoo.

बेशन by-gun, s. m. The egg-plant (Solanum melongena).

बेग नी by-gin-tee, s.f. A sort of wood.

है जन्मी by-jun-tee,s. f. A flag or standard; the standard of Vishnoo.

ब जुन्ही भागा byjuntee mala, s. f. A necklace especially worn by Vishnoo in his several forms, and composed of the following jewels, produced from the five elements of nature; namely, the sapphire, from the earth; the pearl from water; the ruby, from see; the topaz, from air; and the diamond, from space or ether.

बैठक by thuk, s.f. A seat, a place where people meet to sit and converse, a bench. a f.Act or state of sitting,

sitting; a kind of exercise.

earl bythma, v. n. To sit, to be unemployed or idle; to ride (on a horse); to visit a person in grief for the purpose of condolence; to sit in dhurna, or as a dun.

बेट को byth-wan, adj Flat. बेटा byt-ha, s. m. A paddle. केडाना byt-hana, v. a. To cause to sit down, seat, set, set-वेडाचना byt-hana, tle, place, station, apply, plant, calm, becalm.

an byn, s. f. A flute, pipe, fife. s. m. f.

A word, speech.

an will by-tur-nee, s. f. A river, according to the Hindoes, which is to be crossed by the dead on their way into the world of spirits, like the Styx of the ancients; a river in Orissa.

बैतरा by-tur-a, s. f. Dry ginger.

बेंद byd, s. m. A physician.

aca by-duk, s. m. The practice or science of physic.

afca by-dik,s. m.A Brahmun well versed in the Veds.

बन byn, s. f. A flute, pipe, fife. s. m. f. A word, speech.

बेना by-na, s. m. An ornament worn on the forehead.

distributed at marriages and other ceremonies.

and bynda, s. m. A mark placed on the forehead as a preparative to devotion among the Hindoos.

byndee, s. f. An ornamental circlet made with a coloured earth or unguent on the forehead and between the cycbrows; an ornament worn by women on the forehead.

aurt by-par, s. m. Traffick, trade, business labour.

वैषादी by-pá-ree, s. m. A merchant.

atim by-matr, s. m. A brother born of a different mother by the same father.

aur by-a, s. m. The name of the little bird that learns to fetch and carry, &c., and which the Hindoos teach to snatch the ornamental patch or wafer from the forehead of their mistresses (Loxia Indica); an assizer.

बेयाकरण bya-kurun, s. m. Grammar.

बेयाकर को bya-kúrun-ee, s.m. A gramma-

aura by-an, s. m. Birth, act of parturition. Char byan gash, A cow that has salved four times. Ek byan jamuk, Having produced two calves at a birth.

बेयाना by-ana, v. n. To be delivered of young (applied to animals only), to calve, foal, farrow, litter, pup, year.

बयाना by-ala, adj. Flatulent.

ar byr, s. m. Enmity, hostility, animosity, revenge. Byr lena, v. a. To revenge.

at a by-rukh, s. m. Banner, ensign, colours.

बराबन by-rá-gun, s. f. A female byragec. बराबर by-rá-ga, s. m. A small crooked stick, which a byragee places under his armpit to less upon as he sita.

tick, or he who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c., a kind of wandering fukeer who practises cortain susterities.

the act of leaving the pleasures of the world.

by-ree, s. m. An enemy, a fee.

बेन byl, s. m. A bull, an ox; (met.) a blockhead.

बेला by-la, s. m. A species of bird.

aul bysh-nou, adj. Of or relating to Vish-non. s. m. A follower of Vishnoo.

bys,s. m. The third of the four Hindoo tribes or vurns; name of a tribe of Rajpoots: (a prince of that tribe reigned at Dovaria-Khera, his dominions, which extended over a great part of Oude, on the north bank of the Ganges, are still called Bys-wara); age.

बेसंटर by-sún-dur, s.m. Fire, or its deity, बेसनी bys-nee, s. f. A female of the Bys

बस्याहा bys-wara, s. m. The residence of Bys, the nativity of Bys.

and by-sakh, s. m. The first solar month of the Hindoos, the full moon of which is near Vishakha (four stars in Libra and Scorpio);
April-May.

atrer by sakha, s. m. A crutch; a club armed with iron; a club consecrated in the month of Bysakh.

month of Bysakh, or relating to that month s.f. A large kind of Myrobalan or citron fruit; the day of full moon in the mouth Bysakh; the day on which the sun enters the sign Aries.

वेशास्त्र by-san-doo, adj. Sedentary, idle.

बोकाई bo-áce, s. f. Sowing, the act of sowing, seed time.

वीद्याना bo-ana, v. a. To cause to sow. v. n.
To stink, to emit a smell, to smell.

alegret bo-ara, s. m. Seed time.

alsar bóiya s. m. A small basket.

ale bont, s. m. A stalk.

बोक bok, बोकरा bok-ra, } s. m. A he-goat, a ram.

alar bok-ree, s. f. A she-goat.

are boch, s. m. An alligator.

al al bó-cha, e. m. A kind of sedan, a chair palkee.

alon bojh, s. m. A load, burthen. Bojh

pukurna, To affect consequence or to give one's self airs (generally spoken in railiery). Bojh sir year hone, Is applied to a task, the performance of which is become indispensable.

al Mar bojh-na, v. a. To load; to scald or parch rice.

बोक्सन boj-húl, } adj. Loaded, heavy.

art botee, s. f. A morsel or lump of

बोड़ना bor-na, v. a. To cause to dive, to immerse, drown, sink.

after the flower is shed.

बोल bó-too, s. m. A he-goat.

atrollop; a woman who lives with a benuwa futeer and dresses like a man.

बोदा bo-da, adj. Weak, faint-hearted, low-

बोड़ा bed-dha, adj. Intelligent, ingenious, sensible.

बीच bodh, s. m. Wisdom, intellect, understanding, knowledge.

alwa bod-huk, s. m. A teacher.

बीधन bod-hún, s. m. } Knowledge;

बोधनी bod-hun-ée, s. f. steaching, informing; awakening, arousing.

बोधना bódh-na, v. a. To wheedle.

बोमा bó-na, v. a. To sow.

and bonee, a.f. The season of sowing.

alar bó-ba, s. m. Goods and chattels, property; a bundle.

bor, adj. Deep. s. m. Studs of gold or silver.

altr bo-ra, s. m. A canvas bag (particularly for holding two maunds of rice), a sack; a kind of bean like fronch beans (Doliches catsany).

a) the home of a kind of rice which is cut in March.

ৰাভ bol, s. m. Myrrh; word, speech, talk, conversation; words of a song.

वान पान bol-chál, s. f. Conversation, confabulation, diction.

alean nol-ta, part. act. (Used substantively), The faculty of speech; soul, life.

arear bol-na, v. n. To speak, talk; to sound, emit sound, to articulate; to tell to say.

Bol oothna, To speak cut, to exclaim. Bol ch. Ina,
To converse, speak together. Bolch so bolna, To speak repeatedly.

almarer bol-bala, s. m. A kind of benediction. Bol bala kona, To prosper.

बोलो bó-lee, s. f. Speech, dialect, language ;

conversation, talk, saying. Bolee kurna, To jeer, to jest.

बींड bound, s. m. A creeper, a vine.

बींडना bound-na, v. n. To intwine (creepers or vines).

र्गेडियाना boun-di-yana, v. n. To twine; to run irregularly or in a crooked path with turnings and windings.

at wire bou-chhar, s. m. Driving rain, wind and rain, drift.

als bouddh, s. m. A Buddhist.

dwarf; the fifth supposed Usutar or incarnation of the deity.

बोनो bou-nee, s. f. A female dwarf.

arter bour-há, adi Mad, insane.

aler boura, y To be mad.

altrar bou-rá-na, v. n. To be mad, to madden.

बोरायन bou-ra-pún, s. m. Madness. बोराहा bou-rá-ha, adj. Mad, insane.

altier bou-ra-ha, ady. Mad, msane.

बीहा bou-há, adj. Pocky.

बीहाई bou-hace, s. f. A woman afflicted with venereal disease.

ब्याकरण bya-kurun, s. m. Grammar.

व्यानरकी bya-kúrunee, s. m. A grammarian.

ed, restless, agitated (in mind), uneasy.

THE byadh, s. m. A hunter, a fowler.

wrfu byń-dhi, s. m. Siekness, disease in general, all, ailment, pain, anguish.

আৰ byan, s. m. Birth, act of parturition. আৰা byana, v. n. To be delivered of young (applied to animals only), to calve, foal, farrow, litter, pup, yean.

atter, pup, yean. आपना byáp-na, v. a. To pervade, occupy, offect, operate, work, act, affect.

egrer byá-loo, s. m. Supper.

author, the supposed original compiler of the Veds and Poorans; also the founder of the Vedant philosophy.

To marry. Byah ruchana. To celebrate a marriage. Byah lana. To take in marriage, to bring

home a wife, to marry.

হাত্তৰ bya-hún, s. m. Marrying, marriage, to marry. Byahun-jog, adj. Fit for marriage, marriageable.

ब्याह्ना byah-na, v. a. To give or take in marriage, to marry. Byahee jana, To be married (a woman).

बाहता byah-tá, f. } adj. Married.

which leather is acraped and cleaned. Byonga phira nuheen, His hide has not been curried yet (said of a spoiled child, &c.)

of cutting out clothes.

ब्योतना byont-na, v. a. To cut or shape

ब्रोपार byo-par, s. m. Traffick, trade, business, labour.

ब्योपारी byo-paree, s. m. A merchant.

account, explanation, history, detail of circumstances.

बाहार byo-har, s. m. Profession, calling, trade, negociation, transaction, practice, custom.

are bruj, s. m. Name of a district, containing the several villages of Muthoora, Gokul, Brindavan, &c., being about 108 miles in circumference.

wa brut, s. m. A meritorious act, a fast, a vow, a religious rite or performance; use. s.f. A thong, leathern girth, rope; flaming, blazing. Brute, s. m. One who fasts.

वशा brut-há, adj. Abortive, vain, in vain.

For bruhm, s. m. God ; the all-pervading. the divine cause and essence of the world from which all things are supposed to proceed and to which they return; spirit, the very soul. Bruhmuswah, A fabled weapon, which, consecrated by a formula addressed to Bruhma, deals infallible destruction to those against whom it is discharged. Bruhm-duytyuk, An apparition, Satan, ghost. Bruhm-bhoj, Feeding of Brahmuns. Bruhm-rakhus, A kind of demon. Bruhm-ratri, s. f. A night of Bruhma, comprising a thousand ages of the gods, or 216,000,000 of those of mortals. Bruhm-sesh, The leavings of Brahmans. Bruhmhutya, The murder of a Brahmun; sacrilege. Bruhm-hutyara, s. m. A murderer of a Brahman. Bruhm-hutyaree, s. f. A murderess of a Brahmun.

महावर bruhm-uchúrj, s.m. The profession or way of life of a religious student, or Bruhmu-

बचारियो bruhm-charinee, s. f. A woman leading a life of continence.

student, a Brahman from the time of his investiture with the sacerdotal thread, till he becomes a householder, a person who continues with his spiritual teacher studying the Ved, a puncial learned in the Ved, an ascetic; by the Tuntrus it is assigned to persons whose chief virtue is the observance of continence; and it is assumed by many religious vagabonds.

बहा जना bruhm-júnin, s. m. Second or spiritual birth, investiture.

बद्धान brúh-mun, n. prop. A Brahmun.

बहार bruhm-ban, s. m. A fabled weapon, which, consecrated by a formula addressed to Bruhma, deals infallible destruction to those against whem it is discharged.

बन्धा a bruhm-úgyuh, s. m. A sage, one who has spiritual wisdom.

बद्धात्रान bruhm-gyán, s. m. Spiritual wisdom, divine knowledge.

बहारत bruhm-tútwuh, s. m. The true knowledge of Supreme Spirit.

Fire bruhm-útv, s. m. Godhead.

anathema. bruhm-dund, s. m. A curse, an

मन्त्रदर्भी bruhm-dúrbha, s. f. A plant (Ligusticum ajwaen).

ब्रह्मह bruhm-dároo, s. m. The mulbery (Morus Indica).

बद्धानिकीस brühm-nirwan, s.m. Absorption into or identification with the Supreme.

a riga bruhm-pootr, s. m. A kind of poison; the Burampooter river; a place of pilgrimage, probably the source of the stream.

बह्मपुत्री bruhm-pootree, s. f. The Surus-

sized a bruhm-lók, s. m. A division of the universe, the supposed eternal residence of the spirits of the pious.

of the Vedant system of philosophy, one who maintains all things are Spirit; a defender or expounder of the Veda.

ब्रह्मशासन bruhm-shásun, s, m. An edict or grant, &c. addressed to Brahmuns.

A THE SEW bruhm-swurfop, adj. Of the nature of spirit, of the same essence as the Godhead.

racter of Creater, or matter personified.

world; (in creation there are said to have been innumerable Bruhmands or worlds;) the top of the head.

A Trian bruh-ma-wutt, s.m. The country to the north west of Delhi, lying between the rivers Suruswutee and Drishudwutee.

बहुत्सन bruhm-asun, s. m. A posture suited to devout and religious meditation.

average brah-mun, s. m. A man of the first Hindoo tribe, a Brahmun.

Brahmun, a female of the Erghmun casto.

quality, or business of a Brahmon, brahmurhood.

बाह्य bra-hiyuh, s.m. The worship or veneration of Brahmuns; astonishment.

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w bluh, The twenty-fourth consonant of the Naguree alphabet, and aspirate of the last letter, or bh.

अंद्रवास bhunt-was, s. m. Name of a grain, the fruit of the Kace or water-lily.

संबंधी bhum-beree, } s. f. A butterfly.

संसीरना bhum-bhor-na, v. a. To bite and mumble (as a dog), to warry.

war bhan-wur, s. m. A whirlpool, eddy,

wat bhun-war, } s.m. A large black bee ;

ereeper. প্ৰশেষ্ট্ৰী bhún-wur-kúlee, s. f. A collar or halter (for a dog, goat, &c.)

संसना bháns-na, v. n. To float.

we bhues, past tense or part. of the verb, subs. Was, became, become.

भवासी bhuk-see, s. f. A dungeon, a dark

अकुका bhúk-oo-a, adj. Foolish.

अकुशाना bhuk-oo-ána, v. म. To be stupifi-

भन्तोसना bhuk-ós-na, v. a. To devour,

wa bhukt, adj. Attached or attentive to, devoted to, engrossed by; piona desirous. s. m. An adorer, a devotee, a votary, a zeniot; a Himdoo performer for entertainment, a dancer, a player. Bhukt-raj, s. m. King or lord of the devout, an epithet of the deity.

भता वा bhukt-tá, s. f. Devotedness, implied taith in and attachment to.

wark bhuk-táce, s. f. Faith, devotedness,

พริส bhúk-ti, s f. Religion, faith, devotedness, astachment, desire ; service, worship; belief.

मित्रभव bhukti-műt, m. भित्रभाग bhukti-műn, m. भित्रभाग bhukti-műt-ce,f. devoted to.

अस्तिवल bhukti-wunt, adj. Devoted, religious, pious.

and bhug-ut, s. m. An adorer, a devotee, a votary, a zealot; a Hindoo performer for entertainment, a daucer, a player, adj. Pious; desirous. Bhugut khelna, v. n. To act (a play), to imitate, to mimick. Bhugut hona, v. n. To be initiated as a devotee, to be affiliated to a religious order.

सन्तान bhug-tún, s. f. Wife of a Bhugut; (trenically) a lewd woman, a prostitute, a whore. समार्च bhug-tace, s. f. Piety, devotion, religiousness.

संपतिया bhúg-tiya, s. m. A dancing boy. सगन्द bhug-ándur, s. m. A fistula (in ano).

www.bhug-ul, s. m. Affectation, hypocrisy trick, deception. Bhugul mikalna, v. a. To affect, to play a trick, to pretend poverty.

भगविद्या bhug-liya, s. m. Trick, cheat, imposture; impostor, cheat.

भगती गहना bhúg-lee gúhna, s. m. False jewels, trinkets.

समान blug-wit, } adj. Respectable, wor-सानाम blug-win, } shipful, adorable, divine glorious, illustrious. s. m. God, the Deity, the Supreme Being.

भगवन bhug-wunt, adj. Divine, a.m. God, the Deity.

अन्तर्ग bhug-wan, s. m. Cloth dyed with gereo (a kind of red chalk or ochre).

भगवान bhug-wan, adj. Divine, glorious. a.m. God, the Delty, the Supreme Being.

escape, to cause to run away, to drive away.

भगिनी bhug-in-ee, s. y. A sister.

wifter bhug-éeruth, s. m. A king whose austerities, it is said, brought Gunga, the river, from heaven.

भगेत bhug-el, s. f. Overthrow, defeat. s. m. A runaway, a deserter.

समीहा bhug-on-ha, s. m- The reddish colour extracted from geroo.

भगोड़ा bhug-óra, ) s. m. A runaway, a de-भग bhúg-goo, ) serter, a fugitive.

han bhugn, adj. Torn, broken; overcome, defeated.

Marin Lhuguas, adj. Disappointed.

will bhug-nee, s. f. A sister.

www.bhung, s.f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa).
s. m. Breaking, splitting defeat, discomfiture.
adj. Broken, torn, overcome, defeated.

Edipta or verbesina prostrata).

सङ्ग्न bhúng-ún, s. f. The wife of a hulalkhor or sweeper; a female drinker of bhung-सङ्ग्ना bhúng-ua, s. f. A kind of fish.

war bhung-raj, s.m. Name of a bird.

भक्तान bhun-gan, s. m. A sort of fish (Cyprinus Banggana).

भक्की bhún-gee, s. f. Fracture, division, separation; fraud, deception, trick, disguise. s. m. A caste of sweepers or hulalkhors; a drinker of

अङ्गान bhun-ger-un, s. f. A female seller of bhung.

अक्टरा bhun-ger-a, s. m. One who sells bhung.

भचक bhúch-uk, adj. Alarmed, aghast, starting. Bhuchuk ruhna, To be amazed or astonished at a sudden or unexpected event.

भचकना bhuch-úk-na, v.n. To be astonished or amazed.

भजत bhuj-út, adj Serving, waiting upon; enjoying carnally.

भजन bhúj-un, s. m. Service, adoration, worship:a hymu;possessing or enjoying carnally. Bhujun kurna, To say prayers, to worship.

अञ्चल bhúj-na, v. n. । To flee, to run भिज्ञाना bhuji-jana, laway.

भजना bhúj-na, v. a. To worship, to count one's beads, to adore.

भजनीक bhuj-néek, s. m. A singer, an adorer.

सञ्ज bhun-juk, adj. Who or what breaks, severs, divides, destroys, &c.

अञ्चल bhun-jút, adj. Breaking, destroying. भञ्ज bhun-jun, adj. Breaking, destroying; afflicting.

मञ्जाना bhun-já-na, v.a. To change money WZ bhut, s. m. A warrior, a soldier, a combatant; a barbarian, or outcast of a particular tribe. s. f. An oven, a furnace, a kiln; curse, misfortune. Bhut purna, v.n. To be cursed, to be unfortunate, to be lost (litto fall into the fire).

₩Z bhut-uee, s. f. Praise, panegyrick, the encomiums of a Bhat or bard,

भटकटाई bhut-kut-áee, ) & f. The name of भटकटेया bhut-kutúya, a prickly plant (Solanum jacquini).

भटकना bhút-uk-na, v. n. To go astray, to stray, wander, miss the right path, lose (the way).

भटका bhút-ka, adj. Astray. भटकाना bhut-ká-na, v. a. To mislead, bewilder, deceive, scare, cause to wander.

सटपड्ना bhut-purna, v. n. To be cursed to be unfortunate, to be lost (lit, to fall into the fire). मटियार्थन bhutiyar-pun, s. m. The busi-

ness of a bhutiyara. सरियारा bhutiyára, s. m. A sutler, an innkeeper, one who prepares victuals for travellers in

a sura.

wisarita bhutiyarin, ] s. f. A female bhu-सरियारी bhutiyaree, I tiyara or sutler. WZ bhut-oo, interj.O sister!

bhutt, s. m. A philosopher, a learned man, especially one conversant with the philosophical systems; a title of Marhatta Brahmuns. भट्टाचार्च bhútta-chárj, s. m. The most

learned of the learned.

well bhut-tee, s. f. A furnace, a kiln.

wer bhut-tha, s. m. A furnace, a kiln, oven, brick-kiln.

wer bhut-thee, s. f. A furnace, a kiln.

भितियाना bhuthi-yana, v. n. To go down the river; to ebb (the tide).

भडियान bhuthi-yal, adj. With the current, i. e. down the river and not with the flood tide. s. m. A kind of mursceya or elegiac verses sung in praise of Husun and Hoosyn.

we bhur, s. m. A large boat, a lighter.

भड़क bhúr-uk, s. f. Splendour, blaze, flash, glare, show; perturbation, agitation, alarm, starting, shyness (in animals).

भडकना bhur-uk-na, v. n. To start, to shrink, to be scared, to be alarmed; to be blown up into a flame.

सहकाना bhur-kána, v. a. To frighten, to scare, to blow up into a flame, to kindle (a fire). सडकीला bhur-keels, adj. Splendid, glittering, flashy, gaudy.

अडकेल bhur-kel, adj. Shy, skittish, coy, wild, untamed.

भड्ड bhur-úng, adj. Simple, undesigning, silly, artless, having the quality of telling secrets without reserve.

अड्रभड़िया bhur-bhúr-iya, adj. Simple,candid, without guile.

महभूजन bhur-bhoon-jun, s. f. A woman who parches grain.

भड़गुंचा bhur-bhóon-ja, र. m. A man who parches grain.

भड़िया bhur-ur-iya, s. m. A conjurer.

भड़का bhár-ooa, s. m. A pimp, one who lives on what a prostitute earns.

बड बाई bhur-ooáce, s. f. Pandarism, pimping; the wages of prostitution.

अन्ति bhur-úyt, 7 s.m.A tenant, a les-भड़तीbhur-úytee, see.

word bhun-uk, s. f. A low sound, a distant sound, hum.

wford bhun-it, adj. Sounded, spoken, uttered.

war bhun-ta, s. m. The egg-plant (Solanum melongena).

say bhund, s. m. A mimic, a jester, a buffoon, an actor; confusion, spoiling. Bhund hona, To be destroyed, to be spoiled.

अगडक bhun-dúk, s. m. A wagtail.

भग्डसार bhund-sár, े s. f. The provision भग्डसान bhund-sál, s which is previously reserved for years.

अब्द्वजानी bhund-salee, s. m. One who reserves provision for years.

wast bhunda, s. m. A vessel, a large earthen pot. Bhunda phootna, To be disclosed (a secret).

household goods are kept, a storehouse.

ARTIT bhundara, s. m. A feast of Jogees, Sunnyasees, &c.

one who has charge of the store-house, a treasurer, purveyor.

भवादिया bhun-dér-iya, } s. m. An actor.

सराइलन bhun-del-ún, s. f. An actress.

भारतेवा bhun-dóu-wa,s.m. Satire,ribaldry. भट bhud, s. f. A slap, a crash.

HENE bhud-bhud, e. m. Sound made by the fall of a fruit or by the walking of a person,

सदसदाना bhud-bhud-ána, v. a. To make a sound by striking two bodies together; to strike repeatedly.

भटभटाइट bhud-bhud-abut, s. f. Sound made by the fall of fruits.

अटाक bhud-ak, s. m. A crash, the noise made by any thing falling; as, Bhudak seh gir pura, It fell with a crash.

WETERT bhud-aka, s. m. A sound.

भदेशन bhud-és-ul, adj. Ill-shaped, ugly, awkward, clumsy.

सहा bhúd-da, adj. Stupid, senseless, dull.

Fig. bhudr, adj. Happy, prosperous, lucky, propitious s. m. Prosperity, fortune, happiness; a fragrant grass (Cipperus); a wagtail. Bhudr hona, v.n. To be clean or purified by shaving one's head and beard after mourning orin a holy place.

agresable; respectable, worthy, estimable; lucky, fortunate. s. m. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuss); a sort of pine (Pinus devadaru). s. f. Advantage, produce; nature, genius, reason; beauty, goodness, pleasantness.

भद्रकाली bhudr-kálee, e f. A fragrant grass (Cyperus pertenuis, or, rotundus).

अद्गिक्ष का bhudr-gundhi-ka, s. f. A creeping plant (A solepias preudosarsa, the narrow-leaved variety). way bhudr-choor, s. m. A sort of (Euphorbia (E. tirucalli).

अस्टाइ bhudr-dároo, s. m. A sort of pine (Finus devadaru).

भद्रासा bhudr-nama, s. m. The woodpecker.

we use bhudr-pud-a, s. f. A name given to the 26th and 27th lunar asterisms.

भद्रपणी bhudr purna, e. f. A shrub (Pæderia fætida).

भद्रपार्भी bhudr-purnee, s. f. A tree (Gmelina arborea); a shrub (Paderia fatida).

भद्रमुख्य bhudr-móostuk, s. m. A fragrant grass (Opperus pertenuis).

भट्टा bhudr-yuv, । s. m. The seed of the भट्टा bhudr-jou, | Echites or Wrighten antidysenterica.

अद्भा bhudr-wullee, e. f. Arabian jasmine (Jasminum zambac); the large Bengut creeper (Guertnera racemosa).

with bhud-ra, s. f. An unlucky moment; the 2d, 7th, and 12th days of the lunar month.

सद् करण bhudra kurun, e. m. Shaving. सद्दक्ष bhudr-aruk, e. m. One of the eighteen minor Dweeps or divisions of the world.

Mersy bhudr-ashv, s. m. One of the four Muha Dweeps, into which the known world is divided, according to some systems; or according to another system, one of the nine Khunds, or smaller divisions of the continent; in either case it is the east division.

warea bhudr asun, s. m. A throne; a peculiar posture, in which abstract meditation is performed by the devotee; the legs bent, and crossed underneath, and turned so as to bring the ancles in contact with the perineum, whilst the soles of the feet are held close to the sides.

भद्दी bhúd-ree, s. m. An astrologer, a palmister.

भद्रोदनी bhudr-ódnee, s. f. A plant (Sida cordifolia).

भवनार bhub-úk-na, v. n. To be enraged; to rush on with rage; to catch fire; to run with great rapidity (a horse).

अवका bhúb-ka, s. m. An alembic, a still; a kind of drinking vessel with a large mouth.

মৰ্দাশ্য bhub-kána, v-a. To kindle, light: to provoke, ezasperate, enrage; to spur a horse. মৰুকী bhúb-kee, s. f. Threat.

সময় bhub-bhur, s. m. Solicitude, alarm.

Bhubbhur purna, v. n. To be alarmed, to be frightened.

सबस्त bhub-bhúl, adj. Fat.

भभक blub-huk, s. f. Sudden bursting

forth of flame; forcible expulsion of water from a fountain or pipe; small arising suddenly.

भ्रम्भा bhub-húkna, v. n. To simmer, to bubble; to emit steam, fume, poil.

HHT bhub-hur, s. m. Solicitude, alarm.

Bhubhur purna, v. m. To be alarmed, to be frightened.

असरना bhub-húrna, m. n. To be solicitous, to be alarmed, to be frightened.

WW Test bhubh-rana, v. n. To swell (particularly the face).

wwit bhub-hóo-ka, s. m. Blaze, flame, explosion adj. Red (as a coal, sometimes applied to the spiendour of a beloved person's countenance); splendid, beautiful.

which fureers rub over their bodies.

समना bhúm-na, v n. To revolve.

समभेदी bhum-bhér-ee, s. f. A butterfly.

सभी bhum-ee, s. f. Revolution, whirling, going round, wandering.

we bhuy, s. m. Fear, alarm, fright, dread, terror; the flower of the Trapa bispinosa. Bhuy khana, To be afraid, to be frightened.

स्वकारक bhuy-karuk, adj. Terrifying, frightening.

WEFT bhuy-unkur, adj. Fearful, formidable, frightful, horrible, terrific.

भयचन bhuy-chúk, adj. Alarmed, aghast, starting. Bhuy-chuk ruhna, To be amazed or astonished at a sudden or unexpected event.

अयद्भी bhuy-dúrshee,adj. Fearful, frightful.

सन्भान bhuy-man, adj. Frightened, alarmed, terrified, afraid.

सद्यक्षान bhuy-sthán, s. m. Seat or part exposed to peril or hurt.

सदह bhuy-hóo, s. f. Sister-in-law, younger brother's wife.

सदा bhaya, } past tense or part of

with bhuée, fem. I the verb subs. Was, became, become.

भवाद्वर bhuy-átoor, adj. Afraid, distressed or distracted with fear, terrified.

अधानक bhuy-anuk, adj. Frightful, formidable, terrific, terrible, fearful, dreadful, alarming, dismal.

भवापन bhuy-spa, । s. m. Brotherhood, भवापन bhuy-sput, | friendship.

भवान bhuy-artt, adj. Frightened, afraid. भवान bhuy-aona, adj. Terrible, frightful.

अबो bhuyó, part. Was, became, become. अर bhur, adj. Full, as much as, as far as, up to, whole, all, bulk, size, every, each. As, Oomr bhur, All lifetime. Kos bhur, A kos, whoreas, Bhur kos, would mean a full kos. Buns bhur, The height or length of a barnboo. Bhur mukdor, or Mukdoor bhur, To the best of one's power, with all one's might. Sor bhur, A seer.

WINT bhur-ka, s. m. Slaked lime.

सरकाना bhur-kána, v. a. To slake (lime). भरजाना bhur jána, v. n. To be filled; to be lined (a bitch); to be broken-winded(a horse from severe exercise).

we've bhur-un, s. m. Cherishing, maintaining, nourishing, supporting.

wtall bhur-nee, s. f. The name of the second lunar asterism, containing three stars (Musca) and figured by the pudendum muliebre.

wen bhur-ut, n. prop. The younger brother of Ram. Bhurut khund, s. m. One of the nine divisions of the world, between Lunta and Soomeroo; India.

भरत bhur-út, s. m. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead.

भरतवर्षे bhurut-varsh, s. m. India (Bhurut, the son of Dooshyuntuh, is supposed to have been the first emperor or monarch of all India).

भटना bhur-dena, v. a. To pay; to fill; to reimburse; to darn.

भरदाज bhur-dwaj, e. m. A skylark.

सर्च bhúr-un, adv. Up to, to, till, filling, satisfying.

with bhur-na, v. a. To fill, load, charge, satisfy, perform, deub, pay, liquidate or discharge (a debt, fine, &c.), to undergo, suffer v. n. To be filled, to abound, heal (a wound).

सरनी bhur-nee, s. f. West, woof.

अर्थाना bhur-pans, v. a. To be paid, to receive the full amount; (met.) it is used when a person is disappointed, Mynneh thur paya, I am paid.

Hegen bhur-poorun, adj. Brimful, over-flowing, quite full, replete.

WE WEIGHT bhur-bhur-ana, v.n.To swell and be glossy (particularly the face, as in feser).

withit bhur-bhar-ee, s. f. A swelling, a sore.

wavie bhur bhand, s. m. The name of a prickly poppy (Argemone Mexicana.)

cion, apprehension, perplexity, doubt; credit, character, reputation. Bhurum gunwana, v. a. To lose character.

excite by throwing out temptation; to perplex, to slarm.

with bhar-mee, ado. Suspicious.

NEW bhur-mee-la, adj. Ambiguous, doubtful, confounded, scrupulous.

अरवाना bhur-wana, v. a. To cause to fill, to cause to load, to cause to charge.

Wer bhur-a, adj. Full, replete.

सराना bhur-ana, v. a. To fill, to cause to

WCTTZ bhur-awut, & f. Filling, stuffing. अरी bhur-ee, a. f. The weight of one sieca weight or one tola.

सरत bhur-úyt, े ह. m. A tenant, a les-भरेती bhur-uy-tee, S see.

Walter bhur-osa, s. m. Hope, dependance, reliance, faith, assurance, confidence. Bhurosa

kurna, To hope, to rely (on). wa bhurt, s. m. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead; the name of a bird (a species

of lark), a skylark. अतर् bhúr-ta, ) e. m. Vegetables boiled or wai bhoor-ta, fried and broken in the hand.

सविया bhur-tiya, s. m. A brasier, a worker in the metal called bhurt.

waf bhur-tee, s. f. Completion; filling; loading, lading, cargo, burden ( of a ship, &c. ); (vulgarly used for ) promotion. Bhurtee kurna, To recruit, load.

and bhurt-ta, adj. A cherisher, nourisher, protector, holder, supporter. s. m. A husband; a lord, master.

warmy bharts-na, s. m. Threat, menace. s. f. Reproach, abuse, cursing, reviling.

art bhur-ra, s. m. A panic. Fouj men bhurra pura, The army was seized with a panic.

we bhul, adj. Good, well. Ehul ghoriya, Having a good horse; a cavalier, s. m. Side, direction. Sir beh bhul, Head-foremost, headlong.

word bhul-ka, s. m. A gold patch fixed on the nose ring; a kind of bamboo; dawn of

wear bhul-ta, e.f. A shrub (Paderia festida).

NERTHIA bhul-munsat, s. f. Humanity, beniguity, civility.

अन्तलनसी bhul-mun-see, s. f. Good-nature, benevolence.

wer bhul-a, adj. Good, excellent, benevolent, kind, healthy, well, virtuous, righteous, sound; strange, wonderful, admirable, comical, droll, Rhula admet, s. m. A person of respectability, a gentleman ; (iron.) a silly fellow, Bhula manna, To take well.

सलाई bbul-ace, s. f. Goodness, good health, welfare.

भनाचका bhúla-chúnga, adj. In good order, in health, perfect, hale, well.

अक्षा bhul-lúk, s. m. A beav.

सनापकी bhull-pooch-chhee, अ. f. A plant (Hednsarum lagopodicides).

winer bhol-likes, s. f. Marking nut.

wma bhul-look, ) s. m. A bear. भन्न bhul-look,

we bhuvuh, s. m. Being, existing, existence, the world; a name of Shiv. Bhuvuh-sagur, The ocean of the world or of existence.

अवन bhuv-un, a. m. A house, a dwelling ; the place of abiding or being, site, field, spot, &c.

अवनाशिनी bhuvun-ashinee, s. f. The Surjoo river, which runs from the Himaluh chain and falls into the Goggrah, with which it is then confounded.

सवानी bhuy-anee, s. f. The goddess Parvittee or Doorga, in her pacific and amiable form.

wiana bhuv-ituv-yuh, adj. To be or become, what is to be.

अवितवाता bhuv-ituv-yuta, s. f. Fate, destinv.

भविष्य bhuv-fshyub,ad). Future, what will

wfara bhuv-ish-yút, adj. What is to be, what will be, future.

अविञ्चलवत्ता bhuvishyút-vúkta, e.m. A prophet, one who foretells things to come.

अवैद्या bhuvúy-a, s. m. A dancer.

Mfray bhush-ir-a, s. f. A sort of beet (Beta Rengalensis).

WH bhus, s. m. Ashes.

असकता bhús-uk-na, v. n. To fall.

सस्द bhus-ud, s. f. Pudendum muliebre ; mons veneris.

west bhus-na, v. n. To float.

waver bhus-a, adj. Flabby, loose (as meat).

असम bhús-um, } s. f. Ashes.

अस्म bhusm,

असाना bhus-ána, v. a. To launch, to set affoat.

wen bhusm, s. f. Ashes.

संस्क bhusm-úk, s. m. A disease of the eyes, thickening of the membranes, and indistinctness of vision; morbid appetite, constant craving for food, with general decay.

सर्गमा bhusm-gurbha, s. f. The Sisoo tree, or a variety of it (Dalbergia Sisu).

were bhus munt, s. m. Ashes.

सर्गोकरण bhúsmee-kúrun, a. m. Calcining.

ather bhusmee krit, adj. Reduced to ashes; calcined (as a metal).

अहराना bhuh-rana, v. n. To shiver, tremble, totter, stagger.

সত্তক bhuk-shuk, adj. Gluttonous, voracious, gourmand; a feeder, an eater, who or what eats.

असुका bhuk-shun, s. m. Eating.

भच पारिष्ठ bhuk-shun-seyuh, adj. Eatable, to be eaten.

भवित bhuk-shit, adj. Eaten.

way bhuksh-yuh, adj. Eatable.

win bhang, s. f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa), of which an intoxicating liquor is made.

with bhanj, s. f. Twist, twisting.

भांजना bhanj-na, e. a. To put into circular motion, to twist, to turn on a lathe, to wave, to brandish; to break, destroy.

wist bhan-ja, s. m. A sister's son, a ne-

with bhan-jee, s. f. A sister's daughter, a niece; interruption; hinderance; tale bearing. Bhanjee khana, v. a. To give malicious intelligence. Bhanjee-khor, s. m. An interrupter, a tale-bearer. Bhanjee dena, or,—marna, v. a. To interrupt, to put a stop to, to break in upon.

rodendron infortunatum; Volkameria infortunata) wizī bhān-ta, s. m. The egg-plant (Sola-

num melongena).

wis bhand, s. m. An earthen pot; a mimic, an actor.

आंडना bhánd-na, v. a. To abuse.

#ist bhan-da, s. m. A large earthen pot; estate, equipage. Bhanda phootna, v.m. To lose one's character.

wist bhan-deer, s. m. The Indian fig-

भारती bhan-dytee, s. f. Mimickry, buficonery.

win bhant, s. f. Manner, mode, mewifa bhanti, thod, kind, sort. Bhant

bhant, adj. Various. भावर bhán-wur, ्रे s.f. Revolution, cir-

wire bhanwur-ee, L. culation. Bhanwur purna, or Bhanwree phirna, v. n. To circle, to circumambulate: to be sacrificed.

WIR bhace, s. m. Brother; comrade.

भार्त्रारा bhaee-chara, s. m. Brotherhood, fraternity, quality or property of brother.

भाइन bha-een, adj. Terrible, awful.

भाइंबन्द bhaee-bund, s. m. Brotherhood, relations, kindred, friends, comrades, भाकसी bhák-see, s. f. A kiln.

भारत bhakt, a.m. A ffollower, a dependant, one to whom food is regularly given.

भातिक bhak-tik, s. m. One who is fed by another, a dependant, a retainer.

भाखना bhákh-na, v. a. To speak, say, tell, call.

भारता bhá-kha, s. f. Speech, language, dialect.

arry bhag, s. m. A portion, a share, a part; fate, fortune, destiny, lot, luck: a degree, the 360th part of the circumfuence of a great circle; a fraction. Liang jagna, v. n. To be very fortunate or prosperous. Bhag bharosa, Consolation.

भाग जाना bhag jána, v. n. To run away, to fice, to abscond.

भागान bha-gur, s. f. Flight, a general emigration, escape, immediate danger.

भागना bhág-na, v. n. To flee, to run away. भागनान bhag-mán, adj. Fortunate.

भागभानी bhag-manee, s. f. Good fortune, prosperity.

भागनपूरी bhagul-poores, s. m. A kind of eloth from Bhagulpoor, made of silk and cotton. भागनत bhag-witt, s. m. A celebrated poem.

भागवान bhag-wan, adj. Fortunate, rich. भागाभाग bhag-a-bhag, s. m. Flight, run-

ning away.

भागिन u bhagin-éyuh, s. m. A sister's son, भागी bhá-gee, m. adj. Who or what भागिनी bhágin-ee, f. shares; a co-heir or heiress.

भागी bhá-gee, s. m. A partner, sharer, participator. adj. Fortunate.

winite bhagee-ruth, s. m. A pious monarch at whose intercession the river Ganges, it is said, first descended from heaven.

भागीरथी bhageer-thee, s. f. The Ganges, भाउम् bhag-yuh, s. m. Destiny, fortune, good or ill luck.

भारत्यन bhag-yuh-wunt, ) adj. Fortunate, भारत्यन bhag-yuh-wun, । rich.

भाग्यहीन bhagyuheen, adj. Unfortunate, wretched, poor.

भाजन bha jun, s. m. Any vessel, as a pot or cup, a plate, &c.; (in arithmetic) division.

भाजना bháj-na, v. n. To flee, to run away, v. a. To fry.

भाजर bhá-jur, a.f. Flight.

wrea bhaj-yuh, adj. Divisible, to be portioned or divided, s. m. A portion, a chare, an inheritance; (in arithmetic) the dividend.

wrz bhat, s, m. Name of a tribe; a bard.

भारत bhat-un, s. f. The wife of a Bhat. भारा bhat-ha, s. m. A current or stream, the ebb tide.

wife are bhathi-yal, adj. Down, below, down the river, with the stream.

आउ bhat-hee, & f. Down the river, with

Wre bhar, s. m. A furnace, kiln (particularly for parching grain).

WTET bhára, s. m. Hire, fare.

RIVE bhand, s. m. An earthen pot; a mimic, an actor.

भागडना bhand-na, v. a. To abuse.

witest bhan-da, s. m. A large earthen pot; estate, equipage. Bhanda phootna, v. n. To lose one's character.

witert bhan-dar, s. m. A place where household goods are kept, a storehouse.

wivered bhan-daree, s. m. A house-steward one who has charge of the store-house, a treasurer, purveyor.

wra bhat, s. m. Boiled rice.

Trat bháta, s. m. An extra allowance to troops on service.

with bhadon, s.m. Name of the fifth with bhadr, solar month, August-September, when the moon is full nearthe

wing of Pegasus.

mrauer bhadr-pud-a, s. f. A name common to the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets prior, and subsequent, or poorwand cottun.

भागमती bhán-mut-ee, s. f. A female juggler, an actress.

भाना bhana, v. n. To be approved of, to please, to suit, to fit.

with bha-noo, s. m. The sun. s. f. A handsome woman.

भानमती bhanco-mut-ee, adj. Beautiful,

MINGITE bhanco-war, s. m. Sunday.

errent bhanna, v. a. To put into circular motion to twist, to turn on a lathe, to wave, brandish; to break, destroy.

भाप bhaph, s. f. Steam, vapour, exhala-

आका bhaph-na, v. a. To conceive, guess, comprehend.

will bha-bee, adj. Future, about to be, predestined.

बाकी bha-bhée, s. f. A brother's wife.

wifew bha-min, adj. Angry, passionate.

भाभिनी bha-min-ée, e.f. A passionate woman.

then; a weight of gold equal to two thousand pulses; weight, gravity, fagot.

Tyra bhe-rut, s. m. Bharutvursh or India proper, so called from Bhurut, the son of Dooshyuntuh, whose patrimuny it was; the great sacred epic poem of the Hindoos, which contains the account of Joodhishthir's war.

WILGIST bhar-dwaj, s. m. A skylark.

भारतास bhar-wah, s. m. A porter, a bearer of burthens.

ধাৰে bhar-briksh, s. m. A fragrant substance commonly called Karshee, considered variously as a vegetable or mineral product.

WITT bhara, s. m. A load, burthen.

importance, adj. Heavy, weighty; of importance, valuable: big, great, fat, large; grave, steady, patient; strong, loud thick; burdensome, troublesome s. m. A porter, carrier of burthens. Bharce-bhurkum, adj. Grave, sedate. Bharce puttleur choomkur chhorna, To withdraw from a difficult or impracticable undertaking.

wiza bharj-já, s. f. A wife, espoused according to the ritual of the Feds; a married woman; a musical mode, the wife of a Deity presiding over a musical mode.

भावादिक bharjja-tík, s. m. A henpecked husband, one overruled by his wife,

भार्यात bharjja-twuh, s. m. The condition or state of a wife.

wre bhal, s. f. The point of an arrow; the forehead; fortune. s. m. A bear.

भारता bhá-la, s. m. A spear (about seven cubits long).

NTERS bhal-ank, s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called the Rohi (Cyprinus Rohita); a sort of potherb.

भारत bhá-look, } s. m. A bear.

wied bha-lyt, s. m. A spearman.

arra bhao, s. m. State or condition of being; natural state of being; nature property, disposition, nature; meaning, purpose, intention; sentiment, passion, choice, liking, will, notion idea; blandishment; gesticulation, acting, pantomime, expressing a meaning by signs; a sudden idea or emotion of the mind; living, being; existence, thing. Bhao butana, v. a. To gesticulate.

भाव bhao, s. m. Price, value, rate ; friendship.

भारत bhawuée, adj. About to be, future,

भावक bha-wúk, s.m. The external expression of amatory sentiments; friend, lover

भावत bhá-wuj, s. f. A brother's wife. भावता bháo-ta, adj. Amiable, dear, beloved, love.

with bhao-na, s. m. Mental perception, recollection, the present consciousness of past ideas or perceptions; imagination; religious and abstract meditation; looking about (literally or figuratively), observing, investigating; consideration, anxiety, apprehension, contemplation, doubt, thought, concern.

भावह bhá-wuh, s.f. A younger brother's

साविक dha-wik, adj. Natural, invate; sentimental, relating to feeling, &c.

भावित bha-wit, adj. Animated, inspired ; thoughtful, anxious, apprehensive, alarmed.

what is about to be, proximately future.

with bha-wen, postpos. mas. In the sentiment, perception, mind, notion or idea.

with bhav-yuh, adj. What must, will, or ought to be.

WINT bhá-sha, bhá-kha, s. f. Speech, dialect, language; common or vernacular speech; one of the Raginees.

भारित bha-shit, adj. Spoken, uttered, said.

भारतना bhás-na, v. n. To be known, to appear.

WTET bha-soor, s. m. A species of Costus (C. speciosus); a husband's elder brother.

wrent bhas-kur, adj. Resplendent, shining. s. m. The sun; the name of a celebrated Hindoo astronomer, author of the Siddhant Shiromuni and other works.

wiest bha-swur, adj. Shining, radiant.
s. m. The sun; a day; a sort of Contus (C. speciosus).

fw gr) bhikh-ree, s. f. An unfilled grain, a shrivelled grain.

भिदारी bhik-haree, s m. A beggar.

भिगाना bhig-ana, ) v. a. To wet, moisten, भिगोना bhig-ana, steep.

দিজবানা bhij-wana, v. a. To cause to send. দিজানা bhij-ana, v. a. To cause to be wet, to wet, moisten, steep; to cause to send.

जिटनी bhit-nee, s. f. A nipple.

सिङ्गा bhír-na, v. n. To close (as two armiss), to join battle, to come together, to be joined, to shoulder, to join, to be placed together touching each other, to be continuous.

जिड़ाना bhir-ana, v. a. To join, to place close to, to close; to cause to fight,

first bhir-ha, s. m. A wolf.

fires bhin-dee, s. f. The name of a vegetable (Hibiscus esculentus).

forf-n bhitti, s. f. A wall of earth or ma-

शिनकार bhín-ukna, v. n. To buzz (as a fly); to be covered with flies, to swarm.

भिनिभिनाना bhinbhin-ána, v. n. To buzz (as a fly), to hum (as a bee, de.)

भिनिभिनाइट bhin-bhin-ahut, & f Buzzing (of a fiy), buzz, hum (of a bee).

fur bhinn, adj. Separate, apart, distinct, other, different; (in arithmetic) a Iraction. Bhinn bhinn, Various, one by one, severally.

মির্ক bhin-núk, s. m. A heterodox sectary, a Bouddh, a seceder.

निद्यान bhinn-góonun, s. m. Multiplication of fractions.

निञ्चन bhinn-ghún, s. m. Cube of a fraction.

चित्रभागहर bhinn-bhag-hur, s. m. Division of fractions.

निवयत् bhinn-vút, adj. Divided, scattered.

भिन्नकी bhinn-vurg, s. m. Square of a frac-

भिद्मव्यम्क जित bhinn-uvy úv-kúlit, s.m. Subtraction of fractions.

নিব্ৰ কুলির bhinn-sunkul-it, s. m. Addition of fractions.

ভিত্য thinna-na, v. n. To have a singing in the ears, to be giddy; to sound (as shot, brass pots, &c.)

farette bhin-sár, s. m. Dawn of day.

चित्रकां bhil-awan, ) s.m. A nut used for चित्रका bhil-awan, ) marking clothes, &c. (Semicorpus anacardium.)

भिनों को bhil-ounjee, s. f. The seed of the bhilawan.

দিবা bhik-sha, s. f. Begging, asking; the thing obtained by begging, alms.

चित्रापाल bhiksha-patr, s. m. A beggar's bowl, a vessel for collecting alms.

भिज्ञ bhik-shook, s. m. A beggar.

all bhee, conj. Also, too, even, and.

What bheekh, s. f. Begging, charity, alms.

Bheekh mangna, To ask alms, to beg.

भोगना bheeg-na, । v. n. To be wet. Rat भोगना bheeng-na, bheegna, is applied to the night passing in mirth and musical enter-

भीचना bhéachna, v. a. To squeeze, compress, crush.

with bhee-ja, adj. Wet, moist.

witer bhee-ta, s. m. An old house, a formar residence (provided some vertige remain). throng; a press of work, trouble, difficulty.

with bheet, adj. Afraid, frightened, fearful, timid s. m. Fear, alarm, apprehension. s. f. A wall, or breadth of a wall. Ochlich kee preet jon baloo kee bleet, The friendship of the mean is like a wall of sand (i. e. unstable).

Within Within.

witafe at bheetur-(ya, ad) (used substantively). The people who live in ahouse, not strangers, domestic; men who preside at a temple (\*o. e. bhundaree, a steward; poojaree, a priest; russiya, a cook); those among the guests at a wedding feast who eat in company with the relations of the bride (those who partake of the feast without being called buhuriya.

भीतरी bheet-ree, adj. Inward, inside, internal, inner, inferior.

wiffa bheeti, s. f. Fear, apprehension.

দীৰা bhée-na, adj. Wet. s. m. Sister's husband, brother-in-law.

who beem, n. prop. One of the five Pandos princes. adj. Horrible, learful, dreadful, terrible, terrific. s. m. Horror, terror.

भीमधेनी bhecm-sén-ee, s. f. A kind of camphire.

plant (Asparagus racemosus); asortoi prickly nightshade.

भोज bheel, s. m. A barbarian of a particular tribe, a savage race dwelling especially along the course of the Nurmuda (Nerbudda), and subsisting chiefly by plunder.

From bhee-shun, adj. Herrible, terrific, formidable a m. Horror, terror, the property that excites fear; the olibanum tree (Boscellia thurifera).

why bheeshm, ad). Horrible, terrific, fearful a m. Horror, horribleness.

श्रक्त bhookt, adj. Eaten, eating (either that which is eaten, or the person who has eaten). भगवना bhoo-gútna, v. a. To enjoy, suffer,

receive the reward of virtue or the punishment of crime, to be requited.

अज्ञान bhoo-gutmán, adj. Fit to enjoy, deserving punishment.

असताना bhoog-tana, v. a. To cause to en-

want bhoog-ga, adj. Simple, foolish.

संच bhooch, adj. Barbarous, ignorant.

भूचन bhoo-ching, s. m. Name of a bird (Lanius carulescens).

सर्पा bhoo-chúmpa, s. m. Name of a tree (Kampferia rotunda).

He blooj, s.m. f. The arm (above the

elbow); the perpendicular or shortest side of a right-angled triangle. Bhooj bundh, s. m. An ornament worn on the arm, an armlet. Bhooj bhurna, To embrace. Bhooj mool, The upper part of the arm near the shoulder.

भजक bhoo-jung,

अजङ्ग bhoo-jung-um, े s. m. A serpent.

(Lanius carulescens). Bheojuageh oorana, To be in great distress and poverty; to spread false reports.

स्जना bhóoj-na, s. m. Parched or scorched

भुजा bhóp-ja, s. f. The arm (above the elbow).

मुजिया bhóo-jiya, s. f. Greens.

भुङ्ग bhéot-ta, s. m. Indian corn (Zea mays).

भुत्रको bhéond-lee, s. f A kind of worm covered with hair, the palmer-worm,

भुतना bhóoth-na, s. m. A small devil, an imp, a demon, a ghost.

भतनी bhoot-nee, s. f. A female devil.

सुतहर bhoo-tuhá, adj. Devilish, peevish, fierce.

अतियाना bhoo-tiyana, v. n. To be like a

yar bhoon-na, v. n. To be parched, grilled, fried, broiled; to be changed (money).

अभि चित bhoo-bhookshit, adj. Hungry.

HINGT bhoor-bhoo-ra, adj. Dry and in the state of powder.

भूरभूराना bhoor-bhoo-rana, v. a. To throw or sprinkle salt or sugar upon meat.

भरामा bhoo-rána, v. a. To wheedle.

भुजसना bhoo-lúsna, v. n. To be singed or

भुडामा bhoo-lana, v. a. To cause to forget, to cause to be forgotten; to inveigle, mislead, bewilder, deceive, fascinate, coax, amuse.

अलावा bhoo-lawa, s. m. Deception, fraud, chest, deceit, feint. Bhoolawa dena, To deceive, to play a trick.

भूव bhóovuh, s. m. Heaven, ether, sky or atmosphere.

अवङ्ग bhoo-wing, s. m. A snake.

अवन bhoo-wan, s. m, A world; water; heaven; man, mankind.

we bhoos, s. m. Bran, husk, chaff. Bhoos pur burd, An assignment on chaff: i. s. that from which nothing can be obtained.

असरा bhoo-séla, s. m. A place where अस्ता bhoo-séla, corn or chaff is kept असी तहा bhoo-sóunda, s. m. A hole or place to put chaff in. bhoo, e. f. The earth; place, scite, the place of being or abiding.

Wireworks like a flower-pot (resembling those commonly called Unar).

भूदेंडोड bhooéen-dól, s. m. An earth-

of bhoon, e.f. Ground, land, earth.

bhoon-éen, s. f. The earth, ground;
a kind of caterpillar covered with hair and destructive to ber trees.

भूजन्मा bhoon-chumpa, s. m. The name of a plant (Kampferia rotunda).

अंसना bhóons-na, v.n. To bark.

भंद्या bhóoa, s.f. Father's sister ; a worm, a caterpillar.

भू कदस्य bhoo-kudumb, s. m. A plant (Ligusticum ajwaen).

water bhoo-kump, s. m. An earthquake.

khon murna, To die with hunger, to famish, to starve.

भूदन bhoo-khún, s.m. Ornament, embellishment, decoration, an ornament, a jewel, dress.

war bhoo-kha, adj. Hungry.

भगोस bhoo-gol, s. m. The terrestrial globe, ihe earth. [line.

स्वक bhoo-chikr, s. m. The equinoctial स्वन्द्र bhoo-juntoo, s. m. An earth-worm, स्वस्य bhoo-jumboo, s. f. Wheat; the fruit

of the Vikunta (Flacourtia sapida).

भूजेन bhoo-jel, s. m. A species of bird. भूड bhoor,s. f. Sandy ground, soil in which

much sand is mixed. भुद्रल bhoc-rúl, s. m. Tale, mica.

omened. Unlucky, ill-

existing; gone, past. s. m. A demon, a goblin, a fiend, a ghost, an apparition, a malignant spirit haunting cemetries, lurking in trees, animating carcases, and deluding or devouring human beings; the past preterite tense; an element (the Hindoss reckon five elements, earth, firs, water, air, and akas or ether).

भूतगण bhoot-gun, s. m. A class of sprites or goblins .

भूतराज्या bhoot-gundhe, s. f. Moora, a sort of perfume.

अतज्ञा bhoot-jut-a, s. f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana jatamansi).

भागायन bhoot-nashun, s. m. Markingnut plant (Semicarpus anacardium); the Eleocarpus seed. भूतनी bhoot-nee, s. f. A female demon or goblin.

ng bhoo-tul, s. m. The earth, the face of the earth.

भूतवास bhoot-vás, e. m. Beleric myrobalan (Terminalia belerica).

wafaimar bhoot-vikriya, s. f. Epilepsy, possession by evil spirits.

भूतवेशी bhoot-véshee, s. f. A species of Nebari (Nyctanthes tristis.)

भूतद्व bhoot-vriksh, s. m. A tree (Trophis aspera); a species of Bignonia (B. Indica).

भूतसङ्खार bhoot-sunchar, «. m. Possession by evil spirits.

हतासा bhoot-atma, s. m. The body ; the elementary or vital principle, or the proximate cause of life and action.

भतारि bhoot-ári, s. m. Asafætida.

Marfae bhoot-avisht, adj. Occupied or possessed by a devil.

सतावध bhoot-avesh, s. m. Possession by a devil or evil spirit.

भदार bhoo-dar, s. m. A hog.

भूदेव bhoo-dev, s. m. A Brahmun.

war bhoo-dhur, s. m. A mountain.

सन्तम bhoo-nág, s. m An earth-worm.

स्निम्ब bhoo-nimb, s. m. A species of Gentian, commonly called Cherayta (Gentiana cherayta).

स्वा bhoonna, v. a. To parch, grill, broil, boast, fry, inflame.

king. A sovereign, a prince, a

भूपति bhoo-púti, } s. m. A king, a sove-भूपाच bhoo-pál, reign ; a landlord, a Raja.

भूपाची bhoo-palee, s. f. Name of a raginee. भूपाची bhoo-bhul, s. m. Hot ashes, embers;

"place, scite in general; the base of any figure in geometry.

जूबिक्क bhoomi-kump, s. m. An earth-

भूमिन स्क bheomi-chúmpuk, s. m. A plant (Kompferia rotunda).

भूभितास्त्र bhoomi-júmboo, s. f. A trea (Prema herbacra).

bhoor, s. f. Charity given to poor people, aims; a spring, a fountsin. Bhoor bantna, e. a. To give alms to a numerous assembly of the poor.

wy bhoo-ra, adj. Fair, auburn or brown-ish (as hair)

wit bhoori, ads. Much, many.

Witwig boori-dhamun, adj. Splendid, bright; illustrious.

Wir arw bhoori-labh, adj. Very profitable or beneficial. s. m. Great gain.

word bhoo-roondee, & f. A sort of sunflower (Heliotropium Indicum).

wave bhoorj-putr, s. m. The Bhojputr, a tree growing in the snowy mountains, akind of birch; the bark is used for writing on, and very generally for hookka snakes.

bhool, s. f. Forgetfulness, error, mis-

take, miss, blunder.

स्त्रता bháolta, s. f. A worm, an earthworm.

भूतना bhoolns, v. n. To forget, err, go astray, be misled or deceived, mistake, blunder, miss, omit, stray, to be forgotten.

भ साविसरा bhoola-bisra, adj. Missing भजासद्या bhoola-bhutka, the road.

(generally a person) calling another in consequence of some accident, &c., not intentionally to pay a visit.

भूखोक bhoo-lok, s. m. The earth, the असाम bhoor-loke habitation of mor-

tala

अवस bhoo shun, s. m. Ornament, embellishment, a dress, jewel, decoration.

wfwa bhoo-shit, adj. Adorned, decorated, dressed.

WET bhoo-sa, s. m. Husk, chaff. wat bhoo-see, s. f. Chaff, bran.

war bhoo-swarg, s. m. The mountain Soomeroo (a heaven on earth).

अखानी bhoo-swamee, s. m. A landlord, a landholder.

tanzi bhri-kootee, s. f. the eyebrow; a frown, a contraction of the eyebrows.

bhrigoo, n. prop. The name of a celebrated Mooni.

bhring, s. m. A large black bee, the humble bee.

way a bhring-uk, s. m. A bird, a sort of sbrike (Lanius Malabaricus).

bhring-raj. s. m. A spreading shrub (Edlipta or Verbesina prostrata, or perkaps more properly, Verbesina scandens); a sort of bird, apparently the variety of shrike termed malabar (Lanius Malabaricus.)

bhringee, s. f. A kind of wasp (Vespa solitaria; a large black bee, a humble bee.

ar The begplum. [er. we bhrit s. m. A servant, a hired labour-

effer bhriti, s. f. Wages, hire; nourishment, maintenance.

were bhrit-yuh, r. m. A dependant, a servant, a slave.

WERT bhrit-ya, s. f. Hire, wages.

we bhrisht, adj. Fried.

wirt bhen-ga, adj. Squint-eyed.

wiz bhent, s. f. Interview, visit; a present.

केंद्रभा bhentna, v. a. To meet with, to visit. are bhek, s. m. A toad, a frog.

भेकी bhek-ee, s. f. The female of the frog, or a small frog; a kind of creeper (Hydrocotyle Asiatica).

wie bhekh, s. m. Disguise, assumed appearance, semblance. Bhekh-dhares, adj. Putting on the dress, assuming the appearance.

भेडाना bhej-na, v. a. To send, transmit;

utter, ejaculate.

we blet, s. f. Meeting, interveiw; a present to a superior.

संटन bhet-un, verbal s. To meet, meeting, &c.

भेटना bhet-na, v.a. To meet, join; to make a precent ( to a superior).

भेटी bhétee, s. f. } A stalk, a stem. we bhétoo, s. m.

We bher, c. m. A ram, a sheep.

भेडना bhér-na, v. a. To shut, close. भेड़ा bhér-a, s. m. A ram.

सेचिया bher-iya, s. m. A wolf. Bheriya dhusan, s. m. A multitude crowded together like sheep in a pen, the act of following the example of another.

wel bher-ee, s. f. An ewe.

we bled, s. m. A secret, secrecy, mystery; separation, distinction, kind, sort, species, difference; disunion, disagreement. Bhed lena, To spy, to pry into, to work one's self into confidence, to sound.

Wen bhed-uk, adj. A breaker, who or what breaks or divides, s. m: A mitchief-maker. सदमार bhed-kur, adj. Separating, disunit-

ing; causing disunion.

भेदिकिया bheduk-iya, ) s. m. A scout, a भेटिया bhed-iya, spy. भेदी bhedee,

wel bhedee, w. m. The ratan.

भेदी bhédee, भेदिया bhédiya, } adj. Intelligent. s. m. keeper.

wig bhedoo, s. m. A secret-keeper, a confidant.

war bhena, s. f. Sister.

instrument, a kettle-drum.

With bheree, s. m. A piper.

भेना bhela, s. m. Semicarpus anacardium. भेनी bhelee, s. f. A lump of coarse sugar (or goor).

wa bheo, s. m. A state or condition of being, innate property, nature, disposition.

भाष bhesh, s. m. Disguise, assumed likeness, counterfeit dress, semblance, guise, garb. भाषा को bhesh-új, s. m. A remedy, a drug, a medicament; a kind of fennel (Nigella Indica). भाषा bhyas, s. f. A female buffalo.

Fit bhynsa, s. m. A male buffalo.

भें बादाद bhynsa-dád, े s.m. A kind of भें बिदादाद bhynsiya-dád, े ring-worm. भेजहर bhy-únkur, adj. Terrific, terrible, horrible.

भेद्यादार bhyá-toor, adj. Distressed or distracted with fear, terrified.

भेद्यानक bhy-anuk, adj. Frightful, terrible, formidable, fearful, dreadful, alerming, dismal. भेदक bhy-chúk, adj. Alarmed, aghast,

starting.

NATH bhy-man, adj. Frightened, alarmed, terrified. afraid.

war bhy-a, s. m. Brother.

भेदापा bhy-ápa, s.m. Brotherhood, friend-

terrific. s. m. A name of Shiv, but more especially an inferior manifestation or form of the deity, eight of which are called by the common name Bhyruvuh, and are severally termed Usitanguh, Roorco, Chunduh, Krodh, Oonmutt, Kooputi, Beeshun, and Shuughar, all alluding to terrific properties of mind or body; the name of a river; a musical mode, that which is calculated to excite emotions of terror.

भरवी bhy-ruv-ee, s. f. The name of a raginee.

भेरारी bhy-rá-ree, s. f. The name of a raginee.

mode sung at dawn in actimn: (It is represented by Muhadev with the Ganges flowing from his head, and the rog issuing from that deity's mouth); a name of Shir.

ਐਂਡ bhy-hóo, s. f. Sister-in-law, younger brother's wife.

wit bhon, s. f. The eyebrow.

भौजाहा bhónk-ra, adj. Very fat.

भीका bhónk-na, v. a. To thrust, to drive (क a nail). where bhon-kas, s. m. A wizard who preys upon children (or men or nomen) till he brings them to the grave.

भोचरा bhon-ghúr-a, s. m. A vault, a cavern, a cellar.

witer bhon-da, adj. Ill-shaped, uncouth, mis-shapen, useless, bad, ugly, unlucky.

भौषा bhon-thá, adj. Blunt, obtuse.

art bhon-doo, adj. Silly, quiet, mild, art-less, simple.

भीषु bhon-póo, s. m. A horn, wind instrument.

bearer, a bearer; a white cat.

भीकर bhó-kus, s. m. A wizard, sorcerer,

भो खना bhókh-na, v. a. To bark.

with bhog, s. m. Pleasure, enjoyment, satisfaction; suffering; possession; eating, victuals; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction. Bhog kurna, To enjoy, to suffer.

win bhog, s. m. Abuse, rudeness.

भोगना bhóg-na, v. n. To enjoy, to suffer. भोगा bhó-ga, s. m. Fraud, trick, deceit, illusion, deception, imposition, treachery, roguery, chest.

भोगी bhó-gee, adj. Jovial, jolly. ग। इस bhógyuh, adj. To be enjoyed.

wis bhoj, s. m. A country, Palna and Bhagulpore; the name of a sovereign of Oojein, who is supposed to have flourished about the end of the tenth century; he was a celebrated patron of learned men, and the nine gens or poets, and philosophers, often ascribed to his era; eating, feast.

Bhoj, the present Bhojpore, or the vicinity of Patna and Bhagulpore.

भा जन bh6-jun, s. m Eating, food, victuals. Bhojun kurnu, To eat, to feed.

भोजनीय bhojun-éeyuh, adj. To be eaten, भोजन bhój-yuh, edible. s. m.

भी जार bhoj-pútr,s. m. The bark of a tree, said to be a kind of birch, used in making hookka snakes.

भोजपुर bhoj-poor, n. prop. A country near Chhupra.

भोट bhot, भोटाइ bhot-ang, bably Bootan. भोटिया bhot-tiya, s. m. An inhabitant of Bootan.

when bho-rul, s. m. Talo, mica.

witer bhó-ta, ady. Blunt, dull.

with bhó-pa, s. m. A kind of fukeer, a magician.

आमिरा bho-mee-ra, s. f. Coral.

Wir bhor, s. f. Dawn of day. Bhor hong, To be finished, to be terminated.

artes, undesigning, innocent, harmless, meek.

भोजी bhő-lee, adj. f. Innocent, artless.

Bholes buten, Innocent prattle.

भोसडा bhós-ra, s. m.

First bhos-ree, s. f. Vulva magna.

भोसा bhó-sa, s. m.

bhoun, s. f. The eyebrow. Bhoun terhes kurna, v. a. To soowl, frown, browbeat, look angrily raising the eyebrows. Bhouen tannee, To knit the eyebrows.

भी करा bhounkna, v. n. To bark ; (met.) to talk foolishly.

भोदान bhoun-chal, s. m. An earthquake.

amoured of the lotus.

भौदियाचा bhoun-riyana, v. a. To whirl, to

bhónn-ree, s. f. Feathered hair; name of a delect in horses.

भीवर अस्तो bhoun-ur-kúl-ee, s. f. A kind of halter (for horses or dogs).

all war bhouns na, v. n. To bark.

wit bhon, s. m. Fear.

भीचन bhou-chuk, adj. Aghast.

भौजाई bhou-jace, } s. f. A brother's wife.

भौतिक bhou-tik, adj. Relating or apper-

भौना bhou-na, v. n. To revolve.

शीनास bhou-nas, s. m. A post driven into

bhou-mée, adj f. Earthly, terrestrial, produced in or relating to the earth.

birunsh, s. m. Falling declining from s beignt, or from propriety; falling from or off. with birum, s. m. Error, ignorance, mistake, misapprehension; apprehension, perplexity, doubt.

waru bhrum-un, s. m. Whirling, going round; wandering, literally or figuratively; going about, perambulation.

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eaux bhram-ur, s. m. A large black bee ; vertigo, epilopsy.

कारि bhrúmi, s. f. Error, blunder, mistake. जारी bhrúm-ee, adj. Whirling, going round or about.

bhrusht, adj. Fallen, lost; vicious, depraved, fallen from virtue, debased, polluted, abominable, dissolute. Bhrusht kurna, v. a. To pollute, to seduce. Bhrusht hona, v. n. To be polluted; to calcine.

ब्रह्म tsg bhrusht-rájynh, adj. Deposed, deprived of a kingdom.

brother, e. m. A brother, a utering brother.

भारत bhra-trik, ) ad). Fraterial, bro-बालीय bhra-treeyub, therly, of or belonging to a brother.

bhrant. adj. Whirled, revolved; blundering, mistaken.

art of bhranti, s. f. Error, mistake, ignorance; going round, whirling, revolving; going about, wandering.

स्वान्तिमान bhranti-mán, adj. Erring, mistaking; wandering.

भारत baram-fik, s. m. A chest, a rogue. भारत baram-ur, s. m. Epilepsy.

भामरी bhrámur-ee, adj. Epileptic.

bhreo, s. f. An eye-brow.

and bhroon, s. m. The embryo or foetus, a

क् भहरा bhroon-hutyá, s. f. Murder of the fostus, procuring or causing abortion.

अवस्त्र bhroo-bhung, s. m. A frown.

## स

भ muh, Twenty-fifth coasonant of the Nagures alphabet, corresponding to the letter क. मंजन munjun, s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifice; cleaning the person by wiping, bathing or rubbing it with oil or fragrant anguents.

संसमा munjua, v. n. To be polished, to be cleaned, to be sooured.

water munjeera, s. m. A musical instrument, a kind of cymbal.

संभोता munjhóla, adj. Middle, middlemost, middling.

of car or carriage on two wheels.

Name of a grain

मंदर् munr-oose, s. f. (Cynosurus co-

warer muk-ra, s, m. A kind of grain; s spider.

नकडाना muk-rana, v. a. To move by winding about or crookedly; (met.) to be averse or act contrary.

सक्दो muk-ree, s. f. A spider. Mukree ka jala, s. m. A spider's web; hence (met.) any thing very fine and slender.

wax muk-ur, s. m. A marine monster, confounded usually with the crocodile and shark, but properly a fabulous animal; as a fish it might be conjectured to be the horned shark, or the unicorn fish; but it is often drawn, as in the pictured signs of the Zodiac, with the head and fore legs of an antelope, and the body and tail of a fish; it is the emblem of the god of love; one of the signs of the zodiac, corresponding with Capricorn, and like the Greek representation of that sign, being an animal in the foreparts, and ending in the tail of a fish.

ware muk-rund, s. m. The nectar or honey of a flower; the Kokila or Indian cuckoo; a fragrant kind of mango; a kind of Jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

सकर त्वती mukrund-wút-ee, s. f. The trumpet-flower ( Bignonia suave-olens).

मकरोना muk-róna, v. a. To wet (slightly). Marz múk-oot, s. m. A crest, a headdress, a crown, a tiara.

सकी muk-ó, s. m. A species of Solanum (S. nigrum?).

Haler muk-óra, s. m. A large ant. watu muk-6eh, s. m. Sarsaparilla,

सक्दन muk-khún, s. m. Butter,

wars muk- khée, s. f. A fly ; the sight of a gun. Mukkhee oorana, To flatter or perform servile offices for any one; to have ulcers on the body (so as to be constantly employed in driving away the flies from them); to be a good marks-man (so as to hit a fly with a ball or arrow). Mukkhee-choos, A miser, a niggard, a skinflint. Mukkhee jhulna, To have venereal ulcers. Mukkhee marna, To idle, to be unemployed, to trifle, to fool.

अख mukh, s. f. Sacrifice, oblation.

अखन muk-hún, s. m. Butter.

मखना mukhná, s. m. A kind of elephant which has no tusks; a cock without spurs.

मखनिया mukhun-iya, s. m. Butterman.

मखो muk-hée, s. f. A fly.

मग mug, s. m. A road. Mug dekhna, To expect, to wait for.

भगध mug-adh, s. m. A country. South Behar; an inhabitant of that country; a bard, whose peculiar province is to sing the praises of a chief's ancestry in his presence, a family bard or minstrel,

सन्न mug-un, l adj. Plunged, dived, immersed; sunk, drown-Han mugn, ed; delighted, pleased, glad, happy, cheerful,

समनता mug-un-ta, s. f. Transport, rapture, cheerfulness, vivacity, delight.

सगर mug-ur. s.m. An alli-

सगरमञ्जू mugur-muchchh, gator. समारा mug-ra, adj. Proud, haughty, presumptuous, fastidious, arrogant, insolent, cross,

obstinate, stubbern, impatient, refractory. सगराई mug-race, s. f. Obstinacy, stubbornness, refractoriness, insolence.

सगरापन mugra-pún, s. m. Haughtiness, obstinacy, refractoriness.

मगराही mugra-hée, s. f. Arrogance.

सगरेना mug-rela, s. m. A small blackish. triangular, pyramidical shaped seed of a very pungent smell (Nigella Indica).

सगरिए mug-sir, s. m. The eighth solar month.

सगही muguhée, adj. Belonging to Mugudh (a thing).

सगह या mug-hya, s. m. Inhabitant of Mugudh; a caste of Brahmuns.

सगाना mug-ana, v. a. To send for.

मगुरी mág-ooree, s. f. A fish, a species of Silurus (S. pelorius).

सस्त mugn, ady. Plunged, dived, immersed; sunk, drowned.

सच mugh, s. m. One of the dweeps or divisions of the universe; a country, that of the modern Mugs, or Arracan; a drug.

सदन mug-hún, adj. Odoriferous.

सम्भा mughuyá, s. m. Inhabitant of Mugudh; a caste of Brahmuns.

सवा mug-há, s. f. The tenth lunar asterism, containing five stars figured by a house, a Leonis, Regulus.

सदी mug hée, adj. Belonging to Mugudh (a thing). s. f. A sort of grain.

Har mun-ka, s. m. A rosary, a bead (of gold?); the vertibræ of the neck. Munka dhulukna (lit. the bending of the neck), To be at the point of death.

महत mung-út, s. m. A beggar, a bor-

rower. सङ्खा mung-tá,

सङ्गी mung-née, e. f. Betrothing, asking in marriage; a loan. Mungnee dena, To lend. मकरा mungra, s. m. The ridge of a

house. were mun-gol, adj. Auspicious, propitious, conferring happiness, prosperity, &c.; beautiful, pleasing, agreeable, s. m. Welfare, happiness; the planet Mars or its deified personification; Tuesday. Mungul-achar, s. m. Festivity, rejoicing, congratulation, a song of congratulation, a marriage song or Epithalamium.

अङ्गलकोटी mungul-kótee, s. f. A sort of carpet made at Mungulkot.

सकु खनार mungul-war, A. m. Tuesday.

मक्सम्माचार mungul-sumachar, e. m. Glad tidings, the Gospel.

सङ्खास ली mungul-ambokhee, s. m. f. A musician or singer.

सङ्खी mungul-ée, adj. Triumphant, rejoicing. Mungules log, People employed on rejoicings.

सङ्खाना mung-wana, v. a. To cause to ask for, to send for.

सङ्गिर mung-sir, e. m. Name of a month, the first of the Hindoo year, according to some systems, or the eighth.

सङ्ग्रामा mungana, v.a. To send for, to ask स अपने जना munga-bheina, for, to call for.

अकृता mun-góola, e. m. A small tassel.

सर्वार mun-gétur, e.m.f. One to whom a man or woman is betrothed.

सबक much-uk, s. f. Pain in the joints.

सचनना múch-uk-na, v n. To have pain in the joints; to creak (as a bedstead, &c.)

अचकाना much-kána, v. a. To wink.

HENT much-na, v. n. To be made, to be committed, to be perpetrated, to be produced. स्वत्र much-much, An imitative sound.

सचमचाना much-much-ána, v. n. To creak (as a bedstead or other thing heavily laden).

अवसना much-úlna, v. n. To be perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate,

अच्छपन much-ul-pan, e. m. ) Pertness, सचताई much-laée, s. f. perverse-

ness, obstinacy.

अच्छा múch-la, adj. Perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, restiff, pert. सचलाना much-lans, v. n. To be sick at

the stomach, to feel nausea; to pretend ignorance waarus muchla-pun, s. m. Stubborn.

सच्चान्तर muchla-hút, s.f.

संबद्धार much-laha, adj Squeamish, stubborn.

सचान much-án, s. m. A platform, scaffold, stage, raised seat.

सचाना much-ána, v. a. To make, cause, stir up, excite, commit, perpetrate, produce. अचामच much-amuch,adj. Filled up, stuffed full.

wfwer much-iya, s. m. A stool, a chair.

कचित्राव muchiyáo, s. m. Honey.

सर्वोडना much-órna, v. a. To twist, to break by twisting.

संबद्ध muchchh, e. m. A fish in general ; the name of the first Uvutar or incarnation when Vishnoo is said to have appeared in the shape of the small fish suphuree, to Sutyuvruta or Huyugreer, to warn him of the general deluge, and desire him to place the four Veds in the boat which he (Vishnoo) would preserve. The fish was first taken up by Huyugreev in his hands when bathing, being then of the size of the suphures (or ponthes), but it grew too large for being contained in a tank, river, &c., and was carried to the sea, where, afterwards it supported the ark with its horn. Sutyuvruta lived about 3000 years before Christ.

सक्त much-chhár, s. m. A musquito, a gnat. Muchchhur kee jhool ka chor, One who would steal the minutest thing, a petty pilferer.

म को much-chhée, s. f. A kiss.

सक् muchh, s. m. A fish in general.

सक्रद्र muchh-undur, n. prop. Name of a Joges s. m. A rat. adj. Stupid.

अस्ति muchh-lée, s. f. A fish.

सक्या muchh-wá, s. m. A fisherman.

war muj, adj. Ripe, mellow.

मजीठ muj-seth, s. f. A drug used for dying red (Rubia manjith).

नजीत mujeet, adi. Cheap, that which is sold at an under price; bought at second hand.

संजीदर muj-éera, s. m.Small cymbals. जजूर muj-óor, s. m. A labourer, carrier, porter.

west muj-já, s. f. Marrow, pith, sap. नक्तन mujh-la, adj. Middling.

wart muj-har, s. m. The middle, centre; in the middle, in.

HATT muj-haree, adv. In the midst.

सकेली muj-helee, s. f. A small cart. मक्ताचा muj-hóla, adj. Middling.

waren muj-hôlee, s. f. A smallish sort

of car or carriage on two wheels.

www munch, s. m. A bed, a bedstead; a platform, a scaffold; an elevated shed raised on bamboos in a cornfield, &c. where a watchman is stationed to protect the corn from cattle, birds, wild beasts, &c.; a sort of throne or chair of state, or the platform on which it is raised, the dais.

सञ्जन mun-jun, s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice; cleaning the person by wiping, bathing or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.

अञ्चन manj-na, v. n. To be polished, to be cleaned, to be scoured.

war mun-jur, s. f. The blossom (of a tree).

war mun-ja, s. m. A bedstead; a sort of throne or chair of state.

wate mun-jár, s. m. A cat.

ment, a kind of cymbal: (it consists of two small brass cups tied together with a string, and played upon by striking one against another).

बटक mút-uk, सटकन mut-kún, } s.f. Coquetry, ogling.

सटकमा mút-kun-a, e. m. A small vessel for taking water out of a larger.

मटलना mut-úkna, v. n. To wink, ogle, coquet.

भटका mút-ka, s. m. A large earthen jar or pot.

सटकाना mut-kána, v. a. To wink, ogle,

भटकी mut-kée, s. f. A child's coral, or plaything which infants suck; a small earthen pot or jar; a wink, a twinkle, closing the eyes. अटकीटा mut-kótha, s. m. A house of earth.

WZT mút-ur, s. m. A pea (Pisum sativum).
WZZT mút-ra, s. m. A kind of pea; a kind of silk cloth.

wzt mut-ree, s. f. A kind of pea.

सटरोजा mut-récla, adj. Mixed with peas. सटियाना mut-iyana, v. n. To wink at, connive, suffer, tolerate.

महियारा mut-iyara, s. m. Arable land,

सरियान mut-iyáo, s. m. Sufferance, tole-

mittee, s.f. Earth. Muttee kurna, first mittee, To ruin or destroy. Muttee khana, To eat flesh. Muttee daina, To conceal the crime or fault of another. Muttee dena, To bury. Muttee pukurna, To bite the ground; to be overcome or overturned; to be perverse or obstinate, to resist. Mittee pur lurna, To disputs about land. Muttee men milana, To be ruined or disgraced. Muttee hona, To become weak or faint, to be ruined.

war mut-tha, s. m. Buttermilk.

muth, s. m. A school, a college, the residence of young Brahmuns, prosecuting sacred studies; a building inhabited by ascetics of the same order; a pagan temple.

Wo st muth ree, s. f. A sort of sweetmeat.

wo'r mut há, adj. Slow.

wolf mut-holee, s. f. Quanism.

साहियाना mur-iyana, v. a. To paste.

write, convolution, contortion. Muror baz, An affected person.

महोड्ना mur-órna, v. a. To twist, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn.

सहोदा mur-ora, s. m. A twisting of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, gripes.

ments murroree, s. f. Twisting, twist, flexion, writhe, convolution.

सदन mur-hún, e. f. Lining, heading (of a drum, &c.)

सहना murh-na, v. a. To cover (as a book with leather or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case.

सहर mur-há, adj. Lined, headed, covered or topped (as a drum with parchment).

मही mur-hée, e. f. A cottage, a temple.

सह या mur-hyya, s. f. A cottage, a hut.

afor muni, s. m. A gem, a jewel, a precious stone.

स्वास्य muni-múy, adj. Composed of gems. स्वासाला múni-mála, s. f. A necklace, a zone, a fillet, &c., of precious stones.

Hars mund, s. m. Seum, skimmings, froth, foam, barm, &c.; pith, essence.

संबद्धन mundun, s. m. Ornament, decoration, jewels, trinkets, &c.

Anex mun-dup, s. m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall adorned with flowers and erected on festival occasions, as at marriages, &c.; an open temple or building consecrated to a deity.

Huse mun-dúl, s. m. A circle, orb, sphere, disk of the sun or moon, halo, circumference; a round tent; an officer employed in villages, an exciseman, a province, a region, a district, extending twenty, or according to some authorities, forty Yojuns every way; the country or empire over which the twelve princes termed Chukrvurtees are supposed to have ruled, perhaps the peninsula of India.

संग्रह जाकार mundul-akar, adj. Round, cir-

सब्दाना mund-lána, v. n. To make a circuit, to hover (as birds, &e.), to be enveloped. सब्दिना mundul-fya, s. m. A tumbler

मण्डांच्या mundul-iya, s. m. A tumbler pigeon.

सराहकी mundul-ée, e. f. An assembly, a.

सत्प्रदा mund-wa, s. m. An alcove, an arbour, a bower, a shed.

समुद्धा mun-dia, s. m. A kind of sweetmeat. अतिकास mun-dia, adj. Ornamented, adorned, overlaid (with yold, &c.), oovered (with dus). महिद्याना mundi-yána, v. a. To starch. अवस्त्री mún-dee, s. f. A market, a particular market for any one thing.

bour, a bower; a shed.

सगुड क mun-dook, s. m. A frog ; a flower (Bignonia Indica).

मण्डली mun-dóokee, s.f. A female or small frog; a plant (Siphonanihus Indica, or, Hydrocotyle Asiatics).

सदरा mundh-na, v. a. To cover (as a book with leather, or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case.

भवटप mun-dhúp, s.m. A small round temple or cell.

संबद्धाना mundh-wana, v. a. To cause to cover (a book, drum, &c. with parchment).

ing, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and erected on festive occasions, as at marriages, &c.

संबद्धार mun-dháya, adj. Starched.

सरिदयाना mun-dhiyana, v. a. To starch.

ज्यदो mun-dhée, s. f. A jogee's hut or place or abode.

mind (as to have a mind to any thing); knowledge; doctrine, tenet, belief, opinion s. f. Manner, method, way, mode, system; wisdom, understanding, intellect. Matheen, Void of understanding neg. part. No, do not.

सत्र mut ting, s. m. An elephant.

सतना mút-na, s.m. A kind of sugar-cane. सत्याना mut-rána, v. a. To persuade.

अतलानाजीका mut-lana-jeeka, v. n. To be sick at the stomach, to feel nausea.

सत्वत mutwit, adj. Drunken, like one intoxicated.

wagren mut-wala, adj. Intoxicated, drunken, drunk.

सतसीन mut-héen, } adj. Stupid, igno-सतिसीन muti-héen, } rant.

war matia, s. m. Counsel, advice.

apprehension.

यति muti, s. f. Understanding, intellect ; wish, desire, inclination.

स्तिकाम muti-bhrúm, s. m. } Error, mis-स्तिका नि muti-bhránti, s. f. } take, mis-

अतिमान muti-man, adj. Sensible, clever, intelligent.

सन्त mutt, adj. Intoxicated (drunk with liquor), intoxicated (with pride, passion, de.) स्थापन matrina, v, a. To persuade,

भक्षर mut-sur, adj. Envious; niggardly, covetous.

ৰাজ্য mut-sur-a, c.f. Envy, impatience of another's success or prosperity; passion, anger; a gnat, a musquito.

भक्षिको mut-sur-inee, f. ) adj. Wicked, महारी mut-sur-ee, m. deprayed, bad; envious.

mit-syuh, s. m. A fish in general; a particular fish, probably the suphures, or the fish in which Vishnoo is said to have been incarnate in his fish Urutar; a country, enumerated amongst the midland divisions of India (Dinaypoor and Rungpoor); queof the Pocrans.

wreging mutsyuh-raj, s. m. The Rohi, a sort of fish (Opprinus Rohita); the country called Mutsyuh.

अथन mut-hún, s. m. Churning.

संघना muth-na, v. a. To churn ; to knead, to work. s. m. A churn-staff.

सथनिया muth-niya, s. f. A churn,

अवनी muth-nee, s. f. A churn-staff.

HET mut-ha, s. m. The forehead.

मिश्रित mut-hit, s. m. Butter-milk, without any watery admixture.

सिन mut-hin, e. m. A churning stick.

werr mut-hoo-ra, s. f. A town in the province of Agra, celebrated as the birth-place, and early residence of Krisha, and still an object of pilgrimage amongst Hindoos.

संयद्भित muthoo-riya, s. m. A caste of Brahmuns of Muthoora (Muttra).

मधुनी muthoor-née, s. f. The female of Muthooriya.

सदीट muthout, s. m. Contribution, subscription, capitation.

walt muthoura, s. m. A parasol, parapluie, umbrella.

सद mud, s. m. Spirituous or vinous liquor; inebriety, intoxication; pride, arrogance.

the Hindoo Cupid; a medicinal plant, Datura; the plant called mynphul (Gardenia dumetorum Vanqueri u spinosa). Mudun-ban, s. m. Name of a flower.

मदनवन्न mud-un-vush, adp. Subdued by love, in love.

सदसाता mud-máta, m.) adj. Drunk, in-सदसाती mud-mátee, f.) toxicated.

सदार mud-ar, s. f. A plant (Asclepius gigantea).

सदादिया mud-ariya, e. m. The followers of Mudar, a Mahomeden mendicant.

महारी mud-åree, s. m. A. juggler.

wich mud-ik, ad). Froud.

witer mud-ir-a, s. f. Wine, spirits, spirituous or vinous liquon.

सहरती mud-goorsee, s. f. A sort of fish. सद्य mud-yuh, s. m. Wine, vinous or spiri-

tuous liquor.

बदापीत mudyu-péet, adj. Drunk,a drunkard.

सम्माता mudh-mata, adj. Intoxicated, drunk

सभ mid-hoo, s m. Spirituous liquor ; the nectar or honey of flowers; honey; the season of spring; the month Obyt (March April).

सचनर midhoo-kur, s. m. A bee ; a plant (Achyranthes aspera); a fruit, the round sweet lime.

अधुकात्र mudhoo-kosh, s. m. The honeycomb or hive.

सभूत्रम् mudhoo-trin, s. m. Sugar-cane.

अध्य múdhoop, s. m. A bee.

सथपक mudhoo-purk, s. m. A dish of curds, glee and honey, to be offered to a respectable guest on his arrival.

सम्बद्ध mudhoo-may, adj. Sweet, luscious. सधनाखी mudhoo-makhee, s. f. A honey-

सध्यात mudhoo-mat, s. m. A Raginee or muscial mode.

WHITEI mudhoo-mata, adj. Intoxicated, drunk.

सध्यान mudhoo-más, s. m. The month Chyt (March-April).

सप्र mudhoor, adj. Sweet; pleasing, agreeable, liked.

सम्बद्ध mudhoo-ras, s. m. Sweetness (in flavour); sweetness (in speech).

सम्दी mudhoo-ree, adj. Sweet.

संबद्धी mudhook-ree, s.f. A kind of bread baked on live coals (used among the fakeers); victuals given in alms to pilgrims.

सच्चक mudhéo-luk, s. m. A sort of Bassia, growing in watery or mountainous situations; sweetnes

was mudh-yuh, adj. Middle, intermediate. ado. Amongst, amidst, amid. s. m. Tho middle, centre.

सध्यदेश muchyuk-desh, s. m. The middle region; part of India, bounded by Koorookshetr on the north, Allahabad on the south, the Himalu, mountains on the east, and the Vindinga mountains on the west; comprising therefore the moderu provinces of Allahabad, Agra, Delki, Oude, &c.; the northern limit is elsewhere defined to be the disappearance of the Suruswilles.

WEINTH mudhyuh-bhag, s. m. The centre. सञ्चल mudh-yum, adj. Middle, centrical, intervening, intermediate, middling, temperate. s. m. One of the seven musical notes, the fifth

note of the Hindoo gamut.

मध्यमजीक mudhyam-lok, ) s.m. The earth, मध्यनीय mudhyu-lók, I the world of mortals.

सञ्जा mudhyum-á, s. f. The middle fiuger.

सध्यक्ती mudhyuh-vurttee, adj. Central, middle; being amongst or amidst, s. m. A medi-

मध्यक्ष mudh-yústh, adj. Centrical, middle. s. m. A middle man, an umpire, an arbitrator, a mediator.

सध्यस्ता mudhyusth-ta, s.f. Middle state or character.

सध्याह mudh-yanh, s. m. Midday, noon.

ma muh, s. m. Mind, heart, soul, spirit, inclination. Muncher, Heart-stealer. Munducrewarder, adj. Fanciful, invented (speech or story). Mun-poorun, Confidence, satisfaction of mind. Mun-bhana, v. n. To be agreeable to the mind. adj Grateful to the mind, s. A sweetheart, mistress. Mun-bhana moundiya hilana, To shake the head at what one approves of, to pretend to refuse that which one secretly desires. Mun-man, s. m. Heart's desire, choice. Mun-manta or Mun mana, adj. Agreeable, pleasing, satisfactory, to one's heart's wish or content.s.A mistress, sweetheart. Mun-manch, As the mind may desire, Mun-marruhna, To suffer grief with patience. Mun-lugua, Heart-attachment, heart-engaging. Mun-lana, To fix the mind upon, to be attentive, to apply to. Mun-hemenen, In the very soul. सन mun, s. m. A weight (40 ser or) se-

venty-eight pounds.

सनका munka, s. m. A rosary, a bead; the vertebræ of the neck. Munka dhulukna, To bo at the point of death.

सनकासना mun-kanına, s. f. Desire, wish. सन्महा mungura, adj. Powerful.

सम्बद्धा mun-ghut-a, v. m. The raised masonry round the mouth of a well.

सन्बत् mun-chal-a, adj. Assiduous, intent, eager, active, bold.

जनजन munjún, s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice; cleaning the person by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.

and mun-ut, s. f. Acknowledgement.

सन्त mun-un, s. m. Minding, understanding.

ननभावन mun-bhawun, \ adj. Acceptable, सप्रादशा mun-bháona, I agreeable, pleasent, anusing, charming.

सनमञ् mun-muth, s. m. Cupid.

सन्धार ना mun-marna, v. a. To resist one's own inclination, to be grieved or troubled in mind.

मनमोद्धन mun-mobun (heart ravishing). s. m. A sweetheart, mistress; a name of Krishn.

अनमीज mun-móuj, s. m. Self-conceit. सन्भी जो mun-mónjee, adj. Self-conceited.

अनस mun-us, s. m. The mind, or considered as the seat of perception and passion, the heart; the intellect, the understanding.

अन्हर्वा mun-súrwa, s. m. A man, male. ननसा mún-sa, 1 s.f. The goddess

भनसादेवी munsa-devee, ) of the serpent race, and the particular protectress against their venom.

भन्या mun-sa, s. f. Wish, desire, intention, design, purport, purpose.

सनिवज mun-sij, ) adj. Mental, intellectu-

सनका mun-úsk, Jal

सन्देख mun-séroo, s. m. A man.

ATTENTE mun-uskar, s. m. The attention of the mind to its own sensations, consciousness of pleasure or pain.

अनकाम munus-tap, s. m. Mental distress. सन्द्रम man-huran, s. m. Heart-stealing. सनदारी mun-harce, adj. m. Heart-stealer. जनह munuhóo, adv. Suppose, as if, like. सनाना mun-ána, v. a. To persuade, cause to agree (to any thing), conciliate, propitiate, sooth, coax, assuage, appease, put in mind; to do, act, perform, make, Munana-dunuma, To appease, conciliate.

सनार्थ mun-arth, s. m. Intention, desire, purpose.

सन mun, } s. f. m. A gem, a jewel.

सनिकार muni-har, s. m. A person who makes or sells (choorees) the glass bracelets, which the women wear on their wrists.

सनिहारी muni-haree, s. f. The trade in jewels, &c.

अनीधनी munee-thunce, s.m. A blemish in horses

ar mon-oo, s. m. Menn, the legislator and saint, the son of Bruhma, or a personification of Brahma himself, the creator of the world, and progenitor of mankind; the name is however a generic term, and in every Kulp or interval from creation to creation, there are four teen successive Menes presiding over the universe for the period of a Muneuntura, respectively : in the present creation there have been the six following Menus: Menu called also Swayumhhooyuh, the sup-Posed revealer of the code of law possessed by the

Hindoos, Swurockisha, Oottum, Tamus, Rugout, and Chakshoosh; the seventh or the present Menu is Vuyouevent, or Ruyout the second. A man in general.

भन्ज mun-óoj, s. m. A man in general. सन्जा mun-oojá, s. f. A woman.

was inun-ooshee, s. f. A woman, the wife or female of the man.

सन क्या mun-foshyuh, s. m. Man, a man, mankind.

सन बात्य munooshyu-twúh, s. m. The state or condition of man, manhood, humanity.

समहार mun-ochár, ो adji f. Charming, मन्हारीmunocharee, . fascinating, delighting, captivating the mind.

सन्दा mun-600, s. f. A kind of cotton. s. m. Puss (a cat); mind, soul, life.

समी mun-o, adv. Like, as if.

सनीयत mun-6gut, adj. Seated in the

सनीराम mun-ogoopt, adj. Thought or meditated on secretly.

सनीज mun-bgyuh, adi. Beautiful, handsome, levely, pleasing, agreeable.

सनीनीत mun-oneet, ady. Chosen, prefer-

सन्दिश mun-óruth, s. m. Wish, desire, design, intention.

सन्दर्भ mun-frum, adj. Beautiful, levely, मनी बील्य mun-oloulyub, s. m. Fancy, caprice, whim.

सरोहर mun-ohur, adj. Heart-ravishing, beautiful, lovely, pleasing.

अनोहादियों mun-oharin-ee, f. ) adj. Beau-सन्दि mun-charce, m. pleasing, agreeable, lovely.

सनीती mun-outce, s. f. Bail, security, a person referred to to pay the debt, &c. of another, surety, assurance, acknowledgment.

सन्द muntr, s. m. A division of the Veds; a mystical verse or incantation, a formula sacred to any individual deity; a charm, philter, spell, incuntation; secret consultation, private advice. Muntr-juntr, Incantation, exercism.

बन्बग्रि muntr-géopti, s. f. Secret counsel.

सन्त्रवा muntr-ná, s. f. Advising, counselling in private, advice.

सन्त्री mun-trée, s. m. A counsellor or adviser, a king's counseller or minister; enchanter. or munth, s. m. A churning stick; a dish made of barley- meal with ghee and water, a sort of grack or porridge; a discesse of the eyes, cataract or opacity; rheum, excretion of the eyes.

अञ्चन mun-thun, s m. Agitating, stirring, churning.

सम्बनी mun-thun-ée, s. f. A churn.

wee mund, adj. Abated, slow, tedious, dull, foolish; bad, ill; low (as a tone). s. m. The planet Saturn: Saturday. Mund-guti, Slow (in) pace. adv. Slowly, softly. Mend-mund, adv. Gently, softly.

सन्दता mund-té, s. f. Dulness, littleness, slowness, feebleness, badness,

मन्द्रवृद्धि mund-béoddhi, adj. Stupid, foolish.

भन्दभाउय mund-bhagyuh, adj. Wretched, unhappy, unfortunate.

मन्द्रमति mund-múti, adj. Dull, stupid, slow of apprehension

मन्द्रमान mund-yuman, adj. Slow, tardy.

मन्दर mun-dur, adj. Large, bulky s. m. The mountain Mundur, with which the ocean is said to have been churned by the Soors and Usoors, after the deluge, for the purpose of recovering the sacred things lost in it during that period; the Mundur tree or one of the trees of paradise; Swurg or the paradise of the Hindoos.

सन्दर्ग mun-dur-á, adj. Squat, dapper.

सन्दर्भ mund-hásyuh, s. m. A smile, a gentle laugh.

West mundá, adj. Gentle, mild, affable, cheap, abated, allayed, slow, tardy; little.

सन्दात्मा mund-átma, adj. Slow of apprehension, dull.

मन्दादर mund-adur, adj. Disregarding, neglecting, disrespecting.

मन्दायमान mund-ayumán, adj. Delaying, going tardily

सन्दार mun-dar, s. m. One of the five trees of Swurg; the coral tree (Erythrina fidgens); swallow wort (Asclepius gigantea).

मन्दिनाना mundi-kéokoor, s. f. A sort of

Wier mundir, s. m. A house, dwelling, temple.

बच्चत mun-nút, e. f. Acknowledgment.

मदा mun-na, v. n. To be soothed, propitiated.

भनाव mun-muth, s. m. A name of Kam, the god of love; love, amorous passion or desire. नवादी mun-muth-ee, adj. Amorous, impassioned, in love.

सन्तर mun-win-tur, s. m. The reign of a Menu, a period equal to seventy-me ages of the gods, or \$06,720,000 years of morcals, or with its gods, or 596,720,000, wars of moreas, or Sundheor interval of universal deluge, 308,448,000 Sundheor interval of universal deluge, 308,448,000 years; fourteen Municulaturas constitute a Kulp, the grand period of creation and destruction, or

4,320,000,000 years; each Municuntura is governed by its distinct Menu, and is provided with its own Indr, and minor deities; according to Hin-doo cosmogony there have been innumerable Munuunturos since the first creation of the world.

अन्दान mun-wan, adj. Thinking, conceiving; mluding, regarding.

सपत खपत múput-khúput, s. f. Measure.

सपना múpna, v. n. To be measured. सपदाना mup-wana, v. a. To cause to mea-

अपान mup-án, s. m. Measure.

अभाग mup-ána, v.a. To cause to be measured.

HH mum, pron. My, mine.

समता mum-ta, s. f. Pride, arrogance, selfsufficiency; the interest or affection entertained for other objects from considering them as belonging to, or connected with, one's self, affection.

मस्तायज्ञ mumta-jóokt, adj. Selfish. s.m. A miser, a niggard.

नियासकर mumiya-susoor, s.m. Husband or wife's maternal uncle.

मियासास mimiya-sás, s. f. Husband or wife's maternal aunt.

समेरा mum-éra, adj. Relating to the maternal uncle; as, Mumera bhace, Mother's brother's son, cousin. Mumeree buhin, Mother's brother's daughter.

सम्रेड्डा mum-óra, s. m. Twist ; ache, pain (particularly in the bowels).

मय muy, (in comp.) Composed of, chiefly consisting or made of.

ययना múy-na, s. f. A bird, a kind of jay (Coracias Indica ).

अवा muy-a, e. f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling, affection.

सदी muyée, s. f. A harrow; a ladder. भयन muyóokh, s. m. The pin or gnomon

of a sun-dial.

HET muyoor, s. m. A peacock; a flower. the coxcomb (Celosia cristata); a plant (Achyranthes aspera).

सवरच्या muyoór-chóora, s. f. Coxeomb (Celosia oristata).

wattit muyoorari, s. m. A chameleon, a lizard.

सबरी muyoorée, s. f. A peahen.

सर्क mur-uk, s. m. Epidemie or pestilential disease.

सरकदर mur-kúch-a, s. m. The ridge of a

बरहाट mur-kut, s. m. A monkey, an ape. सर्वत mur-kút, s. m. An emerald.

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अरकर műr-kur, (lit. having died.) adv. With difficulty.

बर्कहा mur-kuhá, adj. Addicted to

सरखाहा mur-khaha, ) or butting (a man or animal).

सरखपना mur-khúpna, v. n. To die.

सर्गल mur-gul, adj. Fried (fish).

HTUZ mur-ghut, s. m. The place where Hindoes burn their dead.

सर जाना múr-jana, v. n. To die.

बर जीयां mur-jéeya, s. m. A diver.

सर्ण mur-un, s. f. Death, dying.

सरदिनहां murdun-iyan, s. m. pl. Attendants whose business it is to rub oil, perfumed paste, &c. over the body.

met.) to desire vehemently, to set one's heart upon any thing, to dote. s. m. Dying.

macrated. Rotten, fermented,

सर्पदना murpuch-na, v. n. To suffer pain or sorrow; to labour excessively.

death, greedy, voracious, ravenous.

भर्म mur-um, s. m. Secret meaning or purpose, a secret, any thing, hidden or recondite.

सरमर mur-mur, s. m. Sound made by treading upon dry leaves, &c.

new shoe (an imitative sound).

सर्वा murruhna, v. n. To be dead; to be deeply in love.

सर्दामा mur-waus, v. a. To cause to be besten, to cause to be killed.

HCT mur-sha, s. m. A pot-herb (Amaran-thus oleraceus).

मरसङ्ग mur-hútta, s. m. A Marhatta,

red legs and bill, or perhaps the Flamingo; a duck.

सरिच mur-ich, s. f. Pepper.

सरियल mur-iyul, adj. Lean, emaciated, much reduced by sickness.

सरी mur-ee, s. f. The plague.

अरीच mur-éech, s. f. Pepper (Piper nigrum).

and mur-eechi, s. f. A ray of light, a nun-beam s. m. A saint, the son of Bruhma, and one of the Projaputes, and Bruhmadikas, or first created beings and sovereigns of the world; a niggard, a miser.

सर्गिका mureechika, s. f. The mirage,

vapour which in hot and sandy countries especially appears at a distance like a sheet of water.

To muroo, S. m. A region or soil destitute of water, sands, a desert; the province of Marwar.

Physical Marions, 8, 79. A strong-scented plant (Artemisia vulgaris); Ocymum pilosum.

सहभ mur-oo-bhoo, s. m. The province of Murwar.

बर्च mur-oo-sthúl, s. m. A desert, a dry and desert tract adj. Barren, dry, without water, desert.

write, convolution, contertion, Muror-daz, An affected person.

सरोडना mur-firms, v. a. To twist, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn.

सरोडमही murór-philee, s. f. A plant (Helicteres isora), the fruit of which is used in melicine.

wilter mur-fra, s. m. A twisting of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, gripes.

मरीकी mur-oree, s. f. Twisting, writhing.

wells mur-oll, s. m. The Mukur, a marine measter, apparently the Monodon or Unicorn, and usually confounded with the crocodileor shark.

humanity, pity.

सरोही mur-bhee, adj. Affectionate.

waz mur-kut, s. m. A monkey or ape.

मजरी murkut-ée, s. f. A small or female monkey.

समिटेन्द् murkut-endoo, s. m. A sort of ebony (Diaspyros melanasylon).

मचेळा murttúv-yuh, adj. Mortal, what must or should die.

मर्च murtiyuh, s. m. A man, a mortal.

सम्बंदोज murttyuh-lók, s. m. The earth, the world, the habitation of mortals.

सहेंच murd-dún, s. m. Rubbing, anointing, bruising, trampling, treading down, grinding, pounding.

सहित murd-dit, adj. Embbed, anointed,

men murram, s.m. Secret meaning or purpose, a secret, any thing hidden or recondite.

HTT murmmur, s.m. The rustling sound of cloth on dry reaves.

सर्कारी murmmur-ee, s. f. A sort of pine (Pinus Devadare).

सर्भेत्र murmmigyuh, s. m. A learned or intelligent man or Brohmun.

सर्व वेटी marmin-védice, s. m. An acute and intelligent man. सन्द्रीद murj-jád, े s. f. Station, rank,

बर्दादा murj-jáda, dignity, respect, continuance in the right way, propriety of conduct, steadiness, rectitude.

अर्थादिक murjja-dik, adi. Respectable.

सद mul, s. m. Excretion of the body, as serum, semen, blood, marrow, urine, feeces, earwax, nails, phlegra, tears, rheum, and sweat; dirt, filtb; dreg, sediment; rust.

सलकना mul-uk-na, v. n. To walk like a chairman, &c. (trotting and raising the shoulders).

सन्द्र múl-ung, s. m. A kind of dervis; a kind of bird.

संबद्धी mul-úng-ee, s. m. A salt-maker.

स्वत mul-ut, s. m. A worn rupee or other

सन्दन múl-dul, s. m. Rubbing, grinding. सन्दन múl-un, s. m. Rubbing, grinding, &c.

स्त्रा múl-na, v. a. To rub, tread on, trampie on, anoint.

मलवा múlba, s. m. Rubbish.

मलमल mul-mul, s. f. Muslin.

सन्तरम mul-más, s. m. An intercalary month.

MENZ mul-mét, adj. Ruined; decided (in dispute). Mulmet kurna, To destroy, raze.

Mulmet hona, To be ruined, to perish.

Hea mul-uy, s. m. A mountain or mountainous range, from which the best Sandal wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India; the country that lies along the Muluy range, or the west coast of the peninsula, Muluyalim, or Malabar; one of the minor duceps or divisions of the world.

मसयस mul-uy-hj, s. m. Sandal wood.

सनवा muluya, s. f. A plant, commonly called Teoree (Convolvatus turpethum).

मजयागोरी muluya-géeree, s. m. The colour of Sandal wood.

मजबाचन muluya-chúl, s. m. The mountain Muluy.

जलनाई mul-waee, s. f. Price of scouring, rubbing, &c.

बनाई muláce, s. f. Cream.

werfar mul-agir, s. m A mountain or mountainous range, from which the best Sandat wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India.

मनागीरी mul-a-géeree, s. m. The colour of Sandal wood.

मजाना mul-ana, v. a. To cause to rab, grind, or scour.

नवार mul-ar s. f. A Ragines or musical mode sung during the rains,

who make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sunskrit and not subject to the usual Hindoo institutions.

सचित्र mul-in, m. े adj. Dirty, filthy,

wfor mul-in-a, f. f. foul, vile, bad; foul (figuratively), soiled with crime or vice, sinful, depraved.

सर्जनता mul-in-tá, s. f. Filth, impurity ; vileness.

संजिनमुख mul-in-mockh, adj. Cruel, fierce, savage; vile, wicked.

स्विनी mul-in-ee, s. f. A woman during menstruation.

महिद्या muliya, s. m. A small vessel of wood, or of the shell of a cocca-nut, for holding the oil used in unction.

मिन्ह mul-ishth, m. } adj. Very foul or मिन्हा mul-ish-thá, f. unclean ; very

wicked. s. f. A woman during menstruation. सदीन mul-éen, adj. Filthy, foul, dirty; sad, vexed, indisposed, disturbed, troubled.

सन्त mul-bok, s. m. A kind of worm.

who make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sunskrit and not subject to the usual Hindoo institutions.

सदेपंज mul-epúnj, adj. Aged above ten years (a horse).

सन्दर्ग mul-úyya, s. m. Name of a mountain.

भाइ mull, adj. Strong, stout, athletic, robust s. m. A wrestler, a boxer, by birth.

why mull-bhoo, s. f. A palestrum or arena, a place for athletic contests; it is also applied to the site of any conflict, as a field of battle, &c.

मञ्चाता mull-jatra, s. f. A match of wrestling or boxing.

सञ्ज् mull-jooddh, s. m. Wrestling, box-

सहार mullar, s.f. One of the Ragi-सहारी mullaree, nees or divisious of

the musical mode Megh sung during the rains.

सिद्धा mullik-á, s. f. Arabian Jasmine (Jasminum zambac).

अधिपति múlli-gúndhi, s. m. Aloe wood, सम्रा múlloo, s. m. A bear.

स्वास muwas, s. m. Protection, refuge, asylum, retreat.

ary mush, s. m. A musquito.

सम्बन्ध músh-uk, s. m. A gnat, a musquito ;

a kind of cutaneous eruption, the formation of small pustules or warts; a leather water-bag.

tains, bed curtains of gauze, or of any thin substance, used to keep off musquitoes.

www. mush-rung-ce, s. f. A kind of pulse

with mush-ee, s. f. Ink; the stalk of the Nycianthes risks.

we musht, s. f. Silence. Musht marna, To remain silent.

समक mús-uk, e. m. A gnat.

सरका mús-uk-na, v. n. To be torn, split, rent, burst.

समजाना mus-kana, v. a. To tear, rend, split, burst.

असन mus-un, s. m. A medicinal fruit (Serratula anthelmintica).

सर्वादर्ट mus bird, s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence or swelling.

सर्वरात्रा mus-mus-ana, v. n. To suppress one's sentiments from fear.

सर्वना mús-ul-na, v. a. To bruise, crush, break with the hand.

असहरी mus-úh-ree, s. f. Curtains (of a bed), musquito curtains.

सन्ता mús-a, s. m. A wart, a fleshy excres-

सहाज mus-an, s. m. A place where a dead body is burnt or buried, a cemetry.

WETT mus-ar, s. m. An emerald.

भवि mús-i, s. m. } Ink.

मिश्रान musi-dhan, s. m. An ink.

सभी mus-ee, s. f. Ink.

अशीन mus-een, s. m. A vetch, pulse.

मसीना mus-eena, s. f. Linseed (Linum utilatissimum).

सरीह mus-éch, n. prop. Messiah, Christ, the Anointed, the Savieur of the world.

स्त्रीहाई musechée, adj. Of the Messi-स्रोही musechée, ah. s. m. A follower of Christ, a Christian.

समुद्धा mus-bora, s. m. The gums (of the

ret mus-for, e. f. A sort of pulse or lentil (Ervum hirsutum, and Cicer tens).

समृदिया mus-óoriya, े s. f. A kind of समरी mus-óoree, small-pox.

wit mus-en, s. f. pl. Down, small hairs on the lips before the board grows. मशोशना mus-ósma, v. a. To twist ; to squeeze, wring ; to regret, to grieve.

सनोत्तर mus-6sa, adr. Twisted ; grieved, afflicted. \* m. Affliction, remorec, regret.

were mustuk, e. m. f. The head, the weathly the forehead, the head or top of any thing.

संस्था rous-sa, s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence.

सहमा muhunga, adj. m. Dear, high priced, expensive.

महंगी mulung-ee, s. f. Dearth, scarcity, famine. adj. f. Dear.

सहय muhuk, s. f. Odour, perfume, fragrance.

सहकता muhúkna, v. n. To exhale agreeable smells, to emit odour, to perfume.

महभाग muhukane, v. a. To exhale (agreeable scent), to perfume.

सहकीना muhuk-cela, ado. Odoriferous, fragrant, spicy, aromatic.

सहत multikk, s. m. Diffusive fragrance. सहत multut, adj. Great, glorious; large, bulky; excellent, illustrious, s. f. Greatness, grandeur, dignity.

सहते muhtó, s. m. A person employed by the land-holder to collect the rent from a village, a land-bailiff.

महतारी muh-taree, s. f. A mother

सह-व muhuttwúh, s. m. Greatness, either in bulk or rank.

सहदाश्च muhud-asruy, adj. Dependant upon or attached to the great.

बहुना múh-na, v. a. To churn.

बहुन muhunt, s. m. A monk, an abbot, prior, a religious superior, a chief of the fakeers. बहुनाई muhuntaee, s. f. The business of a Muhunt.

सहर mühur, s. m. A chief, s. f. A woman, wife, female.

सहरा múhra, s. m. A palkee-bearer.

west, muhrace, s. f. The business of a palker-bearer; a kind of song among the cowherds.

HETE muhri, s.f. A woman.

the universe; a region said to be one error of yojuns above the polar star, and to be the abode of these saints who survive a destruction of the world.

महञ्जूक muhullúk, s. m. A eunuch employed in a Haram.

extremely,

सहरकाय muha-kayuh, adj. Large, bulky, stout.

A RIAGE mulha-kal, s. m. A name or rather a form of Shiv, in his character of the destroying deity, being then represented of a black colour, and of aspect more or less terrific. Shiv or Muha-kal may be considered as a personification of time that destroys all things.

सहाकाली muha-kalee, s. f. The wife of the preceding deity, and a terrific form of Doorga. सहाक्ष muha-kool, adj. Eminent by birth,

of good family or extraction.

महाक्षतीन muha-kooléen, adj. Of good family.

सहाकृष muha-kéop, s. m. A large or deep well.

महाकृत muha-kóol,adj. Of a good family.

HETERIE muha-kórh, s. m. A species of leprosy (great laprosy) perhaps the elephantiasis.

a grown muhajun, s. m. A banker, moneydealer, merchant; a good or trust-worthy person,

सहाजनी muha-junée, s. f. The husiness of a Muhajun; interest.

महाजान muha-jan, ady. Very wise.

बहाजाब muha-jál, s. m. A seine.

महाहोच muha-dól, s. m. A large and splendid sort of sedan or palkes.

W 3744 muhá-tum, s. m. Greatness, grandear, rank, dignity; the benefit supposed to be derived from any good work.

सङ्गतसम्भा muhatum-prubhá, s. f. The lowermost division of Nuruk or hell.

सहातज muha-túl, s. m. The fifth in descent of the seven patals or regions under the earth, said to be inhabited by various races of evil beings, as the Nags, Usoors, Dyls, &c.

महातित muha-tikt, adj. Very bitter. s. m. The large Nimb tree (Melia sempervirens).

सहातीचा muha-téeshn, adj. Very sharp (as Aurour), or literally (as a weapon), or figuratively (as perception, &c.)

सहातेजा múha-téja, adj. Very bright ;very energetic or vigorous.

सङ्ख्या muhátma, adj. Liberal, lofty-minded, magnanimous.

भहादन muha dúnt, s. m. An elephant with large tusks; an elephant's tusk.

NETER muha-dev, s. m. Shiv, one of the principal Hindon gods.

सहाधात muha-dhatoo, s. m. Gold

बहानन् muha-núnd, s. m. Eternal emancipation or beatitude. महान्द्रक muha-nuruk, a. m. One of the helis or divisions of Tartarus.

सहानिद्रा muha-nidra, s. f. Death, dying. सहानिक muha-nimb, s. m. A large kind of Nimb tree (Melia sempervirens).

सन्दर्शनका muha-nisha, s. f. Midnight.

महानी ज muha-néel, s. m. The emerald.

सहानुसाच muhánoo-bhão, adj. Magnanimous, liberal. s. m. A gentleman.

सद्भाषा muha-pukshee, s. f. An owl.

path or entrance to a town or house, &c., a main road, a highway; the end of life, the way of all flesh.

सहायातच mutha-patule, s. m. A crime of the highest degree, as killing a Brahmun, steading gold from a priest, drinking spirits, adultery with the wife of a spiritual teacher, and associating with persons who have committed these offences; great crime in general.

महापातकी muha-patukée,s.m.An offender

in the highest degree.

सहापाप muha-pap, s. m. Atrocity, great sin; helinous crime or sin in general.

सहापाति muha-papee, adj. Atrocious, great sinner.

महापासक múha-pásuk, s. m. A religious mendicant.

सन्तर्भ muha-péoroosh, s. m. A great man, a holy man.

सहायुक्ता múha-péoshpa, s. f. A flower (Olitoria ternatea).

महाप्रभु műha-prűbhoo, s. m. A holy man, a saint; a king.

দ্বাদ্র muha-pruluy, s. m. A destruction of the world said to occur after every period of 4,320,000,000 years; a total destruction of the universe happening after a period commensurate with the life of Bruhma, or 100 years, day each of which is equal to the period first stated, and each night of which is of similar duration; at the expiration of this term, the seven Loks, with the saints, gods, and Bruhma himself, are said to be annihilated.

พลายพลาร muha-prusad, s. m. The meat which is offered to the deity (especially to Juggusnail) and afterwards distributed.

सहाता muha-bul-ce, adj. Very powerful. सहाताह्य muha-brahmun, s. m. A. priest who officiates at funeral ceremonies; and is first fed after the mourning for a dead person.

सहाभाग muha-bhág, adj. Virtuous in a high dogree, pure, holy; eminent, exalted.

महाभागता maha-bhagta, s. f. Possession of the eight cardinal virtues, clemency, &c.; exalted station or merit. TETETE muha-bharut, s. m. A grand one poem by Vyas-dev, containing an account of the dissensions and wars of the Kooroos and Pandoos, two great collateral branches of the house of Bharut so called from Bharut its founder; the great war of the descendants of Bharut.

REWIT muha-bheet, adj. Very timid, pusillanimous, cowardly.

wgiwlar muha-bheeta, s. f. A sort of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

WETH'E muha-mans, s. m. Human Cosh. (One who takes money origiving his daughter in marriage is said to sell muhamans, human flesh).

सहामाया muha-máya, s.f. Doorga ; worldly illusion or unreality.

बहाबाब muha-másh, s. m. A kind of bean (Dolichos catjung).

सहाम्ह्य muha-móolyuh, adj. Costly, pre-

कहान्द्र muha-med, s. m. The coral tree (Ergthrina Indian); a drug, classed amongst the principal drugs, and described as a tonic, and atimulant.

agrifice, a sacrament of the Hindoo religion: five acts are enumerated of this description, severally considered as due to the Veds, to the gods, to man, to the manes, and to all created beings, they are respectively, study of scripture, offering of sacrifice to the gods, hospitable treatment of guests, libation ofwater, &c.to decessed progenitors, and the casting of food on the ground or in water as an offering to the gods, to spirits, &c.

सङ्ख्या muha-juntr, s. m. Any great mechanical work, as a lock or dyke.

बहारमा műha-júsha, adj. Illustrious, celebrated.

सहरदान muha-joog, s. m. A great Joog; the aggregate of the four ages, or a period of four million, three bundred and twenty thousand years.

emperor; great king, excellency.

महाराजा múha-rája, s. m. A Hindoo emperor.

महाराजापिराज muharaja dhiraj, a.m. A

ATTEM muha-ratr, s. m. Midnight.

महारानी muha-rance,s. f. An empress.

हाइब muha-lúy, s. m. God, the Supreme Being; a place of refuge, a sanctuary, an asylum. महाबोह muha-lóh, s. m. The loadstone.

सहायड muhawath, s. m. Rain which falls in the mouth of Magh.

सहायत muhawút, s. m. An elephant driver or keeper.

सहायन muha-vún, s. m. A large forest.

सहाबर muhawur, s. m. Lac, the red animal die so called extracted from lac insects.

सहादिष muha-vish, s. m. A small venemous snake, supposed to be two-headed.

Argifaga muha-vishoov, s. m. The Sunkrani or moment of the sun's entering Aries; the vernal equinox, but sarying several days from the European computation.

सहायोजि muha-véechi, s. f. One of the divisions of Tartarus.

सहागड्ड muha-shunkh, s. m. A thousand millions.

सहामय muha-shúy, adi. Magnanimous, liberal, munificent.

सहारत muha-sútwub,adj. Good,virtuous,

of penance; subsisting for six successive days respectively, oncow's urine, cow-dung, milk, curds, ghee, and water in which Koosa grass has been boiled, and fasting on the seventh day; instead of one day some authorities assign a period of three days to each, considering the first as the common Santupan penance; others omit the two last periods, making it last fifteen days.

महासाह्य muha-sahus, s. m. Excessive violence, brutal assault.

सहारह muha-sookh, s. m. Copulation.

सहायुक्त mitha-sookshm,adj. Subtile, fine,

सहाहास muha-hás,s. m. A horse-laugh.

अहि muhi, s. f. The earth.

संदिया múhima,s. f. Greatness in general, literal or figurative.

महिष muhish, s. m. A buffalo.

महिषान muhish-aksh, s. m. A plant, supposed to be the Bdellium tree.

सिंह को muhishee, s. f. A female buffalo.

Makes which rises in the province of Makes, and after pursuing a westerly course of about 280 miles, falls into the upper part of the gulph of Cambay.

सहीतन muhée-tul, s. m. The surface of

महीना muheena, s. m. A month; monthly pay. Muheena churhaa, To be in arrears .Muheena-dar, A monthly servant.

महीप muhéep, ) s. m. A sovere-महीपति muhee-púti, } ign, a king.

सहीपास muhee-pal,

सहीय muhee-muy, adj. Earthen, made of earth or clay.

नहीं हु muhée-roch, s. m. A tree.

सहीचता muhee-lút-a, .f. An carth-worm. सञ्जा ши́hooa, ो s. m. Name of a tree

HE at muhooa, (Bassa latifolia) bearing flowers which are sweet, and from which a spirituous liquor is distilled. The nuts afford an oil used instead of butter.

सहरत muhóorut, } s. m. A division of सहरत muhóortt, } time, equal to 12

kshuns or 48 minutes.

with muhendr, s. m. Indr, the ruler of Swary; a range of mountains, one of the seven principal chains in Bharut Vursh or India, and apparently the northern part of the Ghats of the peninsula.

west muher, s. m. ) A dish, consisting of rice or other

बहरी muherée, s. f. ) grain, boiled in some milk.

सहेदा muhéla, s. f. A food given to horses, consisting of boiled kidney beans (Phaseolus max), a mash.

सहेत्र muhésh, s. m. } Shiv.

महोस muhóksh, s. m. A large bull or ox. महोसा muhókha, s. m. A bird (Cuculus castancus).

सहोद्ध muhót-suv, s. m. A great festival. सहोद्धाह muhót-sah, adj. Persevering, diligent, making strenuous and unremitting exertion. s. m. Diligence, effort, exertion.

सहोदय muhódny, s. m. Kunonj, the ancient city and district; final beatitude, emancipation from vitality and absorption into the divine essence, prosperity, elevation, eminence.

अहोदार muhodár, adj. Mighty, powerful.

weing, making strenuous and unremitting effort s. m. Great effort, energy, exertion.

बहोत्रा muhósa, s. m. A freckle.

सर्चेषध muhón-shudh, s. m. Carlie ; n plant (Betula); long-pepper.

सहीपड़ि muhou-shudhi, s. f. A sort of grass, commonly called Doob; a kind of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

बहोबडी muhóu-shudhée, s.f. Dry ginger; a potherb (Hingsta repens).

महार muhyéu, s. m. Buttermilk.

अधिका narkshika, s. f. A bee.

MT ma, e.f. Mother; a name of Luchh-

माई máce, s. f. Mother.

बाई macen, s. f. Aunt.

आं man, postpos. In. e. f. Mother.

wire mang, s. f. A line on the top of the head where the hair is parted; a betrothed dam. sel; prow; division. Mang nikalna, To divide the hair in a straight line on the top of the head.

winland mang-chiknee, s. f. Name of a bird.

सांगदेना mang-dena, v. a. To borrow for another, to ask for and give.

सांगना máng-na, v. a. To ask for, require, demand, beg, pray, crave, solicit, want, desire, seek, betroth, will. Mang tang kurna, To ask for.

सर्गानी mangnee, s. f. Asking or betrothing in marriage.

सांगलना mang-léna, v. a. To borrow.

will mang-ée, s. f. A loan, what is berrowed. part. Betrothed (a woman).

wis manj, s. m. Pus, matter, serum.

सांजना mánj-na, v. a. To scour, scrub, clean.

with manjin, s. m. The middle, in the middle, in; a Raginee or musical mode; a kind of verse. Manjidhar, s. f. The mid-stream.

wiena man-jhut, s. f. State, dignity.

within man-jha, s. m. A paste mixed with pounded glass, and applied to the string of a kite, to cut that of another with; a feast given by a bridegroom previous to the wedding; the trunk of a tree.

with man-jhee, s. m. Master of a vessel, a boatman, sailor, steersman, helmsman.

and, s. m. Rice-water, rice-gruel, starch, paste.

trample down; to kneed; to make, stir, excite, commit, perpetrate, produce; to starch.

aist man-da, s. m. Film, speck (on the eye); a kind of bread.

मांडी man-dee, s. f. Starch (made of rice flour).

wist man-dha, s. m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and erected on festive occasions, as at marriages, &c.

wit mand. s. f. Faded, a dull colour; a dunghill; the den of a wild beast.

with mans, s. m. Flesh, meat.

सांभी mans-éc, s. f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana Jatamansi).

सार्वका mans-bhuksh, adj. Eating flesh, carnivorous.

आकर् ma-kund, s. m. The mango.

भाकन्दी ma-kun-dee, s. f. Emblic myroba-

साखन má-khun, s. m. Butter.

सामध ma-gudh, adj. Belonging to, or produced in the province of Mugudh or south Behar.

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a. m. A bard, a minstre whl, oseduty it is to recite the praises of sovereigns, their genealogy, and the deeds of their ancestors, in their presence, and to attend on the march of an army, and animate the soldiers by martial songs. The ministral forms a particular caste, said to spring from a Vys father and Kshuree mother; in mythology they are said to have been created at once by the will of Shiv. Under the name of Bhats, they are still numerous in the west of India, where they are a privileged tribe.

भागधा maguelhá, s. m. pl. The inhabitants or people of Mugudh.

सामधी magud-hée, s. f. A kind of jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum); long-pepper (Piper tongum); a sort of Cardamoms grown in Guserut; a dialect of Sunskrit, one of the principal forms of Prabrit, and nearly the same as that used in the sacred books of the Bouddhs and Jyns. भागना mág-na, v. a. To ask for.

THE magh, s. m. One of the months of the Hindon year (January-February).

Wiel mag-hee, s. f. A potherb (Hingsta repens).

साइ जिन man-gul-fk, adj. Propitious, tending to good fortune.

साइ स्व man-gul-yuh, s.m. Welfare, propitiousness

माचा má-cha, s. m. A large bedstead or platform; a frame or stage on which they sit to drive away birds, &c. from corn-fields. Machator, adj. A lazy person who never stirs from his bed; a kind of soldier among the Rajpoots, very indolent and much addicted to opium, but nctive and brave when roused.

and má-chee, s. f. A harrow; a small hedstead.

आची न ma-chéen, s. m. Name of a country, erest ma-chhur, s. m. A mosquito.

मार्खी má-chhee, s. f. A fly.

साजाद ma-jace, f. } adj. Born of the साजादा ma-jaya, m. } same mother.

साजफल majoo-phul, s. m. A gall-nut.

WITH TE majh-dhar, s. f. Mid-stream.

माजिल man jishth, on. \ adj. Of a red wifered man-jishthée, f. J colour.

Wiel ma-tee, s. f. Earth.

TITET má-tha, s. m. Buttermilk. adj. Perverse, lazy, obstir ite.

and mathéo, s. m. A buffoon (a term of reproach).

माइनी marnee, s. f. Paste.

arfest ma-riya, adj. Lean, thin.

artas ma-núv, s. m. A child; a man (in a contemptuous sense), a manikin.

भारतान्य man-vak, s. m. child, a boy not exceeding sixteen years of age, a manikin.

आणिका man-ikyuh, s. m. A ruby.

With mat, s. f. Accent, a vowel; mother.

arage ma-tung, s. m. An elephant.

Trans mat-na, v. n. To be intoxicated. Wray ma-ta, s. f. Mother; the small-pox. adj. Drunk, intoxicated.

बातापित mata-pitri, m. du. Mother and father.

साताबह máta-múhuh, s. m. A maternal grandfather.

सातामही mata-muhee, s. f. A maternal grandmother.

साहार ma-tool, s. m. A maternal uncle.

भाउतप्रवक matool-pootruk, s. m. The son of a maternal uncle.

माह्यसा ma-toolá, s.f. The wife of माद्रजानी matoolanee, } a maternal nucle,

साहजी matoo-lée, ) &c. WIR matri, s. f. A mother.

सारचात्रक matri-ghatook, s. m. A matricide.

ATA matr, adv. Only, solely (exclusive and identical, the very thing).

माल्य matruk, adj. Mere, only, solely.

माला matra, s. f. A vowel (point or symbol); a dose, an ingredient.

HTMT mat-sur, adj. Envious, or impatient of another's prosperity.

भास ये mat-súrj, e. m. Euvy, malice.

Will ma-tha, s m. The forehead; prow; the ridge of a thatch. Mathathunuknaflit, ringing or throbbing of the forehead), implies a presentiment of the conclusion, from certain marks observed in the commencement of an affair : and it is generally understood to indicate an unfortunate termination. Matha rugurna (lit. to rub the forchead, viz. on the ground), To implore humbly (of the Deity, a saint, or a king). Mathch pur churhna, v. a. To tyraunise, to oppress.

माधीले ना mathee-lena, v. a. To make even (particularly a thatch).

Will ma-thoor, s. m. An inhabitant of Muthoora (Muttra); a caste of Kayusths, also of Brahmuns.

भादक ma-duk, adj. Intoxicating.

सादकता maduk-tá, s. f. Intoxication.

भाष्यी ma-dhuv-ée, s.f. A large creeper (Gærtnera racemosa).

माध्य ma-dhoorj-yuh, s. m. Sweetness of flavour or disposition.

wreat madh-wee, s.f. Spirituous liquor; a sort of fish.

बाध्योक madh-week, s. m. Spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia; wine, spirit distilled from grapes.

respect; arrogance, haughtiness, pride; blandishment; measure in general, whether of weight, length or capacity adj. Like. Mangooman, s. m. Dignity, state, honour. Man-goun, Respect.

सान man, adv. Suppose, grant.

सानज ma-núk, s. m. A plant, of which the root is sometimes eaten (Arum indicum).

मानता man-tá, s. f. Vow, promise. \_

साननीय manun-éeyuh, adj. To be respected or revered.

सानवत man-wút, m. A man, man; a boy. सानवत man-wút, m. adj. Proud, सानवती man-wut-ée, f. haughty, high-

spirited. मानविजीत man-vurjjitt, m. भानविजीता man-vurjjitté, f. ble,lowly.

भानवी ma-nuv-ée, s. f. A woman.

The ma-nús, adj. Mental.'s. m. The mind, the seat or faculty of reason and feeling; the lake Manus or Mansurovour in the Himaluy mountains.

मानसत् manus-twúh, स. m. Thoughtfulness. मानसन्वान man-sunwán, स. m. Welcome.

নাৰন্ধ man-hóo, adv. Suppose, grant, as if, like, resembling.

सानिक má-nik, s. m. A kind of gem, ruby. Leed ka manik, A horse.

मानिकजोड manik-jór, s. m. A bird (Ardea leucocephala).

जानिता mánita, s. f. Pride, dignity.

मानिनी má-nin-ee, adj. f. Proud, arrogant, haughty.

भानी ma-née, adj. Proud, haughty.

सानव ma-noosh, s. m. A man.

बानची ma-noosh-ée, s. f. A woman.

भानुन्य ma-noosh-yuh, s. m. Manhood,manliness, humanity, the state or quality of a man or mortal.

जानो má-no, adv. Suppose, grant, as if, as. a.m. A cat.

MTGI man-na, v. a. To respect, regard, mind, attend to, observe, obey, heed, believe, accept, acknowledge, receive, experience, agree, allow, accede, assent, confess, consent, grant, admit, take, assume, trust, yield, submit, suppose, own, permit, to be set on Boera manna, To take amiss, to take as an affront Bhula manna, To take in good part.

wraz man-yuh, adj. Respectable, venera-

HIU map, s. m. Measure.

नापन map-un, s. m. Measure, measuring. नापना map-na, v. a. To measure. Mapa shorba our ginee duliyan, is applied to express scarcity of provision, also penurious economy.

सावाप ma-bap, e. m. Parents.

भागम ma muk, adj. Selfish, s. m. A miser, a niggard.

STAT ma-ma, s. m. A maternal uncle.

सामी ma-mée, s.f. An aunt, maternal uncle's wife.

मामी पीना mámee-péena, v. a. To shew partiality.

are ma-móo, s. m. An uncle, mother's brother; a snake. (Phrase used at night when it is deemed unlucky to call a serpent by its proper name).

Trat maya, s. f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling. Mection; fraud, trick, deceit, illusion; philosophical illusion, idealism, unreality of all worldly existence. Mayapatr, adj. Rich, opulent, wealthy.

भाशापट्ट máya-pút-oo, adj. Delusive, expert in deceiving.

भाषामय maya-múy, adj. Illusive, decep-

jurer.

tive. सायावी maya-vée, s. m. A juggler, a con-

साचित्र ma-yik, adj. Illusory, deceptive.

with mar, s. f. Beating; battle; a blow; (in comp.) killing, killer.Mar kootaee,s.f. Beating and bruising.Markhanee, To get a drubbing. Mar girena, To knock down.Mar dalna, To kill, smite. Mar dena, To emite, to beat. Mar-dhar, s.f. Thumping and beating severely. Mar purna, To be beaten. Mar peet, s.f. Beating and bruising, drubbing. Mar murne, To commit suicide; to tail in battle after killing some of the enemy. Mar lana, To rob, take by robbery. Mar lena, To smite, overcome, conquer. Mar sukna, To be able to beat. Mar hutana, To overcome, to beat, and drive back. Mar harna, To beat severely.

सार mar, े s. m. Plague, pestilence,

सारक mar-fik, l epidemic.

सारकत mar-kut, adj. Emerald, of the colour of an emerald.

सारत mar-ug, s. m. A road, path, way;

Harunhara, s. m. Killing, slaughter.

witten mar-na, s. c. To smite, strike, hit, kill, slay, beat, bang drive, shoot, punish, mortify, cast, mar, blight, blast, spotl, ruin, conquer, crack, destroy, break, fine, take, set, smother, stamp, sting, stop, calm, throw, toss, quench, run s. m. Striking, &c.

भारता mar-wá, भारत mar-róo, } s. m. A musical mode.

HICI ma-ra, adj Beaten, smirten, slain; foundered or overturned (a boat, &c.) s. m. A wictim. Mara purva, To be killed or slain. Mara mara phirna, To winder. Mara marce, Mutual beating, scuffle, fray, bickering, broil.

HIT ETHT mara-jana, v. n. To be slain; to be overcome; to be overturned or sunk (a boat, &c.); to be cut off (a caravan, detachment, &c.)

भारतकत mar-stmuk, adj. Murderous.

सारित mar-it, adj. Killed, slain.

मारी ma-rée, e. f. Plague, epidemic.

ma-róo, s. m. A warlike musical instrument, a ketiledrum. adj. (in comp.)Smiting, striking; striker, killer.

son, (on) account, (for) the sake, for.

सार्थ marg, s.m. A road, path, way; search, seeking, inquiry; the anus.

The marg-shir, s. m. The month Ugruhagun (November December).

wiping; cleaning the person, by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents; sprinkling with water for purification before the performance of religious ceremonies.

भारतीर marj-are, s. m. } The common cat; भारतीर marj-aree, s.f. } the wild or pole cat.

Fig. mal, s. m. Wrestler, boxer, prize-fighter. s. f. A necklace, a garland.

भाजकड़ नी mal-kung-nee, s. f. Celastrus (Staff tra).

STEET má-luk-a, s. f. A garland.

with mal-kos, s. m. A musical mode.

With mal-tée, s. f. Grent-flowered jasmine (Jasminum grandiflorum); a buil, a blossom; a flower (Bignonia suave-elens); a shrub
(Echites caryophyllata); a creeper (Gerthera
racemosa).

सालपुका mal-póoa, s. m. A kind of sweetmeat, a pancako.

कारत ma-luv, s. m. The province of Mal-

बाज यो mal-srée, s. f. A Raginee or musical mode.

a string or wreath of flowers; a chaplet of flowers; s string of beads, a *Hinduo* resary; a book.

florist, a gardener.

Storogen meia-phul, s. m. The seed of the

शासिन ma-lin. ) \*. f. The wife of a strength ma-lin-ée, strength flower-gatherer, or a female vender of garlands, &c.

भारती ma-lee, s. m. A florist, a gatherer and vender of flowers, a gardener.

a chaplet, a garland for the forehead.

भारत्वत malyuh-wut, े 8 m.A mountain-

साल्यान malyuh-wán, Jous range, described as one of the smaller mountains of India proper; lying eastward of mount Meroo.

सावसं má-wus, s. f. The conjunction of the sun and moon, the change of the moon.

oran ma-wa, s. f. Substance; starch; the yolk of an egg; leaven; milk inspissated by boiling.

mrq mash, s. m. A sort of vetch or kidney-bean (Phaseolus max. or, -radiatus).

आपपारि mash-purnec, s. f. A sort of leguminous shrub (Glycine debilis).

आया má-sha, s. m. A jeweller's or goldsmith's weight, variously reckoned at five, eight or ten rutees or seeds of the Abrus precatorius: the weight in common use is about seventeen grains troy.

THE mas, s. m. The month, a month, the twelfth part of the Hindoo year, it is usually a lunar one, consisting of thirty Tithis, but it may be a Soura or solar month, being equal to the sun's passage through a sign of the zodiac; there is also a Sauva month, consisting of thirty risings and settings of the sun; a Nukowate month, or month regulated by the lunar asterisms; and a fifth description of month called Varhusputyuh, depending on the motions of the planet Jupiter; the lunar month also being of two kinds, as reckoned from the new or from the full moon, completes six different modes of monthly computation.

आप mas, s. m. Flesh, meat.

भारतवार mas-kub-ár, s. m. The last day of a month.

भारतन ma-sún, s. m. A medicinal seed (Serratula anthelmintica).

MTHT má-sa, s. m. A small weight consisting of eight rutters.

सासान्त mas ant, s. m. Day of new-moon.

belonging to a month; payable in a month (a deh &c.), hired by the month (a servant); lesting for a month; happening or occuring at the end of a month, what will occur a month hence. &c. s. m. A particular Shraddh, or obsequal sacrifice performed every day of new moon.

masee, s. f. Mother's sister, maternal aunt.

मारीन ma-seen, adj. Of a month, a month

नाइ। क्रांक्र maha-k6o!, adj. Of a respectable family.

भाइ।जनिक maha-jun-ik, adj. Fit for or suitable to great persons.

बाहारिक mahat-mik, adj. Glorious, majestic; magnammous; of great sanctity or honour.

mahatmyuh, s. m. Majesty, greatness, night; the peculiar efficacy or virtue of any divinity or sacred shrine, &c.; a work, giving an account of the merits of any holy place or object.

wreterform maha-rajik, adj. Imperial, royal, fit for a king, &c.

wife mahin, adv. In.

भाइर ma-hoor, s. m. Poison.

ma-hóo, s. m. A kirst of Scolopendra or Julus which is said to get into the brain through the ears, and by its bite to occasion excessive pain and even death.

सिंह minh, s. m. Rain.

भिङ्गनी minguee, s. j. Goat's or sheep's dung.

भिचकारना mich-karna, v. a. To rinse.

विचना mich-na, v. n. To shut, to close.

নির্বাদ্য mich-rana, v. a. To eat without an appetite. Michur-michur kurna, Eating without an appetite.

शिचीजना michoul-ná, v. a. To shut or cover the eye.

सिटना mit-ná, v. n. To be effaced, to expire.

विदाना mit-ána, v. a. To efface, erase, obliterate, blot out, abrogate, abolish.

निरिया miliya, s. f. An earthen pot.

mittee, s.f. Earth. Mittee pukurna, we'll muttee, To bite the ground; to be overcome or overturned; to be perverse or obstinate, to resist. Mittee dena, To bury. Muttee pur turna, To dispute about land. Muttee dalna, To conceal the crime or fault of another. Muttee kurna, To ruin or destroy. Muttee men mina, To be ruined or disgraced. Muttee khana, To eat flesh. Muttee hona, To become weak or faint, to be ruined.

सिट्टा mit-thá, s. m. A kiss. adj. Sweet ;

भिरुदी mith-ree, s. f. A sort of sweetmeat.

सिटास mit-has, s. f. Sweetness.

fun mit, adj. Measured.

सितदाच mit-vach, adj. Prudent in speaking, of measured speech.

furtur mit ashun, adj. Abstemious, moderate in diet, eating little and sparingly. निर्मत miti, s. f. Measuring, measure; proof, evidence.

सिती mit-ee, s. f. Date ; interest.

fara mitr, s. m. A friend.

भित्रता mitr-té, ) s.f. Friendship, friend-भित्राई mitraee, । liness.

नित्र mitr-droch, s. m. A false or treacherous friend.

fuguez mitr-bhed, e.m. Breach of friend-

विवस्थ mitr-labh, s. m. Acquirement of a friend or friendship, forming friendship, &c. विवस mit-hus, adv. Mutually, reciprocally.

नियुन mit-hoon, s. m. A couple, a pair, a brace, male and female; copulation; union, junction s. m. The sign of the zodiac Gemini.

सिधुनी भाव mithoonée-bháo, s. m. Amorous inclination.

fazir mith-ya, adv. Falsely, untruly. adj. False, counterfeit.

Swarer mithya-char, adj. Acting falsely.

Swarer mithya-drishti, s. f. Denial of future existence, atheism, heresy.

सिकापितज्ञ mithya-prutigyuh, adj. Treacherous, guilty of a breach of promise.

जिञ्चामित mithya-muti, s. f. Error, ignorance, mistake.

मिधावादी míthya-vádee,adj. Lying,a liar. मिन्ती mín-tee, s. f. An apology, submissiou, solicitation.

faut miyan, s. m. Sir! an address expressive of kindness, master. Miyan admee, A respectable person.

fast mir-gee, s. f. The epilepsy.

सिर्शेश mir-gee-há, s. m. One afflicted with the epilepsy, one epileptic.

Tara mirch, s. f. Pepper. Gol-mirch, Black-pepper. Lal mirch, Capsicum or red pep-

सिंची mir-cha, s. m. Chili pepper (Capsicum frutes-

furt mir-tha, adj. False, lying, antrue. furty mir-ding, s. f. A kind of drum, a tabour. (A kind of long drum, much longer than the dhol and broader at the middle than at either end).

নিইছিবা mir-dung-iya, s. m. A beater নিইছি mir-dung-ee, stabourer.

we' mir-dha, s. m. An officer employed' by government in villages, an overseer, exciseman, सिल्न mil-un, s. m. Mixing with, being in contact with, associating with, dc.; agreement; encountering, meeting; to meet, to mix, &c.

मिलनशार mil-un-sár, adj. Civil, affable, sociable, friendly, familiar, lutimate, convivial. Milunsarec, s. f. Sociableness, friendliness, affabi-

lity, civility, concord, agreement. founded, to blend, meet, join, to be met with, to attain, occur, to be got, to associate, agree, accord, fit, tally, suit, to be united, to become connected (with), to coalesce, correspond. Milna joolna, or Milna jhoolna, To meet cordially, to have unrestricted intercourse. Milna kilna, v. w. To act together, to coalesce, to be together, to join. M'ileh jooleh ruhna, To live together in harmony.

विल्वाना mil-wá-na, v. a. To cause to mix, Sc.

किलाना mil-ána, v. a. To mix, to blend; to cause to meet, to join, attach, connect, adjust, accord, fit, unite, apply, introduce, cement, close, compare, reconcile, assimilate, agree, find, get, meet, visit.

fuery mil-ap, s. m. Agreement, reconciliation, accommodation, mixing coalescence, combination, union, concord, understanding, adjustment, pacification, visit, meeting.

fwery mil-apee, adj. Civil, affable, sociable, friendly, familiar, intimate, convivial.

जिलाय mil-ao, s. m. Mixture, mixing, accord, unison, assimilation.

fafera mil-it, ady. Mixed, united, combined or connected with; found, met with, encountered.

Tan mish-ee, s. f. A sort of fennel (Anechum panmorium); Indian spikenard; common

fury mishr, adj. Mixed, mingled, blended. s. m. Mixing, mixture; a title of Brahmuns, who were brought to India from Saku-dweep by Kriska in order to cure the leprosy of his son Sambuh; also a title of some Brahmuns from Mithila, &c.; a Hindoo physician; a respectable person,

fram mish-run, s. m. Mixing, uniting; (in Arithmetic) Addition.

fafur mish-rit, adj. Respected, respectable; mixed, mingled; added.

fau mish, ) s. m. Fraud, trick, deception : pretence, sham, stratagem; far mis, euvy.

(Valeriana ) mish-ee, s. f. Spikenard (Valeriana Jatamana); a sort of fennel (Anethum panmori-2011, 8cc.)

fire misht, adj. Sweet, sugary.

frere mish-tann, s. m. Sauce, gravy, seasoning, a mixture of sugar and acids, &c, eaten with broad or rice,

further mis-na, v. n. To be ground, to be

for mis-ee, s. f. A sort of fennel (Anethum panmorium); another kind (A.sowa); spikenard (Valeriana Jatamansi); a sort of lovage (Ligusticum ajwaen); common anise (Pimpinella unisum).

सिनी mis-ee, ) e.f. A powder (made of सिनी) mis-see, sitriol, (bc.) with which the teeth are tinged of a black colour, adj. f. Made of vetches. Misce-dan, A box of gold, silver or other metal for holding misce.

मिहदी min-dee, ्रे s.f. A plant from the में हरी menh-dee, leaves of which a red die is prepared, with which the natives stain their hands and feet (Lanconnia inermis).

बिहना mfh-na, s. m. Sarcasm. Mihna phenkna, To sneer,

farst mih-ra, s. m. A man who appears in the habit of a woman.

सिहराइ mih-raroo,

fastar mihriya, }s.f. A woman.

forest miliree.

किहाना mihána, v. n. To grow damp. सिहानी mihanee, s. f. A churn.

भीशो meeng-ee, s. f. Marrow.

भीवाना méenj-na, v. a. To rub, scour.

सीच meech, s. f. Death.

सीचना meech-na, र v. a. To close the बोक्रना meechh-na, j eyes, shut, wink. मीकना méej-na, v. a. To rub with the

bands. भी ज mee-jóo, s. m. Lentil.

सीठा mee-thá, adj. Sweet ; slow. s. m. A very active vegetable poison; name of a fruit; a kiss.

मीडिया méethi-ya, s. m. ] A kiss. wish meethee, s. f.

witar mée-na, s. f. A caste of Hindoos professedly thieves.

with meet, s. m. A friend, a lover; a cup. मोतन mee-túu, s.f. A female namesake or friend.

मीता mee-ta, e.m. A namesake; a pitcher; a porringer, a cup.

मीन meen, s. m. A fish; the sign of the zodiac Pisces; the name of the first incarnation of Vishnoo.

सीनरका meen-runga, s. m A kingfisher. भोगा mée-na. s. f. A caste of Hindoos professedly thieves.

मीनावाती meena-ghatee, e. m. A crane; a fisherman.

भीनावड meen-and, z. m. Fish-spawn, roc, milt.

भीमांसक meem-ansak, s. m. A follower of

the Meemansa philosophy.

Similar meemansa, s. f. One of the philosophical systems of the Hindoos, or rather a twofold system, the two parts of which form two of the six Durants or schools of philosophy; the first part the Poorn Meemansa, or Meemansa simply, originates with the Mooni Juymini, and illustrates the Kurm-kand of the Veds, or the practical part (Ihe rimal) of religion and devotion, including also moral and legal obligations. The second part, or Oottur Meemansa, ascribed to Vyas, is the same as the Vedant, founded on the Jnan-kand or theological portion of Veds, and treating of the spiritual worship of the Supreme Being or soul of the universe.

मीमियाना meemiyana, v. n. To bleat (a kid).

मीजन mée-lun, s. m. Twinkling, blinking,

भोषा meewa, s. f. The worm of the intestines, Ascarides, &c.

सीशी mée-shee, s. f. A kind of leather, chamois.

भीसना mées-na, v. a. To grind, pulverize, tweak, twitch, rumple, crumple.

is moonh, s. m. Mouth, face, countenance, presence, aspect, orifice; respect, complaisance; (met.) power, fitness, qualification, pretence, ability.

मुंच्नाच moonhnal, s. m. f. The mouthpiece of a hookka.

सकरना moo-kúr-na, v. a. To deny.

poem of frequent use in the Bruj dialect, the peculiarities of which are these. It consists of four lines, each composed of four trochees. In the three first, the speaker, a female, appears to talk of her lover; but on the question being put by a friend, applies the whole to some other object. Hence the name from mookurna, To deny.

मनुष्ट móo-koot, s. m. A crown, crest, diadem, tiara.

नुबन्द् moo-kóond, s. m. Gum olibanum ; a precious gem ; quicksilver.

मकुर moo-koor, s. m. A mirror.

मुक्त móo-kool, s. m. An opening bud.

नुक्ति moo-kool-ft, adj. Helf-closed (as a bud); half-shut (as the eye), blinking, winking.
मुक्का mook-ka, s. m. ) A thump, a blow
मुक्का mook-kée, s. f.) with the fist, buf-

na mookt, adj. Released, liberated, loosed, 'let go; liberated from corporal existence, finally

happy, s. m. The spirit released from mundane existence, and re-integrated with its divine original.

mookt, s. m. A pearl. s. f. Release, pardon, absolution from sin, salvation, deliverance of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration adj. Released, absolved, freed from corporal existence, finally happy.

मृता mookt-á, मतापन mookta-phúl, s. m. A pearl.

स्तार mookta, adj. Much, many.

महावली mookt-awulee, s.f. A pearl neck-

mookti, s.f. Final beatitude, the delivery of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration: the (imaginary) reabsorption of the emancipated spirit into its great primary source, identification (according to Hindoo ideas) with God; liberation, setting or becoming free or loose.

मुख mookh, s. m. The mouth, the face. edj. First, initial; chief, pre-eminent, principal. सर्वप्रण mookh-póoran, s. m. A mouthful.

जुद्धारिन mookh-ágni, s. m. Fire put into the mouth of the corpse at the time of lighting the funeral pile; a sacrificial or consecrated fire.

मुख्या mookh-iyá, } adj. Chief, primary, मख्य mookh-yúh, } principal.

मुख्यता mookh-yutá, s. f. Pre-eminence, being best or chief.

सुगदर moog-dur, s. m. A mallet ; a clubused to exercise with in the manner of dumbbells.

pid, ignorant, an idiot, a tool; simple, silly.

मुख्या moogdh-tá, s. f. Loveliness ; ignorance, stupidity ; simplicity.

मुक्ता moog-dhá, s. f. A young and lovely female.

मुद्दा moochcha, s. m. A large lump of flesh or meat.

deduction; obeisance, respects, visit, audience.

Moojra burna, To make obeisance, pay respects,
wait on, visit. Moojrah-gah, Place of visiting,
audience, salutation, &c.

was moojh, pron. Me.

if moonj, s. m. A sort of grass, from the fibres of which a string is prepared, of which the triple thread worn by the Brahmun as a girdle should be formed (Saccharum munja); the Brahminical girdle, or in common use, the sacred string or cord.

स्टाई mootáee, s. f. } Fatness, plump-सटापा moo-tápa, s. m. } ness, bigness, bulkiness.

mgl moot-thee, s. f. Fist, grasp (of the hand), clutch, hand, handful.

ar mooth, s. f. The fist, blows with the fist, chutch, grasp. Mooth-murd, s. m. A robber, a ruffish.

मृदिया moothi-ya, s. m. A handful. महोत्रो moo-thé-lee, s. f. Onanism.

महना moor-na, v. n. To be turned back, to be bent, twisted, turned, to turn, bend, twine. महियाना moorhiyana, v. n. To be twisted, to be writhed.

hair on the head; low, mean s. m. The head, the forehead, a bald pate; the trunk of a lopped tree; a head-man. Moond-mal, A necklace of human heads.

मुख्कारी सारना moond-karee marna, To lie round with the knees to the bally.

संबद्धक moond-úk, s. m. A barber.

Has moond-un, s. m. Shaving; the first shaving of a child (a religious ceremony among the Hindoos); shearing, cutting.

मुक्डना moond-na, v. n. To be shaved.

मुख्डवाना moond-wana, v. a. To cause to be shaved.

of a paper kite. s. f. Bengal madder (Rubia manjeth). udj. Shaven, bald; uncovered; a kind of uncovered palkee.

म्बद्धाना moon-dána, v. a. To shave.

स्यास्त moond-asa, s, m. A kind of small turban.

म्बिडत moond-it, adj. Bald, shorn, shaven.

म् चित्रति भिर्म moondit-shir-a, adj. Bald-pated, shaven-headed.

Hosar moon-diya, e. m. The head.

moon-dee, s. m. A barber. s. f. A medicinal plant (Spharanthus indicus).

moon-decree, s. f. A plant, described as a creeper, bearing a red and yellow flower, and commonly called by the same name, Moondecree.

मुख्य moon-doo, s.m. A sunyasee, a gosaeen.

मुख्डर moon-der, s. f. The coping of सर्दरी moon-der-ee, a wall

सुतना moot-na, adj. One who pisses much, a piss-a-bed.

Bors moot-as, a./. Desire or inclination to pies.

मुतासा moot-ása, adj. Desirous of pissing, मृतिस्र mooti-húr, s. m. Straw, &c. mixed with horse's urine.

स्विहरी mooth-ree, s.f. A hole in which the dirt of a stable (particularly urine) is collected.

मुद्र mood, s. f. Pleasure, delight, joy.

wer moo-da, s. f. Happiness, joy.

मृदित mood-it, adj. Pleased, delighted. s. m. Pleasure, happiness.

सुद्ध moody, s. m. A sort of kidney-bean (Phaseolus mungo).

Fix mood-gur, s. m. A mallet, a mace, a weapon formed like a carpenter's hammer; a staff, armed with iron, and larger at the lower extremity, used for breaking clods of earth,&c.; a carpenter's hammer; a sort of flower, said to be a kind of jasmine, perhaps Jasminum zambac, the wild variety.

Transod-ra, s. f. A seal, a signet, a seal ring; the mark of a seal or similar impression, a stamp, print, coin, medal, &c.; a ring worn by Joyces in their ears.

मुद्राद्वित mood-rankit, adj. Stamped, sealed. मृद्रित mood-rankit, adj. Sealed; marked,

stamped, struck. सुनद्भा moo-núk-ka, s. m. A species of raisin.

सुनसुन moon-moon, e. m. Puss puss, a mode of calling a cat.

s. m. A holy man, a sage, a pious and learned person, endowed with more or less of a divine nature, or having attained it by rigid abstraction and mortification; the title is applied to the Riskis, the Brukmadiks, and to a great number of persons distinguished for their writings, considered as inspired, as Panini, Vyas, &c.; an ascetac, a devotce.

First moo-niya, s. f. The female of the little birds called amadavate (or lal, Fringila amandava).

मुनिस्थान moonis-than, s. m. A hermitage, the abode or retirement of holy sages.

मुनीश moon-éesh, s. m. A saint, or chief of the saints or sages.

मुन्दना moond-na, v. n. To be shut, closed, contracted. v. a. To close.

भुन्द्रा móon-dra, s. m. A ring, a collar.

मुन्द्री moon-dree, s.f. A ring, a finger-ring. समाखी moo-makhee, s.f. A honey-bee.

सुसानी moo-manee, s. f. An aunt, mother's brother's wife.

मुस्रु moo-moor-shoo, s. m. A man at the point of death, a dying man.

मर्दे moo-ruée, s. f. A radish.

मुरकाना moor-kana, v. n. To twist, to writhe

अरकी moor-kee, s. f. An ornament worn in the ear; the tragus of the ear.

मरगीवाला moorgee-wala, s. m. A poulterer.

सरच्छ moor-chung, s. f. A jew's-harp.

सरकाना moor-jhana, v n. To wither, fade, pine,droop, to be dejected or dispirited.

सुरक्ड moo-rand, a. m. A country on the north-west of Hindoostan, called also Lumpuk, and now Langan, m. pl. The inhabitants of Lamoan.

भर्गडाकारना moordada-kurna, v.a. To tie. मरमरा moor-moora, s. m. A kind of food,

rice pressed flat and eaten raw. (So named in imitation of the sound which it gives in chewing). सुर ला moor la, adj. Toothless. s. m. A

peacock. Hard moor-lee, s. f. A flute, a pipe, a fite. Moorlee dhur, s. m. A name of Krishn.

Twisted.

स्रही moor-hee, s. f. A twist, contortion, writhe, convolution.

स्राई moo-raée, s. m. One whose business it is to grow and sell vegetables.

सरेला moo-rela, s. m. A peachick.

सरी móor-ra, s. m. A squib.

म्बतानी mool-tance, s. f. A musical mode. adj. Of Mooltan. Mooltanee muttee, s. f. Armeninn bole (lit. earth of Mooltan).

स्वतृष्ट्री mool-huttee, s. f. A medicinal root, liquorice.

मुखाई moo-laée, s. f. Appraisement, valuation.

मुलाना moc-lána, v. a. To appraise.

गरके बांधना mooshken bandhna, 97 सुरके चढ़ाना mooshken churhana,

pinion, to tie the hands behind the back. जुपन moo-shul, s. m. A club, a mace; a pestle for cleaning rice.

मिति moo-shit, adj. Stolen, robbed

mooslak, s. m. The scrotum; the tes-

सुष्ट moosht, s. m. Theft, robbery.

म्हमार moosht-mar, s. m. A pilferer, robber. Mooshimar kurbythna, To sit with the kness held up, by the arms clasped round them, towards the face

महामृष्टि móoshta-móoshti, s. m. Thumping and pulling, fisticuffs, boxing.

नुष्टी moosh-tee, s. f. The fist, the closed hand; filching, stealing.

सष्टीपात mooshtee-pat, s. m. Pummelling. boxing.

मुहीबन्द mooshtee-bundh, s. m. Clenching the fist.

मृद्योगिष्ट mooshtee-mooshti, adv. Fist to fist (fighting ), fisticuffs.

सुसकान moos-kan, s. f. A smile, a grin.

मुसदाना moos-kana, v. n. To smile, grin.

मस्त्रदाई moos-koo-raée, ) &f. Smiling,

मुसक्तराहर moos-koo-rahút, grinning. laughing, smile, smirk.

मस्त्राना moos-koo-rana, v. n. To smile. grin, smirk, simper.

स्रुल móo-sul, s. m. A pestle, a wooden pestle used for cleaning rice; a club.

मुख्यमान moo-sul-man, s. m. A Mahomed-

मुख्यमानी moo-sul-manee, s. f. The Mahomedan religion; eircamcision; a female Moosulman; of or relating to a Moosulman.

सुसाना moo-sana, v. a. To cause to steal. मसन moos-tuk, s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus); a sort of poison.

मुद्रा mooh-ra, s. m. Van, vanguard.

मुहरी mooh-ree, s. f. The cuff of the sleeve of a jacket, or the extremity of the leg of a pair of trousers, the bore (of a gan, &c).

मुहाना moo hana, s. m. The mouth (of a river, &c.), inlet, outlet.

मुहासा moo-hasa, s. m. A pimple (on the face in youth).

सहत्त moo-hoortt, s. m. A division of time, the thirtieth part of a day and night, or an hour of forty-eight minutes.

मुख्या móoa, adj. Dead, lifeless, dull. Mooabadul, s. m. Sponge. Mooa-sho, A washer of dead bodies.

was moon-kee, s. f. A blow with the fist. संग moong, s. f. A kind of pulse (Phaseo-

lus mungo). Moong-phulee, s. f. The ground-nut or pig-nut of the West Indies (Arachis hypogaa).

मंगची moong-chée, ो s. f. A dish made

HAT moong-ree, with moong.

संगा móon-ga, s. m. Coral.

मंत्रिया moon-giya,s.m. A colour(red coralcoloured).

सूच moonch, & f. Whiskers. wie moonchh,

मंज moonj, s. f. A grass of which ropes are made (Saccharum munja).

wig moond, s. m. The head. Moond pana. To coax, to wheedle. Moond bhera, Butting (as rams).

lar.

struct, convert, or make a disciple of; to wheedle out of any thing. Oolteh oostoorch seh moondna, To cheat one.

बंडडा moond-la, adj. Shaved.

well moon-dee, s. f. The head.

ham a stool, a feetstool.

होटना moond-na, v. a. To shut, cover,

संदरी moond-ree, s. f. A ring for the fin-

# moonh, s. m. Mouth, face, countenance, presence, aspect, orifice; respect, complaisance; power, fitness, qualification, pretence, ability. Moonh undhera, Twilight; evening; dusk, obscure. Moonh-ukhree, adj. Verbal. Moenh upna-sa lekeh phir jana, To return disappointed from any enterprise, to fail of success. Upna sa moonh leua, is used to denote failure or success. Moonh ana, Salivation. Moonh-a-moonh, adj. Brimful. Moonh cotur jana, To have the face shrunk or withered by weakness and emaciation. Moonh kurna, To confront, to compare; to give abuse; to burst or open (as an abscess); to make the first attempt at seizing game (a young hound or other animal used in hunting); to turn one's face, or direct one's steps towards any particular object or place. Moonh ka nuwala, Any thing easily attained. Moonh ka phoohur, Abusive. Moonh kala, s. m. Disgrace. Moonh kala kurna, To incur disgrace; to punish, to disgrace. Moonh kee lose cofurne, To lose the seise of shame, Moonh keh koweh oor janeh, To look blank on any occasion. Moonh kholna, To abuse. Moonhchung, A jew's harp. Moonh churkna, To become intimate with, to attach one's self to; to face, to confront. Moonh chulana, To bite (or to be inclined to bite, as a horse). Moonh chirana, To make mouths. Moonk chor, Shame-faced, bashful, timid, sheepish. Moon's chores, Bashfulness. Moonk chirpman, To hide one's face (from bashfulness). Moona terha kurna, To make wry faces. Mount Month daine, To siap ones face, to box the ears.
Month daine, To beg, to request. Month tuknu,
To be astonished or afflicted. Month turna, To harass. Moonh to dekho, Look at his face ! (applied to a person who pretends or aspires to some thing beyond his power or capacity). Moon's topa, s. m. Bribe. Moon's thuchana, To make mouths or faces, to fashion the face. Moon's dishace, s. j. A present given by the friends of the family and the women of the neighbourhood on their first visit to a bride. Moonh dikhana, To shew one's face, to appear with confidence and satisfaction. Moonh dekhkur but kurna. To flatter, to speak what one supposes will be agreeable to one's hearers. Moonh dekhna, To look up to (for aid, &c.);

to have a regard for one; to be astonished or helpless. Moonh dekh ruhna, To stare at with suprise. Moonh dekheiker preet, Apparent friendship oraflection, shew of friendship before a person whom you pay no regard to mabsence. Moonh pur gurn hone, To behave disrespectfully in the presence of a superior. Moonh pur land. To tell, relate. Moonh pur hawaee cornec (b). To pure a squib or root of discharged against one of To pure a squid or rock a descharged against one's face). To change colour. Mouth pusarra, To get into one's good graces; to presume on the favor of another. Mouth phirma, To turn away from, to be displeased with, to be disgusted. Mouth pherma, To abstant from Mouth phylina. Te presume, to desire much, to gape. Mouth buriena. To a beld one's towers. Mouth buriena. na, To hold one's tongue. Moonh bunana, To make mouths or faces, to fashion the face. Moonh bana, Po open the mouth, to gape. Moonh barna, To refrain. Moonle bigarna, To be displeased; to have the taste blunted or depraved. Moonh bigarna. Te frown, to make faces. Mounh-bola, adj. Nominal, in name or appellation. Moonh-bala bluce, or Moonh boles buhin, An intimate friend (lit. one called a brother or sister). Mounh-bhuree, s. f. A bribe, a sop. Moonh mange, (as) demanded, requested or asked for by word of mouth. Moonk marna, Tostop one's mouth, to silence; to feed ; to bite. Moonh men punce and, To desire with eagerness. Moonh morna, To turn away, to abstain or desist from anything. Mooth rukhna, To keep on good terms with. Moonh lugna, To have the mouth burned by any paragent substance; to become intimate, to be familiarized, to become a favourite. Mounh lugana, To familiarize, to be intimate with inferiors, to favor, to countenance. Moonh latkana, To be down in the mouth, to make a long face. Moonh lekeh ruh-jana, To be silent from shame. Moonh sockurna, To change colour. Moonh seh phool jhurneh, To abuse, to reproach.

met moon-han, s. m. Soreness in the mouth, the sphthæ or theush, salivation. Moonhan moonh: Tête-a-tête, face to face, primful, topful. Moonhan-moonhee.s f. Altercation, squabble, wrangle.

सन mook, adj. Dumb.

सक्तं móo kán, s. m. The fist; a thump, blow; a spy-hole.

स्को moo-kee, e. f. A thump, a blow of

मूह्त mookhá, s. m. The ridge of a thatch, the topping or coping of a wall.

मुखी mookhee, s. m. A kind of pigeon.s.f. A thump.

moogree, s. f. A mallet for beating cloths with.

स्चकाना mooch-kána, v. a. To sprain.

स्याना moochna, s. m. Pincers, tweezers. v. a. To pinch, shut, close.

मुक्त moochh, e. f. Whiskers. Moochh mu-

rora rotec tora, One who is proud of eating the bread of idleness.

सूहातल moochh-akreh, s. m. Stiff and bushy whiskers.

were moo-chhyl, adj. Having large whis-

mooth, s. f. Handle, hilt, fist, hand, bandful; name of a game. Mooth-kee mooth, Handful after handful, repeated handfuls.

#327 mooth-ra, s. m. A kind of printing consisting of spots on cloth, leather, &c.

मुद्रा moo-thé, s. m. A handle.

मुद्रिया móo-thi-ya, s. m. A handful.

सुद्धी moothee, s. f. The fist.

मुख moor, s. m. The head.

मृद्ध moorh, adj. Foolish, stupid, ignorant, brutal s. m. An idiot, a fool, a simpleton. Moorhman, Stupid in mind.

मृहता moorh-ta, s.f. Folly, silliness, igno-

मूहाता moorh atma, adj. Foolish, a fool. युत्र moot, s. m. Urine, piss.

मतना moot-na, v. n. To piss.

Wa mootr, s. m. Urine, piss.

मृत्रक mootr krichehhr, s. m. Strangury: urinary affection in general, as gravel, ac

स्वदोष mootr-dos, s. m. Gonorchæa, considered as an urinary complaint.

मृत्रमार्ग mootr-marg, s. m. The urethra.

सुत्र क mootr-shook, s. m. Milky urine, depositing a thick white sediment.

ৰুসাঘাৰ mootr-aghat, s. m. Suppression of urine.

मूलातीत mootr-atéet, s. m. Difficulty or slow passage of urine.

सूना móo-na, v. n. To die.

सन् móo-noo, adj. Little.

stunid idiot, fool. Moorukh-genth, The insisting of an ignorant fellow upon what he says, stubbornness.

ब्राह्मता moorukhtá, f. ब्राह्मता moorukhtáec, f. ब्राह्मता moorukhpúna,m.) s. Barbarism, folly, igner-

idol, a picture, a resemblance, form, figure, body; a person (term used by Byragees).

सूख moorkh, adj. Foolish, ignorant, stupid, idiotic.

मूखेता moorkh-tá, है . f. Barbarism, मूखेताई moorkh-táce, folly, ignorance, stupidity. सुरुद्ध न moorch-chhún, adj. Fainting, swooning. s. m. Fainting, syncope, swooning.

सु-क्षर् móorch-chha, s. f. Fainting, loss of consciousness or sense.

सर्भित mooreh-chhit, adj. Fainting, fainted, insensible.

मूक्ती moorchha, s. f. A swoon, stupefaction. Moorchha ana, To swoon.

सर्कित moorchlift, adj. Fainted, in a swoon, insensible, entranced.

मूचि móortti, s. f. The body; figure, form, body in general, or any definite shape or image. मृचिमान् moortti-mán, adj. Maternal, substantial, having shape or substance; incarnate.

मृद्धी moor-dhá, s. m. The head.

in mool, s. m. Origin, root, race, generation, principal or capital sum of money; text (of a book, apposed to comment); name of the nineteenth lunar mansion. adj. Really.

H [azī mbo-liya, adj. Born while the moon is in mool (Scorpionis, which is considered un-bucky).

अली móo-lee, s. f. A radish.

सन्त mool-yuh, s. m. Price.

सूत्र moosh, s. m. A rat, a mouse.

भूवक moo-shuk, s. m. A rat, a mouse ; a thief.

मूपरा mon-shun, s. m. Stealing, pilfering. ज़िक mooshik, s. m. A rat, a mouse; a thin, a plunderer.

मृचित moo-shit, adj. Stolen.

सूसना móos-na, v. a. To pilfer, steal, filch, defraud, snatch or seize by force.

मुमरा móos-ra, s. m. A rat.

सुन्ति moos-rée, s. f. A mouse.

सुरुष moo-súl, s. m. A wooden pestle.

form receptacle of a many-seeded fruit as of the Artocurpus, Annona, &c.) Moosladhar burusua, To rain very heavily.

सूक्षा móo-so, s. m. A mouse, a rat.

Hers moosace, s. f. Judaism (following of Moses).

fifth lunar constellation Mrigains. Mrigachina, s. m. Name of a small pird. Mrigachina, The akin of any antelope worn and used as a bed by devotees. Mriganabhi, s. m. Musk, a bag of musk. Mrigangace, Deer-eyed. Mriganud, Musk. Mrighanace. Having an eye like the deer. Mrigsala, A deer park.

over sands or deserts, and appearing at a distance like water; sultry vapour, mirage.

स्रानेकी mrig-netree, s. f. A woman with beautiful eyes, or eyes like a deer.

स्मभोजनी mrig-bhójunee, s. f. Bitter apple or colocynth.

THE THE MEIGHA S. S. S. Chase, hunting.

स्वराज mrig-ráj, s. m. A lion.

स्त्रीप्रा mrig-shira, s. m. The fifth lunar mansion, containing three stars.

स्मादनी mrig-adance, s.f. Colocynth (Cucumis coloquintida).

will mrig-ee, s. f A doe, a female deer; the epilepsy.

स्टोस्ट mrig-endr, s. m. A lion.

war mrit, adj. Dead, expired, extinct, defunct. s. m. Death.

स्तक mrit-uk, s. m. A dead body, a corpse.

स्तक्ष mrit-kulp, adj. Insensible, fainted. खतजान mrit-snan, s.m. Funeral ablution,

bathing after mourning.

Tract mrit-kira, s. f. An earth worm. स्त्राच mrittal, s. m. A sort of fragrant earth, also called Swrat earth.

ऋत्विका mrittika, s. f. Earth, clay, soil.

Erg mrit-yoo, s. f. Death, dying.

स्टाइय mrityoon-júy, a. m. A name of Shiv, as the conqueror of death.

स्टङ्क mrid-ung,s.m. A tabour, a small drum; a double drum.

रटिइया mri-dung-iya, € s. m. A beater of स्टड़ी mri-dung-ée, the mridung, a tabourer.

सह mri-doo, adj. Soft ; blunt, not sharp ; gentle, mild.

सदुता mrideo-tá, s. f. Softness.

स्या mrishi, adv. Falsely; uselessly, in vain.

men, adv. In, among, between, at. Men seh, From within, out of.

संगरी meng-nec, s. f. The dang of goats, sheep, camels, &c.

Fig mend, s. f. A bank (raised to separate fields), a border, bank (of a pond, river, &c.). dam, dike. Mend purna, The rising of waves in the sea.

बंहक men-duk, s.m. ) A frog; the rump मंडको mend-kee, s.f. ) of a horse. Mendkee ko zookam hona (lit. a frog having caught cold), expresses pride or consequential airs assumed by worthless persons.

Figs menda, s. f. The brim of a well.

नेरियाना men-diyána, v. n. To skirt, to cuclose with a bank,

मेंद्रा men-dha, s. m. A ram; the swell of the tide called the boar.

We menh, s. m. Rain. Menh chhootna, To rain hard. Menh burusna, To rain.

में हरी menh-dee, s. f. A plant, from the leaves of which a red die is prepared, with which the natives stain their bands and feet (Lawsonia inermis).

Free mekh, s. m. A ram : the sign Aries ;

a tent-pin, a pin, a peg, a nail भेदाना mekh-la, s. f. A woman's girdle or zone; the sacrificial string of fa. Brahmun when made of deer akin; a triple zone or string worn round the loins by the three first classes; the gird of the Brahmun should be of the fibres of the moonj or of koosa grass, that of the Kahuttree of a moorrow, or bowstring, and that of the Vys of a thread of the sun.

भेखनी mekh-lee, s. f. A sackcloth.

केंच megh, s. m. A cloud ; a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus); a musical mode appropriated to the wet season and last watch of the night before the first dawn of the day, and said to have proceeded from the head of Brahma, or else from the sky. Megh-puti, s. m. Lord of the clouds. Megh-burun, adj. Of the colour of the clouds. Meghraj, s. m. The thunderer.

भेचकाल megh-kal, ) s.m. The rains, the

मेदागम megha-gum, rainy season.

सेदगळन megh-gűrijun, s. m. Thunder.

भेषक्यो तिस megh-jyótis, s. m. A flash or lightning or the fire of it.

भेचितिमिर megh-tímir, s. m. Cloudiness, cloudy or rainy weather.

भेबदीप megh-deep, s. m. Lightning.

भेषदार megh-dwar, s. m. Sky, heaven, ether.

संघनाट megh-nad, s. m. The noise or grumbling of clouds; the Pulas tree (Butea frondosa); a sort of Amaranth (Amaranthus polygamus).

अध्याला megh-mála, s. f. A gathering or succession of clouds,

सेवराग megh-rag, s. m. One of the six modes of music,

बेचक mech-uk, s. m. Sulphuret of anti-

मेहना mét-na, v. a. To effect, erase, blot out, wipe out, annihilate, annul, cancel, expiate, atone for; to thwart.

बेटना mét-oola, s. f. A tree (Spondias mangifora).

संह इंगी merh-shring-ee, s. f. A milky plant, the fruit of which is crooked, and therefore compared to a ram's horn (A silepias geminata). Her merha, s. m. A ram.

(Trigonella fenugracum).

सद med, s. m. Adeps, fat, the supposed proper seat is the abdomen; morbid or unnatural corpulency.

संदक्षी medus-wee, adj. Robust, stout,

strong; fat, corpulent.

Fig. med. 6, s. f. A drug, described as a sort of root resembling ginger, brought from the Moorway district; it is one of the eight principal medicaments, and is said to be of cooling and emollient properties, and of particular use in fever and consumption.

भेदिनी med-in-ée, s. f. The earth.

मेटोधरा med-6dhra, s. f. A membrane in the abdomen, containing the fat, the omentum.

मरोवृद्धि médo-briddhi, e.f. Corpulence ; enlargement of the scrotum.

way medh, s. m. Sacrifice, offering, obla-

संभा medhá, s. f. Apprehension, conception, understanding.

warrant medhawee, adj. Intelligent, comprehending, of ready comprehension or conception.

Try medhi, s. m. A post fixed in the centre of a threshing-floor or barn, to which the cattle are attached, as they turn round it to tread out the cora.

Rear medhir, adj. Intelligent, possessing a ready and just apprehension.

men-dhee, s. f. A plant, from the leaves of which a reddish dye is prepared, with which the palms of the hand, tips of the fingers, soles of the feet, and finger nails are stained (Lawsonia incrmis).

सेमना mem-na, s. m. A kid.

HTT mér-a, pron. 1st pers. poss. masc. My, mme.

He mer-oo, s. m. The sacred mountain Meroo, in the centre of the seven continents, compared to the cup or seed-vessel of the lotus, the leaves of which are formed by the different Dweeps: its height is said by the Hindons to be 84,000 Yojuns, sixteen thousand of which are belew the surface of the earth; the shape is vari ously described, as square, conical, columnar, spherical, or spiral; and the four faces of it are of various colours, or white towards the east, yellow to the south, black to the west, and red towerds the north; the river Ganges falls from heaven on its summit, and flows thence to the surrounding world in four streams; the southern branch is the Ganges of India, the northern running into Tartary, is the Bhudrsoma, the eastern is the Sita, and the western the Chukshooor Oxid: on the summit of Meroo Bruhma resides, attended and worshipped by the Rishis, Gundhures, &c.; the regents of the points of the compass occupy the corresponding faces of the mountain, the whole of which consists of gold and gems considered in any but a fabuleus light, mount Meroo appears to mean the high land of Tartary, immediately to the north of the Himology mountains.

सेक्स mér-ook, s. m. Fragrant resin, in-

Tres merco, s. m. An axis.

wet mero, pron. My, mine.

agreement, combination, intimacy, concord, reconciliation, union, association, mixture, mixing, meeting, assemblage; a meeting or assemblage of people, a set, a fair, a court of justice, a counterpart.

सेवना mel-ná, v. a. To thrust in, stuff in, cram, penetrate, force in.

Fig. mél-a, s. m. A fair, a large concourse of people collected at stated periods for religious or commercial purposes, as at Hurdwar, a mixed assemblage of fixeers or sands Mela thela, s. m. A crowd, a concourse of people. Mela milna, To meet full in the face.

भेली mel-ee, s.m. A partaker adj. Friendly, sociable.

भेव mev, भेवड़ा mev-ra, भेवाती mewatee, addicted to robbing.

www mesh, s. m. A ram; the sign Aries; a kind of drug.

बेबी mesh-ee, s. f. An ewe.

जह meh, s. m. Urinary disease, especially inflammatory affection of the urethra, including gonorrhoa, &c.; urine, piss.

भेद्रतर méh-tur, s. m. A sweeper.

बहुतरानी mehtur-anee, s. f. Female of mehtur; also a female inn-keeper.

भेड़ना meh-na, s. m. A taunt. Mehna marna, v. a. To taunt.

बेहना mehun-há, s. m. A taunter.

a myn, pron. I.

हैन्द्रा my ká, s. m. Kindred, relations, mother's family.

Re mytr, adj. Of or belonging to a friend, friendly, amicable,

my-tree, s. f. Friendship; the seventeenth lunar asterism.

मेशिन my-thil, adj. Belonging to, born in,

नेहन my-thoon, s. m. Venery, coition, copulation; union, association; marriage, सेनफल myn-phul, s. m. A firnit used in medicine (Vangueria spinosa).

सन्दित myn-sfl, s. m. Red arsenic (Realgar).

सेना my-na, s. f. A, bird, a kind of jay (Coracias Indica).

ANT my-bhá, s. f. A step-mother.

भेदा my-yá, ε. f. Mother.

katna, To refine, to purify. Myl chhantna, To fine strain, purify, clarify. Myl chhantna, To gother a crust.

Herr my-lá, adj. Dirty, nasty, foul, defiled.

Myla kurna, To dirty, tarnish, foul. Myla-koochyla, adj. Dirty. Myla hojana, To tarnish, to
become turbid, to be dirty.

मेहिका my-hik-a, s. m. A male buffalo.

मेडिकी my-hik-ee, s. f. A female buffalo.

हो mo, pron. (in Bruj), Me. Mo-koun, To me, me.

Wist mon-dha, s. m. The shoulder; a lump; a stool, a footstool.

मोहरी monh-ree, s. f. A kennel, a drain.

सीका mó-kha, s. m. A small hole in a wall for admitting light and air, an air-hole, an aperture.

मोगरा móg-ra, s. m. A mallet, a pounder, a rammer : a flower, great double Arabian or Tuscan jasmine(Jasminum zambac Magorium).

भोगरी mog-ree, s.f. A mallet for beating cloths, &c. with.

His mogh, adj. Vain, useless, fruitless. s. f. Trumpet-flower (Bignonia suave olens).

सीच हार mogh-gyán, adj. Cultivating vain knowledge or any but religious wisdom.

साधाम mogh-as, ndj. Indulging vain hopes.

सीच moch, s. m. Strain, sprain, twist; a tree (Hyperanthera morunga).

Fra mo-chuk, s. m. The silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum); the plantain (Musa sapicutum); a liberator.

Fragram mo-chin, s. m. Liberating, setting free; "elease, acquittal; theft, robbery s. f. A saddler's or shoemaker's wife.

भोचना moch-ná, v. a. To let go, to set free, to shed, put off, extinguish.

मोचर्स moch-rus, s. m. The gum of the silk-cotton tree,

AT TY mo-cha, s. m. A large lump of flesh; a plantain tree (Musa sapientum).

बरचाट mo-chat, s.m. A kind of pungent seed (Nigella Indica).

wife of mochimee, s. f. A prickly night-shade,

मोची m6-chee, s. m. A saddler, a shocmaker, a cobbler.

liverance, absolution, salvation, bestitude, final and startal happiness, the liberation of the soul from the body, and its exemption from further transming start.

all mot, s.f. A package bundle, bale, a load; amount, total; a leather bucket for raising water; vetches, lentils.

सोटको mot-kee, s. f. One of the Raginess or female personifications of the musical modes; a mattock, pickaxe; a fat woman.

मोटरा mót-ra, s. m. A hundle.

बोटरी mot-ree, s. f. A small bundle, parcel, knapsack.

सोटना motla, adj. Fat, plump, corpu-सोटा mó-ta, lent, thick, coarse, great, large, big, bulky, gross.

मोटाई mo-táce, s. f.
मोटापा mota-pún, s. m.
Patness, corpulency, thickness, biguess, bulk, bulkiness, grossness.

सोटिया mó-tiya, s. m. A porter.

ओंड moth, s.f. A bundle, package, bale, a load; amount, total; a leather bucket for raising water; vetches, lentils.

writhe, sprain; fistula. fscraw.

सोडना mór-na, v. a. To twist, turn, bend, सोड़ा mór-ha, s.m. A stool; the shoulder. सोबरा mót-ra, s. m. Spavin.

स्तित्वा mó-tiya, s.m. A flower (Jasminum zambac).

मोतियाबिन्द motiva-bind, s. m. A kind of blindness (Guta serena).

with motee, s. m. A pearl. Motee keesee ab outurnee, To be disgraced Motee koot kur
bhurnch, To be very bright (applied to an eye).
Motee piranch, To string pearls; (net.) to speak
cloquently; to weep (the tears being compared
to pearls).

सोती चूर motee-choor, s. m. A kind of sweetment; a certain description of eye among pigeons.

after moth-ra, s. m. A disease in horses, splint, spavin.

भोदा mo-ths, s. m. A kind of grass the root of which is used in medicine (Cyperus rotundus).

सीद mod, s. m. Joy, delight, happiness,

सोटन mo-dúk, adj. Delighting, rejoicing, causing happiness or delight, s. m. A sort of sweetmeat.

सोदित mo-dit, adj. Pleased, delighted. s. m. Pleasure, delight.

Wife mo-dee, s. m. A merchant, a shopkeeper, a grain-merchant, steward, providors. Mode khana, A pantry, a grain-merchant's shop. Wig mo-dhoo, adj. Guileless, artless, simple, foolish.

सोनी mo-nee, s. f. Point, end.

person of a fickle disposition. Mom.jama, s. m. Wax-cloth, cere-cloth. Mom-dil adj Tender-hearted. Mom-buttee, s. f. A wax-candle. Mom-roughum, Wax and oil mixed together.

भोभिया mó-miya, s. m. A mummy.

मोमियाई mo-miyaee, adj. Of or like a murany, s. f. A medicine.

of wax; (applied to chimis) prepared after stamping by covering the flowers with wax to prevent their being spoiled by other colours afterwards applied.

Wit mor, s. m. A peacock; twist, turn.

Mar-punther, s. f. A kind of pleasure boat, a
barge. Mor-mookoot, s. m. A crown or crest
like that of the peacock.

भीरचक्र mor-chung, s. f. A jew's-harp.

मोरक्स mor-chhul, s. m. A fan for driving away flies (especially of peacock feathers), a brush

मोरनी mornee, s. f. A peahen.

effer m6-ra, pron. Mine, my.

and mo-ree, s. f. A pipe or subterraneous passage (for water).

His mol, s. m. Purchase; price. Mol thuhrana, To appraise, estimate, value. Mol-tol, Fixing a price; traffic, purchasing. Mol burhana, v. a. To enhance. Mol-lena, v. a. To buy, to purchase.

मोधक mo-shuk, s. m. A thief.

मोपना mo-shún, s. m. Stealing.

मोधा mo-sha, s. f. Stealing, theft.

भीसना mos-na, v. a. To pilfer, steal, filch, defraud, soutch or seize by force.

ness or sense; ignorance, folly, foolishness; it is applied especially to that priritual ignorance which leads men to beheve in the reality of worldly objects, and to addict themselves to mundane or sensual enjoyment; error, mistake; bewilderment, distraction; pity, compassion, sympathy, kindness, affection, allurement, fascination, love. Moh men ana, To faint, as at the sudden appearance of a friend or mistress. Moh lena, To attach, allure, fascinate, charm, captivate.

भोड़न mo-hun, adj. Fascinating, stupefying, depriving of sense or understanding. a.m. Copulation, temptation, seduction, theoverpowering of reason and reflection by worldly or sensual allurements. Mohum-bhog, s. m. A kind of sweetmeat. Mohum-mala, s. f. An ornament, a string or necklace composed of gold beads and corals.

नीहना moh-na, a. To fascinate, enchant, charm, allure, delude. adj. Fascinating, eaptivating, charming, winning.

होड़िनो moh-née, s. f. An enchantress; fascination, a charm, a philter. adj. f. Fascinating, depriving of the powers of reflection, stupetying.

मोहाना mo-hana, s. m. The mouth (of a river, de.), inlet, outlet.

सोडि mohi, pron. To me, me.

wiffer mo-hit, adj. Faint, senseless, charmed, fascinated; beguiled, deceived.

मोहिनो mohin-ee, f. } cdj. Hlussive, fal-मोही mo-hée, m. lacious, beguiling. s. f. An enchantress, a where.

सोडिनी mó-hin-ee, s. f. A kind of jasmine, called also Tripoora-malee.

mits moksh, s. m. Final and eternal happiness, the liberation of the soul from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration; death; liberation, freedom.

मोचन moksh-úk, s. m. A deliverer, a liberator.

भोजित moksh-it,adj. Let go, liherated,at large.

भी mou, s. m. Honey.

भी क्य moukh-yuh, s. m. Pre-eminence.

मोडब moughh, s. m. Simplicity, silliness; ignorance.

मोड्डी moun-jee, s. f. The girdle of a Brahmun made of three strings of moonj grass.

मोञ्जीवन्यन moujee-bundhun, s. m. Investiture with the distinguishing cord.

with mour, s. m. A kind of high crowned hat, worn by the bridegroom at the time of marriage.

effect mourhyu, s. m. Ignorance, folly, especially spiritual folly.

सीन moun, s. m. } Silence, tacitur-

भीनता moun-ta, s. f. I nity.

मीना mouné, s. m. A large jar ; a basket. मीनो mou-née, adj. Silent, taciturn. s. f.

A small round basket, a work-basket s. m. A class of mendicants who observe perpetual silence, an ascotic, a hermit, a religious sage, one who has overcome his passions and retired from the world.

स्ति क्षा mourmákhee, s. f. A honey-bee. सीर mour, s. m. The blossom of a tree, especially of the mange.

सीराना mou-raua, v. n. To blossom (as the mango tree).

- मोर्च mourkh-yuh, s. m. Stupidity, folly, fatuity.
- भोतमा monl-na. v. n. To bloom, bud, blossom (he nango tree): to intoxicate (as blung, &c.)
- मोजस्री moul-stir-ce, s.f. A tree (Mimu-
- सीजिक moul-ik, adj. Of inferior rank or caste among Kayaths.
- mon-lea, s. f. A look of hair on the urown of the head; nair ornamented and braided round the head; a diadem, a tiars; the head; the earth.
- सीसा mou-sa, s. m. An uncle, mother's sister's husband.
- मोरी mon-see,s.f. An aunt, mother's sister.
- all et mou-sern, ad. m. Belonging or related to the mother sister's husband, as Mousera blace, A cousin, son of a mother's sister. Mouseree bulin, Daughter of a mother's sister.
- wary; faded, withered.
- foulness, filth; fading, decay.
- micchehh, s. m. The generic term for a barbarian or foreigner, that is, for one speaking any language but Sunstrit, and not subject to the usual Hindeo institutions; a sinner, a criminal.
- rien, or a man of an outcast rice. The tribes enumerated under this head by Munoo, but who are by him said to be properly, degraded Khuttres, appear to be chiefly the inhabitants of the countries bordering manufately upon India, both to the north and south.
- tries bordering on India, or those inhabited by people of a different faith and language; defined to be any where the black antelope is not found.
- क्षेत्रका mlechchh-vák, adj. Speaking a barðarque dia ect.
- rect y or barbarously. s. m. Foreign or barbarous language; ungrammatical speech.

## य

- yuh, The twenty-sixth consonant of the Nagaree alphabet, or semirowed y: in some provinces it is pronounced j.
- युज्ञान juj-man, s. m. An employer of priests at a sacrifice, the person who institutes its performance, and pays the expense of it; a

- customer, a person to whose custom, Brahmuns, barbers, and some others, have a legal claim. (The hereditary Brahmun, or burber, &c. of a village must be paid his fee, whether you choose to employ him or another person).
- द्याचेंद्र yujoor-ved, s. m. One of the four
- one of the four Veds: it is divided into two principal portions, the white and black; both portions of this Ved are very full on the subject of religious rites, and the prayers pseuliar to it are chiefly in measured and poetical prose.
- यज्ञ jug-yuh, s. m. A sacrifice, a ceremony in which oblations are presented.
- यत्तकको júgyuh-kűrmm, s. m. Any sacrificial act or ceremony.
- যম্ম jügynh-pűsoc, s. m. A horse; any animal offered in sacrifice. [sel.
- বর্ণান jágyuh-pátr,s.m. A sacrificial ves-বর্ণান্য júgyuh-póoroosh, s. m. A name of Visinoo.
- यज्ञभूति júgyuh-bhéomi, s.f. Place prepared for a sourifice, or where it is offered.
- बत्तमिद्ध júgyuh-siddhi, & f. Performance of sacrifice; obtaining the objects of a sacrifice.
- য়নুদ্দ júgyuh-sóotr, s. m. The characterlistic timead, worn by the three principal classes of Hindocs.
- यत्रसान jugyuh-sthan, s. m. A place of sacrifice.
- यात्रय jugiyuh, adj. Proper for or saitable to sacrifice.
- of the Hindoor those districts in which the ritial and institutes of the Hindoo system are enforced; properly the country in which the black deer or antelope is native.
- यत्रभावा júgyuh-shála, s. f. A temple, a shrine, a place of sperifice.
- बद्रोपवीत jugyó-puv-éet, e.m. The sacrificial cord, originally worn by the three principal castes of *Hindoos*.
- य तोपनीती jugy 6-puveetee, s. m. A Brakmum, &c. invested with the sacred thread.
- বনৰ jút-un, s. m. Striving, making effort or exertion; carefulness, remedy, care, effort, endeavour.
- यतनीय jútun-éeyuh, adj. To be exerted or persevered, to be made as an effort.
- यतव्रत yut-vrút, adj. Firm to an engagement or vow.
- zfa yúti, jútí, s m. A sage, whose passions are completely under subjection; a religious mendicunt, especially one of the Jyn sect.

यती jut-ee, s. m. A sage with subdued passions.

यतेन्द्रिय jut-éndriyuh, adj. Chaste, pure, of subdued passions.

যাজ jutn, s. m. Effort, exertion, perseverance, energy.

बह्मवर jutn-wút, बह्मवर्ग jutn-wán, बह्मवर्ग jutnee, ar jutnee, ar jutnee, ar jutnee,

बल yutr, adv. Where, in what place.

यदा yutha, adv. As, according to.

यथाक तं व्य yutha-kurtúvyuh, adj. What is right or proper to be done.

बचाक्त् yutha-kulp, adv. As designed. बचाकाम yutha-kun, adv. At pleasure, as

you please.

दवाकारी yútha kámee, adj. Wilful, independant, uncontrolled, following one's own inclinations.

दशाक्षत्र yutha-krum, adv. In order, orderly, successively, methodically.

auraus yútha-tuthá, adv. In any way,

यदाभिमत yutha-bhimut, adv. According to one's wish or purpose.

वधानकीन yútha-mookhéen, adj. Like, resembling, shewing similarly or reflecting.

वयार्थ yutharth, adj. Right, proper; according to the sense. adv. Properly, suitably.

वयाचना yutharth-tá, s. f. Rectitude, propriety, fitness

वचावकाभ yuthao-kash, adv. According to opportunity.

वदावत yutha-vút, adv. Truly, exactly, as it was, according to law or usage.

वधावसर yutha-vusur, adv. According to opportunity.

यद्यविधि yútha-vídhi, adv. According to

वयागिति yútha-shúkti, adv. Extent of capability, as much as possible.

यथाणास्त्र yútha-shástr, adv. According to the Shastrus, agreeably to scripture.

यबाहुल yútha-sóokh, adv. Happily. यथास्थित yutha-sthít, adv. Circumstan-

tially, relating a thing as it happened.

विद yúdi, adv. If.

Tyudoo, n. prop. The name of a king, the ancestor of Frishn, and the eldest son of Tuyati, the fifth monarch of the lunar dynasty: a country on the west of the Junna river about Muthora and Vrindavun, over which Yudoo ruled, and named after him.

बद्गनाय yudoo-náth, s. m. A mme of Krishn, as lord of Yudoo.

युद्धा yudoo-buns, s. m. The tribe of

यहभी yudoo-bunsee, e. m. A descendant of Yudoo.

यद्यपि yudyapi, adv. Although.

neral, any implement or apparatus; a musical instrument; a dial; an observatory; a diagram of a mystical nature or astrological character; an amulet Juntr-muntr, s. m. Juggling, conjuring, enchanting by figures and incantations.

यन्त्री jun-trée, s. m. An instrument for drawing wire; a conjurer, a juggler, a wizard.

यम jum, adj. Twin, fellow, one of a pair or brace s. m. The deity of Nuruk or hell, and judge of departed souls; he is often identified with death and time. Jum-diya, s. m. A candle or illumination sacred to Jum, lighted on the 13th of Kartik, Krishn-puksh, i.e. three days before the dewalee.

यमज júm-uk, adj. Twin, fellow, one of a pair or twins.

यसदूत jum-doot, s. m. An infernal spirit, the messenger or minister of Jum, employed, it is said, to bring the souls of the dead to Jum's judgment-seat, and thence conduct them to their final destination.

THE YAM-un, s. m. A musical mode; a Yuvun, which formerly meant an Ionian or Greek, but is now applied to both the Makomedon and European invaders of India, and it is often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race.

यसन् júm-ul, s. m. A pair, a brace, a couple.

which rises on the south side of the Himaluy range, at a short distance to the north-west of the source of the Ganges, and which after a course of about 378 miles falls into that river immediately below Allahabad.

यसामेना yúla-phyla, adj. Unconfined, extended, apread, at ease.

and jou, s. m. Barley (Hordeum hexastichen); the measure of a burley corn, considered as equal to six mustard seeds; the mark between the joints of the finger. Jou jou hisab lena, To take a strict account.

प्रवृत्तार yuvukshar, juvukhar, s. m. Saltpetre, nitre, nitrate of potash.

वयन yúv-un, s. m. A country, probably Bactria, or it may be extended from that colony to Ionia to which word it bears some resemblance), or still further to Greece; by late Hindoo writers, it is most commonly applied to Arabia; a Yueun, apparently originally a Greek, but since applied to both the Mahomeden and European invaders of India, and often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race.

waw rarre yfivun-acharjj, s. m. An astronomical writer, frequently quoted by ancient Hindoo astronomers: perhaps Ptolemy, or the Greek astronomers collectively.

very generally cultivated, and the grain extensively eaten (Andropogon or Holcus bicolor.)

यदको yuv-un-ée, n. prop. A female Yuvun. यदफल jou-phál, s. m. A medicinal plant (Wrishtea antidysenterica).

armer jou-mudhyuh, s. m. A form of penance diminishing the food daily during the dark fortnight, fasting on the new moun, and gradually augmenting the food till the full moon.

aural juvánec, s. f. A plant (Ligusticum ajwaen).

aure juwas, s. m. A flower (Hedysarum alkagi).

arr jus, s. m. Celebrity, reputation, glory, fame, renown, name, character, luck; splendour, lustre; praise, sullogium. Jus-upjus, s. m. Good or bad (name, fame or character). Jus-put, acij. Reputable, renowned.

wnest júsus-kúr, adj. Rendering famous, conferring celebrity.

वशकाय jusus-kam, adj. Ambitious, desirous of fame or glory.

क्षणकान jusus-wan, adj. Famous, cele-समञ्जी jusus-wee, brated, renowned, famed.

विष्णुपंडित-ti, s का े A staff, a stick; a stell armed with iron, &c. used as a weapon, a club, a mace.

afen yush-tik, s. m. A bird, the lapwing.

The way justi-mudhoo, s. m. Liquorice, or
the root of the Abrus precatorius, which is
used for it.

ar yuh, pron. This, he, she, it, these, the, to this degree.

and yuhan. adv. Here, hither; at the above, near, with. Yuhan ka yuhen, In the very same place, exactly here. Yuhan tak, To this apitch, to this degree, thus far, hitherto.

yuheen, adv. This very, in this very place, here.

यहरी yuhóodee, s. m. A Jew, a Hebrew

व्यक्ति को yukshin-ee, s. f. A female fiend.

want yaksh-ms, s. m. Palmonary consumption.

at ya, pron. This.

at yan, adv. Contraction of Yuhan, Here,

वान yag, s. m. A sacrifice, any ceremony in which offerings and oblations are presented. वा≓क ya-chik, ja-chik, ndj. Beggar,mendicant, acking, one who asks or solicits.

वाचना yach-nā, jach-nā, s. f. Asking, beg-

याचित ja chit, adj. Asked, begged, solf-

ৰাজন ja-júh, s. m. An officiating priest, a Brahmun who conducts any part of a sacrifice. বাজন ja-jún, s. m. Conducting a sacrifice. or causing its performance.

बारिक jag-yik, s. m. A sacrificer, an institutor of a sacrifice.

arfaa jagyiyah, adj. Fit for sacrifice.

बाउड jaj-yuh, s. m. Property or presents derived from officiating at sacrifices.

यातना yat-ns, s. f. Pain, agony, sharp or acute pain; the pains of hell.

दाताचात yata-yát, s m. Coming and going; transmigration.

array jatra, s. f. Going, moving, proceeding, marching, travelling; departure, marcia, journey; a festival but especially the procession of idols, &c.; going on pilgrimage.

यात्राकर्षा játra-kúrun, s. m. Setting forth on a journey, a march, &c.

बादिक ja-trik,s.m. A pilgrim, a traveller.

याले ja-trée, } s. m. A pilgrim.

बाबादिक ya-thar-thik, adj. Just, true,

यादव ja-dúv, s. m. Krishn, as descended from the family of Yudoo.

बान yan, s. m. Any vehicle or form of conveyance, as a carriage, a litter, a horse, an elephant, &c.

द्यापन já-pun, s. m. Spending or passing

wia ya-boo, s. m. A poney, a galloway.

दासनी yam-nee, adj. Of or relating to Yuvuns.

याजिनो yam-in-ee, s. f. Night. Yaminecbhasha, s f. The language or dialect of Yanus. याज्ञ ja wük, s. m. The red colour prooured from the lac insect.

यापक्तीन ya-vujiéev, } adv. For life, as life.

array ja-wút, adv. As much as; as many as; as long as; as far as; unto, until

सावन ya-vun, m. adj. Belonging or सावनी ya-vun-ée, f. relating to a Yuvun, Ionian, Mahomedan, &c.

बाही ya-hée, pron. dem. object. case, This, to this.

विह yih, pron. This, he, she, it, these, the, to this degree.

fare yihee, pron. This very, the same,

यक yookt, adj. Joined, combined mited, identified; right, fit, proper; possessing, endowed with, as virtues, qualities, &c.

युक्तरमा yookt-russ, s. f. A plant (Mimosa octandra).

The yookti, s. f. Union, connection, joining; propriety, fitness; contrivance, daxterity, art, skill, policy, project.

An yoog, s. m. An age of the world, or great period, as the Sut or Kreet, Treta, Dwapur, and Kuli; a term used in the game of Chousur (the opposite of a blot, two or more men standing on the same equare); a pair, a couple, a bruce. Joog-joog, adv. Constantly, eternally, Joog phorna, v. a. To cause a difference between friends, to fall out. Joog-an-joog, Ages of ages, from age to age, for ages.

बुगवत् joog piit, adv. At one time, at once ;

together, conjointly.

and jeo-gul, a. m. A pair, a brace, a couple.

सुरास्त joog-ant, s. m. A destruction of the universe; the end of an age.

द्वारन्सम्स् joog-ant-bundhoo, s. m. A real friend, a friend in need.

युष्त joogm, s. m. A pair, a couple, a brace. इस joot, adj. Joined, combined, connected; endowed with, possessed of:

ag jooddh, s. m. War, battle, contest, conflict.

rivier joodhis-thir, s. m. The elder of the five Panduv princes, and leader in the great war between them and the Kouroos, in the beginning of the fourth age; the nominal son of Pandao, whom he succeeded in the sovereignty of India.

युद्धान joodhman, adj. Fighting, warring.

युवती joo-vut-ée, s. f. A young woman, one from sixteen to thirty.

a at the jouveraj, a m. A young prince, especially the heir apparent, associated to the throne.

of heir apparent and associate in the throne.

the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy.

g youn, adv. Thus, in this manner.

other somehow or other. Foon Asen, In this very manner, thus, accidentally, by chance, causelessly, easily, cursorily.

यका jóo-ka, a.f. A louse.

बूब jooth, s. m. A multitude of birds or beasts, a herd, a flock.

नुश्री joo-thee, s. f. A sort of jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum.)

usually made of bamboos, or the wood of the Khudir, to which the victim at a sacrifice is bound; a trophy, a column erected in honour of a victory.

ব্য joos, s. m. Pease soup, pease porridge, the water in which pulse of various kinds has been builed.

a yeh, pron. plur. These, they.

wire jog, s. m. Junction, joining union; combination, association, meeting, conflux; fitting; a fortunate moment, opportunity, occasion; penance, devotion, religious meditation, spiritual worship of God, or union with the Supreme Being by means of abstract contemplation, certain divisions of a great circle, measured upon the ecliptic; propriety, fitness adj. Possible, capable fit Jog-maya, s. f. A deceptive power which Jogées are supposed to possess.

जीतनाजिक jogna-vik, s. m. A sort of fish

शे नपड़ jog-putt, s. m. A cloth drawn round the lower extremities of the social as he squate to perform religious abstraction.

ৰীগৰাস্থী jog-vahee, s. m. A menstruum or medium for mixing medicines. s. f. Alkali; quicksilver.

योगस्या jog-sev-a, s. f. Practising religious abstraction.

ture, the position in which the devotes sits to perform the religious exercise called Jun.

wakefulness. f. Light sleep, wakefulness.

बोहिनो jogin-ee, s.f. A female fiend or बोही jó gee, s.m. A devotee, an sacetic in general; a magician, a conjurer.

arriver jog-schwur. s. m. A principal sage or assecto; a magician; a deity, the object of devous contemplation.

शोरम् 10g-yuh, ath. Clever, accomplished, skilful; powerlat, able; fit, proper, suitable.

ress, propriet, capability, ability.

First yoʻjun, joʻjun, s. m. God, the Supreme Being, the soul of the world; a measure of distance equal to four kros or kas, will be exactly nine miles; other computations make the Jojun but about five miles, or even no more than four miles and a half; joining, union, junction.

ombatant.

बीचन jodhúh, s. m. Fighting, warring, bat-

यो भाषन jodha-pûn, s. m. Heroism, bravery, prowess.

alut jo-dhée, s. m. A warrior.

योगि jó-ni, s. f. The vulva.

योजिनासा jóni-nása, s. f. The upper part of the vulva, or the union of the labia.

बीनिविद्ध jóni-líng, s. m. The clitoris.

योज्या jonyar-sa, s.m. An affection of the vulva, Menorrhagia, or prelapsus uteri.

affer jo-shit, s. f. A woman in general,

youn, adv. Thus, in this manner.

and you tak, s. m. A nuptial gift, presents made to a bride at her marriage by her father or friends; some consider it also implying a gift to the bridegroom.

alr joun, m. adj. Relating to the womb or place of origin, uterine; connected by female alliance, marriage, &c.

बीयन jou-vún, s. m. Youth, manhood. बीयनदर्भ jouvun-dúrp, s. m. Pride of youth, rashness, conceit.

दोवनदमा jouvun-dusa, s. f. The period of youth, adolescence.

बीयनवती jouvun-votee, f. } adj. Youth-बीयनवास jouvun-wan, m. } ful.

## 7

ruh, The twenty-seventh consonant of the Naguree alphabet, corresponding to the let-

ruee, s. f. A churning staff, bran.

in runk, s. m. A poor man.

water with.

it runs, s. f. A ray, a sun-beam.

Blood. Ruth chundun, s. m. Red sandal-wood, red sanders, or sapan wood.

रत्न कोड rust korh, . m. A. kind of leprosy in which the part affected is red.

lump in the abdomen of the female after conception, perhaps scirrhus of the ovarium; a clot of blood.

रह पूर्ण rukt-chóorn, s. m. Red lead.

carar rukt-tá, s. f. Redness.

र क्रमाद rukt-dhátoo, s. m. Red chalk or red orpiment; copper.

रतापा rakt-pá, s. f. A leedh.

THUTA rukt-pat, s. m. Spilling of blood.

this rulet pitt, s. m. Plethora, spontaneous homorrhages from the mouth, nose, rectum and cuticle, accompanied with fever and headache, vomising, purging, &c.

thread ruki-pittee, s. f. A painful and itchy emption supposed to arise from excess of blood and bile; a plant used for the cure of this disease.

रहासद rukt-muy, adj. Bloody, full or consisting of blood.

tmenter rukt-lochun, adj. Red-eyed.

रत्तवर्षा rukt-varn, adj. Red, of a red colour. रताचीन rukt-been, adj. Bloodless, coldblooded.

Tallest rukt-ambur, adj. Dressed in red.
Tallest rukt-ambur-4, s. m. Any vagrant devotee wearing red garments.

ৰোৰ rukt-aloo, s. m. A sort of yam, (Dioscorea purpurea).

Town rukhúk, s. m. A keeper.

रविश्वा rukh-chhórna, v. d. To place ; to keep; to give in charge.

रहरेगा rukh-dena, e. a. To put dewn, to place; to keep, to put by.

Tan rukhún, s. m. Keeping, charge, protection.

মান্য rúkh-ns, w. a. To keep, put, place, hold, possess, preserve, reserve, save, lay, station, apply, ascribe, impute, esteem, consider, have, own, stop.

to take into keeping or service, to engage.

TONTE rukh-wice, s. f. The price paid for keeping, &c.

place, &c. Ruthwa lena, To take in charge.

रखवास rukh-wal, | shepherd, cowherd,

Tagarar rukhwala, J gostherd.

रखबाची rukh-walee, s. f. Keeping, guarding, custody, grazing catale.

to cause to keep, put, place Rakh lens, To take in charge,

The Trukh-ey, s. f. Protection, keeping.
The rukh-ee, s. f. A tribute paid to a
Sikh chief for protection. s. m. A protector,
guardian adj. used sub. Grass which has been
preserved for cattle, cut down and dried, hay.

रखेश rukhyya, a.m. Keeper, protector. रगद्ध rug-úr, a.f. Attrition, friction, rub-

bing, abrasion.

रगड्ना rug-ur-na, v. a. To rub, scour, grate, fret, abrade, excoriate.

THET rug-ra, s. m. Quarrelling; rubbing, polishing; a collyrium.

राइक्सिक्र rúgra-jhúg-ra, s. m. Quarrel, debate, discussion.

दग्रा rug-na, v. a. To be attached to, to be in love with.

The rug-6d, s. f. Pursuit, chase.

रनेदना rug-éd-na, v. a. To pursue, chase, hunt.

Tg rdgh-oo, s. m. A sovereign of Oude, the great grandfather of Ramchundr; the family or descendants of Rughoo.

family of Rughoo; hence also the name of a poem by Kalidas, which treats of the ancestors of Ram, from Duleep to that prince, and his descendants to Ugnivura.

descendants to Ugnivurn.

miser. s. m. A poor man.

rung, s. m. Paint, colour, tint, dye, hue; dancing, acting, singing, amusement, merriment, pleasure; suit (at cards). Rung oor jana, To change colour, to be afraid. Rung coturna, To become pale; to be grieved. Rung kurna, To enjoy, to lead a life of pleasure. Rung churh na, To be elated with liquor. Rung dekhna, To look at or examine the state, condition, result, conclusion or consequence of any thing. Rungbhung, Spoiling of sport. Rung-muhull, An apartment for fessive or voluptuous enjoyment. Rung marna, To win (in gaming : an expression taken from the game of chowpur, Rung-ruliyan, s. f. pl. Merriment, pleasure, mirth, pleasant society of a lover. Rung ratua, To be affected or imbued (with love), to become attached to any one. Rung-roop, s. m. Colour, form, appearance. Rung lugana, To colour; to excite a quarrel. Tha rung-ut, s. f. Colour.

रङ्गा rung-na, v. a. To colour, to die.

moon in the month Asum (September-October), on the night of which Lukshmes descended, promising wealth to all who were awake : thenight is spent in playing ancient chess, in naches, &c.

TEXT rung-rús, s. m. Delight, melody, pleasure.

wate rung-waee, s. f. The price paid for colouring (particularly for dycing).

Twat rung-wyya, s. m. A dier.

হৈ যাত্ৰা rung-shala, s. f. A hall for public exhibitions, as naches, plays, &c., a ball-room, a theatre.

rung-aee, s. f. The price paid for dying; a certain space of time during which a cloth is dyed.

दक्षाना rung-ana, v. a. To colour.

Twing-ee, adj. Impassioned, having propensity or passion. s. m. A dier. s. f. Chintz, the colour of which will not stand washing; a kind of cloth peculiar to Khyrabad.

Gaudy, fine, showy, airy, buxom.

The ruch-uk, s. m. A maker, a composer.

The ruch-na, v. n. To be made, to be created, to be prepared; to be set to work, to be employed, to be about (a business); to stain,

be employed, to be about (a business); to stain, to colour; to love, to like; to keep time in music; to penetrate; to predestinate v. a. To make, form, invent, prepare, compose, perform.

a. f. Forming, composing, creating, making, invention; created thing, work, workmenship.

रचाना ruch-ana, v. a. To set to work, to set a going; to make, to do; to make merry; stain the hands, feet &c. with menhdee, &c.; to celebrate.

रिचत ruch-it, adj. Made, manufactured ; written, composed.

रक्ष ruchhúk, s. m. A protector, keeper, guard, watchman, redeemer.

keeping, preservation, defence, patronage, safety.

ruj, s. m. Dust; the pollen of flowers; the menstrual excretion; the secondary property of humanity, the quality of passion, which produces sensual desire, worldly coveting, pride and falsehood, and is the cause of pain.

रजन rúj-uk, s. m. A washerman.

ৰেনী ruj-uk-ée, s. f. A washerman's wife or a washerwoman.

रजजाना ruj-jána, v. n. To be satisfied.

Tsia rúj-ut, s. m. Silver.

रजनी ruj-née, s. f. Night.

रजनीकर rujnee-kúr, s. m. The moon.

रजनीतस्य rujnee-gundh,s.m. The tuberose (Polianthes tuberose).

इजिनीचर rujnee-chur, s. m. A rakshus, a ghost, goblin; a thief; a watchman.

रजनी नुष्ठ rujnet-mookh, s. on. Evening, beginning of the night.

বেলা স্থান rújnec-hása, s. f. A flower (Nycianthes arbor tristis), which blossoms at night and diffuses a powerful scent after sun-sot. মন্ত্ৰাম্বাস্থ্য ruj-wára, s. m. A kingdom, a

country under the control of a raja.

of truj-us, s. m. The second condition of humanity, the quality or property of passion; that which produces sensual desire, worldly coveting, pride and falsehood, and is the cause of pain; dust; the dust or pollen of a flower; the menstrual evacuation.

বেশুরা ruj-swúla, s. f. A woman during menstruation.

Tha ruj-it, adj. Affected, moved, attracted, or excited by.

characters or dispositions assigned by the Hindoos to the human mind, they are, first Sutwith, Goodness, benevolence; Rujuh, Passion or love of sensual enjoyment or of pleasure; Tumuh, Darkness, ignorance, delusion, promptitude to the vindictive passions. These are all exhibited in the Hindoo Triad: in Bruhma, rujuh prevails; in Visinoo, sutwith; and in Shiv, tumuh.

रबोबस rujo-bundh, s. m. Suppression of menstruction.

Ton rújico, s. m. A rope, a cord, a tie, a string.

The run-juk, adj. What excites or affects; what colours, &c. v. m. A colourist, a painter, adyer; a stimulus, an inelter of affection, &c.; biliary humour on which vision depends. s. f. Priming powder. Runjuk corna, To flash in the pan (priming), Runjuk cornaa, v. a. To burn priming, to flash in the pan. Runjuk-dan, z. m. Priming pan or fire-pan. Runjuk pilana, v. a. To prime.

run-jún, s. m. Colouring, dyeing, painting, &c.; affecting the heart, exciting passion, &c.; red sandat or sapan wood.

रिष्टत run-jít, adj. Moved or affected. रट rut, a.f. Repetition, iteration.

रदना rút-na, v. a. To repeat, iterate, order or demand repeatedly.

To run, s. m. War, battle.

रवाकानी run-kamee, adj. Desirons of war, wishing to fight.

र आगद्भा run-gurhá, s. m. Lines of entrenchment.

द्यावन run-vún, s. m. A wilderness.

रजलका run-stumbh, s. m. A trophy, a pillar.

रपाइचा run-áugun, s. m. A field of bat-

रणोत्साइ run-otsah, s. m. Prowess.

Tag rund, s. m. A tree (Palma christi : Biciaus vulgaris).

रवडक run-dúk, s. m. A barren tree.

Together rund-sala, s. m. Widow's dress, widow's weeds.

cullata); a widow.

TUSTUT runds puro, } s. m. Widowhood.

रक्षाणा runds-pa, James rundwinds. रक्षिया run-diva,s. f. A widow ; a woman.

sense). Rundes-baz, A woman (in a bad sense). Rundes-baze, A wnoremonger. Rundes-bazee, s. f. Whoring, formilication.

रवाङ्का run-dóoa, s. m. A widower. रत rut, adj. Occupied or engaged by, ac-

tively intent on s. w. Coition, copulation,

र त आग rut-juga, s. m. Watching all night on religious occasions (a female ceremony), vigil.

तन rut-un, s. m. A jewel, gem, a precious stone; the pupil of the eye. Rutum-jurit, Set with jewels Rutum-singhusum, s. m. A throne adorned with precious stones.

रतनार rut-nar, s. m. Rod colour.

Tafafa rut-nídhi, s. m. A wagtail.

Tafaut rut-niyan, s. m. A kind of rice.

रतवाडी rut-wahee, s. f. An attack in the night; a concubine who comes at night.

रताना rut-ana, n. n. To rut, to be lewd. रतावनी rut-ayunee, s. f. A whore, a harlot.

रतार्थिनी rut-arthinee, s. f. A libidinous woman, a wanton harlot.

रतार्थी rut-arthee, adj. m. Libidinous,las-

रताच rut-aloo, s. m. A yam (Dioscorea)-रति ruti, s. f. Passion, desire; coition, copulation.

Tafarr rúti-kriya, s. f. Copulation.

Transacti rúti-sutwura, f. A plant (Trigonelia corniculata), perhaps considered as an aphrodisiac.

dos. s. f. A weight equal to eight barley-corns; fortune. Rutes chumuknes, To begin to prosper, to flourish.

talan rutee-wut, adj. Fortunate, pros-

Tal'ur rut-bun-dha, s. m. Blindness at night, nyetalopia.

रते पिश्वा rut-oun-dhiya, adj. Blindatnight.

barley corns; fortune. Ruttee chumuknee, To begin to prosper, to flourish.

Ter rutn, s. m. A jewel, a gem, a precious stone; any thing the best of its kind, or figuratively, the jewel of the species.

रविकस्त ruta-kundul, s. m. Coral.

cine, said to be good for the eyes.

रतमंद्री rutn-mun-juree, s. f. Name of a flower.

रक्षमच rutn-muy, adj. Gemmed, full or made of gems.

रश्रमाचा rutn-mala, s. f. A necklace of precious stones; a book in astronomy; a flower.

বেশন rutn-wút, adj. Having gems.

रक्षत्रज rutn-vriksh, s. m. Coral.

বেহিছাছন rutn-singhásun, s. m. A throne adorned with precious stones.

TATAL rutn-akur, s. m. The ocean; a jewel mine.

रहारवरी rutn-ávulce, s. f. A necklace of gens.

Tw ruth, s. m. A car, a war chariot; a carriage in general, any vehicle or mode of conveyance; a four-wheeled carriage (not used for baggage), a coach, chariot.

coach-maker. s. m. A maker of cars, a

CERTAIT ruth-játra, s. f. A festival at which the characts go in procession: in Bengal and Orissa it is applied to the procession of the car of Krishn, as Juggunnath, on the second of the light fortnight of Ashark.

বেষাৰ ruth-wan, s. m. A coachman, charioteer.

रश्रामी ruth-wanee, s. f. Coschmanship. रश्राम ruth-ang, s. m. A wheel; the ruddy goose (Anascasarca).

Tel rathee, s. m. The owner of or rider in a car.

रह rud, इत्न rud-un, े s. m. A tooth.

Tege rud-chhúd, s. m. A lip.

Tet rud-da, s. m. A layer of a wall, the work of a day.

rád-dee, s. m. Rejected things, especially waste paper.

বে run, s. m Battle, war, combat. Runbhooms, s. f. Field of battle.

रनवन run-bún, s. m. A wilderness.

বেৰাৰ run-was, s. m. The seraglio of a

randá, s. m. A hole; a leop-hole, an embrasure, an air hole.

रवना randh-na, v. n. To be boiled (vice tuals).

vity, a chasm; a fault, a defect.

Tuz rúp-ut, s. f. Fatigue, hard labour ;

TUZT rup-ut-na, v. n. To slip, slide.

TUZUTAT rup-rup-ána, v. n. To gallop

्बड् rub-úr, s. f. Fatigue, fruitless labour, trudging.

रवड़ना rub-úr-na, v. n. To fatigue one's self, to run about fruitlessly.

THET rub-ra, adj. Fatigued.

रवड़ाना rub-rana, v. d.To fatigue, to cause to run about uselessly.

Taref rub-ree, s. f. Thick milk.

The rubi, s. m. The sun. Rubi-bar, s. m. Sunday.

THETT rum-chéra, s. m. A common appellation of a slave.

dalliance, amorous sport; coition, copulation

रजगी rumun-ée, ह. f. An agreeable woman, a wife.

रमयोज rum-néek, adj. Pleasant.

रमणीय rum-un-beyuh, adj. Beautiful, pleasing.

र भवा विता rúmuneeyuté, s. f. Agreeableness, pleasantness.

रभार rum-ún-ynh, s. m. Sport, pleasure, wanton sport or dalliance.

THA rum-ut, adj Playing, sporting.

राह फाइ rumdoo-phúttoo, s. m. pl. Populace, the vulgar (or tag, rag, and bobtais).

নেন্য rúmna, v. n. To turn; to roam, go, rauge, wander s. m. A pack or chase (for game).
v. a. To enjoy, to have connexion with.

THIT rum-ana, v. a. To entice, to beguile; to take possession of.

Text rum-bha, s. f. A plantain; a harlot, a whore; delight.

Testa rum-yik, s. m. One of the minor dweeps or divisions of the world, lying to the north of Havrit.

रजना rul-na, v. n. To be mixed.

द्वाना rul-ana, v. a. To mix.

Ta ruv, s. m. Sound in general, cry, noise,

tends at the gate of the women's apartments to purchase articles that are required.

grain or particle of sand, dust, gunpowder, the

Care ruy-ans, s. m. A kind of bean (Dolichos sinensis).

Tfa ravi, s. m. The sun.

रिकाल ruvi-kant, s. m. The sun-stone,

रिवनग्रह rúvi-múndul, s. m. The disk of the sun.

रिकार ruvi-marg, s. m. The sun's path. राजा rus-na, s. f. The tongue; a woman's girdle or zone.

Trus rús-mi, s. m. A ray of light.

rus, s. w. Juice, humour, essence; flavour, taste, as sweet, salt, pungent, bitter, sour, and astringent; taste, sentiment, or emotion, as an object of poetry or composition; eight sentiments are usually enumerated, Sringar or love, Hasyah or mirth, Kuroona or tenderaess, Rouar or anger, Vser or heroism, Bhyanul or terror, Veebhuts or disgust, Udbhoot or surprise, Sant, tranquillity or content, or Valsalyah, paternal tenderness, is sometimes considered as the minth; affection of the mind, passion; exudation, a fluid, a liquid; semen virile; relish, enjoyment; quick-silver, mercury.

limste or a muriste of mercury, made in close vessels with sulphur, mercury, and common salt; the crystals formed in the first operation are sublimed a second time, which seems to be the only essential difference between this and the preparations called Rusuposthpule.

quainted with tastes, sentiments, &c.s.m.A poet, a writer, who understands the different Rusus or sentiments to be described, an alchymist, one who has obtained a command over the magical properties of mercury; a physician, a medical preparer and administerer of mercurial and chemical compounds.

Terrar rusug-yutá, s. f. Poetical skill or taste; knowledge of flavours; alchemy.

THE rusury, s. f. The tongue.

TENIE rus-dha-too, s. m. Quicksilver.

refrecta rus-nivritti, s. f. Loss of taste,

Tagus rus-pooshp, s. m. A preparation of mercury, a kind of muriate formed by subliming in close vessels, a mixture of sulphur, mercury, and common salt.

र समस्याम् rus-bhúsm-un, s.m. Calx or oxide of mercury.

THEY rus-mus-a, adj. or part. Wet with perfuned essences or perspiration.

THENT TUS-mus-ana, v. n To wet with perfumed essences or perspiration.
THENT THE PROPERTY OF T

CRUIS rus-raj, s. m. Quicksilver.

THE rus-ree, s. f. String, cord.

रश्चत् rus-wút, s. f. A kind of collyrium, extracted from the root of the Amonum authorrhica. रश्चाष्ट्र rus-wad, colj. Exciting quarrels.

रसदान rus-wan, adj. Well-flavoured; tasteful, applied to a composition, &c.

titions cinnabar, made with sine, mercury, blue vitriol, and nitre fused together: the compound is used as an excharation.

Target rus-an-jun, s. m. A sort of collyrium, prepared either with the calk of brass, or with the Amonum authorships.

Terrae rus-a-túl, s. m. Patal; the seven infernal regions under the sarth, and the residence of Nague, Usoors, Dyts, and other monstrous and demoniacial beings; this is not to be confounded with Nuruk or Tartarus, the proper hell or abode of guilty mortals after death; the lowest of the seven divisions of Patal.

दशाना rus-ana, v. a. To solder.

स्यम rus-áyon, s. m. Alchymy, chemistry; the employment of mercury in medicine; a medicine composed of mercury and other metals; slowness, mildness. Rusayunes, s. m. A chymist.

रहाज rus-âl, s. m. The sugar-cane ; the mango tree (Manyifera Indica).

THIGH rus-al-sa, s. f. A tubular vessel of the body, a nerve, a tendon, &c.

ries and the juice of sugar-cane boiled together).

The rus-ik, adj. Flavoured, having taste or flavour; testeful, as a composition, &c; sentimental s. m. A libertine adj. Witty.

THATE rus-ik-áce, e. f. Cunringness, shrewdness, amorousness,

Theur rus-iya, s. m. A rake, one who enjoys life, a voluptuary.

रिश्चाना rus-iyana, v. n. To be moist, to be juicy; to commence ripening, to come.

Tel rus-ee, adj. Humorous; impassioned.

luptuous, rakish. रभुन rús-oon, s. m. Garlick.

Te rus-eb, adv. Softly.

rus-éndr, s. m. Quicksilver; the philosopher's stone, the touch of which turns iron to gold.

रसोद्या rus-óiya, s. m. A cook.

स्वीदे rus-6ee, s. f. Victuals ; cookroom,

estracted from the root of the Amonum anthorrhiza.

rus-yuh, adj. Juicy. s. m. Blood.

Tail rus-see, s. f. String, cord, rope.

TENN ruh-kul., ) s. m. A small can-

piece; a cart. 文章句句: ruh-chóla, s. m. Flattery, agrecable conversation.

रहजाना ruh-jána, v. n. To wait, stay, delay, desist, give up.

TEZ rühut, s. m. A wheel for drawing water with.

TEST run-tá, s. m. A spinning-wheel.

रहड़ rúh-roo, s. m. A cart.

रहत ruhut, s. m. Staying, remaining.

रहते rub-teh, adv. (In the) remaining ; in the presence, during, notwithstanding.

रहन ruhún, s. f. Manner, method.

रहना ruh-ná, v. n. To stay, stop, remain, be, exist, last, stand, continue, lie, live, inhabit, dwell, reside, escape. Ruknewala, Inhabitant.

इसार ruh-már, s. m. A robber, highwayman.

रहला ruh-la, s. m. A kind of pulse, chuna (Cicer arietinum).

chased).

Trais ruh-wace, s. f. House-rent.

रहेबेबा ruh-wyya, s. m. An inhabitant, dweller.

vate, secretly, privily. s. m. Waggery, merriment; trampling, treading under foot; solitariness, privacy; copulation.

रहरारा ruhus-ná,v. n. To be pleased, to rejoice.

A secret, a mystery, any thing hidden, recondite or mysterious.

TRITE ruháis, s. f.) Stay, halt, delay, residence, continuance.

Tra ruhit, adj. Free from, devoid of, destitute, void of.

रजन ruk-shuk, s. m. A guardian, a protector.

रच्या ruk-shún, s. m. Preserving, protecting, defending.

ৰেৰ ruk-shun, adj. Preserving, guarding, protecting.

द्वान ruk-shus, s. m. An evil spirit.

Tar rúk-sha, s. f. Protection, guarding, keeping, preservation, defence, patronage, safety.
Taa ruk-shit, adj. Preserved, protected, defended; kept, detained.

rukshn, s. m. Preserving, guarding, defence, protection.

रम्यभाषा rukshyumán, adj. Preserved.

race, s. f. A kind of mustard seed with small grains (Sinapistramosa). Race-kace, | Broken to small pieces or atoms.

That raceyá, s.m. Chaff of wheat, bran; a species of mustard with large seeds.

chief. Ruch-rayan, s. m. A Hindoo title, prince, chief. Ruch-rayan, s. m. A Hindoo title, (lit.) the chief of princes; the Dowan of the Khalisa, or chief treasurer.

Trat raets, s. m. Pumpkins, &c. pickled in sour milk.

राएबोस raebáns, s.m. A kind of spear. राएबेस raebél, s.f. A flower so called.

रांग rang, s. f. Pewter, tin.

रांगलरा rang-bhura, s. m. A toyman.

रांकान ran-jhún, रांकान ran-jhán, रांकान ran-jhá, in Hindes Heer).

The rand, s. f. A widow; a woman. Rand ka sand, Son of a widow, a spoilt child.

ish without roes are so ealted; and the word is particularly applied to unproductive trees, such as the male palm, &c.)

रांडापा ran-dá-pa, s. m. Widowhood.

हांटनी rand-née, s. f. Parsley.

रांद्यक्षेस rand-pur-ós, s. m. Neighbour-

रांधना rándh-na, v. a. To cook, to dress food.

Tim ran-pee, s. f. An iron instrument for scraping leather, scraper for leather.

रांसना rámbh-na, v. n. To low, bellow, cry out.

बाक्स rakus, e. m. A. demon, an evil spirit.

Tran rá-ka, s. f. Full moon, or the day of full moon.

Tre rakh, s. f. Ashes.

राखना rakh-na, v. a. To keep, to put.

which Hindoos tie round their arms on a certain festival, held in the full meon of Sramum, on Samum, in honour of Krishm.

Tra rag, s. m. A mode in music (there being six in number), music, song, tune: the modes are, Bhyrur, Malur, Sarung, Hindol, Vusunt, Deepuk, and Megh; anger, passion; love. Rag chhana, v. n. To be in concert. Rag-Mala, s. f. A treatise on music (being nothing more than a collection of pictures, exhibiting the truditional history of the primary and subordinate modes, and the subjects appropriated to each). Rag rung, s. m. Music. Rag-sagur, s. m. A song composed of many Rags or musical modes.

Two grag-chéon, s. m. A tree yielding an astringent resin or extract, the wood of which is used in dying (Mimosa cutechu).

TIMET rag-na, v. a. To begin to sing.

Traff rag-in-ée, s. f. A mode in music there being thirty six of the Ruginee in number). Triff ra-gee, adj. Passionate, impassionate. z. m. A singer; a libertine, a lover.

राध्व ra-gháv, s. m. A sort of fish.

Terr rach-na, v. n. To be affected or imbued (with love ), to be strongly attached.

Tre rachh, s. m. Apparatus.

To rai, s. m. Government, sovereignty, royalty, reign, kingdom, (In comp.) Prince, king. Clar raj, s. m. A mason, a bricklayer.

राजकार्या raj-kunya, s. f. A princess.

Trat raj-kur, s. m. Tax or toll imposed by the king.

Tierane raj-kuséroo, s. m. A fragrant grass ( Cyperus ).

Clarate raj-karj, s. m. Royal duties, state affhirs.

राजकीय rajuk-čeyuh, adj. Royal, kingly. TERRITE raj-koomár, v. m. A king's son,

्राजकुल raj-kóol, s. m. A royal race ; a prince, a king.

राजगादी raj-gadee, s.f. King's cushion or throne.

Trans raj-gooroo, s. m. The king's spiritual preceptor.

TIS Claraj-greev, s. m. A sort of flat freshwater fish.

Traffing raj-til-uk, s. m. The royal mark on the forehead, coronation.

राजनजन raj-tejus, s. m. Majesty, kingly dignity.

Trana rajutwih, s. m. Sovereignty, royal-

Tarang raj-dund, s. m. Punishment ordered by the king; a baton, a sceptre.

Treng if rajedursh-un, s. m. A levec, an

TIMETE raj-dwar, s. m. The gate of the palace.

राजहोड़ raj-droh, s. m. Oppression, tyranny; rebellion.

traigles raj-drohee, s. m. A rebel, a trai-

राजधन raj dhifo, s. m. Royal revenue or right to property.

Troise raj-dhur, s. m. The prime minister of a raja.

Clarus raj-dharm, s. m. Royal duty; the duty of the military tribe.

राजधानी raj-dhance, s. f. A royal city, a capital, a metropolis.

TISTY Traj-dhéora, & J. Royal state or function, government.

राजनीति raj-neeti, s. f. Regal polity, civil and military government; the art of government, the daties of a prince both in peace and war.

राजानील raj-neel, s. m. The emerald.

Trong raj-putt, s. m. A gem; said to be an inferior kind of diamond brought from Virat Des, a country in the north-west of India; a tiara or royal fillet. s. f. King's cushion, throne. Стыча гај-ри̂t, с.т. A Hindoo title, prince.

राजपानी raj-put-nee, & f. A queen.

राजपुत्र raj-pootr, s. m. A Kshuttree or man of the military tribe.

राजपत raj-poot, s. m. A descendant of a ruja; the name of a tribe.

राजपती raj-poo-tee, s. f. Courage, prowess in war.

राज्येशी raj-bun-see, s. m. Descendant of a raju; a तिर्वेpoot tribe. राजभवव raj-bhúvun, रिश्त M. A royal re-

राजभूबन raj-bhóo-bun, I sidence, a pa-

राजभोग raj-bhog, s. m. Victuals placed before idols at noon.

राजमन्दिर raj-mún-dir. s. m. A palace, a royal residence.

राज्याची raj-marg, s. m. A royal road, one passable for horses and elephants, and forty cubits broad.

Trata ar raj-joodhwa, s. m. An enemy, a rebel, one making war against a prince.

Condition raj-jóg-yuh, adj. Proper or suitable for a sovereign, princely, royal.

राजराज raj-raj, s. m. An emperor, a universal monarch, or king of kings,

रासरीय raj-reg, s. m. A mortal disease ; a consumption.

राजन्य पा raj-lúkshun, e. m. Royal insignia; any uatural mark indicating royalty.

राजचेद्ध raj-lekh, s. m. A royal letter or order.

राजवंदी raj-vún-see,s. m. The descendant of a raju; a tribe of Rajpoots.

राजवंद्ध raj-vuns-yuh, adj Of royal parentage or descent.

राज्यत raj-wút, adj. Royal, kingly.

राजवाड़ा raj-wara, s. m. The country of rajes.

इरजबीजी raj-vée-jee, adj. Springing from a royal race.

হাজমান্তৰ raj-shas-un, e. m. A royal edict. হাজন raj-us, adj. Relating to, or derived, &c. from the quality of passion.

राज्यका raj-sútta, s. f. Majesty, royal digmity.

TIMENT raj-subha, s. f. A royal assembly or court.

राज्य के raj-súrp. s. m. A large kind of snake ( Boa), the king of snakes.

THE raj-sooyuh, s. m. A sacrifice performed only by a universal monarch, attended by his tributary princes.

राजनेक raj-sévuk, s. m. A courtier, a royal attendant.

Trans rajus-with, s. m. Royal revenue, impost, dety, tax.

राजह स raj-húns, s. m. A white goose with red legs and bill, or more properly perhaps the flamingo.

राजहामक raj-hás-uk,s.m. A sort of large fish (Cyprinus niloticus).

CIST ra-ja, s. m. A king, a prince.

THIST raj-agya, s. f. A royal edict or command.

राजाधिराज raj-adhi-ráj, s. m. A paramount sovereign.

েজারন raje-vart,s. m. A gem, described as an inferior sort of diamend, brought from the country Visat.

राजावनी raj awulee, e. f. A line of kings, a royal dynasty or genealogy.

Tist rá-jee, s. f. A row, a line.

ৰাজীৰ ra-jéev, s. m. A large fish (Cyprinus niloticus).

दाजेन्द्र raj-éndr, s. m. An emperor.

राजेश्वर raj-eshwur, s. m. A sovereign, prince, a lord, a governor.

try, a principality, a kingdom; a ministration or exercise of sovereignty or government.

ता क्या क्या rájyuh-chyóot, s.m. A prince who

राज्यश्रुति raj-yuh-chyloti, ह. f. Deposai,

राज्यभङ्ग rajyuh-bhung,s. m.Suhversion of a severeignly.

राज्य में त rájyuli-bhróus, s. m. Deposal or less of a kingdom.

Clause rájyuh-bhrúsht, s. m. A' deposed sovereign.

েল্লারে rájyuh-rúksha,s. f.Protection or defence of a kingdom.

Elouifwart rajyuh-adhikar, s. m. Government of a kingdom; right or title to a sovereignty.

Tra rath, s. m. A country or district, part of Bengal west of the Hooghly river.

Tran rá-na, s.m. A Hindoo title of a prince or mja.

Crail ra-née, s. f. A Hindoo queon or prin-

ria rat, s. f. Night. Adhee rat, Midnight Rat there our sang buleot, Is applied to express a hurry of business with little time to perform it in; also great expense with a small income. Raten rat, In the middle of the night.

to stain w.m. To be strongly attached or in love-(it, stained with the die of love).

Trat rá-ta, adj. Red ; died, coloured.

traffur rat-bundha, s.m. Nyctalopia, nightbundness.

Traff ratrie, s. f. Night.

that ratri-chúr, adj. Going or moving at night. s. m. A goblin, a fiend, a ghost or evil spirit; a thief, a robber; a guard, a patrole.

TTZ rad, s. f. Pus, matter.

राधानगरी radha-núgree, s. m. A kind of silk cloth made at Radha-nagar.

Trat rá-na, s. m. A Hindoo title of a prince or raja.

राजी ra-née,s. f. A Hindoo queen or prin-

TIT rab, s. f. Sirup.

Transl rab-ree, s. f. A kind of food like pap.

the ram, n. prop. A name common to three incarnations of Vishnoo, or Purseovam, the son of the Mooni Jumudugni, born at the commencement of the second or Treta Joog, for the purpose of punishing the tyrannical kings of the Kshuttree race; Ramchundr, the san of Dusruth, king of Oude, born at the close of the second age, for 1600 years B. C.) to destroy the demons who

infested the earth, and especially Rawum, the Dyt sovereign of Ceylon; and Bulram, the elder and half brother of Krishn, the sou of Rohim, born at the end of the Dwapur or third age, Ram kuhanee, s. f. The Ramayun; a long story. Ram doo hace, s. f. An asseveration, by Ram, by God Ram-bhuti, s. f. Calling out for redress, complaint. Ram/Ram/A Hindoo form of salutation.

रामकनी ram-kul-ee, Raginees or fe-सामकेनी ram-kul-ee, male personifica-

tions of the musical modes.

THE Tam-giri, s. m. The name of a mountain variously applied, but especially assigned to a mountain called Compteh or Chierkone in Bundelkhand, and to another near Nappore, called now Ramtet.

মান্ত্রান্বী ram-jún-ee, s. f. A Hindoo dancing-girl, a prostitute.

THAT ram-toorue, s. f. A vegetable, Othra (Hibiscus esculentus).

दानदानी ram-toolsee, s. f. A plant (Ocymum gratissimum).

रामसूत्र ram-moon, s. m. A kind of goat.

THE ram-súr, s. m. A sort of wood; a kind of reed.

रामान-दी rama-núndee, s. m. A class of Hindoo mendicants, followers of Ramanund.

poem of the Hindoos, recording the adventures of Ram, the son of Dusruth, sovereign of Ouae, written by the poet Valmeeks; a name of several poems on the life and adventures of Ram.

राजायत rama-wut,s. m. System of Hindoo

Ta rach, s. m. A Hindoo title, prince, chief. Rush-rayan, s. m. A Hindoo title, (lit.) The chief of princes; the Descan of the Khalisa, or chief treasurer.

Taar raeta, s. m. Pumpkins, &c. pickled in sour milk

Trasie ree-bans, s. m. A kind of spear.

Trans rae-bel, e. f. A flower so called.

रावणिया ráe-műn-iya, े s. m. A kind of

रायमन rae-mun-ee, J rice (in the

TTT rar, s. f. Wrangling, quarrel, fray.

रारी ra-rée, } adj. Quarrelsome, con-

TIM ral, s. m. Resin, the resinous or fragrant exudation of the Shorea robusta, rosin, pitch; saliva.

ZTq rao, s. m. A prince.

दावचाव mo-chao, s. m. Gaioty, amusc-

ment, dalliance, merriment, mirth; affection, endeament.

Crazi ráo-tee, a. f. A kind of tent.

Lanka or Ceylon, said to have been killed by Ramehranar.

Tian ra-wút, s. m. A hero; a sweeper (of a particular caste).

TITE rao-ra, } (In Bruy.) pron. Yours.

Tifu rashi, s. m. A heap, a quantity; a sign of the zodiac; a part and its divisor, or numerator and denominator.

Trans rashi-chukr, s. m. The zodiac.

राशिकान ráshi-bhág, s. m. A fraction.

Tifnely rashi-bhog, s. m. Passage of a planet through a sign of the zodiac.

राणिकरण rashi-kurun, s. m. Heaping, piling, gathering.

Trimma ráshi-krit, adj. Heaped, piled, gathered.

Translater, s. m. An inhabited country or realm, a region.

tife at rash-trik-a, s. f. A prickly sort of night-shade (Solanum jacquini).

TR ras, s. f. Reins of a bridle; usury; adoption. Ras-una, To be agreeable. Ras lena, v. a. To adopt a son.

herds, including songs and dances, especially the circular dance as performed by Krisha and the Gopees or cowherdesses; a heap; a sign of the zodiac.

राजका ras-chukr, s. m. The zodiac.

रावधारी ras-dhá-ree, s. m. A dancing-boy, who imitates the Ras of Krishn.

THETAT ras-játra, s. f. A festival in honour of Krishn on the full moon of Kartik.

रासी ras-ee, adj. Of middling breed (a horse); indifferent, so so.

Test ras-ná, s. f. A plant (Mimosa octandra); another plant (the serpent Ophioxylon!);a sort of perfume.

(by digging little pits in its surface with a small pickare).

Tre ra-hoo, s. m. Typhon or the dragon that is supposed to devour the sun or moon during an eclipse; the ascending node.

THUTH ráhoo-grás, s. m. Immersion of a planet in an eclipse.

Trang rahoo-grah, s. m. An eclipse of the sun or moon.

trat rak-shus, adj. Infernal, demoniacal.

but who appears to be of various descriptions and is either a powerful Titan or enemy of the gods in a superhuman or incarnate form, as Ravun and others

THE HEATE rakshus-byah, s. m. A form of marriage, the violent seizure and rape of a girl after the repulse or destruction of her relatives.

राज सो rakshus ée, s. f. A female fiend, the female of Rakshus. adj. Demoniacal, 'devilish. ित rikt, adj. Empty, void. s. m. A vacuity, a vacuum.

ितार rikt-tá, s. f. Vacuity, void, space. ितार rikt-húst, adj. Empty-handed. रिचा rich-á, s. f. A magical invocation, a mystical prayer of the Veds.

francish-wyya, adi. Having the quality of being pleased.

िकान rijha-na, v.a. To please; (met.) to plague, tease, perplex.

frairi rit-ana, v. a. To cause to empty.

Tra rit-oo, s. f. Season, weather. The

Hindoos divide the year into six seasons, viz. Vusunt, Greeshm, Vursha, Surud, Him, and Sisir.

Tra rid-dhi, s. f. Increase, wealth, prosperity.

रियु ríp-oo, s. m. An enemy. रियुत्ता rípoo-tá,s. f. Hostility,enmity.

fifu rishi, s. m. A saint.

रिष्टक risht-úk, s. m. The soap-berry plant

(Sapindus of several species).

िस ris, s.f. Anger, passion, vexation.

Rasionate.

रिशाना ris-ána, । v. n. To be displeas

रिवियाना ris-iyana, । ed, vexed, angry, provoked.

Thee, f. A vocative particle used by way of disrespect or admiration generally, (in addressing females), holla! bravo! 0!

होंगना reeng-na, v. n. To creep, to plod.

The reechh, }s. m. A bear.

रीधना reendh-na, v. a. To dress (victuals), to cook.

desire, wish; pleasing, satisfying. Rezin-puchaoo, s. m. A person who conceals his inclination. Rezih puchana, v.a. To conceal one's gratification.

That reejh-ná, v. n. To be pleased, to be gratified, to be delighted.

Par ree-the, s. m. A fruit, soap-wort, soap-nut (Sapindus saponaria).

Clfsen ree-thi-ya, s. f. A small Reetha (fish).

TE reerh, s. f. The backbone.

Tarreer-hee, s. f. A young mango.

Clar ree-ta, ads. Empty.

The reeti, s. f. Usage, custom, practice, rite, habit, regulation, rule, local or traditionary observance.

Treer, s. m. Noise.

रीरियाना reeriyana, v. n. To cry (as a child); to murmur. v. a. To importune, to beg earnestly.

रोड rees, s. f. Anger, passion, vexation. इंटना roondna, v. n. To be trod or trampled on.

संभाग roondh-jána, v.n. To be confined, restrained or afflicted (in mind).

Ta rook, s. m. Stoppage.

क्षन rook-un, s. f. Stopping.

क्या rook-na, v. n. To stop, to be hindered, to be enclosed, to be prohibited.

क् कवया rook-wyya, s. m. A preventer.

रकाना roo-kana, v. a. To cause to enclose, surround, stop, hinder.

হু সাৰ roo-káo, s. m. \ Prevention, hin-হু সাৰত roo-ká-wut, f: \ derance, detention, backwardness.

रखाई roo-khaee, s. f. Plainness, dryness; unkind looks, indifference.

हरन roogn, adj. Bent, crooked, curbed; diseased, sick, infirm.

हच rooch, s. f. Desire, wish, avidity, desire of or pleasure from sating; light, lustre.

क्षना rooch-na, v. n. To excite desire; to be agreeable.

क्षि róochi, s. f. Hunger, appetite, taste, sentiment.

क्राइ roond, s. m. A headless body.

स्टन roodun, s. m. Weeping, wailing.

shut up; opposed, stopped, impeded. सद्भाग rood-raksh, e.m. A tree (Eleocarpus

ganitrus).

क्षमा róop-na, v. n. To be at bay, to stop. कपडरा roo-púh-ra, adj. Of silver.

हिंचा roo-pyya, s. m. A coin so called, a

rupee.

Terri réolna, v. n. To roll, be rolled or pulverized.

क्ताना róo-lána, v. a. To cause to cry, to vex, displease, afflict.

क्सना roos-na, v. n. To be angry, to be

displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a l

Te roosht,ada. Angry, displeased.

To rooksh, adj. Harsh, unkind; rough, hard; rugged, uneven.

Troo-ée, s. f. Cotton. Roose-dar, adj. Quilted with cotton, stuffed with cotton.

Trooce-há, s. m. A seller of cotton.

ह नहा roong-ta, e. m. The short hairs of the body. Roongteh khurch hona, v. n. The standing of the hairs on end (from cold fear, &c.)

wie roon-ghut, s. f. Dirt, filth.

क भाना roundh-na, v. a. To surround, to nclose (as with a hedge); to watch v, n. To be restrained; to be confounded, to be astonished.

क्य rook, s. f. To boot. क्रकन rookun,

Te rookh, s. m. A tree. adj. Plain, unseasoned. Rookh-churha, s. m. A monkey.

इस्टूड reo-khúr, s. m. A sort of devotee.

sagr rookh-rá, s. m. A small tree,

TET roo-kha,adj. Dry, plain, rough, harsh, unkind, unfriendly, pure, simple, unsessoned. Rootha sootha, adj. Plain, blunt, harsh (words, &c.)

ware rookhá-ee, s. f. Roughness, plainness, dryness, unfriendliness.

करानी rookhá-nee, s. f.A carpenter's chi-Tel réo-khee, s. f. A squirrel.

roochh, adj. Stern. s. m. A violator.

हज rooj,s. m. An insect very troublesome to birds.

Ton-jhá, adj. An animal(or bird more particularly) much teased by the insect rooj. ₹ 5 1 rooth-na, v. n. To have a misunderstanding with a friend, to be cool, to quarrel,

to be angry or displeased. करनी rooth-née, adj. Quarrelsome. s. f.

A species of sensitive plant (Mimosa natans). ESTEST roothá-roothée, s. f. Mutual coolness, misunderstanding.

groorh, adj. Hard, stiff, rough, grim,

wy roop, s. m. Countenance, form shape, figure, appearance, face, picture, beauty, manner, mode, method; silver. Roop-nidhan, Receptacle or abode of beauty. Roop-rus, Killed or calcined silver. Rup-sagur, Ocean of beauty.

Euger roop-just, e. m. Pewter.

स्वयंती roop-wat-ee, adj.f. Well-shaped, elegant, beautiful, handsome (a woman)

रूपवान roop-wan, adj. Well-shaped, beautiful, handsome.

THE Troop th-la, adj. Silvered, made of silver, silver.

Eчт гос-ра, s. m. Silver.

wit roop-ea, (used in compos.) In or figure, having the shape or figure of

क सरी room-tée, s. f. Subtenfuge, trick, wrangling.

wil roo-race, s. m. A Grecian. Roomeemustleee, s. f. Gum mustick.

THAT roos-na, v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

will roo-see, s. f. Scurf.

reh, m.A vocative particle used by way of disrespect or admiration generally; holls !

Tarrenk, s. f. Braying (as of an ass).

रेकना renk-na, v. n. To bray (as an ass). रिश्ना reng-na, v. n. To creep, to plod.

रंगनी reng-nee, s. f. A medicinal plant.

Tz rent, s. m. A wheel for drawing water with ; snivel, snot.

Terrent a, s. m. Snot, snivel.

Palma christi / Ricinus TE rend,s.m. Tel rend-ee,s.f. vulgaris). Render ka tel, s. m. Castor-oil.

रही ren-dee, s.f. A small melon.

rekh, \ s. f. Writing, line, mark, Tar rekhá, fate, destiny,

THIS reghár-ee, s. f. A furrow.

Tu rénoo, s. f. Dust.

aa: retúh, s. m. Semen virile.

रतन ret-un, ca ret, s. f. Sand ; filings.

रेवना rét-na, v. a. To file, polish, thrum. रतन ret-al, adj. Sandy. s. f. Sand, sandy

ground. रेतला ret-lá, adj. Sandy.

Carret-á, s. m. Sand.

Tart ret-ace, s. f. Price paid for filing or

रितियाना retiyana, v. a. To file, to polish. Tal retee,s. f. Sandy ground on the shere of a river; a file.

रेतीला reteela, adj. Sandy.

रतचा retoos, s. m. A fileman, a filer, a polisher.

Two reph, s. m. The letter r, with the inherent short vowel.

रेजना rel-na, v. a. To shove, push, rush. Laug rel-pel, s. f. Abundance, plenty; crowd, bustle.

Ter rel-a, s. m. A flood; a line or string of animals; rushing, rush, push, shove, assault. Revree ken pher men purna, v. u. To be involved in difficulties.

asterisms, containing thirty-two stars, figured by a tabor.

Tay rews, s. f. The Nerbudda or Nurmuda river, which rises in the mountain Umrkout or Umurkustuk, in the province of Gondwana, and runs nearly due west about 750 miles, when it falls into the sea below Baroach.

Two reh. s. f. (mittee) Fossil alkali, used for washing and making soap.

रेहड reh-roo, s. m. A sled, a sledge.

रेहला reh-lá, s. m. A. vetch.

Tel rehée, s. f. Fossil alkali.

হৈছি rehoo-pehoo, s. f. Abundance. ইনৰা rynkna, v. n. To bray(as an ass) ইয়াৰ rydás,s. m. The leader of a Hindoo

रेन ryn, s. f. Night.

रोबाई roace, s. f. Lamentation.

Tai roan, a. m. Hair of the body, down, wool.

रोजाना ro-ana, v. α. To make cry, to vex, displease.

रोशास ro-ás, s. f. Inclination to cry. रोशास ro-ás-a, adj. Inclined to cry, vexed, displeased, afflicted.

To ro en, s. f. The hair on the arms, &c., bristle, pile, nap, down. Roen budulna, To become sleek and fat (a horse), to change his coat.

राजही rong-toe, े s. f. Wrangling, subter-

Tent ront-gée, fuge, trick, cheat.

Clear ront-na, v. a. To deny.

Tilzar ront-iya, adj. Treacherous.

रोपना rómp-na, v. a. To plant, to transplant.

रोक rok, s. f. Prevention, prohibition, stop, restraint, let, hinderance, Rok-tok, Let and hinderance, opposition, resistance.

रोज rok, s. m. रोजड rok-ur, s.f.

रोकड्या rokur-iya, e. m. A cash-keeper, treasurer.

रोक्न rok-ún, s. f. An obstacle.

ोकना rók-na, v. a. To enclose, surround, stop, block, fend, prevent, restrain, hinder, coerce, detain, interrupt, prohibit.

रोकु ro-kóo, s. m. A preventer.

आंग rog, e. m. Sickness, disease in general, or a disease.

रोगयस rog-grust, adj. Sick, diseased.

रोगराज rog-raj, s. m. Consumption.

रोगडच्या rog-lúkshun, s. m. The symptoms or sign of a disease, or of its progress.

दोशपान्तक rog-shant-tik, s. m. A physician or alleviator of sickness.

Towife rog-shanti, s. f. Cure or alleviation of disease.

रोगहर rog-har, adj. Curative, medicinal. रोगहरी rog-haree, adj. Curative, medicinal. s. m. A physician.

रोगियो rogin-ee,f. } adp. Diseased, ill, right rogic, m. sick, affected with sickness or disease.

रोजिया ro-giyá,ad). Sick, diseased, ill.

正有 ro-chik, s. m. A stomachie, a carminative, any medicine, fruit or fossil, supposed to strengthen the tone of the stomach and restore lost appetite.

supposed to be the concrete bile of the cow, or according to some authorities, to be found in the head of the animal, used as a medicine, a dye, and perfume.

रोज roj, रोजहा roj-rá, }s. m. Lamentation.

ed antelope (Antelope picta).

The rot, s. m. Thick bread; (met.)
The rotat, Sweetmeats offered to Hunooman.

रोटी ró-tee, s. f. Bread.

रोहा ró-ra, s. m. A stone, a fragment of stone or brick, a brickbat.

रोदन ro-dun, s. m. Weeping, crying ; a tear, tears.

The rodh, s. m. A bank, a shore.

impedes or obstructs, an obstacle, a hinderer or hinderance. s. m. Impeding, obstructing.

The rona, v. n. To cry, to weep; to be displeased, to be melancholy. adj. Addicted to crying s. m. Lamentation, grief. Ro dena, To cry, to weep; to be displeased, to be filled with indignation. Rance scorus, adj. Of a sad countenance. s. f. A melancholy or rueful countenance.

raises, &c.

ीपना ro-pfin, s. m. Planting; raising. दोपना róp-na, v. a. To sow, to plant; to defend, block, fend.

रोजिन ro-pit, adj. Planted ; raised.

Trom, s. m. Down, small hair of the

रोमकुप rom-koop, s. m. A pere of the skin. रामवत rom-wit,

adj. Hairy, woolly. रोसश ro-mús,

THEATT rom-bikar, 7 s. m. Horripila-रोमाञ्च rom-anch, ) tion; erection or rigidity of the hair of the body, conceived to be

occasioned by, and to express, exquisite delight. रोबाडित rom-an-chit,adj. Having the hair of the body erect, considered as a proof of exquisite pleasure; enraptured, delighted.

रोशायली róma-vál-ee, s. f. A line of hair across the middle of the belly or navel.

Tr ror, s. f. Noise, clamour, outery;

Citiat roro-kur, adv. With difficulty, labour and pain.

रोजना rol-na, v. a. To roll plane, polish, smooth; to select, pick.

िशाना ro-la-na, v. a. To cause to cry, weep. Tel ro-lee, s. f. A mixture of rice, turmerick and alum, with acid, used to paint the forehead.

Tros, s. m. Anger, wrath, rage. Ros kurna, To be angry, to be displeased.

रोप्या ro-shun, m. ो adj. Angry, passion-

रोपणा ro-shun-á,f.) ate.

रोषवाहण ros-vahun, adj. Angry, feeling and displaying wrath.

रोसना ros-na, v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

Then ro-hug, s. m. The name of a mountain, Adam's peak in Ceylon.

TEZ ró-hut, s. f. Weeping, crying, tears. (15 m) ró-hin-ee, s. f. The fourth lunar asterism, figured by a wheeled cavriage, and containing five stars.

The Robi fish (Cy-TE ro-b60, prinus Robita).

Ties ro-his, s. m. A sort of grass; the Rohi, a kind of fish; a deer said to resemble an

roundún, . m. Trampling, treading under foot.

TIETI round-na, ) v. a. To trample on, Trues roundh-na, to tread down, to ride over.

Tra roudr, adj. Formidable, fearful, terrific; violent, wrathful, irascible, s. m. Wrath, rage; heat, warmth.

दोइता roudr-tá, s. f. Fierceness, formidableness

रीना round, s. m. Bringing home a wife to consummate a marriage.

रीमक roum-úk, s. m. A kind of salt. रीसलवया roum-luvum, according to some authorities, brought from a mountain in Ajmere, but in fact procured from a salt lake ness the town of Sambhur, about twenty miles west of Tynagur.

the rour, s. f. Noise, clamour, outcry; fame.

रीस्य rour-úv, adj. Formidable, horrible, terrific. s. m. One of the divisions of hell.

Car rou-la, s. m. Noise, tumult, sedition,

Titem rou-hin, s. m. Sandal wood.

रोडियोग rouhin-eyuh, s. m. An emerald. रोडिय rou-hish, e. m. A sort of deer ; the Rohi fish; a kind of grass.

which, The twenty-eighth consonant of the Naguree alphabet, the letter I.

जनच luk-uch, े s. m. A species of the खन्नच lúk-ooch, bread-fruit tree (Artocarpus Lacucha).

खनाड luk-ur, s. m. Wood, a cudgel, beam, bar. Lukur-baz, A cudgel-player. Lukur-bazee, s. f. Cudgel-playing, fencing.

लक्ष हुएरा lukur-hára, s. m. A wood-cutter, wood-seller, woodmonger.

लकड़ा lúkra, s. m. A hyena; a large piece of wood.

चकडी lúk-ree, s. f. Wood, timber, a staff, stick. (met.) adj. Stiff.

walt luk-eer, s. f. A line, lineament, streak.

TAZ lúk-oot, s. m. A staff, a stick, a club. लुखना lúkh-na, v. a. To see, look at, perceive, behold; to understand, v. n. To disappear. जखपती lukh-pút-ee, adj. Rich.

To gasp, or pant with heat or thirst (as birds).

खखड़ lukh-lóot, adj. Extravagant.

जुद्धा luk-há, s. pl. Hundreds of thousands. सहाक luk-haoo, adj. Significant.

erara luk-háo, s. m. Act of seeing or perceiving.

चरित्रा lúk-hiya, s. m. A spectator.

erear luk-héra, s. m. A varnisher. eretar luk-houta,adj. Besmeared with lac.

Lukhonla kurna, To smear with lac, to glaze.

बन lug, adv. To, as far as, near, till, until, up to, close to, whilst, during.

नगचलना lug-chúlna, e. n. To follow closely, to court friendship.

चगड lug-úr, s. m. A kind of hawk.

नमन lúg-un, ) s. f. A moment, the rising नम्म lugn, of a sign of the zodiac; affection, attachment, friendship, love; espousal, appointing the day of marriage. s. m. A large hat hollow copper utensil in the form of a bason.

THI lug-na, v. n. To be applied to apply, to begin, to be fixed, to be attached, to be close (10), adjoin, to touch, to be employed, to be imputed, to attain (10), to reach, to suit, to join, to close, to be, to belong, to become, to happen, to befall, to seem, to taste, to be connected (with), to regard. Lug ruhna, To continue without interruption, to continue fixed. Luga ruhna, To be occupied or busy (11).

समस्य lug-bhug, adj. Close, near, about, almost, by, thereabout.

लगवाना lug-wána, v. a. To apply, to fix, to cause to apply, to cause to put or plant, &c.

नगानार lug-atár, ada. Successive, incessant. सगान lug-án, s. m. Stopping or making

fast (a boat, &c.)

enter lug-ana, n. a. To apply, to close to attach, join, fix, affix, ascribe, impose, lay, add, place, put, plant, set, infliet, shut, spread, fasten, connect, plaster, put to work, employ, engage, use, impute, report any thing in the way of scandal or malice. Lugana boojhana, To excite quarrels. Luga marna, To calumniate. Luga lena, To attach to one's self, to conciliate, to win.

सगाव lug-fio, s. m. Application, connexion, contact, adherence, symmetry, series, relation, intercourse.

बनावर lug-awut, s. f. Connexion, application.

लित lúg-it, adj. Connected with, attached to.

बगुड़ lúg-oor, s. m. A staff, a stick; an iron club, or one bound with iron.

चमुर lúgoor, s. m. A club, a stick.

लगुरहा lugoor-hust, s. m. A man armed with a stick.

बढ़ंडां lugoon-han,adj. Pleasing, beautiful, delightful, alluring.

चगुवा lug-60a, s. m. A paramour.

a pole with which a bost is impelled. Eugga nulk khana, To be incompatible, inconsistent (with), not comparable (with).

बन्नी lúg-gee, s. f A pole, a staff, gibstaff. बन्न lugn, adj. Attached to, intent on; joined to, connected with s. m. The rising of a sign, its appearance above the horizon; the oblique ascension, or the divisions of the equator, which rise in succession with each sign in an oblique sphere; also defined as the arc of the equator, which passes the meridian in the same time with each sign of the celiptic; in popular acceptation it is the moment of the sun's entrance into a godiacal sign.

जला lugn-á, s. m. A bard,a panegyrist.

सबु lug-hoo, ady. Light, not heavy; small, little, insignificant, mean, low; short (as a vowe!). Lughoo-deeth, Short-sighted. Lughoo-beleh, adv. Shortly.

खब्रकी lughoo-gurg, s. m. A kind of fish, probably a variety of the Pimelodus.

बच्चता lúghoo-chéta, adj. Low-minded, frivolous.

बच्चा lughoo-tá, s. f. Lightness ; meanness, insignificance.

तमुद्रन्द्रभी lugheo-doondoobhee, s. m. A small kettledrum.

ज्युमांस lughoo-mans, s. m. The Francoline partridge.

aufa a lughoo-mitr,s. m. A friend or ally

समुज lughoo-mool, s. m. In algebra, the least root with reference to the additive quantities.

सञ्जन या lughoo-kurun, e.m. Reducing in weight or consequence; thinking little of, contemning.

बद्दाहार lughva-har, adj. Temperate, abstemious.

www lunk, s. f. The reins, the loins.

Ceylon; the name is extended also to the island, which according to the notions of the Hindow, is much more considerable insize, and lies further from the continent than in reality; it is described as being equal to 1-12th of the equatorial circumference of the earth, and is one of the places lying under the first meridian, whence the longitude is computed; it is thus placed in the Eastern occan, south of Ceylon, and according to Wilford is the peuinsula of Malacca saccording to some Hindow accounts also, it is distinct from Ceylon, from which island Lunka is said to be just visible.

लड्ड एविका lunká-yika, s. f. A plant (Trigonella corniculata).

सङ्ख्याची lúnka-stháyee, s. m. A plant (Euphorbia Tirucalli).

सङ्गोविका lunk-bpika, s. f. A gramineous plant (Trigonella corniculata).

ary lung, s. m. Limping, lameness.

बङ्ग lung, बङ्ग lungra, } adj. Lame, cripple.

स इ दाना lung-rana, v. n. To limp.

oothana, To weigh anchor, Lungur dalna, To cast anchor, Lungur pur hona, To be at anchor.

made of metal, and generally used to knead bread in, or at meals for serving rice.

जङ्ग चा lun-góo-cha, s. m. A sausage.

are lun-géor, s. m. A baboon.

बङ्गीर lun-gót, s.m. A cloth worn be-

refizi lungó-tee, s. f. to conceal the privities. Lungot-bund, s. m. A bandage to which the lungotis fastened; one devoted to celibacy. Lungotiya-yar, s. m. An old friend (from child-hood), a very intimate friend, a crony.

leaping, springing, going by leaps or jumps; jumping over or beyond; exceeding, transgressing, disregarding propriety, going beyond proper bounds.

जङ्का lungh-na, v. n. To be jumped over, to be passed over, to pass. v. a. To jump or leap over.

ag in lunghun-ée, v. f. Fast, fasting.

जनक lúch-uk, s. f. Spring, elasticity, bending.

- जनकार luch-úk-ta, adj. Elastic.

इन्द्रना luch-tik-na, v. n. To spring, to bend.

लाजका lúch-ka, s. m. Jolt ; a barge, a kind of bost. part. Bent.

जनकाना luch-ká-na, v. a. To jolt, to strain.

खचना lúch-na, v. n To bend, to bow.

चयवाना luch-luch-ana, v. n. To be clammy, or glutinous; to be electic.

लचर lúch-ur, s. m. A foolish fellow, a simpleton.

लचाना luch ana, v. a. To bend, to bow, to crook.

खद्भन luch-chhún, s. m. Sign, mark ; symptom, feature.

Thread), a ball or skein of thread, &c.

सल आरिका luj-kárika, s. f. The sensitive plant Minosa pubica).

लजनसा hij-kij-a, adj. Clammy, glutinous, viscous.

सजनजाना luj-luj-ána, v. a. To soften.

ৰসভাস luj-láj, n. prop. Name of the inventor of chess.

हाजबाना luj-wana, v. a. To shame, to

जनाया luj-ana, v. n. To be ashamed, or abashed, to blush.

लकान् luj sloo, s. m. । A kind of sensitive

जजनी luj-win-tee, f plant (Mimosa actans, or, pudica). adj. Bashful.

लियामा luj-iyana, v. n. To be abashed, to be ashamed.

लक्कीला luj-écla, adj. Bashful, modest.

ज्ञत luj-jút, adj. Being ashamed, blushing, shrinking.

खळाशान hijj-man, adj. Being ashamed.

बुक्ता lúj-ja, s. f. Shame, modesty, bashfulness.

नकाकर lujja-kúr, ) adj. Shameful, नकाकारी lujja-kúree, । causing or oc-

casioning shame. ৰজ্মানিৰ lujjan-vit, adj: Ashamed, bash-

जिल्लामान lujja-man, ) adj. Ashamed, mo-

निज्ञत luj-jit, j dest, abashed. नजारहित lújja-rúhit, adj. Shameless, im-

modest. बजाब luj-já-loo, s. m. A sensitive plant

(Mimosa pudica).

खञादान lujja-wan, m. bashful.

बजाहोन lujja-héen, adj. Shameless, impudent.

बिकात luj-jít, adj. Ashamed, modest. बडच्या luj-jýá, s. f. Modesty, bashful-

ness. ez lut, s. f. Tangled hair, a clotted

lock (of hair); a tadpole. Lutjana, To become entangled.

speaking ignorantly or foolishly; fault, defect. অতম lút-uk, s. f. Hanging, dangling; an

affected motion in blandishment and coquetry.
बटलचार्च lutuk-châl, इ. f. Affected gait, coquetry.

ब्राजन lut-kun, s. m. Any thing hanging; drops worn in the cars; a pendant; ringlet; a fruit with which dothes are dyed yellow; name of a green handsome bird, which often remains hanging by the feet; a stand for water-pots; the drops of a crystal lustre.

बटका lut-úk-na, v.,n. To hang, to dangle. बटका lút-ka, s. m. Inc. ntation, conjuring

rod, a philter, a quack medicine or nostrum. অপ্রয়ানা lut-ké-na, v. a. To hang, dangle, append, suspend.

लटकाव lut-kão, s. m. Suspension, hanginc.

ezuz lut-pût, adj. Staggering tripping; folded, tangled.

waver lut-put-a, adj. Playful, wanton, frisky, humorous; irregularly folded (a turband). जटपटाना lút-put-ána, v. n. To stagger, to trip.

लटपटी lut-put-ee, s. f. Stumbling, staggering, swaggering.

जटा lut-a, adj. Reduced (by sickness, dc.), lean, emaciated.

erer lut-ace, s. f. A kind of roller on which the string of a kite is wound.

ezruzi lut-a-put-a, s. m. Baggage, furniture, effects.

बट्टी lut-Co-ree, s. f. A small our or lock of hair. Lutooriyan, s. f. pl. Tangled short hair. लटोरा lut-ora, s. m. Name of a bird (Lunius.)

बङ्ग lut-too, s. m. A child's top. Luttoo hona, v. n. To fall in love, to be enamoured.

est lut-thur, adj. Slack, remiss.

erer lut-tha, s. m. A beam.

चुढ luth, s. m. A stick, club, cudgel. Luthbazse, s. f. Cudgelling.

लटपड. luth-puth, adj. Wet, soaked, drenched.

बुद्ध निवास luthá-luthée, s. f Mutual beating with oudgels.

लाउवाना luthi-yana, v. a. To belabour, cudgel, cane.

मह lur, s. f. A string (of pearls, &c.), a thread, a row; a strand of a rope or cord; a party. Lur mon ruhna, To be in one's party.

नक्षापन lur-uk-pun, s. m. Childhood, boyhood.

बङ्कबाडि lúruk-bóoddhi, s. f. Childishness, the wisdom of a child.

जड़का lur-ka, s. m. A boy, child, infant, babe. Larku bala, s. m. Child. Lurka-Lurkee, Boys and girls, children.

लडकार lur-káce, s. f. Childhood, boyhood, the being of a child or children,

सहसापन lurka-pún, s. m. Childhood, boyhood.

बड़की lúr-kee, s. f. A girl.

लडखडाना lur-khur-ána, v. n. To stagger,

trip; to stutter, stammer. बड़ना विद-na, v. n. To fight, quarrel, contend, battle, war. s. m. Fighting.

चड़ना lur-unt, s. f. Fighting, contending. जड़बड़ाना lur-bur-ána, v. n. To stutter, stammer; to stagger, reel.

बड्बावना lur-bao-la, adj. Mad. foolish.

जहाद lur-áce, s. f. Battle, quarrel, war, fight, fighting. Luraec kurna, To war, fight, give battle.

ereist lur-an-ka, adj. Quarrelsome, war-

जङ्गक lur-ák, ो adj. Quarrelsome, good-बडाका lur-aka, ) fighter.

खाना lur-ina, v. a. To make fight, to fight, to bait; to play.

लिखाना lur-iyana, v. a. To thread, to

ज़ड़ी lur-ee, s. f. A string (of pearls, de.) खड़क lud-dook, s. m. A class of sweet-

meats, or a sweetmeat; a sort of ball made with flour fried with oil or ghee, and mixed with sugar and spices, and distinguished into different kinds according to some slight varieties in its less essential ingredients.

चडु 16d-doo, s. m. A kind of sweetment, made chiefly of sugar, with the addition of cocoanut kernel resped, and cream, and formed into the shape of large boluses or balls. Mun keh luddoo khana, To build eastles in the air. Thug keh buddoo kha bythna, To be distracted, foolish, or intoxicated. (Spoken of one who talks or acts absurdly in opposition to his usual good sense) an allusion taken from sharpers who join a party of travellers, and having got into their confidence, entertain them with sweetments impregnated with Datura, or other intoxicating drug, that they may rob them with impunity while under its stupifying influence.

सहर lúr-ha, s. m. ो बहिया lur-hiya, s.f. )

खाँडवामा lur-hiyana, v. a. To double hem a garment.

खही lur-hée, s. f. A small cart.

खुबड lund, s. m. Penis.

खकरा lun-dóo-ra, adj. Tail-less, docked ; (a person) without friends, forlarn.

सत lut, s. f. Bad habits, whim, whimsey. (In compos.) contraction of lat, kick. Lut-khora, adj. Kicked, beaten; contemptil le, mean. (subst.) A slave; a threshold Lut-koondun, Ignominious treatment. Lut lab, adj. Beating, endgelling. Lat-khana, To suffer a kick or beating. Lat-zuda, adj. Of bad habits, vicious. Lut-murdun kurna, To trample or tread on. Lut-murdun men purna, To be trampled under foot or disgraced. बन lut, s. f. The hanging branch of a

creeper. जतर विध-भार, s. f. An old shoe.

जनरी lut-ree, s. f. An old shoe : a kind of vetch.

gar lut-a, s.f. A creeper, a vine, a creeping or winding plant in general; a vegetable and medicinal substance, the musk-creeper said to grow in the Dukhin.

waren luta-kam, n. prop. Name of a most famous woman.

चता । lutár, a.f. Calumny, labour.

वताइना lut-ar-na, v. a. To work, to cause to toil, exhaust by labour, fatigue, jade, bring down, affront, insult.

बतादुन luta-droom, s. m. A timber tree

(Shorea robusta).

कविका lúti-ka, s. f. A twining plant.

afaar latiya, adj. Of bad habits.

लतियाना lut-iyana, v. a. To kick.

खना lútta, s. m. A rag, tatter, scrap of cloth.

top; a cloth tied to the end of a pole to direct the flight of pigeous; a kick when swimming.

Luttee kierna, To run away.

नवड़ना luthur-na, v. n. To be draggled.

चिट्टना luthérna, v. a. To draggle or besmear with dirt.

बदना lúd-na, v. n. To be loaded, to be

बद्धान्द्र lud-phúnda, s. m. Packing and loading.

बहाता lud-ana, v. a. To load. Ludwana, v. a. To cause to load or lade.

बदाव lud-áo, s. m. A load; an arched roof or terrace.

palm of the hand closed so as to hold water.

क्या of the hand closed so as to hold water. स्थल lup-uk, e. f. A flash (of lightning, &c.); the spring (of a tiger,&c.), bounce, smatch.

www.lup-fik-na, v. m. To flash (as lightning), to spring, bounce or rush forth or upon, to attack.

वपका lúp-ka, s.m. A snatch; nimbleness; a had custem or habit.

जपकी lup-kee, s. f. A stitch.

जपनी lup-chee, s. f. A scate.

लपकाप lup-jhúp, adj. Nimble.

auz lúp-ut, s. f. Odour ; warmth, glow.

चपटना lup-út-na, र. n. To cling, etick, चपटानः lup-tá-na, adhere together.

enzy lúp-ta, s. m. A kind of molasses; relation, connexion; a sort of grass (Panicum wertheillatum.

जपटी lup-tee, s. f. Pap, any glutinous liquid food.

lup lup, adj. Nimble, quick. Luplup khana, To est quickly.

जयसी lúp-see, s. f. A glutinous kind of food, pottage, pap, specument.

चयादिया lun-atiya, s. m. A tattler, a liar.

अपारी lup-á-tee, s. f. Lying, tattling: अपानक lup-á-nuk, adj. Slender, thin.

Tuz lnp-ét, s. m. f. A fold, a ply, envelope, twist, bandage, fillet. Lupet jimpet, or,—supet s. f. Evasion, subtarfuge.

witzs lup-etun, s. f. A roller on which cloth is wound in the boom, a button, &c.

अपेटना lup-étna, v. a. To wrap up, to fold, enclose, pack, roll, furl.

auzar lup-etwan, adj. Twisted, ornamanted with gold or silver thread would round it.

war lup-pa, s. m. Brocade, gold or silver

जबज्जन्दा lúbur-khúnda, m.) A mischiev-जबज्जन्दी lúbur-khúndee, f. ) ous child.

सब्दार Inbur-chutáce, s. f. Giving the breast to a child when it contains no milk.

चब इ सब इ lúbur-súbar, s. m. Tittle-tattle,

समझा lúbra, s. m. A liar, a tattler. adj. Left-handed.

बद्दी lubro, adj. f. False and talkative (a woman).

सबनी lub-nee, s. f. The pot in which taree is collected from the tree.

खबरघड्रा lubur-ghutta, adj. Fastidious, fretful, touchy.

सब्दा lub-luba, s. m. The pancreas. adj. Clammy, glutinous.

स्वजास lublés, adj. Naked, shapeless. e. f. Flattery.

wart lub-ar, s. m. A liar, a talker.

and lub-ee, s. f. The juice of the sugarcane when boiling into sugar.

जनदा lub-éda, s. m. A. club.

चारा lub-éra, s. m. A fruit (Cordia myxa).

was lubdh, adj. Gained, acquired, obtained, received, got.

सकारता lubdh-chéta, adj. Recovered, restored to one's senses, come to a right mind.

स्या lúbbyuh, adj. Attainable, procurable.

the hands to take any thing.

समसाना lum-kana, ) s. m. A hare, a rab-

बक्त lum-chhúr, s. f. A long musket. बम्बद्ध lum-chhúr-a, adj. Tall.

evez l'im-put, adj. False, lying, dissolute, lecher, libertine. s.m. A lecher, a libertine, a whoremonger, a gallant. Kuchh-lumput, adj. Incontinent, dissolute, lewd. खन्दता lúmput-ta, s. m. Libertinism, dissoluteness.

खानर lum-bur, s. f. A fox.

ख्या lumba, adj. Long, tall. Lumba kurna, To lengthen, to extend; to best, to drub. सन्दर्भ lum-base, s. f. \ Length. Lum-

s. f. Size, length and breadth; (met.) pomp, glory, pride.

जन्दाना lum-ba-na, v. a. To lengthen.

जिल्ला lum-bik-a, s.f. The uvula or soft

विश्वत lum-bit, adj Suspended, depending, falling or hanging down.

लिखां करना lumbiyan kurna, v. a. To prance.

of bounding pace in a horse. Lumber kurna, To make a horse capriole, or throw out his forelegs.

Lumber vans bhurner, v. n. To regret, to lament.

and lum-boo, adj. Long, tall.

with lum-bha, s. f. A sort of chain enclosure or fence.

स्य luy, s. f. Equal time in music and dancing, tone, melody, modulation, symphony, singing in tune; ardent affection or desire, immersion or absorption.

जदारी ly-aree, s. m. A wolf.

बढ़ी lúr-chha, s. m. A skein.

सन्त lul-uk, s. f. A sudden gush of water &c.; (met.) whim, fancy, caprice.

ललकना lúl-uk-na, v. n. To attack.

सनकाना lul-ká-na, n. a. To excite quarrel, to set on to fight.

ब्रह्म शास्त्र lul-kar-na, v. a. To call, hawl after, halloo after, challenge, set up the war whoop. v. n. To bawl out insultingly.

जलगरङा lúl-gun-da, s. m. A monkey.

जनगर्छी lúl-gun-dee, s. f. The female monkey.

ৰৰবাৰা lul-chana, v. n. To be tantalized, to long. v. α. To excite desire, to tantalize, to covet.

जनदस्त् lul-dumboo, s. m. A flower (Nerium adorum).

चलन lúl-un, s. m. Pleasure, sport, pastime. चलना lul-un-á, s. f. A wanton woman.

चना lúl-a, s. m. A boy.

सलाड lul-at, s. m. The forehead; fate, destiny, fortune.

forehead, supposed to indicate long life; a coloured sectarial mark of the forehead.

worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiars bound over it; a mark made with Sandal on the forehead.

mode, adj. Beautiful, levely.

जिल्ला lúl-it-á, s. f. A woman in general; a wanton.

जियाना lul-iyana, v a. To coax, wheedle, beg earnestly; to redden.

सनी bil-ee, s. f. A girl. adj. Impotent.

उद्योग lullo-putto,s.m. Wheedling,coaxing, flattering, adulation.

era luv-uh, s. m. A minute division of time, the sixtleth part of the twinkling of an eye; a larger division of time, or 36 twinklings of the eye, or about § a second; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction.

the numerator of a fraction.

reaps, &c.

जवक lúv-ung, s. m. The clove tree (Myristica caryophyllata); cloves, the fruit.

salt, rock or fossil salt; factitious salt or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the seashore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles; the saline or salt taste, saltness.

जनसन्ति lúvun-kháni, s. m. A salt mine in general, or the district of Sambhur in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt.

चवग्रभनुद्र luvun-sumoodr, s. m. The sea of salt water.

जनपा luvun-å, s. f. A small river in Tir-जनपानस् luvun-akúr, s. m. A salt mine.

जनगान्त्र Iúvun-amboo, a. m. The sea, or salt water.

खबगोन्सम lúvun-óttum, s. m. Nitre ; rock or river salt.

खन्न luv-un, s. m. Reaping.

खबा luv-a, s. m. A kind of quail (Perdix chinensis).

चवाक luv-ak, ) e. m. A sickle, a reap-चवायाक luv-anuk, ing-hook.

चण्डम प्रमुख lushtum-poshtum, adj. Topsy-turvy, with difficulty, with much ado.

चमुन lush-oon, s. m. Garlie (Allium sati-

He lus, s. m. Tenacity, viscosity, glutinousness, clamminess. Lusdan, adj. Viscous, glutinous, clammy. Lusdanes, s. f. Tenacity, viscosity, glutinousness.

जसक्ता lus-ûk-na, v. n. To become vis-

जन्म lús-na, v. n. To become, to befit; to shine.

त्रवारा lus-lús-a, adj. Viscous, clammy, glutinous, adhesive, ropy.

वहचारा lus-lus-ána, v. n. To be clammy or glutinous, to agglutinate.

afea lus-it, adj. Seen, evident.

लियाना lus-iyana, v. n. To be viscous, to be clammy.

(Cordia myza).

बद्धी lus-sée, s. f. Milk and water.

SEVI luhún-ga, s. m. A petticoat (or a mere stirt, which is tied round the loins and extends to the feet or ground).

बहुद् lúhuk, s. f. Glitter, flash.

बहुत्तमा lühuk-na, v. n. To be kindled or lighted, to rise up into a flame; to glitter, flash, glance, shine; to wave (as herbage before the wind); to warble, quaver.

বছৰাৰা Inh-kana, v.a. To warble, to quaver; to cause to shine or glitter; to blow up a

fire.

हहतारना luh-kárna, v. a. To fondle, to pat and encourage a horse, &c.

सहसायट luh-ká-wut, s. f. Glittering, flash-

बहुकीचा luh-kée-la, adj. Glittering.

en by bride and bridegroom.

सहया lúh-na, v. a. To find, get, experience. v. n. To avail, auswer, boot, signify, accrue. s. m. Outstanding debt; fate, destiny.

बहुद्द lah-bur, s. m. A kind of parroquet.

surf, indulation; whim, fancy, vision; the effect of the poison of a snake; a waving pattern in embroidery; emotion.

जहरना luhúr-na, v. n. To wave, to undu-

बहुद्दा lúhur-búhur, s. f. Prosperity. बहुद्दा lúh-ra, s. m Quaver, shake, tril (in music).

astimi lub-ra-na, v. n. To tantalize; to undulate, flustuate, wave; to play loosely, to put off.

बहराबगाना lúbra-lugána, a. To evade; to avoid performing an agreement.

उद्घारिया lúb-riya, adj. Waved, a mode of dyeing or painting.

बहरी luk-ree,adj. Inconstant, capricious, whimsical.

बहरी luhúrra, s. m. Name of a grain, Bajra (Bolous spicatus). [ing.

बहुबहुर lub-lubă, adj. Blooming, flourish-

बहुबहाबा luh-luhana, v. n. To bloom, to be verdant, to flourish.

बहुबोट luh-lót, adj. Borrowing and never paying.

चहरून luh-sun, s. m. Garlie (Allium sa-

खहर्मान्या luh-sun-iya, s. m. Name of a precious stone.

लहुनी हा luh-só-ra, s. m. Name of a glutinous fruit (Cordia myxa : Cordia latifolia).

Thoo, s. m. Blood, Luhoo-loohan, Covered with blood, bloody.

जहार luhoo-á, s. m. Name of a plant. जहार luksh, s. m. A lak, one hundred thou-

बच्च luksh, s. m. A lak, one hundred thousand.

जन्म l'ûk-shun, s. m. A. mark, a spot ; an indication, a predicate, any thing by which an object is designated or distinguished; a symptom or any indication of actual disease.

afa a lukshit, adj. Seen ; marked.

बाह्य luksh-mun, n. prop. The son of Dusuruth, the half-brother and faithful companion of Ramehundr.

e can't liksh-mee, s. f. One of the principal female deities of the Hindoos, the wife of Vishnoo, and goddess of wealth and prosperity; fortune, success, prosperity; beauty, splendour.

लच्छा वान lukshmee-wan, adj. Prosperous, fortunate, wealthy, thriving, beautiful.

s. m. A mark, a butt; a mark, a sign; a lak, a hundred thousand.

जारे laee, s. f. Parched, rice mixed with sagar.

जांक lank, s. f. Quantity, measure ; the loins; bird-lime; chaff. [over.

संघना langh-na, v. a. To overleap, to pass जांच lamp, s. f. Bound, leap, spring.

जान lakh, s. m. Gum lac, a kind of wax formed by the Coccus laces. adj. A hundred thousand. Lath lugana, To shut up or conceal. बादना lakh-na, v. a. To apply lac.

बाखो la-khée,s. f. A red colour procured from lac.

साम lag, s. f. Striking, hitting, fixing, a stroke; enmity, rancour, spite, grudge; affection, love; cost, expanditure; a secret; approach. Lag lugna, To fall in love.

सागत कि gut, s. f. Expense, cost.

जानी la-gee, s. f. A mark, butt ; affection, love.

जान la-géo, adj. Desirous, adhering to.

जाय la-ghtiv, s. m. Health; lightness, delicacy, minuteness; meanness, insignificance; frivolity. बाङ्ग lan-gúl, s. m. A plough ; Tthe penis.

बाइ जिल lan-gal-ik, s. m. One of the thirty-four species of the fixed, or mineral and vegetable poisons.

लाकृत lan-gool, s. m. A hairy tail (as a horse's, &c.); the penis.

ৰাজ laj, s. f. Bashfulness, modesty, shame. বাজ্যৰ laj-wunt, adj. Modest, beshful, chaste, decent.

लाका lá-jha, s. m. Viscosity, tenacity, glutinousness.

stat lat, adj. Old or worn, dirty, spoiled, shabby (as clothee, ornaments, &c.). s. f. An obelisk, a pillar.

enzi la-ta, s. m. A kind of food eaten by the poor (Muhooa, pounded, with grain).

बाठ lath, s. f. A pillar, an obelisk, a club or staff; the vertical part of an oil-mill.

GTS la-thee, s. f. A staff, club, stick, crutch. Zathee pathee, Beating with sticks, a club or stick.

erre lar, s. m. Lovingness, coaxing, caress, piny, sport, playfulness of a child. Lar lurana, To fondie (a child).

चाइचा lar-la, adj. Darling, dear.

बात lat, s. f. A kick. Lat marna, To kick.

बाद lad, s. f. Load; bowel. Lad-phand, s. f. Loading and packing.

साहजा lad-na, v. a. To load, lade, freight. साहिया la-diya, s. m. A loader.

बादी lá-dee, 's. f. A small load (particularly a washerman's).

TIE 16-doo, adj. Fit to carry a load.

Ladoo kuraa, To mount a horse or colt for the

बाना lá-na, v. n. To bring, adduce, induce, introduce, persuade, apply; to breed, produce,

साफना laph-na, v. n. To jump.

and labh, s. m. Gain, profit, produce; gain in general, acquirement, acquisition. Labh kurna, To attain.

जागानाम labh-alabh, s. m. Profit and loss जार lar, s. m. Saliva, spittle.

sign lal, adj. Darling, dear. s. m. An infant boy, a son; spittle, saliva; name of a bird (the male of Fringilla amandava). Inhophukkur, An intelligent person, one who comprehends quickly, or who readily divines what has happened or is to happen from certain symptoms: but the term is generally used ironically for a wise-a.re, an ignorant foolish person who pretends to more sense than his neighbours.

नासच lá-luch, s. m. Longing, covetousness, greediness, selfishness, avarice, occasion, view, want. Laluch kurna, To covet, to long for. सार्वी lál-chee, adj. Covetous, interest-

ed, selfish.

बाबड़ी lal-rée, s. f. A kind of ruby ; a false stone resembling a ruby.

বাজন lá-lun, adj. Wheedling, coaxing. s. f. A mistress, sweetheart.

जानमा lal-sa, s. f. Ardent desire; regret, sorrow, missing, wishing for any person or object absent; soliciting, asking; the longing of pregnant women.

लाना lá-la, s. f. Saliva, spittle. s. m. Sir, master, a school-master.

बाबादिक lal-atik, adj. Relating to fate or destiny.

लासामें ala-méh, s. m. Passing mucous urine.

चारित कि-lit, adj. Loved, desired ;cherished, treated tenderly; coaxed, wheedled, seduced.

बाजिल la-lit-yuh, s. m. Beauty, loveliness ; gaiety; gracefuiness.

चाचिम la-lin, जानी la-lee,

बाबिनी la-lin-ée, s. f. A wanton.

वार्चपड्ना laleh-purna, v. n.To be extremely desirous and unable fully to express one's wishes.

हान lao, adj. Cutting down.s. m. A rope (particularly that drawn by bullocks at a well); the cable of a boat.

जाविष्की lávun-íkee, adj. f. Lovely, beautiful.

लाव्यस lavun-yuh, s. m. Saltness, the taste or property of salt; beauty, leveliness.

जावजाव lao-lao, s. m. Covetousness, ava-

खावसाव lao-sao, s. m. Profit,advantage.

जादा lá-wa, s. m. Parched grain. s. f. A sort of quail (Perdix chinensis).

जावाजुला láwa-lootra, s. m. A tale-bearer. जावू la-vóo, s. f. A pumpkin gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria).

erer lá-sa, s. m. Any thing clammy or glutinous; the milk of plants; size.

साइ lah, s. m.A kind of cloth resembling gauze; advantage, welfare; lac.

erer la-ha, s. m. Advantage.

लाही la hee, s. f. Name of a plant; a fine sort of cloth.

erest lak-sha, s. f. Lac, a dye, or an insect which is analogous to the cochineal insect, and like it forms when dried and prepared, a dye of a red colour; the nest is formed of a

resinous substance which is used as scalingwax, and is usually termed shel lab.

ৰাজ্যৰ laksha-turoo, ভাৰাৰুৱা laksha-briksh, s.m. The Pulas free (Butea

लाजायकारम laksha-prusadun, s. m The red Ladh, a tree from the bark of which an astringent infusion is prepared, which is used to fix colour in dyeing.

चिक्च lik-ooch, s. m. A sort of bread-fruit tree (Artocarpus lucucha).

ferest lik-ka, s. f. A nit, a young louse.

जिल्ल ilkh-tung, s. m. A writing, paper, deed.

चित्रत likh-út, adj. Writing.s. f. Writing, inscription.

विदान likhún, s. f. Scripture, writing ; a writing, a written document.

चित्रना likh-na, v. a. To write.

चित्रभी likh-nee, s. f. A pen. Likhnee-das, s. m. A writer, an amanuensis, copyist.

निवान likhúnt, s. m. Predestination, fate. निवान likh-léna, v. a. To copy, to write. निवा likha, s. m. Fate, predestination, destiny, writing. adj. Written.

ferent likhaee, s. f. The wages of writing; the labour of writing; the art or business of writing.

विद्याना likhá-na, v. a. To cause or teach to write, to get written.

विद्याव likhão, s. m. विद्यावह likhã-wut, s. f.

লিছিল likhit,ad). Written s. m. Scripture, writing; a writing, a manuscript, a written book or paper.

বিস্থু ling.s. m. A sign, a token; the penis; the phallus, or Shiv under that emblem; gender. বিস্তৃত্ব ling-un, s. m. Embracing.

বিস্থাম ling-nás, s. m. Loss of the penis. বিস্থাম আ ling-arch-chun,s. m. Worship of the Ling or phallus.

fafe as lingi-vesh, s. m. The dress or the insignia of a religious student, the skin, staff, bowk &c.; the dress or appearance of a follower of Shiv.

far ling-ee, s. m. A worshipper of Shiv in the phallic type.

বিজারী lijh-ree, s.f. Afterbirth, placenta. বিজ্ঞানা lit-ána, v. a. To cause to lie or repose, to lay.

चित्री lit-tee, s. f. Balls or thick cakes of bread baised on coals.

नियाद्वन lithúr-na, v. n. To be draggled. नियाद्वन lithár-na, v. a. To draggle. निषटना lip-út-na, v. n. To cling, adhere together, stick.

नियटाना lip-tá-na, v. n. To cling, stick, adhere together.

feruzta liptão, s. m. Adhesion.

forward lip-ree, s. f. An old ragged turband. forward lip-ree, s. s. To be plastered, smeared or washed over.

जिएवाना lip-wana, v. a. To cause to plaster, smear or wash over.

जिया है lip-ace, \* f. Smearing, plastering, fafu lipi, \* f. Writing in general, handwriting; a writing written paper or book, &c.

चिषिकार lipi-kút, ) s. m. A scribe, a wri-चिषिकार lipi-kár, े ter.

form lipt, adj. Smeared, anointed, plastered, spread; embraced, united, connected with, &c.; defiled or contaminated by.

fewferer lib-lib-a, s. m. The pancreas.

ferent lib-ba, s. m. A slap.

जिम lim, s. f. Unjust censure, calumny; indication, trace. [monger.

चित्रपट lim-put, s. m. A lecher, a whore-चित्र liveh, adv. For, on account of

चिंचार lil-at, } s. m. The forehead; fate, destiny, fortune.

ভিনাত lil-ans, v. n. To long for. ভিনালা lil-ans, v. n. To long for. ভিনালা liwana, v. a. To cause to take. ভিনালা liwa-lana, v. a. To bring.

चित्रेया liwy-ya, s. m. Taker.

Sauter lis-bura, s. m. Name of a glutinous fruit (Cordia myxa.)

farigi lihár-a, adj. Vile, base, mean, contemptible.

नोक leek, s. f. Marks of a carriage wheel, rut, path, track, trace, stain, ignominy, disgrace. नोस् leekh, s. f. A nit, the egg of a louse. नास्त्राना leech jana, v. n. To submit, to succumb, to subside.

बीचड lée-chur, adj. Stingy.

बीची lée-chee, s. f. A china fruit (Scytalia litchi).

The lee jhee, s. f. Dregs (of a dye, or of any thing that has been chewed), sediment.

सीतरा leet-ra, s. m. Au old shoe.

बोद lead, s. f. The dung of horses and elephants.

बीन leen, adj. Embraced, clung or adherod to; melted, dissolved; absorbed, immersed. बीयडी léep-ree, s. f. A rag; a small tur-

band.

की पना léep-na, v. a. To plaster, to besmear.

wise lee-bur, s. m. Rheum (of the eyes). च भ leem, s. m. Concord, peace.

with lee-moo, s. m. A lime, a lemon, also the tree (Citrus medica).

Tr leer, s. f. A strip or slip of cloth. ली ब leel, s. f. Indigo. adj. Blue.

लोल क्यार leel-kanth, s. m. A bird(Coracias Bengalensis).

जीनगा leel-na,v. a. To swallow, to guip. जीजा lée-la, s. f. Play, sport, pastime in

general; amorous or wanton sport. खोजावतो léela-wûtee, s. f. A wanton or sportful woman; a work on arithmetic.

ल क look, s. m. A falling star ; varnish जुजना look-na, v. n. To lie hid, to be concealed.

जुकन्द्रा lookundra, s. m. A rake, a profligate.

सका loo-ka, adj. Hid, concealed.

हु जान्त्र look-in-jun, s m. An ointment, by applying which to a man's eyes he is said to become invisible.

ल काना look-ana, v. a. To hide, to conseal. संभाई loo-gaee, s. f. Woman.

a looch, adj. Pure, mere, stark naked. Looch-hukadur, s. m. A vagabond,

लचपन looch-pun, s. m. Libertinism, rakishness.

खचरा looch-ra, s. m. A spider.

ल जा looch-cha, s. m. A vagabond, a libertine, a rake, a profligate. adi. Low, mean.

स नामी looch-cha-mee, s. f. Libertinism.

न जन जा looj-looj-a, adj. Clammy, glutinous, viscous.

ज जा loon-ja, adj. Lame of a hand or hands, having lost the use of hands and feet.

स्टना loot-na, v. n. To be plundered, to be squandered.

चटनवा loot-wy-ya,s. m. A squanderer, a prodigal, spendthrift, plunderer.

खटम loo-tús, } s. m. Plundering, ruín,

लड़भ loot-tus, devastation.

ब्हाना loo-ti-na, v. र. To squander, spend or expend, to cause to plunder or be plundered; to cause to wallow or roll about. Loota-loota-kur marna, To beat severely.

सदिया 160-tiya, s. f. A small pot.

देहेत loo-téra, ्रेड. m. A squanderer, prowith loo-teroo, I digal, spendthrift, plunderer.

सङ्का loor-ka, s. m. A Hindoo ornament worn in the ears.

बडखना loo-rúkh-na, v. n. To roll, to fall (or roll) off, to slip, to slide.

सहस्र loor-khóoree, s. f. Rolling ; flattery, coaxing, wheedling, fawning.

लुढकना loor-húkna, । v. n. To roll, to be spilt. लढ ना loorh-na, jana, To die.

खडाना loor-hana, v. a. To cause to roll, to spill.

ल दिया Kor-hiya, s f. A stone pestle with which materials are triturated on a stone. लंडियाना loor-hiyana, v. a. To double hem

a garment. ल् इक loon-tak, s. m. A sort of potherb

(Chironia centauroides, &c.) ल क्टा 16on-da, do. Tail-less, tail-cropt, docked.

ज्ञरा lort-ra, s. m. A sycophant, a telltale, a babbler, a tattler, backbiter.

लपरी 160p-ree, s. f. Pap.

लपनप loop-loop, s. m. Lapping (as of a dog drinking).

ल प्र loopt, adj. Gone, lost, disappeared. ज्ञता loopt-tá, s. f. Disappearance, nonexistence.

सबरी 160b-dee, s. f. Poultice, cataplasm. ल इ loobdh, adj. Covetous, greedy, desirous, cupidinous. s. m. A lecher, a libertine.

ल अस loob-dhak, s. m. A hunter; a libertime, a rake, whore-monger; a covetous or greedy

सभाग loo-bhana, v. a. To excite desire. tantalize, allure, entice.

ल हुउड़ा loo-hún-da, s. m. An iron pot.

सहरा looh-ra, s. m. A younger, junior, cadet.

लडाङी loo-hang-ee, s. f. A staff armed with iron.

लहान loo-hán, adj. Bloody.

लहार loo-har, s. m. A blacksmith.

खड़ारिन loo-har-in, s. f. The female of Loohar.

vo loo, s. f. A hot wind.

जुद्धाट loo-at, adj. Half-burnt (wood), a brand.

ल दे 160-ee, s. f. A round lump of dough prepared for making into bread or cakes.

可用 look, s f. A hot wind.

ज कट 160-kut, adj. Half-burnt (wood), a brand.

जनरी look-tee, s. f. A wooden poker, or stake burnt at one end; a fox.

the sun or hot wind, to have a coup de soleil v. a. To see.

ज भवाई look-waee, s. f Conflagration.

To inflame or excite quartals, &c.

To charm, fascinate.

derer, a murderer. Loot-baz, A plunderer, a murderer.

बुद्ध loot-khoot, s. f. Plundering and ravaging.

ब्दना loot-na, v. a. To plunder, pillage, spoil; to squander. [ing.

ब्द्रभाट loot-pát, a f Plunder and sack-स्टाब्ट loot-a-lóot, s. f. Plundering

स्वाचा léon-gra, adj. Salta brackish.

from walls, &c.; butter.

ear loo-ta, a. f. A spider ; local inflammation produced by the urine of a spider.

सन loon, s. m. Salt.

Purslain (Portulaca cleracea); a pioneer: a salt-maker; name of a tribe or caste of Buniyas.

जुली loo-nee, क f The sult that effloresces from walls, &c.; butter.

हार loom, s. m. A tail ; a hairy tail, as a horse's, a monkey's, &c.

जूना 160-la, adj. Lame of the hands. जन्मा 100-100-a, s. m. A paw.

ल = looh, s. f. A hot wind.

aleh, part. Having taken imper. Take.

चे हैं 16-ee, s. f Paste.

e lén-dee, s. f Goat's dung ; a cur, a country dog adj. Impotent.

चेंद्रा lén-dha, s. m. Smut, mildew ; a flock of goats or sheep, pack of dogs.

To lekh, s. m. A letter, an epistle.

clerk, a copyist, an amanuensis, accountant.

e writer.

bark of the Bhoj tree, which is used for writing on in Napal and Upper Hindoostan.

हेदनी lekh-nee, s. f. A pen, a reed,

or = 1 lekha, s.m. Account, reckoning.

हे ज्ञा lékhyuh, è m. A letter, an epistle. हे ज्ञापन lékhyuh-pútr,s. m. A written paper, a writing, a letter. रेड्ड्डिंग्य lekhyuh-sthán,s. m. An office, a country-house, &c.

टेजाना leh-jána, v. a To take away, carry, convey, run away with, export, submit, refer, win. जेट let, s. m. Mortar, plaster, chunam.

Rami let-na, v. n. To repose, lie down, he rest.

and let, s. m. Plaster, paste, batter.

सेन len, verbal n. To take, taking. सेन्द्रन len-den, s. m. Traffic, trade barter, buying and selling.

ह्म lén-a, v. a. To take, accept, assume, get, hold, pick, win, receive, buy. Leh ana, v.a. To bring, fetch.

ing smearing; mortar, plaster, chunem.

लेपक lep-úk, } . m. A bricklayer, a plas-लेपी lep-ee, } terer

जेपड़ना leh-purna, v. a. To lie with ; to involve another in one's disgrace.

संपन्न lép-na, v. a. To plaster, besmear.

नेपान्त leh-påluk, m. An adopted child, adopted, a fosterchild.

लेपातना leh-paina, v. a. To adopt, rear, bring up, father. [ing. सेपालप lep alep, s. m. Complete plaster-

च प्राथम रहा बाहर, र. मा. Complete practic

नेसरना leh-műrna, v. a. To calumniate. नेरचना leh-rűkhna, v. a. To provide, keep

ready, procure, reserve. से (जुना leh-ruhna, v. n. To cheat, to pilfer.

चें ह léroo, ] s. m. A calf.

लेक्सा lerco-a,

चेता lela, s. m. A lamb.

लेलूट leloot, adj. Borrowing and never paying.

लेलना leléna, v. a. To take, receive, accept of, take by force, extort, bereave.

चेत्र lev, s. m. Plaster falling from a wall. चेत्रा lewa, s. m. Taker; plaster, that which is spread on the outside of a new pot; udder.

जनाट है lewa-de-ee, ह. f. Traffic, trade, tak-

ing and giving.
Sart lewar, s. m. Mud (to plaster a wall with).

चेत्रास lewás, s. m. Plaster.

erar lewy-ya, s. m. Taker.

अभ lesh, s. m. Mark, sign, effect alj. Small, little s. m. Smallness, littleness; a little. जिस्सा (és-na, v. a. To plaster, spread, daub; to kindle; to foment (a quarrel). केवाकेस lesales, s. m. Plastering.

the tongue.

संहता lehna, s. m. Pasture, provender.

से दिन lehin, s. m. Borax.

Fig 16h-yuh, adj. To be licked s. m. The food or beverage of the gods, nectar, ambrosis. Fig 1ys, adj. Beady, brought. s. m. A kind of vinegar; a practising arrow; a spring. It lo, imper. Take, hold interj. Lo! look ase, there now.

look, see, there now.

♣ 16se,s. f. Blanket, flannel ; splendour

of the countenance, honor.

s. f/A clove (Caryophysius aromaticus). Loung-chura, s. m. A kind of dish prepared from pease-meal.

wis lok, s. m. Man, mankind ; people ; a world, a division of the universe: in general three Loks are enumerated or heaven, hell, and earth : another classification enumerates seven, exclusive of the infernal regions; or Bhoor-lok, the earth, Bhoovur-lok, the space between the earth and the sun, the region of the Moonis, Siddhis, &c. Swurg-lot, the heaven of Indr, between the sun and the polar star, Muhur-lo", the usual abode of Bhrigon and other saints : during the conflagration of these lower worlds, the saints ascend to the next, or Jun-lo-, which is described as the abode of Bruhma's sons; above this is the sixth world or the Tupo-lok, where the deities called Vyragees reside; the seventh world Sutya-lok, or Bruhm-lok, is the abode of Bruhma, and translation to this world exempts beings from further birth : the three first worlds are destroyed at the end of each Kulp or day of Bruhma; the three last at the end of his life, or of 100 of his years; the fourth Lob is equally permanent, but is uninhabitable from heat at the time the three first are burning. Another enumeration calls these seven worlds, earth, sky, heaven, middle region, place of births, mansion of the blest, and abode of truth, placing the sons of Bruhma in the sixth division, and stating the fifth or Jun-lok to be that, where animals destroyed in the general conflagration are born again; sight, seeing.

जोकना lok-na, v. a. To catch.

जो जल a lok-krit, s. m The Creator, Bruh-

बोकजित lok-jit, s. m. A conqueror of the

चोकत्य lok-try, s. m. The three worlds, heaven, earth, and hell.

लोकनाथ lok-nath, s. m. A sovereign of the miverse.

खोबनीय lok-néeyuh, adj. Visible, to be seen.

a divinity who is supposed to protect the regions, or the sun, moon, fire, wind, Indr., Yum. Vuronn and Koover.

खोकपरिङ् lok-prusiddh, ady. Notorious, well known.

खोकर अन lok-run-jun, s. m. Popularity guining public confidence.

जोजरा lok-ra, s. m Tatters, torn clothes.

लोका न र lok-an-tur, s. m. Another world. लोकालोक lok-alók, s. m. A mountainous belt surrounding the outermost of the seven

बो बर lo-khur, s. m. Tools, old iron pots, pans, hardware.

बोग log, s. m. People, folk. बोगाई lo-gáce s. f. Woman.

seas and bounding the world.

जीवन lo-chúk, } s. m. A ball or lump बोचना lo-chun-á, of flesh or meat;

stibium or lamp-black, &c. so used. जीचन 16-chun, s. m. The eye.

बीचनक्रतर lóchun-kúrkut, बीचनबस्तक lóchun-mústuk, (Celosia cristata).

लोचनास्य lochun-amuy, s. m. Diseased affection of the eye, Ophthalmia.

बोटन ló-tun, s. m. Tumbling, rolling ; a kind of pigeon, tumbler; a bush.

खोटना lot-na, v. n. To wallow, roll about, founce, sprawl.

कोटना पोटना lot-na-potna, v. n. To wallow, to roll or turn over.

बोटप्टिया lot-pootiya,s. m. Water-cresses.

and tossing, rolling about, restless. Lot-pot hona, To be in love.

witch 16-ta, s. m. An earthen pot(for cooking), a pipkin, a small metal pot, generally of brass or tinned iron.

चाटामजी lóta-sújee, a.f. A kind of earth containing fossil alkali.

which materials are triturated on a stone.

effur 16-na, ad). Salt, brackish; barren or salt (land) s. m. Purslain (Protulaca oleracea); the salt that efforesces from walls, &c.

er w looth, s. f. A corpse, dead body.

बोधरा loth-re, s. m. } A lump of flesh, बाधरा loth-ree, s. f. A bag, a sack, stupe.

Puthans.

which is used in dyoing (Symplocos racemosa); a medicine.

Will lo-dha, s. m. Name of a tribe, a husbandman.

लोडिया lo-dhiya, s. m. Name of a tribe, लोन lon, s. m. Salt. Lon mirch lugana, To speak hyperbolically or in lofty diffuse lan-

guage.

होना 16-na, adj. Salt, brackish; barren or salt (land. s. m. Puralain (Portulaca oleracea); the salt that effloresces from walls, &c.

खोनापन Iona-pún, s. m. Saltness.

where salt is produced, a salt-pit.

alu lop, s. m. Rejection, cutting off in general, especially used as a grammatical term for dropping letters, syllables, &c.; disappearance, destruction; erasure; (in sompos. with a verb) vanished, disappeared.

moist; a poultice composed of flour, turmeric,

and oil or clarified butter.

बोबान lo-ban, s. m. A kind of gum, incense, benzoin (resin).

बोजिया ló-biya, s. m. A kind of bean (Do-lichos sinensis).

南 w lobb, s. m. Avarice, covetousness, empidity, intense or greedy desire.

empidity, intense or greedy desire.

च अस्ति त lobh-mohit, adj. Beguiled or overcome by cupidity.

बोर्भविटइ lobh-virúh, adj. Free from cupidity.

हों भी lo-bhee, adj. Desirous, cupidinous, covetous, greedy, avaricious.

होस lom, s. m. A tail, a hairy tail; the hair of the body; the base of a triangle, &c.; a piquet, out-post, or sentry.

च जन्म lóm-kurn, s. m. A hare.

elanu lom-kóop, s. m. A pore of the

ainel lom-ree, s. f. A fox.

होमाँचय lom-vish, s. m. An animal whose hair is supposed to be poisonous as a tiger, &c.

कोश्या 16m-ush, adj. Hairy, covered with or made of hair; woollen.

चोस गप जिल्लो lómus-parnince, s. f. A plant (Glycine debilis).

नोबग्रवाजीर lõmus-marjar,s. m. The pole-

alway lom-sha,s, f. A plant (Leea hirta);

Indian spikenard (Valeriana Jatamansi); cowach (Carpopogon praviens); green vitriol; Orris root.

जोमसार lom-sar, s. m. The emerald. जोमस्य m lom-hurshun, s. m. Horripilation, erection of the bair of the body.

लोयन ló-yun, s. m. The eve.

dant; a tear.

তীৰ lol, adj. Shaking, tremulous. s. m. Tears, the fluid in which the eyes appear sometimes to be overwhelmed, undulation, glimmer তীৰন lo-luk, s. m. An ear-ring, drop, pendant.

जोडा ló-la, s. m. A suppository, a kind of solid clyster.

जी जिल्ला 16-lika, s. f. A sort of dock or sorrel (Rumex resicurius).

लोजुर ló loop,adj. Very desirous or covetous, wishing, longing for, greedy, insatiable.

चोट losht,s. m. A clod, a lump of earth; rust of iron or iron filings.

ब समझ losht-múy, adj. Made of a clod or of earth.

जोह losh-too, s. m. A lump of earth.

होड़ loh, s. m. Iron, either crude or wrought; steel; Aloe wood or Agallochum.

चो दक्षाटक loh-kún-tuk, s. m. A thorny shrub.

बोह्न न loh-kant, s. m. The loadstone.

बोह्रकार loh-kar, s. m. A blacksmith, or ironsmith

बोहिनिङ्ग loh-kitt, s. m. Rust of iron, or iron filings.

साहच्या loh-choorn,

बाह्य lob-choon, े . m. Iron filings.

जोडचूर loh-choor,

जोहज lo-huj, s.m. Bell-metal; rust of iron, or iron filings.

को हजित loh-jit, s. m. The diamond (as conquering in hardness the iron).

लो इत्या lo-hún-da, s. m. An iron pot.

बोहदावी lob-dravee, s. m. Borax(as fusino metals).

जोहमञ्च loh-múy, adj. Made of iron.

चो हजारक loh-mar-uk, s. m. A plant (Achy-ranthes triandra).

जोहरार loh-sar, s. f. An iron mine.

sign loha, Iron. Loh-lath, s. m. An iron mace or club. Loha lujana, To fight with swords.

लोहान lo-han, adj. Bloody.

चोहानी lo-hance, s.f. Name of a caste among Puthans.

लोडामिसार lohá-bhisár, s. m. Lustration

oi arms, ceremonies performed on the 9th of the light half of the month Ascin; formerly a ceremony observed by princes before opening a campaign, but now usually confined to the domestic decoration and worship of the soldier's weapons.

लोहार lo-har, s. m. A blacksmith.

लो नार्न lo-harin, s.f. The female of Lo-

बीडित 16-hit, adj. Red, of a red colour. a. m. Red, the colour; blood.

बोहितक lohi-túk, s. m. A ruby ; calx of brass.

होडितानन lohit-anun, adj. Red-faced. s.m. An ichneumon.

से जिया lo-hiya, adj. Of iron.

हो हो 16-hee, s. f. A lump, a monthful; a kind of silk-cloth; dawn just before sunrise.

ৰীয় 16-hoo, s. m. Blood Lohoo dalna, To spit blood Lohoo phatna, To bave leprosy. Lohoo bythna, To pass blood by stool Lohooloohan, adj. Covered with blood, bloody.

बोर loun, } adv. Till, to, up to.

aromaticus.)

े गरड़ा loung-chúra, स. m.A dish prepared from pease-meal.

Fri loun-da, e.m. A boy, a slave boy, lad, brat. Lounda-bazec, s. f. Sodomy.

बीडिया loundiya, े ह र्. A girl,a slave बीडिया loundée, े girl,a servant girl, bondmaid.

pointed flame. Low lugana, To be constant in prayer, devotion, &c. Low lugane, The frequent and long continued repetition of any saying particularly of a lover calling on his mistress, or of a dying man on God), to have a constant desire or craving (for any thing).

खी बना louk-na, v. a. To see.

नी का lou-ka, s. m. A kind of pompion (Cucurbita lagenaria) ; lighting, flash, glitter, cornscation.

बोकायनिक lóuka-yútik, s. m. An atheist, a materialist, a Bouddh.

than lou-kik, adj. Mundane, worldly, human, what prevails amongst or is familiar to mankind; ceremonial, ceremonious.

worldly currency, or custom.

नीकी lou-kee, s. f. A kind of pompion. कीड lout, s. m. Turning over, inverting ; returning.

back, return.

बौदाना lou-tá-na, v a. To turn over, to invert; to turn back, to return, give back, reject. बौदाद्या lóun-gra, s.m. Name of a medicine. बौना lóu-na, s.m. Balancing, making scales equal, v. a. To reap.

स्तीनी lou-nee, a f. Wages in kind to reap-

ers in harvest time.

नोस्ट lound, s. m. An intercalary month. लोड louh, adj. Iron, made of iron. s. m. Iron.

चौहार louhar, s. m. A trance.

## व

with. The twenty-ninth consonant of the Naguree alphabet, or more properly the semi-vowel v; it is often confounded with the labial consonant or which, with which it is also optionally interchangeable.

बंग vuns, s. m. Race, lineage, family. बंगक vuns-úk, s. m. A small fish (Cynoglosus lingua).

arafia vuns-churitr, s.m. A genealogical table or list, the history of a race or dynasty,

वं अपर ब्यूटा vuns-purum-pura, s. f. Family, lineage, descent.

वंशभोज्य vuns-bhójyuh, s. m. Hereditary estate.

वंगरीचना vuns-rochuna, s. f. An ear-वंग्लीचन vuns-loch-un, thy concretion of a milk-white colour, formed in the hollow of the bamboo.

awefg vuns-vriddhi, s.f. Prosperity of a family,

दंशनगदार vuns-sumachar, s. m. Family usage.

बंधावली vuns-ávulce, s. f. A pedigree, a genealogy.

afus váns-ik, adj. Belonging or relating to a family, a bamboo, &c.

win-see, s. f. A pipe, fife, flute.

वंशीधर vunsee-dhur, s. m. A piper; a name of Krishn.

यह vuk, s. m. A crane (Ardea nivea) ; a tree (Sesbana grandiflora).

nomene grandiflora).

वक्तन vuk-ool, s. m. A plant (Mimusops elengi).

an sq vuk-tuv-yuh, adj. Fit or proper to be said or spoken.

am vukr, adj. Crooked, curved, bowed or bent; indirect, evasive.

वक्तगानी vukr-gamee, adj. Who or what goes tortuously; fraudulent, dishonest.

ness; craft, cunning; evasive or indirect speech.

rayu vukr pooshp, s. m. The Sesbana grandiflora.

vuk-ree, adj. Crooked; dishonest, frandulent.

and wire vukree-bhao, & m. Curvature, curve; fraudulent or dishonest disposition.

anifa vukr-ökti.s. f. Equivoque, evasion, pun, the covert expression of something else that the words used naturally imply, either from the manner in which they are uttered, or some other sense of which they are susceptible; hint, insimuation; sarcasm.

wunk, s. m. The bend or elbow of a river, the winding course of a stream; crooked ness.

yes vung, s. m. Bengal, or the eastern parts of the modern province.

दचन vúch-un, s. m. Speech, speaking ; a sentence, a text, a dissum, an aphorism, a rule.

वचनसर vuchuu-kúr,adj. Obedient. s. m. The author or enunciator of a precept.

यचनक्रम vuchun-krúm, s. m. Discourse, order of words.

वचनवाही vachun-grahee, ndy. Compliant, conformable, submissive, humble.

वसन्तर्भ vuchun-matr, s. m. Mere words, assertion unsupported by facts.

चंदा vach-a, s. f. Orris root (Acorus cala-

mantine s m. A thunderbolt in general, or the thunderbolt of Indr: the diamond, (the gembeing considered analogous in hardness to the thunderbolt, or in fact to be the same substance)

वज्यात vujr-pat, s. m. A thunderbolt, a stroke of lightning.

वजपुष vujr-pooshp,s. m. The blossom of the sesamum.

बज्ञ vujt-budh, s. m. Death by lightning; cross multiplication.

वज्ञात vujr-műy, adj. Hard, adamantine ; hard-hearted.

बन बच्ची vujr-vullee,s.f. A species of sunflower (Heliotropium).

वज्ञादात vujr-aghat, s. m. A thunderbolt or stroke; a sudden calamity.

agricate vujr-abhysa, e. m. Cross multiplication. and vun-chuk, adj. Fraudulent, crafty.

वज्ञ vunch-un, s. m. Cheating, fraud.

विकार vunch it, ad). Tricked, deceived, cheated,

ৰম্ভ winch-ook,ady. Crafty, fraudulent,

az vot, s. m. The large Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indica).

gious student, after his investiture with the sacred thread; a lad, a youth in general; a flower (Bignonia Indica).

बहुत vát-ook, s. m. A lad, s young man in general.

बहा vud-a, e. f. Pulse ground and fried with oil or butter.

विशा vúr-ish-se, s. f. A fish-hook.

वर्दन vunt-úk, s. m. A part, a portion, a share.

बद्धन vunt-fin, s. m. Portioning, partitioning, dividing.

बबट vund, s. m. A man who is circumcised or has no propues.

वत vut,adv. As,like, similar; this is more generally considered as an affix to words; as, Pushoo-vut, like a beast.

any vuts, s. m. A calf ; a year.

बस्क vuts-úk, s. m. A child, a calf; a medicinal plant (Wrighten anticlysenterica).

यक्षतर vuts-túr, s. m. A steer.

विद्याना vuts-nabh, s. m. An active poison, also called Meetha zuhur, the root of the aconite ferox brought from Nepal.

वत्र vúts-ur, s. m. A year.

यस्योग vútsur-éeyuh, adj. Annual, yearly. वस्रुव vuts-úl, adj. Affectionate, kind. s.m. Affection, fondness.

बस्बता vutsul-ta, s. f. Tenderness, affec-

बदन vud-un, s. m. The mouth, the face.

बटान vud-al, s. m. A sheat-fish (Silurus Boalis).

या vadhoo, s. f. A son's wife ; a wife in general.

वन vun, \* m. A forest, a wood, a grove. वनसन् vun-kúchoo, s. m. A species of

Arum (A. calocasia). वनवारी vun-charee,adj Forester, savage.

वनराज vun-ráj, s. m. A lion.

वस्ताह vun-vás,s. m. Living in the woods, as a hermit, &c.

बनवादी vun-våsee, s. m. Ån anchoret, a hermit ; a forester. बन्धायी vun-sthayee,ad; Being or abiding in a wood. s. m. A hermit, an anchorat.

वर्ता एक vun sthit, adj. Situate or being in

बन स्ति vúnus-púti, s m. A tree that bears fruit but no apparent blossoms, as several species of the fig, the jack, &c.; a tree in general; an ascetic.

ষ্ণাৰ vun-ant,s. m. The skirts of a wood. ষ্ণাব্ৰ vun-asruy, s. m. Dwelling in a forest.

विता vún-it-a, क. f. A woman in general ; a beloved woman, a wife, a mistress.

mun or superior by touching the feet, &c.

बस्दना vund-ná, s. f Praise, praising, especially the gods or great men.

बन्दनी vund-née, s. f. Reverence, worship,

वर्गाय vund-néeyuh, adj. Praise-worthy, to be eulogized or praised.

dendrum tessellatum, de.); any parasite plant.

a man or beast confined. s. m. A paneggrist, a bard, a herald, a servant whose duty it is to proclaim the titles of a great man as he passes a long, or a poet, who sings the praises of a prince in his presence, or accompanies an army to chaunt martial songs; a praiser, a flatterer.

बन्द्र vánd-yuh, *ndj*. To be praised, commendable, laudable.

बन्द र्थाnyuh, adj. Forest, savage, wild, produced in a wood, &c.

बन्दा vun-yá, s. f A multitude of groves; a quantity of water, a flood, a deluge; a plant (Physidia flexuosa).

वपन vup-un,s. m. Sowing seed ; shaving ; semen virile.

वज्ञा vup-ta, s. m. A sower, a planter, dcc.; a father, a progenitor.

वसन vim-un, s m. Vomiting, causing vomiting, an emetic.

वर्भी vum-ee,adj. Vomiting, sick, s. f. Vo-वयस vy-us, s. m. Age, time of life.

वयक vy-ús-kuh, alj. Relating to age,

वयस vy-ús-yuh, adj. Relating to age, aged.s. m. A contemporary, an associate or companion.

in the gift of a Brahmun or deity; a bride-groom. adj. Best, excellent,

Tur vár-na,s. f. A rivulet, running past the north of Benares, into the Ganges, now called the Burna.

वर करानु varund aloo, e.m. The easter oil tree (Ricinus communis).

बर्ट vur-úd, adj. Granting a prayer, conferring a boon, propitious, favourable.

बरदान vur-dán, s m. Granting a boon.

वापदान vur-prudán, s. m. Conferring a boon.

वार इना vur-ruhna, v. n. To be victorious, to have the advantage, to gain.

बर्ल vár-ul, s. m. A wasp.

बट्डा vár-la, adv.On this side of a river, &c.

बराटक vur-a-túk, s. m. The small shell called a Courie, and used as a coin.

acturel vur an-see, s. f. Benares.

बहाइ vur-sh, s. m. A hog; a name of Vishnoo, in the third Unwar or descent, in which he is said to have assumed the shape of a boar; one of the eighteen smaller Dweeps or divisions of the universe.

afce vur-ishth, adi Best, dearest, most perferable or beloved.

यरोदान vur-ee-yan, s. m. The eighteenth of the astronomical periods called Yogs.

वहण var-oon, s. m. The deity of the waters and regent of the west.

at var-eh, adv. On this side, near. Vareh girna, To fall short.

of roury, s. m. A class, a tribe, a multitude of similar things, whether animate or manimate; as, Kuh surg the class of gutteral letters; Trivury, a class of three objects, as love, duty, and wealth; the Soodr vury, the Soodr tribe; a chapter, a book, a section; a square number (in arithmetic).

वर्गधन vurg-ghún, s. m. The square of a cube.

यतेम् vurg-mool, s. m. A square root.

बर्क्क vurj-jun, s. m. Quitting, abandonment, shunning, avoiding.

वक्रानीय vurj.jun-ecyuh, adj. Improper, censurable, wicked, proper to be avoided.

afsara vurj-jit, adj. Abandoned, avoided; excluded, excepted.

an vurn, m. A tribe, a class, a caste, an order; colour, hue, tint; a letter of the alphabet; (in arithmetic) a co-efficient.

वर्षका vurn-kram, s. m Order of caste or tribe; alphabetical arrangement, the alphabet.

वराग्त vurn-gut, adj. Algebraic.

occupation or duty of each caste or tribe.

and varn-un, s. m. Describing, expatiating, explaining, pointing out qualities or excellencies, &c.

वर्षाना vurn-un-á, s. f. Praise, panegyric. वर्षसाना vurn-mála, s. f. The alphabet.

and all vura-rekha, s. f. A white aluminous fossil often confounded with chalk, of which it is considered a species.

वताचे र varn-sreshth, त्रीं Of a good tribe, caste, kind, &o. s. m. A Brahmun.

confusion of castes; a man or tribe of mixed origie, or from a father and mother of different castes.

वर्ण दोन vurn-heen, adj. Outcaste.

वर्षाच्या vurn-asrum, s. m. The class and state of a person.

विज्ञ vurn it, adj. Described, explained. वर्तन vurttun, s. m. Livelihood, subsistence.

बनमान vurtt-man, adj. Being, existing, living, being present; dwelling or abiding in; (in grammar) the present tense.

वित vartti, a f. The wick of a lamp.

वित्तका vurtti-ka, s. f. A quail ; the wick of a lamp.

वर्तुल varttool, ads. Round, circular, globular, spherical.

वर्डन vurd-dhún, adj. Growing, thriving. s. m. Increasing growing, thriving; augmenting, causing to increase.

यहमान vurddh-man, adj. Prosperous, thriving; increasing, growing.

वित vurd-dhit, adj. Grown, expanded, increased; thriven.

वर्ती vur-la, adv. On this side of a river,

बर्केटो vary-vittee, s. f. A sort of bean (D.Aichos catjung).

www.sh,s. m. A year; a division of the known continent, of which uine are reckoned, viz. Kooroo, Hiranmay, Romanut, Harrat, Huri, Kitoomala, Bradraseah, Kianur, and Bharut; Jumboo Ducep, or India.

वर्षेण vursh-un, s. m. Raining, rain.

qua vursh-út, adj. Raining, showering, sprinkling.

विषय होत vursh purv-vui, s. m. A mountainous range, supposed to separate the various Vurshus or divisions of the globe from each other: six ranges are enumerated from south to north, viz. Himswan, Hemukoot, Nishuddh, Neel, Swet, and Sringee, or Sringuvan; Meroe constitutes the seventh.

विश्वत vursh-shut, s. m. A century. वर्षसम्बद्ध vursh-suhusr, s. m. A thousand

years.

वर्ष versha, m. pl. } The rains or

author vursha-kal, s.m. rainy season, containing two months, according to the Hindoo classification of the seasons, which some systems consider to be Sravan and Bhadr, and others Bhadr and Aswin; the duration of the monsoon is however longer, being reckoned from Asarh to Kartik, or from the middle of June to the beginning of October.

वर्षायुत vursh-ayoot, s. m. Ten thousand

वर्षावस्त्र vurshav-san,s. m. Autumn, the autumnal season.

चंदिन vurshyk, adj. Yearly, annual.

वर्डी vur-hée, s. m. A peacock.

वला val-a, adv. Near, hither.

विकास vol. kul, s. m. The bark of a tree. वस्ता क vulm-éek, s. m. The poet Volmeski.

a wullfibh, adj. Beloved, desired, dear.
s. m. A lover, a husband, a friend; a superintendent, an overseer.

overpowered; enthralled, subdued, tamed, overpowered; enthralled, subdued by charms and incantations, fascinated, charmed, enchanted, s. m. Authority, supremacy, mastership; subjection, submission, the state of being completely tamed and overpowered.

aforat vush-it-i, s. f. Fascinating bewitching; subjection, holding in order or subjection.

afine vush-shth, s. m. A Rishi or divine sage of the first order; he is also a Bruhmadhi-ka, a Projaputi, and one of the seven stars of Ursa Major.

and vush-se, s. m. A sage with subdued passions.

वभी कर पा vushee-kurun, s.m. Subduing or overcoming by drugs, charms, &c., enchanting, charming; subduing in general.

an ard vushee-krit, adj. Bewitched, fascinated, subjected to another's will.

and washee bhoot, adj. Subjugated, subject to another's will.

sembling pepper (Pothos officinalis).

ava vúshyuh, adj. Docile, tame, humble, governable.

azzar vush-yutá,s. f. Humility, subjugation, disposition to, or fitness for subjection

क्रमता vúshyu-átma, adj. Of a subdued mind.

वसती vús-ut-ee, & f. A house, a dwelling ; abiding, abode, residence.

वस्त vas-un, s. m. Cloth or clothes.

वस्त vús unt, s. m. The season of spring, or its deified personification; dysentery, diarrhosa; small-pox.

वसन्तक्षस vasunt-koosoom, s. m. A tree

(Cordia myxa and latifolia).

वसन्तो अव vusunt-otsuv,s. m. The celebration of the return of spring, formerly held on the full moon of Chytr, but now on the full moon of Phalgoen, being identified with the Dol jatra or Holi.

वसीड vus-éeth,s. m. An agent, an ambas-

sador

वस vúsoo, s. m. Wealth, thing, substance. वस्क vus-ook, . m. A fossil salt, brought from a district in Ajmere, Sambhur salt.

वस्दा vusoo-dá, s. f. The earth.

वस्टेंब vusoo-dev, s. m. The father of Krishn.

वससान vusoo-man, adj. Wealthy, rich.

and vus-bok, s. m. Sambhur salt; the Sesbana grandiflora.

vústoo, \*. f. Thing, matter, substance.

वस्त्वस vustoo-tús, adv. In fine, in fact, essentially, substantially.

वस्त्राह्न vustoo-matr, s. m. Outline of any subject, skeleton of a discourse.

वस्त हानि vústoo-háni, s. /. Loss of substance or property.

vustr, s. m. Cloth, clothes, raiment. amail vustr-bhédee, s. m. A tailor.

वस्त्रक्त vustr-anchul, s. m. The end or hem of a garment.

was vusn, s. m. Cloth, clothes.

वह vuh, pron. That, he, she, it, the ; (occasionally like veh), they, those.

₹ vuhúee, ε. f. Side, quarter, way. agar váh-la, s. m. Attack, onset.

agi vuhan, adv. There, thither, yonder. Vuhan ka vuhan, In that very place.

विष्टिंग vuhir-desh, s. m. A foreign country.

बहिन vuhir-bhoot, adi. Expelled, excluded.

ag) vibee, pron. He himself, that very. विश्व vahni, s. m. Fire, or its deity Ugni. at va, adv. Or, whether com. and pron. Him, her, it, that.

at van, adv. There, that place.

wish vans-ee, s. f. The manna of the bamboo.

बाक vak, s. m. Word, language, speech. वाकचपन vak-chupul, adj. Frivolous, inconsistent (in speech).

वाक्षचापला vak-chapul-yuh, a. m. Gossipping, chattering, idle or improper talk.

वाकक्ष vak-chhul, s. m. Prevarication, equivocation.

वाकपट vak-pútoo, adj Eloquent, able in speech.

बाकपट ता vak-pútoo-ta, s. f. Eloquence.

याक्य vákyuh, s. m. A sentence ; a rule or aphorism; speech; a word.

वाक्य लक्ष्य vákyuh-khundun, s. m. Refuting or criticising an assertion,

बारदन्त vag-dútt, adj. Promised.

बार्डना vag-dútta, s. f. A virgin betrothed.

बारदोष vag-dosh, s. m. Speaking ill, defamation, abuse.

वाच vach, s. f. Speech ; speaking ; a phrase, a proverb or adage.

वाचक vach-uk, s. m. A word ; a speaker. वाचनिक vach-ník, adj. Verbal.

याचा vá-cha, s. f. Speech.

araiz vachat, ) adj. Talkative, chatter-बाचान vachál, j ing, gabbling, talking much and idly or blamably.

बादिक va-chik, adj. Verbal. s. m. News. tidings, intelligence.

वाचिक्रपल váchik-pátr, s. m. A letter, a despatch; a newspaper, a gazette.

वाकिन va-chhireh, s. m. pl. Praising, applauding; bravo! well done! aha!

वाजिए ह vaji-prishth, s.m Globe amaranth. वाज्येय vaj-peyuh, s. m. A particular sacrifice.

बाजी vajee, s. m. A plant (Justicia adhenatoda).

वाजीकर vajee-kur, adj. Aphrodisiae.

वाजीकर्या vájee-kúrun, s. m. Stimulous or excitement of amorous desires by aphrodisiacs, &c.

arsag van-chhún, s. m. Wishing, desir-

वाडका van-chhá, s. f. Wish, desire.

arfser van-chhit, adj. Wished, desired. longed for. .

यादिक्ती van chhin-ée, a. f. A libidinous woman, a wanton.

पाइकी van-ohhée, adj. Wishing, desirous. बाट vat, s. f. A road.

बारिका vá-tika, s. f. The site of a house or building.

and vá-tee, s. f. A house, a building; a garden, an orchard, a plantation.

are var, A termination (in composition), denoting place or enclosure.

varee, s. f An orchard, a courtyard for trees and plants:

बाब van, s. m. An arrow

याचित्रस vanfjyuh, s. m. Traffic, trade. बासी vá-nee, s. f. Speech, sound.

grat vat, s. m. Air, wind; rheumatism, gout, inflammation of the joints; air, wind, as one of the humours of the body.

grage va-tūk, s. m. A plant (Marsilea guadrifolia).

वातकी va-tuk-ée, adj. Rheumatic, gouty.

वातव्यर vat-jwur, a. m. Fever arising from vitiated wind.

वातिष्त vat-pitt, s. m. Rheumatism attended with fever.

नात जुल vat-phooll, adj. Inflated, puffed up with wind.

araca vat-rukt, s.m. Acute gout or rheumatism.

statist vat-róg, s. m. Rheumatism, gout.
statist vat-rógee, adj. Rheumatic, afflicted with gout or rheumatism, especially of the
acute kind.

वातवृद्धि vat\_vriddhi, s. f. Swelled testicle. वातव्यक्ति vat-vyádhi, s. f. Any morbid affection attributed to disorder of the wind.

वातवरी vat-vyree, s. m. The caster oil tree. वातवर vat-shool, s. m. Cholic with flatulence.

a plant (Asparagus racemosus).

windy, vatée-yuh, adj. Windy, relating or belonging to wind, &c.

A whirlwind, a gale, a burricane.

wraper vat-súl-yuh, s. f. Tenderness, affec-

arz vad, s. m. Discourse, dispute, assertion, discussion; a plaint, an accusation.

बादयुद्ध vad-jooddh, s. m. Controversy,

वादशासन् vad-sådhun, s. m. Argument, maintaining a controversy.

वार्म्बार् yad-anoo-vad, s. m. Attack and rejoinder, plaint and reply.

are't visitee, adj. Speaking, discoursing; asserting, declaring. s. m. A sage, an expounder of the law and Shastrus; a plaintiff, an accuser.

Are: vad-yuh, s. m. Any musical instrument.

बादाभार्ख vádyuh-bhánd, em. A multitude of musical instruments, a band.

बाज van, s. m. A heavy sea, the rolling of water from wind, &c.; hence the high tide in the Indian rivers, commonly called the Bore (particle in compos.) Possessing, endowed with, &c., as Okun-van, Possessing wealth, rich.

of the third order, who has passed through the conditions of student and householder, and has left his house and family for lonely meditation in woods and wilds; the hermit, the anchoret; a tree (Bassia latifolia); the Pulas tree (Butea frondosa).

बानर van-ur, s. m. ] Anape,a monkey.

বাদৰ vu-pul, s. m. A kind of holy basil, distinguished as the black species of Toolsee (Ocymum sunctum).

बापो va-pee, s. f. A large oblong pond, a pool, a lake,

बाज vam, adj. Left,not right; vile, base, wicked.

वासवा vam-tá, s. f. Perverseness, contrariety; wickedness.

aina va-mun, adj. Short, dwarfish, a dwarf; low, vile, base s. m. Vishnoo in his character of the dwarf, in which he is said to have appeared on his fifth descent from heaven, to prevent Buli from obtaining dominion of the three worlds.

यामनी varaun-se, s. f. A female dwarf. वामा va-ma, s. f. A woman.

বাৰাবাহ vam-achar, s. m. The doctrine of the Tuntrus, according to one system; the left hand ritual, the use of flesh, spirits, &c. forming part of the Vamachar ceremonies.

वासाचारी vam-acharce, s. m. A follower of the left hand portion of the Tuntrus.

বাৰৰ va-yun, s. m. Sweetments or cakes, forming a light refreshment, which is not supposed to be any breach of a religious fast, sweetments or cakes, part of an offering to a deity, or prepared on particular occasions, as marriages, &c., and sant as presents to friends and acquaintances.

aras va yav, adj. Windy, relating or belonging to wind.

वाजवी vayuv-ee, \* f. The water or region of the wind; the north-west.

nified defication; the air of the body; morbid affection of the windy humour.

Trans vayor-gind, s. m. Flatulence, indigestion.

वायुगुल्ल vayoo-góolm, s. m. A whirlpool, an eddy; a whirlwind, a hurricane.

वाय रास vayoo-grust, adj. A ffected by wind, flatulent, epileptic.

वायुनिहन्ति váyoo-nivritti, e. f. Calm, Iuil ; cure of windy disorders.

वायुभचा ए váyoo-bhúkshun, s. m. Fasting, living on air.

बाद् सम vayoo-sum, alj. Like wind, unsubstantial; swift.

बार var, s. m. A blow, wound, gash, as-sault.

बार var, s. m. A day of the week; a multitude, a quantity, a heap; the near bank of a river, on this side. s. f. Leisure; delay, waiting, patience; time.

बारक vá-ruk, adj. Opposing, obstructing, an obstacle or agent of resistance.

arear var-un, s. m. Resistance, opposition, prohibition, obstacle or impediment; defence, protecting, guarding; warding off a blow, guarding, warding.

arts var-un, s. m. Offerings, oblations;

cle, go round; to offer (in sacrifice, &c.) Varee pharee hona, To go round any body (as a sign of being an offering or sacrifice for his welfare), to devote one's self for any one (a practice chiefly of women).

वारा vá-ra, s. m. Cheapness, thrift; benefit, gain; a victim. adj. Cheap.

बाराबाची var-an-see, s. f. The holy city, Benares.

वारावार vara-par, } adv. On this side and वारणार var-par, } that, on both sides ;

through and through, across. \* m. Bounds. affe vari, s. m. Water.

वारि अबद्ध vári-kúu-tuk, s. m. An aquatic plant (Pisita stratioites;) another plant (Trapa bispinosa).

वारिकपेर vári-kurpóor, s. m. The Ilis or Hilsa fish (Cluponodon Ilisha).

बार्चिर vari-chúr, adj. Aquatic, living or moving in water s. m. A fish.

duced in or by water. s. m. A conch-shell; any bivalve shell.

arfica vár-it, adj. Hindered, prevented, impeded.

affect var-id, adj. What yields water.

affers varidhi, s. m. The sea, the ocean.

वारियाणी vari-parnee, ) s. f. An aquatic वारियाणी vari-moolee, ) plant (Pistea strativites).

affigure vari-pruvah, e. m. A cascade, a water-fall; a current or flow of water.

वारिट्य vari-rúth, s. m. A raft, a float. वारियदन vári-vúdun, s. m. A fruit (Flacourtia cataphracta).

quor, or more properly a particular kind prepared from hogweed, ground with the juice of the date or palm, and then distilled; the west, the region of Varoon; the 25th lunar asterism, of which Varoon is the ruling deity.

बार्क्स vartta, s. f. Tidings, news, intelli-

gence; rumour, report; a word.

artina vart-tik, adj. Relating to news; commentary, explanatory. s. m. A gloss, a commentary, especially a supplementary explanation.

वार्ड क vard-dhúk, s. m. Old age; the infirmity, &c. of old age.

arting vars ik, adj. Yearly, annual; growing, &c. in the rainy season, or fit for or suited to it, &c.

बार्डित var-hút, s. m. The fruit of the Solanum jacquini.

वान val, s. m. Revenge.

are val, agent, doer, keeper, man, inhabitant, master, lord, possessor, owner: as Ruthmal, or,—wala, A keeper; Nao-wala, A boatman: Dilleewal, or,—wala, An inhabitant of Delha. Ghar-wala, Master or keeper of a house. Lithue-wala, Writer. Hone-wala, Becoming, about to be.

aren walee, s. f. Feminine of wala.

बारमीक val-meek, s.m. The author of the

वाबद्धक vav-dook, adj. Talking much,

वाबद्दकता vav-dook-tá, s. f. Garrulity,

atut vá-sha, s. f. A plant (Justicia ganderussa).

नाजित vás-ít, adj. Perfumed, scented.

river, which rising in the Kemaon hills, pursues a winding and south easterly course, and passing Lucknow and Jonpoor falls into the Ganges below Benares.

ब्रास vás, s. m. A house, a habitation; site, situation, abode, or place of staying or abiding; perfuming.

वासन vás-un, s. m. Cloth, clothes; abiding, abode. যাৰ ব va-sunt, adj. Vernal, relating to the season of spring, suitable to it, produced in it, &c. বাৰম va-sur, s. m. A day.

वाजित vas-it, adj. Perfumed, scented ; peopled, populous flourishing (a country).

बासी vás-ec, adj. Abiding, staying.

ary va-soo, s. m. A name of Vishnoo; the soul, or the Supreme Being considered as the soul of the universe.

बास्तव vas-tuv, adj. Determined, demonstrated, fixed, substantiated; real, substantial, वासाव्य vastúv-yuh, adj. To be abided or dwelt in, to be fixed as a habitation.

are a vas-took, s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium album, and other edible species).

THE vas-yuh, s. m. Vapour; tears.

बाह्न vá-huk, s.m. A horseman ; a porter,

बाइन va-hun, s. m. A vehicle, a conveyance of any kind, as a horse, an elephant, a carriage.

arf vahi, pron. object. case, sing. Him, ber, it, that, to him, to her, to it, to that.

बाहिनी vahin-ee, s. f. An army; a body of forces consisting of 81 elephants, 81 cars, 243 horse, 405 foot, a cohort, a battalion.

वाहिनीपित vahinee-puti, s. m. A general, a commanding officer.

बाह्य vah-yuh, adj. Outer, external.

fa vi, prep. Denoting disunion, separation, division, distinction; away, apart, distinct.

বিৰাত vik-ut, adj. Large, great ; formidable, frightful, hideous, horrible.

विकार wikunt-uk, s. m. A herbaceous plant (Hedysarum alkagi).

विक्रिक्त vi-kúmp-it, adj. Trembling, tremulous, agitated; palpitating, heaving.

famful wikurn-tk, s. m. Saruswut, a district in the north-west of Hindoostan, generally considered as part of the Punjab, though sometimes confounded with Cashmeer.

विकामी किया vikumm-kriya, e.f. Illegal or

fame vikil, adj. Confused, confounded, agitated; the 1-60th of z. Kwia, the second of a degree.

femou vikulp, s. m. Error, ignorance, mistake; doubt, indecision; (in rhetoric) antithesis of opposites; (in grammar) admission of more than one form or rule.

विकरित vik-us-ft, adj. Blown, as a flower, budded, opened.

farate vikár, a. m. Change of form or nature, alteration or deviation from the natural

state; sickness, disease, change from the state of health.

विकास vikál, s. m. Twilight.

factu vikash, s. m. Display, manifestation, open or splendid appearance

fantual vikash-tá, s. f. Appearance, display.

विकासन vikásh-un, e. m. Manifestation. विकास vikrít, adj. Averse, estranged. s. m.

Disgust, aversion.

aspect, form or appearance.

(No. 4) vikrit-ee, s. f. Change of any kind, as of purpose, mind, form, nature, &c. either

purmanent or temporary; sickness, disease, change from the natural or healthy state. विकास vikrum, s. m. Heroism, prowess, heroic valour; great power or strength; over-

powering, overcoming.

famerices vikrum-adityuh, n. prop. The name of a celebrated prince, the sovereign of Ougein, and reputed founder of an era still in use amongst the Hindoos, commencing 56 years before the Christian æra.

विकासी vikrum-ee, s. m. A lion; a hero. विकास vikruy, s. m. Sale, selling, vending.

विकास vikruyée, s. m. A seller, a vender. विकास vikránt, adj. Valiant, mighty ;

विकास vikrant, adj. Valiant, nighty; overcoming, victorious.s. m. A hero, a warrior. विकास vikreet, adj. Sold.

विद्यात vikhyát, adj. Known, notorious,

विद्याति vikhyati, e. f. Fame, celebrity, notoriety.

विश्वापन vikhyapún, s m. Explaining, expounding.

विगुद्धा vigoon, adj. Bad, worthless.

fang vigóorh, adj. Concealed, hidden.

विषय vigrúh, s. m. The body; extension, diffusion: war, battle; opposition, encounter. विश्वास vighát, s. m. Impediment, obsta-

far vighn, s. m. Obstacle, impediment.
farattl vighn-karee, adj. Impeding, obstructing.

विश्वनाभक vighn-naahuk, adj. Who or what removes difficulties, देव.

विश्वनागन vighn-nashun, s. m. Removing obstacles.

faufafa vighn-siddhi, s. f. Removal of obstacles.

fafa vighnit, adj. Stopped, prevented, obstructed, impeded.

विचलन vichul-un, s. m. Fickleness, unsteadiness

विष्या vichakshun, adj. Clever, able, wise, sensible.

fact vicher, s. m. The exercise of judgment or reason on a present object, investigation, consideration, deliberation.

विचारक vichar-úk, । am. Aninvesti-विचारकत्ती vichar-kúrtta, ) gator, a judge. विचारित vichar-ít, adj. Judged, discussed,

determined, decided.

faura vichal, adj. Intervening, intermediate.

fara vichitr, adj. Variegated, spotted; painted, coloured.

fact vichhed, s. m. Separation, disjunction; prohibition, prevention.

বিজ্ঞান víjun, adj. Private, lonely, solitary. বিজ্ঞান víjuy, s. m. Victory, triumph, conquest.

विजयमान vijuy-man, adj. Victorious, triumphant.

विजया vijuya,s.f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa), or the tops of the plant used as a narcotic.

विजयी vijuyée, adj. Victorious, wiumphant, conquering.

विजाति vijáti, s. f. A different species or tribe.

विजित vijit, adj. Conquered, defeated.

विजितेन्द्रिय vijit-éndríyuh,adj. Of subdued organs or passions.

বিশ্ব vigyuh, adj Skilful, able, clever, conversant; wise, learned.

বিশ্বনা vigyutá, s f. Wisdom, learning. বিশ্বন vigyát, adj. Celebrated, famous, known, notorious; known, understood.

বিদ্যাৰ vigyan, s. m. Knowledge, science, learning worldly knowledge or wisdom.

विद्यापन vigyapún, s. m. Teaching, instruction, communication of knowledge not religious; representing, informing.

facer vijwur, adj. Exempt from decay; free from fever.

fazu vitúp, s.m. A new shoot; a branch. fazurfam; vít-sárika, s.f. A bird, a sort of thrush, a variety of the bird, usually though inaccurately, called Myna in Bengal.

विद्याला vidumb-ná, adj. Afflicting, dis-

विड ब्लित vidumb-it, adj. Low, poor, abject, distressed.

fagier virál, s. m. A cat.

विष्ट्र vidóo-ruj, s. m. The lapis lazuli.

factor vitunda, s. f. Controversy, argument, the subversion of another's opinion or interpretation and astablishment of one's own; criticism.

वितर् vitúdroo, s. f. The name of a river, said to be situated in the Punjab.

वितर श viturun, s. m. Gift, donation ; abandoning, quitting ; passing, crossing.

বিবর্ত vitúrk, s m Reasoning, discussion. বিবর vitúl, s. m. One of the seven divisions of Patal, the second in descent below the earth.

facility vitusti, s. f. A long span measured by the extended thumb and little finger; considered equal to twelve fingers.

বিত্যৰ vitán, s. m. An awning, a canopy. বিত্তৰ্য vítrishn, adj. Content, satisfied, free from desire.

facular vitrishn-tá, s. f. Satiety, satisfac-

fan vitt, s. m. Wealth, property, thing, substance.

वित्तवान vitt-wan, adj. Rich, wealthy. वित्तहीन vitt-heen, adj. Poor, indigent.

विद्रास vidugdh, adj. Clever, shrewd, knowing; burnt. s. m. A libertine, a lecher, an intriguer; a learned or clever man, a scholar, a Pundit.

विद्रासता vidugdh-tá, s. f. Sharpness, shrewdness, cleverness.

fazz vid-ur, s.m. The Indian prickly pear (Cactus Indicus).

चिद्रा vid-a, s. f. Dismission, taking leave, farewell, adieu.

विदार्भ vidár-un, s. m. Tearing, breaking, splitting, severing, dividing.

विदारना vidár-na, v. a.To tear, to rend. विदिश्त víd-it, adj. Known, understood.

বিতিস vidish, ) s.f.An intermediate point বিতিম vidish, of the compass.

विद्रम vidóoruj, s. m. The lapis lazuli.

विरेश bidesh, s. m. A foreign country, abroad; any place away from home.

निरंश्यमन videsh-gumun, s. m. Travelling, going abroad.

faz war videsh-aj,adj. Foreign, exotic.

विदेशी vidésh-ee, adj. Foreign, foreigner,

बिद्र bideh, ads. Incorporeal, without body.

विद्यमान vidyumán,adi. Being, being present or in existence.

fagr vidya, s. f. Knowledge, learning, science, whether sacred or profane, though more especially the former.

विद्यादान vidya-dan, s. m. Giving knowledge or acience.

विद्यागानि vidya prapti, s. f. Acquirement of knowledge; acquisition made by or through learning.

factivere vidya-bhyás, s. m. Study, diligent application.

factraf vidyarthee, s. m. A pupil, a student.

विद्यालय vidya-lúy, s. m. A school, a college.

विद्याचान vidya-labh, s. m. Acquisition of learning; acquirement by or through learning. विद्यादान vidya-văn,adj. Learned, possess-

ed of learning or science. विद्यानीन vidya-heen, adj. Ignorant, uninstructed.

विदास vid-yoot, s. f. Lightning.

विद्रम vid-room, s. m. Coral.

विद्वान vidwán, adj. Intelligent, wise ; learned.

fara vidwesh, s. m. Enmity, hatred.

विदेश vidweshee, adj. Inimical, hostile. hating. s. m. An enemy.

fas vidh, & m. Form, formula, rule ; manner, kind, sort.

fawar vidh-wa, s. f. A widow.

विश्वापेटन vidhwa-vedun, s. m. Marrying a widow.

fauts vidhán, s. m. Act, action, general or particular, though more especially the performance of such acts or rites as are prescribed in the sacred books of the Hindoos; rule, pre-

cept, ordinance, injunction; form, mode, manner. विधि vidhi, s. m. A sacred precept, an act or rite prescribed by the Veds for effecting certain consequences; rule, form, formula.

faur vidhoor, s. m. Separation ; agitation of mind from terror or distress, &c.

fang vidheyuh, ad Compliant, tractable. governable; to be done, what is or ought to be practised.

Tabie vidhwuns, s. m. Aversion, disrespect, enmity, dislike; destruction.

विकासी vidhwans-ee,adj- Hostile,adverse; destroying.

fan vin, pron. 3d pers.pl. (same as oon), Them, those.

विनत vin-ut, adj. Bent, bowed, stooping; crooked, surved; humble, modest,

farfa vin-ti, s. f. Bowing, bending : humility, modesty.

विनय vin-ny, s. m. Affability, modesty, humility, mildness; reverence, obeisance; decorum, decency, propriety of conduct of behaviour.

farz viousht, adj. Lost, destroyed.

fanfe vinúshti, s. f. Disappearance, destruction.

रिका vina, adv. Without, except.

विनाश vinath, adj. Deserted, unprotected, unowned.

विनाश vinásh, s. m. Disappearance, destruction, loss, annihilation.

farrym vinashúk, adi. Destroving, a destroyer.

विचारियन vinash-it, adj. Destroyed.

विनामी vinashee,ady. Destroyer, destructive; perishing, being destroyed; undergoing change or transfermation.

विनियान vinipat, s. m. Falling, falling down, (literally or figuratively, or from a height, or from dignity, cirtue, &c.); calamity, unavoidable evil

विनियातभाषी vinipat-shunshee, adj. Portentous, announcing misfortune or destruction. विनिभद vini-may, s. m. Barter, exchange. विनोत vincet, adj. Modest, humble; compliant.

विनीतासा vinéet-atma,adj. Well-behaved;

humbled, lowly.

विनोद vin 6d,s. m. Eagerness, vehemence; play, sport, pastime; pleasure, gratification.

far vin-doo, s. m. A drop of water or any liquid; a spot, a dot, a mark; the dot over a letter representing the nasal termination.

fazz vindh-yuh, s. m. The Vindhya or Bindh mountain, or the mountainous range which runs across India from the province of Behar, nearly to Guzerat, and properly divides Hindoostan from the Dekkin.

विक्याचन vindhya-chil, s. m. The Vindhya range of mountains.

विक्यादवी vindhya-tavee, s. f. The great

Vindhya forest, which appears to have spread at one time from near Muthoura to the Nermuda.

विक्यावाधिको vindliya-vasinee, अ.f. A name of Doorga; a village and temple swored to Doorga, under the forms of You maya and Blog maya, and a place of great resort amongst the Hindees, situated about three miles from Mirzapoor on the Ganges.

Toward vinyak, s. m. A tree (Echites scholaris).

Tarate vinyas, s. m. Assemblage, collection, collecting or depositing any thing; attaplace, res vin-hen, pron. 3d pers. sing. (same as conheen), Them, those, to them, &c.

Taurana víput-kál, s. m. Time of calamity or misfortune, adversity.

faufa vipútti, s. f. Adversity, calamity, mistortune.

विष्यियुत्त vipútti-jóokt, adj. Unfortunate. विष्यित्र रिङ्गत vipútti-rúhit, adj. Prosperous, happy.

fauguat víput-ságur, s. m. Heavy calamity.

faun viputh, s. m. A bad road.

fauz vipud, s.f. Calamity, adversity, fauz viput, misfortune.

fauer vip-da,

विषद्भार vipud-ooddhar, s. m. Extrication from misfortune.

विषद्भ vipud-grast, adj. Overtaken by or involved in calamity.

विषयुक्त vipud-yookt, adi. Unhappy, unfortunate.

faugisa vípud-rúhit, adj. Prosperous.
faucia vip-réet, adj. Reverse, inverse, opposite, contrary.

faullan vipuréet-tá, s. f. Contrariety, reverse or opposite state or condition.

faun vípuksh, adj. Opposed or adverse to, contrary, inimical s. m. An enemy, an adversary; a disputant; an opponent.

faue at vipukshuta, s. f. Hostility, enmity, opposition; controversy, contradiction in argument.

विमञ्जान vipúkshupát, adj. Indifferent, impartial.

fauer vipul, s. m. A-moment, an instant, either a Pulor second; a simple breathing.

faura vipák, s. m. Cooking, dressing.

Teurn vi-pasha, s. f. The Vipasa, or Beyah river in the Punjab.

fafur vipin, s. m. A wood, a forest.

age vipool, adj. Large, great; broad; deep, profound.

विश्वता vipool-tá, s. f. Magnitude, extent. विष्र vipr, s. m. A Erahmun.

fame viphul, adj. Vain, idle, unmeaning, fruitless, useless.

विकलता viphulta, s. f. Unprofitableness, fruitlessness.

fana vibbukt, adj. Divided, portioned, partitioned separated, parted; distinct.

বিশালি vibhúkti,s. f. Part, portion; a division, a partition; inflexion of nouns, declension. বিশাল vibhou, s. m. Substance, thing, property, wealth; supreme or superhuman power. বিশাল vibhág,s. m. Part, portion, share;

partition of an inheritance; (in arithmetic) the number of a fraction.

fawlug vibhee-shun, adj. Fearful, formid-

able, terrific, horrible, fas, vibhoo, adj. Omnipresent, all-pervading; always, eternal.

fawar vibhoo-ta,s.f. Power supremacy.

विस्ति vibbooti, s. m. Superhuman power ; power, dignity, dominion.

विभाविकान vibhóoti-mán, ad, Superhuman. विभाविका vibhóoshun, s. m. Ornament, decoration.

fanfaa vibhoo-shit, adj. Adorned, deco-

विश्व v(bhrum, s. m. Error, mistake, blunder: hurry, flurry; doubt, apprehension.

বিষয় পিল vibhranti, s. f. Error, confusion. বিষয় vimul, adj. Clean, pure, (either literally, as clothes, &c., or figuratively, as the

heart or mind). विसन्तर्भाषा vímul-múni, s. m. Crystal. विसन्तरका vímul-etma,adj.Pure, undefiled.

faura vimatri, } s.f. A step-mother, a

বিশানা vimata, J father's wife.
বিশান viman, m.A. car or chariot of the gods, sometimes serving as a seat or throne, and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving; any car or vehicle.

विभाग vimárg,s. m. A bad road; a wrong rood, literally or figuratively, evil conduct. विश्व हा vimookt,adj. Loosed, liberated.

বিষ্ণারি vimookti, s. f. Liberation, especially final emancipation from future existence.

farga vimookh, adi. Averted, having the

face cast down or turned away; opposed. विमुखता vimookhta, s. f. Turning away; opposition.

fag si vimookhee, adj. Averted, turned away; hostile, averse to or from.

विश्वदाका vimoorh-atma, adj. Beguiled, foolish.

विकास vimoksh,s. m. Liberation, freedom, being or letting loose.

विभोचन vimichun, s. m. Liberating. विभोचन vimichit, adj. Liberated, set free. विभोचन vimichiun, s. m. Seducing, tempting, confounding the mind and exciting the pas-

sions (the not).

fanigal vimóhunes, adj. Fascinating, seducing, bewitching, tempting, (the instrument or agent).

family a vimohit, and Fascinated, beguiled.
fam vimb, s. m. The disk of the sun or
moon; an image, a picture, a shadow, beflected or represented form; the gourd of the
Momordica monadelpha.

विद्यान vimlan,adj. Fresh, pure, free from soil or decay; refreshed.

दियोग viyóg, s. m. Absence, separation, especially of lovers; disunion, disjunction.

faulti viyogee, ndj. Separated, absent, remote, apart. a.m. The ruddy goose.

facin virukt, adj. Averse, indifferent, free from inclination or affection; stoical, void of attachment to worldly objects.

विद्वासाय virukt-bhao,a b. Disinclined to,

facia virukti, s. f. Aversion, disinclination; absence of affection.

factor viruchit, adj. Made, prepared, effected; written, composed.

far an virja, s. f. A plant; a sort of grass, commonly called Doob.

farag vir-un, s. m. A fragrant grass (Andropogon schomanthum).

fara vírut, adj. Stopped, ceased, rested. farfa viráti, s f. Stop, cessation, term,

fare vir-ul, m. ads. Fine, delicate, thin farest vir-la, f. (but with interstices); loose, relaxed; apart, wide, separated by an interval; remote, rare, occurring at distant or repeated intervals of time.

fare virus, adj. Insipid.

fary viruh, e. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers.

furfun viruhit, adj. Void of, exempt or free from.

furfault viruhinee, f. adj. Separate, sundered, absent or apart from s. f. A woman absent from her husband or lover.

रेबराज virág, a.m. The absence of desire or passion, indifference, philosophy, the disregard of all sensual enjoyment.

factor virages, adj. Void of passion or desire.

facture virajút, adj. Shining, splendid, handsome.

विदायकान virajmán, adj. Splendid, brilliant, bandeome.

fartz virát, s. m. A country, one of the midlaud divisions of India, probably Berar. বিশ্যের viratúj, s. m. An inferior sort of diamond said to be found in the country of Virat. বিশ্যের virál, s. m. A cat.

fat wirroaddh, adj. Opposed, hindered; reverse, contrary, opposite; inconsistent (in argument), incongruous, a nonsequitur; hostile, weree

विक्या virouddh tā, s. f. Opposition, contraristy; incongruity; enmity.

निक्य viróop, adj. Deformed, monstrous ;

विक्रमण viróopuk,adj. Frightful, hideous ; deformed, mis-shapen.

fara virék, a. m. A purgative.

first virodh, s. m. Enmity, animosity; opposition, contradiction; war.

falls viródhee, adj. Immical, adverse, hostile; opposing; obstructive; contradictory, inconsistent; quarrelsome, contentious. s. m. An ensmy, an opponent.

विन vil, s. m. A hole, a chasm, a vacuity; a cave, a cavern.

विवज्ज vilújj, adj. Shameless, impudent, unabashed.

facts vilumb, s. m. Slowness, tardiness, delay.

विज्ञानम् vilumbná, s. m. Delaying, retarding.

বিত্তর viluy, s. m. Destruction of the world; destruction in general; liquefaction.

বিভাষন viluy-un, s. m. Destroying; corroding, eating away; liquefying; attenuating (as the fluids of the body); an attenuant; an escharotic.

विज्ञान vilásun, s. m. Sporting, dallying. विज्ञाम viláp, s. m. Lamentation, the language of grief and distress.

facte vilás, s. m. Sport, pastime, play, especially amorous pastime, dalliance, wantonness.

विचारिनी vilasin-ee, s. f. A woman, a whore, a harlot.

विचासिनी vilasin-ee, f. ) adj. Wanton, विचासी vilasée, m. sportive, dallying.

विवादी vilésce, s. m. A sensualist, an enjoyer.

বিৰাখন vilókun,s. m. Sight, soeing, looking.

facilians vilok-ná, v. a. To see, to look, to view.

विस्तिकारिक vilókun-éeyuh, adj. Agreeable, besutiful, fit to be seen or looked at. विस्तिक vilolát, adj. Seen, beheld. विज्ञीचन viló-chun, s. m. The eye. विज्ञीचनपात vilóchun-pát, s. m. A glance,

विनोडक vilótuk, s. m. A sort of fish (Gupea cultrata).

विवोधना vilórna, v. a. To shake, to churn विवोधन vilóbhun, s. m. Allurement, attraction, temptation, seduction; beguiling, perplexing.

विचाम wilom, adj. Reverse, opposite, contrary, backward.

विकासिकवा vilóm-kríya, s. f. Rule of inversion.

विज्ञासनेटारिक vilóm-tryrásik, s. m. Rule of three inverse.

विज्ञासिविध vilóm-vídhi, s. f. Rule of inversion.

विसोवना vilóvna, v. a. To churu.

fact vill, s. m. A pit, a hole.

face vilv, s. m. A fruit tree, commonly named Bel ( Ægle marmelos); the fruit of the Bel.

fast vivur, s. m. A hole, a chasm, a vaenity; fault, defect.

factus viverum, c. m. Explanation, exposition, gloss, comment; detailing, describing.

विवदत्तन vivúrj-jun, s. m. Abandoning, leaving, shunuing.

fastand vivurj-jit, adj. Left, abandoned, avoided, shunned.

विवर्ण vivurn, s. m. A man of a low caste, one of degrading occupation, an outcaste.

farm vivus, ady. Independent; uncontrolled, unrestrained, unsubdued; sedate at the period of death, or having the soul free from worldly cares and fears.

विवस्त vivustr, adj. Unclothed, naked. विवस्ता vivuksha, s. f Wish, desire.

विविचित्र vivukshit, adj. Wished, desired. विविचित्र vivukshité, s. f. Purpose, wish.

विवाद vivád, s. m. Contest, contention. विवादी vivádee, adj. Disputing, contending, a litigant.

विवासन vivásun, s. m. Exile, banishment. विवास viváh, s. m. Marriage.

विवाहित vivahit, m. विवाहिता vivahit-a, f. } adj. Married,

বিবিষ vividh, adj. Various, multiform, of many sorts.

faga vivék, s. m. Discrimination, judgment.

विवेदिकता vivekitá, s. f. Judgment, discrimination, the faculty or property of judgment. विवेकी vivekee, adj. Judicious, discriminative. s. m. A sage, a philosopher, a judge.

বিবৰৰ vivéchun, s. m. Discrimination, judgment, distinguishing truth from falsehood. বিশ্বস্থ vishunk, adj. Fearless, undaunted. বিশ্বস্থ vishustr, adj. Disarmed, unarmed. বিশ্বস্থা vishakar, s. m. A plant (Euphorbia of various kinds).

fantat vishakha, s. f. The sixteenth lunar

faura vishal, adj. Great, large; great, eminent, illustrious.

विमालता vishalta, e. f. Magnitude, bulk ; eminence, distinction.

fafite vishisht, adj. Endowed with, possessed of, having, inherent or attached to.

farra vishesh, s. m. Sort, kind, manner; excellence, superiority.

विशेषक visheshun, adj. Discriminative, attributive.

विश्व visheshyúh,ælj. Principal, primary, chief. s. m. A name, a substantive.

বিমান vishok, adj. Without grief, happy.
বিমান vishrant, adj. Rested, reposed;
calm, composed.

विद्यान्ति vishrantí, s. f. Rest, repose,cessation from toil or occupation.

विद्यास vishram,s. m. Rest,repose ; pause, stop, cessation ; tranquillity, composure.

for a vishwuh, adj. All, entire, whole, universal s. m. The world, the universe; a deity of a particular class in which ten are enumerated who are worshipped particularly at the funeral obsequies in honor of decessed projections in general, and receive an oblation of clarified butter at the daily and domestic Shraddh.

विश्वकारी vishwuh-karmma, s. m. The son of Bruhma, and artist of the gods.

বিশ্বনা vishwuh-ká, s. f. A sort of gull (Larus ridibundus).

विश्वसत vishwuh-krit, s. m. The creator, the maker of all things.

विश्वान víshwuh-jún, s. m. All men, mankind.

বিশ্ববিদ্যা vishwuh-jit, adj. All-subduing. বিশ্ববিদ্যা vishwuh-deva, s. f. A plant (Headywrum lagopodioides).

विश्वचारी vishwuh-dharee, } adj. All-sus-विश्वचार vishwumbhūr, taining. विश्वराज vishwuh-rāj, s. m. A universal sovereiga.

farget vishwuróop, adj. Taking all forms, existing in all forms, universal, emnipresent. s. m. Vishnoo.

বিশ্বহার vishwuróchun, s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

विश्वव्यापक vishwuh-vyapuk, adj. All-pervading, everywhere diffused.

विश्वसामी vishwuh-vyāpee,adj. All-diffused or pervading.

विश्व आदि vishwuh-vyápti, s. f. Universal diffusion or permeation.

विश्वसारक vishwuh-saruk, s. m. The prickly pear (Costus Indicus).

विश्वसमा vishwusrushta, s. m. The creator of all, God.

farm vishwa, s. f. A tree, the bark of which is said to be used in dyeing red, commonly called Utes (Besula).

विश्वास yishwatm, s. m. The soul of the world, the universal spirit, God.

farifing vishwa-mitr,s. m. A Mooni, the son of Gadhi, originally of the military order, but who became by long and painful austorities a Brahmurahi, in which character he appears in the Ramayun, as the early preceptor and counsellor of Ram.

विश्वास vishwas,s. m. Trust, faith, confi-

विश्वासङ्ख vishwas-krit,adj. Inspiring confidence or faith.

विश्वासदात vishwas-ghat, s. m. Violation of trust, treachery.

বিশ্বনের vishwas-ghatuk, s. m. A traitor, one who betrays confidence.

विश्वासपाल vishwas-patr, s. m.A confidential agent, one worthy to be trusted.

विश्वासमञ्ज vishwas bhung, s. m. Breach of faith, violation of confidence.

विश्वासी vishwäsee, adj. Trusting, confiding in; honest, trusty.

farat vishweswur, s. m. Sloiv, under a form or appellation in which especially he is worshipped at Beneres, where a celebrated temple is appropriated to him in the character of lord or god of the universe.

fau vish, s. m. Poison, venom.

विषय ती vish-ghatee, adj. Antidotic, an antidote. v. m. A tree (Mimosu sirisa).

faufu víshuni, s. m. A sort of snake.

ous. s. m. A snake.

fauarna vish-nashun, s. m. A tree (Mimosa sirisa); an antidote; removing or curing poison.

विषयाणी vish-nashee, adj. Antidote.

विषयान्य vish bhukshun, s. m. Taking poison

विषम् ज क vish-bhoojung, s.m. A poisonous enake.

four vishum, vikhum, adj. Difficult (of access), rough, uneven; difficult, &c. (of comprehending), as a book; painful, difficult, troublesome (in general); odd (in numbers); featful; frichtful, awful.

विश्व ज्यार vishum-jwur, s. m. A violent fe-

ver; irregularly remittent fever.

विषय क् vish-muntr, s. m. A snake-catcher, one who by pretended charms, c. attracts snakes and cures the bite; a charm for curing snake bites-विषय सहस्य vishum-salus, s. m. Temerity, daring.

faus vishuy, s. m. Any object of sense, any thing perceivable by the senses, as colour, form, flavour, odour and sound; an object in general, as of affection or desire, &c., worldly object or pursuit, affair, business, transaction, &c.

faual vishuy-ée, s. m. An opicurean, a sensualist, one heedful of objects of sense or attentive to worldly objects; a materialist, one who denies the existence of any thing which is not an object of sense; a man of business or of the world.

বিষ্টিবলৈ vish-vidya, s. f. The administration of autidotes, the cure of poisons by drugs or charms

विववदा vish-vydyuh, s. m. A dealer in antidotes, one professing by charms, &c. to cure the bite of a snake.

विषम्चक vish-sóochuk, s. m. The Greek partridge (Perdix rufa).

विषद्ध vish-húr, adj. An antidote, removing venom.

दिषक्ट्य vish-hriduy, adj. Malieious, malignant, cherishing hatred or hostility.

विधास vishan, s. m. The horn of an animal; the tusks of an elephant; the tusk or fang of the boar.

faural vishanée, s. m. Any animal with

विवाद vishad, s. m. Lassitude, dejection, lowness of spirits, want of energy.

विवादी vishadée, adj. Dejected, disconsolate, sorrowful.

faurus vish-apuh, adj. Antidotic, an anti-

faurust vish-apuha, s. f. A kind of birth wort (Aristolochia Indica).

विषाल vish-aloo, adj. Venomous, poison-

विषय vishoov, विषयस vishoov-út, } s. m. The equinox.

fau a trait vishoov-chhaya, s. f. The shadow of the gnomen at noon when the sun is in the equinostial points.

विष्यदिन vishoov-din, s. m. The day of the equinox.

faren vish-túmbh, s. m. A disease, obstruction of urine or faces, ischury, constipation; paralyis, loss of motion.

farz vish-tur, e. m. A seat, stool, chair, couch; the seat of the Brahmun, either real or in effigy, as presiding at a sacrifice.

fafe vishti, s. f. The seventh of the variable Kuruns, or estronomical periods so termed, each answering to half a lunar day.

faur vishtha, s. f. Feces, ordure.

fam vishnoo, s. m. One of the three principal Hindoo deities, and the preserver of the

विकासाना vishnoo-kranta, e. f. A flower (Clitorea ternatea.)

विष्णुपद vishnoo-púd, s. m. The sky, heaven, atmosphere.

विकापरी vishnoo-pudee, s. f. One of the twelve Sunkrantis or periods at which the sun enters a sign of the zodiac, especially the first sign after the equinox.

विकास अपना vishnoo-vullubha, s. f. A plant (Echites caryophyllata); a small fragrant shrub (Ocymum sanctum).

fan vis, pron. 3d pers. sing, inflect. (same

as oos), Him, her, it, that, &c. दिन्ती visúrg, s. m. The soft aspirate, marked by two perpendicular dots(:), and as the substitute of the letters w or w, the termination of various inflexions both of nouns and verbs.

विश्वलेन visúrjun, s. m. Cift, donation ; quitting, relinquishing, dismissing, sending away. fair viseh, pron. 3d pers. sing. (same as oosch) Him, her, it, to him, to her, &c.

fame vis-tur, s. m. A bed.

factor vis-tar, s. m. Spreading, extension, diffusion; vastness, expanse; breadth, amplitude.

fatal wis-teern, adj. Spread, expanded. facta vistrit, adj. Spread, diffused, extended. [cle.

facefa vistrití, s. f. The diameter of a cirface vispusht, adj. Apparent, manifest, open; plain, intelligent.

Aboil, a pustale; Taggiz visphot, e. m. विस्तोटा visphotá, s. f. S small-pox.

विदाय vismuy, s. m. Wonder, surprise, astonishment.

विद्यार vismuyee, ) adj. Astonished, sur-विकास vismit. prised.

fama vismrit, adj. Forgotten.

विकासि vismriti, s. f. Forgetting, forgetfulness.

farar víswur, adj. Discordant, unharmo-

विखाद viswad, adj. Insipid, flavourless.

विच्न vihung, o. m. A bird. विष्ठ इस vihung-um,

विस्त्रण vihurun, s.m. Taking off or away ; going about for pleasure or exercise.

faste vihar, s. m. Play, sport, pastime. farri viharee, adj. Playful, sportive; taking pleasure or relaxation.

विन्हीन viheen, adj. Abandoned, left, deserted, deprived of.

विचित्र vikshipt, adj. Thrown, cast ; agitated, bewildered, perplexed; foolish.

विचेष vikshep, s. m. Casting, throwing ; confusion, perplexity; celestial latitude.

बीज veej, s. m. Seed (of plants, dc.); cause, origin in general; semen virile; algebra, analysis.

बोजकोग veej-kosh, s. m. Any seed-vessel. बीलकोशी veej-koshee, s. f. A pod, a legume.

वी अगिका veej-gunit, s. m. Algebra.

वीजन veejún, s. m. A fan.

बीटिका veetika, s.f. The betel plant (Piper betel); the preparation of the Areca nut with spices and chunam, and enveloped in the leaf of the Piper betel, betel, paun.

बीका véena, s. f. The Indian lute, a fretted instrument of the guitar kind, usually having seven wires or strings, and a large gourd at each end of the finger board: the extent of the instrument is two octaves : it is supposed to be the invention of Narud, the son of Bruhma, and has many varieties, commerated according to the number of strings, &c.

are veer, adj. Heroic ; powerful, mighty. s. 76. A hero, a warrior, a champion.

वीरवा veer-ta, s. f. Heroism.

बीरभद् veer-bhúdr, s. m. A distinguished warrior.

बीख veerjyuh, s. m. Strength, vigour, power; semen virile; heroism, valour; seed (of plants, &c.)

वीर्धवान veerj-wan, ady. Strong, stout, robusic.

बीर्खिवरहित veerj-viruhit, adj. Devoid of power or vigour, &c.

वीयाविशिष्ट véerj-vishisht, adi. Possessed of courage, vigour, &c.

वीव्यहानि véerj-hani, s. f. Loss of vigour or courage; impotence.

बीर्ख हीन veerj-heen, adj. Seedless : cowardly.

place &c.), immediately, exactly there, on the spot, in that very manner.

वतना woot-na, } ady. That much.

(occasionally like veh.) they, those.

वृह्यं woohan, adv. There, thither, yonder. वृह्यं wooheen, adv. That very (time, place, de.), immediately, exactly there.

द्वन vrik, s. m. A wolf.

रिज vriji, s. f. A country, probably that to the west of Delhi and Agra, or the modern Bruj. इस vritt, adj. Practice, profession, means

of gaining a subsistence; a circle.

ment of a circle.

द्वतान्त vrittánt, s.m. Tidings, rumour, intelligence; a tale, a story.

zfa vritti, s. f. Livelihood, profession, means of acquiring subsistence; circumference of a circle.

हमा vritha, adv. Uscless, fruitless; in vain. इह vriddh, adj. Old, aged, ancient. s. m.

An old man, or one past seventy.

द्वस्था vríddh-séva, s. f. Reverence for

gg; vriddhá, s. f. An oldwoman, either one past child bearing or one with grey hair.

ENTERT vriddh-avusthá, s. f. The condition or period of old age.

in general, as in bulk, consequence, wealth, &c.; rise, ascending, mounting; prosperity, success; the eleventh of the astronomical Yogs, or Yog star of the 11th lunar mansion; the increase of the digits of the sun or moon; enlargement of the serotum, either from swelled testacle or hydrocele or other morbid affections; interest, usury, especially returning the principal (as in the case of seed corn lent), with a proportion at eincrement.

इडिसान vriddhi-man, adj. Augmented, increased, rich; prosperous.

The winddhi-shraddh, s.m. A sacrifice to progenitors on any prosperous occasion, as the birth of a son, &c.

gravind, s. m. A heap, a multitude, a quantity.

हरूर vrin-da, s. tf. Holy [basil (Ocymum

दिख्य vrishchik, s. m. A scorpion; the

w vrish, vrikh, s. in. A bull; the sign of the zodiac Taurus. gfe vrishti, s. f. Rain.

दिकाल vrishti-kal, s. m. The rainy season.

ष्ट्रहरून vrihujjún, s. m A great or illustrious man.

gga vrihút, adi. Great, large.

ETATE vribud-gooh, s. m. A country, described as lying behind the Vindhya mountains, near the province of Malwa, and perhaps comprising Bundelkhund, or the adjoining district.

दहचात vrihusputi, s. m. The regent of the planet Jupiter, identified astronomically with the planet.

wrote one passive.

हहस्पतिचक्र vrfhusputi-chukr, s. m. The

वहस्पतिवार vrihusputi-war,s.m. Thursday. इन vriksh, s. m. A tree in general.

द्वाचर vriksh-chür, s. m. A monkey.

हचा क्राया vriksh-chhāya, \*.f. The shade of a single tree; the shade of many trees, or a grove.

द्रज्ञ अप vriksh-dhóop, s. m. Turpentine.

द्वानाथ vriksh-nath, s.m. The Indian figtree, as lord of trees.

इसम्य virksh-múy, adj. Abounding with trees.

garlun vriksh-rópun, s. m. Planting trees.

वेकट vekut, s. m. A sort of fish (perhaps the common Bhekti).

नेग veg, s. m. Speed, dispatch, velocity. adv. Quickly, speedily.

नेगवान vegwan, adv. Quickly, speedily.

afrar vegitá, s. f. Speed, quickness.

बेगी végee, adj. Swift, fleet, rapid.

ed hair; assemblage of water, as the conflux of rivers, &c., as at Allahabad, where the Gunga, Yumoona, and as is supposed, the Surusunti, all coming from the north, unite: this and other similar places, thence receive the name of Trivenec.

बेखा vénoo, s. m. A flute, a pipe

बेजुबाद venoo-vad, s. m. A player on a flute.

वेतन vétun, s. m. Hire, wages.

वेतना wétna, adj. So much, that much.

वेत्रच vetás, s. m. The ratan (Calamus rotang).

वेतास vetal, s. m. A sprite, a goblin, especially one supposed to haunt cemeteries and animating dead bodies.

नेता vetta, adj. Knowing, understanding, acquainted with s. m. A sage, one who knows the nature of the soul and God.

an vetr, s. m. A reed, a cane, the ratau. बेह्रबती vetr-witee, s. f. The Betwa river, which rises in the province of Malwa, and following a north-easterly course for about 340 miles, falls into the Jumna near Calpec.

बेट ved, s. m. A Ved, the generic term for the sacred w. itings or scripture of the Hindoos, supposed to have been revealed by Brahmu, and after being preserved by tradition for a considerable period, to have been arranged in the present form by Vyas: the principal Veds are three in number, the Rich, Yugoos, and Sam, to which a fourth, the Uthure, is usually added, and the Itihas and Poorans, or ancient history and mythology, are sometimes considered as a fifth. बेदन vedúgyuh, s. m. A Brahmun skilled in the Veds.

वेटन ved-un, s. m.) Pain, smart, agony. वेदना ved-ná, s. f..

बद्युवास ved-poonyuh, s. m. The sanctity of the Veds.

बेटमाता ved-mata, s. f. The mystical prayer or Gayutrec, personified as the mother or source of the Veds.

वेद व्यास ved-vyás, s. m. The Mooni Vyas, the compiler and arranger of the Veds.

बेदाङ vedáng, s. m. A sacred science, considered as subordinate to, and in some sense, a part of the Veds: six sciences come under this denomination, viz. Siksha, or the science of pronunciation and articulation; Kulp, the detail of religious ceremonies; Vyakurun or grammar; Chhund, prosody; Jyotish, or astronomy; and Nirookti, or the explanation of the difficult or obscure words and phrases that occur in the Veds. बेदान्त vedánt, s. m. The theological part

of the Veds: considered collectively it is contained in the numerous passages or chapters of the Veds termed Oopunishuds, which inculcate an abstract and speculative monotheistical worship, and these have been further explained and illustrated by later writers: the founder of the school is Vyas, and subsequently Sunkuracharyuh is its most eminent teacher.

बदानी vedantée, s. m. A follower of the Vedant philosophy.

वदास्यास védabhyás, s. m. The repetition of the mystical syllable Om; study of the Veds.

बेदिका védika, s. f. A quadrangular open shed in the middle of a court-yard, erected for various purposes; ground prepared for sacrificial ceremonies, a rude kind of altar.

बेदी véd-ee, s. f. Ground for placing the vessels used at an oblation, or for binding the victim, or lighting the sacrificial fire; it is more or less raised and of various shapes; an altar, &c. s. m. A Pundit, a learned Brahmun, a teacher, बेटील ved-ókt, adj. Scriptural, taught or declared in the Veds.

depth (in measurement).

बेधक vedhúk, adj. Sharp, piercing, a piercer or perforator.

विधना vedhna, v. a. To pierce, perforate.

वेधनी vedh-née, s. f. An instrument for piercing an elephant's ear; a small gimblet or perforating instrument used to pierce gems, shells, &c.; an auger, a gimblet, &c., or any similar instrument.

बेचित vedhit, adv. Pierced, perforated. किशी vedhee, adj. Pieroing, perforating.

वेबा véla, e.f. Time.

बेश vesh, s. m. Dress, decoration.

वेशदान vesh-dan, s. m. The sun-flower. नेशवारी vesh-dharee, s. m. A hypocrite, a false devotee,

वेशर vésh-ur, s. m. A mule-

नेश्चर vesh-ya, s.f. A harlot, a prostitute, a whore; a plant (Cissampelos hexandra).

बेष vesh, s. m. Ornament , dress, decoration.

बेहन vesh-tún, s. m. Surrounding, encompassing.

बेहिन vesh-tit, adj. Surrounded, encompassed, enclosed; bound round, enveloped, wrapped up.

वेसर vés-ur, s. m. A mule.

वेंछना vynchh-na, v. a. To skin.

वेकान vykál, s. m. Evening, afternoon.

a grate vy-koonth, s. m. A name of Vishnoo; the paradise or world of Vykoonth or Vishnoo; its site is variously described, either as in the northern ocean, or on the eastern peak of mount Meroo.

वेकान्न vykant, s. m. A kind of gem, said to resemble a diamond, and to be of similar properties; it is also considered to be a burnt diamond, and to be the common loadstone or

विचित्र vyn-ik, s. m. A lutist, a player on the Veena or Indian lute.

वतर्थी vyturunee, s. f. The river of hell. वेदिक vyd-fk, adj Scriptural, derived from or conformable to the Veds.

बद्र्य vy-dóorj, s. m. A gem of a dark colour, the lapis lazuli.

वेदेशिक vy-déshik, adj. Foreign, stranger. ag vydyuh, s. m. A physician.

चेअव vy-bhúvuh, s. m. Grandeur, wealth.

वयाकरण vya-kurun, adj. Grammatical, relating to grammar, s. m. A grammarian,

ar vyr, s. m. Enmity, hostility.

बेराज vyrág, s. m. Absence of worldly passion or desire.

serial vyragee, s. m. An ascetic, a devotee, one who has subdued his worldly desires: at present the term in common use is applied to a particular class of religious mondicants.

particular class of religious mondicants.

TIME vyrágyuh, s. m. Subjection of the appetite and passions, absence of worldly desires.

वैदिशा vyrita, s. f. Enmity.

वैरियो vyrin-ée, f. } adj. Hostile, inimical.

at) vy-ree, s. m. An enemy.

a new yehakh, s. m. The month in which the moon is full near the southern scale (April-May), the first month in the Hindoo calendar.

बहार vyshakhee, s. f. The day of full moon in the month Vysakh.

agricultural and mercantile tribe.

वेश्वक्रिया vyshyuh-kriya, s.f. Trade, agriculture.

वेद्यानी vyshyuh-née, s. f. A woman of the

www. vyshúm-yuh, s. m. Inequality, unevenness; solitariness, singleness.

vyshnúv, adj. Relating or belonging to Vishnoo. e. m. A follower of Vishnoo.

ang to Viennoo, e.m. A follower of Viennoo.

ang vyshnuvée, s. f. A flower (Clitoria ternatea); sacred basil (Oeyman sanctum).

देश vysa, adv. or adj. In that manner, so, that like, such. Wysa ka wysa, Such as before. विशाही vysahée, adv. In the same manner.

करें vysen, adv. Freely, without cost,

won, adv. In that manner, so. Won ka wonker, Exactly the same as before or originally.

ale wod, adj. Wet, moist, damp.

बोदान wodál, s. m. A sheat fish (Silurus Boalis).

ale wol, s. m. Gum, myrrh.

war vyukt, adj. Wise, learned; ovident, manifest, apparent; individual, specific.

aris vynkti, s. f. Individuality; appearance, manifestation; case, inflexion, or the proper form of any inflected word.

ara vyugr, adj. Bewildered, perplexed, distracted.

ब्युक्त vyugr-ta, s. f. Perplexity, anxiety. ब्युक्त vyungool, s. m. The 60th part of a digit or Ungool.

अवन vyhjun, s. m. A fan.

वञ्जन vyúnjuk, s. m. A sign, a mark, a symbol.

व्यञ्जन vyunjun, s. m. Sauce, condiment;

व्यक्तिक vyúti-krúm, s. m. Inverted or retregrada order, inversion, reverse; contrariety, opposition in general.

व्यक्ति vy úti-ríkt, adi. Different, dis-

व्यतिरेक vyutirek, e. m. Difference, sepa-

aunia vyutéet, adj. Past, gone.

व्यति vyútee-pát, s. m. Great and portentous calamity, or a portent; the seventeenth of the astrological Yogs.

व्यथा vyútha, s. f. Pain.

व्यवाकर vyútha-kúr, adj. Painful, excruciating.

व्यथार्गहत vyútha-rúhit, adj. Free from psin.

व्यक्तिचार vyúbhi-chár, s. m. Following improper courses, doing what is prohibited or wicked

व्यक्तिचारियों vyúbhi-chárinee, s. f. A wanton woman, an unchaste wife.

व्यक्तिचारी vyubhi-charee,adj.Following or doing what is improper; going astray.

ब्रह्म vyúy, s. m. Expenditure, expending ; destruction, disappearance.

च्यू vyurth, adj. Useless, vain, unprofit-

व्यक्ता vyurth-tá, s. f. Unprofitableness, uselessness; absence of meaning, nonsense.

व्यवस्थन vyúv-kúlun, s. m. Subtraction.

व्यवक्रेंद्र vyuv-chhéd, s. m. Dividing, separating.

व्यवधान vyuv-dhan, s. m. Intervening, intervention, space.

द्धारायच vyuv-dhayuk, adj. Intervening, intermediate, separating.

অবসায় vyuv-sáyuh, s. m. Effort, exertion, perseverance, industry; following any business or profession; plan, device, trick.

व्यवसायी vyuv-sayee, adj. Active, energe-

remote or apart; a decree, a written declaration of the law, applied in practice to the written extracts from the codes of law, stated as the opinions of the *Hindoo* law officers attached to the courts of justice; an engagement, an agreement, a contract.

profession, business; the practice of the courts, or civil and criminal law, judicial procedure, admi-

nistrative justice, as the examination of evidence, &c.; contests at law, law suit, litigation.

syattica vyuv-harik, adj. Customary, usual; engaged in customary duty or avocation; connected with or relating to legal process; litigant, being party to a suit.

region by the state of the stat

व्यवस्थार्थ vyuv-háryuh, adj. To be observed or practised, as a duty or avocation customary, usual; actionable, subject to legal process.

स्य vyust, adj. Confounded, confused, bewildered; pervaded, penetrated, spread.

द्यस्ता vyusi-ta, s. f. Agitation, bewilderment; inherence.

ब्याकरण vyá-kúrun, s. m. Grammar; explaining, expounding.

व्याकरकी vyá-kűrunee,s.m.A grammarian. व्याक्त vyakóol,adj. Confounded, bewildered, perplexed, overcome with fear, &c.

व्यक्ति vyakool-tá, s. f. Perplexity, agitation, alarm.

व्याज्ञलमना vyakóol-múna, adj. Agitated, flurried, bewildered.

व्यानुचित vyakoolit, adj. Agitated, flurried, perplexed.

ब्याख्या vyakhyá, s f. Exposition, explanation, gloss, comment.

ब्या ब्यान vyskhyán, s. m. Explaining, expounding.

ment; the thirteenth of the astronomical Yogs.

aurural vya-ghatee, adj. Who or what opposes, resists, beats, &c.

व्याच vyaghr, s. m. A tiger.

আছ্লাকী vyághr-nűkhee, s. f. A tiger's claw,s sort of perfume; a scratch or impression of the finger nails.

আৰু vyaj, s. m. Deceit, fraud, craft, cunning; disguise, either of purpose or person; wickedness.

by killing deer, &c.; a low or wicked man.

arf's vyádhi, s. m. Sickness, disease in general.

व्याधित vya-dhit, adj. Sick, ill, diseased. व्याधिरहित vyadhi-rühit, adj. Free from disease, convalescent.

ब्यान vyan, s. m. One of the five vital airs, that which is diffused throughout the body.

आपन vyép-nk,adj. Diffusive,comprchensive, spreading or extending widely, व्यापकता vyapuk-tá, s. f. Diffusion, pervadence.

ब्रापना vyáp-na, v. त. To spread through or throughout, to pervade, penetrate.

Trade, profession; exercise, practice.

ब्यापारी vyapáree,adj. Busy,occupied ; exercising, practising.

ब्यापी vyápee, adj. Diffusive, comprehensive.

penetrated by; celebrated, famous; filled, full.

wiff vyapti, s. f. Pervading, inherence; universal permeation, omnipresence.

व्याप्तिमान vyapti-man,adj. Diffusive, pervading.

व्याधाना vyapyutá, s. f. Capacity of being penetrated or essentially affected by. व्यास vyam, s. m. A fathom, or the space

between the tips of the fingers of either hand when the arms are extended.

ल्यायाम vyayam, s. m. Fatigue, labour; gymnastics.

व्यावहारी vyav-háree, adj. Usual, customary; juridical, judicial, legals. m. A counsellor, a minister.

thor, the supposed original compiler of the Veds and Poorans, also the founder of the Vedant philosophy; diffusion, extension; the diameter of a circle.

खुनक्रम vyoot-krúm, s. m. Inverted order, irregular arrangement.

ज्ञाति vyoot-pútti, s. f. Science, learning; ; formation of words, derivation, etymology.

ब्युत्व vyoot-púnn, adj. Learned, conversant or proficient in literature; derived, formed as a derivative word; generated, begotten.

ang vyooh, s. m. Military array, the arrangement of troops in various positions.

त्रण vrun, s. m.A tumour,a boil; an ulcer, a wound.

সাব vrut, s. m. Any meritorious act of devotion, the voluntary or vowed observance, or imposition of any penance, austerity, or privation, as fasting, continence, exposure to heat and cold, &c.

and vrutée, adj. Engaged in or observing a religious vow or obligation s. m. An ascetic, a devotee, one engaged in the observance of a vow or penance.

ara vrát-yuh, s. m. A Brahmun, or man of the three first classes, in whose youth the customary observances have been omitted, and who has not received his investisure with the sacrificial thread. आखा vratyá, s. f. A female of a fallen Brahmun, &c.

बीड़ा vreera, s. f. Shame, bashfulness, modesty.

बीड़ित vree-rit, adj. Ashamed, modest, बीड़िड vreehi, s. m. Rice of various kinds.

## H

M shuh, The thirtieth consonant of the Nagures alphabet; and corresponds to sh pronounced softly, as in shun.

Ne shikuh, s.m. A sovereign, any prince who gives his name to an era, especially applied to Salivahum; a particular caste, the followers or descendants of Sakuh, or Salivahum.

was shuk-ut, s. m. A cart.

श्करिका shukut-ik-a, s. f. A small cart, a toy-cart.

श्रकरभवा shukur-bhut-a, e. m. A kind of sweetmeat made of rice, butter and sugar.

भावन shuk-oon, s. m. Any lucky or auspi-

शक्ति shu-kooni, s. m. A bird; one of the astronomical periods called Kuruns.

ness shuk-ool, s. m. A fish.

यज्ञान के shukool-gund, s. m. A kind of fish, the gilt head.

श्रुकार्भन shukool-arbhuk, s. m. A sort of gilt-head (Sparus emarginatus).

um shukt, ads. Able, capable, strong, powerful.

War al shukt-tá, s. f. Ability, power.

शक्ति shukti, s. f. Power, ability, strength, provess; the energy or active power of a deity. शक्तिकान shukti-man, adj. Powerful, migh-

ম্রিভীৰ shukti-heen, adj.Powerless, impotent.

was shuk-yuh, adj. Possible, practicable, to be effected or done.

negat shukyutá, s. f. Possibility.

amily shukr-gop, s. m. An insect of a red colour (Cocoinella or lady-bird of various species).

मक्रधन्त्र shukr-dhunoos, s. m. The bow of Indr, the rainbow.

शक्तभूभाग shukr-bhóobhva, s. f. Colocynth (Cucumis coloquintida).

MATTER shukr-ashun, s. m. A. medicinal plant (Wrighten antidysenterica).

west-shunkur.s, s. m. Name of a musical mode.

TET shun-kur, s. m. The name of a celebrated teacher of the Vedant philosophy.

अक्टाअर आ shunkur-abhurun, s. m. Namo of a musical mode.

May shun-ka, s.f. Fear, terror, apprehension; doubt, uncertainty.

गङ्गास shunka muy, adj. Fearful, afraid. सङ्ग्रहीन shunka heen, adj. Free from doubt or apprehension.

यदित shunk-it,adj. Alarmed, frightened; doubtful, uncertain.

The trunk of a lopped tree; a javelin; a pin, a stake, a pale; the gnomon of a dial, usually twelve fingers long; the scate fish (Raia Sankur).

महोच shun-koch, s. m. A scate fish.

my shunkh, s. m. The conch shell used by the Hindres; a large number, ten or a hundred billions.

woman, one of the four classes into which females are divided in crotic writings: the Shunkhinee is described astall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of iraseible disposition and strong passions.

To shuth, adj. Wicked, deprayed, per-

verse, dishonest. [vity.

स्त at shuth-ta, s. f. Wickedness, depra-स्त shun, s. m. Hemp (Cannabis satua); Bengal Sun, a plant from which a kind of hemp is prepared (Crotolaria juncea and other kinds). स्ता के shun-sootr, s. m. The fibre or flax

of the Sun plant, or string made from it; cordage, twine.

and in the midst of the river Some; an insular spot inclosed by the branches of the Surjoo, where it falls into the Ganges above Chhupra, at Bhrigoorasrum or Bhugrasum; called also the bank of the Durduree.

wee shund, s. m. A bull at liberty.

श्रुत shut, s m. A hundred.

मृतम्म shut-góon, adj. A hundred times, a hundred fold.

rises in the Himaluy mountains, in the vicinity it is supposed of the Rawn hrud or take, and running to the S. W. unites in the Punjab with the Beya or Vipasa, when it forms the Hyphasis of the Greeks, and falls into the Indus below Mooltan.

भ्रतपदी shut-pud-ee, } s.f. A centipede,

maure shut-pad, jaulus.

य तिवया shut-bhisha, s. f. The twenty-fifth lunar mansion, containing 100 stars.

भत्रज्ञी shut-moolee, s.f. A plant (Asparagus racenosus).

श्ताचा shut-luksh, s. m. A hundred Lakhs, ten millions.

सत्वर्ध shut-vúrsh, s. m. A century.

स्तवभी shut-védhee, s. m. A sort of dock or sorrel (Oxulis monadalpha, or, Rumex vesicarius).

भत्रस्त् shut-suhusr, s. m. A hundred thousand.

ung shutroo, a. m. An enemy, a foe, an adversary.

स्तुता shutroo-tá, s. f. Hostility, enmity. सन्दि shúni, s. m. The planet Saturn or its resent.

श्रानिषिय shuni-priyuh, e. m. The emerald or sapphire.

श्रीनवार shuni-war, s. m. Saturday.

श्रनेश्ने shúnuy-shúnuy, adv. Slowly, tardily.

श्रमेश्वर shunyschur, s. m. The planet Saturn or its mythological personification.

भूपन shuputh, s.m. An oath asseveration by oath or ordeal; an imprecation; a curse.

स्यन shup-un, e.m. An oath, confirmation of the truth by oath or ordeal; abuse, imprecation, cursing, malediction.

TA shupt, adj. Cursed, anathematized.
s. m. A sort of grass (Saccharum cylindricum).
Wall shuppa, s. m. A butt, or mark for archers.

प्रकरी shapn-ree, s. f. A small fish (Cyprinus Sophore).

n≅ shubd, \* m. Sound, word, voice; (in grammar) A declinable word, as noun, pronoun, &c.

मह्त्रार shubd-kar, adj. Sounding, sonorous.

महर्चोर shubd-chór, s. m. A plagiary. भ्रद्धोनि skubd-yóni, s. f. A root, a radical word.

सन्धारक shubd-shastr, ह. m. Philology, grammar, &c.

wa shum, s. m. Quiet of mind, stoicism, indifference; abstract meditation on Bruhma, or God; quiet, tranquillity, rest, calm; final happiness, emancipation from human existence.

श्रम shumun, s. m. Killing animals for sacrifice, immolation; mental tranquillity, calmness, indifference.

शक्ति shumit, adj. Pacified, appeased; quiet, tranquil, sedate, calm.

nal shum-ee, adj. Tranquil, pacific, tranquillized s. f. A logume or pod; a tree (Acacia Suma); a shrub (Serratula anthelmintica).

श्रमीपत्नी shumee-putree, s.f. A sort of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

THIE shum-eer, s. m. A small variety of the Mimosa Suma.

मुख्य shum-book, s. m. A bivalve shell; a conch shell; a snail.

श्राचन shuyun, s. m. Sleep; a bed, a couch; copulation.

भवान shuyáloo, adj. Sleepy, slothful, slug-

महार shujya, s. f. A bed, a couch, a sopha. भूद shur, s. m. A sort of reed or grass (Saccharum Sara); an arrow.

Witz shurt, s. m. A lizard, a chameleon; sufflower, the plant.

mron sharun, s. m. A house; a preserver, a protector, what or who protects or preserves; preservation, protection, defence.

महामान shurun-agut, adj. Refugee, appellant, one who comes for protection or refuge.
महामार्ग shurun-arthee, adj. Unfortunate, wretched, involved in calamity or ruin, and dependent on others for protection or aid.

True shurun-yúh, adj To be protected or aided, poor, miserable, heipless. s. m. A protection, a protector, that which or who affords refuge and defence; a house, protection, defence.

श्रतकान shurut-kal, adj. The Autumnal season.

स्तिकालीन shurut-kaléen, adj. Autummal. सर्द shurud, s. f. The season of autumm or the sultry season; the two months succeeding the rains; according to the Vydikus comprising the months Bhadr and Aswin, and according to the Pouranikus, Aswin and Kartik, fluctuating thus from August to November.

WIN shurubh, s. m. A fabulous animal, supposed to have eight legs, and to inhabit particularly the snowy mountains.

भार मञ्ज shurmull, s. m. A small bird, considered as a variety of the Salic or Myna (Turduo gosalica).

म्र्यु shur-joo, s. f. The Serjoo river.

was shurul, adj. Upright, honest.

भर्तता shurul-tá, s. f. Uprightness, sincerity.

महाद्रा shuráta, s. m. Sound, noise, voice. महाद्रि shuráti, े s. f. A sort of bird महाजी shurálee, (Turdus ginginianus). महाजी shurábór, adj. Soused, dripping wet.

mra shurao, s m. A lid, a cover; a shallow cup or dish; a platter.

भरासन shurásun, s. m. A bow.

with shureer, s. m. The body.

भरीरकल्ब shuréer-bundhúk, s.m.A host-

uflicion shureer sunskar, e. m. Purification of the body by various ceremonies at conception, birth, initiation, death, &c.

wild shureeree, adj. Embodied, corporeal, having body.

Tart shurkrá, s. m. Clayed or candied sugar; gravel (the disease).

Man's shurm-ma, adj. Happy, glad, s. on.
A name or appellation common to Brahmans.

भर्जिरी shurv-vur-ee, s. f. Night; a wo-

श्राचीन shulbeen, s. f. Vice in a horse. श्राचन shulfish, s. m. A grasshopper; a locust.

श्चाका shulaka, s. f. A thin slip of bamboo, serving when tipped with sulphurfora match a ruler; a fibrous stick used as a brush or pencil.

स्तित shulects, s. m. A canvass sack, &c. in which baggage is fastened previously to being loaded on cattle.

श्रुका shulócka, ह. m. A child's bib.

Territor shullyuh-shastr, s. m. That part of surgery which treats of the extraction of extraneous substances lodged in the body.

म्हादार shulyuh-oddhar, s. m. Extraction of foreign substances from the body.

श्राम shullák, s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica).

मञ्जी shulluk-ée, s. f. The gum Olibanum tree (Boswellia thurifera).

शहकीद्व shullukée-drúv, s. m. Incense, Olibanum.

urg shuv, s. m. A dead body, a corpse.

Nat shuver, s. m. A barbarian, one inhabiting the mountainous districts of Iudia, and wearing the feathers of the peacock,&c. as decorations.

यवनाधन shuv-sadhun, s. m. A mystical and magical ceremony performed with a dead body.

The shishuk, s. m. A hare or rabbit,

wn we all shushhisted e, s. f. The Doab, the country between the Gauges and Jumna rivers.

म्बिल्य shushi-lekha, s. f. A digit of the

wall shush-ee, s. m. The moon.

Test shustr, s. m. A weapon in general; (or especially such as is used in the hand) a sword, a seymitar, Shustr-dharee, adj. Armed.

Testate shustr-kar, s. m. An armourer.

मस्तान्त्रास shustr-abbyas, a. m. Military exercise or practice.

mer shusyuh, s. m. Corn, grain in general.

म्स्यन्त shushyub-bhukshuk, adj. Gra-

Tra shak, s. m. A potherb in general, or any leaf, flower, fruit, stalk, root, &c. used as a vegetable; one of the seven Deceps or divisions of the world; the sixth, surrounded by the sea of milk or white sea; an era, a period usually commencing with some celebrated prince, as Youldishthir, Vikrumadityuh, Salivahun, &c. thence denominated Sakesuras, &c.; the term in ordinary use is applied especially to the era of Salivahun, commencing 76 or 78 years after the Christian era.

माककारी shakum-bhuree, s. f. A city, supposed to be the modern Sambhur.

NITE STATES Shakum bhuréeyuh, s. m. A fossile salt brought from a lake in the vicinity of Sambhur, a town in Ajmers.

WIM shakt, s. m. A worshipper of the female principle.

wit of shakha, s. f. A branch, the branch of a tree.

mraf shakhee, s. m. A tree.

माटन shatúk, «. m. } A petticoat.

WIZT shatee, s. f.

সাহা shath-yuh, s. m. Wickedness villainy. সাহা shan, s. m. A touchstone; a whet or grindstone.

मान shant, adj. Calm, tranquil, pacified; allayed, alleviated; stilled, hushed (as wird, &c.); meck, humble.

भारता shant-tá, s.f. Quietness, calmness, meckness.

मान्सा shant-atma, adj. Calm, composed, of resigned or composed spirit.

Wiffer shanti, s. f. Quiet, tranquillity, stoicism; rest, repose; remission, alleviation.

wru shap, s. m. Oath, affirmation by oath or ordeal; curse, imprecation.

भाषपञ्च shap-grust, adj. Having incurred or suffering under a curse.

Milua shapit, adj. Sworn.

मापोद्वार shap-oddhar, s. m. Deliverance from a curse or its effects.

MIN sham, n. prop. A name of Krishn.

WITHT shama, s. m. A little bird; a grain (Panicum colonum, or frumentaceum).

भागी जगाना shamee lugana, v. a. To shoe with iron.

भ्रान्त्रक sham-book, s. m. A bivalve shell.

william shareer-ik, adj. Relating to the body, corporeal.

MITS shal, s. m. A kind of fish (Ophiocephalus urahl); a tree (Shorea robusta). s. f. A Sharot.

मानपा shal-purnee, s. f. A shrub (Hedysarum gangeticum).

Miss shala, s. m. A house; a hall.

nife shali, s. m. Rice in general, but especially in two classes : one like white rice growing in deep water, and the other a red sort, requiring only a moist soil.

शास्त्रिका हन sháli-váhun, s. m. A sovereign of India, whose capital was Prateeshthan, in the Dekhin, and institutor of the era now colled Suka, beginning 76 or 78 years after Christ.

arel shalee, adj. Made of sharel.

viewed shalmulee, s. f. The silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).

भारत shásun, s. m. An order, an edict, a command; a writing, a doed, a written contract or agreement; governing, ruling, government.

TRANK shásun-pútr, s. m. A plate of copper, a stone or sheet of paper, &c. on which an edict or grant is inscribed.

शासनीय shasun-éeyuh,ads. To be governed or directed.

wife shasti, s. f. A command, an order; governing, ruling; correction, punishment.

Trea shastr, s. m. An order or command ; scripture, science, institutes of religion, law or letters, especially considered as of divine origin or authority; used singly it implies works of literature or science in general, and it is therefore customarily connected with some other word to limit its application, as the Vedant Shastrus, or treatises of philosophical theology, the Dhurm Shastrus, books of law, &c.; it is also applied to less important branches of knowledge as the Kavyuh Shastrus, or poetical works, Shilpi Shastrus, works on the mechanical arts, and Kam Shastrus, or erotic compositions; in the singular number it is also used comprehensively to signify the body of all that has been written on the subject, as Dhurm Shastr, the institutes or coon of law, Kavyuh Shastr, poetry, Ulunkar Shastr, rhetorie, Ac.; a book in general.

शास्त्रज्ञ shastr-ug,a b. Acquainted with the Shastrus, skilled in the knowledge of law and religion especially.

शास्त्रविस्द्वshastr-virooddh, adj. Contrary to law or religion, illegal, forbidden.

मास्त्रान्सार shastr-anoosar, s. on. Conformity to sacred ordinances.

बास्त्री shás-tree, s. m. A pundit, a teacher of holy science, or one skilled in it.

मास्त्रीय shastree-yuh, adj. Scriptural, authorized by or conformable to sacred institutes. यास्त्रोत shastr-6kt,adj. Said or declared in a work of sacred authority.

wreg shas-yuh, adj. Punishable, deserving punishment.

Tring shins-pa, s. f. A tree (Dalbergia

fret shikhur, s. m. The peak or summit of a mountain; point, end, top in general.

Trail shikh-ree, adj. Crested, peaked, pointed.

चित्र shikha, s. f. Point, top in general ; a crest; a lock of hair on the crown of the head;

faraga shikha-vul, adj. Crested, pointed. fural shikher, adj. Crested; having a lock of hair on the top of the head. s. m. A peacock. THAT shitudroo, s. f. The Setley river.

fufaca shiti-rutn, s. m. A sapphire. fufative shiti-saruk, s. m. A sort of ebony (Diospyros glutinosa).

furfur shithil, adj. Loose, lax, flaccid, flabby ; languid, inert, feeble.

चित्रिखता shithil-tá, s. f. Relaxatior, 'o se-Trelaxed.

किचिल्यल shithil-bul, adj. Weakened, fur shir, s. m. The head.

चिर:कप्राची shíruh-kupálee, s. m. A devotee carrying a human skull as his emblem.

fac: uler shiruh-peera, s. f. Pain of the head, head-ache.

fuer shira, s. f. Any vessel of the body. really or supposed to be, of a tubular form, as a nerve, a tendon, a gut, &c. furie shirál, adj. Veiny, tendinous, skin-

ny, showing the tendons or veins.

fritty shireesh, s. m. A kind of tree (Acacia Sirisa).

िक्रोमणी shiró-mánee, s.f. | A gem worn facted shiro-ruth, s. m. in a crest, or on the top of the head.

चिरोरोग shiro-róg, s. m. Disease of the head.

Twen shil-a, s. f. A stone, a rock; a flat stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller.

शिवाजत shila-júteo, s. m. Bitumen ; red

fuerfen shila-jit, s. m. Bitumen.

चित्राचात shila-dhatoo, s. m. Chalk ; red chalk; a white fossile substance; an aluminous earth of a white colour, and thence considered to be a kind of chalk.

Fuerya; shila poosing, s. m. Storax or Benzoin.

पिशासक shila-múy, adj. Made of stone. भिशास shila-rús, s. m. Incense, Benjamin or Olibanum.

THE TACK! Shile-valka, s. f. A medicinal substance said to be of cooling and lithenthriptic properties, commonly termed Silubak; a sort of lichen or moss.

Free shilp, a. m. Any art, any manual or mechanical art.

रिकट्ट कर्डी shilp-kurmm, s. m. Manual labour, handleraft.

france shilp-kár, s. m. An artisan, a mechanic.

Twenfact shilp-vidys, s.f. Art, mechanical or manual skill.

Two shilpinee, s. f. A drug or herb, a kind of grass said to be known by the name of Luhanusipi, and described as sweet and cooling, and bearing seeds of tonic and restorative properties.

गिविषणाचा shilpi-shala, s. f. A workshop, a manufactory.

for for arread shilpi-shastr, s. m. A treatise or set of treatises on works of art.

fred shilpee, adj. An artist, an artificer or artisan; belonging or relating to a mechanical profession or art.

fura shiv, s. m. The deity Shir, the most formidable of the Hindoo triad the destroyer of creation: the adoration of which he is the object, is of a more gloomy nature in general than that of the rest, and he is the particular god of the Tantriks or followers of the books called Tuntrus.

रिश्वभाद्ध shiv-dhatoo, s. m. The milk-stone, opal or chalcedony. [Benaves.

fugget shiv-pooree, s. f. The city of fugget shiv-ratri, s. f. A celebrated festival in honor of Shiv on the fourteenth of the moon's wane or dark fortnight in Magh.

रिश्वराज्य shiv-aluy, े s. m. Any temple de-रिश्वराज्य shiv-alu, dicated to Shiv.

fufur shishir, adj. Cold, frigid, chilly, freezing, s. m. Frost.

fufurate shishir-kal, s. m. The cold season, comprising two months from about the middle of January to that of March.

fary shishoo, s. m. The young of man or any animal, a child, a sall, a pup, &c.; a pupil, a scholar.

चित्रक shishook, s.m. A porpoise; another fish resembling a porpoise.

fingar shishoo-ta, s. f. Boyhood, pupil-age; childhood.

fu your shishoo pel, som. The sovereign of a country in the central part of India or Chheda, opposed to Krisha and slain by him.
Twe shisht, adj. Obedient, dooile; order-

ed, commanded, disciplined, trained.

fur at shight ta, s. f. Good behaviour, urbanity, civility; docility.

fagura shisht-subba, s. f. A council of state, an assembly of chief officers.

figurate shight-sumachar, s. m. History or tradition of eminent persons.

fareter shisht-achar, adj. Well-behaved.
s. m. Good manners, proper behaviour.

from shish-yuh, s. m. A pupil, a scholar.
from shiksh-uk, adj. A learner, a teacher.
from shiksha, s. f. Learning, study, the
acquisition of knowledge.

निचामिति shiksha shukti, s. f. Dexterity,

fufur shikshit, adj. Skilid, elever, conversant; disciplined, exercised; doubt; studied, learned.

The sheekur, s. m. Thin rain, or rain driven by wind.

Thy sheeghr, adj. Quick, speedy. s. m. (In astronomy) Parallax. adv. Soon, quickly, swiftly, speedily.

श्रीव्रगामी sheeghr-gamee, adj. Going quick or expeditiously.

with a sheet, ad. Cold, chilly, frigid. s. m. Cold, coldness; cold weather or the six months of the rainy, dewy and cold seasons.

यो तकाल sheet-kal, s. m. Cold weather, winter.

witan sheet-ta, s. f. Cold, coldness.

and sheet-fil, adj. Cold, chilly, frigid.

winder sheeful-tá, s. f. Coldness, coolness.

शीवहर sheet-hur, ads. Removing cold.

wining sheet-ansoo, s. m. Camphor.

witara sheet-artt, adj. Cold, chilled, shivering, suffering or shrinking from cold.

गोतास्त्रम् sheet ashm-un, s. m. The moon gem, crystal.

with sheern, adj. Thin, small, slender; wasted, withered, decayed.

क्री वा sheern-tá, e. f. Emaciation, wither-

ing.

श्रीपेकद sheersh chhéd, s. m. Decapita-

ting

will sheel, adj. Well-behaved, well-disposed. s. m. Good conduct or disposition.

शीलवान sheel-wan, adj. Of a good amiable disposition.

मीमन sheeshum, s. f. A kind of wood (Dalbergia Sisu).

un shook, s. m. A parrot.

afa shookti, s. f. A pearl oyster; a small shell; a cockle.

श्रीतमान shookti-man, s. m. One of the seven principal mountains or mountainous ranges of India.

um shookr, s. m. The planet Venus ; semen virile.

Monare shookr-war, s. m. Friday.

un shookl, adj. White, of a white colour. a m. White (the colour); one of the astronomical Yogs.

युक्त कराउन shookl-kunthuk, s. m. A kind of gallinule or water-hen.

युक्तवा shookl-ta, s. f. Whiteness.

univer shookl-paksh, s. m. The light half of a month, the fifteen days of the moon's increase, or from new to full moon,

arts shoochi, adj. White; clean, cleansed, purified; pure, pious, exempt from passion or

ular shoochi-ta, s.f. Purity, cleanness. श्राचिमां shoochi-muni, s. m. Crystal.

shoonthee, s. f. Dry ginger.

was shoond, s. m. An elephant's proboscis or trunk.

shooddh, adj. Pure, purified, clean, cleansed : faultless, correct.

शहता shooddh-tá, s. f. Purity, cleanness, freedom from soil or defect.

शुद्धभित shooddh-múti, adj. Of pure and sincere purpose, honest, free from guile ; intelli-

ufg shood-dhi, s.f. Purity, purification ; innocence established by ordeal or trial, acquittal

gra shoon-yuh, adj. Empty, void. s. m. A cypher.

uw shoobh, adj. Happy, well, right, fortunate, auspicious ; handsome, beautiful s. m. Good, good fortune auspiciousness, happiness; one of the astrological Yogs.

मुक्कर shoobh-kur, adj. Propitious, producing good, &c.

श्यक्त shoobh-kurmm, s. m. Pious or virtuous act; reputable occupation or employment. जुलन shoo bhug, adj. Fortunate, propitious,

THE shoo-bhankur, adj. Propitious. auspicious, conferring happiness or fortune.

सभदनी shoobh-duntee, s. f. The female

elephant of the North West quarter. अस्पन्त shoobh-phul, s. m. Happy result or consequence

शुक्रसम् shoobh-lugn, s. m. An auspicious moment.

युअशीन shoobh-sheel, adj. Of a good disposition.

युभाक shoobh-áng, adj. Handsome, elegant. s. f. A handsome woman.

युभा बार shoobh-achar, adj. Virtuous.

प्रभागम shoobh-ashoobh, adj. Prosperous and unfortunate, good and evil. s. m. Good and ill-fortune

was shoobhr, adj. White; shining s. m. White (the colour).

सुञ्चल shoobhr-krit, s. m The thirty-sixth year of the Indian cycle.

Bayr. shumbh-poor, s. m. A city and district, perhaps the modern Sumbhulpoor, in the district of Gondwana,

शामकार का shoosh-karna, v. n. To encourage or stimulate a dog to the chase, by the sound shoosh.

सुश्कारी shoosh-karee, s. f. Impelling a dog to the chase.

Men shooshk, adj. Dry, dried.

युक्तवा shooshktá, s. f. Dryness.

गुहरा shooh-da, s. m. A rake, prodigal, debauchee, blackguard, scoundrel, vagabond. Shoohda shikusta, Ruined and wretched.

युक्ट्रापन shoohda-pún, s. m. Raking, rakishness, debauchery. dissoluteness.

भक्तिर shook-keet, s. m. A caterpillar. Was shookur, s. m. A hog.

भाकापुड shooka-poott, s. m. A gem, perhaps amber. Isubtile.

www shookshm, adj. Minute, small, fine. ME shoodr, s. m. A man of the fourth or servile tribe.

Te shoodree, s. f. The wife of a Shoodr. ma shoon-yuh, adj. Empty, void. s. m.

Heaven, sky, ether; a cypher; a vacuum. श्राच्यता shoonyuta, s. f. Vacuity, emptiness; unreality, the false or illusory nature of all existence.

भून्यवादी shoonyuvadee, s. m. A Bouddh : an atheist.

Wr shoor, s. m. A hero; a boar.

wry shoo-rún, s. m. An esculent root (Arum campanulatum) ; a plant ( Bignonia Indica).

wrat shoor-ta, s. f. Heroism, prowess.

www shoorpp, s. m. A winnowing basket,

especially in the belly, as cholic, &c., or in the joints from rheumatism or gout; a weapon, a pike, a dart; an astrological Yog, that of the 9th lunar manaion.

nava shool-shuiroo, s. m. The castor

oil plant (Ricinus communis). মূলসুর shool-hút, s. m. Asafætida.

having the choice, adj. Suffering sharp pain,

regist shrigál, s. m. A shakal or jackal.

worn round a man's body; a chain, a fetter in general.

shring, s. m. A horn; the top of a mountain.

REGIT shrin-gar, s. m. Love; copulation, coition; red lead.

For the passion of leve; stained with red lead s. m. Dress, decoration.

Fig shringi, s. f. A sort of sheat fish (Silurus Singio).

shring-ée, adj. Horned ; crested,

worn on the crown of the head; a crest.

ग्रेमाजिका shephalika, s. f. A flower (Nyc-tanthes arbor-tritis).

wing shesh, s. m. Remainder, leavings, rest, balance.

ग्रेपकाल shesh-kal, s. m. The last term,

श्रेषदाजि shes-ratri, s. f. The last watch of the night.

शेषावस्था shesh-avustha, s.f. The last state or condition of life.

The shytyuh, z. m. Cold, coldness.

निविद्ध shy thfl-yuh, a. m. Looseness, laxity; flaccidity.

rie skyl, adj. Mountainous, mountaineer, do.; stony,rocky. s. m. A mountain; Bitumen; storax; a sort of collyrium.

ma skyv, s. m. A worshipper of Shiv.

सेवाज shyvál, s. m An acquatic plant (Vallimeria octrandra).

min shok, e. m. Sorrow, grief.

श्रीकमङ्क shok-bhúng, s. m. Dissipating or removing sorrow.

जोकान shok-artt, adj. Pained, afflicted by

Mifaa shochit, adj. Sorrowful, afflicted.

Try shon, s. m. The Sone river, which rises in the table-land of Umerkuntuk, and running first northerly and then easterly for 509 miles, falls into the Ganges above Patna; a flower (Bignonia Indica); a red sort of sugar-cane.

miera shon-rata, s. m. A ruby.

with a sho-nit, adj. Red, crimson, purple.
s. m. Blood; saffron.

मीचित्रोपन shónit-ópul, s. m. A ruby.

सोच shoth, s. m. Swelling, intumescence. सोच shothughn, adj. Discutiont, re-

moving swellings. शोधको shothughnee, s. f. Hogweed (Bosthavia diffusa).

सोधक shodhák, adj. Who or what cleanses, purifies, &c. (In arithmetic) The subtrabond

शोधन sho-dhún, s. m. Cleaning, cleansing, purifying; correcting, freeing from faults or errors; correcting, as a writing; subtraction (in arithmetic); payment, acquittance; green vitriol.

मीसन shobhún, adj. Beautiful, handsome; propitious, auspicious. s. m. The fifth Fog.

योजनान shobh-mán, adj. Fair, splendid,

with shobhá, e. f. Light, lustre, radiance, splendour; beauty.

This shobh-anjun, s. m. A tree, the Sujina or Schujna (Hyperanthera wornings); the legiunes, blossoms and leaves are esculent, and the root of the young tree is used as a substitute for horse-radish: in medicine the root is used as a rubefacient externally, as a stimulant internally, and the expressed oil of the seeds is employed to relieve arthritic pains, &c.

The asho-bhit, adj. Beautified decorated.

The sho-la, s. m. Eschynomene paludosa: the wood of which, being very light and spongy, is used by fishermen for floating their nets; a variety of toys, such as artificial birds and flowers, are made of it: garlands of those flowers are used in marriage ceremonies: when

charred it answers the purpose of tinder.

With shokh, s. m. Pulmonary consumption; drying; intumescence, swelling.

गोपना sho-khún, s. m. Suction, sucking ; drying up.

The shouch, s. m. Purification by ablution, &c. from personal defilement; purification at given periods from defilement caused by the death of a relation, &c.; purity, cleanness, freedom from defilement.

willies shound ik, e. m. A distiller and vender of spirituous liquors.

बोरिङ्की shoundik-ée, s. f.A fe.nale keeper of a tavern or dram shop. भीया shouryuh, s. m. Valour, heroism,

श्रमणान shmushan, s. m. A cemetry, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried.

अभ्यानवारी shmushan-wasee, adj. A ghost, a gole, a sprite, male or female, abiding in cemeteries, &c.

A sacred fig-tree at Pruyag or Allahabad.

ख्यानना shyam-tá, s. f. Blackness.

स्थानभास shyam-bhás, adj. Black as jet, of a glossy black hue.

ख्यान shyamul, adj. Of a black or dark blue colour.

क्यामा shyama, s. f. A small singing bird with black plumage, called Shama.

ह्याभाक shyamák, s. m. A kind of grain generally caten by the Hindoos (Panicum frumentaceum, also P. colonum), called also Samean. द्याचन shyáluk, s. m. A wife's brother.

खानवी shyaluk-ée, s. f. A wife's sister.

खेन shyen, s. m. A hawk, a falcon.

वह्यान shrudd-dhan, adj. Trusting, be-

lieving; venerating, respecting.

The struddhá, s. f. Respect, reverence; wish, desire; faith, belief; purity.

अङ्गाञ्चल shruddha-krit, adj. Done with

अद्वाचित shruddhan-wit, adj. Believing,

चन्नामय shruddha-múy, adj.Believing,full of faith.

न्नहायुक्त shruddha-jóokt,adj. Having faith, bolieving.

चहारहित shruddha-rúhit, ad). Distrusting, unbelieving.

अञ्चान shruddh-aloo, adj. Faithful, believing; wishing, desirous. s. f. A pregnant woman longing for any thing.

স্ত্রাব্যব shruddha-wan, adj. Believing, trusting, having faith.

चन shrum, s. m. Weariness, fatigue ; labour, exertion, toil.

racter, an ascetic, a Yuti, one devoted to meditation for the purpose of obtaining final emancipation from existence, probably the Sarmanes of the Greek writers.

अमान shrum-artt, adj. Exhausted, over-

अभी shrum-se, adj. Wearying, tiring, undergoing r incurring weariness or fatigue; laorious, diligent. ञ्चला shruvun, s. f. The ear; hearing.

Tau shruvuná, s. f. The twenty-third of the lunar asterisms, represented by three footsteps, and containing three stars.

चवर्षे स्व shruvun-éndriyuh, s. m. The organ of hearing, the ear.

व्यक्ति shruvishthá, s.f. The twenty-fourth lunar asterism.

A funeral ceremony observed at various fixed periods and for different purposes, consisting of offerings with water and fire to the gods and manes, and gifts and food to the relations present and assisting Brahmuns: it is especially performed for a parent recently deceased, or for three paternal ancestors, or for all ancestors collectively, and is supposed necessary to secure the ascent and residence of the souls of the deceased in a world appropriated to the manes.

श्रान्त shrant, adj. Wearied, fatigued; calmed, tranquil.

भागि shranti, s. f. Weariness, exhaustion. भागम shravuk, s. m. The lay votary of a Booddh or Jyn.

স্থাবয় shrávun, s. m. The month Sravun (July-August).

आवती shravunée, s. f. Day of full moon in the month Sravun.

shree, s. f. Fortune, prosperity, success, thriving; wealth; beauty, splendour, lustre; light; the three objects of life collectively, or love, duty, and wealth.

सीचक्र shree-chukr, s. m. A magical diagram; the circle of the globe or earth.

ची पन shree-phal, s. m. A fruit tree (Ægle marmelos).

चीमत shree-mut, m. } adj. Wealthy,

হাম্বি shree-mûtee, f. ) opulent; pleasing, beautiful; prosperous, fortunate, thriving; famous, illustrious.

श्रीमुख shree-mookh, s. m. The seventh year of the Indian cycle.

कीयुत्त shree-joot, } adj Famous, illustri-कीयुत shree-joot, ous; fortunate, wealthy.

श्रीरस shree-rus, s. m. Turpentine.

श्रीराज shree-rag, s.m. The third of the personlifed musical modes.

कोइसिनो shree-hústinee, s. f. The sunflower (Heliotropium Indicum).

नुत shroot, adj. Heard; understood. s. m. Sacred science, holy writ, &c.

खुति shrooti, s, f. The Veds.

ने भी shrence, s. f. A line, a row, a range.

चेत्र: shreyúh, s. m. Final happiness; good fortune, auspiciousness, prosperity.

चेष्ठ shreshth, adj. Best, excellent, most excellent, pre-eminent; oldest, senior.

बेष्टता shreshth-tá, e. f. Superiority,excollence. [atream.

बात shrot, s. m. The ear; the current of a बातज shrotúv-yuh, adj. To be heard or listened to.

alar shrota, e. m. A hearer.

Terrer shlá-gha, s. f. Praise, panegyric, flattery, culogium.

error shlághyuh, adj. Venerable, respectable, praiseworthy, entitled to praise or veneration.

burner, one of the three principal humors or finids of the body.

with shlok, e. m. A verse, a stanza.

चुम् shwusoor, s. m. A father-in-law, a wife's or husband's father.

क्षण shwushroo, e. f. A mother-in-law. जान shwan, s. m. A dog.

Trit shwanee, s. f. A bitch.

TH shwas, s. m. Breath, breathing.

শ্বির shwitr, s. m. Whiteness of the skin, vitiligo.

িছুলী shwitree, adj. Affected with vitiligo or whiteness of the skin.

an shwet, adj. White. s. m. White (the colour); the planet Venus or its regent Sookr; the sixth range of mountains, dividing the known continent, the white mountains separating the Vershus of Hirummy and Romanuk; one of the minor Deceptor divisions of the world; in fable the White Island, identified geographically by Wilford with Britain.

angly shwet-dweep, s. m. The white island, or a minor division of the universe so called: also termed Chundr Dweep, and supposed by Wilford to be Britain.

चेत्रपात shwet-dhatoo, s. m. Chalk ; the milk-stone, opal or chalcedony.

हेनसर्थ shwet-súrp, A tree (Tapia cratæed); a white snake. [phont. वेतस्त्रों shwet-hústec, s. m. A white ele-

चत्रका shwet-ark, s. m. Gigantic swallowwort (Asclepias gigantea), with white flowers.

## घ

w shuh, The thirty-first consonant of the Nagara: alphabet, corresponding to \$\tilde{h}\$, pronounced in some sencols \$\tilde{k}h\$.

we khut, adi, Six.

proper for a Brahmun (collectively), or teaching the Veds, holy study, offering sacrifices, conducting them for others, giving, accepting gifts; six acts allowable to a Brahmun for subsistence, or gleaning, accepting gifts, asking alms, agriculture, trade, and tending cattle, or according to some lending money at interest; the six acts taught in the Tuntrus, or killing, infatuating, enthralling, expelling, exciting animosity, and the stopping or privation of any faculty.

बट की वा khut-kón, s. m. A hexagon, a sixangled figure.

very khurung,s. m. Six parts of the body collectively, as the two arms, two legs, and the head and waist; the six supplementary parts of the Veds, or grammar, prosody, astronomy, pronunciation, the meuning of unusual terms, and the ritual of the Hindoo religion.

पहुत्त khur-góon, adj. Six-fold, six times. s.m. An assemblage of six qualities or properties. पद्धि khur-vidh, adj. In six ways, of six

kinds.

was shund, s. m. A bull at liberty.

was khundh, s. m. A eunuch.

## स

स suh, The thirty-second consonant of the Naguree alphabet, corresponding to s.

is sun, adv. (In compos.) With, tegether with, &c.

चंत्रची súnkchee, s. f. A scate.

संबद्ध sünkut, s. m. Vexation, misfortune, pang, agony, pain, anguish. Sunkut-chouth, A Hindoo holiday, in the month of Magh, sacred to Gunesh.

war sunká, s. f. Fear, terror, doubt, suspleion.

wink sunkar, s. f. A sign, nod, wink, beckening. Sunkarna, v. a. To becken, nod, wink or make a signd, to hint.

संकोच sunkoch, e. m. Shame, bashfulness, reserve, diffidence ; a scate.

संकोचन sunkochun, s. m. The act of shrinking.

diffident. Bashful, reserved,

संभावनी sunkrantee, s. f. The sun's entering into a new sign.

declaration of purpose. Sunkulpna, v. a. To give alms (by making a religious vow), to vow. doos blow, a shell; a kind of ornament. adj. Simple, artless. Dupot sunkh, adj. Promising much and performing nothing.

संदाइनी sunkhahoolee, s. f. A medicinal

plant, (Andropogon aciculatum !)

women (The Sunkhinee are described as tall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong passions).

Gor sunkhya, s. f. A number s. m. Arsenic.

संग sung, adv. Along with.

रंगत súngut, s. f. Coition; collection, congregation, company, society; a place where the Sikhs celebrate their religious ceremonies. adj. Apposite, proper. Sungutes, s. m. f. Compenion, comrade.

संगम sungum, s. m. Coition; meeting, conflux, union.

संगर súngur, s. m. Lines, entrenchment. संगरी súngsee, s. f. Pincers, forceps.

संगी sungée, s. m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice.

संगीत sungéet, s. m. The exhibition of a song, dancing and music as a public entertainment; the art and science of music and dancing. Sungeet durpun, A book on music. Sungeetnach, A kind of dance.

संबद्ध sungrah, s. m. A compilation.

संप्रका sungruhanee, s. m. A disorder, an irregular state of the bowels, costiveness alternately with a diarrhopa.

संधास sungram, s. m. Battle, war.

esta sunghát, s. m. Companionship, society, assemblage. Sunghates, s. m. A companion, a friend, an associate.

संचित्रा sunghiya, s. m. A companion.

संचय sunchúy, s. m. Purse, capital, stock, saving, heaping up, hoard.

संबाद sunchar, s. m. Entrance, penetration; beginning, commencement; the entering of the planets into a new sign.

संवारिका suncharika, s. f. A bawd, a pro-

संचित sunchit, adj. Hoarded, collected.

Will sunchhep, adj. Abridged, short. Sunchhepun, s. m. Abridgment, abbreviation, conciseness, brevity.

संचा sungya, s. f. A noun ; a metaphor, an idiomatical phrase.

संन्याची sunnyasee, s. m. A Brahmun of the fourth order, a religious mendicant.

संपत sumput, s.f. Affluence, wealth, riches, presperity.

tive sumption, adj. Perfect, complete, endowed with

rive sumpoorn, adj. Perfect, full, complete, all, the whole.

संबत sumbút, s. m. A year; an era. Sumbut bandhna, To establish an era.

संबंध sumbundh, s. m. Connexion, affinity, relation; rhyme, metre. Sumbundhee, s. m. Relation; son or daughter's father-in-law.

संतोधन sumbódhun, s. m. Comfort, soothing, encouragement, the act of consoling; vocative case.

संसद sumbhűv, adj. Possible, fit, right, proper, suitable.

संभवना sumbhulna, v. n. To be supported, to stand, stop, to be firm, to recover one's self from a fall, &c.

संभाजना sumbhalna, v. a. To support, prop, sustain, hold up, assist, help; to shield, protect, stop, retain, restrain, check, repress.

संभावना sumbháona, s. f. Probability. संभोत sumbhóg, s. m. Enjoyment; coition. संभाय sumbhrúm, s. m. Esteem, respect,

honour, awe.
ভাষাৰ sunman, s. m. Respect, esteem, reverence, regard. Sunmance, adj. Polite, civil;

respectful.

respe

इंग्रज sunjúm, s. m. Restraint, forbearance, sobernesa, abstinence from particular food on certain days. Sunjumes, adj. Who or what checks, restrains, curbs, &c., sober, temperate, abstemious. s. m. A saint, a sage, one who subdues or controlls his passions.

संयक्त sunjookt, adj. Joined with, connected, attached; mixed, blended; endowed with, pos-

sessed of.

sain sunjóg, s. m. Intimate union or association; adherence, junction, conjunction; accident, event, occurrence, chance, hap, luck.

संयोगी sunjogee, s. m. An ascetic who does not observe a yow of continence, but has a family. संजन्म sunlign, udj. Joined, united, adherent.

संबत sumvút, s. m. A year ; an era.

संबद्धा sumvitsur, s. m. A year,

संवर्त sunwirna, v. n. To be dressed, prepared or arranged, to be decorated, to suit, prosper.

संबाद sumbad, े s.m. Communication of संबाद sumbad, intelligence; information, news.

संवारना sunwarna, v. a. To prepare, dress,

dock, decerate, adjust, adorn, arrange, accomplish.

संभव súnshny, s. m. Doubt, uncertainty ; dread, apprehension.

संग्रहाला sunshuy atma e.m. A sceptic संग्रहान sunshuyan adj. Dubious, uncer-

संप्रदायन sunshuy-apunn, ady. Affected with doubt, hesitating, dublous; doubtful, uncertain.

संभवान sunship also, adj. Dubious, doubting, sceptical.

संस्य sunsúy, s. m. Doubt, apprehension fear, anxiety.

संस्थे sunsurg, s. m. Union, proximity, approximation, contact; acquaintance, familiarity, intercourse; sensual attachment.

keeping company, acquainted, an acquaintance, term sunsar, s. m. The world, the habitation of mortals.

with sun-saree, adj. Worldly, mundane.

where suns kar, s. m. Completing, accomplishing, finishing, perfecting; an essential and parificatory rite or ceremony amongst the Hindoos; purification, consecration.

tion sun-skrif, adj. Wrought, made, artifinally produced; excellent, best; decorated, ornamented, s. m. Language formed by perfect grammatical rules, the classical and sacred language of the Hindoos.

exerter sun-sthan, e. m. A place where four roads meet; torm, figure, shape; fabrication, construction; a vicinity, a neighbourhood, a common place of abode.

होत्र र sun-sparsh, s. m. Touching, contact, laying hold of

संत्रत sung-hut, adj. Compact, close; collected, assembled.

संद्रतता sung-butti, s. f. Compactness;

tion, hear union junction; compactness.

the destruction of the world; making away, killing, mardering. adj. Killed.

हेहानी sung-harna, v. a. To kill, to make away with.

rife at sung-hita, s. f. An arrangement of the text of the Vals into short sentences; a compendium, a collection more or less compressed of laws, legends. &c. বৰ্ত súkut, edy. Bad, vile. s. m. A. small tree (Trophis aspera): n cart r the name of & Hindoa holiday.

क्षाद्यक sukuntuk, adj Thorny, prickly; troublesome, perdous. s. m. An aquatic plant (Valisassia).

the d sikut, s. f. Power, strength, ability; the energy or active power of a deity; the female organ as the counterpart of the phallick personification of Saiv, and worshipped either literally or figuratively by a sect of Histdoos, thence termed Saktus.

स्कारा súkna, v. n. To be able.

सकरा stikru, adj. Small (not having room enough), narrow, strait.

स्वराई suk-race, s.f. Smallness, want of room, narrowness.

হন্দো sukrana, v. a. To straiten, to deprive of necessary room; to cause to accept (bill, &c.)

सकान sukrant, s. f. The entering of the sun into a new sign.

स्कर्का a sukurmunuk, e. m. (In grammar) The transitive verb.

स्कल súkul, adj. All, whole, entire.

स्काना sukána, v. n. To be serrowful, to be wearied.

चकार sukár, e.m. Dawn of day, morning. चकार व sukárun, adj. Having a cause, originating from a cause.

सकारना sukárna, v. a. To accept (a till of exchange, ac.)

बकारी sukaree, s. f. Dawn of day, morning.

स्काल sukál, adv. Betimes, carly in the morning.

सञ्जय sukooch, s. f. Shrinking, awe, fear, shame.

सञ्चाना súkoochna, r. n. To fear, to be afraid of, to be in swe of, to be abached, to apprehensive.

सक्ताना súkooch-ána, v. n. To be abashed, to be atraid v. a. To abash.

सक्त sukoolynh, s. m. A kinsman, one of the same family name and common origin.

सकेत sukét, adj. Narrow, strait & f. Want, distress.

सकेतना suket-na, z. a. To tighten, to straiten.

सकेलना sukélna, v. n. To shrink, to shrivel, to gather up (the limbs, as a tortoise).

महोला sukéla, s. m. A kind of iron.

मकोच sukóch, s. m. Regard, respect, es-

up (the limbs), to gather up, shrivel, tighten, contract. v. a. To contract, draw up.

सकोप sakóp, adj. Angry, displeased. सकोरा sakóra, र. m. A small earthen ves-

wall sukéree, s. f. A saucer.

wow su stook, s. m. A species of poison.

mesa Suma).

west suithá, s. m. A friend; an associate,

Tra suchi-twith, s. m. Friendship.

or compenion, a confidence, &c.

www. taw ankhee-jun, s. f. A female friend

wer statiyuh, s. m. Friendship.

was adjundh, adj. Fragrant, odorifer-

क्रमण्डमा sug-púhta, s. m. Greens dressed

swereign of Ujodhya.

स्त्रक् sugárvv, adj. Proud ; elated.

THI Suga, adj. Related (of the same parents), full, own; a relative, a kin. s. m. Kin. Suga bhase, Own brother.

सनाई sugaée, । s. f. Relationship by

entan sugawat, the same parents, consenguinity, relationship, kin; betrothing for marriage; second marriage of a woman of low tribe. Sugaee kurna, To contract a marriage, to affiance, to betroth.

सर्ज sugoon,adj. Having or endowed with properties, qualities, &c.

सान súgoon, s. m. Augury, omen.

सरीती sugótec, s. f. Animal food, meat, flesh.

समोत्र sugótr, adj. Being of one family, of kin, related. s. m. A distant kinsman.

सम्बद्ध sughún, adj. Thick (as a head of hair, clouds, wood, &c.)

s. m. Difficulty, trouble, vexation, misfortune, pang, agony, pain, auguish.

founding; a mixed caste or race, one proceeding from the promiscuous intercourse of the four tribes in the first instance, and again from their commerce with the descendants of such a connexion, or the indiscriminate cohabitation of those descendants amongst one another: most Hindoos of the present age are of one of the many branches of this race, the highest of which is impure

and inferior to the Soedr: under this term (Sunkur) two kinds of men are included according to the Rumayun the one denominated yeninunkur, mixed ordegraded by birth, and the other, acharsunkur, degraded by conduct.

सङ्घेष sun-kurshun, s. m. Attracting, drawing.

報告 sun-kúl, s. m. Collection, quantity; addition (in arithmetic).

सञ्चन sun-kulún, s. m. Contact, junction; addition (in arithmetic).

सङ्ख्ति sun-kulft, adj Heaped, piled, arranged; added, s. m. Addition (in arithmetic).

asset sunkulp, s. m. Volition, will, resolve, mental determination; a solemn vow or declaration of purpose.

सङ्ख्यना sunkulp-na, v. a. To give alms (by making a religious vow), to vow.

सङ्गिक sun-keern, adj.Crowded, confused.

सङ्कीलन sun-keerttun, s. m. Celebrating, praising; honour, glorification.

सङ्ख्ति sunk-oochit, adj. Unblown, unopened; abashed.

सङ्ख sunkool, adj. Crowded, confused, filled with so as to be impervious.

सञ्जत sun-két, s. m. Engagement, agreement; sign, gesture, gesticulation.

सङ्ग्रह्मान sunket-sthan, s. m. A place of assignation.

सङ्गोच sun-koch, s. m. Shutting, closing, contracting, contraction; shame, bashfulness, reserve, diffidence; a sort of fish, a scate (Rxia Sancura).

रहा चन sun-kóchun, \* m. Astringing; causing to shrink or close; the act of shrinking,

सङ्ख्या sun-köchee, adj. Bashful, reserved, diffident.

सङ्ख sun-krum, s. m. Going, moving, travelling; the passage of a planetary body through the zodiac.

ৰত্বান sun-krant, adj. Entered(into a new sign).

sage of the sun or other planetary bodies from one sign of the zodiac into another.

viation, conciseness, compression.

सङ्ख्या sunkhyutá, s. f. Number, numeration, counting.

or a number, a numeral, s. m. Arsenic.

www.sung, s. m. Meeting, encountering; joining, uniting.

सङ्गत sún-gut, s. m. Friendship, acquaintance; union, meeting. us a sún-guti, s. f. Meeting, union; association, intercourse; coition; collection, congregation, company, society; a place where the Sikhs celebrate their religious ceremonics.

junction, the encounter of persons, the association of friends or lovers, the confluence of rivers; coition; (in astronomi) Planetary conjunction

www sun-gur, s. m. War, battle; misfortune, calamity; promise, assent, agreement; lipes, entrenchment.

सङ्गी sung-sée,s. f. Pincers, forceps.

or with, attached; libidinous, lustful, desirous.
s. m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice.

egla sun-geet, s. m. The exhibition of song, dancing, and music, se a public entertainment; the art or science of music and dancing.

सङ्गीपन sun-gó-pun, s. m. Hiding, conceal-

TF sungruh, s. m. A compilation and abridgment; quantity, collection.

सङ्ख्या sun-gruhún, s. m. Collecting,compiling.

सङ्ख्यो sun-gruhunée, s. f. Diarrhœa, dy-

सञ्जास sun-gram, s. m. War, battle.

sungh, s. m. Flock, multitude, number, a collection of living beings either of the same or different species; a heap, a quantity in general.

सच such, adj. True. s. m. Truth. adv. Indeed in carnest, actually, truly.

सचमुच such-mooch, adj. or adv. True,

truly.

variat suchur-achur, adj. All whether animate or inanimate.

सचाई sucháce, s. f. Truth, veracity, honesty, probity, authenticity.

सचि suchi, e. m. Friendship, intimacy, con-

सचेत suchét, adj. With circumspection, with caution, with reflection or consideration, mindful, conscious, attentive, cautious.

स्वेतन suchet-un, adj. Rational; conscious, sensible.

सर्वेष्ट suchesht, adj. Active, making effort. सर्वोद्यो suchentee, s. f. Fidelity, rectitude,

honesty, truth.

honest, just, sincere, faithful, sure.

\*\*Tart such-chaee, s. f. Truth, veracity, honesty, probity, authenticity.

षश्चिरानन्द suchehi-dánund, s. m. Bruhm or the Supreme Spirit. যাজ suj, s. m. Shape, ornament, appearance, preparation. Sujdar, Well-shaped, hand-some.

सज्यञ suj-dhuj, s.f. Preparation and appearance.

a sweetheart, a mistresa.

रजना suj-na, v. n. To be prepared; to fig. to become, to beseem v. a. To dress, to other ment, to account, to adjust, to rectify a vs. a respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistress.

Est sujul, adj. With water, watery, wet, filled with or containing water.

सज्जा súj-la, s. m. Third brother of four or mere.

स्त्रवारा sujwana, v. a. To cause to pre-

सजाई sujáce, s. f. The price paid t c making belts or scabbards ; preparation.

सजाति sújatí, adj. Of the same sort or species, of the same tribe, &c.

सजाना sujana, v. a. To cause to prepare.

सजाव sujao, s. m. Preparation, ornament सजावट sujawut, s. f. Preparation; contro-

ance we have suited adi Well-chared hand

सनीला suj-éela, adj. Well-shaped, handsome, graceful.

सकीव sujéev, adj. Alive, living.

सञ्जन sujián, adj. Of good family, wellborn; respectable, reputable; good, virtuous. s.m.f. A respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistrass.

rom sujja, adj. Armed, accountered; ornamented, decorated. s. f. Dress, decoration; armour, mail.

went sujjec, s. f. A kind of mineral alkali, natron, impure carbonate of Soda.

ৰন্ধ sún-chuy, s. m. Heap, quantity, number, multitude; purse, capital, stock, store, saving, heaping up, hoard.

सञ्ज्ञी sun-chuy-ée, adj. Who collects, ga-

thers, heaps or hoards up.

Regre sun-char, s.m. Difficult progress; a gem supposed to be in the head of a serpent.

सञ्चारिका sun-charika, s. f. A female messenger or go-between; a bawd.

सहित sún-chit, adj. Accumulated, collected, gathered.

सञ्चिता sun-chit-á, s. f. A plant (Salvinia cumullata).

सत्तान sugyan, adj. With knowledge ; knowing, intelligent, wise. Sugyance, adj. Wise, intelligent.

one end and thin at the other.

प्रजाना sútuk-na, v. n. To run away, to disappear, to fiee, to sheer off.

स्टलाई sut-kaee, s. f. Taporingness, vanishing of a tapering body at the extreme point, disappearance.

सटकाना sutkána, v.a. To balk, to disappoint, to cause to disappear.

सदना satna, v. n. To join, to adhere, to stick, to unite.

स्टपटाना sutputana, v. n. To be confounded, to be surprized.

NZE sutul, s. f. Foolish prattle, falsehood. Sutulee, s. f. Chattering nonsense, falsehood.

स्टाना sut-ana, v. a. To unite, stick, make

GZTGZ sut-asút, s. f. Sticking or striking together, adhering, uniting.

संदशा sútiya, s. f. A stick.

सटी sút-ee, s. f. Zedoary (Curcuma zerumbet, but applied also to the Curcuma amada).

स्टोस्टी sútee-sútee, adj. Joined, glued, stuck together, crowded.

सटीन sutéek, adj. Accompanied or explained by a commentary.

सहाबद्वा suttá-buttá, s. m. An amour, combination, collusion.

wa suth, adi. Cunning ; ignorant.

with years; to be decreped, or in one's dotago, to be supersumusted.

string of their sugar, conger spices, he (particularly given medicisally tockild bed women and distributed, as candle is, to gossips),

सञ्ज súr-uk, s. f. A road.

सङ्ग súr-un, s. f. Rottenness, rot, putrefaction.

सड़ना súr-ra, v.n. To rot ; to ferment.

सङ्ग súr-a,ado. Rotten, musty, strinking. सङ्ग्रामा sur-ana, v. a. To cause to rot; to make ferment, to steep.

सङ्गहर sur-ahút, s. f. Rottenness, mustiness.

सङ्गाहिन्द sur-ahind, s. f. A disagreeable smell, fumette, smell of putrid mest.

स्यास्त्र sun-sóotr s. m. Packthread.

स्याड ह. m. A eunuch.

मगड़सी sund-see, s. f. Tongs, pincers.

संगड़ा sún-da, ad). Streng, fat, stout. s. m. Hardened excrement, Scybala.

energy sundas, s. m. A necessary, a water closet (opening into the streets), a sink.

चर्डासा sun-dasa, s. m. Large pincers.

सर्दासी sun-dasee, s.m. A class of Hindoo mendicants.

withous s. m. The True God, the always present and all pervading spirit; power, strength, essence, the principal of goodness; juice, sap; virtue; truth, adv. Actually.

स्तजादा sut-masa, s. m. A feast given in the seventh month of pregnancy.

सत्तरी sútmee, s. f. The seventh lunar day. सत्तर sút-ruh, adj. Seventeen.

सत्राना sut-rana, v. n. To be angry.

सत्तत्र sut-lur a, adj Seven-fold, of seven strings or rows (a chain of pearls, &c.)

सत्तवड़ी sut-lur-ée, s. f. A necklace of seven strings.

सतवना sutwints, adj. Virtuous, chaste, honest, adhering to truth.

सतसठ sút-suth, adj. Sixty-seven.

सत्या sut-syya, s. f. The name of a book written by Biharce-lall(an inhabitant of Gwalsor), containing 700 distiches or dohas in Brij bhasha. सत्या sut-huttur, adj. Seventy-seven.

सताना sut-ana, v. a. To tease, vex, fret, trouble, afflict, ail, harm, interrupt, anaoy, grieve, harass. Sataoo, s. m. f. Vexer, torser, tormentor.

start. s. f. A virtuous wife; in ordinary use applied especially to the wife who burns herself with her husband's corpse.

सतील sutéetwuh, e. m. Virtuousness or purity in a wife.

pupil of the same spiritual preceptor.

अतीला sut-écla, adj. Powerful, strong.

हती वाह्र suitee-war, s. f. A tomb, grave, burning ground, the place where a suitee is burned. सत्वार suitoa, s. m. Parched grain, reduced to meal and made into a paste adj (Applied to a kind of ginger) Pulverable, free from threads or fibres. Suitoa suntrant, The entering of the sun into Aries, on which day the meal of parched grain is distributed to the Brahmuns.

wirtue; hospitality; funeral obsequies.

would sut-kar, s. m. Reverence, respect; hospitable treatment or reception; doing good, a pious action.

बल्दि वा sut-kriya, s. f. Funeral or obsequial ceremonies; doing good, charity, virtue, &c.; salutation, welcome, courtesy; hospitality. वस्त suttúm, adj. Best, excellent; very venerable or respectable; most virtuous.

शता stittur, adj. Seventy. Suttura-buhuttura, adj. Old, decreped, doting. सन्ता satta, s. f. Being, existence; goodness, excellence. s. m. Power, strength.

सत्ताईस sutrages, adj. Twenty-seven.

सत्तान्त्र suttanweh, adj. Ninety-seven. सत्तान्त्र suttanweh, adj. Fifty-seven.

unit suttasee, adj. Eighty-seven.

सत्तर autifor, s. m. An ememy.

सत्त suttée, e. m. Parched grain, reduced to meal and made into a paste.

are softtwuh, s. m. One of the three Goons or properties of man and nature, the quality of excellence or goodness; substance, thing; vigous, power; essence; a substantive noun.

सन्दर्भ sattwagoon, s. m. The property of

goodness.

बन्दर suttwutá, s. f. Purity, goodness.

सत्य sut-puth, s. m. A good road ; correct or virtuous conduct, doctrine, &c.

sut-patr, s.m. A worthy or virtuous

war sut-pootr, s. m. A virtuous son.

some u sut-péoroosh, e. m. A worthy or spirited man.

NEWS sut-phul, s. m. The pomegranate.

speaking the truth s.m. Truth; an oath; the first Yoog or age, the golden age, comprising one million seven hundred and twenty-eight thousand years, the uppermost of these wen Loke or worlds, the abode of Brukes, and heaven of truth.

सला setyutá, e. f. Truth, trueness.

स्त्रज् sutyúm, adv. Indeed, verily, a particle of interrogation, and asseveration

four Yoogs or ages, the period of general virtue and purity, or the golden age, comprising a term of 1,728,000 years.

सन्द जी a sutyulók, s. m. The uppermost of the seven Lots or worlds, the abode of Bruam, and heaven of truth.

सत्त्रवचन sútyu-váchun, s. m. Speaking t-uth.

eratel sutyuh-vadee, adj. Who speaks

सत्त्रमान्त्री sútyuh-sákshee, s. m. An unexceptionaule witness.

सत्यात्वा sutyátma, s. m. A virtuous and upright man.

RELITING SULYADÁS, s. m. (a term of imprecation signifying) Depravation, destruction. Sulyanas kurna, To make the ruin, destruction, or mischief (of any one or any thing) Sulyanas jana, or,—hona, To be the depravation, destruction, ruin, &c. (of any one or any thing), to be destroyed or ruined.

संस्थानाभी sutyanasce, adj. Depraved, bad, destroyed, damaged; a thorny plant.

सत्यान्त sutys-nrit; s.m. Commerce, trade, traffic (being a mixed practice of truth and lies).

Ta sútvuh, s.m. The quality of excellence or goodness.

सत्र sutwar, adj. Quick, expeditious. adv. Quickly, swiftly.

सहरता sutwurth, s. f. Quickness, speed. सङ्ग sut-sung, s. m. Association with the good.

water sut-warsa, adv. Child born in the seventh month.

स्यात suth-rao, s. m. A heap of slain.

स्यतारा suth-wara, s. m. A sweetmeat given to a childbed woman.

afazi súthiya, s. m. A surgeon; a mark in form of a cross, the four arms of which are bentat right angles, prefixed in vermilion by Hindow to their account books at the commencement of a new year; the same figure is formed on the ground with flour, at marriages and other ceremonies.

सदन súdun, s. m. A place, house, mansion.

सदय súduy, adj. Benevolent, compassion-सद्दा sudya, e. f. The female of the little bird called Amadavat; a kind of mendicant.

सदस्य sudúsyuh, s. m. Any person present at an assembly, a spectator, an assessor, a manber, &o.

ugr súda, adv. Always, at all times.

स्टागित stida-gáti, e. m. Final happiness, emancipation from life; the Supreme Spirit.

सद्भार sud-achar, s. m. Virtuous conduct.

Netar sud atma, adj. Good, virtuous.

भटानन्द sud-anund, adj. Always happy.

सदामचे sud-anúrtt, s. m. A wagtail. सदापुत्री súda-póoshpee, s. f. A shrub,

gigantic swallow-wort, the white variety. सदाकन suda-phúl, s. m. The cocoanut tree; the glomerous fig-tree; the jack (Artocarpus integrifolia!); the Bel (Ægle marmelos).

सद्भावत suda vruit, s.m. Alms, or food distributed daily to the poor, travellers, &c.

सदामिब súda-shív, s. m. Shiv.

सदामुहान súda-soohágun, s. f. A bird (Trogon dilectus); a flower (Hibiscus phæniccus, the white variety); a kind of mendicant dressed like a woman.

सर्दिया sudya, s.f. The female of the little bird called Amadavat.

बहुत्तर sud-fottur, s. m. A proper or good reply.

बहण sudrísh, adj. Like, similar.

महभाता sudrish-ta, s. f. Likeness, sameness.

सदेश sudesh, adj. Near, proximate; of the same country or place.

बदेह sudeh, ady. With body. adv. Bodily. बहर्ति sud-gati, s. f. Felicity or fortune; good conduct.

सद्ग a sud-goon, adj. Good, pure, virtuous ;

varia sud-bhao, s. m. A pure or holy disposition or nature; a good temper; amiability, kindly feeling; the property of goodness.

सधना súdh-na, v. n. To be fully instructed or disciplined.

स्थानी súdhurmmee, adj. Observing the same customs or laws.

स्था sudh-wá, s. f. A wife, whose husband is living.

स्थाना sudhána, v. a. To train animals ; to perform.

en sun, s.m., Name of a plant (Crotalaria juncea), a kind of flax; a tree (Pentaptera tomo iosa).

सनसनाना sunsunána, v. n. To jingle, to ring; to faint.

सनसूत्र sun-sootr, s. m. Packthread, or a net made of it.

सन्पात sun-pat, s. m. A disease in which the body is seized with universal childness, deliquium: it is explained by the *Hindoo* physicians to be that in which the three humours, bile, phlegm and atrabilis are corrupted.

सना súna, s. m. Senna.

सनातन sunatun, adj. Eternal, continual, perpetual; firm, fixed, permanent.

सनाया sunatha, s. f. A woman whose husband is living.

सनिया súniya, s. m. A kind of Tusur cloth. सनीचर sun-sechur, s. m. Saturn, Saturday. सनीचरा sunée-churá, adj. Unlucky (fellow). s. m. Name of a mountain near Gwalior.

सन्त sunt, s. m. A kind of devotee, a saint. adj. Pious, virtuous.

सन्ति suntúti, s. f. Race, lineage; a son, a daughter, offspring, progeny.

कल्य suntupt, adj. Distressed, afflicted, wretched.

सन्ता sunta, adj. Depraved; miserly.

सनान suntán, s. m. Family, race, lineage ; offspring, progeny,a son or daughter, children.

सनाप suntap, s. m. Heat, burning heat; affliction, sorrow, pain, distress, misery, repentance, सनापो suntapse, adj. Sad, sorrowful.

सनी suntee, s. m. A succedaneum.

सन्द sun-toosht, adj. Satisfied, gratified, delighted, content, pleased.

सन्ते sunteh, adv. Instead, stead.

patience, satisfy, satisfaction, joy, pleasure, delight, happiness, gratification. Suntokh kurna, To be patient, to be content.

बन्दोधी suntokhée, adj. Patient, contented; consoled, comforted, gratified.

सन्दिश्च sundigdb, adj. Doubted, questioned, doubtful.

सन्देश sun-desh, s. m. News, tidings, information; a message.

सन्देशी sun-deshée, s. m. A messenger.

सन्द ह sun-deh, s. m. Doubt, uncertainty, suspicion, apprehension, hesitation, anxiety.

सन्देशी sun-dehée, adj. Doubtful, scrupulous, distrustful, suspicious.

सञ्जान sun-dhan, s. m. Spying, prying into metrets. Sundhan pana, v. a. To trace, to discover.

सञ्जाना sundhána, s.m.) Pickles, &c., acid सञ्जानी sundhánee, s.f. preparation of the Bel and other fruits.

wf of súndh, s. m. Union, junction, connexion, combination; peace, making peace, pacification; a hole, a chasm.

हान्या sundhyá, s.f. Twilight, either morning or evening; a period of time, forencon, afternoon, or mid-day.

सञ्चाकाच súndhya-kál, s. m. Twilight.

सन्धारसम् súndhya-súmuy, s. m. Evening twilight.

सन्ति súnnuti, s. f. Reverence, obeisance, reverential salutation.

सद्दा sunna, v. n. To be impregnated ; to be stained, soiled, smeared or defiled; to be kneaded, mixed up (as flour, dough, earth, de.) सदारा sunnata, s. m. The roaring of the

waves, rumbling noise made by wind and rain at a distance, sound, bluster.

सद्दिश्वर्षे sunni-kursh, s. m. सद्दिश्वर sunni-dhan, s. m. approxima-सद्दिश्व sunnidhi, s. f. tion, near-

सदिवात sunni-pat, s. m. Morbid state of the three humours.

इद्मिहित sunnihit, adj. Near, proximate, at hand, present.

सन्तान sun-man, s. m. Respect for the good; respect, esteem, reverence, regard.

सन्तानी sun-manee, adj. Polite, civil; re-

सन्दा stin-mookh, adj. Opposite, confronting, in face, over against.

रद । १६ sunnyas, s. m. Abandonment of all worldly affections and possessions.

the fourth order, the religious mendicant; an ascetic, a devotes. [tion.

सपष्ट supath, s. f. An oath, an assevera-सप्रि super, adv. Instantly, in a moment, quickly, swiftly

स्वना súp-na, e. m. A dream.

हत्र supn, ) s. m. A dream. Supn-समना supna, dosh, s. m. Nocturnal pollution. Supna-bicharce, s. m. An interpreter of dreams.

euge supúlluv, adj. With sprouts, shoots, or twigs (a pot, &c. in times of rejoicing).

हण्ड súpuksh, s. m. A partisan, a follower, an suberent, one of the same side or party. सपुत्र supóotr, ) s. m. A tractable and duti-सपुत्र supóot, ful son.

समाजा supóla, हे. m. A young snake समाजिया supóliya, just hatched.

राष्ट्री suptumée, s. f. The seventh day of the fortnight.

सप्ताइ suptah, s. m. A week.

Euch suphree, s. f. A small glistening fish, commonly termed Pointhes, a sort of carp (Cyprinus Sophore).

सफल suphul, adj. Productive, fruitful,

bearing fruit, yielding a profit, &c.

33 sub, adj. All, every, the whole, total,
(In the infection of the plural this word generally
becomes Subham). Sub koochh, Every thing, all.
Sub koce, Every body, every one. Sub khouwa,
Omnivorous, one who eats all kinds of food without exception. Sub misree kee hym duliyan (all
are pieces of sugar), is applied to denote equality or similitude of state, form, &c.

भवन subul, ad). Powerful, forcible.

सम्बाई subulace, s. f. Power, force, strength.

Har suber, ad). Early, soon, in good time.

soon.

स्वीतर substar, adj. Everywhere.

word, a word; (in gram.) a declinable word, as a noun, pronoun, &c.; a song (among Nanukpunthees).

www subbuy, adj. Fearing, fearful.

aur sutha, \* f. An assembly, meeting, company.

सभापनि subha-puti, s. m. The president of an assembly.

ব্যাহর subha-sid, s. m. One of a company, an assistant at an assembly or meeting; (in lum) an assessor.

तक subhyuh, adv. Trusted, confidential, faithful s. m. An assistant at an assembly : un assessor.

सभ्यता subhyutá, s. f. Politeness, refinement in manners.

सङ्ग sum, adj. All, whole, entire; like, similar. s. m. A tone in music.

समञ्ज súmujh, s.f. Understanding, comprehension, knowledge, orinion, conception, thought, mmd.

रसभाग sumujh-nā, v. a. To understand, comprehend, suppose, think, conceive, consider, deem, fancy, perceive, apprehend, know, come to an understanding (with).

सम्भवार sumujh-war, adj. Prudent, wise,

energy sumphisma, v. a. To make comprehend to explain, to account for, to convince, describe, inform, satisfy, undeceive, wern, admonish, instruct, apologize.

समकावा sum-jhawa, हैं हैं Act of ex-पमकावी sum-jhoutee, plaining, convincing or giving confidence.

हमञ्जून sumunjus, adj. Proper, right, fit. s. m. Propriety, fitness.

समता sumta, s. f. Sameness, similarity, equality, similitude, parallelism, resemblance, comparison, parity.

समदानि súm-durshee, s. m. Impartial, equally viewing both sides.

समदः खंड sum-dookh, adj. Sympathizing, feeling for another's woe.

समधन sum-dhuns. f. Child's mother-inlaw.

समधीनजादा sumudh-milawa, s. m. The mutual embracing of two Sumdhees.

समिद्याना sumdhi-yana, s. m. The family of a child's father-in-law.

समधी sum-dhée, s. m. Child's father-inlaw.

समाज sum-bhao, adj. Of like nature or property. s. m. Equability; sameness.

समस्ति sum-bhoomi, s. f. Even ground.

कस्य súmuy, s. m. Time ; leisure, opportamity; season fit or proper time for any thing. सर्प súmur, s. m. War, battle, conflict.

स्तर्भे sumurth, adj. Strong, powerful; able, wlequate to, capable s. m. Strongth, power.

समयन sumurthúk, s. m. Aloe wood (Amyris agalloch\*).

समञ्जा summith tá, s.f. Strength, power, prowess; ability, capability, adequacy.

समर्थी sum urthée, adj. Strong, powerful. समर्थेष sum-úrpun, s. m. Delivering, consigning, committing, entrusting to another.

समित sum-urpit, adj. Delivered, made over, consigned.

समयोद samurjad, adj. Correct in conduct.

दश्च súmul, adj. Dirty, muddy, filthy. समञ्ज súm-ust, adj. All, whole, entire, complete.

##7 stim-a, s. m. Time, season; plenty, abundance; state, condition; concord, harmony, unison. Semanan Bena v. m. To be in concert.

समाई suméee,s. f. Endurance ; patience ; capability.

समास्ता sum-akhya, s. f. Fame, reputation. समास्तात sum-akhyat, adj. Famed, celebrated; notorious, public.

स्मागत sumagat, adj. Arrived, approached; met, encountered; united, joined.

waterfa suma-guti, e.f. Arrival approach; union, joining; encountering, meeting; similar condition or progress.

समागम sumagum, s. m. Union, junction; arrival, approach; association, acquaintence, intercourse; encounter, receture.

Equal or like in virtuous conduct. s. m. Information, tradition, news, tidings, intelligence, advice, account of circumstances or health, &c.

समाज sum-fig. s. ea. A multitude, a number (of any thing except beasts); an assembly, a meeting; apparatus; society.

समाजी sumajée, s.f. Musicians that attend

स्ता धान sum-adhan, s. m. Religious meditation; promising declaring; consolation, comfort, solace, pacification, adjustment, the act of satisfying.

waiffy sumadhi, s. f. Tomb of a Joges, particularly where Hindoos, from religious motives, submit to be huned alive; deep and devote meditation; an exercise of austerity among Joges, whereby they are supposed to acquare the power of suspending during their pleasure the connexion between their soul and body.

समान sum-an, adj. Like, akin, alike, similar, equal, adequate; one, uniform, same s.f. Equality, level, rank

समानकार्यान suman-kaleen,adj.Occurring or produced at the same period.

unia ar seman-junma, adj. Of equal

RECOGNITION SERVICES STATE OF AUGUST AUGUST

THIST sumi-and, v. n. To be contained in, to go into.

समापन sum apun, s. m. Conclusion, com-

completed, concluded. Finished, done,

watfur sum-epit, adj. Finished, done, concluded, completed, accomplished, perfected.

warfu sumapti, s. f. End, conclusion, completion, perfection, finish.

सलाली sum-ales, s. f. A collection of flowers, a nosegoy, &c.

HATE Sum-Aloo, c. m. A plant (Vitex trifolia and negundo).

सदाव sumão, s. m. Room, space.

Ewilly sum-avesh, s. m. Entrance.

ment, conciseness, composition of words, formation of compound terms (in grammar).

मंत्रित súmiti, s. f. Sameness, likeness, equality.

of our stimidh, . f. Fuel, wood, grass, &c. employed to kindle or light a fire.

सभीकर्या súmec-kúrun, a m (In arithmetic) Equation.

स्तीय suméep, adj. Near, contiguous, proximate, at hand. postpos. mas. Near.

समीपता sumcepta, s. f. Proximity, conti-

रक्षीणी suméepee, s. f. Proximity, near-

समृद्ध sumoochabay, s. m. Assemblage, collection, either in thought or fact; conjunction of words or sentences.

समुख्ति sum-ootputti, e. f. Origin, production, birti.

सन्तर्ह sum-ootpunn,adj. Born, produced. सन्दर्भ sum-ootsuv, s. m. Festivity.

सभूद्व sum-ooduy, s. m. Ascent, rise;

सन्दाब súmoodáyuh, s. m. Multitude, quantity, number, heap. adj. Aggregate.

स्भुद्र súmoodr, s. m. A sea, an ocean.

समद्रक्षक sumoodr-kuph, s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

समद्भर sumoodr-tut, s. m. The sea-coast.

समुद्रतीर sumoodr-teer, a m. The sea

समुद्र फोन sumoodr-phen, का m. The derent scale or Cuttle fish bone (Sepin michaelis).

समुद्रवया sumoodr-luvun, a.m. Sea salt.

समुद्रवित्त sumoodr-vahni, s. m. Subinarine fire.

समुद्रशोश sumoodr-sokh, s.m. A medicine (Convolvulus argentius):

समुद्रान्त sumoodr-ant, s. m. The sea shore.

ung ver sumoodr-anta, s. f. A chruis (Hedysarum alhage); the cotton plant; s grammsous plant (Trigonella cormiculata).

समुद्राक् sumoodr-arov, s. m. A shark; a large fabulous fish, perhaps intending the whale, hyperbolically described.

समृद्धि sumóo-drik ् f. Palmistry, fortune-telling, the art of physiognomy.

समृद्भि sumoodrikee, s. m. A fortuneteller, a physiognomist, a palmister.

समुद्रिय sumoodriyuh,adj. Marine, oceanic,

समचा sumcocha, adj. Entire, whole.

समूत sumooh, e. m. Assemblage, aggregate in general, heap, number, multitude, quantity, &c.

सम sumen, ) s. m. Time, senson; lei-

समे súmuy, sure, opportunity.

ਸਮੇਟ sumet, s. f. An astringent, a medicine used by women for constringing purposes; contraction.

समेटना surnetus, v. a. To collect together, to amass; to constringe, contract, compress, brace, to cause to shrivel or shrink.

समित sumet, adv. With, along with, together with.

समी sumó, s. m. Season, time.

समोना sumbna, v. a. To cool warm water by mixing it with cool water.

स्याच sum-putti, s. f. Prosperity, success, increase of wealth, power, or happiness; a sort of undicinal root.

same sumpfied, s. f. Success, prosperity, increase of any favourable kind, or of wealth, fame, power, &c., advancement in good qualities, perfection, excellence; a necklace of pearls, &c.

संबद्ध sum-punn, adj Accomplished, completed, effected, obtained; prosperous, fortunate, thriving, happy.

werf sumpurk, s. m. Mixture, mingling, contact, union, junction; copulation.

seques sum padik, adj. Who or what fulfils, accomplishes, &c.

कर्पाद्म sumpaduu, s. m. Gaining, acquireing; accomplishing, effecting.

awrita sumpadit, adj. Attained, obtained, guined, gutten; effected, accomplished.

wagz súmpoot, s. m. A casket, a covered

was a sumpform, adj. Whole, entire; complete, finished.

रुम्पर्धाता sumpoorn-tá, s. f. Fulness, completion.

सम्बन्धि súm-pruti, adv. Now, at present, at this time.

हआदान sum-prudán, s. m. Gift, donation ; (in grammar) the dative case.

Tentine simprudayuh, s. m. Traditional doctrine, what has been transmitted from one teacher to another, and is established as of saured authority.

बकादायन sum-prusédhun, s.m. Effecting, accomplishing, performing well or completely. बहास्त्रान sum-prusthan, s.m. Setting out on a journey.

ASTR sum-propt, adj. Attained, obtained, gatten.

TOTTY Euro-prapti, of Obtaining, getting, acquisition.

wails sum-preer, nlj. We'll pleased, delighted.

रक्शित sum-précti, \* f. Attachment, affection ; delight.

Heraj sum-bandh, & m. Connexion, affinity, relation; connexion by birth or marriage, relationship; rhyme, metres (in grammar) the possessive case.

description bundles, adj. Related to, a relation a connexion; connected with, belonging or relating to: s. m. A relation; son or daughter's father in law.

wafe sum-booddhi,s.f. The vocative case.

dressing calling to: the vocative case; comfort, soothing, encouragement, the act of consoling.

सञ्ज्ञा sum-bhulns, v. n. To be supported, to stand, stop, be firm, recover one's self from a fall, &c.

सकाव sum-bhuv, s. m. Capacity, appropriateness, adaptation; possibility; consistency, compatibility.

prop, sustain, hold up assist, help; to shield, protiest, stop, retain, restrain, check, repress.

reflecting; fitness, suitableness; adequacy, competency; possibility; probability; (in grammar) the sense of the potential mood.

सम्बादित sum-bhavit, adj: Possible. सम्बादण sumbháshun, s. m. Conversation, discourse.

erg súmbhoo, s. m. A parent, a progeni-

स्त्रीम sum-bhog, s. m. Enjoyment, pleasure, delight; coition, copulation.

स्क्रीमी sum-bhogee, adj. Sensual, sensualist.

सक्ताजन súm-bhojun, s.m A meaf partaken together, a convivial party.

सम्बंध súmbhrum, s. m. Esteem, respect, reverence, honour, awa.

avara summut, adj. Assented or agreed to, concurred in, approved of; contormable to a m. Opinion, scutiment.

ment, ascent, similarity of opinion or purpose; approbation.

स्कान summan, s. m. Respect, homage. स्कान्य summanyuh, adj. Respectable, honourable.

संस्थित summit, adj. Like, similar, same ; of equal measure or extent; meted, measured.

सम्बुख súmmookh, ad). Encountering, facing, in front of.

सद्भावीन summookhéen, adj. Before, in front or in face of.

सन्दान्त summfogdh, adj. Fascinated, bewildered; stupified, stounded.

हस्ताद summód, s. m. Pleasure, delight. सम्बाह summóh, s. m. Ignorance; folly; beguilement, fascination; stupefaction.

समाहित summohit, adj. Beguiled fascinated; enraptured, overcome with delight.

स्यक súm-yuk, adv. All, wholly; properly, fitly, in the right manner.

हयन súyun, s. m. Sleep, repose.

सवान suyán, s. m. Cunning, shrewdness.

स्थाना suyana, adj. Cunning, artful, shrewd, sly, knowing, sagacious, clever, prudent; mature (in understanding), grown up.

HT sur, s. m. An arrow; a lake, a pool.

सरकड़ा sur-kúra, ्रे s. m. A reed (Sac-

सरकार sur-kúnda, J charum procerum). सरकार súr-ukna, v. n. To be moved, to remove, move, stir, to get out of the way, budge.

বিধানা surkana, v. a. To remove, put on one side, to move out of the way.

surger surgoon, adj. All qualities, possessing all qualities (an epithal of the Deity).

WEST súr-da, s. m. A kind of musk-melon.

सरमा sur-na, } क f. An asylum, shelter, protection.

exercised ou, to issue, to be ended.

who has come for protection or rafuge.

oral to those come for sanctuary, an epithet of the Deity.

HTU stir-up, s. m. A serpent.

phenina, To set off in a gallop.

with sur-put, s. m. A kind of reed, or reed-grass (Saccharum procerum).

strate surbus, s. m. Every thing, whole property.

wiger sar-ul, adj. Plain, artless, honest, singere, simple, candid, upright; perpendicular, straight. s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus longifolia); a bird (Pavo bicalcarata).

Trar surul-á, adj. Upright, tall, straight.

arer survur, s. m. A lake, pond, tank. Survey, adj. Equal.

wer sur-us, adj. Best, excellent, prime; more, abundant, plenty.

ss a snake, to make the noise a snake does when creeping.

graf sur-sa, adj. Best, excellent, prime; more, abundant, plenty.

सरसाई sur-sace, s. f. Increase, abundance, excellence.

सर्भों súr-son, s. f. A species of mustard (Sinapis dichotoma).

सर्खन sur-swut, adj. Elegant.

ma, the goddess of speech and eloquence, the patroness of music and the arts, and the inventress of the Sanskrit language and Demaguree letters; a river, the Sansooty, which rises in the mountains bounding the north-east part of the province of Delhi, whence it runs in a south-westerly direction, and is lost in the sands of the great desert in the country of the Bhutti: according to the Hindon the river only disappears in this place, and continuing its course under ground, joins the Ganges and Jamaa at Allahabad.

स्रा súra, s. m. An earthen cover of a pot. स्राई sur-úee, s. f. A small cover.

Surap desa, To urse, imprecation.

सरापना sur-apna, v. a. To curse.

सराज sur-60, s. m. A lid,or a shallow cup or saucer used as such. स्राचक surawuk, s. m. A Hondon tribe; the followers of the Jym religion; the boty

सर्वन sur-áwun, s. m. A harrow.

सदाह suráh, s. f. Praise, commendation सराहन surahún, s. m. Praising.

सराहना surahná, e. a. To praiso, commend, approve, applaud, celebrate.

uft nw surigim, s. m. The gamut; sol-fuing, sol-misation.

areed of which arrows are made.

हरीहा sur-éckha, adj. Like, resembling ;

Own or natural shape or form, appearance, identity, shape, form, a spectacle; with form, with appearance.

blance.

सर्पी suréopee, adj. In its own shape, as it really appears.

the moon, consisting of five stars, probably in Cancer. adj. Cunning, sly.

सरेश suresh, s. m. Glue, starch.

बरोज surój, s. m. A lotus.

सरीता surota, s. m. A kind of seissars for cutting betel-nut.

सरीम súrog, adj. Sick, diseased.

pond, any piece of water deep enough for the lotus to grow.

स्रोही surchée, e.f. A kind of scimitar.

सर्वाच súrounj, s. f. A kind of seed. सन्जि súrjji, s. f. Natron, alkali.

सर्चे surp, s. m. A snake, a serpent.

संगत्ना surp-gundha, s. f. A plant, perhaps the same as the serpent ophiczylon.

संबद्ध surp-chhútr, s. m. A mushroom.

stone, a gem or pearl said to resemble in form the berry of the Abrus precatorius, and to be found in the head of the snake.

or carbuncle, or a jewel said to be found in the head of a snake, possessing also alexipharmic properties.

सर्पञ्च surp-hún, s. m. An ichneumon, a mungoose.

स्य ह्या surbgühun, s. m. A total eclipse. स्य surv, ads. All, whole, entire, complete, universal.

सर्वकारी surv-karee, adj. The maker of all things.

सर्वेकान surv-kál, e. m. All seasons or

भवजानीय surv-kaléen, adj. Of all times or seasons.

tar survig, adj. Going every where, all-

warm survegut, adj. Onnipresent, uni-

พริศาส surv-gundh, s. m. A class of four aromatics or Kukkol, cloves, agallochum, and gum banjamin.

सवजनत survejugut, s.f. The universe, the whole world.

संबंधित surveit, adj. All-subduing, irresisting all-surpassing excellent, incomparable. a.m. The treaty-trat year of the cycle.

wise. Omniscient, all-

सब सना survágyutá, s. f. Omniscience.

सबरोज्ञ surv-tejús, s.m. All-splendour or power.

स्वेत जो मय surv-tejomuy, adj. Made, comprising or consisting of all-splendour or power.

want we survutobhudr, adj. Every where auspicious. s. m. A temple or palace of a square form, with an entrance opposed to each point of the compass.

The survitr, adn. Every where, in all places; always, at all times.

means; assuredly, certainly.

सर्वनम् surv-damun, adj. All-subduing,

हर्नेद्रारी surv-durshee adj. All-seeing.

भवरा survuda,adv. Always,at all times.

सर्वेदु: खन्त्र súrv-dookh-kshúy, s. m. Final emancipation from trausmigration.

सुदेशन surv-dhun, s m Whole wealth or property; (in arithmatic) total of a sum in progression.

accord year of the cycle.

स्वनाम surv-mam, s. m. A pronoun.

सदेनाज surv-nash, s. m. Total destruction, destruction of all.

pletion or fulness, complete proparation or provision.

वर्षेत्रिय surv-priyub, adj. Generally or universally beloved; generally friendly, loving all

सदेशच surv-bhuksh, adj. Omnivorous, eating all or any thing, all-devouring.

सर्वभाष surv-bháo, s. m. Whole disposition, all one's thoughts and purpose. all created things.

स्थेमय surv-muy, adj. General, universal, comprehensive, comprehending.

सर्वेहाल surv-rate, e.m. The whole night.

asfaz surv-víd, ) adj. Omniscient, all-

सर्वेवेदी surv-vedee, े wise.

equation surv-sumts, s. f. Sameness or identity with all things; equanimity, equal regard for all.

सर्वेशन surv-suhuh, adj. All-enduring, bearing all things with patience and firmness. s. m. Bdellium.

सर्वेख surváswah, s. m. Whole property or possessions; substance, whole essence of any thing.

समे खद गढ surviswuh-dúnd, adj. Fined in all one's property. s.m. Confiscation of property. समेख हर या surviswuh-húrun, s.m. Confis-

cation of a whole property.

सर्वसारी surv-swamee, s. m. A universal monarch; the owner or master of all.

स्वद्वार surv-hár,s. m. Total confiscation.

सर्वोङ्ग surv-áng, s. m. The whole body.

सर्वोक्षा surv-atms, s. m. The supreme or universal spirit; all beings collectively,

सर्वाधिकार surv-adhikár,s.m. General control or superintendance.

सर्वा विकारी surv-adhikaree,s. m. A general or head superintendant.

स्वाधिम् surv-arthum, adv. For or on account of all.

सर्वाञ्चय surv-asruy, adj. Giving shelter or protection to all.

सरेश surv-ésh, s. m. Supreme or universal monarch; the Supreme Being.

स्वापिक्षणा surv-oushudhi-gun, s. m. A class of certain principal drugs, consisting of Moora, Valeriana Jatamanss, Orris root, Beazoin, Zedoary, Koork, or Costus speciosus, red saunders, and Cyperus.

प्राथित स surv-oushudhi-rus, s. m The juice or infusion of a number of plants as used at a royal inauguration.

सर्भेष surshup, s. m. A sort of mustard (Sinapis dishotoma); a kind of poison.

सवज sulújj,adj. Bashful,modest, asham-

संतना súlna, v. n. To pierce, prick, perforate, enter. s. m. A rivulet.

जनस्याना sul-sulana, v. n. To creep (as a snake), to make the noise a snake does when creeping.

wire for tinging the cyclids with a collyrium also used for depriving people of sight, which is effected by drawing it while hot close ever the cycs of the sufferer; a lead pencil.

werran suláka, s. f. A rulo, a rulor; a

probe.

सचिता súlita, s. f. A river.

स्तिल salil, s. m. Water; liquid.

स्त्रज्ञ sulcono, s. f. The full moon in Savun, at which time the examinant talled ruthee is tied round the wrist.

सङ्घ sulcop, s. m. A little.

सनीन sulon, adj. Salted (food). s. m. Name of a district.

tasteful; beautiful, expressive (a countenance).

स्टोनी sulonee, adj. Seasoned, tasteful; beautiful (when applied to a mistress).

सहको sullukée, s. f. The gum Olibanum tree (Bosvellia thurifera).

सञ्जा súllum, e. m. A kind of coarse cloth. सञ्च sullóo, s. m. A thong, narrow slips of leather with which shoes are stitched.

sgit sullo, adj. Foolish (a woman).

same tribe or class; of the same kind, homogeneous

सवा súva, adj. With a quarter, a quarter more,

सवाई suwace, s. m. A title of the Rajah of Jypors; a quarter more.

सर्वांग Suwang, s. m. Minniskry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. Suvam long, To imitate, &c.

सवांगी suwängee,s. m. An actor, a mimick. सवाचना suwächna, v. a. To try, to prove.

स्वाद suwad, s. m. Relish, flavour, taste, sweetness; pleasure.

सवाया suwaya, } adj. A quarter added.

सविवास suvismuy, adj. Wanton, sportive. सविद्याय suvismuy, adj. Astonished, surprised.

southern; reverse, contrary, backward.

THE Sushunk, adj. Fearful, doubtful.

स्थानि sushók, adj. Sorrowful, sad. adv. Sorrowfully.

सम्भाव susúnshuy, adj. Doubtful, uncer-

ससा sústa, adj. Cheap.

ससाई sus-táce, s. f. Cheapness.

Terrer sus-tana, v. n. To rest.

est sas-a, s. m. A hare.

was susoor, s. m. Father-in-law.

wer sits-yul, s. m. Fruit ; corn, grain.

TRAIT Sphukhr, s. m. A fragrant sort of mango; assistance

TE SIFE AT Subukarita, s. f. Co-operation,

warff subukárce adj. An assistant or associate a A helpen

resters schugumun, s. m. Going with,

सहचर subuchur, e. m. A companion, a follower.

सहस्रों suhuchuree, s. f. A wife ; u wo-

सहचारी suhucháree, adj. A companion,

सहज súhuj, adj. Easy, not difficult, facile. adv. Easily. Suhnj-soobhachee, With natural case.

सहजना subujna, s. m. A tree, the root of which supplies the place of horseradish (Guilandina manunga).

era suhutwúb, s. m. Sufferance, endurance; association, union.

सहन suhun,adj.Patient, enduring, suffering, bearing, e.m. Bearing, enduring.

able, tolerable, [port.

सहस्र súbra e n To bear, endure, sup-

a widow's burning herself with the corpse of her bushand.

\* \$\times (\text{Terf subrana, v. n. To thrill, have the hairs stand on end. v. a. To stroke, rub gently, tickle, titillate; to tire, harass, tease.

HECTAT suhráwun, e.f. Titillation.

WET suhree, s. f. A fish, the small carp (Cyprinus chrysopareius).

सङ्खाना suhlána, v. a. To stroke, rub gently, tickle.

HENTEZ suhlahut, s. f. Gentle rubbing, stroking, titillation.

सहस्या suh-wyya, s. m. A sufferer.

सहस्र súhus, s. m. The month Ugruhayun (November-December); the winter weason; strength, power.

बहसा súhsa, adv. Quickly, precipitately, inconsiderately, without consideration or pause बहसाब suhsán, adj. Patient, enduring.

यहान suhusyah, s. m. The mouth Poush (December January).

सङ्ख suhusr, s. m. A thousand

सहस्टंत subusr-dunt, s. m. A sert of sheat fish (Siturus pelorius).

कह्न्यम subusr-joog, s. m. A period of a thousand ages.

सहसाम् suhusr aksh, तत्रे Thousand-eyed: used figuratively, vigilant, all-perceiving, allinspecting, all-powerful.

Egg) subusrée, e. m. Commander or prefect of a thousand.

सर्हे subseq a m. Aider, assistant, help-

wwy a subsec, adj. Telerable.

warm subto, s. m. Bearing, endurance.

सहावा suhána, s. m. A musical mode. सहाद suhánh, s. m. A companion, a fel-

lower, an adherent; a patron, a helper. सन्दायक् suhaytik, s. m. A succourer, aider, ally.

सहायता suhaeta, s. f. Aid, help, assistance, friendship.

বস্থাৰ subaewan, ndj. Befriended, assisted, accompanied.

REITT suhára, s. m. Assistance, aid, help, association. Suhara kurna, To abet.

सहाई suharth, adj. Synonimous, having the same meaning.

afea suhit, ad. Accompanied by, in company with, associated with. adv. With, together with

सहिए। suhirána, v. n. To thrill, have the hairs standon end. v. a. To stroke, rub geutly, tickle, titillate; tire, harass, tease.

सन्दिन् suhíshnoo, adj. Patient, enduring, resigned.

signation.

unife, An emphatical particle, (it is), true or correct or good; very well!

सहेजना suhejna, v. a. To try ; to adjust ; to provide.

होती suhélee, s. f. A woman's female companion, a handmaid, damsel, concubine.

BETET suhódur, s. m. A brother of whole blood, one by the same father and mother. Suhodur bhase, Full brother.

सहीत suhól, s. m. A plummet.

सहोटी suhoutee, s. f. A kind of doorframe.

with suhyuh, adj. To be borne or suffered.

Wit sa, adj. Like, resembling (most commonly by way of adjunct, like the English ish), as
Kalasa, Blackish; an adjunct the meaning of
which is at times scarcely perceptible, though

often it seems to give intensity to the preceding word, as Buhoot-sa, Much, many, very much.

tion.

हारू भी sacongee, s. f. A support on which the pole of a cart is propped.

wit saeen, s. m. Lord, master; (met.) a mendicant; the deity; an imitative sound, as of wind.

aim sank, s. f. Fear; the asthma; a lump of a sweetment (particularly of Juliber).

era san-kur, s.f. A chain; a kind of female ornament; a strait, a narrow lane; (met.) difficulty. adj.

Tight, narrow, close, strait, strict.

stara sank-ul, s. f. A chain.

vice san-khóo, s. m. A bridge; a kind of wood (Shorea robusta).

win sang, so ? A spear or javelin, all of iron s. m. Pisguise minickry, sham acting, imitation; a scene. Sang kurna, v. a. To act foolishly. Sang lana, To mitate, to minick

pole of a cart is propped.

song, dancing and music as a public entertainment; the art or science of music and dancing.

सांग्र san-goos, s. f. A scate. सांग्र san-ghur, s. m. A wife's son by a former husband. [act, real.

सांच sanch, adj. True, proper, correct, ex-संचा san-cha, s.m. A mould.

With sanjh, & f. Evening.

ৰাজ্য san-jhée, s. f. Images of cow-dung missi san-jhée, s. f. made by children in the month of Asin, Krishn-pulsh, to represent idols.

Riz sant, } s. f. Joining, sticking; conriz santh, federacy, collusion; a stick for threshing corn with, a fiail.

With san-ta, s m. A stick or whip with which elephants are beaten at the time of fight; a spur.

सांडना santh-na, v. a. To join thread, to join, splice, to stick together.

संख sand, } s. m. A bull; a stallion; संख् sanr, } (met) an independent, extravagant fellow.

etert sand-née, saur-née, s f. A famale caroul, a dramedary. Sandacesusar, Ose who rides on a carool.

wiws sanda, s. m. Name of an animal resembling a lizard the oil of which is said to have restorative powers). ata sant, adj. Calm, tranquil, pacified, appeased. Sant kurna, To appease, pacify. Sant kona, To be appeased or pacified.

Bial san-tee, prep. Instead. s. f. Stead.

with samp, s. m. A snake, a serpent.

स्रापन samp-un, s. f. A female snake.

wist sam-bhur, s. m. The name of a town, near *dimers*, in the vicinity of which is a lake, from which sait is extracted; the salt itself.

etaet saon-la, adj. Of a dark or sallow (complexion).

etat san-wals, m. A very small grain (Panicum francular cum).

lenes To gasp or draw in bresth (as a person in agony). Sans blurna, To sigh, to regree. Sons rootna, To be smothered or throutled. Sons rolena, v. a. To sufficate, to stiffe.

green sans-na, v. a. To snub, distress,

Trut sánsa, s. m. Imagination, reflection, fancy, fear, apprehension.

with the san-sarik, adj. Worldly, of or be-

To establish an era; (met.) to distinguish onde self by heroic actions. Sakeh bundh, s.m. A king who has established an era.

WITHIE sakar, adj. Having form or shape. With sakh, s. f. Trust, credit, reputation; season.

wreg sakha, s. f. A branch.

aveil sakhée, s. m. An evidence, a witness, an eye witness.

erterra sakhyat, adj. Evident, conspicuous, adv. Before, in the presence of.

साग sag, वागपात sag-pat, ह dible ve-

herbs, potherb: Sagpat hona, To become soft.

The ocean; to bathe
the bones of Sague's 60,000 sons the Ganges is

the bones of Sagur's 60,000 sons the Ganger is said to have been led by Bhugesruth, his great-great grandson, to the ocean, at the place now called Gunya-Sagur.

ব্যান sa-géon, a. f. Teak wood or tree (Tectona grandie)

erger san-kul, s. f. A chain.

number s. m. A system of philosophy, ascribed originally to the Mooni Kupil.

ury sang, adj. Having all the members.

2. m. Disguise, mimickry, sham, acting, imitation; a scene. Sang kurna, v. a. To act foolishly.

Sang lana, To imitate, to mimick.

True sach, adj. True.

uter saj, s. m. Preparation, harness accontraments.

साजन saj-un, s. m. A sweetheart, a lover. साजना saj-us, v. a. To prepare, dress, decorate, bedeck, regulate v. n. To become,fit, suit.

WINT si-jha, s. m. Partnership, association.

RIZETZ satbat, s. f. Combining, leaguing, confederating.

ers sath, adj. Sixty.

ents sathee, s. m. A kind of rice produced in the rains (so called, because it ripens in 60 days from the time of soming).

with sa-red, & f. A dress consisting of one page of cloth worn by Hindoo women round the body and passing over the head.

wist sarbee, s. m. The spring barvest or grain cut in the spring.

ere sar-hoo, s. m. A wife's sister's hos-

surheh, ad), (used with nouns of number desotes) With a half (of one, or of the aggregate number in addition to the number specified).

Fin sat, adj. Seven. Sat panch kurna, To be in doubt, to be unable to decide what to do. Sat sumcondur. The name of a game.

araqi satwan, adj. Seventh.

सारिसार sati-sar, adj. Dysenteric, afflicted with dysentery.

सर्वित sat-wik, ad). Spontaneous, sincere; relating to or proceeding from the Suturnh quality, honest, true, good, gentle, amiable, &c.

\*\* sath, adv. With, together, along with \*\* m. Society, company. Sath iskeh, Along with this; besides, moreover. Sath oosiele, Along with that, although, notwithstanding. Sath dena, To join, associate with. Sath-wala, A nomrale, a companion. Sathon-sath, Together with, along with.

साधित sa-thin, a. f. A female companion. साधी sa-thee, a.m. A companion, comrade, ally, accomplice, associate Salkie sail, Together, so one company.

wizz sa-dur, adj. Respectful, adv. Respectfully.

WIELT sad ra, s. m. A kind of song.

साहरत sa-drish-yuh, र. m. Resemblance, similarity.

wry such, a-15. Virtuous, righteous, good, holy. s. m. A religious person, a mendicant. s. f. Desire.

साधक sa-dhúk, adj. Completing, perfecting, finishing, who or what effects or completes; holy, devotee. s. m. A practiser. साधन sadhun, s. m. Accomplishing, effecting; practice.

ally to any habit, to teach, learn, habituate, accustom, to use, practise, regulate, pacify, correct, rectify, settle, fix or determine, accomplish. e. f. The act of familiarizing by habitude, practice; accomplishment.

साधार या sa-dharun,adj.In common; com-

साधार साध्य sadharun-dhurmm, s.m. Common or universal duty, conduct to be observed by all castes or orders, as humanity, &c.

erry sa dhoo, adj. Pions, virtuous, good, pure, honest a m. A merchant; a kind of mendicant.

साभुवा sa-dhoots, अ. f. Goodness, honesty,

सामग्रस sadhoo-póoshp, e. m. A flower

साम्बन्ध sadhoo-vrikship, m. The Kudumb ores (Nauclea Cadamba).

wry of a sidheo-seel, adj. Virtuous, righteous wisely or virtuously inclined.

tainable; practicable, easy. s. m. The twentysecond astronomical yog.

सान san, s. f. A whetstone, a grindstone. सान बुक्ताना san-boojhana, v.a. To make one

understand by hints.

and sance, s.f. Chaff or strew mixed with grain (porticularly, that from which oil has been expressed), as food for cattle.

सान sanoo, s. m. Table-land, level ground on the top or edge of a mountain.

en san-twun, s. m. Conciliation, reconcilement.

fig; san-na, v. a. To knead, to mix up (flour, dough, earth, &c.), to impregnate, stain, soil, smear, defile; to whet.

साज्ञिश्च sannidh-yuh, e. m. Proximity, vici-

Try sap, s. m. Imprecation, curse.

सायत sa-pun, s. m. A disorder in which

सापना sapna, v. a. To curse.

सापराच sapradh, adj. Faulty, offending. शापिन sapin, s. f. A female snake.

with a sa-phillyth, adj. Productiveness,

erasis sabuhan, adj. Attentive, cautious.

eras sabur, s. m. An elk; a leather of

elk's or any kind of deer's hide for bedding; a

small anvil.

सावरमंत्र sábur-múntr, s. m. A spell composed in colloquial las guage.

साबत sa-boot, adj. Whole, entire.

With sam, s. m. The third of the four Veds, the prayers of which composed in metre, are always sung or chanted.

हासदी samugree, s. f. Furniture, tools, apparatus, articles, materials, scenery.

सासर sá-mur, s. m. A kind of salt.

सामध samurth, e. f. Ability, power.

सामद्वी sa-murthee, adj. Powerful, mighty, able, capable.

सामा sa-murthyuh, s. m. Ability, power. सामा sa-ma, s. f. Apparatus, provisions, furniture, articles.

सामाजिक sama-jik, a. m. An assistant or spectator at an assembly, &c.

ETHTER sam-ányuh, adj. Common, general, generic, universal.

सामायलज्ञ क samányuh-lúkshun, s. m. A generic or specific character.

रामान्या samanya, e. f. A female who is common to all men, a harlot.

हासी samee, s. f. A ferrule adv. In front, fronting, before, confronting, opposite.

सामीच saméepyuh, s. m. Proximity, near-

सामृद्धिक samóodrik, s. f. Palmistry, chiromancy, fortune-telling, the art of physiognomy. साका sam na, ्र s. m. Encountering

front, opposition. Samna kurna, To confront, oppose, encounter.

सास्त्र samneh, adv.In front, fronting, opposite.

सास्त्र sámbur, s. m. An elk.

सार्यकाच sáyung-kál, e. m. Eventide, evening.

साया sáya, s. m. Shade.

pith or sap of trees, &c.; strength, vigour; the essence of any thing, the essential or vital part of it, quintessence; value, worth; manure; iron; the piece used in playing chaupur.

peacock; a snake, a serpent; a clould; the cry of a peacock; a deer; a woman; water; the name of a country; a lamp; the Nymphica lotus.

सार्राङ्ग्या sartin-giya, s. m. A fiddler.

सारङ्गी sa-rungee, s. f. A musical instrument like a fiddle.

TTT sar-tá, s. f. Strength, substance; essence.

सारको sar-thee, s. m. A charioteer.

errer sár-na, v. a. To perform, accomplish, effect, complete, make, mend, manure.

सारतोह sár-loh, e m. Steel.

सारवत sar-vút, adj. Substantial, having pith, substance, strength, &c.

सार्वित sar-vúrjjit, adj. Pithless, sap-

सारस sar-us, s. m. } The Indian crane, सारसी sarusée,s. f. } male and female, (Ardea Sibirica).

ortega saruswút, s. m. pl. The people of the Suruswut country, or the north-west part of the province of Delhi.

errer sara, adj. All, the whole, s. m. Wife's brother, brother in law.

साराई sar-arth, s. m. Abridgment,

सारिका sarika, s. f. A bird (Turdus sali-

WIT sarée, s. f. Cream; a dress consisting of one piece of cloth worn by Hindoo women round the body and passing over the head.

साक्ष sar60, s. f. A bird, a starling. साक्षी sarppée, s. f. The ninth lunar asterism.

सावभाव sarv-bhóum, s. m. An emperor, a universal monarch.

सावनी किन sarv-loukik, adj. Universally known, prevailing throughout the universe.

सावविधिक sarv-vúrnik, adj. Of every kind or sort; belonging or relating to every tribe, &c. बाह्य sal, s. m. A common timber tree (Shorea robusta); a thorn; perforation, bore, mortise, a hole made by driving a pin into the ground, &c. s. f. A house, place; a school, s. m. A jackal.

सार्वभाष salgram, s.m. A stone, a species of Ammonite common in the Gundhuk river, and worshipped by the Vyshnuss, as a type of Vishnoo.

सालन sal-un, ) s. m. Meat or fish, &c. सालना sal-na, seaten with bread or

सालना sal-na, v. a. To penetrate, perforate, bore, prick, pierce, drill. v. n. To ache, to be in pain, to smart.

सालम्पा sal-purnee, s. f. A shrub (Hedysarum gangeticum).

सानपुष्प sal-póoshp, s. m. A shrub (Hibis-

साचरच sal-rús, s. m. The resinous juice of the Sal tree,

सालवाहन sal-vahun, s. m. The sovereign Salivahun,

सालसा sal-sa, s. m. Sarsaparilla.

साना sala, s. m. A wife's brother, brotherin-law; (in compos. mostly), house, place.

याची salee, s. f. Sister-in-law, wife's sister, especially younger sister.

सान saloo, s. m. A kind of red cloth (dyed with Morinda).

सामा sal-otree, s. m. A horse-doctor. सामा savuk, s. m. A child, the young of animals.

सावकास savukás, s. m. Leisure, opportunity.

सायज sávuj, adj. Savage, wild, e. m. Sport, game, (i. e. wild animals for the chase).

सावधान savudhán, adj. Careful, cautious,

सावधानी savudhánee, s. f. Caution, atten-

NIGH Savun, S. m. The name of the fourth Hindoo month, July-August. Savun hurch nuch Bhadon sookheh (Flourishing in summer and not fading in autumn), is applied to express continuance in the same state or situation.

सावन sa-wunt, adj. Brave, heroic. s. m. A hero.

सावनी sa-wintee, s. f. Valour, heroism, bravery.

HTH sas, s. f. A mother-in-law.

सासन sa-sun, s. m. Order, edict, command; a patent, a grant.

सासना sás-na, n a To chastise, admonish. सासना sás-na, n a To chastise, admonish.

an innocent person. साइस sahus, s. m. Violence ; courage,

spirit, valour, resolution.

1751 sahusee, adj. Violent; resolute, brava, bold, undaunted, determined, dariag.

साहाय saháyuh, . m. Friendship, fellowship; help, succour; alliance.

साहित sahityuh, s. m. Society, association, connexion, combination.

साहित sahil, s. m. A plumb-line ; a porcu-

Tret sahes, s. f. A porcupine.

राह्नार sahookár, s. m. A great merchant.

बाह्य कारो sahoo-karee, s. f. Traffic, trade, commerce.

बाइन sahóol, s. m. A plummet.

साचान sakshat, adv. Before, in presence, in sight; as, like; evidently, manifestly.

eye-witness; attesting, testifying, evidence.s. m. A witness (in law), an evidence, an eye-witness.

মান্ত sákshyuli, s. m. Testimony, evidence. বিশ্বরা singrá, s. m. A powder-horn.

सिंगहो singree, s.f. A small powder-horn for priming with.

सिंगिया singiya, s. m. A sort of poison.

fund singoutee, s. f. A polishing tool made of horn; an ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.

function singham, s. m. Trapa natans; a. handkerchief folded diagonally

Fig. singh, s. m. A hon; Lee, the sign of the zodiac; a title used by Hindoos. Singhpour, 'The grand entrance gate(to a palace, &c.')

सिंह के मर singh-késhur, s. m. A lion's mane; a plant (Minusops-clengt).

ferent singh-dwar, s. m. A gate, an entrance, especially the chief gate of a mansion or palace.

हिंदुनाद singh-nad, & m. War-cry, war-hoop, shouting or rearing apon making an onset. सिंदुनादक singh-naduk, s. m. The rear or yelp of a lion; war-cry.

सिंह बादका singh-náduka, s. f. Hedysarum

सिंह नी singh-née, s. f. A lioness.

चिह्नपर्भा singh-purnee, s. f. A plant (Justicia adhenatoda.)

Hedysurum lagopodioides).

चित्रज sing-hal, s. m. Tin ; brass ; Cassia bark; Coulon.

विद्वासन sing-hasun, s. m. A throne.

विकता sikta, s. f. Gravel or stone (the

रिकार sikna, v. n. To be toasted or parched.

fort sikree, e. f. A staple (of a lock).

fus sikh, s. m. A disciple, a scholar, a pupil, an apprentice; a people living in the Punjub.

ferenge sikh-nawud, s. m. Tuition.

tied together forming a support to hang any thing on; the cords of a buhungee, in which the baskets rest; top, summit, peak, pinnacle.

freez sikhurun, s. m. A kind of dish made of coagulated milk and sugar.

रिस्ताई sikháce, s. m. Teaching, instruction. सिदाना sikhána, v. a. To teach ; (met.) to

admonish, chastise.

fant sigrou, adj. All, every, the whole.

fewic singár, s. m. Dress, ornament, em-

bellishment, decoration. Singar-rus, s. m. One of the nine Rus or sentiments, that of love.

शिक्षार्ना singárna, v.a. To dress, decorate, embellish.

ferrest singar-har, s. m. The weeping Nyctanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

Tegrificat singáriya, s. m. One whose business is to dress an idol.

चिक्कीरी singoutee, s. f. A polishing tool made of horn; an ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.

farter singhara, s. m. Trapa natans ; a handkerchief folded diagonally.

िकळ क sichchhák, s.m. A preacher, teach-

निस्ता sichehhá, s. f. Tuition, sermon, doctrine, teaching.

ferent sijhana, v. a. To tan, boil, seeth, melt.

स्टिकारी sitkaree, adj. Fusiform, tapering. चिट्टी sittée, s. f. Whistling.

fers litthee, s. f. Dross, lees.

fact sithace, s. f. Insipidity, tastelessness.

fer sir, s. f. Madness.

fasa sirun, adj. f. Mad (women).

विडिबिलिझा sir-bililla, adj. Mad.

सिडा sir-a, m. adj. Mad. ferel sir-éu, f.

fun sit, adj. White. s. m. White (the colour); the planet Venus.

चित्र sit-ung, s. m. Palsy, numbness, being chilled with cold.

सितको sit-ungee, adi. Palsied, paralytic. numbed.

सिर्विह sit-chính, s. m. A sort of fish (Lucerta scincus.)

fearl sitree, s. f. Sweat.

faring sit-ank, s. m. A kind of fish (Lacerta scincus).

fealug sit opul, a. m. Chalk, or a mineral substance of similar appearance, considered as a variety. s. m. Crystal.

नियम sithul, adj. Cold, cool ; stupified,

benumbed (with fear, &c.)

fug siddh, adj. Accomplished, effected, completed; celebrated, famous; valid (in law); demonstrated, proved (in logic); finished, s. m. A divine personage of undefined attributes or character; a sort of demigod or spirit, inhabiting the middle air, or region between the earth and sun; an inspired or prophetic writer, as Vyas and others, or one to whom the past, present and future, are supposed to be known; a sage, a seer; the twenty-first of the astronomi-

cal yogs; an adept, a magician, one who by the performance of cortain mystical and magical rites has acquired superhuman powers; an ascetic who by mystical and austere practices has effected, one or all of five purposes, viz. the affluence, the form, or, the society of the gods, residence in the divine Loks, or identification with a deity. fagura siddh-dhátoo, s. m. Quicksilver.

विश्वर इ siddh-rús, ad). Mineral, metallic. s. w. Quicksilver.

चित्रभाषन siddh-sádbun, s. m. The performance of magical rites, &c. or the materials employed in magical or alchemical processes.

fester sid-dhant, s. m. Demonstrated conclusion, established truth, result, consequence; a system of science.

चिड्डान्ती sid-dhautée, s. m. A follower of the Mimansa philosophy; a demonstrator, one who establishes his conclusions.

fuff siddhi, s. f. Fulfilment, accomplishment; a yog, either the sixteenth of the astronomical periods termed yogs, or the nineteenth of the twenty-eight astrological yogs; prosperity, success; accuracy, correctness; validity (in law); the result or fruit of the adoration of the gods or of ascetic severities; the supposed acquirement of supernatural powers by the completion of magical, mystical, or alchemical rites and processe feurcar sidhárna, v. n. To go, set off,

depart. Teuraz sidhawut, s. f. Candour; simpli-

सिनक sin-uk, s. m. Blowing the nose,

सिनकना sin-ukna, v. a. To blow the nose. Two sindfor, s m. Red-lead, minium.

fers sindhoo, s. m. The ocean, the sea; the Indus; the country along the Indus or Sindh.

चित्र प्राप्त sindhoo-pooshp, s. m. A conch.

सिन्द् खन्या síndhoo-lúvun, s. m. Rock salt.

fнит sip-ra, s. f. A river near Oojein.

fanz sim-ut, s. f. Act of collecting, condensing or constringing; tone, elasticity. Simus jana, To shrivel, to shrink.

सिमटना sim-utna, v.n. To be concentrated. to shrink, to be contracted or drawn together, to shrivel.

नियान siyán, s. m. Cunning, shrewdness.

Siyanpun, s. m. Cunning, art. नियाना siyana, adj. Cunning, artful, sly, shrewd, knowing, sagacious, clever, prudent; mature (in understanding), grown up.

नियार siyar, } s. m. A jackal.

fer sir, s. m. The head, the top. Sir opthatchee pamal kona, To be crushed in the com-

mencement of one's undertaking Sir oothana, To rebel, to rise up against one. Sir kuta, Behended, decapitated. Sir kurna, To begin. Sir karhna, To become conspicuous. Sir keh zor, With all (one's)might. Sir ke kudum kurna, To go quickly but with respect Sir khonjana, To court punishment. Sir churkich murna, To lay the guilt of one's blood at the door of another. Sir churka, adj. Proud, baughty. Sir churhana, To exalt; to assume, to be arrogant; to shew respect. Sir doolana,or Sir dhoonna, To shake the head from affliction. Sir doob, adj. Perfectly wet. Sir torna, To subdue. Sir dhurna, To be obedient. Sir murcina, To be humble, to be obedient. Sir pupolna bheja khana, To shew kindness externally and harbour enmity in one's breast, Sir pur khak dalna, To lament. Sir pur churhana, To spoil(a child, &c.); to raise an inferior above one's self; to shew respect. Sir purustee kurna, To protect, to aid. Sir pectas, To lament. Sir phirana, To labour in vain. Sir pherau, To revolt from obedience. Sir marna, To take great pains, to search diligently. Sir moondona, To quit one's connexions and adopt a life of mendicity. Sir seh Enfun bandhaa, To engage in a desperate undertaking, giving up all regard to one's own safety. Sir seh sireah, The conducting of an affair depends on the leader or head.

fur all sir-kee, s. f. A kind of reed of which mats are made, reed-grass (the upper joint of Saccharum procerum); a sort of mat to keep off rain.

fur eu sir-khúp, adj. Resolute, (soldier), adventurous.

fer auf sir-khupée, s. f. Resolution, perseverance, enterprise. [form.

हिर्जनार्थः, enterprise.

हिर्महोंबर sir-phutouvir, s. m. Wrangling;affectation of civility with internal hatred. बिर्मीन sir-séeng, adj. Rebellious, mutin-

ous.

FREGIFI sir-hana, s. m. The head part or side of any thing (as of a temb or bedstead), the place where the head rests or reclines.

fer sira, s. m. Head, extremity, end.

fur and sirajal, s. m. Enlargement of the vessels of the eye.

Terra sir at, ad). Cold, becoming cold.

Terra sir ana, v. n. To cool v. n. To make cold, to cool; to set affost, to float, to set off, to despatch.

HTTH siris, s. m. A tree (Mimosa seriea).

हिस्तास sir-otpat, a. m. Redness and inflammation of the eyes.

far sil, ) s. f. A stone, a rock; a flat far sila, stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller. रिस्तप्र sil-put, तक. Smooth, even, level. रिस्तप्र sil-butta, s. m. Two stones with which spices, paint, &c. are ground.

चित्रवाना sil-wana, v. a. To cause to sew or stitch.

िस्ताई silace, s. f. The price of sewing ; seam, sewing.

fagifara sila-jít, s. m. Storax.

fuerer silána, v. a. To cause to sew or stitch.

विवाद्स sila-rús, s. m. Storax.

सिनी silee, \*. f. A whetstone; a small kiln; the trunk of a tree, plank; a teal.

fuzziel sivrátree, s. f. A festival held on the 14th of the dark fortnight in the month of Phalyoon (Pebruary March), in honor of the birth of the Ling or phallus.

चित्राना siwana, s. m. Verge, limit, boundary, landmark.

सिदाइ siwar, s.m. Green vegetation at the bottom of pools or other water (Vallisheria spiralis or octandra).

सिवाचा siwala, s.m. A temple of Muhadev. विस्ताचन sisukna, v. n. To sob.

िसको sis-kee, s. f. Sobbing. Siskiyan

विद्वा sihurná, v. n. To shiver, to shake with cold.

चिहर। sibra, s. m. A chaplet, a garland, wreath (worn on the head by a bridegroom and bride at the marriage ceresnony).

ferrisish-rana, v. n. To thrill, to have the hairs stand on end v. a. To 'stroke, rub gently, tickle, titillate; to tire, harass, tease.

सिहरना sihúrna, v. n. To shiver, shake with cold; to scrape.

Andropogon muricatum) of which brooms are made.

The Senk-ur, s. m. The flower of the

शीका séenk-a, s. m. A groove.

affaar seenkiya, adj. Striped.

Win seeng, s. m. A horn.

शींगड़ा seeng-ra, s. m. A powder-horn.

सींगा séenga, s. m. A horn (musical).

सोशिया seengiya, s. m. A kind of poison.

pungentissimus); a cup for cupping; a small horn (musical). Seengee tugana, To cup.

भीचन। seenchna, v. a. To irrigate, to water.

होचाई seenchaee, s. f. The price paid for irrigation or watering.

सी की seenchee, s. f. The season for watering fields, &c.

effe seenh, s. m. A hedge-hog.

सोकरी séekree, s. f. A wire-chain.

चीख seekh, s. f. Admonition, lesson, learning, study.

सीखना séekhna, v. a. To learn, to acquire. सीखना séech-na, v. a. To water, to irrigate.

মাজ seej, s. m. A species of Euphorbia, the milky hedge-plant (Euphorbia nerifolia or antiquorum).

with seej-na, v. n. To exude, filtrate, sweat; to seeth, boil, dissolve or become soft by bolling; to be received (as money), liquidated (as a debt).

To whistle. Seetee bundhna, or,—goom hona, or,—bhoolna, To be distracted or confounded, to become senseless. Seetee-baz, A whistler.

सीठ seeth, s. f. } Dregs of betel, or any chewed.

सीटना seeth-ná, s. m. } Abusive songs सीटनी seeth-née, s. f. } sung by women at weddings.

weak, vapid, pale, pithless, sickly, faded.

सीही seerhee, s. f. A ladder, stair, step; degree.

सीत seet, s. f. Cold or chilness; dew, wet, wetness.

बीतकाल seet-kal, s. m. Winter.

सीतज्बर seet-jwur, s. m. Ague.

सोत्स sect-rus, s.m. The flux, dysentery. सोतल sec-tul, adj. Cool, cold; stupified, benumbed (with fear, &c.)

होतनचीनी séetul-chéence, s. f. Allspice (Myrtus pimentu).

सीतनपाटी séctul-patee, s. f. A kind of fine, cool mat.

सीतला séetla, s. f. Small-pox.

what seets, s. f. The daughter of Junuk and wife of Ramchande,

सीताङ्ग seet-áng, s. m. Palsy.

मीतामल secta-phul, s. m. The custardapple (Annona squamosa).

eller sée-dha, adj. Straight, right, direct; opposite; simple; fair, candid, upright. s. m. Provisions, victuals (undressed), forage. Seedha kurna, To straighten.

सीचाई seedhace, s. f. Straightness, directness; simplicity; candour, uprightness,

सीधी seedhee, s. f. Straightness. सीना see-na, v. a. To sew, to stitch.

सीप seep, s. f. A shell; a kind of mango. सीपी seepee, s. f. A shell.

THI Sée-ma, s. f. A boundary, a limit, restriction, a landmark, or mound, &c. serving to fix the limits of estates, &c.

ধীনাত্র seema-vríksh, s. m. A tree serving as a boundary mark.

सीनायनि séema-súndhi, s. m. The meeting of two boundaries.

Tri seera, adj. Cool. s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made of meal and sugar.

steel, s. m. Nature, quality, disposition; good conduct or disposition, steady and uniform observance of law and morals s. f. Cold, dampness. Ankhon men seel hona, To be polite, generous, &c.

सीलवान seelwan, adj. Of good or amiable disposition, benevolent, well-conducted.

Witer see-la, adj. Damp, wet, cool.

सीयन see-wun, s. m. Sewing, stitching, a seam.

सीयनी see-wunée, s. f. The frenum of the prepuce.

सीवजी seev-lée, s. m. Name of a caste whose business it is to draw juice from the date or tar trees.

होस sees, s. m. The head क Sees-phool, s. m. An ornament for the head (worn by females) सीसा see-sa, s. m. Lead.

The see-son, s. m. A kind of wood, or name of a tree (Dalbergia sisso).

सीड seeh, s. m. A hedge-hog.

gous to good, well, &c. and implying reverence, worship, honour. (In Bruj) adv. From, by, with, of, as Ja-soo, From or of whom: it is also sometimes used for so, He, she, it, they, &c.

मुंचाना soonghana, v. a. To cause to smell, सुजदाना sook-chana, v. n. To be abashed, to be afraid. s. a. To abash.

wazr sook-ta, adj. Lean, thin, dry, ema-

चकरी sook-tée, adj. f. Lean, thin, dry, emaciated. s. f. Dried fish.

स्कड्ना soo-kurna, v. n. To be shrunk or contracted, to shrink; to draw in, collect, gather up, constrain, shrivel, dwindle.

unt soo-kur, adj. Easy, practicable, attainable. s. m. The planet Venus; Friday; Sperma genitale.

सुनवार sook-war, adj. Delicate, feeble. सुनास soo-kal, s.m. Goodness of seasons; tplenty, abundance. सञ्ज्या soo-koochna, v. n. To fear, to be arraid of, to be in awe of, to be abashed, to apprehend, to be apprehensive.

BUNIT soo-koomar, adj. Soft, delicate, smooth, tender; youthful, young.

well, well performed, properly, ably, &c. s. m. Virtue, a good action, moral merit; kindness, bounty.

चुन्नती sốo-kritee, adj. Virtuous, pious, good; benigu, benevoleut.

सुनिया sóokriys, & f. A good action,a good work; a moral or religious observance.

sure, delight, easy circumstances, content, happiness. Sookh pana, To get ease, leisure, rest, &c.

सुद्धिन sookh-chyn, s.m. Ease, rest, leisure, tranquillity.

सुद्धतन्त sookh-túla, s. m. A piece of leather placed on the sole within the shoe.

हुन्द्र sookhud, adj. Salubrious, pleasant ; conferring or affording pleasure, &c.

हाउद्गान stockh-dursun, s. m. A shrub; the juice of which is given for the ear-ache (Crinum Asiasicum and seylanicum).

स्वदाई sookh-dase, े adj. Ease-afford-

सुखदावज sookh-dayúk, j ing, comforter,

सुखदान sookh-dan, s.m. Giving of ease or of comfort or of content.

सुखदास sookh-dás, s. m. A kind of rice.

सुद्धान sookh-dhám, e. m. Abode of happiness, &c.

सुख्युचेच sookh-poorvuk, adv. Easily, without difficulty.

सुद्धभाग sookh-bhág, e m. Happiness.good fortune.

संस्थानी sookh-bhágee, adj. Happy, delighted.

सुखमद sookh-múy, adj.Full or consisting of happiness, delightful.

सुरास्त्रञ्च sookh-sádhyuh, adj. Easy of accompliainant or attainment.

gerra soo-khana, , ] v. a. To dry; to

तुष्याता sookh-lana, emaciate, to cause to pine away : to evaporate.

gers sookh-arth, adv. For the sake of

सुदार्थी sookh-arthée, adj. Seeking or wishing for happiness.

सुद्धाना sookhala, adj. Easy, not difficult,

delighted, agreeable, s. m. Enjoyment, flavoured;

सुखित soc-khit, सुखित soc-khiya, स्वा soc-khée, possessing happiness or pleasure.

साखिकाव sookhi-swubhao, s. m. A hap-

by or contented disposition.

sire of happiness. मुखोदय sookh-óduy, s. m. Realization or

occurrence of pleasure. संस्थात sookh-yát,adj.Celebrated, famous.

स ख्यानि sookh-yati, s. J. Fame, celebrity.

smelling. c. m. Good smell tragrance, odour, perfume. Soognadh-rack, Name of a flower.

समित्र 800-gundh-itá, s. f. Fragrauce, pleasant scent, such as is produced by the triburation of perfumes.

सुगम soo-gim, adj. Accessible, good (as a road); easy, practicable; plain, intelligible.

सुराम seo-goopt, adj. Secret, well hidden or kept secret. adv. Secretly, privily.

सुर्वात soo-góopti, s. f. Closeness, secrecy. सुर्वाह soo-gruée, s. f. A musical mode sung in the afternoon.

रुष्ट soo-ghúr,adj. Elegant,accomplished, besutiful, virtuous.

संबद्धाई soogh-raée, s.f. Elegancy, accom-

सुच sooch, adj. Pure, undefiled, unpollut-स्चलना soochúkna, v. n. To be astonished or startled.

हिन्त sóo-chit. adj. Thoughtless, easy, at leisure, disengaged; attentive, careful; occupied. संज्ञा sóo-chinta, s. f. Due reflection or

consideration. सुचेत soo-chét, adj. Attentive, mindful,

careful, aware, cantious. स्तान sốo-jun, adj. Virtuous, good, re-

spectable; kind, benevolent.
ভলনা soo-junta, s.f. Goodness, benevolence, kindness.

संज्ञी soo-jusée, adj. Renowned.

gorfa soo jati, ads. Of a good tribe or species.

मुजान soo-ján, adj. Intelligent, wise,

मुझाना soo-jána, v. a. To cause to swell. मुझाना soo-jhána, v. a. To shew, to make understand.

gence, sapacity.

सटकुन soot-koon, s. f. A rod.

सुदुवाना soo-took-na, e. a. To swallow by gulps and with a noise.

सुद्धकी soor-kee, े s. f. Act of suddenly सडको soo-rukkee, slackening the string of a paper kite.

सुड्य soo-rap, s. f. Sipping, or sucking up (as broth), or the noise made thereby.

सङ्घना soo-rupna, v. n. To sip.

सङ्क्ना soo-rookna, v. a. To swallow by gulps.

सहोत soo-doul, , ali. Well-formed, wellshaped, elegant, grace-सदब soo-dhub, सुद्धास soo-dhal, ) ful.

स्डीबदेही soodoul-dehée, s. f. Gracefulness of bodily shape, handsomeness.

सत soot, s. m. A son.

सता sóo-ta, e.f. A daughter.

सतार soo-tar, s. m. A carpenter; time, opportunity.

सतारी soo-taree, s. f. An awl, a bodkin. स्तार्थी soot-arthee, adj. Desirous of having a son.

जयन soo-thún, s.m. Tronsers.

सथरा soothra, adj. Neat, beautiful, elegant, adorned, excellent, well.

स्थराई sooth-race, s.f. Neatness, beauty, elegance, goodness.

सयरामाही soothra-schee, s. m. A follower of Soothrasah, a religious mendicant.

सटली soo-duntee, s. f. The female elephant of the north-west quarter.

सद्भीन soo-durshun, adi. Handsome, goodlooking, s. m. The discus of Krishn; the roseapple (Eugenia jambu).

सुदी soo-dee, s. f. The light half of the lunar month.

सुद्भारा soo-doorachar, adj. Very wicked, abandoned, a profligate.

सद्देश soo-doorlubh, adj. Difficult to be attained, unattainable.

सुद्रकार soo-dooskur, adj. Very difficult

सुद्रह soo-drirh, adj. Solid, firm. adv. Very hard or firm.

सु च soodh, s. f. Memory, remembrance sensation, consciousness, notice, care, intelligence. adj. Accurate, correct; pure, clean, unpolluted. Besoodh, adj. Beside one's self.

सधन्ध soodh-boodh, s. f. Correct knowledge, perception, sense, care.

सुधलना soodh-lena, v. a. To take care of, accommodate, look after, inquire into.

सुधरना soo-dhurna, v. n. To be correct, to be or seem with or good, to be mended, to avail, to succeed or answer.

स्भा soodha, s. m. Neetar, the beverage of immortality and sustenance of the gods; the nectar or honey of flowers.

ह भार soo-dhan, adj. Together, with.

समाग्र soodh-ansoo, ) s. m. The moon, as स्थाकर soodhakur, being the supposed mine or repository of the beverage of the gods. सदाना soedhána, v. a. To put in miud, to cause to remember.

TETT soo-dharna, v. a. To adorn, adjust,

arrange, rectify, mend. gut soo-dhée, s. m. A pundit, a learned

man or teacher; an intelligent person. सूत्र soon, adj. Insensible, without sensation, palsied.

सनकातर soon-katur,s. m. A kind of snake. स्नवहरी soon-buhree, s. f. A disease (Elephantiasis).

सुनहर soon-sór, s. m. An ornament. सुनसाम soon-san, adj. Void, dreary, deso-late and silent, still, lonely, dismal.

हनहरा soonuhra, } adj. Golden.

स्नहरी soonuhree, चुनाना soonána, v. a. To cause to hear, to

inform, to advise, tell, bid, warn. सनापट soonapút,s.f. Stillness, dreariness. सनाम soo-nabh, s. m. A mountain ; part

of the ranges of southern India.

सुनार soo-nar, s. m. A goldsmith.

स्नारिन soonarin, े s. f. A goldsmith's

सुनारनी soo-narnée, wife.

सनारी soo-narce, adj. Clever. s. f. The business of a goldsmith; a good handsome woman. सुनावनी soo-naonee, s. f. Tidings of any one having died abroad.

सुनिद् soo-nidra, s. f. Sound sleep.

सुनीत soo-neet,adj. Well-behaved ; politic. s. m. Good conduct ; policy.

स्नोति soo-néeti, s. f. Propriety of behaviour, good manners.

सुनीसक soo-neeluk, s. m. The blue shrike : the emerald or sapphire.

ger soon-dur, adj. Beautiful, handsome. comely, seemly; good, virtuous.

स्न्द्रता soondur-ta, 8. f. Beauty, सम्दर्वाई soondartaée, handsomeness. सम्दर्भ soondur-ée, adj. f. Beautiful, handsome; a handsome woman. s. f. Beauty, come-

liness; a small timber tree (Heritiera minor).

सन्दाबर soondhavut, s. m. Smell, perfume, odour, scent, an earthy smell.

Tat soon-ná, v. a. To hear, hearken, listen or attend to. s. m. Hearing; a cyphor.

gua soo-patr, s. m. The leaf of the Lau-

सुपद soo-puth, s. m. A good road; good conduct.

justice on its side; the fortunate half of the month, i. e. from the new to the full moon.

सुपची soo-pukshee, s. m. An advocate of the just cause.

ble a m. An able or clever man; a vessel of earthenware, &c.

क्षारा soo-para, s. m. Glans penis.

सपारी soo-paree, s. f. Betel-unt (Areca catechu); glans penis.

सुद्ध sóo-pootr, े s. m. An excellent, a सपत soo-poot, े tractable or dutiful son.

सम् soopt, adj. Sleeping, asleep; senseless, numbed. a. m. Sleep, deep or sound sleep.

सुभकाश soo-prukásh, adj. Manifest, apparent; public.

gufage soo-prutishtha, s. f. Consecration, erection (as of a temple or idol).

सप्रसन् soo-prusunn, adj. Well-pleased, favouring, favourable.

The soo-phil, adj. Rearing good fruit (literally or figuratively), fruitful, profitable, useful.

सफन soo-phén, s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

ह बन्ध soo-bundh, adj. Well-secured, having

gare soobas, s. f. Sweet smell, fragrance, odour, perfume.

सुनुषि soo-booddhi, adj. Wise, clever, intelligent.

HH soobh, adj. Good, pleasant, agreeable, lappy, fortunate, auspicious.

सभाग soo-bhuga, s. f. A woman beloved by her husband, a favourite wife; a respectable and auspicious mother.

समद् soobhudr, adj. Propitious, auspicious, fortunate.

HATT SOO-bhao, s. m. Good disposition, nature, natural state, property, disposition. adj. Well-disposed, of good quality.

सुभाराभ soobhasoobh,compound adj. Good and pad, lucky and unlucky.

galar soc-bheeta, s. m. Opportunity, convenience, accommodation, time, leisure.

समञ्ज soo-mingul, adj Very fortunate or auspicious.

जुलत soo-mut, adj. Friendly, well or kindly disposed.

aufa soo-múti, s. f. Friendship, kindness; tenesselence; good conscience. सुमन soo-man, adj. Handsome, beautiful.

सुसनोहर soo-munohur, ady. Very agreeable, pleasing, beautiful.

(continual thems), mentioning s.f. A small resary, or string of beads.

sater so-murna, v. a. To remember, to keep in memory; to mention, Soomir, s. m. Remembrance.

tain Merce, allegorically represented as composed of gold and gems, and the residence of the gods; (in astronomy) the north-pole.

सुभेन soo-mel, adj. Snitable, affable, of pleasing manners.

मुखा soomba, e. m. A sponge-staff, a ram-

ST soor, s. m. A god, a deity; tone, voice, accent, note; a vowel. Soor milana, To sing in tune.

in a wall to break into a house, &c.; a gallery, subterraneous passage, an adit. s. m. Red colour adj. Red-coloured, light bay or chesnut (horse).

सुरक्षात soorung-dhatoo, s. m.Red chalk. सुरक्ष soorut, s. f. Recollection, consideration, reflection, memory, attention, caution,

accuracy; copulation, coition. स्रा scor-tá, adj. Mindful, considerate, attentive, prudent, intelligent, accurate.

दुरतीका soor-técla, adj. Considerate, prudent.

सुर्भ soordhop, s. m. Resin, turpentine. सुर्भ soordbhi, adj. Fragrant, sweet-smelling. s. m. Nutmeg.

सुरस soo-rus, adj. Sweet; well-flavoured,

along as a snake, to make the noise a snake does when creeping.

सुराइट soor-soorahut, a. f. Creeping

STEET soor-sooree, s. f. Titillation ; an insect bred in grain.

सूरा soora, s. f. Spirituous liquor.

मुक्कना sóo-rook-na, v. a. To swallow by

formed, beautiful. Handsome, well-

# Ta soo-ryt,
# Ta soorytin,
bine.

\*\*Soorytin\*\*

\*\*Soorytin\*\*

\*\*Soorytin\*\*

\*\*Ta soorytin\*\*

\*\*Ta soorytin

सुन्त्राना soo-lugua, v. n. To light, to be

kindled, to be inflamed; to burn without smoke or flame.

सुलगाना sool-gana, v. n. To light, to inflame, to kindle.

सुनक्तना soo-lújhna, v. n. To be unravelled or disentangled.

सुनामा sool-jhána, v. a. To unravel, to disentangle.

हास sóo-lubh, adj. Easy, feasible, attainable, of easy acquisition or attainment, not difficult to be obtained or effected.

सुन्याना soolwans, v. a. To cause to put

to sleep.

guishing mark or character. adj. Clearly or strongly distinguished by (marks, features, or) character.

सुद्धाना soo-lane, v. a. To cause or put to sleep, to repose; to kill, to murder. Soola dena, To kill, to murder.

स्ख्यानी soolymanee, s. m. An onyx.

egat soo-vukta, adj. Elequent.

स्वस्त soo vachun, s. m. Elequence, speaking well or elegantly.

सुजर्बी soo-varn, add. Of a good tribe or caste; brilliant, bright; of a good colour. s. m. Gold; a sort of Sandal-wood; a kind of red chalk or ochre.

स्वर्णगणित soovúrn-gunít, s. m. (In arithmetic) Allegation medial.

स्वाना soo-wan, v. a. To cause to sleep. स्वास soo-vas, s. m. A pleasant or reputable dwelling; an agreeable perfume.

सुविकास soo-vikrum, s. m. Prowess, valour. सुविकार soo-vichár, s. m. Deliberate or due consideration.

gfaw soo-vidh, adi, Of a good kind, in a good or easy way. adv. Easily.

सुवेधी soo-véshee, adj. Well-dressed, ornamented, decorated.

सर्वया soo-wyya, s. m. A sleeper.

संगीत soo-sheel, adj. Well-disposed, of good temper or disposition.

सुराजिता soosheel-ta, s.f. Natural aminbility, excellence of temper or disposition.

सब्भ soo-shoopt, adj. Fast asleep.

and soo-shoopti, s. f. Deep sleep, profound repose, entire insensibility.

सुसकारना soos-karna, v. n. To sibilate, to hiss (as a snake).

स्मताना soos-tana, v. n. To rest.

मुसस्य soo-súmmy, s. m. A season of plenty, a good season. मुख्य sóo-sur, े s. m. Father-in-law.

सुसरार soos-rar, ) s. f. Father-in-law's सस्रात soos-ral, house or family.

soosth, adj. Well, healthy.

संस्थाता soosth-tá, s.f. Health.

Free soo-sthir, adj. Firm, steady, stable; resolute, cool.

हुन्म soc-húrna, v. n. To trail, to drag. सुद्धारा soc-hág, s. m. Auspiciousness, good fortune; the affection of a husband.

सहायन soo hagun, s. f. A woman beloved by her husband, a favourite wife, a married woman whose husband is alive.

हुआपिटारा soohag-pitara, e. m. A casket of jewels presented by the bridegroom to his bride.

पुरागलहर soohág-lühur, s. f. A cool refreshing breeze.

सहाबा soo-haga, s.m. Borax.

TETAT soc hate, udj. Agrecable, pleasant, charming.

charming. v. n. To be agreeable, to please, to be liked or approved of.

मुहानो socharna, v. a. To trail, to drag.

सहाजी soo-hale, s. m. } Bread (or cakes) सहाजी soo-halee, s. f. } fried in butter. सहाजन soohawun, adj. Agreeable, plen-

सुहाबन soohawun, adj. Agreeable, pleasant, charming. सुहाबना soohawuna, adj. Agreeable, pleas

ant charming v. w. To be agreeable, to please, to be liked or approved of.

मुहृदय soo-hriday, adj. Good-hearted,

goelt, Pork.

सकारी soo-urée, s. f. A sow.

needle with which gunny bags are sewed, a packing needle, an awn of corn.

#\$ 800-6e, s. f. A needle. Socce ka senbul. A bubble. Socce keh nakeh seh khoodace ko mikalns, Applied to express the performance of things apparently impossible. Sociya, adj. Pointed.

चुंचरा soong-ra, s. m. A buffalo calf.

संगा soonga, s. m. Clitoris.

Ha soongh, s. f. Smell.

मुखन soon-ghán, s. f. Apy thing to smell, to snuff, smelling.

संघना soonghua, v. a. To smell.

संघनी soongh-nee, a. f. Snuff.

ge soont, & f Silence. Soont bhurnn, or,

-marna, To be silent. Soont march jana, To depart in silence.

संद sound, . f. Proboscis of an elephant. सुंदा sounda, s. m. A weevil, or small in-

soon-ree, s. m. A distiller and vender of spirituous liquors.

क्राना scont-na, । v.c.Tostripleaves off । vegetables ; to draw (a sword).

मुंस soons, s. m. A porpoise.

मंतरा sook-ta, adi. Lean, weak.

स्वा sook-na, v. n. To dry, to become

The sookir, s. m. A hog; a sort of deer (the hoy-dear).

सुवादा sook-wá, s. m. A kind of vetch.

सका soo-ká, adj. Dry.

सना soo-ká, s. m. । A quarter of a rupee

सूकी soo-kée, s.f. | piece.

स्कास sookás, e. m. Leisure.

tion, atrophy.

बुखना sookh-na, v. n. To dry, dry up, evaporate, fall away, pine away, emaciate, shrivel, dwindle, wither.

co eaten with betel-leaf; a consumption, atrophy. Sookha ahun, Rice burnt up by the sin's rays.

unit soogundh, s.f. Perfume, fragrance.

adj. Fragrant. Soogundh-sana, Impregnated or
mixed with perfume.

खुना sóo-ga, s. m. A paroquet.

art soo-chuk, s. m. A teacher, an in-

सूचित soochit, adj. Thoughtless, at leisure, disengaged at ease; careful, attentive; occupied.

चुने soo-chée, s. f. A needle.

स्चीपल soochec-putr, s. m. An index (to

सूद्धन soochhum, adj. Subtile, fine, slender, minute, small; shrill.

सुद्धा soochhumta, s. f. Subtileness, minuteness; shrillness.

war sooj,

सूजन soo-jun,

सम्बा soojs, s. m. A borer, a gimlet, an au-

ger, an awl. बूजी sóo-jee, s. f. Meal, flour (ground

coarse). सनो 800-jée, s. m. A tailor. s. f. A needle. www soojh, s. f. Sight.

चेक्रना soojh-na, v. n. To be visible, to be seen, to appear, to seem, to be able to be seen. सहीच soo-doul, adj. Well-shaped, graceful.

सत्त soot, s. m. Thread, yarn; a silver thread; a statuen (in bottony), a tendril; a chariotecn, a carpenter. Soot-boontee, A kind of needlework.

चृतक soo-tuk, s. m. Impurity from childbirth or miscarriage.

भतना sóot-na, u. n. To sleep.

स्तान soc-tul, s. m. A division of the lower regions, the sixth in descent.

सत्तवा soot-lá, s. m. Reins of a carriage; the little skin that rises backwards near the nails, at the end of the fingers.

सत्तनी soot-lee, s. f. String, twine.

स्तिका sooti-ka, s. f. A woman recently delivered.

मूर्ती scotee, adj. Made of cotton-thread, threaden.

स्तोसास sootee-mas,s. m. The last month of preguancy.

सूत्र sootr, s. m. A thread in general; a rule, a precept, in morals or science.

स्थन soo-thún, s. f. Drawers.

प्यनी sooth-née, s. f. Drawers; an edible root (Dioscorea fascioulata).

सूद्र soodr, s. m. A person of the fourth or servile tribe among the *Hindoos*.

हुदानी soodrance, s. f. A female of the Soodr casta.

Tot soo-dhá, adj. Proper, true; straight; simple, artiess. [ness. Total soo-dháee, s. f. Simplicity, artless-

सून soon, adj. Empty, vacant.

war see-ná, adj. Empty, desert, \*oid.

सन sconoo, s. m. A son.

सूच soop, s. m. A kind of basket for winnowing corn with.

हुए। वेना soopa-bena, e.m. A kind of bird, a swallow (Hirundo apus batassia).

सपादा soo-para, s. m. Glans penis.

स्पियारी scopi-yaree, s. f. Betel-nut.

सूबर soobur, adj. Impure, alloyed(silver). सबर्म sooburun, s. m. Pure gold. adj.

Golden. अवस soobús, s. m. A pleasant dwelling.

स्याम soobas, s. m. A pleasant dwelling; a pleasant smell, fragrance.

good nature, adj. Well-disposed.

सुम soom, s. m. A miser.

T soor, s. m. A hero; the sun; tenes-

TTS soo-ruj, s. m. The sun.

स्रजगहन sooruj-gühun, s.m. Eclipse of the sun.

स्रज्ञा sooruj-mookhoe, s.f. Sun-flower (Helianthus annuus): a kind of fan or parasol.

पुरता soor-tá, s. f. Valour, hereism. Soorta-dhares, Heroic.

and singer who was blind; hence a blind man, among the Hindoos, is called Soordas.

स्नीर soor-beer, s. m. A hero.

मूरमजार soor-mulár, s. m. A musical mode.

स्मा soor-má, adj. Bold ; brave.

मूरआपन soorma-pún, s. m. Bravery, hereism.

HET soorá, s. m. A hero.

सुखे soorj, s. m. The sun.

सूर्य एह्या soorj-gruhun, s. m. Eelipse of

मुख्यमगुड्ड soorj-mindul, s. m. The orb or disc of the sun.

स्यम्बी soorj-mookhee, s. f. Sun-flower (Helianthus annuas).

सूर्ध सङ्ग्रान्ति soorj-sunkranti, s. f. The sun's entrance into a new sign.

न्योस soorj-ast, s. m. Smiset.

स्कीद्व soorj-bduy, s. m. Sunvise.

संख sool, s. m. f. Colick; a trident, pike, dart; the point of a spear; a thorn; coropassion, tenderness. s. m. Situation, condition.

सुनी sóo-lee, s. f. An empaling stake. Soolee dena, or,—churhana, To empale.

needle with which gunny bags are sewed, a packing needle, an awn of corn.

सम soos, ) इ.m. A porpoise (Del-

सम्मार soos-mar, | phinus).

स्मेरेस soo-sundés, s. m. Good tidings, सभी soo-sée, s. /. A kind of cloth.

मुद्दा soo-há, adj. Red, crimson, s. m. A musical mode.

मूहानुसुक्ता sóoba koosoombhá,adj. Red as the dye of sufflower.

wag sookshm, adj. Little, smail; minute, atomic; fine, delicate; ingenious, aubile.

स अस्ता sookshm-ta, s. f. Fineness, subtil-

मू जार भी sookshm-durshee, ad). Acute, quick, sharp-sighted, intelligent. माम्बर्ग sookshm-bóoddhi, adj. Sharp, shrewd, intelligent, acute. s. f. Mental acumen. इन्द्रमा अर्गु-गа, v. a. To create, produce,

We srisht, adj. Created, made.

efg srishti, s. f. Creation, creating; the creation, the world; nature, natural property or disposition.

with, adv. From, of, out of, by, with, at, since, to, through, than.

संज senk, s. m. Toasting, fomentation. Senk sank kurna, To toast or warm.

हें करा séak-na, v. a. To teast, parch, warm before, or with, any thing hot, to foment, to inoubate, (eggs).

संसद्धा senk-ra, adj: Hundred.

First seng-ree, s. f. A pod, siliqua (par-

संहा sen-the, s. m. ) A kind of reed (of reed) (of sen-theo, s. f. ) which morhas are made), reed-grass (Saccharum Sura).

संत sont, adv. Gratis, free of cost.

संतना sent-na, v. a. To adjust, to put to rights.

संतमेत sent-met, adv. Gratis, free of cost. संद send, s. f. A vogetable (Cucumis Madraspuanus).

चंद्र sen-dóor, s. m. Red-lead, minium. चंद्र sendh,s. m. A holo made in a wall by thieves.

संधना séndh-na, v. a. To mine.

संचा sén-dha, s. m. Rock-salt.

breaker; a Marhatta tribe (probably so named as originating on the banks of the river Sindh).

मञ्जा sénhooa, s. m. A tetter.

संचन séch-un, s. m. Sprinkling, aspersion.

चेल sej, s.f. A bed, a couch.

चेडाबस्ट sej-bund, s. m. A cord for fastening bedding to the bedstead.

रेड seth, s. m. A wholesale merchant, banker. [brush. रेड म sethún, s. f. A whisk, a kind of स्त set, adj. White.

सेवरीय set-deep,s. m. The white island or a minor division of the universe so called, and supposed by Wilford to be Britain.

ua setoo, s. m. A bridge.

Togan setoo-bundh, s. m. The ridge of rocks extending from the south extremity of the Coromandel coast towards the island of Englon,

supposed to have been formed by Hunooman by command of Ram, as a bridge for the passage of his forces, when going against Ravan.

सदना sed-na, v. a. To stupe, to foment. सन sen, s. m. A hawk

चना séna, s. j. An army.

चेनानी sen-suce, } s. m. A general, the सेनापनि sena-puti, commander of an

army. HH sem, s. m. The flat bean.

चेत्रज sem-ul, s. m. The silken or a coarse kind of cotton, or the tree producing it ( Zombax heptaphyllum).

Br ser, s. m. Name of a weight.

Bertal ser-ana, v. a. To set affeat ; to despatch; to cool.

बेह आ seroos, s. m. The head and foot parts of a bid-frame.

सेख sel, s. m. A spear.

Ten sela, s. m. A kind of sheet constituting a part of dress, especially worn and given in presents in the Dukkhin; a royal tiger.

aferar seliya, s. m. Tabby, puss.

and selee, s. f. A necklace (of threads) worn by mendicants, a sash, a belt.

Ra sev, s. m. A kind of sweetmest; an apple. s. f. Service, worship, attendance on. सेवज sev-uk, र. m. A servant, a worshipper, a votary.

Trant sevuk-hee, s. f. Service.

Ragi sev-ra,s. m. A mendicant of the Jyn faith : Trophis aspera.

agai sev-tée, s. f. A white rose (Rosa glandulifera).

स्वन sev-un, ह. m. Sewing, diaming, stitching; service. verbal n. Serving, to serve.

to brood, rear, sit, incubate, hatch.

gar sev-ra, s. m. Half-baked earthen-

day sev-a, s. f. Service, servitude; worship, homege; addiction to, attendance on.

warrel sewarce, s. f. Sugar that has been purified with siwar, the green vegetation at the bottom of rivers or other water.

and sevucen, s. f. Vermicelli.

go sesh, s. m. Remainder, end; the king of the serpent race, as a large thousand-honded snake, at once the couch and canopy of Vishnoo and the upholder of the world, which rests on one of its heads.

देशनाग ses-nág, s. m. The king of the serpent race.

सेसर ses-úr, s. m. The gripe of a bow; name of a play at cards.

Translate, s. f. A porcupine.

Time sehoond, s. m. A species of Enphorbia, or indeed a general name for plants of that kind; the milk hodge plant (Euphorbia antiquerum, &c.)

a suy, adj. Hundred. s. f. Specess.

daret synk-ra, adj. Hundred.

Time syn-gir, s. m. The bean of Sumee or Mimosa Suma.

सतना synt-na, v. a. To adjust, to put to rights.

सेतानीस syntaices, adj. Forty-seven.

Hara syntae, s. m. Arrangement.

हें तीस syntées, adi. Thirty-seven.

बेसडा sykra, adv. A hundred per cent.

Bayr svina, v. a. To take care of, keep carefully, husband.

संब syn, s. m. Sleeping, repose. s. f. An army, forces; a wink, sign, token, hint, a signal. Syn kurna, To becken.

सैनाधनी syná synée, s. f. Mutual tokens, signs, hints, or signals.

संस्त् syn-dhuv, adj. Produced or bern in

Sindh. s. m. A horse; rock salt. संद्र्य synyúh, s. f. An army.

सेन syl, s. m. A mountain.

BELF sy-hurun, s. f. Sufferance.

सेहरनी sy-hurnée, s. m. Sufferer.

wit so, pron. That, he, she, it; so.

elar so-ur, s. m. The chamber of a puerperal woman.

सोबा só-a, s. m. Fennel (Anethum soma). The so-ée, pron. That very, he himself.

Tr son, postpos. From, with, through, than. afer sont-a, s. m. A club, mace, pestle.

Sontch-burdar, A mace-bearer; a person in the retinue of the great, armed with a short curved club, generally covered with silver

wis south, s. f. Dry ginger ; (met.) a miser. South bee mas nuh lena, To be very covetous. South kee see nas leh ruha, To endure, to wait patiently, to suffer.

हाउदाय sonthoo-rach, adj. Hard, miserly. With sondee, s. f. The wash in which washermen steep their cloth.

Will at sendh-na, v. a. To rub cloth in mud preparatory to washing; to mix, to smear,

Witer son-dha, s. m. A composition of fragrant substances used for washing the hair; smelling like that of a new earthen vessel when wetted or from parching of pulse.

FINTEZ son-dhahút, s. f. Fragrance; a smell like that of new earth.

With sondheh, adj. Fragrant, smelling I'ke new earth.

नौपना sómpna, v. a. To deliver over, commit to charge, give, consign, resign, entrust, deposits.

हों sonh, s. f. An oath.

सोहितिसाना sonh-khilána, v. a. To adjure, to swear.

सोंहडाबना sonh-dálna, v. a. To conjure. सोंहदेना sonh-dena, v. a. To adjure.

श्री sonheen, adv. Face to face, opposite, before, in front.

with sok, s. m. The holes in a bedstead through which the strings for bracing it pass; affliction, grief, lamentation, sorrow.

सोखना sókh-na, v. a. To soak up, dry up,

सोग sog, s. m. Affliction, grief, sorrow, lamentation, anguish

सोशी sogée, adj. Afflicted, grievous.

era soch, s. m. Consideration, reflection, thought, meditation.

सीचना sóch-na, v. a. To consider, think, meditate, advert, reflect, imagine, conceive.

सोज soj, s. f. Swelling.

सोक्स sojh, e.f. Straightness.

सोत sot, s. f. ) A spring, a fountain, a सोता sota, s. m. ) jet d'eau, a stream, a

rivulet, an arm (of the sea). होता sóta, part. pres. Asloop.s. m. Asloop,

sleeping.

सोटरा sodur-a, adj. Born of the same mother; an own brother.

सोध sodh, s. f. Discharge (of debt); correction, search, inquiry, collection.

सोधना sodh-na, v.a. To pay, to discharge (a debt.) to liquidate; to collate; to refine metals

सीच son, s. m. Name of a river; name of a flower (Bignonia indica).

सोनहरा sonúh-ra, सोनहसा sonuh-la,

सोन इलापानी somible-panee, s. m. Gilding. सोना sóna, v. n. To sleep; (met.) to die. e. m. Gold. Sonel-ka nancala, An expensive banquet, a delicious morsel.

सोनिया son-iya, s. m. One who separates gold from ashes, &c. in the mint.

सोधान sopan, s. f. A ladder, a 'scale. सोधना sobh-na, v. n. To become, bafit. सीका só-bha,s.f. Beauty, splendour, show, ornament, dress, decoration.

स्तिमाम sobhayumán, adj. Beantiful, splendid, conspicuous, adorning.

सोभाव sobháo, s. m. Nature, natural state, property or disposition, genius.

Ring som, s. m. The moon; a mountain or mountainous range, the mountains of the moon.

सोसतीचे som-teerth, s. m. A place of pilgrimage in the west of India.

मोसम्ब som-putr, s. m. A sort of grass (Saccharum cylindricum).

होनराज som-raj, s. m. Black cumin seed (Serratula anthelmintica).

बोसराजी som-rajee, |s. m. A medicinal plant (Servatula anthelmintica).

सोमवत som-wút, adj. Lunar, adv. Like the moon.

सोमवार som-war, s. m. Monday.

सोरड so-rúth, s. f. Name of a musical

bhakha.

view soluh, adj. Sixteen. Solukwan, adj. Sixteenth.

सोह sob, s. f. Ornament, dress, decoration.

\*\* so-hun, \*. f. A file; a whetstone. s. m. f. A kind of sweetmeat. s. m. A lover, a friend. adj. Pleasing.

सोहना soh-ma, v. n. To become, to beseem.

सोहागा so-hága, s. m Borax.

are so-hee, adv. Before, face to face, opposite, in front.

(lit. possessing a lumared heads; so that, if one or several be cut off, others still remain), Implies excessive perseverance, energy or obstinacy.

सीयना soump-na, v. a. To deliver over, commit to charge, give, consign, resign, intrust, deposite.

anisum).

Black colour. Soot, or any thing of a

सीकर sou-kur, m. ) adj. Hoggish, swin. ish.

सोगन्य sou-gundh, adj. Fragrant. s. f.

सीनव्यसना sougundh-súna, adj. Impregnated or mixed with perfume.

चौजन्य sou-gundhynh, s. m. Odour, fragrance, सीच souch, s. m. Purification by ablution, &c.; ablution.

सोजन्य sou-júnyuh, s. m. Kindness, compassion; friendship; goodness.

सीत sout, } e. f. Rival (voife). con-सीतन sout-un, temporary wife. (One wife is sout to another).

सीतियादाह soutiya-dah, s. f. Malice of a

सीतज्ञ sou-iela, adj. Belonging or relating to Sout, of one father by different mothers; as, Souteta blace, Step-brother; Soutelee bukin, Stepnister.

बोन्द क्षे soun-durj, s. m. Beauty, leveliness. बोनास्य sou-bhagyuh, s. m. Auspiciousness, good fortune; the fourth of the astronomical 1908.

सीमाउसवान sou-bhagyuwan, adj. Auspicious, fortunate.

सोसिन soun-ik, adj. Lunar.

wit sour, adj. Solar, s. m. Name of a fish.

सीरमास sour-mas, s. m. A solar month.

skundh, s. m. The shoulder; a book, a section, a chapter; the trunk of a tree.

स्त्रज्ञ skhill.in, s. m. Stumbling, slipping, tripping; stumbling or falling from virtue.

सन stun, s. m. The female bosom or breast.

सम्बद्ध stun-móckh, s. m. A nipple.

Has stubdh, adj. Stopped, blocked, or shut up.

tumn; hindrance, obstruction.

লৈ হাৰ stum-bhūn, s. m. Stopping, hindering, obstruction; a styptic, an astringent.

सुद stuv, s. m. Praise, eulogium, panegy-

सावक sta-válc, s.m. A praiser, a panegyrist.

enfa stooti, s. f. Praise, culogy.

and stotr, s. m. Praise, eulogium.

stree, s. f. A woman or female in general.

स्त्रीजित stree-jit. s. m. A henpecked husband.

स्त्रीधन्त्र stree-dhurm, s. m. Duty of weman; the menstrual excretion.

of women, a country placed by some in the direction of Bhot.

स्तीचळ stree-ling, s. m. Feminine gender. स्तीवम stree-vús, s. m Subjection to women The nature of woman.

sthul, s. m. f. Place, site, soil, dry or firm ground; part (of a book).

स्वज sthul-új, adj. Terrene, ferrestrial, what is produced on land.

खन्तीमा sthul-seema, s. m. A boundary, a land-mark.

will sthan, s. m. Place, spot, site, situation; a house, a dwelling, an abode, a residence, a section, a chapter, a book; office, appointment; degree, station.

wr-7 sthanee, adj. Having place or fixation, placed, abiding, permanent, &c.

founding, erecting, causing to stand.

wifing sthapit, part. pass. Established, placed, fixed, founded, erected.

हार्थी sthayee, adj. Steady, firm, unchangeable, invariable.

सायोभाव sthayee-bhao, s. m. Fixed or permanent condition.

सामुक sthayook, adj. Stationary; steady,

equal sihalée, s. f. An earthen pot or boiler.

स्पान sthá-wur, adj. Fixed, stationary, stable, immovable.

Tera sthit, adj. Steady, firm, immovable; determined, resolved, decreed, established.

feefa sthiti, s. f. Stay, staying, being fixed or stationary.

dy, immovable; hard, solid; permanent, durable, lasting; firm, steady (morally); cool, collected; constant, faithful; mild, tranquil; settled, steadfast.

fur and sthir-cheta, adj. Firm, resolute, steady, constant.

िक्या sthirtá, s. f. Stability, firmness ; moral firmness, fortitude.

स्थिरमित sthir-muti, adj. Steady, firm, deliberate.

with sthir-atma, adj. Firm, resolute, unnoved; stable, steady.

w w sthooms, s. f. The post or pillar of a

Fat, corpulent, bulky; large, great; coarse.

स्ता sthoolta, s. f. Coarseness, bulkiness.

sthyrj, s. m. Firmness, stability;

rest, largeness. m. Bulk, size, coarseness, largeness.

हान snan, s. m. Bathing, ablution, purification by bathing.

खानीय snaneeyuh, adj. Ablutionary.

sneh, s. m. Affection, kindness, friend-enip, love; oil.

केहबान sneh-wán, adj. Affectionate.

स्की snehée, adj. Kind, affectionate, friendly. s. m. f. Friend, lover, mistress.

स्पृद्धी spurd-dhá, s. f. Envy, emulation, rivalry.

सार्थी spurd-dhée, adj. Envious, emulous. सार्थी spursh, s. m. Touch, contact.

we spusht, adj. Evident; manifest, apparent; clear, easy, intelligible.

युहा sprihe, s. f. Wish, desire. Sprihee, adj. Desirous.

स्कटिक sphútik, s. m. Crystal.

स्कृतिकस्य sphutik-múy,adj. Made of crystal.

The sphutee, s. f. Alum.

Thrize sphátik, adj. Crystalline, made, &c. of crystal. s. m. Crystal.

(as a flower); apparent, manifest, evident; known, understood.

क्र्रिं sphoortti,s. f. Throbbing, palpitating, shaking.

स्तोद क sphotuk, s. m. A boil, a tumour.

स्तर्या smurun, s. m. Recollecting, remembering, memory, recollection.

सारणीय smurun-éeyuh,adj. Fit or proper to be remembered.

smurun, adj. Remembering, recollecting, considering.

raffa smriti, s. f. Recollection, remembrance, memory; law, the body of law; a law book, a code of laws.

खानपन syan-pun, s. m. Cunning, art.

साना syana, adj. Cunning, artful, shrewd, sly, knowing, sagaclous, clever, prudent; mature (in understanding), grown up.

THE syar, s. m. A jackal.

ह म slesh, s. m. A pnn, a double meaning. खकार्थ swukárj. s. m. Own buiness or duty.

खनुत्र swukootúmb, s. m. Own family. खनुत swukool,s.m. Own family or race.

सहत swukrit, adj. Done or made by one's self, self-performed.

was swuchehh, adj. Pure, clean, clear, free from stein or soil; transparent, pellucid.

war swuchehh-tá, s. f. Purity, transparency, &c.

चाइन्द्र swuchehhund, adj. Unrestrained, uncontrolled, independent, self willedj; spontaneous; acting to one's own opinion or inclination.

ख जन swajun, s. m. A distant kinsman.

ৰুমানি swugysti, s. f. Kindred, kin. s. m. A kinsman.

स्त्र तन्त्र swutüntr, adj. Unrestrained, uneontrolled, seif-willed; independent, free, absolute. खनन्त्र an swutuntr-ts, s. f. Independence, absoluteness, wilfulness.

खरेग swudesh, s.m. Native country, home. खरमा swudhurm, s.m. Peculiar duty or occupation.

खनगर swundgur,s.m. Own or native town. खनाभ swundsh, s.m. Self-destruction.

ers swupn, s. m. Sleep. Dreaming, a dream.

खत्रदीष swupn-dosh, s. m. Nocturnal pol-

सप्रविचार swapn-bichár, s. m. Interpretation of dreams.

सप्रतिवारी swupn-bieharee, s. m. An interpreter of dreams.

सभाव swubháo, s. m. Nature, natural state, property or disposition.

स्मृति swubhóomi, s. f. Own land or estate; native country.

खबंबर swuyam-vúr, s. m. The public choice of a husband by a princess, from a number of suitors assembled for the purpose.

ख्यंबर् swűyntn-vűra, s. f. A girl choosing her husband.

ख्यम् swuyum-bhôo, s. m. Bruhma; the self-existent.

wx swur, s. m. An accent; a vowel; a note in music; tone, voice.

हा कृप swuróop, s. m. Natural state or condition, nature. adj. Similar, like.

en swurg, m. Heaven, the residence of defined mortals; the sky.

हर्गगमन swurg-gúmun, s. m. Going to heaven

wirla swur-guti, s. f. Going to heaven, future felicity; death.

ख महोन swurg-lok, e. m. Paradise.

खगीरोइस swurg-arohun, . m. Ascending to heaven.

खर्गीय swurgecynh, adj. Heavenly, divine, celestial.

way swurgyuh, adj. Heavenly, paradisia-

खर्च swurn, s. m. Gold.

खर्चेन swurn-úk, adj. Golden, of gold.

खरी सी री swurn-ksheeree, s. f. A medicinal kind of moon-plant, said to be brought from the Himalay mountains.

www.gyrik, s. m. A kind of ochre, golden ochte.

खर्भेच इर swurn-chóora, s. m. The blue-jay. खर्च प्राची swurn-poeshpee, s.f. The Cassia fistula; a medicinal sort of moon plant.

खनीज swur-lok, s. m. Heaven.

way swalp, adj. Very small; very few. लाहित swavnitti, e.f. Own, or peculiar duty or occupation.

erfer swusti, adv. A particle of benediction; an suspicious particle; a term of sanction or approbation, (so be it, ames).

खिमान swusti-man, adi. Happodauspici-

eferares swusti-vachun, s.m. A religious rite, preparatory to any important observance, in which the Brahmuns strew hoiled rice on the ground, and invoke the blessings of the gods on the ceremony about to commence.

wir swang, s. m. Mimickry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. Swang lana, To imitate,

ealeft swanger, e. m. An actor, a mimick. खानत swa-gut, s. m. Welcome, salutation. erfa swati, s. f. The star Arcturus, or fifteenth lunar esterism consisting of but one star

sweetness; pleasure. Swadce s. m. A tast ere swad-uk, adj. Delicious, relishing,

wite swad-ul, J of high flavour.

wars swadoo, adj. Sweet; agreeable, desired ; grateful to the palste, dainty, delicate.

खाचित्रार swa-dhikar, s. m. Own or peculiar office or station.

सारियाचा swadhi-putyuh, s n Supreme sway, royalty, hovereignty.

Grata swa-dheen, adi. Independent, incontrolled, being one's own master; absolute, despotic.

erelear swadheen-ta, ) a.f. Independance, liberty, will swadbeenee, freedom.

खान swan, s. m. A dog.

errerfam swa-bhawik, ady. Natural, peculiar, inherent.

wifere swami-twih, s.m. Ownership, mastership; sovereignty, &c.

Will swamee, adj. Owner, proprietor, lord, master or mistress, s. m. A master, a lord; a sovereign, a prince, a monarch; a husband, a lever a spicitual preceptor; the Divine Being; a class of mendicants.

THE TENNISHED STATES one's master, treachers, perfidy.

WITTEN swa-rajyuh, s. m. Binal felicity; beaven.

eria swarth, adj. Having one's own object s. m. Mundane affairs, desire, object, end, aira, &c.; same meaning; own object or desire; solf-interest, selfishness.

Tife a swar-thik, adj. Expressing its own or literal incuning; having one's own object; answering its purpose or object, successful, useful, profitable.

wirther, adj: Sofish.

GIE swas, | | s. m. Breath, respiration, WIRT swass, breathing; life.

WHATE sweekar, s. m. Promise; assent, agreement.

wer swech-ohlá, s.f. Wilfulness, following one's own purpose or inclination.

खत swet, adj. White.

We swed, s. m. Warmth, heat; perspiration, sweat.

ब्रह्म sweduj, adj. Engendered by heat and damp, as insects and worms.

arm swyrun, s. m. An adulterer.

wife and swyrinee, s. f. An unchaste wife, an adulteress; a wanton woman.

swyree, ad. Uncontrolled, self-willed.

## in the way has been been been and the

E hith, The thirty-third consonant of the

and the kame of a To drive out or

ware halnskan, bem. Cry, outery, bawling, callings driving

Tarrest hunkarna, v. a. To bawl to, to call, to halloo after, to brave; to drive, to drive. away to excel

antit hun-karee, adj. Proud, self-conceited of

The hum-phylady Short-winded

En Lipis, s. m. A goose, a gander, a swan, a duck ; Bruhm, the supreme soul.

The hous-uk, s. m. The flamingo.

E HANT hims gumanes, adj. Walking cracefully as the swan (a woman).

हमगामिनी huns gaminec, s. f. A graceful

Bugh huns-na, v. n. To laugh, deride.

ing húns-mookh, adj. Cheerful, merry, laughing, facetious, jocular, jolly, jovial, blithe, blithsome.

Fitt hunsa, s. m. Laughing, laughter.

चुन्द्र hunsáee, e. f. Ridicule.

THIST hunsana, v. a. To cause to laugh, to tickle.

Fran hansiya, s. m. A sickle.

ਚੰਦੀ húnsee, s. f. Sport, fun, mirth,laughter, laugh, ridioule.

SHUT húnsoon, s. m. A sickle.

First hunsor, adj. Facetious, jocular, merry, cheerful. s. m. A wag.

हंसी इपन hunsor-pún, s. m. Facetiousness, jocularity.

इक्रबनाना hukbuk-ána, v. n. To be confused or irresolute(when any thing is to be done), to be aghast.

हक्ता húkla, adj.Stuttering, stammering. हक्ताना huk-lána, v. n. To stammer, stutter, falter.

इक्राइ। hukláha, s. m. A stammerer.

ह सार्या hukarna, v. a. To drive oxen or other cattle in a circle, as when treading out grain हजाबद्या húkka-búkka, adj. Confused (when any thing is to be done), aghast.

हाना hug-na, v. n. To go to stool, to evaenate frees, to dung.

हमनेटी hugnétee, s. f. A field or place to which people repair to ease themselves; podex.

इस्माना hug-bhurna, v. n. To be polluted with excrement, to go to stool.

हमाना hugána,v. a. To cause to go to stool. हगास hugás,s.f. Inclination to go to stool.

tenesmus. Hugas-buttukh, A restless fidgetting person.

ह च को जा huch-kóla, ह जा. A jelt, a shock

इचर्बर Lúchur-múchur, s. m. Dispute, cavil, excuse.

gz hut, s. f. Obstinacy, perverseness, crossness, unpersuadableness, disobedience; teasing; allegation.

हटकना hutúk-na, v. n. To be repulsed, driven back, to retreat, move, stop, boggle.

हटकाना hutkána, v. a. To stop.

हटकाहटकी hútka-hútkee, s. f. Driving back, struggling.

scara hut-tal, s. f. Shutting up all the shops in a market (on account of oppression, &c.)

SZAT hútna, v. n. To go or fall back, to be driven back, to retire, recede, move, budge, shrink, fliuch, to be defeated.

इटबा hut-wa, e. m. A person employed in a market to measure rice, grain, &c.

इटवाई hut-waée, s. f The office of a hut-

इटाकटा húta-kúta, adj. Stout and active, robust, vigorous.

EZITI hut-ána, v. a. To repel, drive backwards, to back, to worst, to foil.

हरिया hutiya, s. f. A market.

gg hutt, s. m. A market, a movable market, a fair.

हड्डाकड्डा hutta-kútta,adj.Stout and active, robust, vigorous.

Thuttee, s. f. A petty market or fair.

Es huth, s. m. Violence; oppression; rapine.s.f. Obstinacy, perverseness, crossness, unpersuadableness, disobedience; trasing; allegation. Huth kurna, or Huth kee tekpur hona, To resist or disobey obstinately, to be perverse or peevish.

हर बर्स्स huth-dhurmee, ady. Perverse, obstinate.

इटना huth-na, v. n. To be peevish, perverse or pettish.

by hut-hee, adj. Peevish, obstinate, perverse.

इंडोना hut-héela, adj Teasing (child), pettish, perverse, obstinate, peevish.

The stocks. F. A nut (Myrobalan); an ornament resembling that fruit, s. m. Bilboes, the stocks.

हड्कत hur-kút, s.m. Acanthus ilicifolius. हड्कोचा hur-géela, s.m. A bird, the gigantic crane (Ardea urgala).

हड्डोड़ा hur-jóra, s. m. A medicinal plant (Cissus quadrangularis).

इड्फूटन hur-phóotun, s. m. Pains in the

इड्ब्इाना hur-burána, v. n. To be confused, to hurry.

इड्डिया hur-buriya, adj. Easily agitated; irritable, hasty.

हड़को hur-buree, s. f. Hurry, alarm, uproar, riot, disorder, hastiness, hubbub.

हड्हाना hur-hurana, v. n. To shudder, to shiver; to crash, to rattle.

हड्हाइट hur-hurahut, s.f. Crack,crash,

इड़ड़ी hur-huree, s. f. The twang of a

ser hurá, s. m. A sky-rocket.

हड़ाइड़ी hara-harce, s. f. The twang of a

हड़्र hádda, s. m. A wasp; bone : apavin.

Hudden motheric mikalna, (lit.) To break out in spavins and cedematous swellings: (met.) To adopt an evil conduct.

huddee, s. f. A bone; the hard part in the centre of a carrot or other similar root.

Teller huddéeln, adj. Bony.

pot or boiler. Hundaphorna, v. a. (lit. Tabreak the pot), To disclose a secret, to let the cat out of the bag.

drive out of a city, disgrace (by public punish-

ment); to move round.

इंडिइका hundiká, े s.f. An earthen pot इंडिडो hundée, or boiler,

gat hut, s. m. Multiplication. interj. Begone! fy!

इतना hút-na, v. a. To kill.

हाला hut-ya, s. f. Murder, slaughter, killing, slaving.

sin, wretch, villain. adj. Inhuman, bloody.

Thut-yarée, s. f. A murderess, a female murderer.

ह्य huth, s. m. Hand.

ह यहरी huth-kutee, s. f. Name of a cut with the sword, which is intended to take off or disable the adversary's hand.

हचन्द्रो huth-kúree, s. f. A handcuff, fetter, manacle.

हश्रास्त्र huth-khánda,s. m. Habit,custom,

हबर्य sthuth-chupoos, s. m. Snack, share हबर्ट buth-chhoot, s. m. A beater.

हरकोबा huth-jhóla,s.m. A hand-barrow. हरनाड huth-nál, s. f. A small cannon

carried on elephants, &c.

ह्या huth-phool,s.m. Akind of firework.

TWAL huth-pher, s. m. Sleight of hand (in a maney-changer), changing a good for a bad rupee for the purpose of imposition; borrowing, Huth pher leng, To borrow.

ह्या भी huth-bulee, a f. Strength of hand, force; dishbuesty.

हचर huth-rus, s.m. Amorous dalliance, toying; self-pollution, onanism.

(of a spinning-wheel).

gum's; huth-lewa, s. m. A ceremony in marriage among Hindoos. (The hands of the bride and bridegroom are joined palm to palm with some flour put between them).

gar hutha, s. m. A handle; a shovel, a

baker's peel; a sleeve.

हिंदिन huthiyá, s. m. The 13th mansion of the moon, Corvus; the breaking up of the rains. Huthiya kee rah, The milky-way.

हिंचियाना huthiyana, v. .. To seize.

हरियार huthiyar, s. m. f. A tool, arms, weapon, implements, apparatus.

इधियारबन्द huthiyar-bund, adj. Armed. इधियारबाधना huthiyar-bundhna, v. a. To

arn.

with huthee, s. f. A brush for rubbing down horses with, or rather a hair glove; a rubber.

हचेना huthela, s. m. A thief, a robber.

इयेजो huthélee, s. f. The palm of the

इयोटी huthoutee, e. f. Dexterity, art, skill.

हर्षोड़ा huthoura, s. m. A sledge-hammer.

हवाड़ी huthouree,s. f. A small hammer.

will huth-yaée, s f. Murder, slaughter, violence.

हरियाना hudiyana, v. n. To hesitate; to be alarmed or apprehensive, to sbrink.

हरियाहर hudiyahút,s. f. Scrupulousness, sheepishness, shyness.

हरियाहा hudiyahá, adj. Sheepish, shamefaced, timid, bashful, scrupulous.

हन्य hún-un, s. m. Killing, destroying ; injuring, hurting, striking ;(in arithmetic)multiplication.

हनना hún-na, v. a. To kill, to give a blow,

हन्मान hunoomán, s. m. The monkey chief Hunooman, the friend, ally, and spy of Ramchundr, in his invasion of Lunka.

हन्ता huntá, s.m. A murderer, a slayer.

Fu hup, s. m. Act of suddenly snatching with the mouth and swallowing.

Russy hup-jhup, adj. Quick. Hup-jhup khana, To est quickly and voraciously.

इकड्फाना huph-huphana, v. n. To pant, to be out of breath.

हवड़ा hub-rá, adj. Ill-shaped, clumsy.

इसेंब hum-éo, s. m. Vanity, egotism, arrogance, pride.

इद huy, s. m. A horse ; the yak.

ह बन आ huy-gundhá, s.f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa).

Butle huy-greev, s. m. A prince of the Dyts, who during Brahma's sleep at the end of a Kulp stole the Veds: in the recovery of them, he was slain by Vishnoo, after his descent as the Mutsya or fish Uvutar.

हदाश्चर huy-ashna, . f. The gum Oliba-

num tree.

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Fr hur, s. m. (In arithmetic), A divisor; also division; a rogue, a wag; a plough; a name of Muhadeo. Hurbhoom karaj, A country or place in which injustice prevails. Hurbhog, s. m. Anarchy, confusion, uproar.

Ben hur-uk, s. m. (In arithmetic), A divisor; also division.

Ta harákh, s. m. Blowing, blooming; delight, joy, happiness, pleasure

इर्द्वना hurúklima, v. n. To blow (as a flower); to be delighted.

Effen hurkhit, adj. Pleased, delighted, rejoiced.

Tran hur-goonee, adj. Skilful, clever.

was hur-un,s. m. Theft, plunder, seizing, carrying off or away, taking away by force; subtraction; the hand; semen verile; (in arithmetic) dividing, division. Hurun-dookh, Taking away or dissipating grief or trouble.

Star hurtá, s. m. A thief, a stealer, a tak-

हरवान hurtal, s. f. Orpiment.

gra húr-un, s. m. A deer or antelope,

went hur-na, s. m. A stag, a buck, a male antelope; a pommel (of a saddle). v. a. To seize on, to take by force; to steal, spoil, plunder, take away.

हरनी hur-née, s. f. A doe, a hind.

हरनीटा hur-nouta, s. m. A fawn.

हरफारवड़ी húrpha-revrée, s. f. Name of a sour fruit(Averrhoa acida: Cicca disticha: Phyllanthus cheramela).

हर्महा hurmóoshta, ady. Stout, robust, active.

graf hurmóoshtee, s. f. Robustness; thick-headedness.

Exferre hur-singar, s. m. The weeping Nyetanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

TT húra, adj. Green, fresh, verdant.

TTE huraée, s. f. Greenness, freshness, verdure.

हराना hurána, v. a. To win, overcome, beat (at cards), to foil, worst, weary, tire.

Trag hurawul, s. m. The advanced guard of an army, the vanguard.

हरिक्द huri-chúndun, s. m. A yellow and fragrant sort of Sandal-wood.

हरिज hur-in, s. m. A deer or antelope, hart.

with hurinée, s. f. A doe, a hind; a womiss, one of the four kinds, the same as the Chitrini. Elea hurit, adj. Green, of a green colour.

हरितान hurital, s. m. Yellow orpiment. हरिताश्चन hurit-ashmun, s.m. Blue vitriol; a turquoise; an emerald.

हरिदेव kuri-dev, s. m. The asterism Sra-

हरिट्टा huri-dra, s. f. Turmeric.

Figgs huridwar, s. m. The town of Hurdwar, where the Ganges descends into the level land of Hindovstan.

हरिकारिय húrin-múni, a. m. An emerald. Frea huri-bhukt, s. m. A worshipper of

Vishnoo.

हरियजन húri-bhújun, s. m. Adoration of Fishnoo.

इर्विन huriyal, s. m. A green pigeon (Columba hurriala).

इरियाला huriyala, adj. Verdant, green,

हरियाची huriyalee, #. f. Greenness, freshness, verdure; grass

इरीतकी hureetkée, s. f. Yellow or chebulic myrobalan (Terminalia chebula), seven varieties of this are distinguished,

हरीरा hureerá, ) adj. Verdant, green; a हरीना hureela, I coward, a run-away.

हरीया hureewa, s. m. A kind of paroquet. Tr hurerá, adj. Verdaut. s. m. A vegetable, verdure.

हारिंदी huroutée, s. f. A'cane, staff.

Est hur-ra, s. m. An astringent nut, myrobalen (Terminalia chebula or citrina).

इसर् hurtti, s. m. A thief, a stealer, a taker

go hursh, s. m. Joy, mirth, pleasure, delight, happiness.

guar hursh-na, v. n. To blow (as a flower); to be delighted.

Ffa hursh-it, adj. Pleased, rejoiced, happy, delighted, gladdened, made glad or happy. हर्षोद्य hursh-óduy, s. m. Appearance or

occurrence of happiness.

5 hul, s. m. A plough; the afterbirth. Hul jota, A tiller, a ploughman.

sear hulka,ady. Light (in weight or character), debased, mean, silly, easy, soft, cheap. Hulka kuraa, To lighten, exonerate, ease, assuage, debase, abase, depreciate, affront. Hulka janna, To disdain, disesteem.

gant hulkase, s. f. Lightness, levity.

इनकाना hulkana, v. a. To abet.

हलकापन hulka-pún, s. m. Lightness. levity, vanity, despicableness.

सनको नी hulkorna, v. a. To gather, to collect; to billow, to wave.

इत्रचल húl-chul, s. f. Fright, perturbation, hubbub, tumult, anarchy.

इंबदिया huldiyá, s. m. A kind of poison; the jaundice; a class of merchants, acj. Yellow. इन्द्री húldee, s. f. Turmeric (Curcuma longa).

हज्यना hulúp-na, v. n. To toss or tumble about, to shudder in a fover.

हनमन hul-phul, s. f. Affability; hurry, perturbation.

हलरावना hul-raena, v. a. To amuse, play with, dandle.

हरवाद्वा hulwaha, s. m. A ploughman. हरवाद्वी hulwahae, s. f. Tillage, ploughing.

हच्छन hulhúl, s. m. A mortal poison. हनहना hul-húla, s. m. Poison.

हल्ह्डाट hulhulát, s. m. Trembling thro' fever or fear.

the effect of an ague, da); to cremble, v. a. To shake (from the effect of an ague, da); to cremble, v. a. To shake, to cause to tremble.

हमहानिया hulhuliyá, s. m. Poison.

an ague.

ward hulace, s. f. Ploughing.

हवाहब hulahul, s. m. Poison.

इंग्रिया huliya, s. m. A herd (of oxen), dreve, flock (of cows).

इतिहाना huliyana, v. n. To nauseate. इलोरा hulora, s. m. A wave, billow,

हवीर्जी hulórna, v. a. To collect to gather. हज्जा húlla, s. m. Uproar, tumult; assault. इयन húvun, s. m. Sacrifice, offering, oblation.

इब्र húv-yuh, s. m. Au offering to the gods.

इस्त hus-út, adj. Laughing, smiling. इस्त hús-un, s.m. Laughter, laughing. इसाई husáce, s. f. Ridiculing.

इसाना husana, v. a. To make (one) laugh, to cause to laugh.

tunar esteriam, designated by a hand, and containing five stars; a cubit measured by the hand and arm, or from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger.

हिंच husti, s. m. An elephant.

चित्रक husti dunt, s. m. Ivory.

हास्त्री hustinee, a. f. A female elephant; a description of women, the worst of the four classes. Delhi, the capital of Youthishthir and his brethren, the remains of which still exist, about 57 miles north-east of the modern city, on the banks of the old channel of the Ganges.

exudes from an elephant's temples when in rut.

To hustée, s. m. An elephant.

cle; a collar (of gold or sider, &c.) worn round the neck as an ornament,

Tha, adv. An interjection of weariness; of sorrow, pain; an exclamation of pleasure; a term of repreach.

Than, adv. Yes, ay, indeed, by the by, forsooth; here, hither,&c. Han kuhna, To agree.

Thank, s. f. Cry, call, hawling, calling to (load); driving. Hank marna, To bawl after, to call to.

हांकना hánk-na, v. a. To drive; to bawl

हां अपुकार hank-pookar. s.f. Uproar, out-

हांकी hanka-hank, s. m. Driving. हांकी han-kee,s. f. A vessel in which they make sewyn or vermicelli; a sieve.

Wing han-gur, s. m. A shark.

हांडना hand-na, v. n. To wander, to ramble.

हांडी han-dée, हांडी han-rée, हांडी han-rée,

हांपना hamp-na, । v. n. To pant, to be

Fin hans, s. m. A duck,a goose, a swan.

girl han-sée, s. f. Laughter, laughing, joke, derision.

wift han-heen, adv. Yes.

TIZ hat, \ s. f. A market, a movable market or fair, a shop.

TTZ hatoo, s. m. A market-man.

हाई har, s. m. A bone.

हाड्डीड़ा har-jóra, s. m. A plant (Cissus quadrangularis).

Tra hat, s. m The hand.

Ere; hath, s. m. The hand; a cubit; possession, power.

हाथ आना hath ana, v. n. To come into one spossession or power, to be gained or obtained.

हाथ उठाना hath oothana, v. a. To leave off, refrain from, desist, abandon, relinquish,resign, cease; to salute by raising the hand to the head; to beat; to give alms.

द्वाय जीट लेना hath ot lona, v. a. To re-

ceive with both hands open and stretched out together.

हाथ कमरपर रखना hath kúmur pur rúkhna, v. u. To be very feeble.

हाय करना hath kúrna, v. a. To subduc, to have possession.

हाथ कानों पर रखना hath kanon pur rukh na, v. n. To be astonished ; to deny vehomently.

हाथ वेंचना hath khynchus, v. a. To refrain, desist, abstain.

हाथ चाटना hath chátna, v.a. To relisb any food exceedingly, to lick one's lips.

हाय चानाकी hath chalakee, s. f. Expertness.

हाथ जो ज्ना hath jórna, v. a. To supplicate, intreat carnestly. [bestow.

हाय आइना hath jhárna, n. a. To give, हाय भूटा होना hath jhóota hóna, n. n. To have the hands defiled; to lose the power of the hands.

gre great hath dalna, v. a. To thrust or put the hand (in or on), to meddle, to interfere (in); to encroach.

self in or about; to make a bargain by taking hold of the hands of the other party under a cloth. (A practice chiefly used in settling the price of horses and jewels.)

हाथ धोना hath-dhóna, v. a. To be disappointed, to be hopeless, to relinquish.

इाध प्रकार लेकाना hath púkreh lejána, v. n. To hand a person.

हाथ पड़ना hath-púrna, v. n. To come into one's possession.

हाय प्रस्त तत्ते द्वना hath putthur tileh dubna, v. n. To be helpless, to be unable to act. हाथ पसारना hath-pusarna, v. a. To ask, to beg.

हाथ पांच कुल जाने hath paon phool janeh, v. n. To be distressed or confounded.

हाय पांच फेलाना hath paon phylans, v. a. To extend one's business or schemes.

हाथ यांव सार्जा hath paon marns, v. a. To strive, endeavour, strain, toll, struggle. v. n. To be agitated; to sprawl.

हाब फुल hath phool, e.m. A plant (Pothos)

हाथ फ्रेन्स hath phénha, v. a. To fence. हाथ फ्रेन्स hath phénha, v. a. To stroke, to caress, to coax.

हाय बंद होना hath bund hone, v. n. To be much engaged in business, to have no leisure; to be poor or indigent.

হাজ বহালা hath burhana, v. a. To endeavour to get any thing; to gain possession of the property of others: हाय बांधना hath-bandhna, v.a. To join the hands in a supplicating posture.

हाय बेटना hath bythna, v. n. To acquire perfection in any art by practice.

हास भारता hath bhurna, v. n. To have the hands wearied or fatigued.

हाद ब्राजना hath múlna, v. n. To regret, repent, lament.

हाथ भारता hath marna, v. a. To promise; to acquire, to plunder; to wound with a sword. हाथ भिदाना hath milana, v. n. To claim equality; to prepare to wrestle.

हाय में रखना hath men rükhna, v. a. To possess, to hold in subjection.

हाथ रोजना hath rokna, v. a. To prevent. हाथ जगना hath lugna, v. n. To come to the hand, to be got, obtained, acquired.

हाथ बनावा hath lugane, v. a. To put or thrust the hand (in), to meddle (in), to handle; to reprove, punish, torment; to be employed in any business.

हाथ कोटना hath sumétna, v. a. To refrain from giving, &c.

FIET hatha, s. m. The hand; possession, power.

हायाजी हो hathá-jórec, s. f. A plant (Lycopodium imbricatum).

हाथाफची hathá-phuchée, s. f. A sort of game.

हाबार्क्डो करना hathá-banhée kúrna, v.n. To scuffle or struggle together.

हाथी háthee, s. m. An elephant ; the 13th mansion of the moon.

हाधीदांत hathee dant, s. m. Elephant's tooth, ivory.

हादीयान hathee-wan, s. m. An elephantdriver.

हायी हाय कर्नी hathee hath kurna, v. a. To act in concord, to pull together.

हार्थां हाथ hathon hath, adv. Out of hand, overhand, quickly, expeditiously. Hathon hath lejana, To carry away quickly, to snatch away at once or suddenly.

हान han, े s. f. Loss, privation, de-हानि hani, ficiency, harm, injury, slaughter. Hance, adj. Occasioning loss.

True hapur, s. f. A seed-bed (or rather hursery) for sugar-cane.

हाय hách, हायहाय hách-hách, हारहाय hách-hách,

Hach marna, To sigh.

हायन hayún, s. m. A year; a sort of rice. हार bar, s. m. A string or garland or necklace of pearls, &c., a wresth, a chaplet (of flowers, worn as a necklace); a flock (of cattle), pasturage, s. f. Loss, forfeiture, discomfiture. part. act. Being overcome.

TIL har, s. m. (In arithmetic), A divisor, also the denominator of a fraction.

FILE har-úk, s. m. A thief; a cheat, a rogue; a gambler, a tree (Trophis aspera); a plunderer, a ravisher, one who carries off any thing; (in arithmetic), a divisor.

हार जीत har-jéet, s. m. Gambling, hazard. Harjeet kurna, To gamble.

ster har-na, v. n. To be overcome, to be unsuccessful, to lose (in play), to be tired out. v. a. To lose.

हारमाद्वा har-manna, v a. To give up a dispute, to give up in despair, to acknowledge all lost.

External har-singar, s. m. The weeping Nyctanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

FTCT hara, (In compos.) denotes the performer of any act, dealer in any article, as lukurhara, A woodman; marnel-hara, A striker.

TIT hára,s. m. A necklace of pearls, &c.

(Columba hurriala). adj. Of a green colour.

To haroo, s. m. A loser.

FIE hardd, s. m. Affection, kindness.

Ta harj, s. m. Beleric myrobalan.

Fre hal, adj. Quick, s. m. A plough.

हाबना hálna, v. n. To shake.

Tier hale, s. f. Wine, vinous or spirituous liquor.

हानाहोता hála-dóla, s. m. Shaking, agitation : an earthquake.

हाबाह्ब hala-húl, s. m. A sort of poison. हाबाह्बसर halanúl-dhúr, s. m. A small black and venemous anake.

हाजाहरी hala-hulee,s. f. Wine,spirituous liquor.

हारिस halim,s. m. Cress, cresses (Lepi-dum sativum).

erg hao, s. m. Any feminine act of amorous pastime, or tending to excite amorous sensations, acquetry, blandishment, falliance, airs.

Tawra hao-bháo, s. m. Dalliance, blandishment, charm, attraction, welcome.

हास has, s. m. Laughing, laughter. \* हासकर has-kúr, adj. Causing laughter, merry, ridiculous.

हाविका hasika, s. f. Laughter, mirth. हाही hasee, adj. Laughing, smiling.

grieger hastin, adj. Elephantine, large, as big as an elephant.

हास्तिनपुर hástin-póor,s.m. Ancient Delhi. हास्य hásyuh, adj. Laughable, ridiculous. s.m. Laughter, laughing, mirth.

FIET haha, s. m. Flattery, importunity, earnest request, supplication. Haha khana, To flatter, wheedle, intreat, beseech. adv. An interjection of surprise, or grief, or pain, alas!

The noise or uprear of battle; lamentation, sound of grief or pity; consternation.

Free hin-dól, s. m. A musical mode, sung in the morning of spring.

FEC at hin-dóla, s. m. A swing, a cradle; a song describing the swing, and sung during that exercise.

দিশ্ব hin-súk, adj. Mischievous, malignant, ferocious, savage s. m. A beast of prey; an enemy.

िहंसन hin-sún, s. m. Injuring, hurting.

fri hin-sá, s. f. Injury, mischief, &c.; slaughter, killing, slaying.

हिसान hins-sloo, adj. Mischievous, hurt-ful.

free hinst, adj. Mischievous, hurtful, injurious; murderous; formidable, terrible; fierce, savage.

程表本 hin-sruk, s. m. A beast of prey.

िक्का hikka, s. f. Hiccough.

Fr hin-goo, s. m. Asafœtida.

Ter w hin-gool, s. m. Vermilion.

हिच्छाना hichuk-na, v. n. To draw buck from, to decline, to shrink, to waver, to boggle. हिच्छाना hich-kana, v. a. To jolt.

हिस्तिवाना hich-kichána, v. n. To doubt, hesitate, be in suspense, falter.

हिच्या hich-kichee, s. f. Hesitation. Hichkichee bandhna, To gnash the teeth.

हिनकी hich-kee, s. f. The hiccough.

हिन्दा híj-ra, s. m. An hermaphrodite, a eunich.

हिर्देन hin-dun, s.m. Wandering, roaming; copulation.

fe as hin-deer, s. m. Cuttle-fish bone, considered to be the indurated form of the sea; a tonic, a stomachic.

Fra hit, ada Suitable, proper, fit, worthy, right; friendly, affectionate, kind; useful. s. m. A good, a benefit; love, friendahip, affection, benevolence.

चित्रकर hit-kúr, adj. Friendly, kind, favourable. a. m. A benefactor.

featile hit-kar, ) s.m.A friend, bene-

framily hit karée, f factor.

चित्रकारी hit-karee, s. f. Friendship, love.

fan hitóo, s. m. f. A friend.

हितेषी hityshee, adj. Seeking another's welfare.

हितोपदेश hitopdesh, s. m. Friendly or proper advice.

हिनहिनाना kinhinana, v. n. To neigh.

हिनीता hin-outá, e f. Supplication, humility.

हिना e hin-tal, s.m. The marshy date tree (Phanix or Elate paludosa).

हिन्दी hindée, adj. Indian, relating to India. िहन्द, hin-doo, s. m. An Indian, a gentoo ; (met.) a mole or lock (of a mistress).

हिन्दवान hindoo-wan, s m. A water-melon.

हिन्दीन hin-dol, s. m. A swing; one of the musical modes.

few him, s. m. Frost, snow; cold.

हिसका him-kur, adj. Frigorifie, cold.

डिसवत him-wat, adj. Cold, freezing, chilly, frosty.

TENTER him aluy, s.m. The Hymala range of mountains, which bounds India on the north, and separates it from Tartary; the Imaus and Emodus of the ancients, giving rise to the Ganges and Indus, and many other considerable rivers, and containing the highest elevations in the world.

TENTAR hima-wutee, s.f. A sort of moon-

हदा hiya, s. m. Heart, breast, mind, soul, life.

हियाव hiyao, s. m. Courage, bravery.

हिंदी hiyo, adv. The sound made when calling cattle.

कियो hiyóu, s. m. Heart, breast, mind, fers hirud, soul, life. ferer hirda,

िहरदावन birdawul, s. m. A defect in horses.(It is a feather or curling lock of hair on the breast, which is reckoned unlucky for the rider).

हिर्म hir-un, s. m. A deer or antelope,

डिस्नीटा hir-nouta, s. m. A fawn.

TEXTITI hirána, v. a. To lose, to mislay. हिरकी hir-kée, s. f. Shift, contrivance.

हिनक्ता hil-ukna, v. a. To writhe or suffer contortions (from affliction or pain; chiefly applied to children).

हिनक् रहना biluk ruhna, v. n. To cling

हिनकोर hilkor, s. f. Agitation, fluctuation; a wave, a billow.

डिलकोरा hil-kóra,s. m. A wave, a billow, a surge

चिलको न hilkórna, v. a. To agitate, shake, disturb, perplex. v. n. To finetuate, to waver. हिन्मना hil-agna, v.n. To be hung on, to be entangled, to adhere, stick to ; to be constant. चित्रामा nil-gána, v. a. To hang, suspend. frag bil-na, v. n. To shake, be moved, be agitated, to move; to be familiarized, be tamed.

चित्रसिंख जाना bilmil jána, v.n. To be mixed; to be intimate; to be jumbled together.

िहल्बी ची hil-mochee, s. f. A potherb (Hingtsha repens).

चित्रमा hil-sa, s. f. A fish (Clupea alosa). feer hil-a,adj. Domesticated, tame. s. m. Slime, mud.

हिलाना hil-ana, v. a. To move, shake, agitate; to familiarize, tame; to cause to swim. Forfagi hila-mila, adj. Amicable, at-

डिसोरा hilóra, s. m. A wave, billow, surge. हिलोटी सानी hiloree marna, v. a. To heave, to rise (as the sea).

हिलोनी hil-órna, v. n. To billow, to wave. हिवाद hiwáo, s. m. Courage.

farar his-ka, s. m. Imitation, copying; contention, rivalry, emulation. Hiska kurna, To copy, imitate, ape, vie (with).

हिसकाहिसकी hiska-hiskee, s. f. Mutual emulation.

Thee, emphatic affix or adverb, Very exactly, even, indeed, truly, only.

The heeng, s.m. Asafotida. Heeng hugna, To void by stool involuntarily; (met.) to pine.

हीसना heensna, v. n. To neigh, to make a noise (as a horse when kicking).

Fig heek, s. m. Sickness at the stomach, qualm; disgust.

Tre héejra, s. m. A species of eunuch. हीन heen, adj. Deficient, defective, little, abated; left, abandoned, quitted; wasted, worn, decayed; void of, free from.

gianifa heen-jati, adj. Outcaste, vile, degraded.

हीनवस heen-vúrn, adj. Of a low caste, outcaste, vile.

Fit heer, s. m. Essence; pith, energy, vigour, adj. Essential, pure. n. prop. Hero, the celebrated mistress of Leander, called by the Indians, Ranjha.

हीर्न heerúk, 7 s. m. The diamond. BIT heers,

होरासन heeramun, s. m. A kind of paroquet (Psitacus).

Trian heera-wall, s. m. A kind of chequered blanket worn by mendicants.

हीत heel, s. m. Mud, slime, ooze. Fler heels,

Ster hee-hee,adv. An interjection of surprise, (ah, ha!)! an interjection of laughter, (hee, hee /).

STT hoon-kar, s. m. Uttering a menacing sound, roaring, bellowing.

Bear hoorka, s. m. Pining (particularly applied to children separated from purents).

Sec pr hoor-dunga, adj. Turbulent. BEST of hoor-dangee, s. f. Turbulence.

अडड ने hoor-hooree, s. f. The twang of a

इड्च hóorook, s. m. A kind of drum in form like an hour-glass (generally played on by bearers).

Boul hoond-wee, ] s. f. A bill of exsoe hoon-dee, f change. Hoondeewal, An exchange merchant.

Beern grhoonda-bhara, s.m. Contract for transportation of goods, including the payment

BOST Choon-dar, s. m. A wolf.

ह्यादान hoon-davun, । e.m. Exchange, or

इिट्यान hoon-diyan, price paid for a bill of exchange.

sest hoon-dee, s. f. A bill of exchange. services hoondee-wal, s. m. An exchange

merchant. a hoot, adj. Offered with fire, burnt as

an oblation. s. m. Oblation. BINGSThoor-goonda, s. m. A sort of vege-[viscosa).

TITT hoor-hoor, s. m. A plant (Cleome ख्रकनी hoorook-née, \*. f. A dancing-girl, a whore, a courtezan, a harlot.

schoorra, s. m. Dispersion (of an army, un assembly,&c.), general jail-delivery.

gri hócrsa, s. m. A stone on which sandalwood is ground.

चलकानी bool-karna, v. a. To set on (as a duy on a ball), to instigate, to halloo on.

ganer hooldsna, v. n. To be rejoiced, pleased, delighted.

द्वसाना hool-sana, v. a. To cheer, rejoice, delight, exhilarate, giadden.

warm hoolas, s. f. Snuff. s. m. Alacrity, joy, gladness.

Buy hooliur, s. m. Alarm, tumult, uproar, commotion, bustle, disturbance, riot.

gi hoon, (1) am. adv. Too, also, yes, well, very, exactly.

ह अनी hoon-kurna, v. a. To make the sound hoon, in anger, from fear, or as an incantation, &c.

sigt boon-han, s. m. Uproar.

35 hook, s. f. Pain, stitch, ache, shooting pain, twitch. Hook-hook-kur rone, To weep with sobbing, or with repeated burstings forth.

हचना hooch-na, v. a. To miss, to err, to mistake.

me hoor, & f. Striving, serse hoora-hooree, wrangling.

and hoon, s. m. A (Madras) coin, called also a pagoda,

ged hool, e.f. A thrust, stab, an attack. Hool dena, v. a. To good, thrust, push, drive, impel, urge.

Bear hoolna, v. a. To goad, thrust, push, drive (an elephant).

Est hoo-há, e. m. Report, rumour, popular fame; a storm; pageantry, ostentation.

To hrid, \ s. m. The heart ; the was hriduy, I mind, the faculty or seat of thought and feeling; knowledge.

we hrisht, adj. Pleased, glad, delighted; laughing, smiling.

TETE hrisht-poosht, adj. Well-conditioned, well fed and happy.

heh, A vocative particle, Ol; a particle of calling out to, or challenging.

Thr henga, s. m. A harrow.

केट heth, adv. Below, down, under.

281 hethá, adj. Indolent, pusillanimous, cowardly, low.

हेडापन hetha-pun, s. m. Cowardice.

Ba het, J. s. m. Cause, origin, motive, hetoo, I meaning, object, intention, theme, reason, account.

चेम hem, s. m. Gold.

THE hem-koot, e. m. One of the ranges of mountains dividing the known continent into nine Vurshus; this range is the second south of Harrit, or the central division, and is immediately to the north of the Himaluy, forming with it the boundaries of the Kinnur Vurshum.

देशकारी hem-ksheeree, s. f. A medicinal sort of moon-plant.

हेमतद hem-turoo, e.m. The thorn-apple. Buarr hem-tar, s. m. Blue vitriol.

gard hem-unt, s. m. The cold season, winter, the two months Ugruhayun and Pouch, or about November-December.

\$177 berna, v. a. To look after, to observe, see; to search for, to hunt, chase, pursue, catch, stop...

देखना helna, v. n. To swim.

ons endearment; disrespect, contempt.

lameh, dush through water.

हैगा hyn-ga, s. m. A harrow.

है क hyk, s. m. A horse.

Tho, A vocative particle, Ho!

हो आना ho-ana, v. n. To have gone to and returned.

हो। किना bonk-na, v. n. To pant, to puff and blow.

Tra honth, s. m. The lip.

First houthee, s. f. The bit of a bridle.

Fish hokeh, adv. Through, by.

हो चुकना ho-chookna, v. n. To be finished. हो लाना ho-jana, v. n. To have happened, to become.

होड hoth, s. m. The lip.

targain, a bet. Hor budna, To wager, bet, &c. Hor bandkna, To bargain, &c. Hor lugana, v.a. To wager; to make an agreement. v. n. To be positive, obstinate, or perverse. Hor harna, To lose a wager, &c.

Flen hó-rul, s. m. Tale, mica.

Tra hot, s. f. Ability, means.

होतद ho-túv, s. m. Predestination, destiny.

होतवाता hotúv-yutá, s. f. Fate, destiny. होता hóta, s. m. Wealth.

होता जाता hóta-játa, s. m. Coming and going.

with hoteh, adv. In the being, during, in the presence.

होते होते hóteh-hóteh, adv. Gradually. होना hóna, v. n. To be, to exist, to become, to belong, have, serve, answer, accrue, come, do, stand; to die. e. m. The being or becoming.

होन्हार hon-har, adj. What is to happen; possible, feasible, hopeful.

of clarified butter, &c. into the sacred fire, as an offering to the gods, accompanied with prayers or invocations, according to the object of the sacrifice.

होसना hom-na, v. a. To perform the sacrifice of the hom.

होनी homée, s. m. The offerer of an obla-

eten hóla, s. m. The chickpea having been parched in the pod.

होती holee, s. f. The great festival held at

the approach of the vernal equinox; the song which is sung during the festival.

हो देना ho-lena, v. n. To be completed.

the houns, s. f. Desire, wish, want, ambition, lust. Houns kurna, To desire.

Frat houka, s. m. Cupidity, covetousness, greediness.

होंचे houleh, adv. Gently, slowly.

सीना houws, s. m. A bugbear, a hobgoblin.

ez hrud, s. m. A deep lake, a large or deep piece of water.

and hrúswuh, adj. Short, low in stature; short, as a vowel.

## च्च

kshuh, The thirty-fourth consonant of the Naguree alphabet, and pronounced as kels.

चर्राम kshuyee-róg, s.m. Consumption.

च स kshun, s. m. A measure of time equal to four minutes, a moment or instant.adv. For a moment.

च जामात्र kshun-matr, adv. Momentary, but for a moment.

स्पारन्तर kshun-antur, adv. A minute afterwards, the next moment.

च जिन्द kshun-fk, } adj. Momentary, tran-च जो kshun-ée, } sient.

जाती kshutree, s. m. A man of the second or mulitary and regal class.

कम kshum, adj. Able, adequate; fit, appropriate, suitable, propers.m. Propriety, fitness. च नन् kshumna, v. a. To pardou, to forgive.

चुना kshumá, s.f. Patience, forbearance; pardon, forgiveness.

चनायुक्त kshuma-jóokt, adj. Patient, en-चनायान kshuma-wan, during, forbear-

च्य kshuy, s. m. Loss, waste; destruction, removal, &c.; a destruction of the universe; consumption; sickness in general; decay, wasting away; (in algebra) negative quantity, minus. चयना ह kshuy-kal, s. m. The end of all

things, the period of destruction.

चानुकास kshuy-kas, s. m. A consumptive or phthisical cough.

च यना भिनी kshuy-nashinee, s. f. A plant (Celtis Orientalis).

च्याय kshuy-vayeo, s. m. The wind that is to blow at the end of the world.

स्याग kshuy-rog, s. m. Consumption.

चयरोनिकी kshuy-roginée, f. Comsump-चयरोगी kshuy-rogee, m. Stive, hectic.

च्यान्य kshuy-sumpúd, s. f. Total loss,

चरी kshuyée, adj. Wasting, decaying ;

स्विका kshuvika, s. f. A kind of rice.

चारिल kshanti, s. f. Patience, forbearance,

of soda; alkali, either soda or potash; causife alkali; one species of cautery; a factitious or medicinal sait, commonly called black sait.

ti sakali (lapis infernalis) to proud flesh, &c.

हार होता kshar-mrittikä, s. f. Salme soil,especially an impure sulphate of soda.

सार्व kshar-rús,s. m. A salt or alkaline

wielding abundant potash, as the plantain, &c.

বিলি kshiti, s. f. The earth; loss, destruction, wane; the period of the destruction of the universe.

Tafarra kshiti-pal, s. m. A king, a prince.
The ksheen, adj. Thin, emaciated, feeble;
thin, slender; wasted, diminished, worn away;
destroyed, lost; poor, miserable.

चीयाता ksheen-tá, v. f. Slenderness, delicaey; thinness, emaciation; diminution, decay, चीयावान ksheen-wan, adj. Wasted, decayed.

चीयम्बि ksheen-shukti, adj. Wenk, feeble, impotent.

wit ksheer, s. m. Water ; milk.

drug, and one of the eight principal medicaments of the Hindoos: it is a root from the Hinduy.

our stone, described as a milky crystal (opal or ca's eye 1).

having milk, s. m. A sort of Mimusope.

one of the seven seas surrounding as many worlds.

we kshoodr, adj. Small, little; mean, low; mean, niggardly, avaricions; poor, indigent,

iow; mean,niggardly, avaricious; poor, indigent, सुद्रता kshoodr-ta, s f. Smallness, minuteness; inferiority, insignificance, meanness.

जुद्र मुक्कि kshoodr-booddhi, adj. Simple,

बहुरोग kshoodr-rog, s. m. A minor disease, one of little importance.

wat kshoodha, s. f. Hanger.

चुनान kshoodhartt, } adj. Hungry,hun-

with kshoor, s. m. A razor; a horse's

with kshooree, s. f. A knife.

and kahetr, s. m. A field; a wife; a pure or sacred spot, a place of pilgrimage, as Benures, &c.; plane figure, reconcery; a diagram.

ke; plane figure, geometry; a disgram.

HAT kshetrig, ad; Clever, dexterous, skilful; a husbandman, &c. s. m. The soul, the emanation of the divinity residing in the body.

चेत्रजीमा kshetr-séems, s. f. The boundaries of a meadow or field, or holy place.

चेद kshed, s. m. Sorrowing, moaning. चेप kshep, s. m. Throwing, casting ; (in

arithmetic) additive quantity, addendum.

right, &c. s. m. Happiness, well being; anal emancipation or eternal happiness; the proper term of civil address to a Vys.

चेत्रकर kshem-knr, adj. Propitious, conferring happiness or good fortune.

चामवान kshem-wan, adj. Happy, prosper-

affa kshouni, s. f. The earth.

Michelia champaca).

shaving in general.

चीरिक kshour-fk, s. m. A barber.

with kshouree, s. f. A razor.

Tar kshma, s. f. The earth,

carth.

warufa kshma-puti, } s. m. A king, a warufa kshma-bhrit, } prince.

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